DEMO MANUAL DC1573A

## LT3760 8-Channel 100mA High Voltage LED Driver

## DESCRIPTION

DC1573A is an 8-Channel 100mA High Voltage LED Driver featuring the LT ${ }^{\circledR} 3760$. The LT3760 drives up to 100 mA per string and has a maximum LED string voltage of 45 V . DC1573A is set at 1 MHz switching frequency for smallest inductor and capacitor size as well as maximum PWM dimming performance. Overvoltage protection is set at 55 V in case the LEDs are removed from the circuit. If the LEDs are opened, the FAULT terminal output flag goes low and reports the fault condition. The $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$ terminal is powered from 10 V to 14 V input separated from the 24 V PV IN supply for best thermal performance. If one or more of the 8 LED channels is not used, its LED pin or terminal should be tied to LED+ to disable it. Multiple channels can be used in parallel for higher LED current by tying their LED1-8 pins together.

The LT3760 data sheet gives a complete description of the part, operation and applications information. The data sheet must be read in conjunction with this demo manual for demonstration circuit 1573A. The LT3760 is assembled in a small 28 -lead FE (4.4mm TSSOP) package with a thermally enhanced ground pad. Proper board layout is essential for maximum thermal performance. See the Layout Considerations section in the data sheet.

## Design files for this circuit board are available at http://www.linear.com/demo

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## PERFORMANCE SUMMARY $\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

| PARAMETER | CONDITION | VALUE (TYPICAL) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| PV $V_{\text {IN }}$ Power Input Voltage Range | Operating | 20 V to 28 V |
| $V_{\text {IN }}$ Pin Input Voltage Range | Operating | 8 V to 14 V |
| Switching Frequency | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{T}}=39.2 \mathrm{k}$ | 1 MHz |
| LED String Current $\mathrm{I}_{\text {LED(1-8) }}$ | $\mathrm{R} 14=5.76 \mathrm{k}$ | 100 mA |
| OVP Open LED Voltage | $\mathrm{R} 8=11 \mathrm{k}, \mathrm{R} 7=20 \mathrm{k}$ | 55 V |
| Efficiency | PV IN $=24 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {IN }}=10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {LED }}=45 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {LED1-8 }}=100 \mathrm{~mA}$ |  |
| Undervoltage Lockout | $\mathrm{R} 1=499 \mathrm{k}, \mathrm{R} 4=40.2 \mathrm{k}$ | $92 \%$ |
| Low Voltage Turn-On (UVLO $\left.+\mathrm{V}_{\text {HYST }}\right)$ | $\mathrm{R} 1=499 \mathrm{k}, \mathrm{R} 4=40.2 \mathrm{k}$ | 20.1 V |
| Peak Switch Current Limit | $\mathrm{R}_{S 1}=0.015 \Omega$ | 21.4 V |

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## PUICK START PROCEDURE

Demonstration circuit 1573A is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of the LT3760. Followthe procedure below:
Note: PWM must be pulled high to work. If PWM is not used, tie PWM high or connect to REF on the PCB using resistor R9.

1. Connect strings of LEDs with forward voltage less than 45 V , but greater than the PV IN voltage, to the LED + and LED1-8 terminals on the PCB as shown in Figure 1. Tie any unused LED1-8 pins directly to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ (LED+) before power-up to disable that channel.
2. Connect the $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ terminal to GND.
3. With power off, connect the $\mathrm{PV}_{\text {IN }}$ power supply to the PV IN and GND terminals within the range specified on the PCB. Make sure that the $\operatorname{PV}$ IN DC input voltage does not exceed the forward voltage of the LED string.
4. With power off, connect the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ power supply to the $V_{\text {IN }}$ and GND terminals within the range specified on the PCB.
5. Connect the PWM terminal. If PWM is not used, tie PWM high or connect to REF on the PCB using resistor R9. PWM must be pulled high to work.
6. Turn the $P V_{\text {IN }}$ power supply on.
7. Turn the $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{IN}}$ power supply on after $\mathrm{PV}_{\mathrm{IN}}$.
8. Release the $\overline{\text { SHDN-to-GND connection. }}$
9. Observe the LED strings running at the programmed LED current.
Note: For PWM dimming, connecta PWM (100Hz or higher) signal to the PWM terminal and observe the reduction of brightness in the LED string when PWM dimming.


Figure 1. Proper Measurement Setup Drawing

## TERMINAL OPTIONS

$\overline{\text { FAULT: The } \overline{\text { FAULT }} \text { terminal is tied directly to the FAULT }}$ pin. If there is a fault condition, the FAULT terminal is pulled low. When there is no fault, the terminal is pulled up to $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$. This terminal can be monitored with a voltage meter, tied to the input of another device, or left floating.
 UVLO pin. A resistor divider from $\mathrm{PV}_{\text {IN }}$ to GND sets the voltage on this terminal/pin. These resistors can be easily adjusted for both the UVLO level and the amount of rising hysteresis. See the data sheet for details. The terminal can also be used to shut the IC down and turn off the LEDs. Tie the terminal directly to GND in order to place the IC in shutdown and turn off the LEDs.

CTRL: This terminal is tied directly to the CTRL pin. As assembled, there is a 1 M resistor pulling the CTRL pin up to REF. The CTRL pin voltage can be adjusted for analog dimming as shown in the data sheet. Either a voltage on the CTRL terminal can be driven to dim the LEDs or a resistor divider (R2 and R5) from $\mathrm{PV}_{\text {IN }}$ to GND can be added to reduce the CTRL voltage as $\mathrm{PV}_{\text {IN }}$ drops too low. Pulling the CTRL pin to GND turns the LEDs off.

PWM: This terminal is tied directly to the PWM pin. As shown in the data sheet, an input PWM waveform turns the LEDs ON and OFF. Dimming frequency and dimming range are discussed in the data sheet. When PWM dimming is not being used, tie PWM to REF with a $0 \Omega$ resistor (R9) or place a 3.3 V or 5 V DC source on the PWM terminal.

SYNC: This terminal is tied directly to the SYNC pin. As assembled, SYNC is disabled and tied directly to GND with a $0 \Omega$ resistor (R6). For SYNC to be used, R6 must be removed and a SYNC signal must be applied to this terminal.

INTV $_{\text {CC: }}$ : This terminal is tied directly to the INTV ${ }_{\text {CC }}$ pin. This terminal is provided to be able to monitor the voltage on the INTV ${ }_{\text {CC }}$ regulator or to provide an external INTV ${ }_{C C}$ source to the IC. In some low voltage applications, INTV ${ }_{C C}$ can be tied directly to $\mathrm{PV}_{\text {IN }}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}$. See the data sheet for details. For normal operation, leave this terminal floating.

LED+ and LED1-8: The eight LED+ terminals are the output voltage of the boost regulator and they are all tied together on the PCB. The anodes of the LED strings should be tied to these terminals and the cathodes to LED1-8 terminals. If an LED1-8 terminal is not used, it should be tied directly to LED+. If all LED + to LED1-8 connections are left floating or are opened during operation, DC1573A powers the output to 55 V as programmed by OVPSET. It is okay to connect LEDs to the LED+ and LED1-8 terminals when it is powered to OVP. See data sheet for details.

LED1-8 terminals can be tied together to get more than 100 mA per LED string. Pairs of LED1-8 terminals can be tied together for $4 \times 200 \mathrm{~mA}$ LED strings as an example. Individually, each LED1-8 pin can source a maximum of 100 mA , but they can be tied together for more.

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## PARTS LIST

| ITEM | QTY | REFERENCE | PART DESCRIPTION | MANUFACTURER/PART NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Required Circuit Components |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | 1 | CIN1 | Capacitor, 1210 4.7 ${ }^{\text {FF 20\% 25V X7R }}$ | TDK C3225X7R1E475M |
| 2 | 1 | CIN2 | Capacitor, 1210 4.7 ${ }^{\text {F }} 10 \%$ 50V X7R | AVX 12105C475KAT2A |
| 3 | 5 | C1, C2, C3, C4, C5 | Capacitor, 1210 2.2 $\mu \mathrm{F} 10 \% 100 \mathrm{~V}$ X7R | Murata GRM32ER72A225KA35L |
| 4 | 1 | C6 | Capacitor, $08054.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} 10 \%$ 10V X5R | Taiyo Yuden LMK212BJ475KG-T |
| 5 | 1 | C7 | Capacitor, 0402 2200pF 5\% 50V X7R | AVX 04025C222JAT2A |
| 6 | 1 | D1 | Diode, Schottky | Diodes Inc. PDS560 |
| 7 | 1 | L1 | Inductor, 10 ${ }^{\text {H }}$ | Sumida CDRH8D38NP-100NC |
| 8 | 1 | M1 | MOSFET N-channel 60V | Vishay Si7850DP-T1-E3 |
| 9 | 1 | RS1 | Resistor, $20100.015 \Omega 1 \% 1 \mathrm{~W}$ | IRC LRF2010LF-01-R015-F |
| 10 | 1 | RT | Resistor, 0402 39.2k $1 \% 1 / 16 \mathrm{~W}$ | Panasonic ERJ-2RKF3922X |
| 11 | 1 | R1 | Resistor, 0603 499k $\Omega$ 1\% 1/10W | NIC NRC06F4993TRF |
| 12 | 1 | R4 | Resistor, 0603 40.2k $1 \% 1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}$ | NIC NRC06F4022TRF |
| 13 | 2 | R7, R10 | Resistor, 0402 20k $1 \% 1 / 16 \mathrm{~W}$ | NIC NRC04F2002TRF |
| 14 | 1 | R8 | Resistor, $040211 \mathrm{k} \Omega 1 \% 1 / 16 \mathrm{~W}$ | NIC NRC04F1102TRF |
| 15 | 1 | R11 | Resistor, 0402 30.9k $31 \% 1 / 16 \mathrm{~W}$ | NIC NRC04F3092TRF |
| 16 | 1 | R13 | Resistor, 0402 10k $5 \% 1 / 16 \mathrm{~W}$ | NIC NRC04J103TRF |
| 17 | 1 | R14 | Resistor, $04025.76 \mathrm{k} \Omega 1 \% 1 / 16 \mathrm{~W}$ | NIC NRC04F5761TRF |
| 18 | 1 | R18 | Resistor, 0603 1M 5 5\% 1/10W | Vishay CRCW06031M00JNEA |
| 19 | 1 | U1 | IC, 8-Channel LED Driver | Linear Technology LT3760EFE |

## Optional Electrical Components

| 1 | 0 | C10 | Do Not Stuff | Option |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 0 | R2, R3, R5, R16 | Resistor, 0603 Option | Option |
| 3 | 1 | R6 | Resistor 0603 0 $\Omega$ Jumper | NIC NR06ZOTRF |
| 4 | 0 | R9, R12 | Do Not Stuff | Option |
| 5 | 1 | R15 | Resistor, 0603 100k 2 5\% 1/10W | NIC NRCO6J104TRF |
| 6 | 1 | R17 | Resistor, 0402 0 $\Omega$ Jumper | Vishay CRCW04020000Z0ED |
| Hardware     <br> 1 14 E1-E6, E13, E40-E46 Turret MILL MAX 2501-2-00-80-00-00-07-0 <br> 2 16 E7, E9-E11, E14-E16, E18-E20, <br> E22, E23, E27, E31, E35, E39 Turret MILL MAX 2308-2-00-80-00-00-07-0 |  |  |  |  |

## SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



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This notice contains important safety information about temperatures and voltages. For further safety concerns, please contact a LTC application engineer.

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