

215MHz, Rail-to-Rail Output, 1.1nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$, 3.5mA Op Amp Family

FEATURES

- Low Noise Voltage: $1.1nV/\sqrt{Hz}$
- Low Supply Current: 3.5mA/Amp Max
- Low Offset Voltage: 350µV Max
- Gain Bandwidth Product: LT6230: 215MHz; A_V ≥ 1 LT6230-10: 1450MHz: A_V ≥ 10
- Wide Supply Range: 3V to 12.6V
- **Output Swings Rail-to-Rail**
- Common Mode Rejection Ratio: 115dB Typ
- Output Current: 30mA
- Operating Temperature Range: –40°C to 85°C
- LT6230 Shutdown to 10uA Maximum
- LT6230/LT6230-10 in a Low Profile (1mm) ThinSOT[™] Package
- Dual LT6231 in 8-Pin SO and Tiny DFN Packages
- LT6232 in a 16-Pin SSOP Package

APPLICATIONS

- Ultrasound Amplifiers
- Low Noise, Low Power Signal Processing
- Active Filters
- Driving A/D Converters
- Rail-to-Rail Buffer Amplifiers

DESCRIPTION

The LT[®]6230/LT6231/LT6232 are single/dual/guad low noise, rail-to-rail output unity-gain stable op amps that feature $1.1 \text{ nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ noise voltage and draw only 3.5mA of supply current per amplifier. These amplifiers combine very low noise and supply current with a 215MHz gainbandwidth product, a 70V/µs slew rate and are optimized for low supply voltage signal conditioning systems. The LT6230-10 is a single amplifier optimized for higher gain applications resulting in higher gain bandwidth and slew rate. The LT6230 and LT6230-10 include an enable pin that can be used to reduce the supply current to less than 10µA.

The amplifier family has an output that swings within 50mV of either supply rail to maximize the signal dynamic range in low supply applications and is specified on 3.3V, 5V and $\pm 5V$ supplies. The e_n • $\sqrt{I_{SUPPLY}}$ product of 1.9 per amplifier is among the most noise efficient of any op amp.

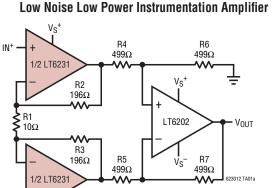
The LT6230/LT6230-10 are available in the 6-lead SOT-23 package and the LT6231 dual is available in the 8-pin SO package with standard pinouts. For compact lavouts. the dual is also available in a tiny dual fine pitch leadless package (DFN). The LT6232 is available in the 16-pin SSOP package.

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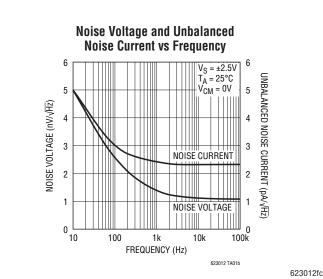
TYPICAL APPLICATION

 $A_{V} = 40$

BW = 5.1 MHz



 $l_{S} = 10 \text{mA}$ $\overline{\text{EN}} = 5.8 \mu V_{RMS}$ INPUT REFERRED, $V_S = \pm 1.5V$ to $\pm 5V$ MEASUREMENT BW = 8MHz





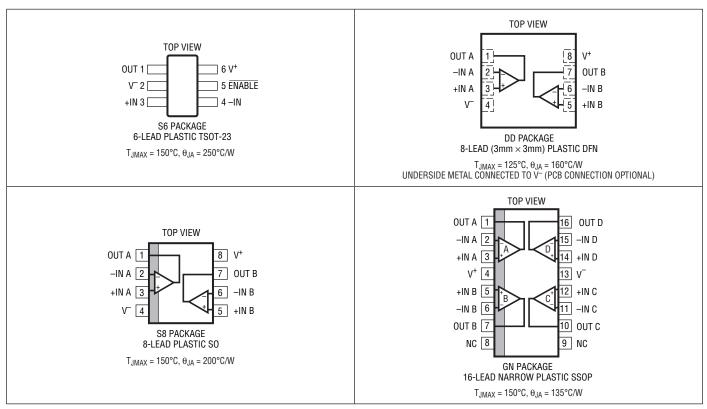
Vs

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Total Supply Voltage (V ⁺ to V ⁻)12.6V	
Input Current (Note 2) ±40mA	
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 3) Indefinite	
Operating Temperature Range (Note 4)40°C to 85°C	
Specified Temperature Range (Note 5)40°C to 85°C	
Junction Temperature 150°C	

Junction Temperature (DD Package)	125°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to	150°C
Storage Temperature Range	
(DD Package)65°C to	125°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

PIN CONFIGURATION







ORDER INFORMATION

LEAD FREE FINISH	TAPE AND REEL	PART MARKING*	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE
LT6230CS6#PBF	LT6230CS6#TRPBF	LTAFJ	6-Lead Plastic TS0T-23	0°C to 70°C
LT6230IS6#PBF	LT6230IS6#TRPBF	LTAFJ	6-Lead Plastic TS0T-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT6230CS6-10#PBF	LT6230CS6-10#TRPBF	LTAFK	6-Lead Plastic TS0T-23	0°C to 70°C
LT6230IS6-10#PBF	LT6230IS6-10#TRPBF	LTAFK	6-Lead Plastic TS0T-23	-40°C to 85°C
LT6231CS8#PBF	LT6230CS8#TRPBF	6231	8-Lead Plastic SO	0°C to 70°C
LT6231IS8#PBF	LT6230IS8#TRPBF	62311	8-Lead Plastic SO	-40°C to 85°C
LT6231CDD#PBF	LT6231CDD#TRPBF	LAEU	8-Lead ($3mm \times 3mm$) Plastic DFN	0°C to 70°C
LT6231IDD#PBF	LT6231IDD#TRPBF	LAEU	8-Lead ($3mm \times 3mm$) Plastic DFN	-40°C to 85°C
LT6232CGN#PBF	LT6232CGN#TRPBF	6232	16-Lead Narrow Plastic SSOP	0°C to 70°C
LT6232IGN#PBF	LT6232IGN#TRPBF	62321	16-Lead Narrow Plastic SSOP	-40°C to 85°C

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges. *The temperature grade is identified by a label on the shipping container. Consult LTC Marketing for information on non-standard lead based finish parts.

For more information on lead free part marking, go to: http://www.linear.com/leadfree/

For more information on tape and reel specifications, go to: http://www.linear.com/tapeandreel/

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_S = 5V$, 0V; $V_S = 3.3V$, 0V; $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = half supply, ENABLE = 0V$, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V _{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	LT6230S6, LT6230S6-10 LT6231S8, LT6232GN LT6231DD		100 50 75	500 350 450	μV μV μV
	Input Offset Voltage Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)			100	600	μV
IB	Input Bias Current			5	10	μA
	I _B Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)			0.1	0.9	μA
l _{os}	Input Offset Current			0.1	0.6	μA
	Input Noise Voltage	0.1Hz to 10Hz		180		nV _{P-P}
e _n	Input Noise Voltage Density	f = 10kHz, V _S = 5V		1.1	1.7	nV/√Hz
in	Input Noise Current Density, Balanced Source Input Noise Current Density, Unbalanced Source	$f = 10kHz, V_S = 5V, R_S = 10k$ $f = 10kHz, V_S = 5V, R_S = 10k$		1 2.4		pA/√Hz pA/√Hz
	Input Resistance	Common Mode Differential Mode		6.5 7.5		MΩ kΩ
CIN	Input Capacitance	Common Mode Differential Mode		2.9 7.7		pF pF
A _{VOL}	Large-Signal Gain	$ \begin{array}{l} V_S = 5 V, V_0 = 0.5 V \ \text{to} \ 4.5 V, R_L = 10 k \ \text{to} \ V_S/2 \\ V_S = 5 V, V_0 = 0.5 V \ \text{to} \ 4.5 V, R_L = 1 k \ \text{to} \ V_S/2 \\ V_S = 5 V, V_0 = 1 V \ \text{to} \ 4 V, R_L = 100 \Omega \ \text{to} \ V_S/2 \end{array} $	105 21 5.4	200 40 9		V/mV V/mV V/mV
		V_S = 3.3V, V_0 = 0.65V to 2.65V, R_L = 10k to $V_S/2$ V_S = 3.3V, V_0 = 0.65V to 2.65V, R_L = 1k to $V_S/2$	90 16.5	175 32		V/mV V/mV
V _{CM}	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR, $V_S = 5V$, $0V$ Guaranteed by CMRR, $V_S = 3.3V$, $0V$	1.5 1.15		4 2.65	V V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio		90 90	115 115		dB dB
	CMRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	V _S = 5V, V _{CM} = 1.5V to 4V	84	120		dB



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_S = 5V$, 0V; $V_S = 3.3V$, 0V; $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = half supply, ENABLE = 0V$, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V _S = 3V to 10V	90	115		dB
	PSRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	V _S = 3V to 10V	84	115		dB
	Minimum Supply Voltage (Note 7)		3			V
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Swing Low (Note 8)	No Load $I_{SINK} = 5mA$ $V_S = 5V$, $I_{SINK} = 20mA$ $V_S = 3.3V$, $I_{SINK} = 15mA$		4 85 240 185	40 190 460 350	mV mV mV mV
V _{OH}	Output Voltage Swing High (Note 8)	No Load $I_{SOURCE} = 5mA$ $V_S = 5V$, $I_{SOURCE} = 20mA$ $V_S = 3.3V$, $I_{SOURCE} = 15mA$		5 90 325 250	50 200 600 400	mV mV mV mV
I _{SC}	Short-Circuit Current	$V_{S} = 5V$ $V_{S} = 3.3V$	±30 ±25	±45 ±40		mA mA
I _S	Supply Current per Amplifier Disabled Supply Current per Amplifier	ENABLE = V ⁺ – 0.35V		3.15 0.2	3.5 10	mA μA
IENABLE	ENABLE Pin Current	ENABLE = 0.3V		-25	-75	μA
VL	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage Low				0.3	V
V _H	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage High		V ⁺ – 0.35V			V
	Output Leakage Current	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = \text{V}^+ - 0.35 \text{V}, \text{ V}_0 = 1.5 \text{V} \text{ to } 3.5 \text{V}$		0.2	10	μA
t _{ON}	Turn-On Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ = 5V to 0V, R _L = 1k, V _S = 5V		300		ns
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ = 0V to 5V, R _L = 1k, V _S = 5V		41		μs
GBW	Gain-Bandwidth Product	Frequency = 1MHz, V _S = 5V LT6230-10		200 1300		MHz MHz
SR	Slew Rate	$V_{\rm S} = 5V$, $A_{\rm V} = -1$, $R_{\rm L} = 1$ k, $V_{\rm O} = 1.5$ V to 3.5 V	42	60		V/µs
		LT6230-10, $V_S = 5V$, $A_V = -10$, $R_L = 1k$, $V_0 = 1.5V$ to 3.5V		250		V/µs
FPBW	Full-Power Bandwidth	$V_{S} = 5V, V_{OUT} = 3V_{P-P}$ (Note 9)	4.8	6.3		MHz
		LT6230-10, HD2 = HD3 = ≤1%		11		MHz
t _S	Settling Time (LT6230, LT6231, LT6232)	$0.1\%, V_{S} = 5V, V_{STEP} = 2V, A_{V} = -1, R_{L} = 1k$		55		ns





ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The • denotes the specifications which apply over the $0^{\circ}C < T_A < 70^{\circ}C$ temperature range. $V_S = 5V$, 0V; $V_S = 3.3V$, 0V; $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} =$ half supply, ENABLE = 0V, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
V _{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	LT6230CS6, LT6230CS6-10 LT6231CS8, LT6232CGN LT6231CDD	•			600 450 550	μV μV μV
	Input Offset Voltage Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)		•			800	μV
V _{OS} TC	Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 10)	$V_{CM} = Half Supply$	•		0.5	3	µV/°C
I _B	Input Bias Current					11	μA
	I _B Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)					1	μA
l _{os}	Input Offset Current					0.7	μA
A _{VOL}	Large-Signal Gain	$ \begin{array}{l} V_S = 5 V\!\!, V_0 = 0.5 V \mbox{ to } 4.5 V\!\!, R_L = 10 k \mbox{ to } V_S/2 \\ V_S = 5 V\!\!, V_0 = 0.5 V \mbox{ to } 4.5 V\!\!, R_L = 1 k \mbox{ to } V_S/2 \\ V_S = 5 V\!\!, V_0 = 1 V \mbox{ to } 4 V\!\!, R_L = 100 \Omega \mbox{ to } V_S/2 \end{array} $	•	78 17 4.1			V/mV V/mV V/mV
		V_S = 3.3V, V_0 = 0.65V to 2.65V, R_L = 10k to $V_S/2$ V_S = 3.3V, V_0 = 0.65V to 2.65V, R_L = 1k to $V_S/2$	•	66 13			V/mV V/mV
V _{CM}	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR V _S = 5V, 0V Vs = 3.3V, 0V	•	1.5 1.15		4 2.65	V V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{S} = 5V, V_{CM} = 1.5V \text{ to } 4V$ $V_{S} = 3.3V, V_{CM} = 1.15V \text{ to } 2.65V$	•	90 85			dB dB
	CMRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	$V_{S} = 5V, V_{CM} = 1.5V$ to 4V		84			dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V _S = 3V to 10V	•	85			dB
	PSRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	V _S = 3V to 10V	•	79			dB
	Minimum Supply Voltage (Note 7)		•	3			V
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Swing Low (Note 8)	No Load I _{SINK} = 5mA V _S = 5V, I _{SINK} = 20mA V _S = 3.3V, I _{SINK} = 15mA	•			50 200 500 380	mV mV mV mV
V _{OH}	Output Voltage Swing High (Note 8)	No Load I _{SOURCE} = 5mA V _S = 5V, I _{SOURCE} = 20mA V _S = 3.3V, I _{SOURCE} = 15mA	• • •			60 215 650 430	mV mV mV mV
I _{SC}	Short-Circuit Current	$V_{S} = 5V$ $V_{S} = 3.3V$	•	±25 ±20			mA mA
I _S	Supply Current per Amplifier Disabled Supply Current per Amplifier	<u>ENABLE</u> = V ⁺ – 0.25V	•		1	4.2	mA μA
IENABLE	ENABLE Pin Current	ENABLE = 0.3V				-85	μA
VL	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage Low		•			0.3	V
V _H	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage High			V ⁺ – 0.25V			V
	Output Leakage Current	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = \text{V}^+ - 0.25\text{V}, \text{ V}_0 = 1.5\text{V} \text{ to } 3.5\text{V}$	•		1		μA
t _{ON}	Turn-On Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ = 5V to 0V, R _L = 1k, V _S = 5V	٠		300		ns
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ = 0V to 5V, R _L = 1k, V _S = 5V	•		65		μs
SR	Slew Rate	$V_{S} = 5V$, $A_{V} = -1$, $R_{L} = 1k$, $V_{0} = 1.5V$ to $3.5V$	٠	35			V/µs
		LT6230-10, $A_V = -10$, $R_L = 1k$, $V_0 = 1.5V$ to 3.5V	٠		225		V/µs
FPBW	Full-Power Bandwidth (Note 9)	V _S = 5V, V _{OUT} = 3V _{P-P} ; LT6230C, LT6231C, LT6232C	•	3.7			MHz



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the -40°C < T_A < 85°C temperature range. V_S = 5V, 0V; V_S = 3.3V, 0V; V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = half supply, ENABLE = 0V, unless otherwise noted. (Note 5)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V _{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	LT6230IS6, LT6230IS6-10 LT6231IS8, LT6232IGN LT6231IDD	• • •			700 550 650	μV μV μV
	Input Offset Voltage Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)		•			1000	μV
V _{OS} TC	Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 10)	V _{CM} = Half Supply			0.5	3	μV/°C
I _B	Input Bias Current		•			12	μA
	I _B Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)		•			1.1	μA
l _{OS}	Input Offset Current					0.8	μA
A _{VOL}	Large-Signal Gain	$ \begin{array}{l} V_S = 5 V, V_0 = 0.5 V \mbox{ to } 4.5 V, R_L = 10 k \mbox{ to } V_S/2 \\ V_S = 5 V, V_0 = 0.5 V \mbox{ to } 4.5 V, R_L = 1 k \mbox{ to } V_S/2 \\ V_S = 5 V, V_0 = 1 V \mbox{ to } 4 V, R_L = 100 \Omega \mbox{ to } V_S/2 \end{array} $	• • •	72 16 3.6			V/mV V/mV V/mV
		$ V_S = 3.3 \text{V}, \ V_0 = 0.65 \text{V} \ \text{to} \ 2.65 \text{V}, \ \text{R}_L = 10 \text{k} \ \text{to} \ \text{V}_S/2 \\ V_S = 3.3 \text{V}, \ \text{V}_0 = 0.65 \text{V} \ \text{to} \ 2.65 \text{V}, \ \text{R}_L = 1 \text{k} \ \text{to} \ \text{V}_S/2 $	•	60 12			V/mV V/mV
V _{CM}	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR $V_S = 5V$, 0V $V_S = 3.3V$, 0V	•	1.5 1.15		4 2.65	V V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{S} = 5V$, $V_{CM} = 1.5V$ to 4V $V_{S} = 3.3V$, $V_{CM} = 1.15V$ to 2.65V	•	90 85			dB dB
	CMRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	$V_{S} = 5V, V_{CM} = 1.5V \text{ to } 4V$	•	84			dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V _S = 3V to 10V	•	85			dB
	PSRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	V _S = 3V to 10V	•	79			dB
	Minimum Supply Voltage (Note 7)			3			V
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Swing Low (Note 8)	No Load $I_{SINK} = 5mA$ $V_{S} = 5V, I_{SINK} = 15mA$ $V_{S} = 3.3V, I_{SINK} = 15mA$	• • •			60 210 510 390	mV mV mV mV
V _{OH}	Output Voltage Swing High (Note 6)	No Load $I_{SOURCE} = 5mA$ $V_S = 5V$, $I_{SOURCE} = 20mA$ $V_S = 3.3V$, $I_{SOURCE} = 15mA$	• • •			70 220 675 440	mV mV mV mV
I _{SC}	Short-Circuit Current	$V_{S} = 5V$ $V_{S} = 3.3V$	•	±15 ±15			mA mA
I _S	Supply Current per Amplifier Disabled Supply Current per Amplifier	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = V^+ - 0.2V$	•		1	4.4	mA μA
IENABLE	ENABLE Pin Current	ENABLE = 0.3V	•			-100	μA
VL	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage Low					0.3	V
V _H	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage High		•	V ⁺ – 0.2V			V
	Output Leakage Current	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = \text{V}^+ - 0.2\text{V}, \text{V}_0 = 1.5\text{V} \text{ to } 3.5\text{V}$	•		1		μA
t _{on}	Turn-On Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ = 5V to 0V, R _L = 1k, V _S = 5V	•		300		ns
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ = 0V to 5V, R _L = 1k, V _S = 5V	•		72		μs
SR	Slew Rate	$V_{S} = 5V$, $A_{V} = -1$, $R_{L} = 1k$, $V_{0} = 1.5V$ to $3.5V$	•	31			V/µs
		LT6230-10, $A_V = -10$, $R_L = 1k$, $V_0 = 1.5V$ to 3.5V	•		185		V/µs
FPBW	Full-Power Bandwidth (Note 9)	V _S = 5V, V _{OUT} = 3V _{P-P} ; LT6230I, LT6231I, LT6232I	•	3.3			MHz





ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_S = \pm 5V$, $V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = 0V$, ENABLE = 0V, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V _{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	LT6230, LT6230-10 LT6231S8, LT6232GN LT6231DD		100 50 75	500 350 450	μV μV μV
	Input Offset Voltage Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)			100	600	μV
I _B	Input Bias Current			5	10	μA
	I _B Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)			0.1	0.9	μA
l _{os}	Input Offset Current			0.1	0.6	μA
	Input Noise Voltage	0.1Hz to 10Hz		180		nV _{P-P}
e _n	Input Noise Voltage Density	f = 10kHz		1.1	1.7	nV/√Hz
in	Input Noise Current Density, Balanced Source Input Noise Current Density, Unbalanced Source	$ \begin{array}{l} f = 10 \text{kHz}, \ \text{R}_{\text{S}} = 10 \text{k} \\ f = 10 \text{kHz}, \ \text{R}_{\text{S}} = 10 \text{k} \end{array} $		1 2.4		pA/√Hz pA/√Hz
	Input Resistance	Common Mode Differential Mode		6.5 7.5		MΩ kΩ
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	Common Mode Differential Mode		2.4 6.5		pF pF
A _{VOL}	Large-Signal Gain	$ \begin{array}{l} V_0 = \pm 4.5 \text{V}, \ \text{R}_L = 10 \text{k} \\ V_0 = \pm 4.5 \text{V}, \ \text{R}_L = 1 \text{k} \\ V_0 = \pm 2 \text{V}, \ \text{R}_L = 100 \Omega \end{array} $	140 35 8.5	260 65 16		V/mV V/mV V/mV
V _{CM}	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR	-3		4	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = -3V$ to $4V$	95	120		dB
	CMRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	$V_{CM} = -3V$ to $4V$	89	125		dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{S} = \pm 1.5V$ to $\pm 5V$	90	115		dB
	PSRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	$V_{S} = \pm 1.5V$ to $\pm 5V$	84	115		dB
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Swing Low (Note 8)	No Load I _{SINK} = 5mA I _{SINK} = 20mA		4 85 240	40 190 460	mV mV mV
V _{OH}	Output Voltage Swing High (Note 8)	No Load I _{SOURCE} = 5mA I _{SOURCE} = 20mA		5 90 325	50 200 600	mV mV mV
I _{SC}	Short-Circuit Current		±30			mA
I _S	Supply Current per Amplifier Disabled Supply Current per Amplifier	ENABLE = 4.65V		3.3 0.2	3.9	mA μA
IENABLE	ENABLE Pin Current	ENABLE = 0.3V		-35	-85	μA
VL	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage Low				0.3	V
V _H	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage High		4.65			V
	Output Leakage Current	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = V^+ - 4.65V, V_0 = \pm 1V$		0.2	10	μA
t _{ON}	Turn-On Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = 5\text{V to 0V}, \text{ R}_{\text{L}} = 1\text{k}$		300		ns
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = 0\text{V to 5V}, \text{R}_{\text{L}} = 1\text{k}$		62		μs
GBW	Gain-Bandwidth Product	Frequency = 1MHz LT6230-10	150 1000	215 1450		MHz MHz
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = -1$, $R_L = 1k$, $V_0 = -2V$ to $2V$	50	70		V/µs
		LT6230-10, $A_V = -10$, $R_L = 1k$, $V_0 = -2V$ to $2V$		320		V/µs
FPBW	Full-Power Bandwidth	V _{OUT} = 3V _{P-P} (Note 9)	5.3	7.4		MHz
		LT6230-10, HD2 = HD3 ≤ 1%		11		MHz
ts	Settling Time (LT6230, LT6231, LT6232)	$0.1\%, V_{STEP} = 2V, A_V = -1, R_L = 1k$		50		ns



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the 0°C < T_A < 70°C temperature range. V_S = ±5V, V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = 0V, ENABLE = 0V, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V _{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	LT6230CS6, LT6230CS6-10 LT6231CS8, LT6232CGN LT6231CDD	•			600 450 550	μV μV μV
	Input Offset Voltage Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)		•			800	μV
V _{OS} TC	Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 10)		•		0.5	3	µV/°C
I _B	Input Bias Current					11	μA
	I _B Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)		•			1	μA
l _{os}	Input Offset Current		٠			0.7	μA
A _{VOL}	Large-Signal Gain		•	100 27 6			V/mV V/mV V/mV
V _{CM}	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR	•	-3		4	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = -3V$ to $4V$		95			dB
	CMRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	$V_{CM} = -3V$ to $4V$		89			dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{S} = \pm 1.5 V$ to $\pm 5 V$		85			dB
	PSRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	$V_S = \pm 1.5V$ to $\pm 5V$		79			dB
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Swing Low (Note 8)	No Load I _{SINK} = 5mA I _{SINK} = 20mA	•••			50 200 500	mV mV mV
V _{OH}	Output Voltage Swing High (Note 8)	No Load I _{SOURCE} = 5mA I _{SOURCE} = 20mA	•			60 215 650	mV mV mV
I _{SC}	Short-Circuit Current		•	±25			mA
I _S	Supply Current per Amplifier Disabled Supply Current per Amplifier	ENABLE = 4.75V	•		1	4.6	mA μA
IENABLE	ENABLE Pin Current	ENABLE = 0.3V	•			-95	μA
VL	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage Low		•			0.3	V
V _H	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage High		•	4.75			V
	Output Leakage Current	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = 4.75 \text{V}, \text{V}_0 = \pm 1 \text{V}$	•		1		μA
t _{ON}	Turn-On Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}}$ = 5V to 0V, R _L = 1k	•		300		ns
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = 0\text{V to 5V}, \text{R}_{\text{L}} = 1\text{k}$	•		85		μs
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = -1, R_L = 1k, V_0 = -2V \text{ to } 2V$	٠	44			V/µs
		LT6230-10, $A_V = -10$, $R_L = 1k$, $V_0 = -2V$ to $2V$	•		315		V/µs
FPBW	Full-Power Bandwidth	V _{OUT} = 3V _{P-P} (Note 9) LT6230C, LT6231C, LT6232C	•	4.66			MHz



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the -40°C < T_A < 85°C temperature range. V_S = ±5V, V_{CM} = V_{OUT} = 0V, ENABLE = 0V, unless otherwise noted. (Note 5)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V _{OS}	Input Offset Voltage	LT6230I, LT6230I-10 LT6231IS8, LT6232IGN LT6231IDD	•			700 550 650	μV μV μV
	Input Offset Voltage Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)		•			1000	μV
V _{OS} TC	Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 10)				0.5	3	µV/°C
IB	Input Bias Current					12	μA
	I _B Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)					1.1	μA
I _{OS}	Input Offset Current					0.8	μA
A _{VOL}	Large-Signal Gain	$ \begin{array}{l} V_0 = \pm 4.5 \text{V}, \ \text{R}_L = 10 \text{k} \\ V_0 = \pm 4.5 \text{V}, \ \text{R}_L = 1 \text{k} \\ V_0 = \pm 1.5 \text{V}, \ \text{R}_L = 100 \Omega \end{array} $	•	93 25 4.8			V/mV V/mV V/mV
V _{CM}	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR		-3		4	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CM} = -3V$ to $4V$		95			dB
	CMRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	$V_{CM} = -3V \text{ to } 4V$		89			dB
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$V_{\rm S} = \pm 1.5 V$ to $\pm 5 V$		85			dB
	PSRR Match (Channel-to-Channel) (Note 6)	$V_{S} = \pm 1.5V$ to $\pm 5V$		79			dB
V _{OL}	Output Voltage Swing Low (Note 8)	No Load I _{SINK} = 5mA I _{SINK} = 15mA	•			60 210 510	mV mV mV
V _{OH}	Output Voltage Swing High (Note 8)	No Load I _{SOURCE} = 5mA I _{SOURCE} = 20mA	•			70 220 675	mV mV mV
I _{SC}	Short-Circuit Current			±15			mA
Is	Supply Current per Amplifier Disabled Supply Current per Amplifier	ENABLE = 4.8V	•		1	4.85	mA μA
ENABLE	ENABLE Pin Current	ENABLE = 0.3V				-110	μA
VL	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage Low					0.3	V
V _H	ENABLE Pin Input Voltage High			4.8			V
	Output Leakage Current	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = 4.8 \text{V}, \text{V}_0 = \pm 1 \text{V}$			1		μA
t _{ON}	Turn-On Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = 5\text{V to 0V, R}_{\text{L}} = 1\text{k}$			300		ns
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off Time	$\overline{\text{ENABLE}} = 0\text{V to 5V, R}_{\text{L}} = 1\text{k}$			72		μs
SR	Slew Rate	$A_V = -1, R_L = 1k, V_0 = -2V \text{ to } 2V$		37			V/µs
		LT6230-10, $A_V = -10$, $R_L = 1k$, $V_0 = -2V$ to 2V			260		V/µs
FPBW	Full-Power Bandwidth (Note 9)	V _{OUT} = 3V _{P-P} ; LT6230I, LT6231I, LT6232I		3.9			MHz

Note 1: Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: Inputs are protected by back-to-back diodes. If the differential input voltage exceeds 0.7V, the input current must be limited to less than 40mA.

Note 3: A heat sink may be required to keep the junction temperature below the absolute maximum rating when the output is shorted indefinitely.

Note 4: The LT6230C/LT6230I the LT6231C/LT6231I, and LT6232C/LT6232I are guaranteed functional over the temperature range of -40°C and 85°C. Note 5: The LT6230C/LT6231C/LT6232C are guaranteed to meet specified performance from 0°C to 70°C. The LT6230C/LT6231C/LT6232C are designed, characterized and expected to meet specified performance from -40°C to 85°C, but are not tested or QA sampled at these temperatures. The LT6230I/LT6231I/LT6232I are guaranteed to meet specified performance from -40°C to 85°C.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Note 6: Matching parameters are the difference between the two amplifiers A and D and between B and C of the LT6232; between the two amplifiers of the LT6231. CMRR and PSRR match are defined as follows: CMRR and PSRR are measured in μ V/V on the matched amplifiers. The difference is calculated between the matching sides in μ V/V. The result is converted to dB.

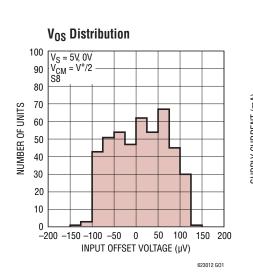
Note 7: Minimum supply voltage is guaranteed by power supply rejection ratio test.

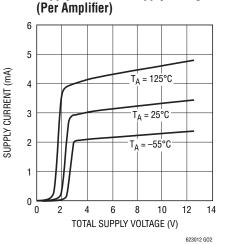
Note 8: Output voltage swings are measured between the output and power supply rails.

Note 9: Full-power bandwidth is calculated from the slew rate: FPBW = SR/2 π V_P

Note 10: This parameter is not 100% tested.

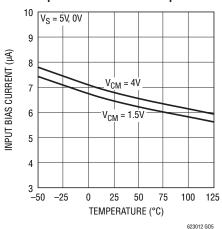
(LT6230/LT6231/LT6232)



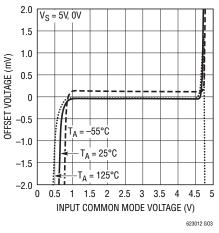


Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

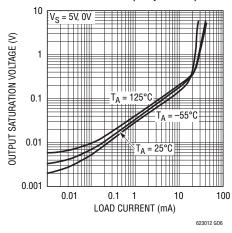
Input Bias Current vs Temperature



Offset Voltage vs Input Common Mode Voltage



Output Saturation Voltage vs Load Current (Output Low)



623012fc



12 NPUT BIAS CURRENT (µA) 10 –55°[']C TΔ = 8 6 T_A = 125[°]C 4 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 2 0 -2 -1 0 2 3 4 5 6 1 COMMON MODE VOLTAGE (V) 623012 GO4

Input Bias Current

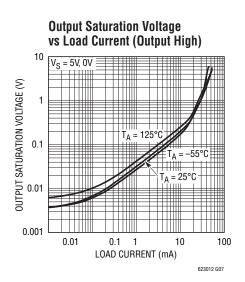
 $V_{S} = 5V, 0V$

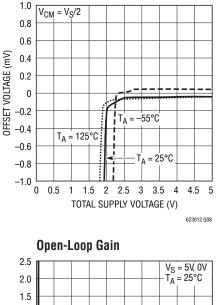
14

vs Common Mode Voltage

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

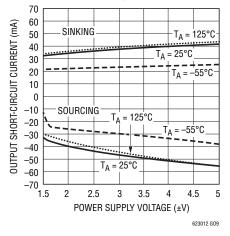
(LT6230/LT6231/LT6232)

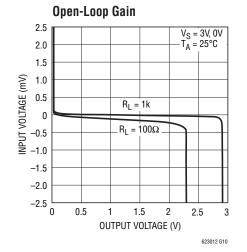


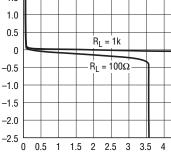


Minimum Supply Voltage

Output Short-Circuit Current vs Power Supply Voltage





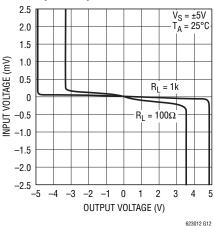


4.5 5

623012 G11

NPUT VOLTAGE (mV)

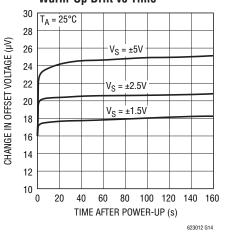
Open-Loop Gain



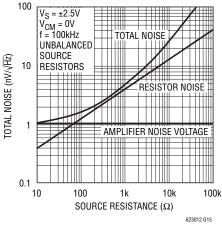
Offset Voltage vs Output Current 2.0 $V_{\rm S} = \pm 5V$ 1.5 T_A = -55°C 1.0 OFFSET VOLTAGE (mV) 0.5 Ŀ = 25°C 0 -0.5 TA = 125°C Ì -1.0 i -1.5 L -2.0-75 -60 -45 -30 -15 0 15 30 45 60 75 OUTPUT CURRENT (mA) 623012 G13

Warm-Up Drift vs Time

OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V)

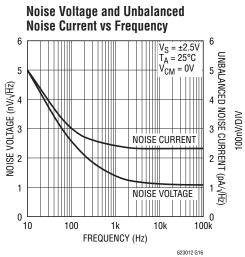


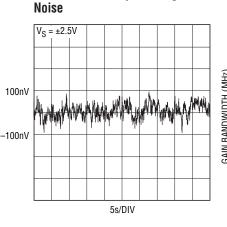
Total Noise vs Total Source Resistance



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

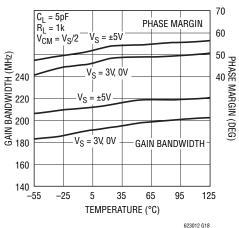
(LT6230/LT6231/LT6232)



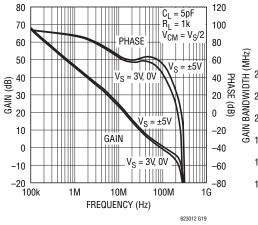


0.1Hz to 10Hz Output Voltage

Gain Bandwidth and Phase Margin vs Temperature

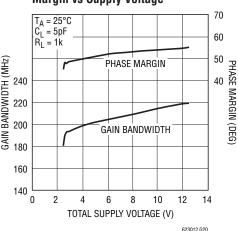




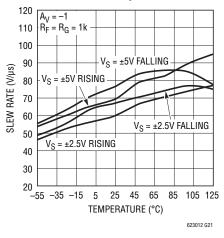


Gain Bandwidth and Phase Margin vs Supply Voltage

623012 G17

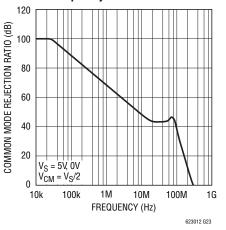


Slew Rate vs Temperature

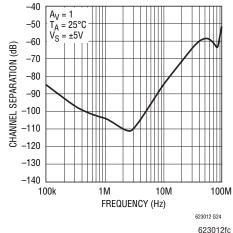


Output Impedance vs Frequency 1k $V_{\rm S} = 5V, 0V$ 100 **OUTPUT IMPEDANCE (Ω)** 10 Av/ = $A_V = 2$ 1 $\pm A_V =$ 0.1 0.01 100k 1M 10M 100M FREQUENCY (Hz) 623012 G22

Common Mode Rejection Ratio vs Frequency



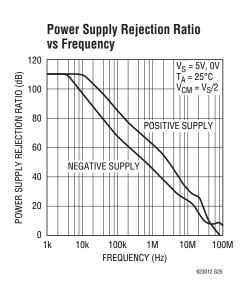
Channel Separation vs Frequency



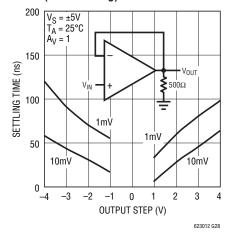


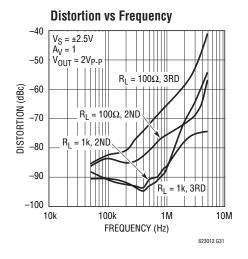
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

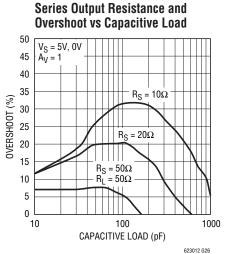
(LT6230/LT6231/LT6232)



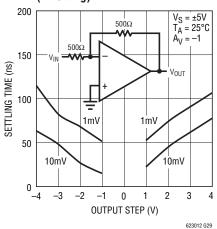
Settling Time vs Output Step (Noninverting)



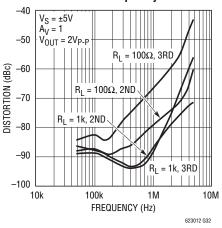




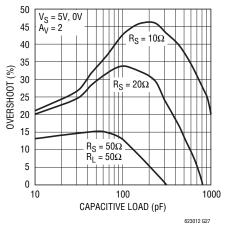
Settling Time vs Output Step (Inverting)



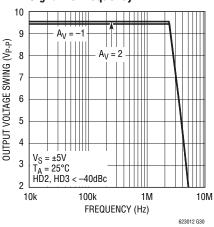
Distortion vs Frequency



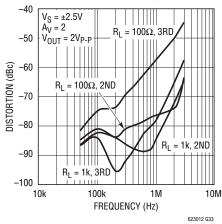
Series Output Resistance and Overshoot vs Capacitive Load



Maximum Undistorted Output Signal vs Frequency

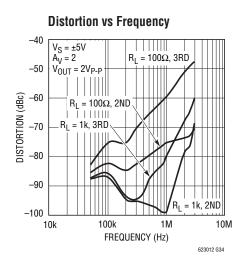


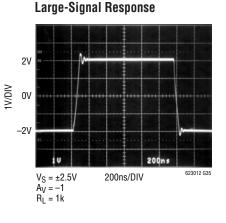
Distortion vs Frequency



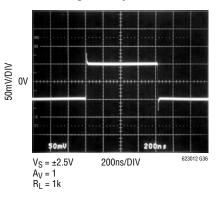
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

(LT6230/LT6231/LT6232)

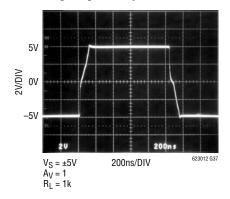




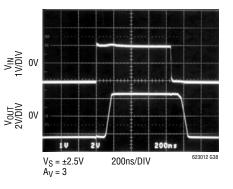
Small-Signal Response



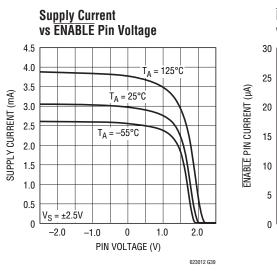
Large-Signal Response

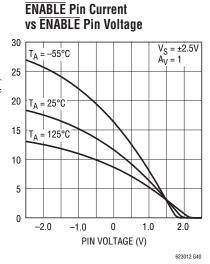


Output Overdrive Recovery

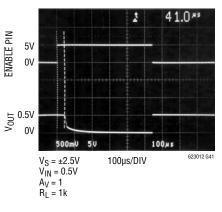


(LT6230) ENABLE Characteristics







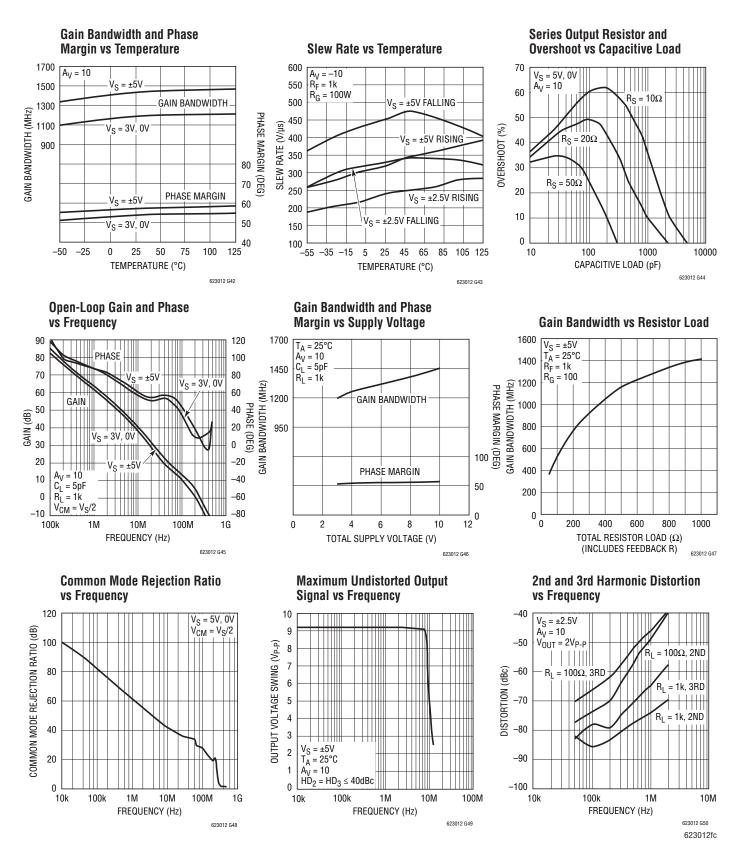


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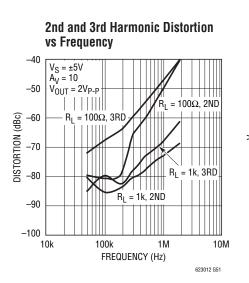
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

(LT6230-10)

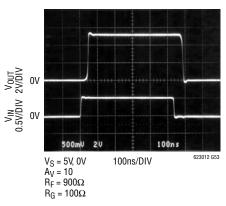


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

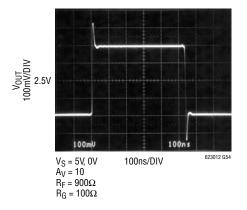
(LT6230-10)



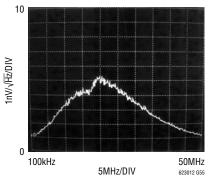
Large-Signal Response 0V $V_S = \pm 5V$ 100ns/DIV C2012 GEZ $V_S = \pm 5V$ 100ns/DIV C2012 GEZ $R_G = 100\Omega$ **Output-Overload Recovery**



Small-Signal Response



Input Referred High Frequency Noise Spectrum







APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Amplifier Characteristics

Figure 1 is a simplified schematic of the LT6230/LT6231/ LT6232, which has a pair of low noise input transistors Q1 and Q2. A simple current mirror, Q3/Q4, converts the differential signal to a single-ended output, and these transistors are degenerated to reduce their contribution to the overall noise.

Capacitor C1 reduces the unity-cross frequency and improves the frequency stability without degrading the gain bandwidth of the amplifier. Capacitor C_M sets the overall amplifier gain bandwidth. The differential drive generator supplies current to transistors Q5 and Q6 that swing the output from rail-to-rail.

Input Protection

There are back-to-back diodes, D1 and D2 across the + and – inputs of these amplifiers to limit the differential input voltage to ± 0.7 V. The inputs of the LT6230/LT6231/LT6232 do not have internal resistors in series with the input transistors. This technique is often used to protect the input devices from overvoltage that causes excessive current to flow. The addition of these resistors would significantly degrade the low noise voltage of these amplifiers. For instance, a 100 Ω resistor in series with each input would generate 1.8nV/ \sqrt{Hz} of noise, and the total amplifier noise voltage would rise from 1.1nV/ \sqrt{Hz} to 2.1nV/ \sqrt{Hz} . Once the input differential voltage exceeds ± 0.7 V, steady-state current conducted through the protection diodes should

be limited to ± 40 mA. This implies 25Ω of protection resistance is necessary per volt of overdrive beyond ± 0.7 V. These input diodes are rugged enough to handle transient currents due to amplifier slew rate overdrive and clipping without protection resistors.

The photo of Figure 2 shows the output response to an input overdrive with the amplifier connected as a voltage follower. With the input signal low, current source I_1 saturates and the differential drive generator drives Q6 into saturation so the output voltage swings all the way to V⁻. The input can swing positive until transistor Q2 saturates into current mirror Q3/Q4. When saturation occurs, the output tries to phase invert, but diode D2 conducts current from the signal source to the output through the feedback connection. The output is clamped a diode drop below the input. In this photo, the input signal generator is limiting at about 20mA.

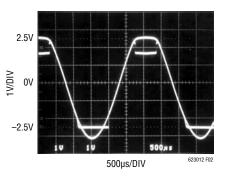
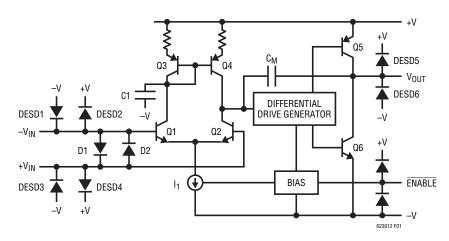


Figure 2. $V_S = \pm 2.5V$, $A_V = 1$ with Large Overdrive





APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

With the amplifier connected in a gain of $A_V \ge 2$, the output can invert with very heavy overdrive. To avoid this inversion, limit the input overdrive to 0.5V beyond the power supply rails.

ESD

The LT6230/LT6231/LT6232 have reverse-biased ESD protection diodes on all inputs and outputs as shown in Figure 1. If these pins are forced beyond either supply, unlimited current will flow through these diodes. If the current is transient and limited to one hundred milliamps or less, no damage to the device will occur.

Noise

The noise voltage of the LT6230/LT6231/LT6232 is equivalent to that of a 75 Ω resistor, and for the lowest possible noise it is desirable to keep the source and feedback resistance at or below this value, i.e., $R_S + R_G ||R_{FB} \le 75\Omega$. With $R_S + R_G ||R_{FB} = 75\Omega$ the total noise of the amplifier is:

 $e_N = \sqrt{(1.1nV)^2 + (1.1nV)^2} = 1.55nV/\sqrt{Hz}$

Below this resistance value, the amplifier dominates the noise, but in the region between 75Ω and about 3k, the noise is dominated by the resistor thermal noise. As the total resistance is further increased beyond 3k, the amplifier noise current multiplied by the total resistance eventually dominates the noise.

The product of $e_N \cdot \sqrt{I_{SUPPLY}}$ is an interesting way to gauge low noise amplifiers. Most low noise amplifiers with low eN have high I_{SUPPLY} current. In applications that require low noise voltage with the lowest possible supply current, this product can prove to be enlightening. The LT6230/LT6231/LT6232 have an $e_N \cdot \sqrt{I_{SUPPLY}}$ product of only 1.9 per amplifier, yet it is common to see amplifiers with similar noise specifications to have $e_N \cdot \sqrt{I_{SUPPLY}}$ as high as 13.5.

For a complete discussion of amplifier noise, see the LT1028 data sheet.

ENABLE Pin

The LT6230 includes an ENABLE pin that shuts down the amplifier to 10μ A maximum supply current. The ENABLE pin must be driven low to operate the amplifier with normal supply current. The ENABLE pin must be driven high to within 0.35V of V⁺ to shut down the supply current. This can be accomplished with simple gate logic; however care must be taken if the logic and the LT6230 operate from different supplies. If this is the case, then open-drain logic can be used with a pull-up resistor to ensure that the amplifier remains off. See the Typical Performance Characteristics.

The output leakage current when disabled is very low; however, current can flow into the input protection diodes D1 and D2 if the output voltage exceeds the input voltage by a diode drop.

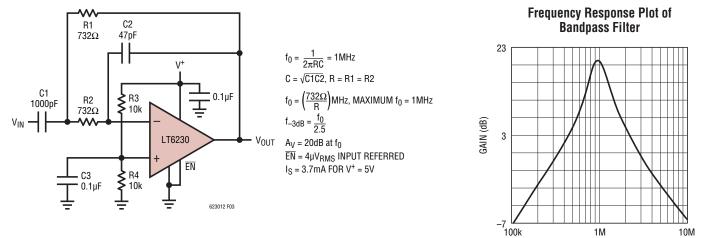


FREQUENCY (Hz)

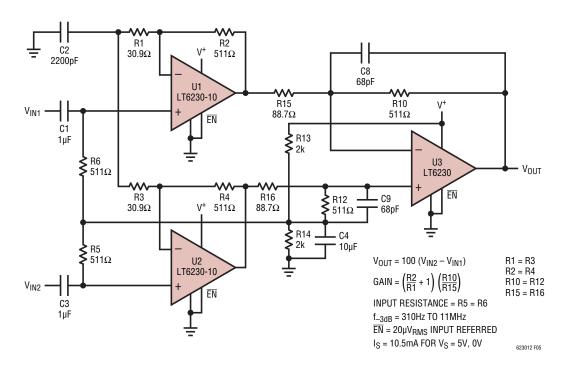
623012 E04

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

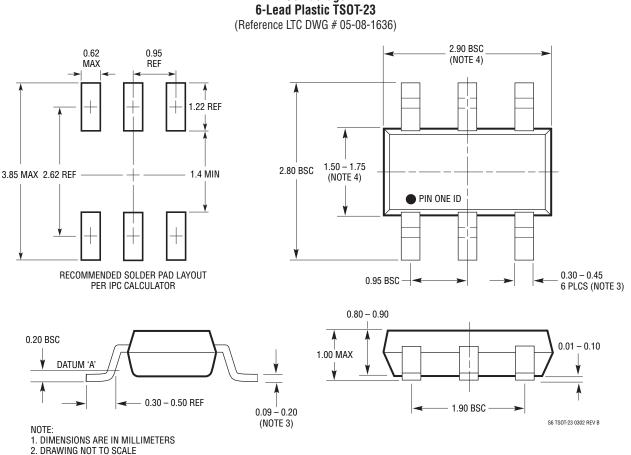
Single Supply, Low Noise, Low Power, Bandpass Filter with Gain = 10



Low Noise, Low Power, Single Supply, Instrumentation Amplifier with Gain = 100



PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



S6 Package

3. DIMENSIONS ARE INCLUSIVE OF PLATING

4. DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH AND METAL BURR

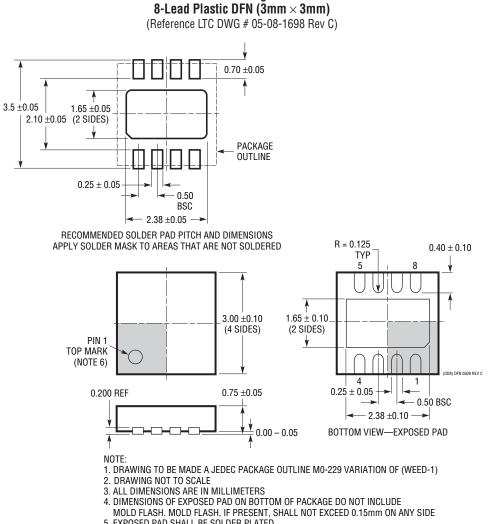
5. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.254mm

6. JEDEC PACKAGE REFERENCE IS MO-193





PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

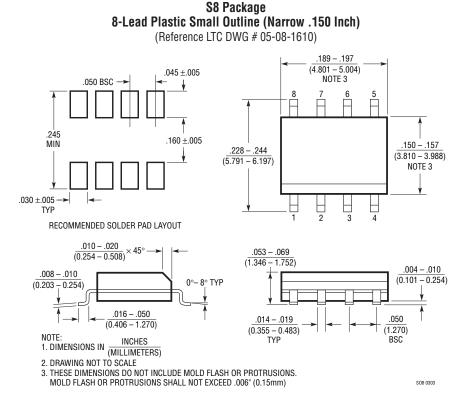


DD Package

- 5. EXPOSED PAD SHALL BE SOLDER PLATED 6. SHADED AREA IS ONLY A REFERENCE FOR PIN 1 LOCATION
 - ON TOP AND BOTTOM OF PACKAGE



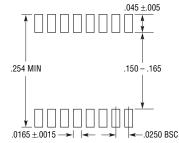
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



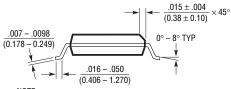
GN Package

16-Lead Plastic SSOP (Narrow .150 Inch)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1641)



RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD LAYOUT



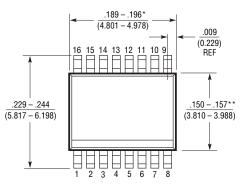
NOTE: 1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES

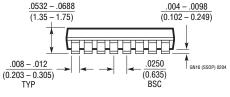
2. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES (MILLIMETERS)

3. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

*DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE

**DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE







REVISION HISTORY (Revision history begins at Rev C)

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NUMBER
С	1/11	Updated ENABLE Pin section in Applications Information	18



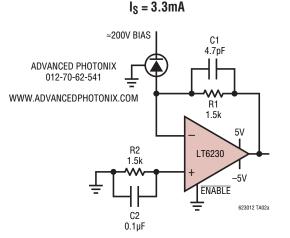


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

The LT6230 is applied as a transimpedance amplifier with an I-to-V conversion gain of $1.5k\Omega$ set by R1. The LT6230 is ideally suited to this application because of its low input offset voltage and current, and its low noise. This is because the 1.5k resistor has an inherent thermal noise of $5nV/\sqrt{Hz}$ or $3.4pA/\sqrt{Hz}$ at room temperature, while the LT6230 contributes only 1.1nV and $2.4pA/\sqrt{Hz}$. So, with respect to both voltage and current noises, the LT6230 is actually quieter than the gain resistor.

The circuit uses an avalanche photodiode with the cathode biased to approximately 200V. When light is incident on

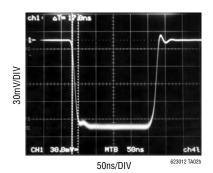
Low Power Avalanche Photodiode Transimpedance Amplifier



OUTPUT OFFSET = 500μ V TYPICAL BANDWIDTH = 20MHz OUTPUT NOISE = $1.1mV_{P-P}$ (100MHz MEASUREMENT BW)

the photodiode, it induces a current I_{PD} which flows into the amplifier circuit. The amplifier output falls negative to maintain balance at its inputs. The transfer function is therefore $V_{OUT} = -I_{PD} \bullet 1.5k$. C1 ensures stability and good settling characteristics. Output offset was measured at 280µV, so low in part because R2 serves to cancel the DC effects of bias current. Output noise was measured at 1.1mV_{P-P} on a 100MHz measurement bandwidth, with C2 shunting R2's thermal noise. As shown in the scope photo, the rise time is 17ns, indicating a signal bandwidth of 20MHz.

Photodiode Amplifier Time Domain Response



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT1028	Single, Ultralow Noise 50MHz Op Amp	0.85nV/ /Hz
LT1677	Single, Low Noise Rail-to-Rail Amplifier	3V Operation, 2.5mA, 4.5nV/√Hz, 60μV Max V _{OS}
LT1806/LT1807	Single/Dual, Low Noise 325MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifier	2.5V Operation, 550 μ V Max V _{OS} , 3.5nV/ \sqrt{Hz}
LT6200/LT6201	Single/Dual, Low Noise 165MHz	0.95nV√Hz, Rail-to-Rail Input and Output
LT6202/LT6203/LT6204	Single/Dual/Quad, Low Noise, Rail-to-Rail Amplifier	1.9nV/√Hz, 3mA Max, 100MHz Gain Bandwidth



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