DEMO MANUAL DC115
12-BIT RAIL-TO-RAIL CONVERTER

LTC1451 (5V) and LTC1453 (3V) D/A Converters

DESCRIPTION

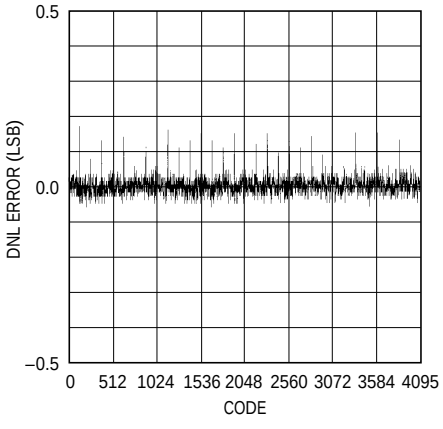
The LTC®1451/LTC1453, respectively, are 5V and 3V 12-bit, rail-to-rail output D/A converters. The LTC1451 draws 2mW and the LTC1453 draws 0.75mW. Both of these parts are monotonic over the industrial temperature range, with differential nonlinearity guaranteed to be less than 0.5LSB. The LTC1451 and LTC1453 are complete with a rail-to-rail output buffer amplifier and reference in an SO-8 package that occupies just 0.1 inch^2, including a bypass capacitor. The low power supply current and small size makes these circuits ideal for portable battery-powered applications. In addition, these circuits are also used for digital calibration, industrial process control and ATE. The LTC1451/LTC1453 demonstration board allows the user to evaluate the LTC1451 and LTC1453 12-bit rail-to-rail D/A converters. In addition, the LTC1451/LTC1453 demonstration board is intended to demonstrate layout and bypassing techniques required to obtain optimum performance from these parts. The demonstration board is designed to be easy to use and requires only one 7V to 15V supply. Since these DACs have a 3-pin serial interface (SPI and QSPI compatible), the demonstration board includes parallel-to-serial conversion circuitry. The user can set any 12-bit code by means of dip switches, or connect a GPIO parallel bus to drive the LTC1451/LTC1453. The user can also drive the LTC1451/LTC1453 CLK, D_{IN} and $\overline{CS}$/LD inputs directly through connections to the appropriate terminals. The outputs of the parallel-to-serial conversion circuitry are brought out to these same terminals for monitoring or driving other serial parts. The rail-to-rail voltage output of the LTC1451/LTC1453 is available on a BNC connector and the onboard reference of the LTC1451/LTC1453 is brought out to a terminal. This manual shows how to use this demonstration board and includes a timing diagram for driving the part with a 12-bit bus. Additionally, a schematic, parts list, drawings and dimensions of all the PC board layers are included. An explanation of the layout strategy is also provided. **Gerber files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.**

Some key features of this demonstration board include:

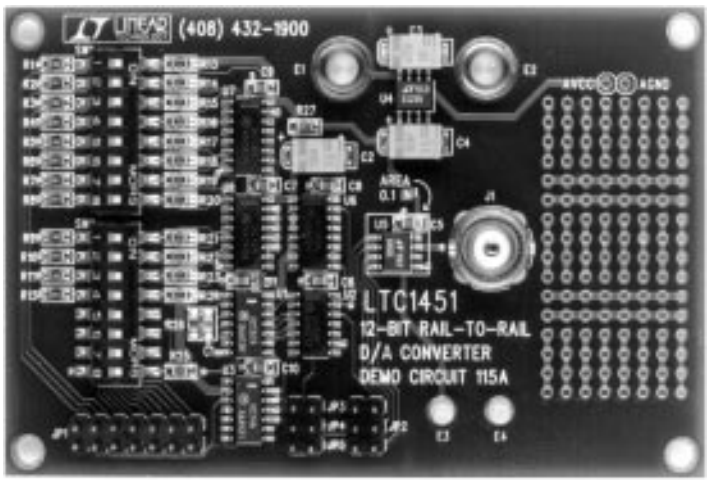
- 0.5LSB Max Differential Nonlinearity (0.2LSB typ)
- Rail-to-Rail Output Capability
- Convenient 12-Bit Parallel-to-Serial Converter
- Separate Prototype Area

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS AND BOARD PHOTO

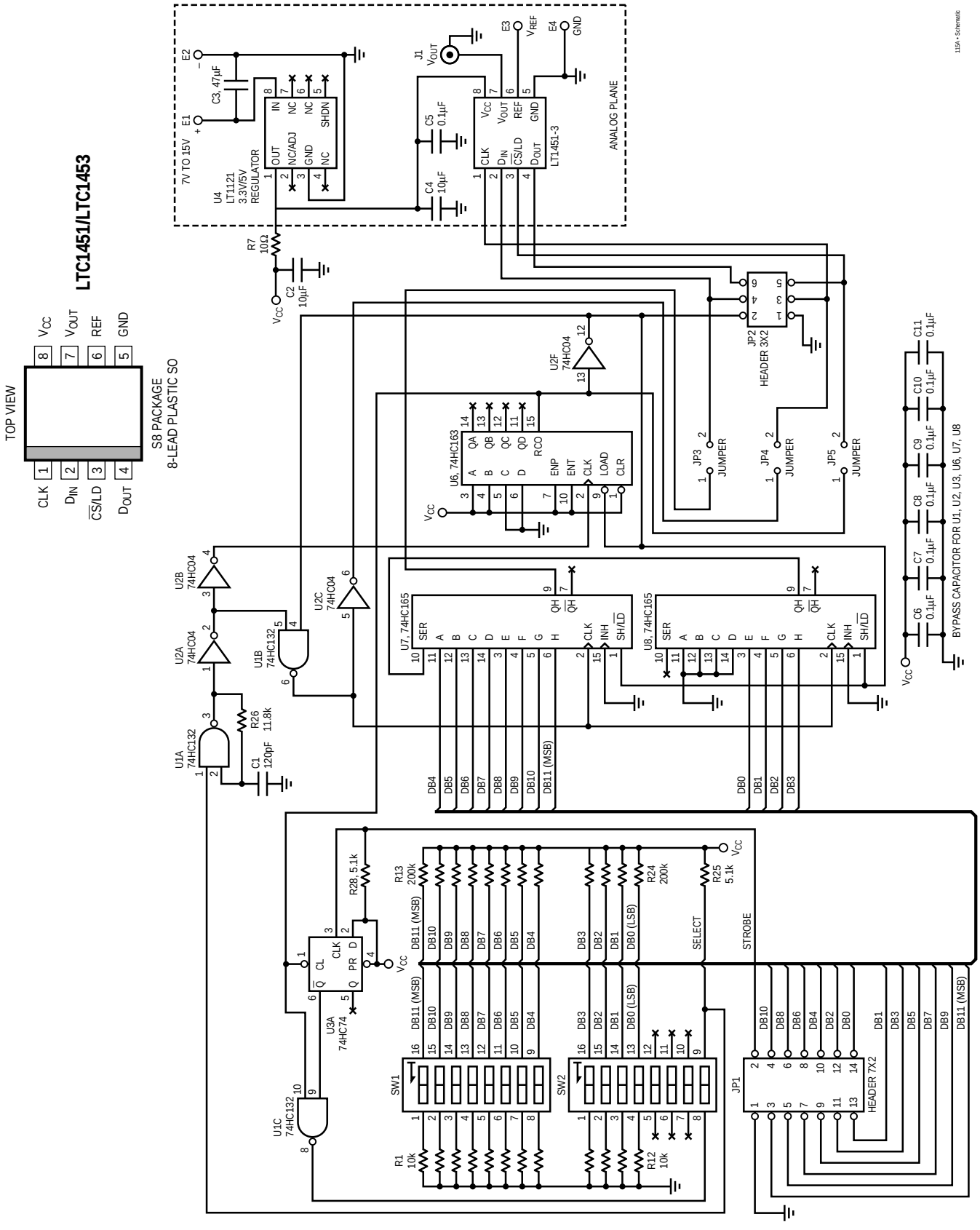
Differential Nonlinearity vs Input Code



Demo Board



PACKAGE AND SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS



PARTS LIST

REFERENCE DESIGNATOR	QUANTITY	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	VENDOR	TELEPHONE
C1	1	08055A121KATM	120pF 50V NPO Chip Capacitor	AVX	(803) 946-0362
C2, C4	2	TPSD106M035R0100	10µF 35V 20% Tantalum Capacitor	AVX	(803) 946-0238
C3	1	TAJD476K016R	47µF 16V 10% Tantalum Capacitor	AVX	(803) 946-0238
C5 to C11	7	08055G104ZAT3S	0.1µF 50V 20% Y5V Chip Capacitor	AVX	(803) 946-0362
E1, E2	2	575-4	Banana Jack	Keystone	(718) 956-8900
E3, E4	2	1502-02	Turret Terminal	Keystone	(718) 956-8900
JP1	1	3201S-7-G1	0.100 7X2 Header	Com Con	(818) 301-4200
JP2 (JP3, JP4, JP5)	2	3201S-3-G1	0.100 3X2 Header	Com Con	(818) 301-4200
J1	1	112404	Vert PC-MNT Connector	Connex	(805) 378-6464
R1 to R12	12	CR21-103J-T 0805	10k 1/8W 5% Chip Resistor	AVX	(803) 946-0524
R13 to R24	12	CR21-204J-T 0805	200k 1/8W 5% Chip Resistor	AVX	(803) 946-0524
R25, R28	2	CR21-512J-T 0805	5.1k 1/8W 5% Chip Resistor	AVX	(803) 946-0524
R26	1	CR21-1182F-T 0805	11.8k 1/8W 1% Chip Resistor	AVX	(803) 946-0524
R27	1	CR21-100J-T 0805	10Ω 1/8W 5% Chip Resistor	AVX	(803) 946-0524
SW1,SW2	2	DM08 (MORS)	SMD Switch	APEM	(781) 246-1007
U1	1	74HC132AD	Quad 2-Input Nand Gate IC	Motorola	(602) 244-3576
U2	1	74HC04AD	Hex Inverter IC	Motorola	(602) 244-3576
U3	1	74HC74AD	Dual D Flip/Flop Set IC	Motorola	(602) 244-3576
U4 (for 5V)	1	LT1121IS8-3.3/5	Micropower Regulator ICs	LTC	(408) 432-1900
U5 (for 5V)	1	LTC1451IS8	Use with 5V LTC1451IS8 IC	LTC	(408) 432-1900
U4 (for 3.3V)	1	LT1121IS8-5	Micopower Regulator ICs	LTC	(408) 432-1900
U5 (for 3.3V)	1	LTC1453IS8	Use with 3.3V LTC1453IS8	LTC	(408) 432-1900
U6	1	74HC163AD	Presettable Counter IC	Motorola	(602) 244-3576
U7, U8	2	74HC165D	8-Bit Parallel Input IC	Motorola	(602) 244-3576
	4	4-40	1/2" Nylon Stand-Off Screw	Any	
	4	4-40	1/4" Screw	Any	
	3	CCIJ230-G	Shunt	Com Con	(818) 301-4200

OPERATION

OPERATING THE BOARD

Powering the Board

To use the demonstration board, apply 7V to 15V at 10mA to banana jack E1 and 0V (GND) to banana jack E2. An internal regulator is included: an LT1121-5 provides a 5V supply for the LTC1451 board and an LT1121-3.3 provides a 3.3V supply for the LTC1453 board.

Operation Using the Onboard Dip Switches to Set Input Code

The two banks of dip-switches, SW1 and SW2, can be used to set the appropriate 12-bit input code for the LTC1451/LTC1453. The onboard parallel-to-serial conversion circuitry will generate the appropriate serial stream of data (CLK, D_{IN} and $\overline{CS}$/LD) for the LTC1451/LTC1453. The CLK, D_{IN} and $\overline{CS}$/LD signals are present on JP2-3, JP2-4 and JP2-5, respectively. The $\overline{CS}$/LD signal is inverted by U2F, creating an $\overline{LD}$ signal for the user. The $\overline{LD}$ signal is present on JP2-2. The LTC1451/LTC1453 D_{OUT} is also brought out to Pin 6 of JP2 along with GND on Pin 1. This pin provides a convenient GND terminal when measuring or driving these signals. The LTC1451/LTC1453 onboard reference is available on terminal E3. The LTC1451 has a 2.048V reference and the LTC1453 has a 1.22V reference.

Switch 1 on SW1 selects the logic state of the MSB (DB11) and switch 4 on SW2 selects the logic state of the LSB (DB0), as shown on the schematic. Switch 8 on SW2 selects the logic state of the SELECT signal. This signal activates the parallel-to-serial circuitry. Push the appropriate switch to the OFF position to set a bit high or to the ON position to set a bit low. Setting the SELECT switch to the OFF position places the parallel-to-serial circuitry in continuous mode. This mode continuously generates a serial stream of whatever is set on the data bits (switches 1–8 on SW1 and switches 1–4 on SW2). As soon as any of these bits are changed, the serial stream, and hence the output of the LTC1451/LTC1453, changes appropriately. Move the SELECT switch to the ON position to stop the parallel-to-serial circuitry. Any changes on the data-bit switches will be ignored until the SELECT switch is returned to the OFF position.

Operation Using an External 12-Bit Parallel Bus

The inputs to the parallel-to-serial converter are also available on the pins of jumper JP1. Pin 3 is the MSB and Pin 14 is the LSB. The external data source is loaded by 200k pull-up resistors to V_{CC} and by 10k pull-down resistors through the switches, SW1 and SW2, to GND. These must be overdriven when an external 12-bit parallel data word is applied to JP1. The parallel-to-serial circuitry is activated by a falling-edge-triggered STROBE signal on Pin 2 of JP1. This STROBE pin is loaded by a 5.1k pull-up resistor to V_{CC}. Be sure to set the SELECT switch to the ON position for noncontinuous mode. If SELECT is still active, changing any bit on JP1 creates an instant change to the continuous serial data stream applied to the LTC1451/LTC1453. As soon as the 12-bit data word is loaded into the LTC1451/LTC1453, the parallel-to-serial circuitry can be activated once by a falling edge on STROBE (see the timing diagram in Figure 1).

Driving the CLK, D_{IN} and $\overline{CS}$/LD Pins Directly

Through JP2, the LTC1451/LTC1453's SPI-compatible serial interface can receive data directly from an external serial data source. Disconnect jumpers JP3, JP4 and JP5 and use JP2 to drive the digital inputs. On JP2, Pin 3 is CLK, Pin 4 is D_{IN} and Pin 5 is $\overline{CS}$/LD. The LTC1451/LTC1453's daisy-chain serial data output, D_{OUT}, is also available on Pin 6 of JP2. This is the digital output from the onboard 12-bit shift register of the LTC1451/LTC1453. See timing diagram from LTC1451/LTC1452/LTC1453 data sheet for timing details.

OPERATION

LAYOUT

A well-designed printed circuit board layout incorporating the LTC1451/LTC1453 uses separate analog and digital ground planes. Because the LTC1451/LTC1453 has only one GND pin, it is acceptable to use only one ground plane on a PCB layout. However, if there is considerable digital circuitry on the board, such as on the LTC1451/LTC1453 demonstration board, it is advisable to have separate ground planes.

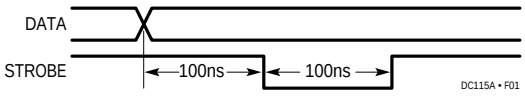


Figure 1. Timing Diagram For STROBE Signal

The demonstration board layout (section titled "PCB Layout and Film") shows the best way to configure and connect the ground planes and the appropriate supply bypassing.

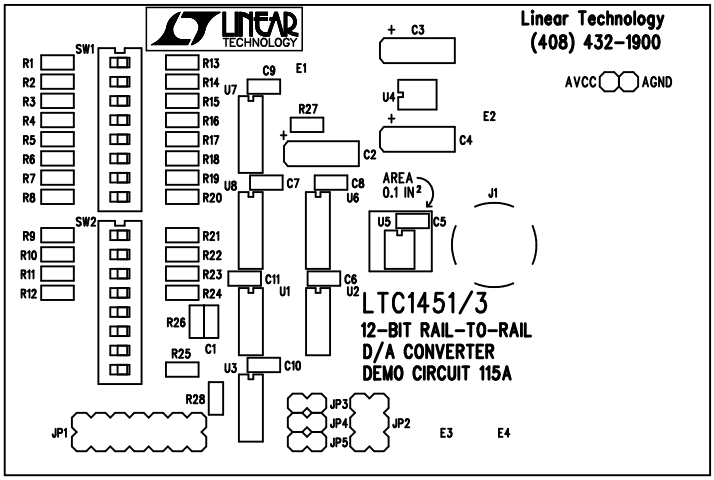
Table 1. Functional Description of User Configurable Jumpers

JUMPER	JUMPER NAME	JUMPER CONNECTION
JP3	D_{IN} Enable	Open to Drive D_{IN} Pin Externally
JP4	CLK Enable	Open to Drive CLK Pin Externally
JP5	$\overline{CS}$/LD Enable	Open to Drive $\overline{CS}$/LD Pin Externally

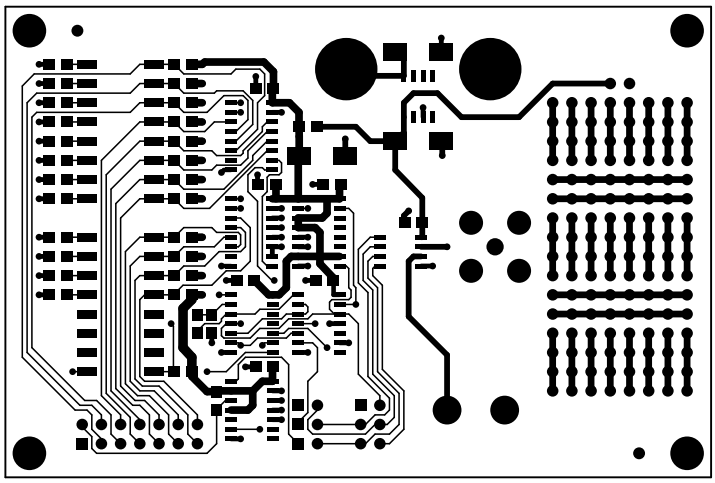
Table 2. Input and Output Pin Functional Description

INPUT/OUTPUT PIN	FUNCTION
E1	Supply Voltage: 7V to 15V at 10mA
E2	Supply Ground
E3	LTC1451/LTC1453 Reference Output
E4	Analog Ground Terminal
J1	LTC1451/LTC1453 Rail-to-Rail Voltage Output
JP1-1	Digital Ground
JP1-2	STROBE Input
JP1-3	DB11
JP1-4	DB10
JP1-5	DB9
JP1-6	DB8
JP1-7	DB7
JP1-8	DB6
JP1-9	DB5
JP1-10	DB4
JP1-11	DB3
JP1-12	DB2
JP1-13	DB1
JP1-14	DB0
JP2-1	Digital Ground
JP2-2	$\overline{LD}$ Output
JP2-3	CLK Input/Output
JP2-4	D_{IN} Input/Output
JP2-5	$\overline{CS}$/LD Input/Output
JP2-6	LTC1451/LTC1453 D_{OUT} Output

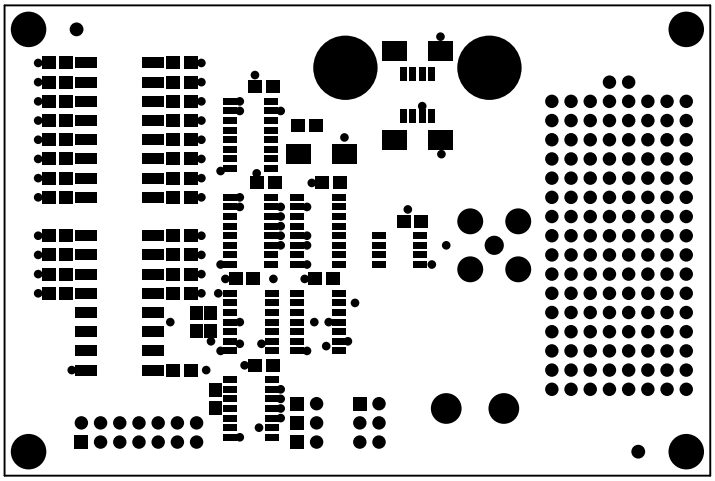
PCB LAYOUT AND FILM



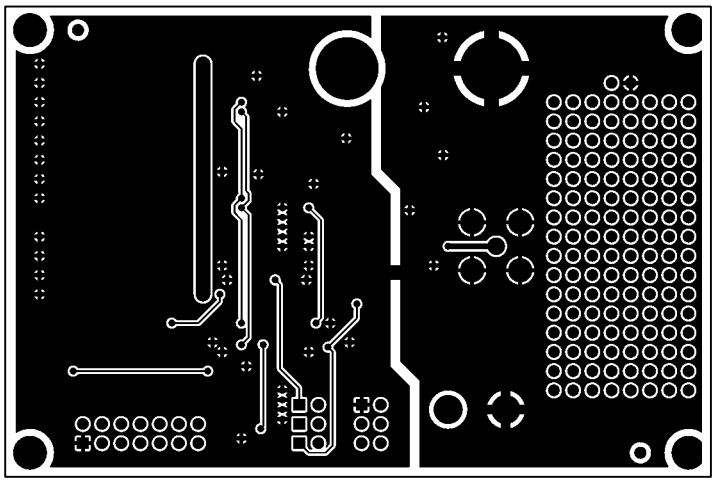
Component Side Silkscreen



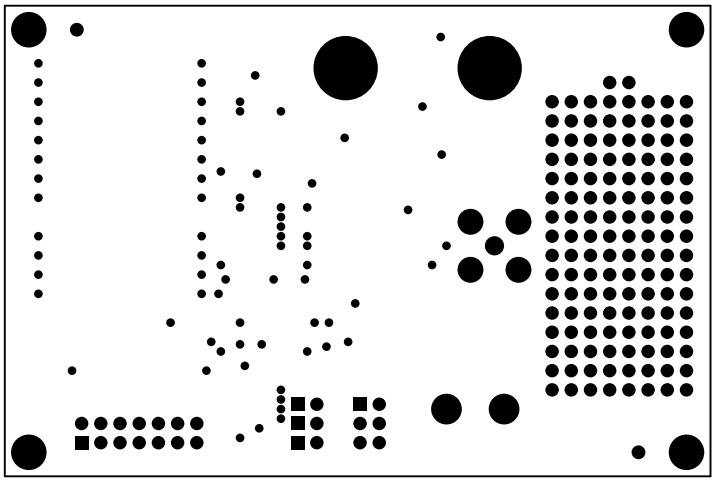
Component Side



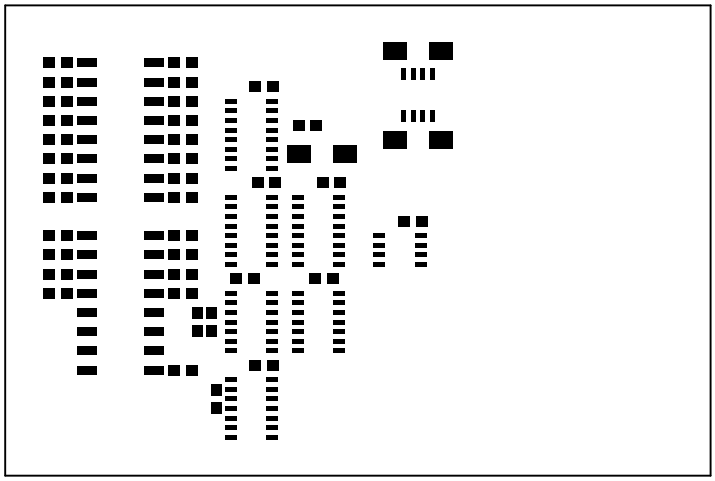
Component Side Mask



Solder Side

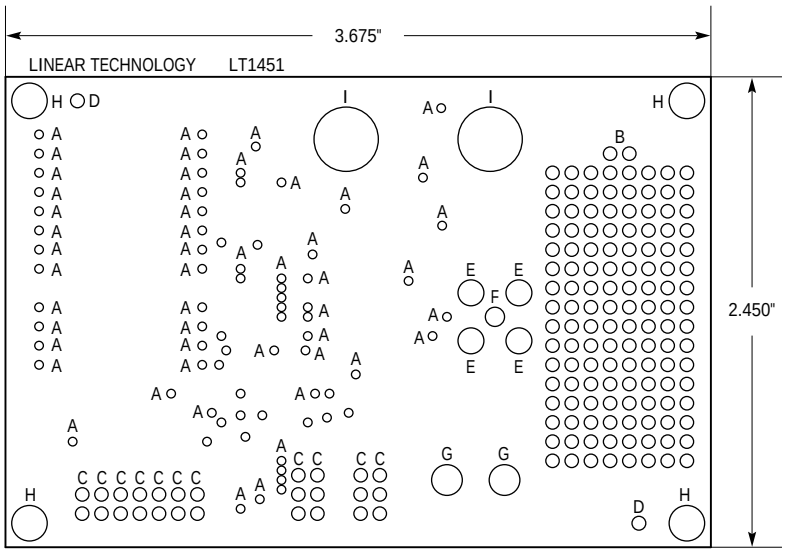


Solder Side Mask



Pastemask Top

PC FAB DRAWING



SYMBOL	DIAMETER (INCH)	NUMBER OF HOLES	PLATED
A	0.020	75	YES
B	0.035	130	YES
C	0.040	26	YES
D	0.072	2	NO
E	0.062	4	YES
F	0.052	1	YES
G	0.094	2	YES
H	0.125	4	YES
I	0.205	2	YES

NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

1. MATERIAL: FR4 OR EQUIVALENT EPOXY, 2 OZ. COPPER CLAD. THICKNESS 0.061 ± 0.006 TOTAL OF 2 LAYERS.
2. FINISH: ALL PLATED HOLES 0.001 MIN / 0.0015 MAX COPPER PLATE ELECTRODEPOSITED TIN-LEAD COMPOSISTION. BEFORE RELOW, SOLDER MASK OVER BARE COPPER (SMOBC).
3. SOLDER MASK: BOTH SIDES USING GREEN PC-401 OR EQUIVALENT
4. SILKSCREEN: USING WHITE NON-CONDUCTIVE EPOXY INK.
5. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES.

Linear Technology Corporation
1630 McCarthy Blvd., Milpitas, CA 95035-7417
(408)432-1900 • FAX: (408) 434-0507 • www.linear-tech.com
dc115f LT/TP 0598 500 • PRINTED IN USA

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Data Conversion IC Development Tools ***category:***

Click to view products by Analog Devices ***manufacturer:***

Other Similar products are found below :

EVAL-AD5063EBZ EVAL-AD5422LFEBZ EVAL-AD7265EDZ EVAL-AD7641EDZ EVAL-AD7674EDZ EVAL-AD7719EBZ EVAL-AD7767-1EDZ EVAL-AD7995EBZ AD9114-DPG2-EBZ AD9211-200EBZ AD9251-20EBZ AD9251-65EBZ AD9255-125EBZ AD9284-250EBZ AD9613-170EBZ AD9627-125EBZ AD9629-20EBZ AD9709-EBZ AD9716-DPG2-EBZ AD9737A-EBZ AD9787-DPG2-EBZ AD9993-EBZ DAC8555EVM ADS5482EVM ADS8372EVM EVAL-AD5061EBZ EVAL-AD5062EBZ EVAL-AD5443-DBRDZ EVAL-AD5570SDZ EVAL-AD7450ASDZ EVAL-AD7677EDZ EVAL-AD7992EBZ EVAL-AD7994EBZ AD9119-MIX-EBZ AD9148-M5375-EBZ AD9204-80EBZ AD9233-125EBZ AD9265-105EBZ AD9265-80EBZ AD9608-125EBZ AD9629-80EBZ AD9648-125EBZ AD9649-20EBZ AD9650-80EBZ AD9765-EBZ AD9767-EBZ AD9778A-DPG2-EBZ ADS8322EVM LM96080EB/NOPB EVAL-AD5445SDZ