

LTC6430-20 300MHz TO 1000MHz Differential ADC Driver, IF/RF Amplifier

DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 2076A-B features the LTC®6430-20 differential ADC Driver/IF Amplifier. The LTC6430-20 has a power gain of 20.8dB and is part of the LTC6430-YY amplifier series.

The DC2076A-B Demo Board supports the LTC6430-YY amplifier family. The DC2076A-B demo board is optimized for the frequency range from 300MHz to 1000MHz and utilizes a minimum of passive external components to configure the amplifier for this application. The native

LTC6430-20 has 100Ω differential input and output impedances, so the demo circuit uses 2:1 balun transformers to convert the differential I/O impedances to 50Ω single-ended impedance. Single ended SMA I/O connectors allows simple evaluation with most RF test equipment.

Design files for this circuit board are available at http://www.linear.com/demo/DC2076A-B

T, LT, LTC, LTM, Linear Technology and the Linear logo are registered trademarks of Linear Technology Corporation. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

PERFORMANCE SUMMARY Specifications are at $T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{CC} = 5$ V

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | ER CONDITIONS | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|
| Power Supply | | | _ |
| V _{CC} | Operating Supply Range | All V _{CC} Pins plus ±0UT | 4.75V to 5.25V |
| I _{CC} | Current Consumption | Total Current | 165mA |

SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC

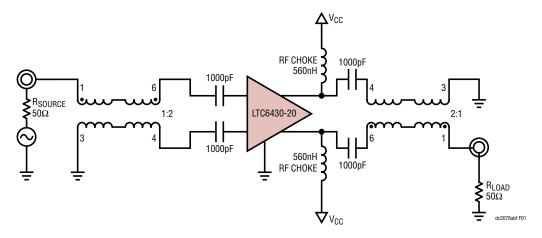


Figure 1. DC2076A-B Simplified Schematic



QUICK START PROCEDURE

Demo Circuit 2076A-B can be set up to evaluate the performance of the LTC6430-20. Refer to Figure 2 for proper equipment connections and follow the procedure below:

Two-Tone Measurement:

Connect all test equipment as suggested in Figure 2.

- 1. The power labels of "VCC 4.75V-5.25V" and GND directly correspond to the power supply. Typical current consumption of the LTC6430-20 is about 165 mA.
- 2. Apply two independent signals f1 and f2 from signal generator 1 and signal generator 2 at 500MHz and 501MHz, while setting the amplitude to -17dBm/tone at the demo board input (J1).
- Monitor the output tone level on the spectrum analyzer.
 Adjust the signal generator levels such that the output power measures +2dBm/tone at the amplifier output J2, after correcting for external cable losses and attenuations.

4. Change the spectrum analyzer's center frequency and observe the two IM3 tones at 1MHz below and above the input frequencies. The frequencies of IM3_LOW and IM3_HIGH are 499MHz and 502MHz, respectively. The measurement levels should be approximately –98dBc; +51 dBm is typical OIP3 performance for the DC2076A-B demo board at 500MHz.

The OIP3 calculation is:

$$OIP3 = P_{OUT} + \frac{\Delta IMD3}{2}$$

Where:

 P_{OUT} is the lower output signal power of the fundamental products.

 Δ IMD3 = $P_{OUT} - P_{IM3}$; P_{IM3} is the higher Third-Order intermodulation product.

Single-Tone Measurement:

5. Continue with step 4 above, turn off one signal source to measure gain and harmonic distortions.

QUICK START PROCEDURE

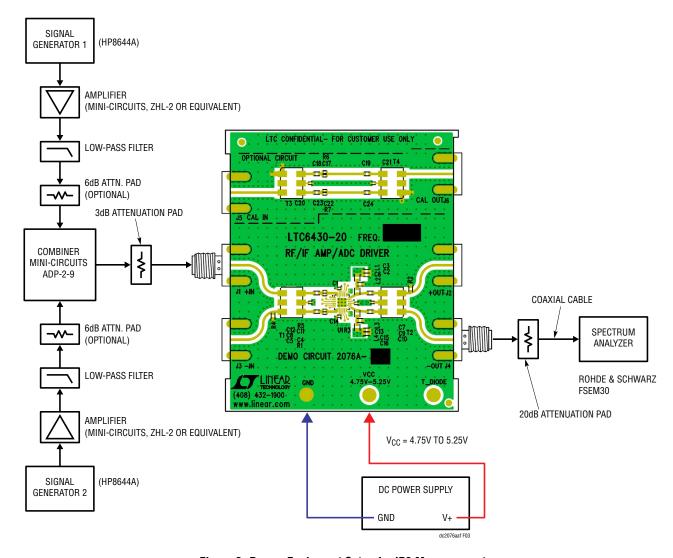


Figure 2. Proper Equipment Setup for IP3 Measurement

OPERATION

Demo Circuit 2076A-B is a high linearity, fixed gain amplifier. It is designed for ease of use. The LTC6430-20 is internally matched to 100Ω differential source and load impedances from 20MHz to 1400MHz. Due to the unpopularity of 100Ω differential test equipment, transformers have been added to convert these impedances to single-ended 50Ω . The frequency range of the circuit is limited by the balun transformers. Hence, this demo board works best over the frequency range from 300MHz to 1000MHz. Figure 3 shows the two port DC2076A-B's S-Parameters.

The demo circuit's schematic shows a minimum of required passive support components. At the board's input and output are balun transformers. Each of these, T1 and T2, transformers has a 1:2 impedance transformation ratio. The input and output DC blocking capacitors (C5, C7, C10 and C12) are required because this device is internally DC-biased for optimal operation. The frequency appropriate RF chokes (L2 and L3) and the de-coupling capacitors (C2, C3, C15 and C16) provide the proper DC bias to the RF \pm OUT nodes. A single 5V supply is required for the V_{CC} pins on the device.

L1, L4, C6 and C13 are optional parts. They are for additional matching components when further optimization to a lower or wider frequency range applications is required.

A pair of stability networks have been added. They consist of a 62pF capacitor (C4 and C11) and 348Ω resistor (R1 and R5) in parallel at the LTC6430-20 input network to ensure low frequency stability.

The T_DIODE Pin (Turret E1) can be forward biased to ground with 1mA of current. The measured voltage will be an indicator of the chip junction temperature (TJ).

There is an optional circuit at the upper section of the demo board. This extra circuit can be used to calibrate for the insertion loss of the demo board's input and output components.

Please note that a number of DNC pins are connected on the demo board. These connections are not necessary for normal operation, however, failure to float these pins may impair the operation of the device.

Table 2 shows the function of each input and output on the board.

OPERATION

Table 1. DC2076A-B Board I/O Descriptions

| FREQUENCY | POWER GAIN | OUTPUT THIRD- ORDER INTERCEPT POINT (1) | OUTPUT THIRD-ORDER INTERMODULATION (1) | SECOND Harmonic Distortion (2) | THIRD HARMONIC DISTORTION (2) | OUTPUT 1DB COMPRESSION POINT | NOISE FIGURE (4) |
|-----------|------------|--|---|---|--|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| (MHZ) | \$21 | OIP3 | ОІМЗ | HD2 | HD3 | P1DB | NF |
| 300 | 19.7 | 44.7 | -85.4 | -76.7 | -73.4 | 23.8 | 2.9 |
| 400 | 19.7 | 46.6 | -89.1 | -72.5 | -78.9 | 24.7 | 3.1 |
| 500 | 19.4 | 51.0 | -97.9 | -71.0 | -86.4 | 24.4 | 3.3 |
| 600 | 19.3 | 49.9 | -95.8 | -68.4 | -76.9 | 23.7 | 3.5 |
| 700 | 19.5 | 49.1 | -94.2 | -60.4 | -78.3 (3) | 23.5 | 3.7 |
| 800 | 19.6 | 47.3 | -90.5 | -54.0 | -75.2 (3) | 23.3 | 4.1 |
| 900 | 19.5 | 48.0 | -92.0 | -51.5 | -73.0 (3) | 23.4 | 4.2 |
| 1000 | 19.0 | 45.8 | -87.6 | -57.8 (3) | -70.9 (3) | 23.2 | 4.2 |
| 1100 | 18.6 | 43.1 | -82.2 | -68.7 (3) | -69.9 (3) | 23.1 | 4.2 |
| 1200 | 18.3 | 41.1 | -78.1 | -71.2 (3) | -77.1 (3) | 22.7 | 4.4 |
| Units | dB | dBm | dBc | dBc | dBc | dBm | dB |

Notes: All figures are Referenced to J1 (Input Port) and J4 (Output Port).

- 1. Two-tone Test Conditions: Output Power level = +2dBm/Tone, Tone Spacing = 1MHz
- 2. Single-Tone Test Conditions: Output Power level = +6dBm.
- 3. Outside of Input and Output Transformers Working Frequency Range
- 4. Small Signal Noise Figure

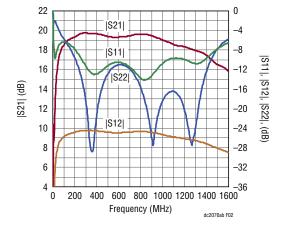


Table 2. DC2076A-B Board I/O Descriptions

| CONNECTOR | FUNCTION |
|-----------------------|---|
| J1 (IN) | Single-Ended Input. Impedance matched to $50\Omega.$ Drive from a 50Ω Network Analyzer or signal source. |
| J4 (OUT) | Single-Ended Output. Impedance matched to 50Ω . Drives a 50Ω Network Analyzer or Spectrum Analyzer. |
| E1 (T_DIODE) | The measured voltage will be an indicator of the chip junction temperature. |
| E2 (V _{CC}) | Positive Supply Voltage Source. |
| E3 (GND) | Supply Ground. |

Figure 3. Demo Board S-Parameters



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

As with any RF device, minimizing ground inductance is critical. Care should be taken during the board layout when using these exposed pad packages. A maximum of small-diameter vias should be placed underneath the exposed ground pad. This will ensure a good RF ground and low thermal impedance. Maximizing the copper ground plane will also improve heat spreading and lower the inductance to ground. It is a good idea to cover the via holes with solder mask on the back side of the PCB to prevent solder from wicking away from the critical PCB to the exposed pad interface.

The DC2076A-B is a wide bandwidth demo board, but it is not intended for operation down to DC. The lower frequency cutoff is limited by on-chip matching elements.

Table 3 shows the LTC643X-YY amplifier series and its associated demo boards. Each demo board lists the typical working frequency range and the input and output impedance of the amplifiers.

Table 3. The LTC643X-YY Amplifier Family and Corresponding Application Demo Boards.

| Demo Board Number | Frequency Range (MHz) | Notes/ Applications | Board's In/Out Impedance | Amplifier | Amplifier's Impedance |
|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| DC1774A-A | 50 to 350 | Low Frequency | 50Ω | LTC6430-15 | Differential 100Ω |
| DC1774A-B | 400 to 1000 | Mid Frequency | 50Ω | LTC6430-15 | Differential 100Ω |
| DC1774A-C | 100 to 1200 | Wide Frequency | 50Ω | LTC6431-15 | Single-ended 50Ω |
| DC2032A | 50 to 1000 | Cable Infrastructure | 75Ω | LTC6430-15 | Differential 100Ω |
| DC2077A | 100 to 1200 | Wide Frequency | 50Ω | LTC6431-20 | Single-ended 50Ω |
| DC2153A | 700 to 1700 | High Frequency | 50Ω | LTC6430-15 | Differential 100Ω |
| DC2090A | 50 to 1200 | Power Doubler | 50Ω | Dual LTC6430-15 | Differential 50Ω |
| DC2076A-A | 50 to 350 | Low Frequency | 50Ω | LTC6430-20 | Differential 100Ω |
| DC2076A-B | 300 to 1000 | Mid Frequency | 50Ω | LTC6430-20 | Differential 100 Ω |

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Setup Signal Sources and Spectrum Analyzer

The LTC6430-20 is an amplifier with high linearity performance. Therefore, the output intermodulation products are very low. Even using high dynamic range test equipment, Third-Order Intercept (IP3) measurements can drive test setups to their limits. Consequently, accurate measurement of IP3 for a low distortion IC such as the LTC6430-20 requires certain precautions to be observed in the test setup as well as the testing procedure.

Setup Signal Sources

Figure 2 shows a proposed IP3 test setup. This setup has low phase noise, good reverse isolation, high dynamic range, sufficient harmonic filtering and wideband impedance matching. The setup is outlined below:

- a. High performance signal generators 1 and 2 (HP8644A) are used. These suggested generators have low harmonic distortion and very low phase noise.
- b. High linearity amplifiers are used to improve the reverse isolation. This prevents cross talk between the two signal generators and provides higher output power.
- c. A low pass filter is used to suppress the harmonic content from interfering with the test signal. Note that second order inputs can "mix" with the fundamental frequency to form intermodulation (IM) products of their own. We suggest filtering the harmonics to -50dBc or better.
- d. The signal combiner from Mini-Circuits (ADP-2-9) combines the two isolated input signals. This combiner has a typical isolation of 27dB. For improved VSWR and isolation, the H-9 signal combiner from MA/COM is an alternative which features >40dB isolation and a wider frequency range. Passive devices (e.g. combiners) with magnetic elements can contribute nonlinearity to the signal chain and should be used cautiously.
- e. The attenuator pads on all three ports of the signal combiner will further support isolation of the two input signal sources. They also reduce reflections and promote maximum power transfer with wideband impedance matching.

Setup the Spectrum Analyzer

- a. Adjust the spectrum analyzer for maximum possible resolution of the intermodulation products' amplitude in dBc. A narrower resolution bandwidth will take a longer time to sweep.
- b. Optimize the dynamic range of the spectrum analyzer by adjusting the input attenuation. First increase the spectrum analyzer's input attenuation (normally in steps of 5dB or 10dB). If the IM product levels decrease when the input attenuation is increased, then the input power level is too high for the spectrum analyzer to make a valid measurement. Most likely, the spectrum analyzer's 1st mixer was overloaded and producing its own IM products. If the IM reading holds constant with increased input attenuation, then a sufficient amount of attenuation was present. Adding too much attenuation will bury the intended IM signal in the noise floor. Therefore, select just enough attenuation to achieve a stable and valid measurement.
- c. In order to achieve this valid measurement result, the test system must have lower total distortion than the DUT's intermodulation. For example, to measure a 51dBm OIP3, the measured intermodulation products will be –98dBc below an –17dBm/tone input level and the test system must have intermodulation products approximately –104dBc or better. For best results, the IM products and noise floor should measure at least –108dBc before connecting the DUT.

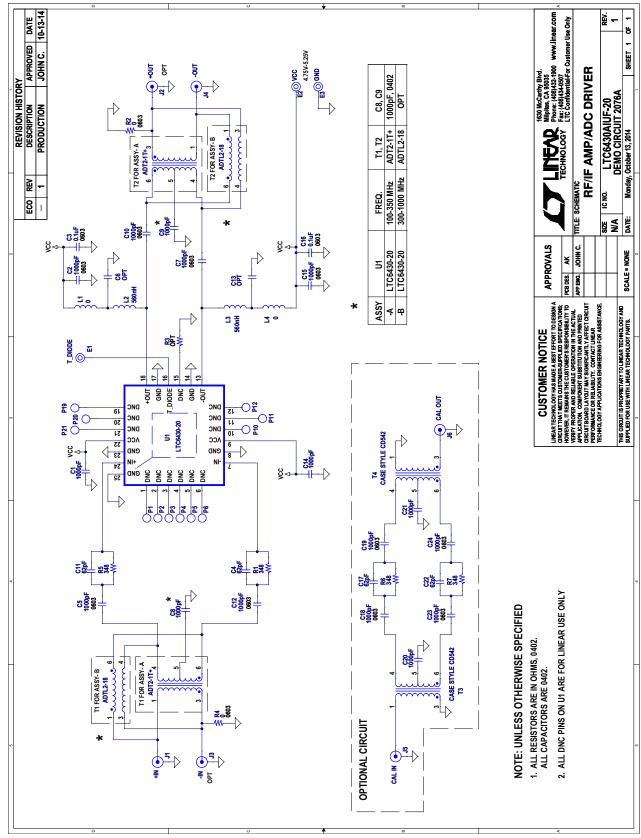


DEMO MANUAL DC2076A-B

PARTS LIST

| ITEM | QTY | REFERENCE | PART DESCRIPTION | MANUFACTURER/PART NUMBER |
|--------|----------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| DC2076 | A Requir | ed Circuit Components | | |
| 1 | 2 | C1, C14 | CAP., X7R, 1000pF, 50V, 5%, 0402 | AVX, 04025C102JAT2A |
| 2 | 6 | C2, C5, C7, C10, C12, C15 | CAP., X7R, 1000pF, 50V, 5%, 0603 | AVX, 06035C102JAT2A |
| 3 | 2 | C3, C16 | CAP., X5R, 0.1µF, 10V, 10%, 0603 | AVX, 0603ZD104KAT2A |
| 4 | 2 | C4, C11 | CAP., NPO, 62pF, 25V, 5%, 0402 | AVX, 04023A620JAT2A |
| 5 | 0 | C6, C13 OPT | CAP., 0603 | |
| 6 | 0 | C17, C22 OPT | CAP., NPO, 62pF, 25V, 5%, 0402 | |
| 7 | 0 | C18, C19, C23, C24 OPT | CAP., X7R, 1000pF, 50V, 5%, 0603 | |
| 8 | 0 | C20, C21 OPT | CAP., X7R, 1000pF, 50V, 5%, 0402 | |
| 9 | 3 | E1-E3 | TESTPOINT, TURRET, .093" | MILL-MAX, 2501-2-00-80-00-00-07-0 |
| 10 | 2 | J1, J4 | CONN., SMA 50Ω EDGE-LAUNCH | E.F.JOHNSON, 142-0701-851 |
| 11 | 0 | J2, J3, J5, J6 OPT | CONN., SMA 50Ω EDGE-LAUNCH | |
| 12 | 2 | L1, L4 | RES., CHIP, 0Ω, 0603 | VISHAY, CRCW06030000Z0ED |
| 13 | 2 | L2, L3 | INDUCTOR, CHIP, 560nH, 5%, 0603LS-1608 | COILCRAFT, 0603LS-561XJLB |
| 14 | 2 | R1, R5 | RES., CHIP, 348, 1%, 0402 | VISHAY, CRCW0402348RFKED |
| 15 | 0 | R6, R7 OPT | RES., CHIP, 348 , 1%, 0402 | |
| 16 | 2 | R2, R4 | RES., CHIP, 0Ω, 0603 | VISHAY, CRCW06030000Z0ED |
| 17 | 0 | R3 OPT | RES., CHIP, OPT, 0402 | |
| 18 | 0 | T3, T4, OPT | RF TRANSFORMER, CASE STYLE CD542 | MINI-CIRCUITS, ADTL2-18+ |
| 19 | 1 | U1 | Balanced Amplifier LTC6430AIUF-20, QFN24UF-4X4 | Linear Tech., LTC6430AIUF-20 |
| DC2076 | A-B Requ | uired Circuit Components | | |
| 1 | 1 | DC2076A | GENERAL BOM | |
| 2 | 2 | C8, C9 | CAP., X7R, 1000pF, 50V, 5%, 0402, 0PT | AVX, 04025C102JAT2A |
| 3 | 2 | T1, T2 | RF TRANSFORMER, CASE STYLE CD542 | MINI-CIRCUITS, ADT2-18+ |
| | | • | · | . |

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



DEMO MANUAL DC2076A-B

DEMONSTRATION BOARD IMPORTANT NOTICE

Linear Technology Corporation (LTC) provides the enclosed product(s) under the following **AS IS** conditions:

This demonstration board (DEMO BOARD) kit being sold or provided by Linear Technology is intended for use for **ENGINEERING DEVELOPMENT OR EVALUATION PURPOSES ONLY** and is not provided by LTC for commercial use. As such, the DEMO BOARD herein may not be complete in terms of required design-, marketing-, and/or manufacturing-related protective considerations, including but not limited to product safety measures typically found in finished commercial goods. As a prototype, this product does not fall within the scope of the European Union directive on electromagnetic compatibility and therefore may or may not meet the technical requirements of the directive, or other regulations.

If this evaluation kit does not meet the specifications recited in the DEMO BOARD manual the kit may be returned within 30 days from the date of delivery for a full refund. THE FOREGOING WARRANTY IS THE EXCLUSIVE WARRANTY MADE BY THE SELLER TO BUYER AND IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED, IMPLIED, OR STATUTORY, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT OF THIS INDEMNITY, NEITHER PARTY SHALL BE LIABLE TO THE OTHER FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES.

The user assumes all responsibility and liability for proper and safe handling of the goods. Further, the user releases LTC from all claims arising from the handling or use of the goods. Due to the open construction of the product, it is the user's responsibility to take any and all appropriate precautions with regard to electrostatic discharge. Also be aware that the products herein may not be regulatory compliant or agency certified (FCC, UL, CE, etc.).

No License is granted under any patent right or other intellectual property whatsoever. LTC assumes no liability for applications assistance, customer product design, software performance, or infringement of patents or any other intellectual property rights of any kind.

LTC currently services a variety of customers for products around the world, and therefore this transaction is not exclusive.

Please read the DEMO BOARD manual prior to handling the product. Persons handling this product must have electronics training and observe good laboratory practice standards. **Common sense is encouraged**.

This notice contains important safety information about temperatures and voltages. For further safety concerns, please contact a LTC application engineer.

Mailing Address:

Linear Technology 1630 McCarthy Blvd. Milpitas, CA 95035

Copyright © 2004, Linear Technology Corporation



X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for RF Development Tools category:

Click to view products by Analog Devices manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

MAAM-011117 MAAP-015036-DIEEV2 EV1HMC1113LP5 EV1HMC6146BLC5A EV1HMC637ALP5 EVAL-ADG919EBZ ADL5363EVALZ LMV228SDEVAL SKYA21001-EVB SMP1331-085-EVB EV1HMC618ALP3 EVAL01-HMC1041LC4 MAAL-011111-000SMB
MAAM-009633-001SMB MASW-000936-001SMB 107712-HMC369LP3 107780-HMC322ALP4 SP000416870 EV1HMC470ALP3
EV1HMC520ALC4 EV1HMC244AG16 MAX2614EVKIT# 124694-HMC742ALP5 SC20ASATEA-8GB-STD MAX2837EVKIT+
MAX2612EVKIT# MAX2692EVKIT# EV1HMC629ALP4E SKY12343-364LF-EVB 108703-HMC452QS16G EV1HMC863ALC4 119197HMC658LP2 EV1HMC647ALP6 ADL5725-EVALZ 106815-HMC441LM1 EV1HMC1018ALP4 UXN14M9PE MAX2016EVKIT
EV1HMC939ALP4 MAX2410EVKIT MAX2204EVKIT+ EV1HMC8073LP3D SIMSA868-DKL SIMSA868C-DKL SKY65806-636EK1
SKY68020-11EK1 SKY67159-396EK1 SKY66181-11-EK1 SKY65804-696EK1 SKY13396-397LF-EVB