# AS Series

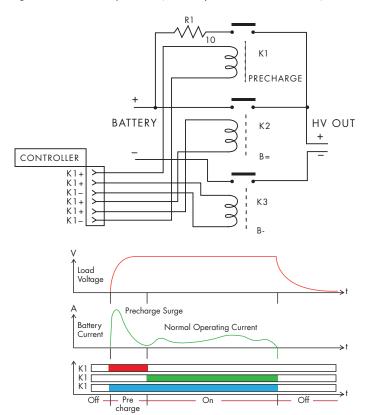
### INRUSH CURRENT LIMITERS

Thermistor Protection for Precharge Circuit on Lithium Ion Batteries

When a battery is connected to a load with capacitive input, there is an Inrush current surge as the capacitance is being charged to the battery voltage. The Input current depends on the input capacitance; the larger the batteries and the more powerful the load, the larger the input capacitance. A large Inrush current (in the precharge circuit, without protection) can cause the following:

- Damage to input filter capacitors
- Blowing of the main fuse if asked to carry the inrush current without protection
- Contact failure (as well as reduction in current carrying capacity) due to arcing and pitting that results from high inrush current
- Damage to the battery cell, which is not rated for inrush current

A typical precharge circuitry for battery operation is below with the timing diagram, showing how the circuit operates. (Courtesy of Lithium -ION BMS)



In its most basic form, the Precharge circuit operates as follows:

- **OFF:** When the system is OFF all relays / contactors are off.
- **Precharge:** When the system is first turned on, K1 and K3 are turned on to Precharge the load, until the Inrush current has subsided. R1 shows the location of Thermistor in the Precharge circuit.
- ON: After Precharge, contactorK2 is turned on (relay K1, must be off to save coil power)



For this application note, let us limit our discussion to the selection of the Thermistor

# SELECTION OF THE THERMISTOR

The minimum resistance of the thermistor is determined by the following:

- 1. Ambient temperature
- 2. Input capacitance value (of the precharge circuit)
- 3. Battery voltage

The precharge surge current reaches 63.2% (1/e) of its initial value after a time  $\tau$  = RC.

In the selection of the thermistor, we consider a time value of "five time-constant" when the capacitances are fully charged and the surge current reaches the normal operating current.

For the purpose of our design, let us assume the following quantitative values:

Precharge time: 20 millisecond

Ambient operating temperature: Varies between

10°C to 50°C.

Battery voltage: 100 volt Capacitor bank : 50,000 µF

 $5\tau = RC$ 

 $R = 5\tau / C = 5 (0.02 \text{ sec}) / 0.05F = 2.0 \Omega.$ 

Now, look at the at R-T curves for Ametherm thermistor at ambient of 50°C. The material "C"exhibits

 $R @ 50^{\circ}C/R @ 25^{\circ}C = 0.412 @ R @ 10^{\circ}C/R @ 25^{\circ}C = 1.70$ 

Therefore, minimum resistance @  $25^{\circ}$ C = 2.0 / 0.454 =  $4.40\Omega$ , so our standard part has 5.0 ohm nominal resistance

At 10°C, the standard part will have a resistance of  $5.0~\Omega \times 1.70 = 8.50~\Omega$ , which will meet our minimum resistance.

Determine the energy the thermistor needs to handle with out self-destruction,

 $E = \frac{1}{2} C V2 = \frac{1}{2} (0.05) (100) 2 = 250 Joules.$ 

The steady state current is not calculated because in most precharge circuits the steady state current goes through the contactor.

The part, which would meet your specification, is AS32 5R020.



# AS Series

## INRUSH CURRENT LIMITERS



- Lower current density (as compared to traditional types of inrush current limiters)
- Faster reset time
- No hot spots from fatigue, because of lower current density and uniform temperature gradient throughout the disc
- Wider temperature range of operation with out de-rating

#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

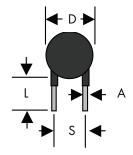
Part Number	R@25°C (Ω)	MAX I (A)	HOT R (Ω)	MAX ENERGY (JOULES)	Max Cap @680VAC	Cooldown time (sec)	R -T curve	DC mW/°C	Body Temp @ Max SSI (°C)
*AS32 OR530	0.50	30	0.011	300	650	120	A	78.20	199
*AS32 OR536	0.50	36	0.009	300	650	120	A	78.20	199
*AS32 1R030	1.0	30	0.013	300	650	120	В	79.40	215
*AS32 1R036	1.0	36	0.010	300	650	120	В	79.40	215
AS32 2R025	2.0	25	0.020	300	650	120	C	78.20	220
AS32 5R020	5.0	20	0.027	300	650	120	G	78.20	255
AS32 10015	10.0	15	0.052	250	500	120	Н	85.20	185
AS32 20010	20.0	10	0.095	250	500	120	1	58.00	192
AS32 50006	50.0	6	0.380	250	540	120	М	78.20	212
AS35 OR550	0.50	50	0.0074	800	1730	200	Α	129.44	210
AS35 1R040	1.0	40	0.0113	800	1730	200	В	127.00	212
AS35 2R035	2.0	35	0.0147	700	1500	200	C	119.20	210
AS35 3R030	3.0	30	0.0135	600	1300	200	C	116.40	215
AS35 5R025	5.0	25	0.0288	600	1300	200	G	112.2	208
AS35 10018	10.0	18	0.0556	500	1080	200	I	122.80	220
AS35 20010	20.0	10	0.1760	500	1080	200	M	101.10	177

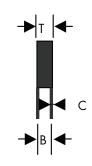
#### MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Part Number	D (mm)	T (mm)	S (mm)	L (mm)	A (mm)	B (mm)	(mm)	X (mm)	Y (mm)
*AS32 OR530	30.0	7.8	17.1	22.0	2.2	4.8	0.8	17.1	4.8
*AS32 OR536	30.0	7.8	17.1	22.0	2.2	4.8	8.0	17.1	4.8
*AS32 1R030	30.0	7.8	17.1	22.0	2.2	4.8	8.0	17.1	4.8
*AS32 1R036	30.0	7.8	17.1	22.0	2.2	4.8	8.0	17.1	4.8
AS32 2R025	30.0	7.8	17.1	22.0	2.2	4.8	8.0	17.1	4.8
AS32 5R020	30.0	8.2	17.1	22.0	2.2	5.4	8.0	17.1	5.4
AS32 10015	30.0	9.0	17.1	22.0	2.2	6.8	8.0	17.1	6.8
AS32 20010	30.0	8.5	17.1	22.0	2.2	6.4	8.0	17.1	6.4
AS32 50006	30.0	8.2	17.1	22.0	2.2	5.4	8.0	17.1	5.4
AS35 OR550	36.0	6.4	19.0	22.0	2.2	3.4	8.0	19.0	3.4
AS35 1R040	36.0	8.5	19.0	22.0	2.2	5.5	0.8	19.0	5.5
AS35 2R035	36.0	8.5	19.0	22.0	2.2	5.5	8.0	19.0	5.5
AS35 3R030	36.0	8.5	19.0	22.0	2.2	5.5	8.0	19.0	5.5
AS35 5R025	36.0	8.5	19.0	22.0	2.2	5.5	8.0	19.0	5.5
AS35 10018	36.0	8.5	19.0	22.0	2.2	5.5	8.0	19.0	5.5
AS35 20010	36.0	8.5	19.0	22.0	2.2	5.5	0.8	19.0	5.5

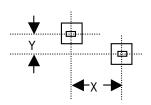








PAD LAYOUT



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