## SDDE Rotary Type with Encoder

One switch for main power, mode selection and start


Ratings and Safety Standards


| Items | Specifications |
| :--- | :---: |
| Rating (max.): Power switches | $\begin{array}{l}\text { AC Switch: 1A/16A 250V~ } \\ \text { DC Switch: 20mA 12V DC }\end{array}$ |
| Rating (max.): Encoder | 0.1 A 12 V DC |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Contact resistance (Encoder) } \\ \text { (Initial / After operating life) }\end{array}$ | $1 \Omega$ max. |
| $\begin{array}{l}\text { Operating life } \\ \text { (Load : as ratings) }\end{array}$ | Push-on switch | \(\left.\begin{array}{l}AC Switch: 10,000 cycles <br>

DC Switch: 10,000 cycles\end{array}\right]\)

| Type | Circuit arrangement | Travel (mm) | Operating force ( N ) | Number of detent | Rotational torque | Mounting method | Minimum order unit (pcs.) |  | Product No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Japan | Export |  |
| Rotary | - | Push-on switch: 1.85 mm Encoder: $360^{\circ}$ rotation | Push-on switch: $4 \pm 1 \mathrm{~N}$ | 12 | Encoder: $2.65 \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~cm}$ | Snap-in | 336 | 336 | SDDE1C0101 |

Packing Specifications
Tray

| Number of packages (pcs.) | Export package measurements (mm) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| 336 | 336 | $411 \times 311 \times 217$ |

Dimensions


Output Wave


## Power Switches

## List of Varieties

| Type |  |  | Push |  | Rocker | Rotary |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Series |  |  | SDKR | SDDH | SDDJE ※ 1 | SDDE |
| Photo |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rating |  |  | 0.5A 250V AC <br> 1 A 125 V AC <br> 10mA 5V DC | Rating (max): : 4.5A I2V DC <br> (Lamp load: 27W×2) <br> Rating (min.): 10mA 12V DC <br> (Resistive load) | 10AGP 250V AC 6A / 96A 250V~ | AC Switch: 1A / 16A 250V ~ DC Switch: 20mA 12V DC |
|  |  |  | Encoders: 0.1A 12V DC |  |  |
| Operating life |  |  |  | 100,000cycles | 100,000 cycles | 10,000cycles | AC Switch: 10,000 cycles DC Switch: 10,000 cycles |
|  |  |  | 0.5A 250V AC | 10A 250V AC |  | Encoder 30,000 cycles |
| Travel (mm) |  |  | 1.5 | 3.7 | 3.4 | Push Switches: 1.85 mm Encoders: $360^{\circ}$ ( $360^{\circ}$ Rotation) |
| Features |  |  | Water-proof type With signal circuit | Water-proof (IP68 rating) | - | AC Switch, DC Switch, With Encoder |
| Operating temperature range |  |  | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Automotive use |  |  | - | - | - | - |
| Life cycle (availability) |  |  | $\mathrm{N}$ | $5 \sqrt{2}$ | $+3$ | $\sqrt{2}$ |
| Electrical performance | Contact resistance |  | $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. ( AC switch) 500m』 max. (DC switch) | $500 m \Omega$ max. | $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. | AC Switch: $100 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. DC Switch: $500 \mathrm{~m} \Omega$ max. Encoder: $1 \Omega$ max. |
|  | Insulation resistance |  | 500M min . 500V DC (AC switch) 100M min. 100V DC (DC switch) | 10M min. 500V DC | 500M@ min. 500V DC | AC Switch: 100Mn min. 500 V DC DC Switch: 100Mn min. 100V DC Encoder: 100M2 min. 100V DC |
|  | Voltage proof |  | 1000V AC for 1minute (AC switch) 100V AC for 1minute (DC switch) | 500 V AC for 1minute | 2,000V AC for 1minute | AC Switch: 2,000V AC for 1 minute DC Switch: 100V AC for 1 minute Encoder: 100V AC for 1 minute |
| Mechanical performance | Terminal strength |  | 5 N for 1minute | Slider pull-out strength: 100N min. | 50N for 1minute (Lead terminal) 5 N for 1 minute (Right-angle terminal) | AC Switch: 5 N for 1 minute DC Switch: 5 N for 30s Encoder: 5 N for 1 minute |
|  | Actuator strength | Operating direction | 100N | - | 25N | 100N |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Perpendicular } \\ \text { direction } \end{array}$ | 20 N | - | 25N | (Retract direction) |
| Environmental performance | Cold |  | -200\% 240 h | $-15^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 96 \mathrm{~h}$ | -20C 96h | -40ㅇ 240 h |
|  | Dry heat |  | $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 240 \mathrm{~h}$ | $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 96 \mathrm{~h}$ | $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 96 \mathrm{~h}$ | $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C} 240 \mathrm{~h}$ |
|  | Damp heat |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 60C, } 90 \text { to } 95 \% \text { RH } \\ & 1000 \mathrm{~h} \end{aligned}$ | $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 90$ to 95\%RH 96h |  | 40%, 90 to 95\%RH 240h |
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## Notes

1. ※1. Dip soldering can be used on SDDJE for PC board terminal and SDDJF right angle terminal types only.
2. ※2. The operating temperature range can be raised upon request. Please contact us for details.
3. Indicates applicability to all products in the series.

Reference for Hand Soldering

| Series | Soldering <br> temperature | Soldering time |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| SDDJE, SDDE | $350 \pm 10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $3+1 / 0 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| SDKR | $300 \pm 10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $3 \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~s}$ |

Reference for Dip Soldering
(For PC board terminal types and SDDJF right-angle terminal types)

| Series | Dip soldering |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Solddering temperature | Duration of immersion |
| SDKR, SDDJE, SDDE | $260 \pm 5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $10 \pm 1 \mathrm{~s}$ |

## Power Switches / Cautions

1. The primary power supply switching is subject to the safety regulations, and the provisions differ by each destination. Consult with us for non-standard use cases.
2. An unstable contact may occur if the switch current is lower than 0.5A. For this case, consult with us.
3. These power switches were produced for alternating current. For direct current, consult with us.
4. Appling load to terminals during soldering under certain conditions may cause deformation and electrical property degradation.
5. Avoid use of water-soluble soldering flux, since it may corrode the switches.
6. When soldering twice, wait until the first soldered portion cools to normal temperature. Continuous heating will deform the external portions, loosen or dislodge terminals, or may deteriorate their electrical characteristics.
7. Before soldering switches with locking mechanism, release the locks. If they are soldered without releasing the locks, the soldering heat may deform the locking mechanism.
8. Be sure to release the locks before removing the knobs. Otherwise, the locking mechanism may be broken.
9. Be sure to use the switch with forced travel positioned as close to the total travel as possible.
10. Tighten the mounting screws by applying the specified torque. Tightening with a larger torque than the specified will result in malfunction or breakage of screws.
11. Corrosive gas if generated by peripheral parts of a set, malfunction such as imperfect contact may occur. Thorough investigation shall be required beforehand.
12. Storage

Store the products as delivered at normal temperature and humidity, out of direct sunlight and away from corrosive gases. Use them as soon as possible and no later than six months after delivery. Once the seal is broken, use them as soon as possible.

## Power Switches / Safety Standards

## 1. Safety Standards Outline

Safety standards are established by a country or an organization representing it to protect general users from electrical shock and fire hazards. It establishes standards for electrical devices and components. For electrical equipment manufacturers, utilizing switches that have been safety-approved ensures the safety of the switch. The use of a safety-approved switch also simplifies at least one part of the process of obtaining certification by safety testing.

## 2. Major Safety Standards

## (1) Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law

The conventional [Electrical Appliance and Material Control Law] has changed to [Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law] and has been enforced since April 1, 2001. Electrical appliances are categorized into special electric appliances and parts (formerly Class A) and Electrical appliances other than the special electric appliances (formerly Class B). Special electric appliances are required to receive goodness of fit test at a certified test agency and to store the certificate. Also, penal provisions have been reinforced.
(2) UL (Underwriters Laboratories Inc.) 责 ${ }^{\text {® }}$

Underwriters Laboratories Inc. (UL) is the American safety approving organization. Its purpose is to ensure consumer safety and protect them from fire hazards. State law requires that equipment to be exported to the United States utilize UL approved power switches or power switches meeting UL standards and capable of passing UL tests.

## X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components
Click to view similar products for Rotary Switches category:
Click to view products by ALPS manufacturer:
Other Similar products are found below :
57HS22-02-2-06N 57M22-02B16N 57M22-09A16N M3786/4-0881 M3786/4-3267 M3786/4-5568 M3786/4-6029 71ESF30-05204N MC06L1NCGF 84986-26 9003K2C003GA PLR3251 PLR3262 PS3 A0142M2SP A029303 R2AA4455NNNN R2BB4455NNNN DR75-AMSF-10R-B 1703.3201 HW1MS-0202-101 24002-03S A029101 ACSNO-129-YB-C1014 ACSNO-134-RR-YB-C1005 ACSNO-353-SBC3016 1825537-4 T505 T505E 24005-03N H10207RR01Q M3786/39-4ZC M3786/4-0002 M3786/4-0630 M3786/4-1028L M3786/41233L M3786/4-3044 M3786/4-3129 M3786/4-5008L M3786/4-5256 MC6CX1A502X009 42HS36-01-1-06N 42P36-03B10S 44MBS60-04-2-03N 44MG90-02-1-02N 50KMT90-01-2-02N 51A22-01-1-16S 51CDP30-01PAJN 51KSP30-01D04N 51P30-01B12N


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