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AS5000 Programmer

OPERATION MANUAL

e austria**micro**systems

Programming Tool

1 General Overview

This operational manual describes the function of the *AS5000 Programmer* in combination with the programming boards. This tool can program the austriamicrosystems AS5000 series magnetic rotary encoders. The graphical user interface (GUI) runs on PC running Windows XP or later and controls the programmer via the USB interface. All major access modes to the OTP memories can be established. Be aware that austriamicrosystems provides the *AS5000 Programmer* as a reference for programming and reading of mentioned devices (refer to Appendix A) under laboratory conditions (no warranty for mass production).

Note: Since firmware version v2.10 the AS5000-Programmer contains a boot loader, which provides an update function for new software release. Please refer to the corresponding *application note AN5000-60* (available on our webpage).

2 Hardware Components

2.1 Description of the Hardware Components



Figure 1: Three components of the Programmer solution

Figure 1 shows the three components which are needed to program the austriamicrosystems magnetic rotary encoder. Take care that the connector between programming box and programming box is plugged in the right way.

Warning:

In case of wrong connection, the components in the AS5000 programmer or the encoder can be destroyed!

		Ρ	rogra	imme	r's rig	ht sid	е		
19	17	15	13	11	9	7	5	3	1
20	18	16	14	12	10	8	6	4	2

Figure 2: AS5000 Programmer MRE connector (right side view)

1 Vzap Programming voltage 2 Vzap Programming voltage 3 D10 Encoder signal 4 ADC2 Device autodetection voltage 5 D9 Encoder signal 6 ADC1 Vzap feedback 7 D8 Encoder signal 9 D7 Encoder signal 10 D6 Encoder signal 11 Encoder signal Encoder signal 9 D7 Encoder signal 10 D6 Encoder signal 11 VDD Encoder signal 12 VDD Encoder signal 13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal - Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	Pin #	Signal	Comment
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3 D10 Encoder signal 4 ADC2 Device autodetection voltage 5 D9 Encoder signal 6 ADC1 Vzap feedback 7 D8 Encoder signal 8 D11 Encoder signal 9 D7 Encoder signal 10 D6 Encoder signal 11 VDD Encoder signal 12 VDD Encoder signal 13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal - D onat use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	2	Vzap	Programming voltage
4 ADC2 Device autodetection voltage 5 D9 Encoder signal 6 ADC1 Vzap feedback 7 D8 Encoder signal 9 D7 Encoder signal 10 D6 Encoder signal 11 VDD Encoder signal 12 VDD Encoder signal 13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal - Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	3	D10	Encoder signal
5 D9 Encoder signal 6 ADC1 Vza feedback 7 D8 Encoder signal 8 D11 Encoder signal 9 D7 Encoder signal 10 D6 Encoder signal 11 VDD Encoder power supply 12 VDD Encoder gover supply 13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal - Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	4	ADC2	Device autodetection voltage
6 ADC1 Vzap feedback 7 D8 Encoder signal 8 D11 Encoder signal 9 D7 Encoder signal 10 D6 Encoder signal 11 VDD Encoder signal 12 VDD Encoder power supply 13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal – Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	5	D9	Encoder signal
7 D8 Encoder signal 8 D11 Encoder signal 9 D7 Encoder signal 10 D6 Encoder supply 11 VDD Encoder power supply 12 VDD Encoder signal 13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal – Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	6	ADC1	Vzap feedback
8 D11 Encoder signal 9 D7 Encoder signal 10 D6 Encoder power supply 11 VDD Encoder power supply 12 VDD Encoder power supply 13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal – Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	7	D8	Encoder signal
9 D7 Encoder signal 10 D6 Encoder power supply 11 VDD Encoder power supply 12 VDD Encoder power supply 13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal – Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	8	D11	Encoder signal
10 D6 Encoder signal 11 VDD Encoder power supply 12 VDD Encoder power supply 13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal - Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	9	D7	Encoder signal
11 VDD Encoder power supply 12 VDD Encoder power supply 13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal - Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	10	D6	Encoder signal
12 VDD Encoder power supply 13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal – Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	11	VDD	Encoder power supply
13 GND Ground 14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder & LCD display signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal – Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	12	VDD	Encoder power supply
14 GND Ground 15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal – Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	13	GND	Ground
15 D5 Encoder signal 16 D0 Encoder & LCD display signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal – Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	14	GND	Ground
16 D0 Encoder & LCD display signal 17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal – Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	15	D5	Encoder signal
17 D4 Encoder signal 18 D1 LCD signal – Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	16	D0	Encoder & LCD display signal
18 D1 LCD signal – Do not use 19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	17	D4	Encoder signal
19 D3 Encoder & LCD display signal 20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	18	D1	LCD signal – Do not use
20 D2 Encoder & LCD display signal	19	D3	Encoder & LCD display signal
	20	D2	Encoder & LCD display signal

2.2 Description of the programming board



Figure 3: Example for an AS5043-PB Programming board

jumper

The programming board (AS5xxx-PB) is specific for a group of devices. By jumper setting on this board the build in firmware in the programming box automatically detects the selected device. It is not recommended to change the jumper setting to a different encoder type than installed in the socket.

To place or remove a device form the socket, push the black frame of the socket down. This socket has more connectors as the AS50xx/ AS51xx part and therefore it is important to align the device to the left side of the socket. The pin 1 of the device must be on the bottom left side. Figure 2 shows the detailed placed device in the socket. The jumper J9 is specific for the AS5043/AS5143. This Jumper is used to close the feedback loop used for the analog output operation mode. With this jumper the gain can set to 1.

The jumper J6 is by default closed because the *AS5000 Programmer* provides 3.3V operation. In case of 5 V operation the jumper must be removed and the configuration can be changed over the GUI.

3 Installation

3.1 Hardware setup

First connect the AS5xxx-PB to the 20-pin connector of the AS5000 Programmer, as shown on Figure 1. The AS5000 Programmer is directly powered by the PC via USB. An external power supply is not needed.

3.2 Installing the GUI on the PC

The preliminary software is developed for a Microsoft Windows XP operating system with Service Pack 2. In addition the dotnet (.NET) framework version 2.0 or more must be installed on the PC. This package can be downloaded free of charge from the Microsoft webpage:

http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyID=0856eacb-4362-4b0d-8edd-aab15c5e04f5&displaylang=en

Following Procedure is recommended before starting the GUI:

- 1. check on your PC if Service Pack 2 is installed
- 2. install the mentioned .net package to your computer
- 3. execute AS5000GUI_setup.exe
- 4. Finally start the GUI using the shortcut in the start menu or desktop.

4 Graphical User Interface (GUI)

22 AMS AS5xxx GUI v1.411			8 _ O ×
AS5000 Programmer	🗹 Auto	Connect to AS5xxx Programmer	austriamicrosystems
AS5xxx Programmer	Connect Disconnect FW Name ubox FW Version: 2.24 ams/austriamicrosystems ubox/	Device	
USB: Connected	6		ubox.dll v0.0006

Figure 4: Main window of the GUI, no PB board inserted

Figure 4 shows the main window of the GUI.

In the top left corner, informations about the connected hardware are displayed:

- firmware (FW) type of the connected hardware: ubox (AS5000 Programmer) or dbrd (Demoboard)
- firmware (FW) version

By default the GUI is in the auto detection mode. Any austriamicrosystems device connected on the USB port (one device at the same time) will be automatically detected and displayed in the right top corner.

Note: The autodetect mode can be disabled and forced to any other device type by selecting the device manually.

Once a PB board inserted, tabs will be displayed allowing go into two main sections: SSI (or TWI) and OTP.

4.1 Programming the AS5040/AS5045/AS5140/AS5145



Figure 5: AS5040-PB Programming board

Programming AS5040/AS5140 encoders requires the AS5040-PB ZIF socket board. This adapter is compatible with AS5040, AS5140, AS5045 and AS5145.

Jumper J6 must be close for normal operation and programming operation.



- Jumper position 5: AS5145

By selecting the SSI tab, information of the angular position and the status bits appear:



Position of the magnet

Figure 6: SSI tab with AS5040 encoder inserted in AS5040-PB

- Die selection: This option is for dual die AS52xx devices only. For AS50xx and AS51xx devices Die 0 (default) must be selected.
- Value field is the raw angle extracted from the SSI stream. The angle range is 0 (0°) to 1023 (359.6°)
- Status field displays the status bits extracted from the SSI stream. Green light means that the airgap between
- the magnet and encoder is correct. Orange light means the magnet is too close of too far.
- CCW checkbox is the angle direction. To invert the rotating direction, check CCW.
- Zero Position field: Set button writes the actual angle value into the Zero Position register of the encoder. This
 programming is not permanent. The actual value will be 0 after zero position programming. To reset the zero
 position register, or to set a new zero position, click on Reset first.
- Read interval is the SSI stream readout and refresh rate the GUI.



Figure 7: AS5040 SSI tab after Zero Position programming

This example is the effect when the function Zero Position SET has been performed. Before programming, the encoder shows the position 651 (Figure 6). One click on Zero Position Set makes the software writing the value 651 into the OTP Zero Position register (not permanent programming). Selecting Zero Position Reset will write the value 0 to the OTP Zero Position register.

Note: The Zero Position function is the same for all the AS50xx, AS51xx, AS52xx rotary encoders offering this feature.

Selecting the OTP tab will read the OTP configuration from the IC.



Figure 8: OTP tab of an unprogrammed AS5040

AS5040/AS5045:

Read reads the OTP configuration from the permanent fuse register.

Write writes the bits checked by the user into the volatile OTP register. Selecting the SSI after the configuration is possible to check the effect of the new configuration.

Zap! writes permanently the checked OTP bits to the encoder's fuses.

AS5140/AS5145:

Load reads the OTP configuration from the permanent fuse register.

Read reads the OTP configuration from the volatile register.

Write writes the bits checked by the user into the volatile OTP register. Selecting the SSI after the configuration is possible to check the effect.

Zap! writes permanently the checked OTP bits to the encoder's fuses.

4.2 Programming the AS5043



Figure 9: AS5043-PB Programming board

Programming AS5043 encoders requires the AS5043-PB ZIF socket board.

Jumper J6 must be close for normal operation and programming operation.

AS5043-PB ZIF socket board Device selection for autodetect: Jumper position 1: AS5043



Figure 10: SSI tab with AS5043 inserted in AS5043-PB

- Die selection: This option is for dual die AS52xx devices only. For AS50xx and AS51xx devices Die 0 (default) must be selected.
- Value field is the raw angle extracted from the SSI stream. The angle range is 0 (0°) to 1023 (359.6°)
- Status field displays the status bits extracted from the SSI stream. Green light means that the airgap between the magnet and encoder is correct. Orange light means the magnet is too close of too far.
- CCW checkbox is the angle direction. To invert the rotating direction, check CCW.
- Zero Position field: Set button writes the actual angle value into the Zero Position register of the encoder. This programming is not permanent. The actual value will be 0 after zero position programming. To reset the zero position register, or to set a new zero position, click on Reset first.
- Read interval is the SSI stream readout and refresh rate the GUI.



Figure 11: OTP tab of AS5043, with FBintEN option checked by user

• <u>AS5043:</u>

Read reads the OTP configuration from the permanent fuse register.

Write writes the bits checked by the user into the volatile OTP register. Selecting the SSI after the configuration is possible to check the effect of the new configuration.

Zap! Writes permanently the checked OTP bits to the encoder's fuses.

4.3 **Programming the AS5245**



Figure 12: AS5245-PB Programming board

Programming AS5245 encoders requires the AS5245-PB socket board.

Jumper J6 (J6+J8 for AS5245) must be close for normal operation and programming operation.



By selecting the SSI tab, information of the angular position and the status bits appear:



- Figure 13: SSI tab with AS5045 inserted in AS5040-PB
- Die selection: This option is for dual die AS52xx devices only. For AS50xx and AS51xx devices Die 0 (default) must be selected.
- Value field is the raw angle extracted from the SSI stream. The angle range is 0 (0°) to 1023 (359.6°)
- Status field displays the status bits extracted from the SSI stream. Green light means that the airgap between the magnet and encoder is correct. Orange light means the magnet is too close of too far.
- CCW checkbox is the angle direction. To invert the rotating direction, check CCW.

- Zero Position field: Set button writes the actual angle value into the Zero Position register of the encoder. This
 programming is not permanent. The actual value will be 0 after zero position programming. To reset the zero
 position register, or to set a new zero position, click on Reset first.
- Read interval is the SSI stream readout and refresh rate the GUI.



Figure 14: OTP tab of AS5045

• <u>AS5245:</u>

Load reads the OTP configuration from the permanent fuse register.

Read reads the OTP configuration from the volatile register.

Write writes the bits checked by the user into the volatile OTP register. Selecting the SSI after the configuration is possible to check the effect.

Zap! writes permanently the checked OTP bits to the encoder's fuses.

4.4 Programming the AS5134



Figure 15: AS5134-PB Programming Board

Programming AS5134 encoders requires the AS5134-PB socket board.

AS5134-PB ZIF socket board Device selection: - Jumper position 1: AS5134



Additional window for the BLDC output signals

- Value field is the raw angle extracted from the interface. The angle range is 0° to 359°
- Status field (AGC) displays the status bits depending on the set AGC values. Green light means that the airgap between the magnet and encoder is correct. Red light means the magnet is too far away.
- Zero Position field: Set button writes the actual angle value into the Zero Position register of the encoder. This
 programming is not permanent. The actual value will be 0 after zero position programming. To reset the zero
 position register, or to set a new zero position, click on Reset first.
- Read interval is the readout and refresh rate the GUI.
- Digital interface opens an additional window (see Figure 17), which provides all communications commands like WRTIE_CONFIG or EN_PROG (for entering the exentended mode).

jić



Figure 17: Communication command window



Figure 18: OTP tab of AS5134

AS5134:

Read reads the OTP configuration from the permanent fuse register.

Write writes the bits checked by the user into the volatile OTP register. Selecting the SSI after the configuration is possible to check the effect of the new configuration.

Zap! writes permanently the checked OTP bits to the encoder's fuses.

Analog Readback is not implemented yet. It will be available soon.

4.5 Programming the AS5163/AS5263



Figure 19: AS5x63-CB Connection Board (left) and AS5163-PB Programming Board (right)

Programming AS5163/AS5263 encoders requires the AS5163-PB/AS5263-PB socket board and the AS5x63-CB connection board.

The connection board provides the load, needed for programming and operating the AS5163/AS5263.

Further details concerning all programming options are provided in *application note AN5163-10* (available on our webpage).

ЯĿ AS5115-PB 1.0 C2 1 CI ۲ NC NC 0 AS51 DIO 2 CLK o io 50 0 austriamic osustems 9B AS5215 -PB-1.0

4.6 Programming the AS5115/AS5215

Figure 20: AS115-PB Programming Board (left) and AS5215-PB Programming Board (right)

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Figure 21: TWI tab of AS5115

The AS5115-PB and AS5215-PB does not support an angle readback of the analogue outputs.



AS5115/AS5215:

Read reads the OTP configuration from the permanent fuse register.

Write writes the bits checked by the user into the volatile OTP register. Selecting the SSI after the configuration is possible to check the effect of the new configuration.

Zap! writes permanently the checked OTP bits to the encoder's fuses.

5 Programming boards (PB) Schematics

5.1 AS5040-PB-1.1



5.2 AS5043-PB-1.1



Revision 1.10, 04-March-2010

5.3 AS5115-PB1.1



5.4 AS5134-PB-1.1



5.5 AS5163-PB-1.0



5.6 AS5215-PB-1.1



5.7 AS5245-PB-1.1



5.8 AS5263-PB-1.0



Appendix A

Programming Board Part number	AS5030 PB	AS5040 PB	AS5043 PB	AS5115 PB	AS5130 PB	AS5134 PB	AS5163 PB	AS5215 PB	AS5245 PB	AS5263 PB	Supporte firmwar
AS5030	•										Future Re
AS5040		•									0.12
AS5043			•								0.12
AS5045		•									0.12
AS5046			•								Future Re
AS5115				•							2.24
AS5130					•					6	Future Re
AS5134						•					0.10
AS5140		•									0.10
AS5145		•									0.10
AS5163											0.13
AS5215								•			2.24
AS5245											0.10
AS5263										•	0.13
Revision 1.10,	U4-Mar-2010					www.au	ustriamicrosys	tems.com	Page	2U of 24	

Index

1 Ger	eral Overview		 	
2 Har	ware Components		 	
2.1	Description of the Hardware Compo	nents	 	
2.2	Description of the programming boa	rd	 	
3 Inst	Illation			
3 1	Hardware setun		 	
2.1	Installing the CLIL on the DC		 	·······
J.Z	hisel less interface (CLII)		 	
4 Gra			 	
4.1	Programming the AS5040/AS5045/A	AS5140/AS5145	 	
4.2	Programming the AS5043		 	
4.3	Programming the AS5245		 	1
4.4	Programming the AS5134		 	
4.5	Programming the AS5163/AS5263		 	1
4.6	Programming the AS5115/AS5215		 	1
5 Pro	ramming boards (PB) Schematics		 	1
5.1	AS5040-PB-1.1		 	
5.2	AS5043-PB-1.1			1
53	AS5115-PB1 1			1
54	AS5134-PB-1 1		 	1
55	AS5163-PB-1 0		 	
5.5	ΔQ5215_PB_1 1		 	
5.0			 	
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Revision	listory		 	
Contact			 	
Sales)ffices		 	

Revision History

Revision	Date	Description
R1.0	March.29, 2008	New copy
R1.1	May 22, 2008	All paragraphs, new pictures included
R1.2	June 16, 2008	AS5134 device added
R1.3	September 4, 2008	New devices added, minor corrections
R1.4	September 26, 2008	Minor corrections
R1.5	December 15, 2008	Minor corrections
R1.6	January 26, 2009	Layout modification, PB schematics
R1.7	March 3, 2009	Supported devices table added
R1.8	August 10, 2009	AS5x40, AS5x45 chapter added, screenshot updated.
R1.9	February 04, 2010	AS5134 updated, AS5143 removed, AS5245 added
R1.10	March 04, 2010	AS5115, AS5215, AS5163 and AS5263 added

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