

User Manual - AS5510 Adapterboard

AS5510

10-bit Linear Incremental Position Sensor with Digital Angle output



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Revision History

Revision	Date	Owner	Description
1.0	1.09.2009		Initial revision
1.1	28.11.2012		Update
1.2	21.08.2013	AZEN	Template Update, Figure Change

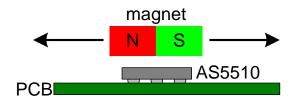


1 General Description

The AS5510 is a linear Hall sensor with 10 bit resolution and I²C interface. It can measure absolute position of lateral movement of a simple 2-pole magnet. The typical arrangement is shown below in (Figure 1).

Depending on the magnet size, a lateral stroke of 0.5~2mm can be measured with air gaps around 1.0mm. To conserve power, the AS5510 may be switched to a power down state when it is not used.

Figure 1: Linear Position Sensor AS5510 + Magnet

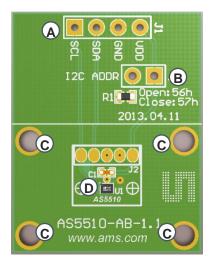


2 Board Description

The AS5510 adapter board is a simple circuit allowing to test and evaluate the AS5510 linear encoder quickly without having to build a test fixture or PCB.

The adapterboard must be attached to a microcontroller via the I^2C bus, and supplied with a voltage of 2.5V ~ 3.6V. A simple 2-pole magnet is placed on the top of the encoder.

Figure 2: **AS5510** adapter board mounting and dimension



- (A) (A) I2C and Power Supply Connector
- (B) I2C Adress selector

- Open: 56h (default)

- Closed: 57h

(C) Mounting holes 4x2.6mm

(D)AS5510 Linear Position Sensor



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3 Pinout

The AS5510 is available in a 6-pin Chip Scale Package with a ball pitch of 400µm.

Figure 2: Pin Configuration of AS5510 (Top View)

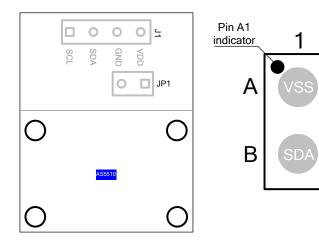


Table 1: Pin Description

Pin AB board	Pin AS5510	Symbol	Туре	Description
J1: pin 3	A1	VSS	S	Negative supply pin, analog and digital ground.
JP1: pin 2	A2	ADR	DI	I ² C address selection pin. Pull down by default (56h). Close JP1 for (57h).
J1: pin 4	A3	VDD	S	Positive supply pin, 2.5V ~ 3.6V
J1: pin 2	B1	SDA	DI/DO_OD	I ² C data I/O, 20mA driving capability
J1: pin 1	B2	SCL	DI	I ² C clock
n.c.	B3	Test	DIO	Test pin, connected to VSS

DO_OD ... digital output open drain

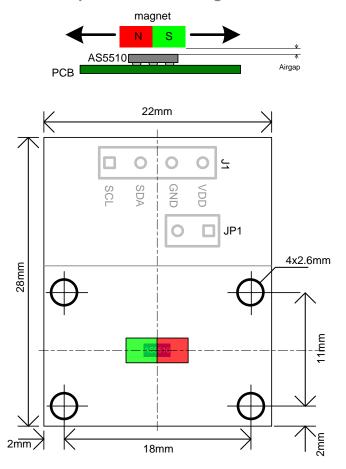
DI ... digital input
DIO ... digital input/output
S ... supply pin



4 Mounting the AS5510 Adapterboard

The AS5510-AB can be fixed to an existing mechanical system by its four mounting holes. A simple 2-poles magnet placed over or under the IC can be used.

Figure 3: **AS5510** adapter board mounting and dimension



The maximum horizontal travel amplitude depends on the magnet shape and size and magnetic strength (magnet material and airgap).

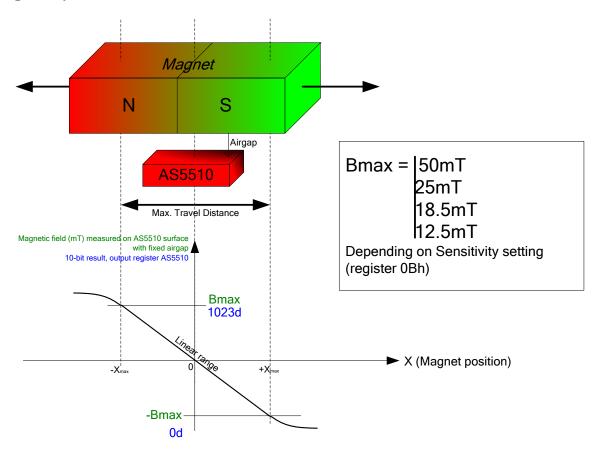
In order to measure a mechanical movement with a linear response, the magnetic field shape at a fixed airgap must be like on Figure 4:.

The linear range width of the magnetic field between North and South poles determines the maximum travel size of the magnet. The minimum (-Bmax) and maximum (+Bmax) magnetic field values of the linear range must be lower or equal to one of the four sensitivities available on the AS5510 (register 0Bh): Sensitivity = ± 50mT, ±25mT, ±18.5mT, ±12.5mT

The 10-bit output register D[9..0] OUTPUT = Field(mT) * (511/Sensitivity) + 511.



Figure 4: Magnet requirement



Example 1:

This is the ideal case: the linear range of the magnet is ±25mT, which fits to the ±25mT sensitivity setting of the AS5510. The resolution of displacement vs. output value is optimal.

Max. Travel Distance $TD_{max} = \pm 1mm (X_{max} = 1mm)$

Sensitivity = ±25mT (Register 0Bh ← 01h)

Dynamic range of OUTPUT over ± 1 mm: DELTA = 1023 - 0 = 1023 LSB

Resolution = TD_{max} / DELTA = 2mm / 1024 = $1.95\mu m/LSB$



Example 2:

Using the same settings on the AS5510, the linear range of the magnet over the same displacement of ±1mm is now ±20mT instead of ±25mT due to a higher airgap or a weaker magnet. In that case the resolution of displacement vs. output value is lower.

Max. Travel Distance $TD_{max} = \pm 1mm$ ($X_{max} = 1mm$): unchanged

Sensitivity = ±25mT (Register 0Bh ← 01h): unchanged

$$Bmax = 20mT \rightarrow X = -1mm (= -X_{max}) \qquad Field_{(mT)} = -20mT \qquad OUTPUT = 102$$

$$\rightarrow X = 0mm \qquad Field_{(mT)} = 0mT \qquad OUTPUT = 511$$

$$\rightarrow X = +1mm (= +X_{max}) \qquad Field_{(mT)} = +20mT \qquad OUTPUT = 920$$

Dynamic range of OUTPUT over ±1mm: DELTA = 920 - 102 = 818 LSB

Resolution = TD_{max} / DELTA = 2mm / 818 = $2.44\mu m/LSB$

In order to keep the best resolution of the system, it is recommended to adapt the sensitivity as close as the Bmax of the magnet, with B_{max} < Sensitivity to avoid the saturation of the output value.

If a magnet holder is used, it must be made of a non-ferromagnetic material in order to keep the maximum magnetic field strength and maximum linearity. Materials as brass, copper, aluminium, stainless steel are the best choices to make this part.

5 Connecting the AS5510-AB

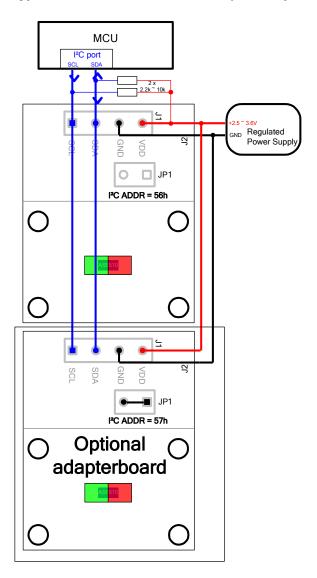
Two wires (I²C) only are required for the communication with the host MCU. Pull-up resistors are needed on both SCL and SDA line. The value depends on the length of the wires, and the amount of slaves on the same I²C line.

The power supply delivering between $2.7V \sim 3.6V$ is connected to the adapter board and the pull-up resistors.

A second AS5510 adapterboard (optional) can be connected on the same line. In that case, the I²C address must be changed by closing JP1 with a wire.



Figure 5: Typical connection to a host MCU (2nd adapterboard is optional)



6 Software example

After powering up the system, a delay of >1.5ms must be performed before the first I²C Read/Write command with the AS5510.

The initialization after power up is optional. It consists of:

- Sensitivity configuration (Register 0Bh)
- Magnet polarity (Register 02h bit 1)
- Slow or Fast mode (Register 02h bit 3)
- Power Down mode (Register 02h bit 0)

}



Reading the magnetic field value is straight forward. The following source code reads the 10-bit magnetic field value, and converts to the magnetic field strength in mT (millitesla).

Example: Sensitivity configured to +-50mT range (97.66mT/LSB); Polarity = 0; default setting:

- D9..0 value = 0 means -50mT on the hall sensor.
- D9..0 value = 511 means 0mT on the hall sensor (no magnetic field, or no magnet).
- D9..0 value = 1023 means +50mT on the hall sensor.

```
Void main loop (unsigned char Sensitivity Mode)
      unsigned char Data1, Data2;
      short value;
      // 10-bit output value (0~1023)
                                // The value 511 is the middle point @ OmT
      float magnetic field;
                               // Value of the magnetic field in mT
      Data LSB = I2C Read8(I2C ADDR, 0 \times 00); // Read D7..0
      Data MSB = I2C Read8(I2C ADDR, 0x01); // Read D9..8 + OCF + Parity
      value = ((Data MSB \& 0x03) << 8) + Data LSB;
      switch (Sensitivity Mode) // Sensitivity Mode is the value stored in
                                // register 0Bh
      {
                         // Register [OBh] <= 0 (+- 50mT range, 97.66uT/LSB)
             case 0:
                         magnetic field = (value - 511) * 0.09766;
                         break;
                         // Register [OBh] <= 0 (+- 25mT range, 48.83uT/LSB)
             case 1:
                         magnetic field = (value - 511) * 0.04883;
                         break;
                         // Register [OBh] <= 0 (+- 12.5mT range, 24.41uT/LSB)
             case 2:
                         magnetic field = (value - 511) * 0.02441;
                         break;
                         // Register [OBh] <= 0 (+- 18.7mT range, 36.62uT/LSB)
             case 3:
                         magnetic field = (value - 511) * 0.03662;
                         break;
      }
      printf("Decimal 10-bit value = %u \n", value);
      printf("Magnetic field value = %.3fmT \n", magnetic field);
```



7 Schematic and Layout

Figure 6: **AS5510-AB Schematic**

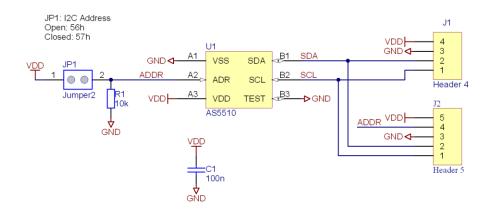
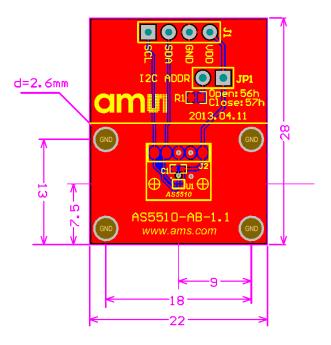


Figure 7: **AS5510-AB Layout**



8 Ordering Information

Table 2:

Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Description	comments
AS5510-WLCSP-AB	AS5510 Adapterboard	Adapterboard with sensor in wlcsp package



9 Copyright

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