

FEATURES

Integrated dual-channel RF front end

- 2-stage LNA and high power SPDT switch
- On-chip bias and matching
- Single-supply operation

Gain

- High gain mode: 33 dB typical at 4.6 GHz
- Low gain mode: 18 dB typical at 4.6 GHz

Low noise figure

- High gain mode: 1.6 dB typical at 4.6 GHz
- Low gain mode: 1.6 dB typical at 4.6 GHz

High channel to channel isolation

- Between RxOUT-ChA and RxOUT-ChB: 45 dB typical
- Between TERM-ChA and TERM-ChB: 53 dB typical

Low insertion loss: 0.50 dB typical at 4.6 GHz

High power handling at $T_{CASE} = 105^{\circ}C$

Full lifetime

- LTE average power (9 dB PAR): 40 dBm
- Single event (<10 sec operation)
- LTE average power (9 dB PAR): 43 dBm

High OIP3: 31 dBm typical

Power-down mode and low gain mode for LNA

Low supply current

- High gain mode: 86 mA typical at 5 V
- Low gain mode: 36 mA typical at 5 V
- Power-down mode: 12 mA typical at 5 V

Positive logic control

40-lead, 6 mm × 6 mm LFCSP

APPLICATIONS

Wireless infrastructure

TDD massive multiple input and multiple output (MIMO) and active antenna systems

TDD-based communication systems

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The ADRF5547 is a dual-channel, integrated RF, front end multichip module designed for time division duplexing (TDD) applications that operates from 3.7 GHz to 5.3 GHz. The ADRF5547 is configured in dual channels with a cascading two-stage low noise amplifier (LNA) and a high power silicon, single-pole, double-throw (SPDT) switch.

In high gain mode, the cascaded, two-stage LNA and switch offer a low noise figure of 1.6 dB and high gain of 33 dB at 4.6 GHz with an output third order intercept point (OIP3) of 31 dBm (typical).

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

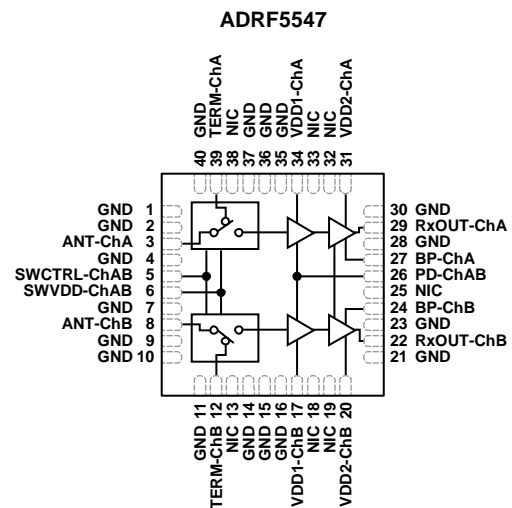


Figure 1.

In low gain mode, one stage of the two-stage LNAs is in bypass, providing 18 dB gain at lower current of 36 mA. In power-down mode, the LNAs are turned off and the device draws 12 mA.

In transmit operation, when RF inputs are connected to a termination pin (TERM-ChA or TERM-ChB), the switch provides a low insertion loss of 0.50 dB and handles long term evolution (LTE) average power (9 dB peak to average ratio (PAR)) of 40 dBm for full lifetime operation and 43 dBm for single event (<10 sec) LNA protection operation.

The device comes in an RoHS compliant, compact, 40-lead, 6 mm × 6 mm LFCSP.

Rev. B

Document Feedback

Information furnished by Analog Devices is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Analog Devices for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use. Specifications subject to change without notice. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Analog Devices. Trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Features	1	Typical Performance Characteristics	8
Applications	1	Receive Operation, High Gain Mode	8
General Description	1	Receive Operation, Low Gain Mode	10
Functional Block Diagram	1	Transmit Operation	12
Revision History	2	Theory of Operation	13
Specifications	3	Signal Path Select.....	13
Electrical Specifications.....	3	Biasing Sequence	13
Absolute Maximum Ratings	5	Applications Information	14
Thermal Resistance	5	Outline Dimensions.....	15
ESD Caution.....	5	Ordering Guide	15
Pin Configuration and Function Descriptions	6		
Interface Schematics	7		

REVISION HISTORY

1/2022—Rev. A to Rev. B

Changes to Charge Device Model (CDM) Parameter, Table 2.....	5
Changes to Figure 8, Figure 9, Figure 11, and Figure 13	8
Changes to Figure 14 and Figure 15	9
Changes to Figure 16, Figure 17, Figure 19, and Figure 21	10
Changes to Figure 22 and Figure 23	11
Changes to Figure 24	12

6/2020—Rev. 0 to Rev. A

Changes to Theory of Operation Section	13
Changes to Applications Information Section and Figure 28.....	14

10/2019—Revision 0: Initial Version

SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

VDD1-ChA, VDD1-ChB, VDD2-ChA, VDD2-ChB, and SWVDD-ChAB = 5 V, SWCTRL-ChAB = 0 V or SWVDD-ChAB, BP-ChA = VDD1-ChA or 0 V, BP-ChB = VDD1-ChB or 0 V, PD-ChAB = 0 V or VDD1-ChA, and $T_{CASE} = 25^{\circ}C$ on a 50Ω system, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1

Parameter	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
FREQUENCY RANGE		3.7		5.3	GHz
GAIN ¹	Receive operation at 4.6 GHz				
High Gain Mode			33		dB
Low Gain Mode			18		dB
GAIN FLATNESS ¹	Receive operation in any 100 MHz bandwidth				
High Gain Mode			0.6		dB
Low Gain Mode			0.2		dB
NOISE FIGURE ¹	Receive operation at 4.6 GHz				
High Gain Mode			1.6		dB
Low Gain Mode			1.6		dB
OUTPUT THIRD ORDER INTERCEPT POINT (OIP3) ¹	Receive operation, two-tone output power = 8 dBm per tone at 1 MHz tone spacing				
High Gain Mode			31		dBm
Low Gain Mode			22		dBm
OUTPUT 1 dB COMPRESSION (OP1dB)					
High Gain Mode			18		dBm
Low Gain Mode			6		dBm
INSERTION LOSS ¹	Transmit operation at 4.6 GHz		0.50		dB
CHANNEL TO CHANNEL ISOLATION ¹	At 4.6 GHz				
Between RxOUT-ChA and RxOUT-ChB	Receive operation		45		dB
Between TERM-ChA and TERM-ChB	Transmit operation		53		dB
SWITCH ISOLATION ¹	Transmit operation, PD-ChAB = 0 V		20		dB
SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS (T_{ON} , T_{OFF})	50% control voltage to 90%, 10% of RxOUT-ChA or RxOUT-ChB in receive operation		860		ns
	50% control voltage to 90%, 10% of TERM-ChA or TERM-ChB in transmit operation		800		ns
RF INPUT POWER AT ANT-CHA, ANT-CHB ¹	Receive operation, LTE average (9 dB PAR)			15	dBm
RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS					
Bias Voltage Range	VDD1-ChA, VDD1-ChB, VDD2-ChA, VDD2-ChB, SWVDD-ChAB	4.75	5	5.25	V
Control Voltage Range ²	SWCTRL-ChAB, BP-ChA, BP-ChB, PD-ChAB	0		V_{DD}	V
RF Input Power at ANT-ChA, ANT-ChB	SWCTRL-ChAB = 5 V, BP-ChA = BP-ChB = 0 V, PD-ChAB = 5 V, $T_{CASE} = 105^{\circ}C$ Continuous wave			40	dBm
	9 dB PAR LTE full lifetime average			40	dBm
	9 dB PAR LTE single event (<10 sec) average			43	dBm
Case Temperature Range (T_{CASE}) ³		-40		+105	$^{\circ}C$
Junction Temperature at Maximum T_{CASE} ^{1,3}	Receive operation			132	$^{\circ}C$
	Transmit operation			134	$^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Test Conditions/Comments	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
DIGITAL INPUTS					
SWCTRL-ChAB, PD-ChAB					
Low (V_{IL})		0		0.7	V
High (V_{IH}) ²		1.4		V_{DD}	V
BP-ChA, BP-ChB					
Low (V_{IL})		0		0.3	V
High (V_{IH}) ²		1.0		V_{DD}	V
SUPPLY CURRENT (I_{DD})	VDD1-ChA, VDD1-ChB, VDD2-ChA, and VDD2-ChB = 5 V per channel				
High Gain Mode			86		mA
Low Gain Mode			36		mA
Power-Down Mode			12		mA
Transmit Current (Switch)	SWVDD-ChAB = 5 V		4.3		mA
DIGITAL INPUT CURRENTS	SWCTRL-ChAB, PD-ChAB, BP-ChA, BP-ChB = 5 V per channel				
SWCTRL-ChAB			0.0004		mA
PD-ChAB			0.2		mA
BP-ChA, BP-ChB			0.4		mA

¹ See Table 5 and Table 6.

² V_{DD} (shown in the maximum column) is the voltage of the SWVDD-ChAB, VDD1-ChA, VDD1-ChB, VDD2-ChA, and VDD2-ChB pins.

³ Measured at the exposed pad (EPAD).

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 2.

Parameter	Rating
Positive Supply Voltage VDD1-ChA, VDD1-ChB, VDD2-ChA, VDD2-ChB	7 V
SWVDD-ChAB	5.4 V
Digital Control Input Voltage SWCTRL-ChAB	-0.3 V to $V_{DD}^1 + 0.3$ V
BP-ChA, BP-ChB, PD-ChAB	-0.3 V to $V_{DD}^1 + 0.3$ V
RF Input Power (LTE Peak)	
Transmit	53 dBm
Receive	25 dBm
Temperature	
Storage	-65°C to +150°C
Reflow (Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) 3 Rating)	260°C
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Sensitivity	
Human Body Model (HBM)	1 kV, Class 1C
Charge Device Model (CDM)	500 V, Class C2A

¹ V_{DD} is the voltage of the VDD1-ChA, VDD1-ChB, VDD2-ChA, and VDD2-ChB pins.

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Thermal performance is directly linked to printed circuit board (PCB) design and operation environment. Careful attention to PCB thermal design is required.

θ_{JC} is the junction to case bottom (channel to package bottom) thermal resistance.

Table 3. Thermal Resistance

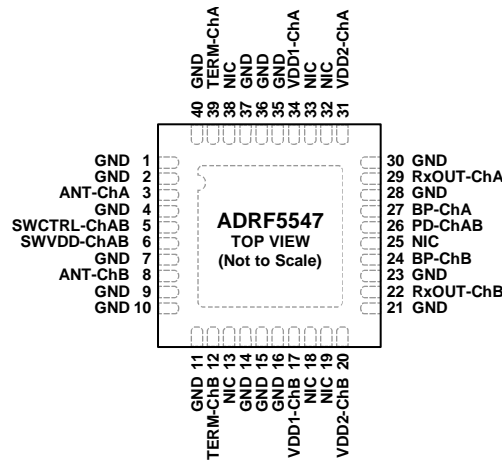
Package Type	θ_{JC}	Unit
CP-40-15		
High Gain and Low Gain Mode	30	°C/W
Power-Down Mode	8.7	°C/W

ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS



NOTES
 1. NIC = NOT INTERNALLY CONNECTED. IT IS RECOMMENDED TO CONNECT NIC TO THE RF GROUND OF THE PCB.
 2. EXPOSED PAD. THE EXPOSED PAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO RF OR DC GROUND.

20780-002

Figure 2. Pin Configuration

Table 4. Pin Function Descriptions

Pin No.	Mnemonic	Description
1, 2, 4, 7, 9 to 11, 14 to 16, 21, 23, 28, 30, 35 to 37, 40	GND	Ground. See Figure 3 for the interface schematic.
3	ANT-ChA	RF Input to Channel A.
5	SWCTRL-ChAB	Control Voltage for Switches on Channel A and Channel B. See Figure 7 for the interface schematic.
6	SWVDD-ChAB	Supply Voltage for Switches on Channel A and Channel B. See Figure 7 for the interface schematic.
8	ANT-ChB	RF Input to Channel B.
12	TERM-ChB	Termination Output. This pin is the transmitter path for Channel B.
13, 18, 19, 25, 32, 33, 38	NIC	Not Internally Connected. It is recommended to connect NIC to the RF ground of the PCB.
17	VDD1-ChB	Supply Voltage for Stage 1 LNA on Channel B. See Figure 5 for the interface schematic.
20	VDD2-ChB	Supply Voltage for Stage 2 LNA on Channel B. See Figure 5 for the interface schematic.
22	RxOUT-ChB	RF Output. This pin is the receiver path for Channel B. See Figure 4 for the interface schematic.
24	BP-ChB	Bypass Second Stage LNA of Channel B. See Figure 6 for the interface schematic.
26	PD-ChAB	Power-Down All Stages of LNA for Channel A and Channel B. See Figure 6 for the Interface schematic.
27	BP-ChA	Bypass Second Stage LNA of Channel A. See Figure 6 for the interface schematic.
29	RxOUT-ChA	RF Output. This pin is the receiver path for Channel A. See Figure 4 for the interface schematic.
31	VDD2-ChA	Supply Voltage for Stage 2 LNA on Channel A. See Figure 5 for the interface schematic.
34	VDD1-ChA	Supply Voltage for Stage 1 LNA on Channel A. See Figure 5 for the interface schematic.
39	TERM-ChA	Termination Output. This pin is the transmitter path for Channel A.
	EPAD	Exposed Pad. The exposed pad must be connected to RF or dc ground.

INTERFACE SCHEMATICS



Figure 3. GND Interface Schematic

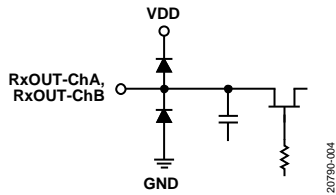


Figure 4. RxOUT-ChA and RxOUT-ChB Interface Schematic

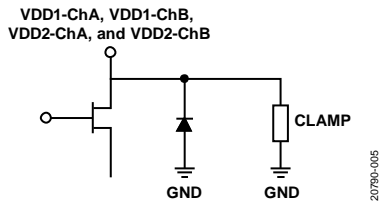


Figure 5. VDD1-ChA, VDD1-ChB, VDD2-ChA, and VDD2-ChB Interface Schematic

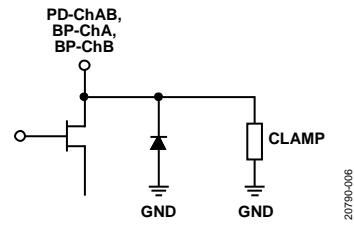


Figure 6. PD-ChAB, BP-ChA, and BP-ChB Interface Schematic

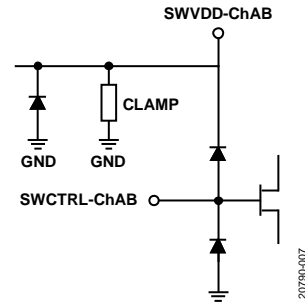


Figure 7. SWCTRL-ChAB, SWVDD-ChAB Interface Schematic

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

RECEIVE OPERATION, HIGH GAIN MODE

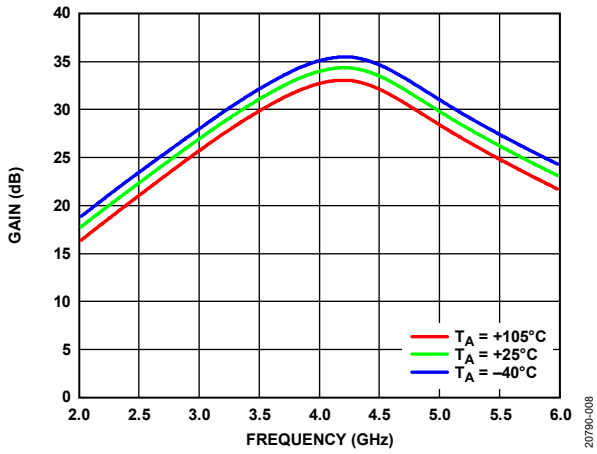


Figure 8. Gain vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures

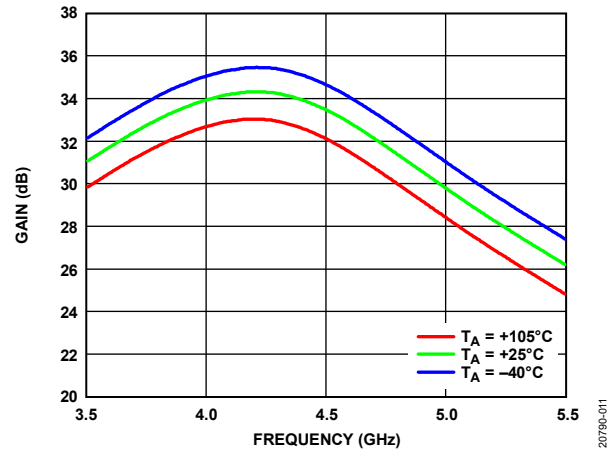


Figure 11. Gain vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures, 3.5 GHz to 5.5 GHz

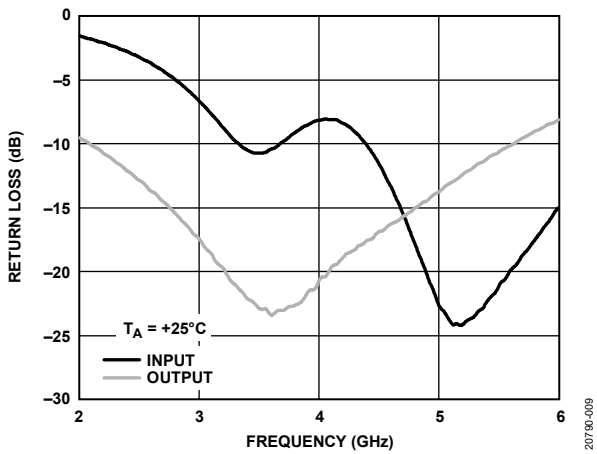


Figure 9. Return Loss vs. Frequency

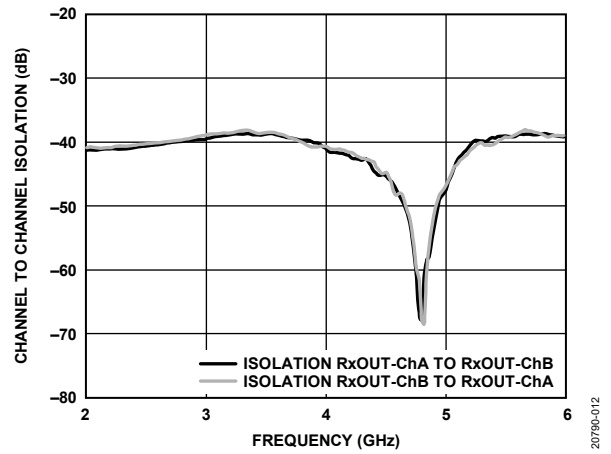


Figure 12. Channel to Channel Isolation vs. Frequency

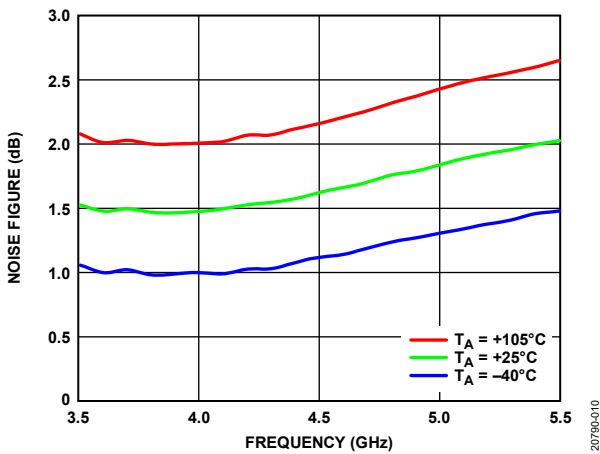


Figure 10. Noise Figure vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures

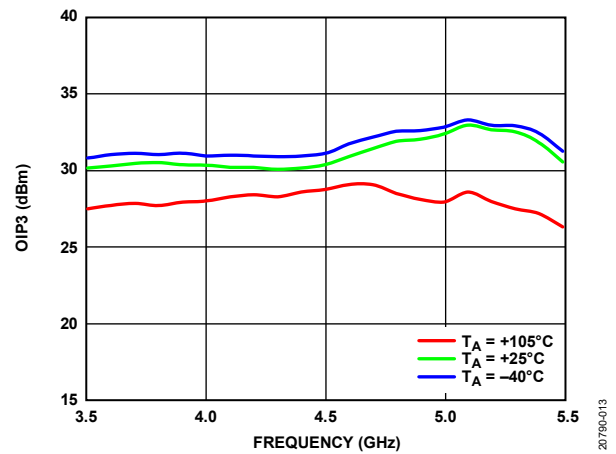


Figure 13. OIP3 vs. Frequency for Various Temperatures, 8 dBm Output Tone Power

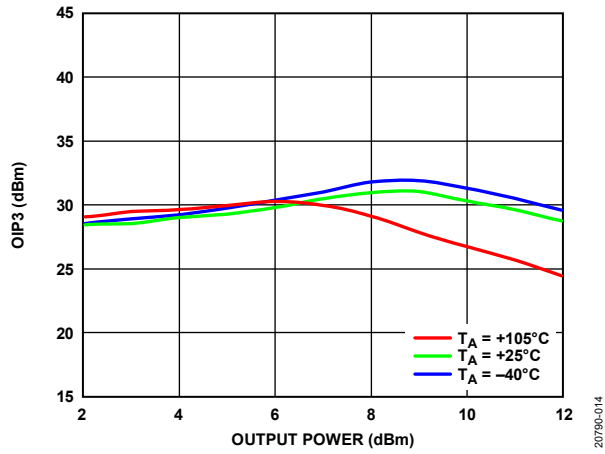


Figure 14. OIP3 vs. Output Power for Various Temperatures, 4.6 GHz

20790-014

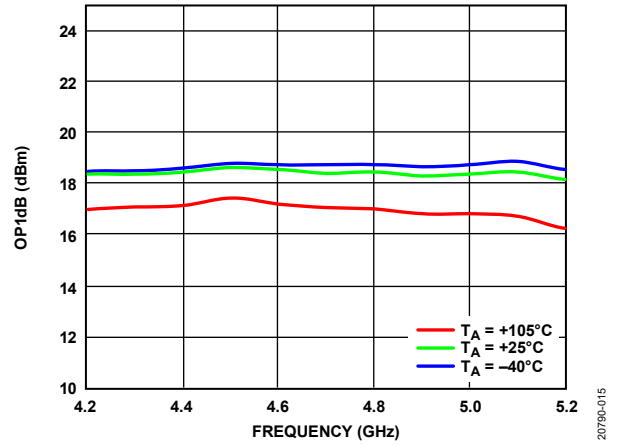


Figure 15. OP1dB vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures

20790-015

RECEIVE OPERATION, LOW GAIN MODE

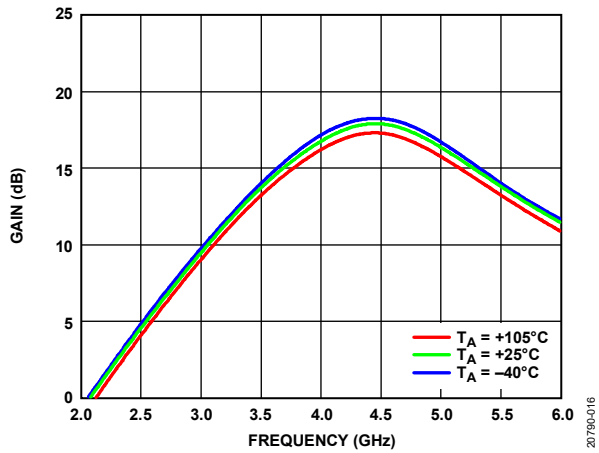


Figure 16. Gain vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures

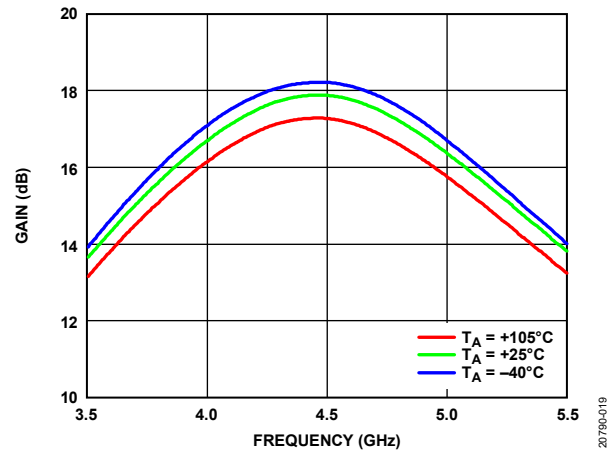


Figure 19. Gain vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures, 3.5 GHz to 5.5 GHz

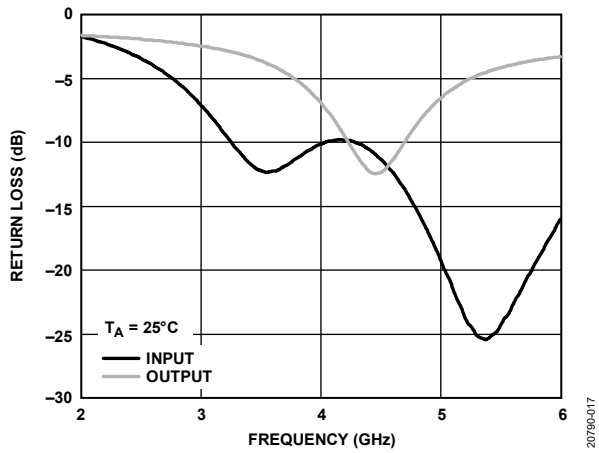


Figure 17. Return Loss vs. Frequency

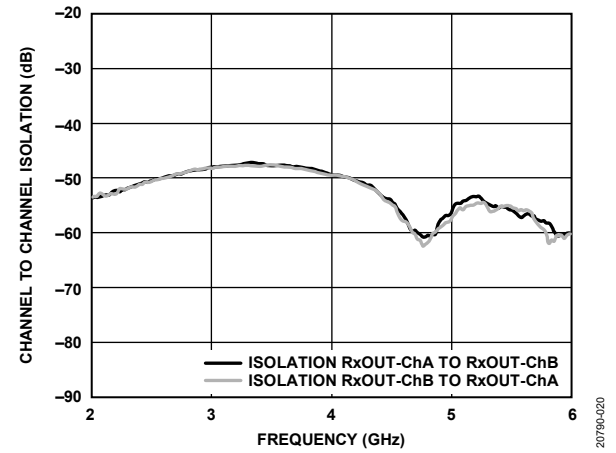


Figure 20. Channel to Channel Isolation vs. Frequency

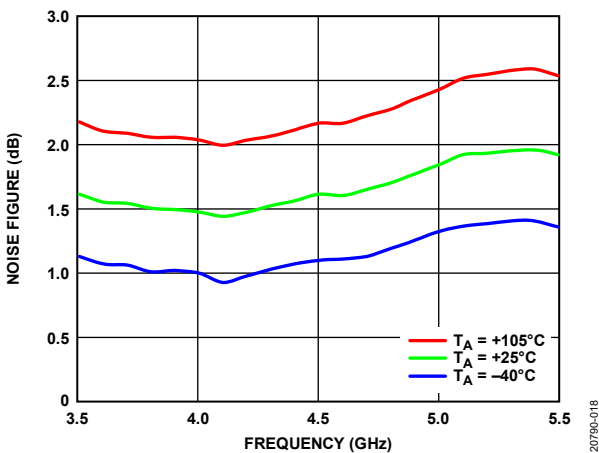


Figure 18. Noise Figure vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures

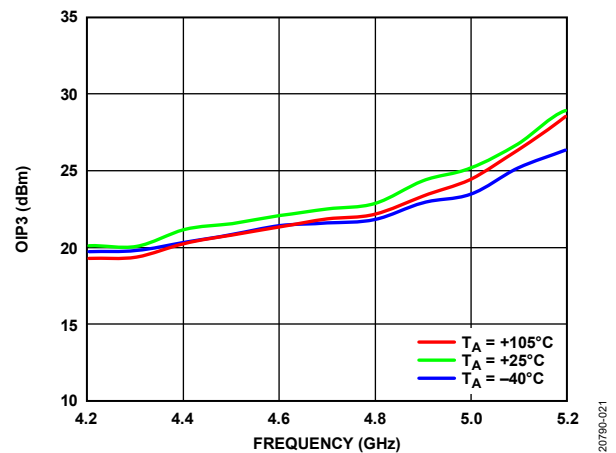


Figure 21. OIP3 vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures, -8 dBm Output Tone Power

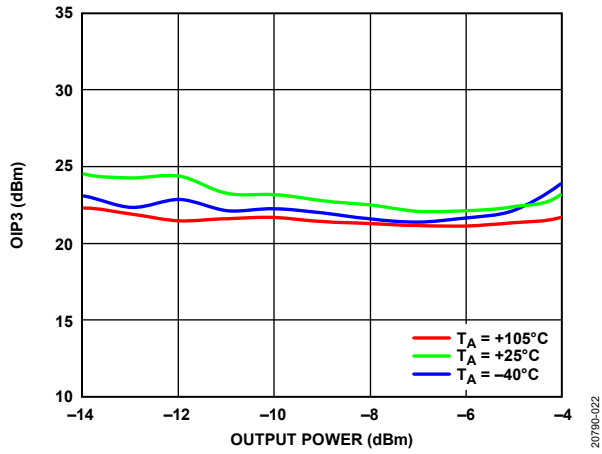


Figure 22. OIP3 vs. Output Power for Various Temperatures, 4.6 GHz

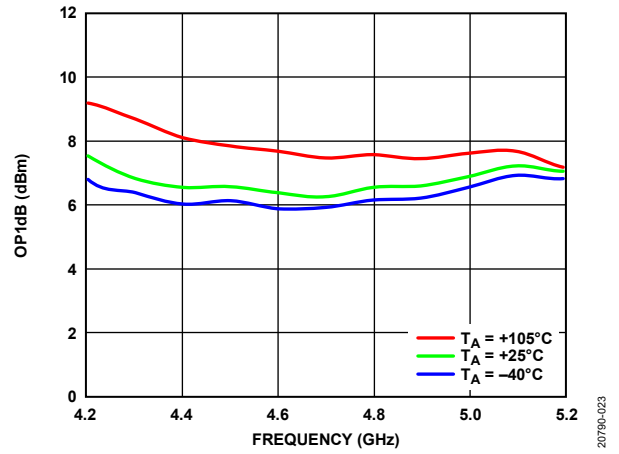


Figure 23. OP1dB vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures

TRANSMIT OPERATION

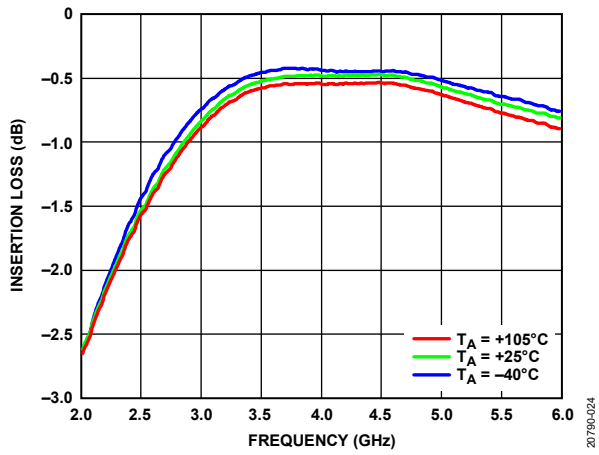


Figure 24. Insertion Loss vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures

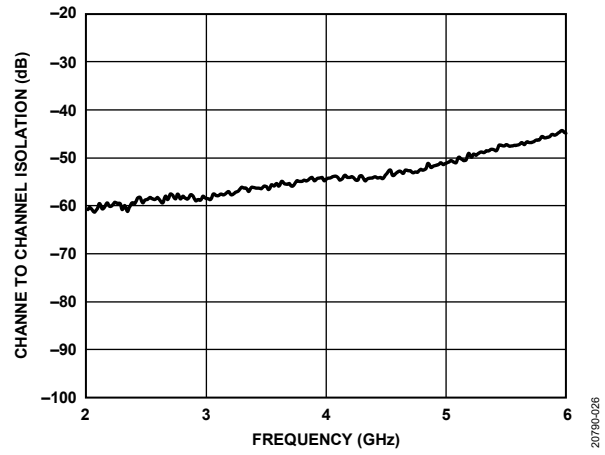


Figure 26. Channel to Channel Isolation vs. Frequency

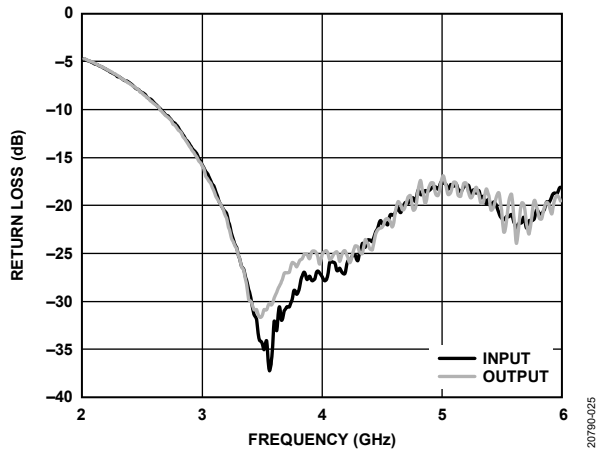


Figure 25. Return Loss vs. Frequency

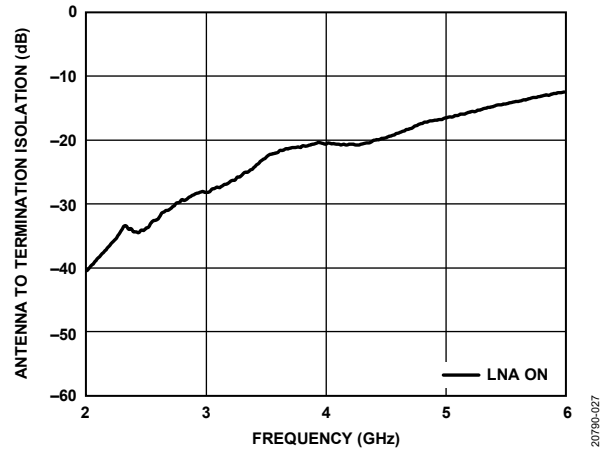


Figure 27. Antenna to Termination Isolation vs. Frequency

THEORY OF OPERATION

The ADRF5547 requires a positive supply voltage applied to VDD1-ChA, VDD2-ChA, VDD1-ChB, VDD2-ChB, and SWVDD-ChAB. Use bypassing capacitors on the supply lines to filter noise and use 300 Ω series resistors on the BP-Chx and PD-ChAB digital control pins for glitch and overcurrent protection.

SIGNAL PATH SELECT

When SWCTRL-ChAB is set to high, the ADRF5547 supports transmit operations. During this operation, when applying an RF input to ANT-ChA and ANT-ChB, the signal paths connect from ANT-ChA to TERM-ChA and from ANT-ChB to TERM-ChB.

When SWCTRL-ChAB is set to low, the ADRF5547 supports receive operations. During this operation, applying an RF input at ANT-ChA and ANT-ChB connects ANT-ChA to RxOUT-ChA and ANT-ChB to RxOUT-ChB.

Receive Operation

The ADRF5547 supports high gain mode, low gain mode, power-down high isolation mode, and power-down low isolation mode in receive operation, as detailed in Table 6.

When PD-ChAB is set to low, the LNA powers up and the user can select high gain mode or low gain mode. To select high gain mode, set BP-ChA or BP-ChB to low. To select low gain mode, set BP-ChA or BP-ChB to high.

When PD-ChAB is set to high, the ADRF5547 enters power-down mode. To select power-down high isolation mode, set BP-ChA or BP-ChB to low. To select power-down low isolation mode, set BP-ChA or BP-ChB to high.

BIASING SEQUENCE

To power up the ADRF5547, perform the following steps:

1. Connect GND to ground.
2. Power up VDD1-ChA, VDD2-ChA, VDD1-ChB, VDD2-ChB, and SWVDD-ChAB.
3. Power up SWCTRL-ChAB.
4. Power up PD-ChAB.
5. Power up BP-ChA and BP-ChB.
6. Apply an RF input signal to ANT-ChA and ANT-ChB.

To power down the ADRF5547, perform these steps in the reverse order.

Table 5. Truth Table: Signal Path

SWCTRL-ChAB	Signal Path Select	
	Transmit Operation ¹	Receive Operation
Low	Off	On
High	On	Off

¹ See the signal path descriptions in Table 6.

Table 6. Truth Table: Operation

Operation	PD-ChAB	BP-ChA, BP-ChB	Signal Path
Receive Operation			ANT-ChA to RxOUT-ChA, ANT-ChB to RxOUT-ChB
High Gain Mode	Low	Low	
Low Gain Mode	Low	High	
Power-Down High Isolation Mode	High	Low	
Power-Down Low Isolation Mode	High	High	

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

To generate the evaluation PCB used in the application circuit shown in Figure 28, use proper RF circuit design techniques. Signal lines at the RF port must have a 50 Ω impedance, and the package ground leads and the backside ground slug must connect directly to the ground plane. Use 300 Ω series resistors

on the BP-Chx and PD-ChAB digital control pins for glitch and overcurrent protection.

See the [ADRF5547-EVALZ](#) user guide for additional information on the evaluation board.

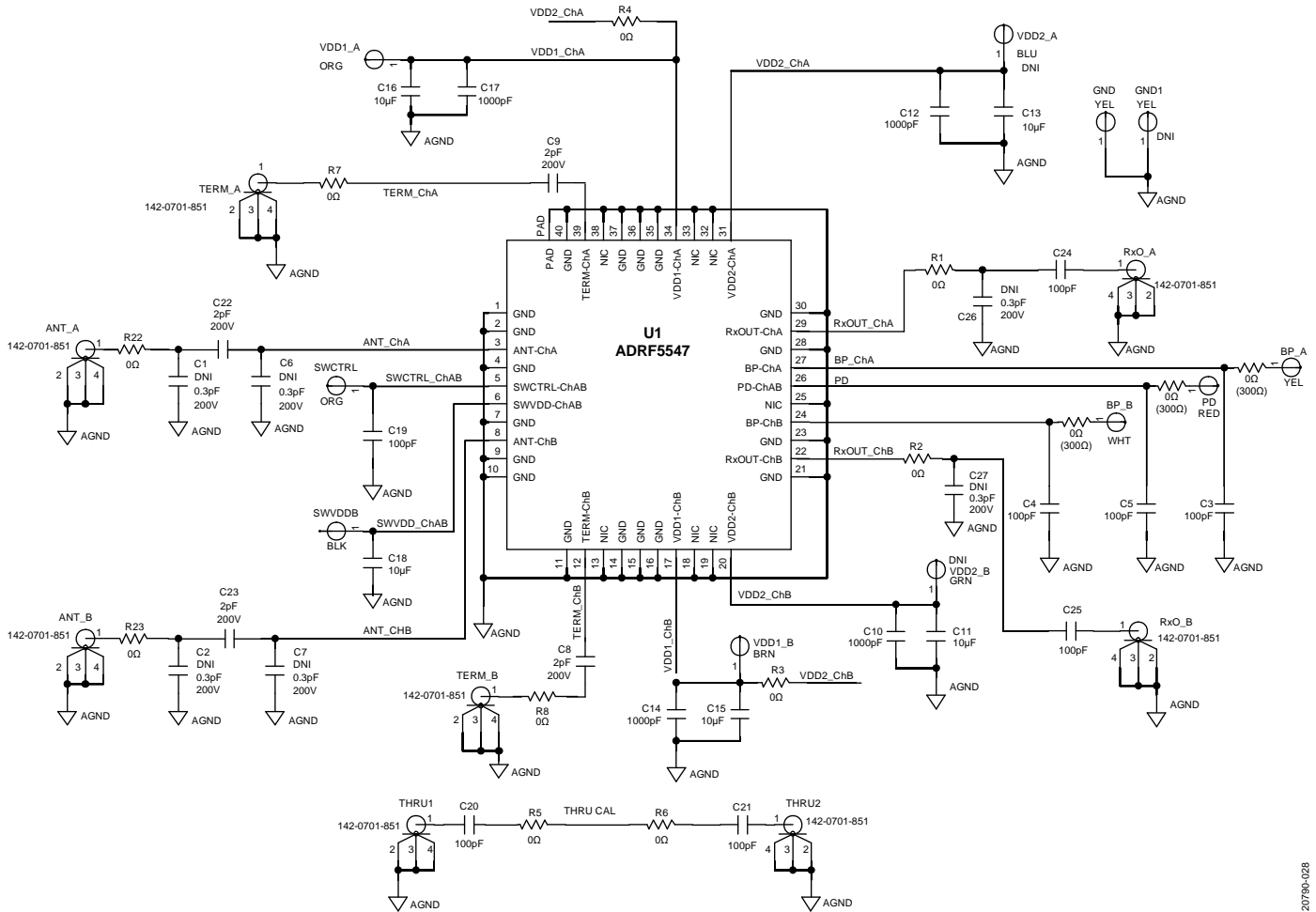
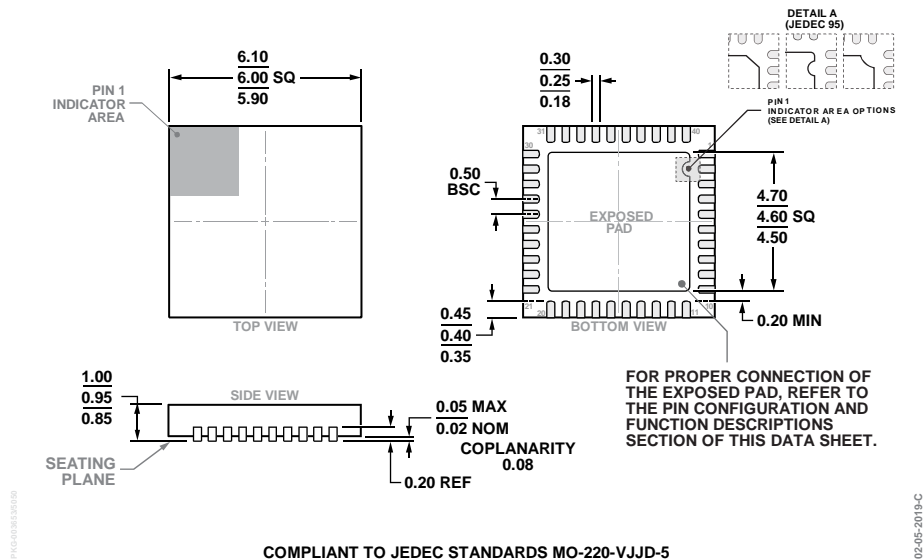


Figure 28. Application Circuit

20750-028

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



COMPLIANT TO JEDEC STANDARDS MO-220-VJJD-5

Figure 29. 40-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]
6 mm × 6 mm Body and 0.95 mm Package Height
(CP-40-15)

Dimensions shown in millimeters

ORDERING GUIDE

Model ¹	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option
ADRF5547BCPZN	-40°C to +105°C	40-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]	CP-40-15
ADRF5547BCPZN-R7	-40°C to +105°C	40-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]	CP-40-15
ADRF5547BCPZN-RL	-40°C to +105°C	40-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package [LFCSP]	CP-40-15
ADRF5547-EVALZ		Evaluation Board	

¹ Z = RoHS Compliant Part.

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for [RF Front End](#) category:

Click to view products by [Analog Devices](#) manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

[SE2622L-R](#) [BGM1032N7E6327XUSA1](#) [LX5586LL](#) [SKY85703-11](#) [LX5586HLL](#) [LX5586ALL](#) [SKY66111-21](#) [SKY65728-11](#) [SKY68000-31](#)
[SKY85308-11](#) [SKY85302-11](#) [SKY65724-11](#) [ADTR1107ACCZ](#) [LMP91051MTX/NOPB](#) [SE5501L-R](#) [QPF4519SR](#) [SE5503A-R](#)
[ADA8282WBCPZ](#) [ADRF5545ABCPZN](#) [ADRF5545ABCPZN-R7](#) [AD8283WBCPZ](#) [AD8284WCSVZ](#) [ADRF5547BCPZN](#)
[ADRF5547BCPZN-R7](#) [ADRF5549BCPZN](#) [ADRF5549BCPZN-R7](#) [HV7350K6-G](#) [SE5516A-R](#) [MCP2030-I/SL](#) [MAX2009ETI+](#)
[MAX2078CTK+](#) [MAX2335ETI+](#) [MAX2678GTB/V+T](#) [MD2131K7-G](#) [MD2134K7-G](#) [RFFM6903TR13](#) [HV7351K6-G](#) [MCP2035-I/ST](#)
[SE2614BT-R](#) [SE2438T-R](#) [SST12LF02-QXCE](#) [SST12LF09-Q3CE](#) [RFX2401C](#) [RFX2402E](#) [SKY85201-11](#) [RFFM4591FTR7](#) [RFFM8211TR7](#)
[RFFM4293TR7](#) [RFFM4203TR7](#) [RFFM5765QTR7](#)