LTC3543

DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 1008 is a step-down converter, using the LTC3543 monolithic synchronous buck regulator. The DC1008 has an input voltage range of 2.5V to 5.5V, and is capable of delivering up to 600 mA of output current in a small 2mm x 3mm DFN package. The output voltage of the DC1008 can be set as low as 0.6V, the reference voltage of the LTC3543. At low load currents, the DC1008 can operate in either applications requiring high efficiency, due to the capability of the LTC3543 to operate in Burst Mode, or in noise sensitive applications, because the LTC3543 can also operate in pulse-skipping mode. Also in noise sensitive applications, since the LTC3543 has Spread Spectrum capability, the DC1008 can provide low noise on the input, as well as a lower noise regulated output. Of course, in continuous mode, or large load current applications, the DC1008 is a high efficiency circuit - over 90% in some cases. The DC1008A consumes only 40 uA during sleep mode operation, and during shutdown, it consumes less than 1 uA. Because of the high switching frequency of the LTC3543 - 2.25 MHz - the DC1008 uses low profile surface mount components. These features, plus the LTC3543 coming in a tiny 6-Lead DFN package, make the DC1008A an ideal circuit for use in battery-powered, hand-held applications.

Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

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PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE
Minimum Input Voltage		2.5V
Maximum Input Voltage		5.5V
Run/Shutdown	GND = Shutdown	
	V _{IN} = Run	
Output Voltage VOUT	VIN = 2.5V to 5.5V, IOUT = 0A to 600 mA	1.8V ±4% (1.728V - 1.872V)
Typical Output Ripple VOUT	V _{IN} = 5V, I _{OUT} = 600 mA (20 MHz BW)	< 20mVp_p
Output Regulation	Line	±1% (1.782V - 1.818V)
	Load	±1% (1.782V - 1.818V)
Nominal Switching Frequency		2.25 MHz
Operation Modes	Burst Mode - VIN = 3.3V, VOUT = 1.8V	~75 mA ± 10 mA
	Pulse-Skip - VIN = 3.3V, VOUT = 1.8V	~75 mA ± 10 mA
	Spread Spectrum	See Photo

Table 1. Performance Summary $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

QUICK START PROCEDURE

Demonstration Circuit 1008 is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of the LTC3543. For proper measurement equipment configuration, set up the circuit according to the diagram in **Figure 2**. Before proceeding to test, insert shunts into the OFF position of header JP1, which connects the RUN pin to ground (GND), and thus, shuts down the circuit, and the pulse-skip position (PS) of header JP2.

When measuring the input or output ripple voltage, care must be taken to avoid a long ground lead on the oscilloscope probe. Measure the input or output ripple voltage by touching the probe tip directly across the Vin or Vout and GND terminals. See **Figure 1** for proper scope probe measurement technique.

With the DC1008 set up according to the proper equipment measurement configuration in **Figure 2**, apply 3.3V at Vin (Do not hot-plug Vin or increase Vin over the rated maximum supply voltage of 5.5V, or the part may be damaged.). Measure Vout; it should read OV. If desired, one can measure the shutdown supply current at this point. The supply current will be approximately 1 uA, or less, in shutdown. Turn on the circuit by inserting the shunt in header JP1 into the ON position. The output voltage should be regulating. Measure Vout - it should measure 1.8V + -2% (1.764V to 1.836V).

Vary the input voltage from 2.5V to 5.5V and adjust the load current from 0 to 600 mA. Vout should read between 1.8V + -4% (1.728V to 1.872V).

Measure the output ripple voltage at any output current level; it should measure less than 20 mVAC.

Observe the voltage waveform at the switch node. Verify the switching frequency is between 1.8 MHz and 2.7 MHz (T = 0.555 us and 0.37 us), and that the switch node waveform is rectangular in shape in continuous mode at lout > 75 mA. The circuit (and IC) should be in pulse-skip mode at lout < 75 mA. Move the shunt in header JP2 to Burst Mode (BM): the circuit (and IC) should be in Burst Mode at lout < 75 mA. Move the shunt in header JP2 to spread spectrum mode (SS): the circuit (and IC) should be in spread spectrum operation at any and all output current levels (see scope photo).

When finished, turn off the circuit by inserting the shunt in header JP1 into the OFF position.

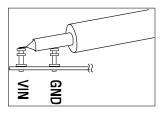


Figure 1. Measuring Input or Output Ripple Voltage

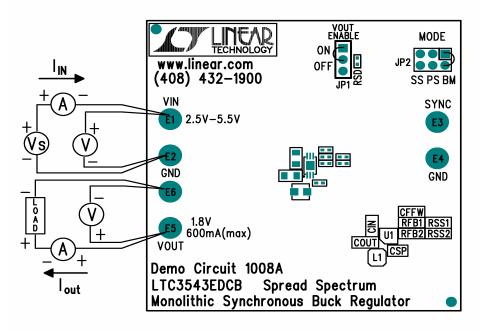


Figure 2. Proper Equipment Measurement Set-Up

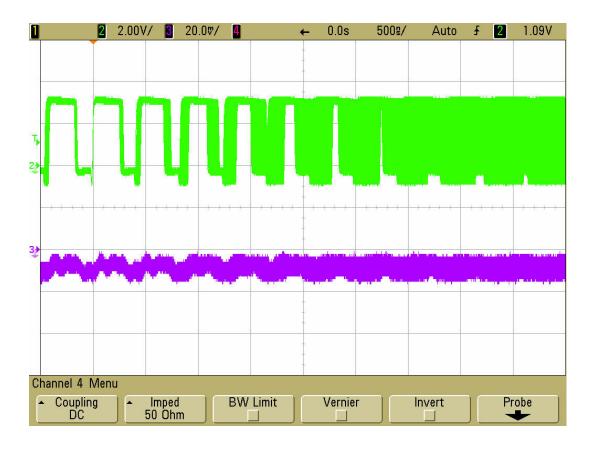
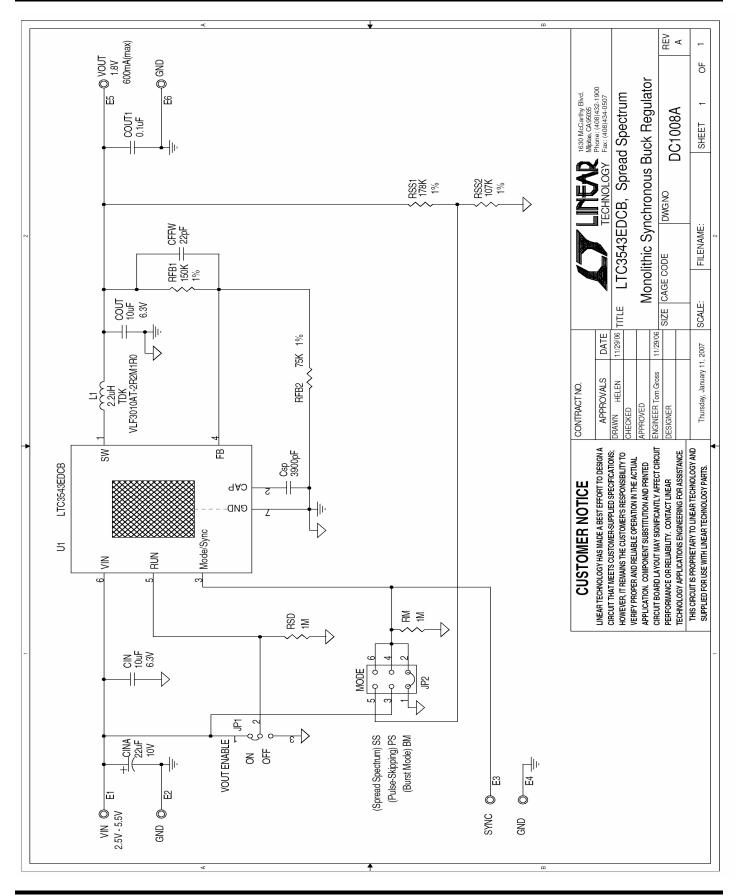


Figure 3. Spread Spectrum Operation: Vin - 3.3V, Vout - 1.8V, Iout - 600mA

QUICK START GUIDE FOR DEMONSTRATION CIRCUIT 1008 600MA SYNCHRONOUS STEP-DOWN REGULATOR WITH PLL, SOFT-START AND SPREAD SPECTRUM



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