

## ±250V Input Range, 100kHz, G = 10, Micropower, Difference Amplifier

#### DESCRIPTION

The LT®1990-10 is a micropower precision difference amplifier with a very high common mode input voltage range, a fixed gain of 10 and 100kHz bandwidth. The LT1990-10 operates over a ±250V common mode voltage range on a ±15V supply. The inputs are fault protected from common mode voltage transients up to ±350V and differential voltages up to ±500V. The LT1990-10 is ideally suited for both high side and low side current or voltage monitoring.

On a single 5V supply, the LT1990-10 has an adjustable 85V input range, 60dB min CMRR and draws less than 180µA supply current. The rail-to-rail output maximizes the dynamic range, especially important for single supplies as low as 2.7V.

The LT1990-10 is specified for single 3V, 5V and  $\pm 15$ V supplies over the industrial temperature range.

The LT1990-10 is available in the 8-pin SO and pin FMEA compatible MSOP packages.

All registered trademarks and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### **FEATURES**

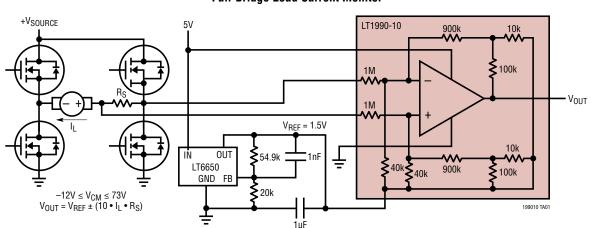
- Gain = 10
- -3dB Bandwidth = 100kHz
- High Common Mode Voltage Range:
  - $= \pm 250 \text{V} (V_S = \pm 15 \text{V})$
  - 85V Window (V<sub>S</sub> = 5V, 0V)
- Common Mode Rejection Ratio: 60dB Min
- Input Protection to ±350V
- Gain Error: 0.8% Max
- PSRR: 82dB Min
- High Input Impedance: 2MΩ Differential, 500kΩ Common Mode
- Micropower: 180µA Max Supply Current
- Wide Supply Range: 2.7V to 36V
- Rail-to-Rail Output
- 8-pin SO and pin FMEA Compatible MSOP Packages

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Battery Cell Voltage Monitoring
- High Voltage Current Sensing
- Signal Acquisition in Noisy Environments
- Input Protection
- Fault Protected Front Ends
- Level Sensing
- Isolation

#### TYPICAL APPLICATION

#### **Full-Bridge Load Current Monitor**



Rev 0

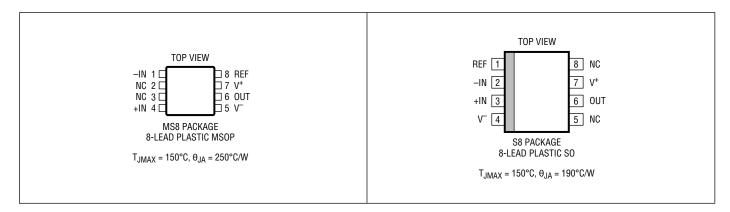
#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

(Notes 1, 2)

Total Supply Voltage (V+ to V <sup>-</sup> )	36V
Input Voltage Range	
Each Input Continuous	±250V
Each Input Transient (0.1s)	±350V
Differential	±500V
Output Short-Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Indefinite

Operating Temperature Range (Note 4)	
LT1990I-10	-55°C to 125°C
Specified Temperature Range (Note 5)	
LT1990I-10	–40°C to 85°C
Junction Temperature	150°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	300°C

#### PIN CONFIGURATION



## **ORDER INFORMATION**

LEAD FREE FINISH	TAPE AND REEL	PART MARKING	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	SPECIFIED TEMPERATURE RANGE
LT1990IS8-10#PBF	LT1990IS8-10#TRPBF	199010	8-Lead Plastic SO	-40°C to 85°C
LT1990IMS8-10#PBF	LT1990IMS8-10#TRPBF	LTHBQ	8-Lead Plastic MSOP	-40°C to 85°C

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

For more information on tape and reel specifications, go to: Tape and reel specifications. Some packages are available in 500 unit reels through designated sales channels with #TRMPBF suffix.

# **3V/5V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** $V_S = V_+, V_-; V_S = 3V, 0V; V_S = 5V, 0V; R_L = 10k\Omega, V_{CM} = V_{REF} = half supply, T_A = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
G	Gain			10		
$\Delta G$	Gain Error	$V_{OUT} = 0.5V \text{ to } (+V_S) -0.75V$		0.2	0.8	%
GNL	Gain Nonlinearity	V <sub>S</sub> = 5V, 0V; V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5V to 4.25V		0.01		%
V <sub>CM</sub>	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR $V_S = 3V$ , $0V$ ; $V_{REF} = 1.25V$ $V_S = 5V$ , $0V$ ; $V_{REF} = 1.25V$ $V_S = 5V$ , $0V$ ; $V_{REF} = 2.5V$	-5 -5 -38		25 80 47	V V V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio RTI (Referred to Input)	$V_S = 3V$ , 0V (Note 6) $V_{CM} = -5V$ to 25V, $V_{REF} = 1.25V$ $V_S = 5V$ , 0V	60	72		dB
		$V_{CM} = -5V$ to 80V, $V_{REF} = 1.25V$	60	72		dB
		$V_S = 5V$ , 0V (Note 6) $V_{CM} = -38V$ to 47V, $V_{REF} = 2.5V$	60	72		dB
$V_{OS}$	Offset Voltage, RTI			0.8	3	mV
	Input Noise Voltage, RTI	f <sub>0</sub> = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		30		μV <sub>P-P</sub>
en	Noise Voltage Density, RTI	$f_0 = 1kHz$		1		μV/√Hz
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input Resistance	Differential Common Mode		2 0.5		MΩ MΩ
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio, RTI	$V_S = 2.7V$ to 12.7V, $V_{CM} = V_{REF} = 1.25V$	80	92		dB
	Minimum Supply Voltage	Guaranteed by PSRR		2.4	2.7	V
Is	Supply Current	(Note 7)		160	180	μА
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Voltage Swing LOW	-IN = V <sup>+</sup> , +IN = Half Supply (Note 7)		20	50	mV
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output Voltage Swing HIGH	-IN = 0V, $+IN = Half SupplyV_S = 3V, 0V, Below V^+V_S = 5V, 0V, Below V^+$		80 100	150 175	mV mV
I <sub>SC</sub>	Output Short-Circuit Current	Short to GND (Note 8) Short to V <sup>+</sup> (Note 8)	4 13	8 20		mA mA
BW	Bandwidth (-3dB)			100		kHz
SR	Slew Rate	V <sub>S</sub> = 5V, 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5V to 4.5V		1		V/µs
	Settling Time to 0.01%	4V Output Step, V <sub>S</sub> = 5V, 0V		20		μs
AV <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Gain to Output			1 ± 0.007		

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the temperature range of $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_{\text{A}} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ . $\text{V}_{\text{S}} = \text{V+}$ , V-; $\text{V}_{\text{S}} = 3\text{V}$ , OV; $\text{V}_{\text{S}} = 5\text{V}$ , OV; $\text{R}_{\text{L}} = 10\text{k}\Omega$ , $\text{V}_{\text{CM}} = \text{V}_{\text{REF}} = \text{half supply, unless otherwise noted.}$ (Note 4)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
$\Delta G$	Gain Error	$V_{OUT} = 0.5V \text{ to } (+V_S) - 0.75V$	•			0.95	%
ΔG/ΔΤ	Gain vs Temperature	(Note 9)	•		7	20	ppm/°C
V <sub>CM</sub>	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR $V_S = 3V$ , $0V$ ; $V_{REF} = 1.25V$ $V_S = 5V$ , $0V$ ; $V_{REF} = 1.25V$ $V_S = 5V$ , $0V$ ; $V_{REF} = 2.5V$	•	-5 -5 -38		25 80 47	V V V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio RTI (Referred to Input)	V <sub>S</sub> = 3V, 0V (Note 6) V <sub>CM</sub> = -5V to 25V, V <sub>REF</sub> = 1.25V	•	57			dB
		$V_S = 3V$ , 0V $V_{CM} = -5V$ to 80V, $V_{REF} = 1.25V$	•	57			dB
		V <sub>S</sub> = 5V, 0V (Note 6) V <sub>CM</sub> = -38V to 47V, V <sub>REF</sub> = 2.5V	•	57			dB
V <sub>OS</sub>	Offset Voltage, RTI		•			4.5	mV
$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	Input Offset Voltage Drift, RTI	(Note 9)	•		5	22	μV/°C
V <sub>OSH</sub>	Input Offset Voltage Hysteresis, RTI	(Note 10)	•		230		μV
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio, RTI	$V_S = 2.7V$ to 12.7V, $V_{CM} = V_{REF} = 1.25V$	•	76			dB
	Minimum Supply Voltage	Guaranteed by PSRR	•			2.7	V
Is	Supply Current	(Note 7)	•			250	μА
$V_{OL}$	Output Voltage Swing LOW	-IN = V <sup>+</sup> , +IN = Half Supply (Note 7)	•			70	mV
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output Voltage Swing HIGH	-IN = 0V, $+IN = Half SupplyV_S = 3V, 0V, Below V^+V_S = 5V, 0V, Below V^+$	•			200 225	mV mV
I <sub>SC</sub>	Output Short-Circuit Current	Short to GND (Note 8) Short to V+ (Note 8)	•	2 8			mA mA

# $\pm$ 15V ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $v_{S}$ = ±15V, $R_{L}$ = 10k $\Omega$ , $v_{CM}$ = $v_{REF}$ = 0V, $\tau_{A}$ = 25°C, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
G	Gain			10		
$\Delta G$	Gain Error	V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±10V		0.2	0.8	%
GNL	Gain Nonlinearity	V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±10V		0.005	0.02	%
V <sub>CM</sub>	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR	-250		250	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio, RTI	V <sub>CM</sub> = -250V to 250V	60	72		dB
$V_{0S}$	Offset Voltage, RTI			0.9	5.2	mV
	Input Noise Voltage, RTI	f <sub>0</sub> = 0.1Hz to 10Hz		30		μV <sub>P-P</sub>
e <sub>n</sub>	Noise Voltage Density, RTI	f <sub>0</sub> = 1kHz		1		μV/√Hz
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input Resistance	Differential Common Mode		2 0.5		MΩ MΩ
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio, RTI	$V_S = \pm 1.35 V$ to $\pm 18 V$ , $V_{CM} = V_{REF} = 1.25 V$	82	100		dB
	Minimum Supply Voltage	Guaranteed by PSRR		±1.2	±1.35	V
Is	Supply Current			200	275	μА
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage Swing		±14.5	±14.75		V
I <sub>SC</sub>	Output Short-Circuit Current	Short to V <sup>+</sup> Short to V <sup>+</sup>	6 15	9 22		mA mA
BW	Bandwidth (-3dB)			110		kHz
SR	Slew Rate	V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±10V, No R <sub>L</sub>	0.8	1.2		V/µs
	Settling Time to 0.01%	10V Output Step		25		μѕ
AV <sub>REF</sub>	Reference Gain to Output			1 ± 0.007		

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the temperature range of -40°C $\leq$ T<sub>A</sub> $\leq$ 85°C. V<sub>S</sub> = $\pm$ 15V, R<sub>L</sub> = 10k $\Omega$ , V<sub>CM</sub> = V<sub>REF</sub> = 0V, unless otherwise noted. (Note 4)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
$\Delta G$	Gain Error	V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±10V	•			0.95	%
GNL	Gain Nonlinearity	V <sub>OUT</sub> = ±10V	•			0.03	%
ΔG/ΔΤ	Gain vs Temperature	(Note 9)	•		7	20	ppm/°C
V <sub>CM</sub>	Input Voltage Range	Guaranteed by CMRR	•	-250		250	V
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio, RTI	V <sub>CM</sub> = -250V to 250V	•	58			dB
V <sub>OS</sub>	Offset Voltage, RTI		•			6.7	mV
$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$	Input Offset Voltage Drift, RTI	(Note 9)	•		5	22	μV/°C
V <sub>OSH</sub>	Input Offset Voltage Hysteresis, RTI	(Note 10)	•		250		μV
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio, RTI	$V_S = \pm 1.35 V$ to $\pm 18 V$ , $V_{CM} = V_{REF} = 1.25 V$	•	78			dB
	Minimum Supply Voltage	Guaranteed by PSRR	•			±1.35	V
Is	Supply Current		•			375	μА
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage Swing		•	±14.3			V
I <sub>SC</sub>	Output Short-Circuit Current	Short to V <sup>-</sup>	•	3			mA
		Short to V <sup>+</sup>	•	10			mA
SR	Slew Rate	$V_{OUT} = \pm 10V$ , No R <sub>L</sub>	•	0.4			V/µs

**Note 1:** Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

**Note 2:** ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) sensitive device. Extensive use of ESD protection devices are used internal to the LT1990-10, however, high electrostatic discharge can damage or degrade the device. Use proper ESD handling precautions.

**Note 3:** A heat sink may be required to keep the junction temperature below absolute maximum.

**Note 4:** The LT1990I-10 is designed, characterized and expected to be functional over the operating temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}$ C to 125°C, but is not tested or QA sampled at these temperatures.

**Note 5:** The LT1990I-10 is guaranteed to meet specified performance from -40°C to 85°C.

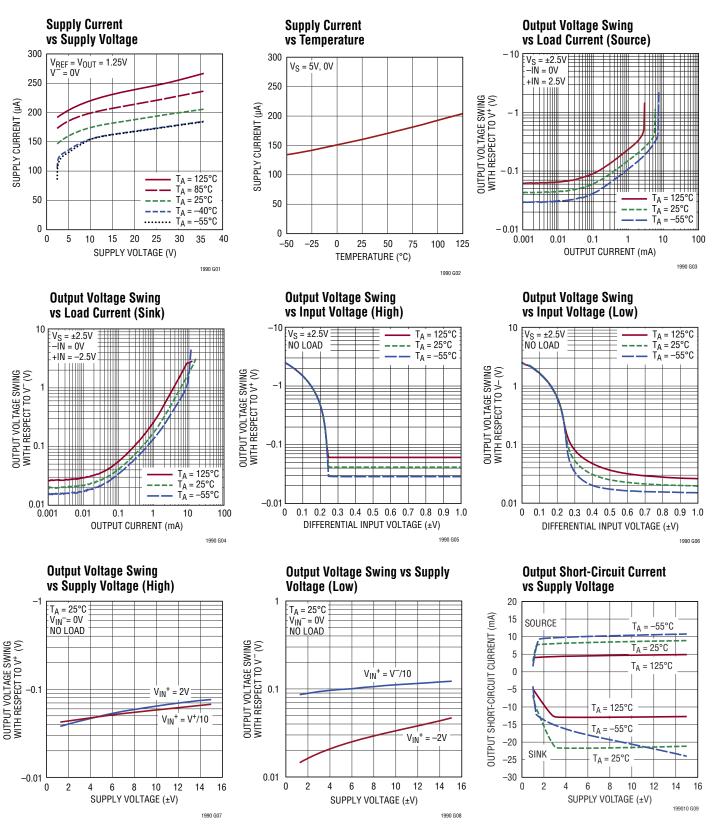
Note 6: Limits are guaranteed by correlation to -5V to 80V CMRR tests.

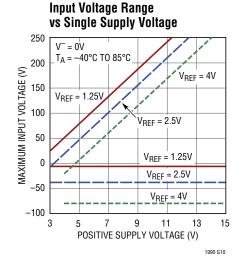
**Note 7:**  $V_S = 3V$  limits are guaranteed by correlation to  $V_S = 5V$  and  $V_S = \pm 15V$  tests.

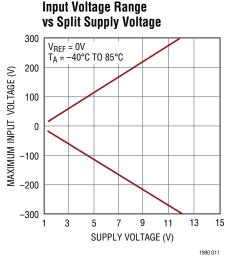
**Note 8:**  $V_S = 5V$  limits are guaranteed by correlation to  $V_S = 3V$  and  $V_S = \pm 15V$  tests.

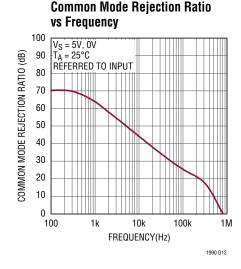
**Note 9:** This parameter is not 100% tested.

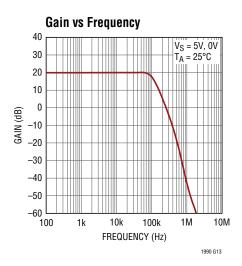
**Note 10:** Hysteresis in offset voltage is created by package stress that differs depending on whether the IC was previously at a higher or lower temperature. Offset voltage hysteresis is always measured at  $25^{\circ}$ C, but the IC is cycled to  $85^{\circ}$ C or  $-40^{\circ}$ C before successive measurement.

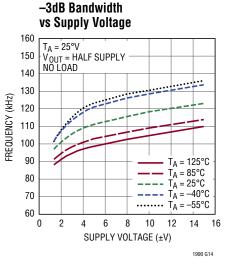


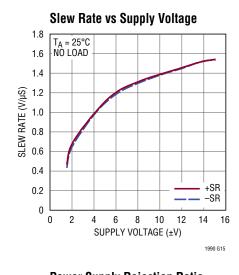


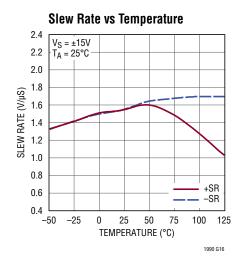


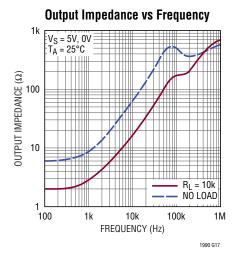


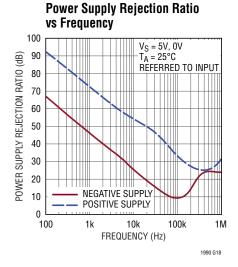






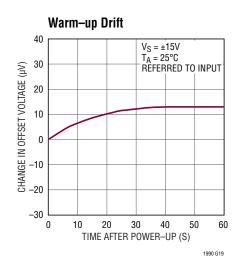


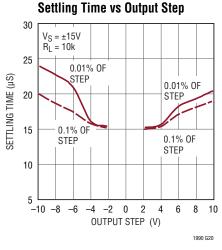


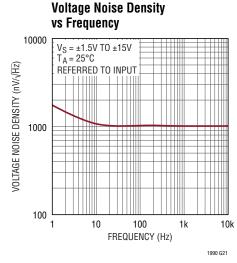


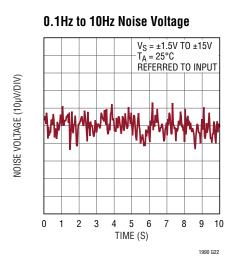
Rev 0

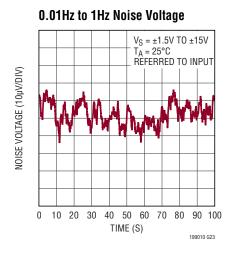
8

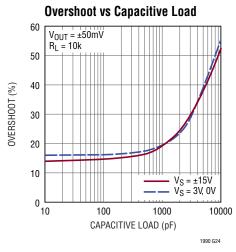


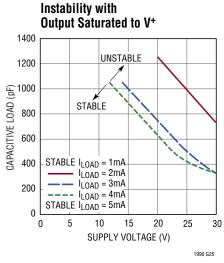


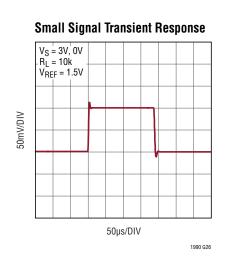


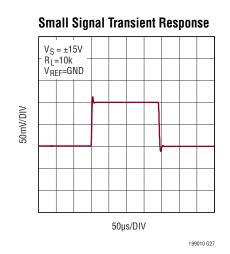






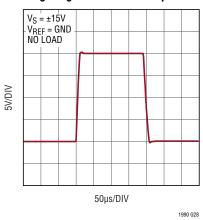




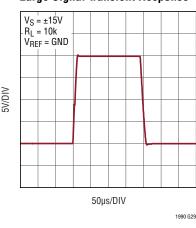


Rev 0

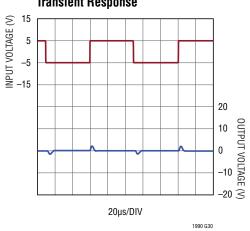
**Large Signal Transient Response** 



**Large Signal Transient Response** 



Input Common Mode Voltage Transient Response



#### PIN FUNCTIONS

**REF:** Reference Input. Sets the output level when the difference between the inputs is zero.

**-IN:** Inverting Input. Connects a  $1M\Omega$  resistor divider to the op amp's inverting input. Designed to permit high voltage operation.

**+IN:** Noninverting Input. Connects a  $1M\Omega$  resistor divider to the op amp's noninverting input. Designed to permit high voltage operation.

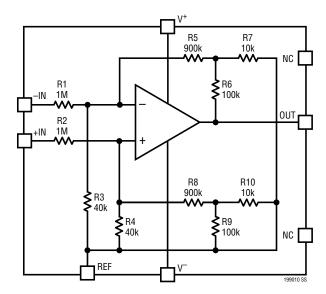
**V**<sup>-</sup>: Negative Power Supply. Can be either ground (in single supply applications) or a negative voltage (in split supply applications).

**NC:** Not internally connected. May be tied to any pin or floated.

**OUT:** Output.  $V_{OUT} = 10 \cdot (V_{+IN} - V_{-IN}) + V_{REF}$ .

**V\*:** Positive Power Supply. Can range from 2.7V to 36V above the V<sup>-</sup> voltage.

# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



#### APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

#### **Primary Features**

The LT1990-10 is a complete gain-block solution for high input common mode voltage applications. The part combines a low-power precision operational amplifier with thin-film resistors trimmed to produce a gain of 10 with high accuracy. The Block Diagram shows the internal architecture of the part. The on-chip resistors form a modified difference-amplifier including a reference port for introducing offset or other additive waveforms. The resistor network is structured to produce internal common mode voltage division of 27, enabling a very large input range. The input range can far exceed the power supply voltage(s) used by the LT1990-10 itself. Standard ESD clamp diodes are included on all the I/O except the -IN and +IN pins. The inputs are rated to  $\pm 250V$  and protected to  $\pm 500V$ . The LT1990-10 is ideally suited to situations where relatively small signals need to be extracted from high voltage circuits. as is the case in many instrumentation applications. With its wide input voltage range and greater than 1 megohm input impedances, development of instrumentation designs is greatly simplified with the LT1990-10 single-chip solution over conventional discrete methods.

#### **Classic Difference Amplifier**

The basic gain of ten difference amplifier topology has the following dc transfer function:

$$V_0 = 10 \cdot (V_{+IN} - V_{-IN}) + V_{REF}$$

By including the internal common mode division by 27, the input common mode range capability is extended up to ±250V according to the following relationships:

$$V_{CM+} \le 27 \cdot V^{+} - 26 \cdot V_{RFF} - 23$$

$$V_{CM-} \ge 27 \bullet V^- - 26 \bullet V_{REF} + 27$$

For split supplies over about  $\pm 11$ V, the full  $\pm 250$ V common mode range is normally available (with  $V_{REF}$  a small fraction of the supply). With lower supply voltages, an appropriate selection of  $V_{REF}$  can tailor the input common mode range to a specific requirement. For single supply circuits,  $V_{REF}$  should be greater than  $V^-$  to allow bidirectional output swing and to keep the inputs of the internal op amp within their operating region. Note: the differential input voltage range is reduced as  $V_{CM}$  approaches its limits. The following low supply-voltage scenarios are readily implemented with the LT1990-10:

Table 1.

Supply	V <sub>REF</sub>	V <sub>CM</sub> Range
3V	1.25V	-5V to 25V (e.g. 12V Automotive Environment)
5V	1.25V	-5V to 80V (e.g. 42V Automotive Environment)
5V	4.00V	-77V to 8V (e.g. Telecom Environment; Use Downward Signaling)

#### **Preserving and Enhancing Common Mode Rejection**

The basic difference amplifier topology of the LT1990-10 is sensitive to the external resistances of circuits driving the part. To preserve the high accuracy of the LT1990-10, the source impedance of any signal connected to the REF pin must be on the order of a few ohms or less, such as from a Reference or op-amp output. The difference inputs have nominal 1 megohm internal resistances that are matched to within a few hundred ohms, so source resistances should also be kept low to maximize accuracy and CMRR.

While every LT1990-10 is factory trimmed, some precision applications with a large applied common mode voltage may benefit from a trim method to further minimize common mode error. This is easily accomplished as shown in Figure 1. A series resistance is added to each input: a fixed  $1k\Omega$  in series with one of the inputs and a  $2k\Omega$  trimmer

#### APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

in series with the other. The trim range of this configuration is  $\pm 0.1\%$  for the internal input resistor matching. This technique using the LT1990-10 offers a much more finely resolved correction than is available from ordinary discrete solutions. In applications where the common mode is relatively constant and large, this same configuration can be treated as an offset adjustment.

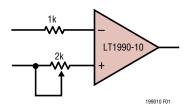


Figure 1. Optional CMRR Trim

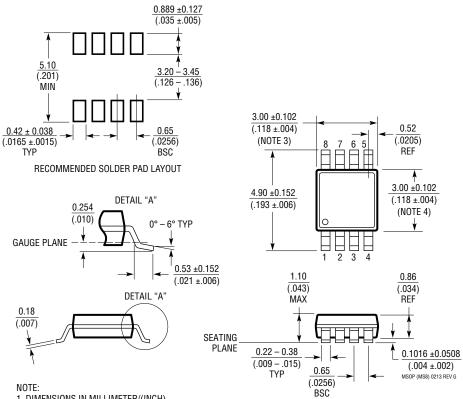
#### **Output Stability with Capacitive Loads**

The LT1990-10 is internally compensated to drive high capacitive loads of at least 2nF under all output loading conditions when the output is in its linear region or saturated to V<sup>-</sup>. However, a small oscillation may occur if the output is saturated to V<sup>+</sup> with capacitive loads greater than 300pF at higher load currents and higher supply voltages. A 10nF capacitor in series with a  $600\Omega$  resistor placed between the output and ground will compensate the amplifier for capacitive loads up to 10nF at all output loading conditions. See the region of instability in the Typical Performance Characteristics section.

#### PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

#### **MS8 Package** 8-Lead Plastic MSOP

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1660 Rev G)

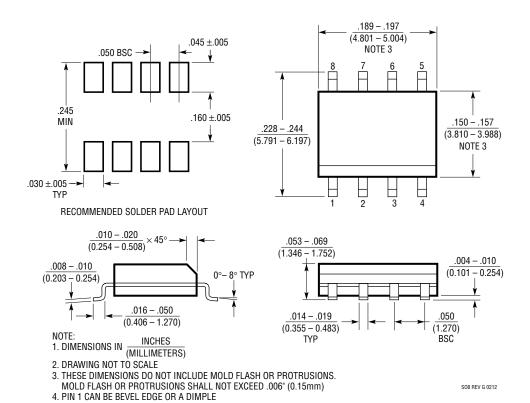


- 1. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETER/(INCH)
- 2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
- 3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
- 4. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
- 5. LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.102mm (.004") MAX

#### PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

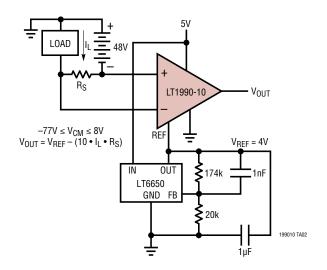
#### S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610 Rev G)

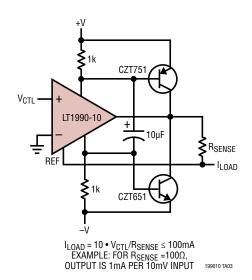


#### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

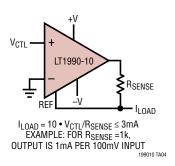
#### **Telecom Supply Current Monitor**



#### **Boosted Bidirectional Controlled Current Source**



#### **Bidirectional Controlled Current Source**



## **RELATED PARTS**

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LT1787	Precision High Side Current Sense Amplifier	On-Chip Precision Resistor Array
LT1789	Micropower Instrumentation Amplifier	Micropower, Precision, G = 1 to 1000
LTC1921	Dual –48V Supply and Fuse Monitor	Withstands ±200V Transients
LT1990	±250V Input Range Difference Amplifier	Micropower, Precision, Pin Selectable G = 1 or 10
LT1991	High Accuracy Difference Amplifier	Micropower, Precision, Pin Selectable G = -13 to 14
LT1995	30MHz, 1000V/µs Gain Selectable Amplifier	Pin Selectable G = -7 to 8
LTC6910	Single Supply Programmable Gain Amplifier	Digitally Controlled, SOT-23, G = 0 to 100
LT1997-3	Wide Voltage Range Gain Selectable Amplifier	±160V Input Voltage Range, Pin Selectable G = −13 to 14
LT6375	±270V Common Mode Voltage Difference Amplifier	97dB Minimum CMRR, Over the Top Protected Inputs
LT6376	±230V Common Mode Voltage Difference Amplifier G = 10	90dB Minimum CMRR, Over the Top Protected Inputs
LT1999-X	High Voltage, Bidirectional Current Sense Amplifier	Three Gain Options, -5V to 80V Input Common Mode Voltage Range

## **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Differential Amplifiers category:

Click to view products by Analog Devices manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

AD8206WHRZ LT6604IUFF-2.5#PBF LTC6419IV#PBF AD8479TRZ-EP INA149AMDREP INA146UA/2K5 MAX9626ATC+

MAX4199ESA+ INA132U/2K5 INA105KU/2K5 EL5375IUZ ADM1272-1ACPZ DC1538A LTC1992-10CMS8#PBF LTC1992CMS8#PBF

LT6375HMS#PBF LTC1992-2HMS8#PBF LTC1992-5HMS8#PBF LT6604IUFF-15#PBF AD8270ACPZ-R7 LT6350IDD#PBF

AD8475ACPZ-R7 LTC1992-1IMS8#PBF AD8476BRMZ-R7 MAX9626ATC+T AD8132ARZ-RL LTC1992IMS8#PBF INA2132U/2K5

LT6600CS8-2.5#PBF LTC1992-10IMS8#PBF LTC1992-1HMS8#PBF LTC6605CDJC-7#PBF TDA8579T/N1SJ LTC1992-2CMS8#PBF

LT6604CUFF-5#PBF LTC6403CUD-1#PBF LT6350IMS8#PBF THS4552IRTWT LTC1992-2IMS8#PBF LTC1992HMS8#PBF

LT6350CMS8#PBF THS4551IRGTT AD8138SRMZ-EP-R7 AD8138ARMZ-REEL AD8138ARZ-RL LT6350HMS8#PBF LTC6363IMS8
0.5#PBF THS4551IRGTR LT1990IS8#PBF LT1995IDD#PBF