

AS1346-49

Dual Step-Down Converter with Battery Monitoring

1 General Description

The AS1346, AS1347, AS1348, AS1349 family is a high-efficiency, constant-frequency dual buck converter available with fixed voltage versions. The device provides two independent DC/DC Converters with output currents between 0.5A and 1.2A. The wide input voltage range (2.7V to 5.5V), automatic powersave mode and minimal external component requirements make the AS134x family perfect for SSD and many other battery-powered applications.

In shutdown mode the typical supply current decreases to $\leq 1 \mu A$. The highly efficient duty cycle (100%) provides low dropout operation, prolonging battery life in portable systems.

An internal synchronous switching scheme increases efficiency and eliminates the need for an external Schottky diode. The fixed switching frequency (2.0MHz) allows the use of small surface mount inductors.

The integrated monitoring function can be configured that either the output voltage (Power Okay function) or the input voltage (Battery Monitoring Function) can be supervised.

Table 1. Available Products

Devices	IOUT1	IOUT2
AS1346	1.2A	0.5A
AS1347	0.5A	0.5A
AS1348	0.5A	0.95A
AS1349	1.2A	1.2A

The AS1346-49 is available in a 12-Pin TDFN 3x3mm package.

2 Key Features

High Efficiency: Up to 95%

Output Current: see Table 1

Input Voltage Range: 2.7V to 5.5V

Output Voltage Range: 1.2V to 3.6V (available in 100mV steps)

Constant Frequency Operation: 2.0MHz

180° Out of Phase Operation

Low Battery Detection

Low Dropout Operation: 100% Duty Cycle

Shutdown Mode Supply Current: ≤1µA

No Schottky Diode Required

Output Disconnect in Shutdown

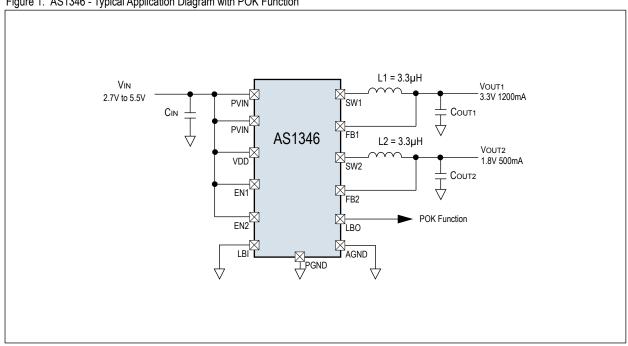
Non standard variants available within two weeks

12-Pin TDFN 3x3mm Package

3 Applications

The device is ideal for SSD applications, mobile communication devices, laptops and PDAs, ultra-low-power systems, threshold detectors/discriminators, telemetry and remote systems, medical instruments, or any other space-limited application with low powerconsumption requirements.

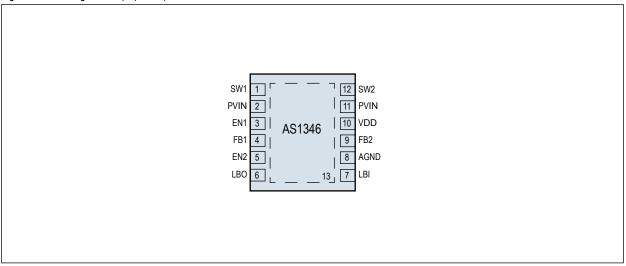
Figure 1. AS1346 - Typical Application Diagram with POK Function





4 Pin Assignments

Figure 2. Pin Assignments (Top View)



4.1 Pin Descriptions

Table 2. Pin Descriptions

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
1	SW1	Switch Node1 Connection to Inductor. This pin connects to the drains of the internal main and synchronous power MOSFET switches.
2, 11	PVIN	Power Supply Connector. This pin must be closely decoupled to PGND with a $\geq 4.7 \mu F$ ceramic capacitor.
3	EN1	Enable1 Input. Driving this pin above 1.2V enables Vout1. Driving this pin below 0.5V puts the device in shutdown mode. In shutdown mode all functions are disabled, drawing ≤1µA supply current. This pin should not be left floating.
4	Feedback Pin 1. Feedback input to the error amplifier, connect this pin to VOUT1. The output can be factory set from 1.2V to 3.6V. For further information see Ordering Information on page 15.	
5 EN2		Enable2 Input. Driving this pin above 1.2V enables Vout2. Driving this pin below 0.5V puts the device in shutdown mode. In shutdown mode all functions are disabled, drawing ≤1µA supply current. This pin should not be left floating.
6	LBO	Low Battery Comperator Output. This open-drain output is low when: - the voltage on LBI is higher than 1.2V or - LBI is connected to GND and VOUT1 is below 92.5% of its nominal value.
7	LBI	Low Battery Comperator Input. 1.2V Threshold. May not be left floating. If connected to GND, LBO is working as Output Power Okay for VOUT1.
8	AGND	Analog Ground.
9	FB2	Feedback 2 Pin. Feedback input to the error amplifier, connect this pin to Vout2. The output can be factory set from 1.2V to 3.6V. For further information see Ordering Information on page 15.
10	VDD	Supply Connector. Connect this pin to PVIN
12	SW2	Switch Node2 Connection to Inductor. This pin connects to the drains of the internal main and synchronous power MOSFET switches.
13 PGND		Exposed Pad. The exposed pad must be connected to AGND. Ensure a good electrical connection to the PCB to achieve optimal thermal performance.



5 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed in Table 3 may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in Electrical Characteristics on page 4 is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Notes
Electrical Parameters				
VDD, PVIN to AGND	-0.3	+7.0	V	
PGND to AGND	-0.3	+0.3	V	
EN, FB	AGND - 0.3	VDD + 0.3	V	7.07
SW	PGND - 0.3	PVIN + 0.3	V	- 7.0V max
PVIN to VDD	-0.3	+0.3	V	
Electrostatic Discharge				
Human Body Model		1	kV	Norm: MIL 883 E method 3015
Temperature Ranges and Storage Conditions				
Junction Temperature (T _{J-MAX})		+150	°C	
Storage Temperature Range	-55	+150	°C	
Package Body Temperature		+260	°C	The reflow peak soldering temperature (body temperature) specified is in accordance with IPC/ JEDEC J-STD-020 "Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Non-Hermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices". The lead finish for Pb-free leaded packages is matte tin (100% Sn).
Humidity non-condensing	5	85	%	
Moisture Sensitive Level	,	1		Represents a max. floor life time of unlimited



6 Electrical Characteristics

PVIN = VDD = EN = 5V, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $TA=25^{\circ}C$. All limits are guaranteed. The parameters with min and max values are guaranteed with production tests or SQC (Statistical Quality Control) methods.

Table 4. Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
TA	Operating Temperature Range		-40		+85	ů
TJ	Operating Junction Temperature Range		-40		+125	°C
Vin	Input Voltage Range	VIN ≥ VOUT	2.7		5.5	V
Vout	Output Voltage Range	(see Table 8 on page 15)	1.2		3.6	V
IQ	Quiescent Supply Current ¹			2	2.8	mA
		AS1346, VOUT1 = 3.3V		1200		mA
lout1	Output current 1	AS1347		500		mA
10011	Output current 1	AS1348		500		mA
		AS1349		1200		mA
		AS1346, VOUT2 = 1.8V		500		mA
IOUT2	Output current 2	AS1347		500		mA
10012	Output current 2	AS1348		950		mA
		AS1349		1200		mA
ISHDN Shutdown Current				0.1	1	μA
Regulation						
VOUT1	Output Voltage 1	AS1346, IOUT1 = 100mA	3.234	3.3	3.366	V
V0011	Accuracy			<u>+</u> 2		%
VOUT2	Output Voltage 2	AS1346, IOUT2 = 100mA	1.764	1.8	1.836	V
V0012	Accuracy			<u>+</u> 2		%
	Line Transient Response	VIN = 4.5V to 5.5V, IOUT1 = 500mA, VOUT1 = 3.3V, EN2 = 0V		50		mVpk
	Load Transient Response	VIN = 5V, IOUT1 = 0 to 500mA, VOUT1 = 3.3V, EN2 = 0V		50		mVpk
fosc	Oscillator frequency		1.8	2	2.2	MHz
ton Turn on time				350		μs
DC-DC Switche	es				•	•
Isw1	SW1 Current Limit	AS1346		1.55		Α
ISW2 SW2 Current Limit		AS1346		800		mA
R _{DSON1(P)}	Pin-Pin Resistance for PMOS1	V _{DD} = 5.0V, I _{SW} = 200mA		150		mΩ
R _{DSON1(N)}	Pin-Pin Resistance for NMOS1	VDD = 5.0V, I _{SW} = 200mA		250		mΩ



Table 4. Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
R _{DSON2(P)}	Pin-Pin Resistance for PMOS2	VDD = 5.0V, I _{SW} = 200mA		150		mΩ
R _{DSON2(N)}	Pin-Pin Resistance for NMOS2	VDD = 5.0V, I _{SW} = 200mA		250		mΩ
Enable			•		•	•
VIH,EN	Logic high input threshold		1.2			V
VIH,EN	Logic low input threshold				0.5V	V
Low Battery &	Power-OK		•			•
V_{LBI}	LBI Threshold	Falling Edge	1.16	1.2	1.24	V
	LBI Hysteresis			10		mV
	LBI Leakage Current	LBI = 5V, TA = 25°C		1		nA
	LBO Voltage Low ²	ILBO = 0.1mA		0.05		V
	LBO Leakage Current	LBO = 5V, TA = 25°C		1		nA
	Power-OK Threshold	LBI = 0V, Falling Edge	85	88	90	%

^{1.} The dynamic supply current is higher due to the gate charge delivered at the switching frequency. The Quiescent Current is measured while the DC-DC Converter is not switching.

^{2.} LBO goes low in startup mode as well as during normal operation if,

¹⁾ The voltage at the LBI pin is higher than LBI threshold.

²⁾ The voltage at the LBI pin is below 0.1V (connected to GND) and Vout1 is below 92.5% of its nominal value.



7 Typical Operating Characteristics

Figure 3. AS1346 Efficiency vs. IOUT, VOUT1 = 3.3V

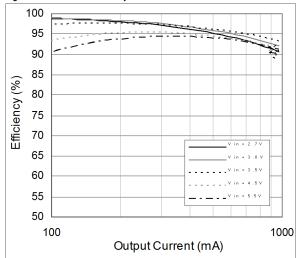


Figure 5. AS1346 Efficiency vs. VIN, VOUT1 = 3.3V

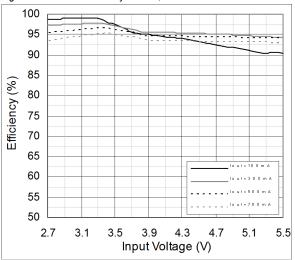


Figure 7. Efficiency vs. IOUT, VOUT1 = 2.5V

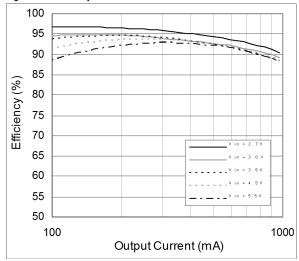


Figure 4. AS1346 Efficiency vs. IOUT, VOUT2 = 1.8V

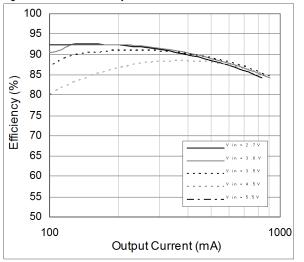


Figure 6. AS1346 Efficiency vs. VIN, VOUT2 = 1.8V

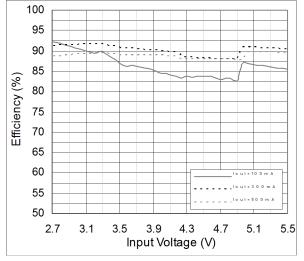


Figure 8. Efficiency vs. IOUT, VOUT2 = 1.2V

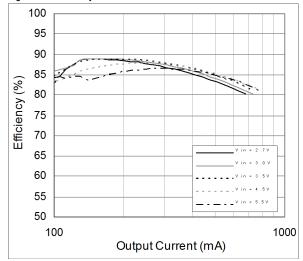




Figure 9. AS1346 Load Regulation; VIN = 4.0V, VOUT1 = 3.3V

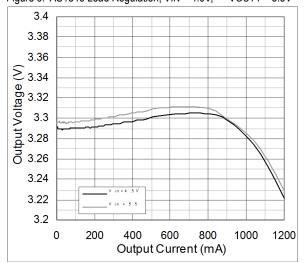


Figure 10. AS1346 Load Regulation; VIN = 4.0V, VOUT2 = 1.8V

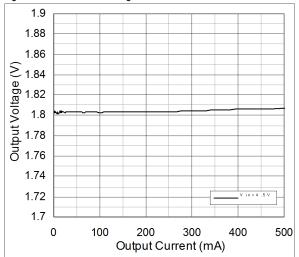


Figure 11. AS1346 Line Regulation, Vour1 = 3.3V

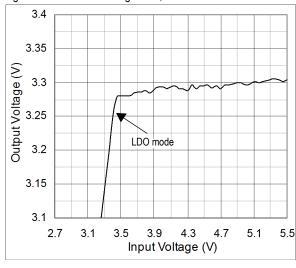


Figure 12. AS1346 Line Regulation, Vout2 = 1.8V

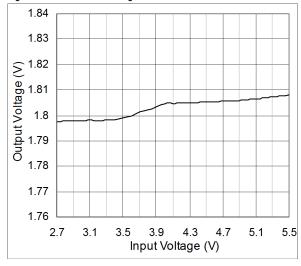


Figure 13. AS1346 Vout vs. Temp.; VIN = 5.5V, IOUT = 1A

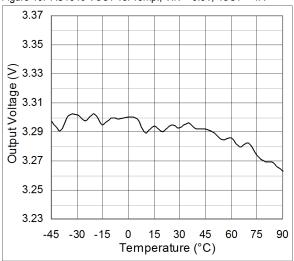


Figure 14. AS1346 Vout vs. Temp.; VIN = 5.5V, IOUT = 500mA

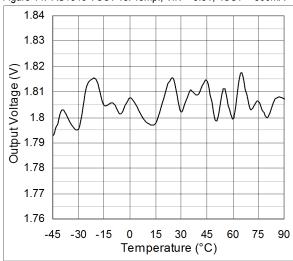




Figure 15. AS1346 IQ vs. VIN

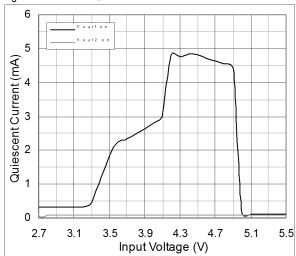
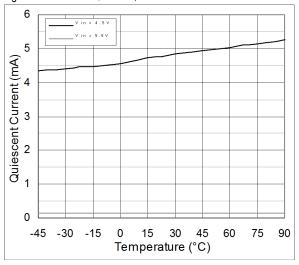


Figure 16. AS1346 IQ vs. VIN, both VOUT enabled

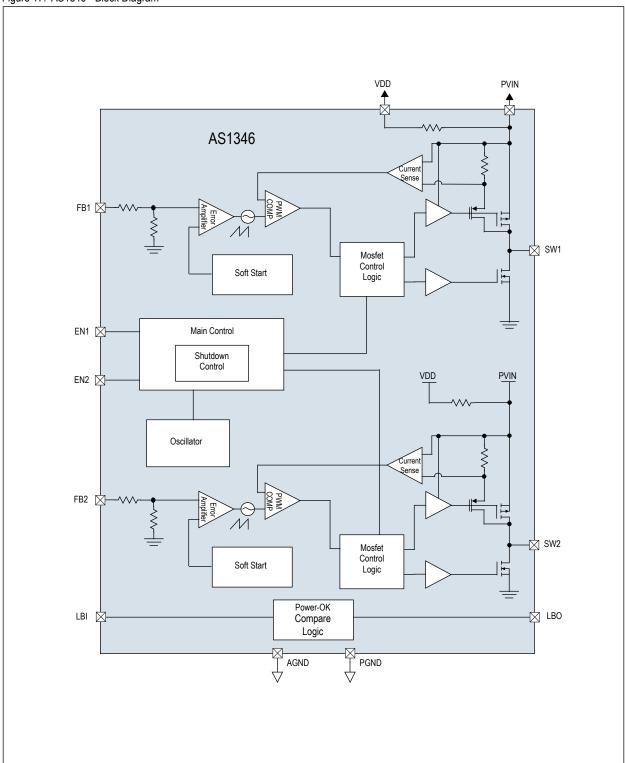




8 Detailed Description

The AS1346, AS1347, AS1348, AS1349 family is a high-efficiency buck converter that uses a constant-frequency current-mode architecture. The device contains two internal MOSFET switches and is available with a fixed output voltage (see Ordering Information on page 15).

Figure 17. AS1346 - Block Diagram





8.1 Main Control Loop

During normal operation, the internal top power MOSFET is turned on each cycle when the oscillator sets the RS latch. This switch is turned off when the current comparator resets the RS latch. The peak inductor current (IPK) at which ICOMP resets the RS latch, is controlled by the error amplifier. When ILOAD increases, VFB decreases slightly relative to the internal 0.6V reference, causing the error amplifier's output voltage to increase until the average inductor current matches the new load current.

When the top MOSFET is off, the bottom MOSFET is turned on until the inductor current starts to reverse as indicated by the current reversal comparator, or the next clock cycle begins. The over-voltage detection comparator guards against transient overshoots >7.8% by turning the main switch off and keeping it off until the transient is removed.

8.2 Short-Circuit Protection

The short-circuit protection turns off the power switches as long as the short is applied. When the short is removed the device is continuing normal operation.

8.3 Dropout Operation

The AS1346, AS1347, AS1348, AS1349 is working with a low input-to-output voltage difference by operating at 100% duty cycle. In this state, the PMOS is always on. This is particularly useful in battery-powered applications with a 3.3V output.

The AS1346, AS1347, AS1348, AS1349 allows the output to follow the input battery voltage as it drops below the regulation voltage. The quiescent current in this state is reduced to a minimal value, which aids in extending battery life. This dropout (100% duty-cycle) operation achieves long battery life by taking full advantage of the entire battery range.

The input voltage requires maintaining regulation and is a function of the output voltage and the load. The difference between the minimum input voltage and the output voltage is called the dropout voltage. The dropout voltage is therefore a function of the on-resistance of the internal PMOS (RDS(ON)PMOS) and the inductor resistance (DCR) and this is proportional to the load current.

Note: At low VIN values, the RDS(ON) of the P-channel switch increases (see Electrical Characteristics on page 4). Therefore, power dissipation should be taken in consideration.

8.4 Shutdown

Connecting EN to GND or logic low places the AS1346, AS1347, AS1348, AS1349 in shutdown mode and reduces the supply current to 0.1µA. In shutdown the control circuitry and the internal NMOS and PMOS turn off and SW becomes high impedance disconnecting the input from the output. The output capacitance and load current determine the voltage decay rate. For normal operation connect EN to VIN or logic high.

Note: Pin EN should not be left floating.

8.4.1 Power-OK and Low-Battery-Detect Functionality

LBO goes low in startup mode as well as during normal operation if,

- The voltage at the LBI pin is above LBI threshold (1.2V). This can be used to monitor the battery voltage.
- LBI pin is connected to GND and Vout1 is below 92.5% of its nominal value. LBO works as a power-OK signal in this case.

The LBI pin can be connected to a resistive-divider to monitor a particular definable voltage and compare it with a 1.2V internal reference. If LBI is connected to GND (see Figure 1 on page 1) an internal resistive-divider is activated and connected to the output. Therefore, the Power-OK functionality can be realized with no additional external components.

The Power-OK feature is not active during shutdown. To obtain a logic-level output, connect a pull-up resistor from pin LBO to pin VOUT or VDD. Larger values for this resistor will help to minimize current consumption; a $100k\Omega$ resistor is perfect for most applications (see Figure 18 on page 11).

For the circuit shown in the left of Figure 18 on page 11, the input bias current into LBI is very low, permitting large-value resistor-divider networks while maintaining accuracy. Place the resistor-divider network as close to the device as possible. Use a defined resistor for R2 and then calculate R1 as:

$$R_1 = R_2 \cdot \left(\frac{V_{IN}}{V_{IRI}} - 1\right) \tag{EQ 1}$$

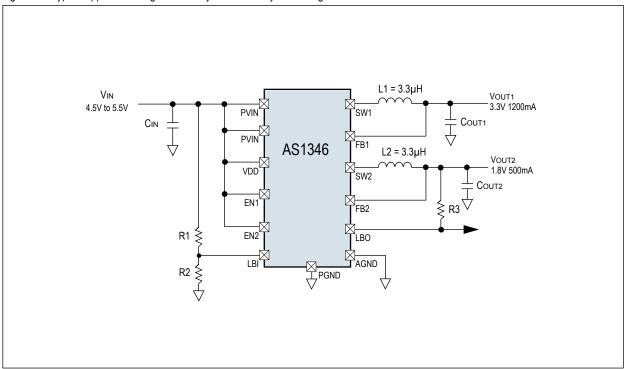
Where:

V_{I BI} (the internal sense reference voltage) is 1.2V.

In case of the LBI pin is connected to GND, an internal resistor-divider network is activated and compares the output voltage with a 92.5% voltage threshold (see AS1346 - Typical Application Diagram with POK Function on page 1). For this particular Power-OK application, no external resistive components (R1 and R2) are necessary.



Figure 18. Typical Application Diagram with Adjustable Battery Monitoring



8.5 Thermal Shutdown

Due to its high-efficiency design, the AS1346 will not dissipate much heat in most applications. However, in applications where the AS1346 is running at high ambient temperature, uses a low supply voltage, and runs with high duty cycles (such as in dropout) the heat dissipated may exceed the maximum junction temperature of the device.

As soon as the junction temperature reaches approximately 150°C the AS1346 goes in thermal shutdown. In this mode the internal PMOS & NMOS switch are turned off. The device will power up again, as soon as the temperature falls below +140°C again.

9 Application Information

9.1 Component Selection

Only three power components are required to complete the design of the buck converter. For the adjustable LBI two external resistors are needed.

9.2 Inductor Selection

For the external inductor, a 3.3µH inductor is recommended. Minimum inductor size is dependant on the desired efficiency and output current. Inductors with low core losses and small DCR at 2MHz are recommended.

Table 5. Recommended Inductor

L	DCR	Current Rating
3.3µH	$80 \text{m}\Omega$	IMAX

Calculation of IMAX:

$$I_{MAX} = \frac{I_{OUT1} \times V_{OUT1} + I_{OUT2} \times V_{OUT2}}{0, 7 \times V_{IN}}$$
 (EQ 2)

9.3 Capacitor Selection

A 10µF capacitor is recommended for CIN as well as a 10µF for COUT. Small-sized X5R or X7R ceramic capacitors are recommended as they retain capacitance over wide ranges of voltages and temperatures.

9.3.1 Input and Output Capacitor Selection

Low ESR input capacitors reduce input switching noise and reduce the peak current drawn from the battery. Also low ESR capacitors should be used to minimize VouT ripple. Multi-layer ceramic capacitors are recommended since they have extremely low ESR and are available in small footprints.

For input decoupling the ceramic capacitor should be located as close to the device as practical. A $22\mu F$ input capacitor is sufficient for most applications. Larger values may be used without limitations.

A $2.2\mu\text{F}$ to $10\mu\text{F}$ output ceramic capacitor is sufficient for most applications. Larger values up to $22\mu\text{F}$ may be used to obtain extremely low output voltage ripple and improve transient response.

Table 6. Recommended Input and Output Capacitor

	С	TC Code	Rated Voltage
Cin	10 - 47µF	X5R	6.3V
COUT1, COUT2	2.2 - 10µF	X7R	25V



10 Package Drawings and Markings

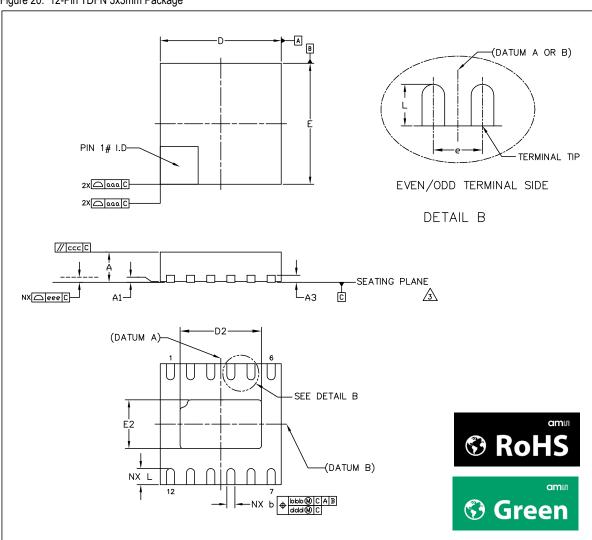
Figure 19. 12-Pin TDFN 3x3mm Marking



Table 7. Packaging Code YYWWQZZ

XXXX	YY	YY WW		ZZ
marketing code	year	manufacturing week	plant identifier	free choice / traceability code

Figure 20. 12-Pin TDFN 3x3mm Package



REF.	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0	0.02	0.05
A3		0.20 REF	
	0.30 0.18	0.40	0.50 0.30
Ь	0.18	0.25	0.30
D		3.00 BSC	
ы		3.00 BSC	
е		0.50 BSC	
D2 E2	1.87	2.02	2.12
E2	1.06	1.21	1.31
aaa	-	0.15	-
bbb	-	0.10	_
CCC	-	0.10	-
ddd	_	0.05	_
eee	_	0.08	_
N		12	

NOTE:

- 1. DIMENSIONS & TOLERANCEING CONFIRM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGELS ARE IN DEGREES.

 $\stackrel{\textstyle \triangle}{\bigtriangleup}$ Coplanarity applies to the exposed heat slug as well as the terminal.

- 4. RADIUS ON TERMINAL IS OPTIONAL.
- 5. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.

ar			ASSEMBLY ENGINEERING	
DRAVN RH8 DATE 2011.02.02 REV. N/C		TITLE MLPD 3x3x0.75mm, 12 LEAD, 2.02x1.21mm ePAD	REFERENCE DOCUMENT JEDEC MO - 229 LATEST REVISION	
CHECKED GBO	2011.02.02		DRAWING ND. QJF	UNIT
APPROVED MKR	2011.02.02	SHEET 1 DF 1	DIMENSION AND TOLERANCE	NOT IN SCALE



11 Ordering Information

The device is available as the standard products listed below.

Table 8. Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Marking	Channel	Vout	lout	Description	Delivery Form	Package
AS1346-BTDT-3318	ASSL	OUT1	3.3V	1.2A	Dual Step-Down	Tone and Dool	12-Pin TDFN
A31340-B1D1-3310	ASSL	OUT2	1.8V	0.5A	Converter with Battery Monitoring	Tape and Reel	3x3mm
AS1347-BTDT-1812	40110	OUT1	1.8V	0.5A	Dual Step-Down	Tone and Deal	12-Pin TDFN
A31347-B1D1-1012	ASU6	OUT2	1.2V	0.5A	Converter with Battery Monitoring	Tape and Reel	3x3mm
AS1347-BTDT-3310	A CL 17	OUT1	3.3V	0.5A	Dual Step-Down Converter with Battery Monitoring	Tape and Reel	12-Pin TDFN
A31347-B1D1-3310	ASU7	OUT2	1.0V	0.5A		Tape and Reel	3x3mm
AS1348-BTDT-3312	ASTZ	OUT1	3.3V	0.5A	Dual Step-Down Converter with Battery Monitoring	Tape and Reel	12-Pin TDFN
A31340-D1D1-3312	ASIZ	OUT2	1.2V	0.95A		rape and Reel	3x3mm
1	411	OUT1	xx	1.2A	Dual Step-Down	Tone and Dool	12-Pin TDFN
AS1346-BTDT-xxyy ¹	tbd	OUT2	уу	0.5A	Converter with Battery Monitoring	Tape and Reel	3x3mm
	tbd	OUT1	xx	0.5A	Dual Step-Down Converter with Battery	Tone and Dool	12-Pin TDFN
AS1347-BTDTxxyy ¹	ιοα	OUT2	уу	0.5A	Monitoring	Tape and Reel	3x3mm
	41 ₀ al	OUT1	xx	0.5A	Dual Step-Down	Tone and Deal	12-Pin TDFN
AS1348-BTDTxxyy ¹	tbd	OUT2 yy 0.95A Converted with Batte	Converter with Battery Monitoring	Tape and Reel	3x3mm		
104040 PTPT 1	thd	OUT1	XX	1.2A	Dual Step-Down	Tane and Pool	12-Pin TDFN
AS1349-BTDTxxyy	tbd	OUT2	уу	1.2A	Converter with Battery Monitoring	Tape and Reel	3x3mm

^{1.} Non-standard devices from 1.2V to 3.6V are available in 100mV steps. For more information and inquiries contact http://www.ams.com/contact

Receive samples within 2 weeks for any non standard output voltage variant!

Note: All products are RoHS compliant.

Buy our products or get free samples online at ICdirect: http://www.ams.com/ICdirect

Technical Support is found at http://www.ams.com/Technical-Support

For further information and requests, please contact us mailto:sales@ams.com or find your local distributor at http://www.ams.com/distributor

Datasheet



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