

CHNOLOGY Low Noise, High Frequency, 8th Order Butterworth Lowpass Filter

FEATURES

- 8th Order Filter in a 14-Pin Package
- 140kHz Maximum Corner Frequency
- No External Components
- 50:1 and 100:1 Clock to Cutoff Frequency Ratio
- 80µV_{RMS} Total Wideband Noise
- 0.03% THD or Better
- Operates from ±2.37V to ±8V Power Supplies

APPLICATIONS

- Antialiasing Filters
- Smoothing Filters
- Tracking High Frequency Lowpass Filters

DESCRIPTION

The LTC®1064-2 is a monolithic 8th order lowpass Butterworth filter, which provides a maximally flat passband. The attenuation slope is -48dB/octave and the maximum attenuation is in excess of 80db. An external TTL or CMOS clock programs the filter's cutoff frequency. The clock to cutoff frequency ratio is 100:1 (Pin 10 at V⁻) or 50:1 (Pin 10 at V⁺). The maximum cutoff frequency is 140kHz. No external components are needed.

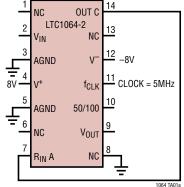
The LTC1064-2 features low wideband noise and low harmonic distortion even for input voltages up to $3V_{RMS}$. In fact the LTC1064-2 overall performance competes with equivalent multiple op amp RC active realizations. The LTC1064-2 is available in a 14-pin DIP or 16-pin surface mounted SW package. The LTC1064-2 is fabricated using LTC's enhanced analog CMOS Si-gate process.

The LTC1064-2 is pin compatible with the LTC1064-1.

(7), LTC and LT are registered trademarks of Linear Technology Corporation.

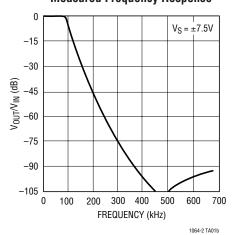
TYPICAL APPLICATION

8th Order Clock Sweepable Lowpass Butterworth Filter



NOTE: THE POWER SUPPLIES SHOULD BE BYPASSED BY A $0.1\mu F$ CAPACITOR CLOSE TO THE PACKAGE. THE NC PINS 1, 6, 8, AND 13 SHOULD BE PREFERABLY GROUNDED.

Measured Frequency Response



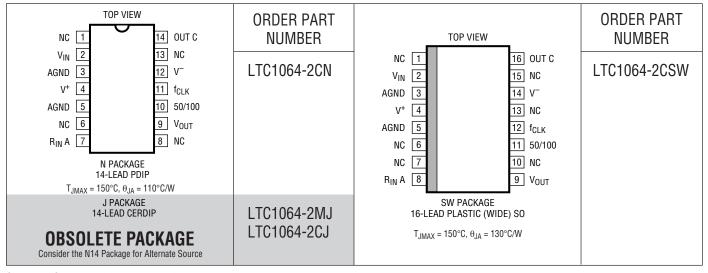
10642fa

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Total Supply Voltage (V+ to V-)	16.5V
Power Dissipation	400mW
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)	300°C

Operating Temperature Range)
LTC1064-2M (OBSOLETE)	55°C to 125°C
LTC1064-2C	_40°C to 85°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = \pm 7.5V$, 100:1, $f_{CLK} = 2MHz$, R1 = 10k, TTL clock input level unless otherwise specified.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Passband Gain (Note 2)	Referenced to OdB, 1Hz to 1kHz	•	-0.5		0.15	dB
Gain TempCo				0.0002		dB/°C
–3dB Frequency	100:1			20		kHz
	50:1			40		kHz
Gain at –3dB Frequency	Referenced to 0dB, f _{IN} = 20kHz	•		-3	-2.75	dB
Stopband Attenuation	At $1.5f_{-3dB}$, $50:1$, $f_{IN} = 60kHz$	•	-24	-27		dB
Stopband Attenuation	At $2f_{-3dB}$, 100:1, $f_{IN} = 40kHz$	•	-44	-47		dB
Stopband Attenuation	At $3f_{-3dB}$, 100:1, $f_{IN} = 60kHz$			-74		dB
Stopband Attenuation	At $4f_{-3dB}$, 100:1, $f_{IN} = 80kHz$			-90		dB
Input Frequency Range	100:1		0		<f<sub>CLK/2</f<sub>	kHz
	50:1		0		<f<sub>CLK</f<sub>	kHz
Output Voltage Swing and	$V_S = \pm 2.37V$	•	±1.1			V
Operating Input Voltage Range	$V_S = \pm 5V$	•	±3.1			V
	$V_S = \pm 7.5V$	•	±5.0			V
Total Harmonic Distortion	$V_S = \pm 5V$, Input = $1V_{RMS}$ at $1kHz$			0.015		%
	$V_S = \pm 7.5V$, Input = $3V_{RMS}$ at 1kHz			0.03		%
Wideband Noise	$V_S = \pm 5V$, Input = GND 1Hz $- 1.99$ MHz			80		μV _{RMS}
	$V_S = \pm 7.5V$, Input = GND 1Hz – 1.99MHz			90		μV_{RMS}

10642fa



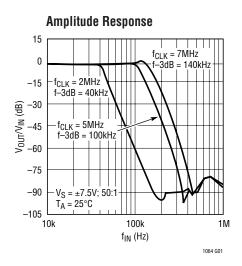
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The \bullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $V_S = \pm 7.5V$, 100:1, $f_{CLK} = 2MHz$, R1 = 10k, TTL clock input level unless otherwise specified.

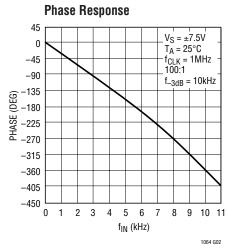
PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output DC Offset (Note 2) Output DC Offset TempCo	$V_S = \pm 7.5V$ $V_S = \pm 5V$			±30 ±90	±125	mV μV/°C
Input Impedance			10	20		kΩ
Output Impedance	f _{OUT} = 10kHz			2		Ω
Output Short-Circuit Current	Source/Sink			3/1		mA
Clock Feedthrough				200		μV _{RMS}
Maximum Clock Frequency	50% Duty Cycle, $V_S = \pm 5V$ 50% Duty Cycle, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_S = \pm 7.5V$				5 7	MHz MHz
Power Supply Current	$V_S = \pm 2.37V, f_{CLK} = 1MHz$ $V_S = \pm 5V, f_{CLK} = 1MHz$ $V_S = \pm 7.5V, f_{CLK} = 1MHz$	•		11 14 17	22 23 26 28 32	mA mA mA mA
Power Supply Voltage Range		•	±2.37		±8	V

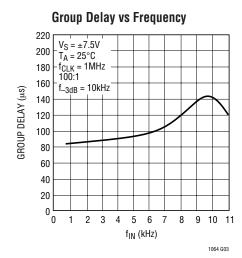
Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

 $\textbf{Note 2:} \ \textbf{For tighter specifications please contact LTC Marketing}.$

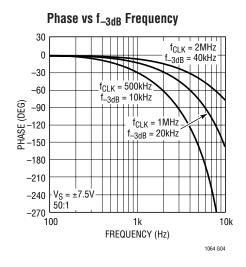
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

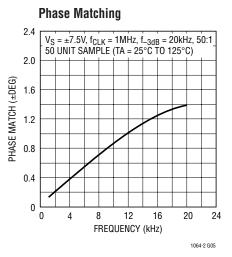


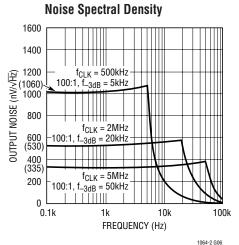




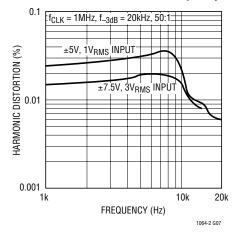
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



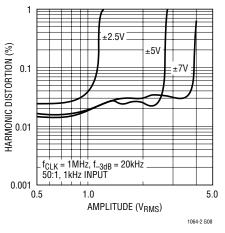




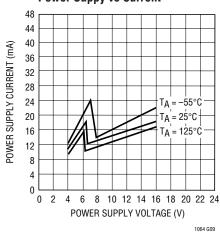
Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency



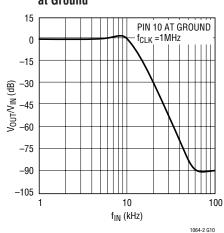




Power Suppy vs Current



Amplitude Response with Pin 10 at Ground



LINEAR

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Table 1. Gain/Delay, $f_{-3dB}=1kHz$, LTC1064-2 Typical Response $V_S=\pm5V$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, $f_{CLK}=50kHz$, Ratio = Pin 10 at V^+ (fltr 50:1)

GAIN (dB)	DELAY (ms)
-0.247	0.857
-0.270	0.872
-0.290	0.893
-0.300	0.929
-0.320	0.983
-0.370	1.071
-0.520	1.210
-1.200	1.364
-3.380	1.381
-7.530	1.192
-12.670	0.935
	-0.247 -0.270 -0.290 -0.300 -0.320 -0.370 -0.520 -1.200 -3.380 -7.530

Table 3. Gain/Delay, $f_{-3dB}=1kHz,$ LTC1064-2 Typical Response $V_S=\pm5V,\ T_A=25^{\circ}C,$ $f_{CLK}=100kHz,\ Ratio=Pin\ 10\ at\ V^-$ (fltr 100:1)

FREQUENCY (kHz)	GAIN (dB)	DELAY (ms)
0.200	-0.213	0.821
0.300	-0.240	0.837
0.400	-0.260	0.858
0.500	-0.280	0.893
0.600	-0.310	0.947
0.700	-0.370	1.034
0.800	-0.530	1.172
0.900	-1.200	1.325
1.000	-3.370	1.346
1.100	-7.500	1.158
1.200	-12.640	0.899

Table 2. Gain, $f_{-3dB}=1kHz,$ LTC1064-2 Typical Response $V_S=\pm5V,\,T_A=25^{\circ}C,\,f_{CLK}=50kHz,\,Ratio=Pin\,10$ at V^+ (fltr 50:1)

OLK ,	,
FREQUENCY (kHz)	GAIN (dB)
0.500	-0.298
1.000	-3.380
1.500	-27.500
2.000	-47.200
2.500	-63.300
3.000	-75.190
3.500	-86.100
4.000	-95.310
4.500	-104.240
5.000	-109.650
5.500	-121.930
6.000	-123.920
6.500	-114.150
7.000	-116.990
7.500	-120.070
8.000	-113.470
8.500	-130.090
9.000	-114.770
9.500	-117.760

Table 4. Gain, $f_{-3dB}=1kHz$, LTC1064-2 Typical Response $V_S=\pm 5V$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, $f_{CLK}=100kHz$, Ratio = Pin 10 at V^- (fltr 100:1)

FREQUENCY (kHz)	GAIN (dB)
0.500	-0.279
1.000	-3.370
1.500	-27.500
2.000	-47.200
2.500	-62.300
3.000	-75.130
3.500	-86.090
4.000	-95.210
4.500	-103.030
5.000	-108.690
5.500	-114.830
6.000	-120.540
6.500	-114.750
7.000	-116.430
7.500	-120.790
8.000	-121.290
8.500	-119.970
9.000	-120.020
9.500	-125.170



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Table 5. Gain, f_{-3dB} = 20kHz, LTC1064-2 Typical Response V_S = $\pm 7.5V,\, T_A$ = 25°C, f_{CLK} = 1MHz, Ratio = Pin 10 at V+ (fltr 50:1)

FREQUENCY (kHz)	GAIN (dB)
10.000	-0.308
20.000	-3.350
30.000	-27.400
40.000	-47.100
50.000	-62.300
60.000	-74.890
70.000	-85.430
80.000	-95.070
90.000	-103.150
100.000	-108.700
110.000	-107.520
120.000	-108.030
130.000	-104.990
140.000	-106.090
150.000	-105.320

Table 7. Gain Non-Butterworth Response (Pin 10 to GND), LTC1064-2 Typical Response $V_S=\pm 5V,\ T_A=25^{\circ}C,\ f_{CLK}=100kHz$

FREQUENCY (kHz)	GAIN (dB)
0.500	-0.012
1.000	1.240
1.500	-14.690
2.000	-28.600
2.500	-41.100
3.000	-52.500
3.500	-62.800
4.000	-71.500
4.500	-79.370
5.000	-86.730
5.500	-93.340
6.000	-99.350
6.500	-105.270
7.000	-113.270
7.500	-114.600
8.000	-114.010
8.500	-122.810
9.000	-122.980
9.500	-119.450

Table 6. Gain, $f_{-3dB}=140kHz$, LTC1064-2 Typical Response $V_S=\pm7.5V$, $T_A=25^{\circ}C$, $f_{CLK}=7MHz$, Ratio = Pin 10 at V⁺ (fltr 50:1)

FREQUENCY (kHz)	GAIN (dB)
50.00	-0.238
60.00	-0.140
70.00	0.050
80.00	0.350
90.00	0.810
100.00	1.450
110.00	2.110
120.00	1.830
130.00	-0.700
140.00	-4.840
150.00	-9.350
160.00	-13.690
170.00	-17.760
180.00	-21.600
190.00	-25.200
200.00	-28.500
210.00	-31.800
220.00	-34.800
230.00	-37.700
240.00	-40.500
250.00	-43.200
260.00	-45.700
270.00	-48.200
280.00	-50.500
290.00	-52.700
300.00	-54.900

TECHNOLOGY TECHNOLOGY

PIN FUNCTIONS (Pin Numbers Refer to the 14-Pin Package)

NC (Pins 1, 6, 8 and 13): The "no connection" pins should be preferably grounded. These pins are not internally connected.

V_{IN}, **V_{OUT}** (**Pins 2, 9**): The input Pin 2 is connected to an 18k resistor tied to the inverting input of an op amp. Pin 2 is protected against static discharge. The device's output, Pin 9, is the output of an op amp which can typically source/sink 3mA/1mA. Although the internal op amps are unity gain stable, driving long coax cables is not recommended.

When testing the device for noise and distortion, the output, Pin 9, should be buffered. (Figure 1) *The op amp power supply wire (or trace) should be connected directly to the power source. To eliminate switching transients from filter output, buffer filter output with a third order lowpass (Figure 5).*

AGND (Pins 3, 5): For dual supply operation these pins should be connected to a ground plane. For single supply operation both pins should be tied to one half supply, (Figure 3).

V+, **V**⁻ (**Pins 4, 12**): Should be bypassed with a 0.1μF capacitor to an adequate AGND. Low noise, nonswitching power supplies are recommended. *To avoid latchup when the power supplies exhibit high turn-on transients, a 1N5817 Schottky diode should be added from the V⁺ and V⁻ pins to ground (Figures 1, 2 and 3).*

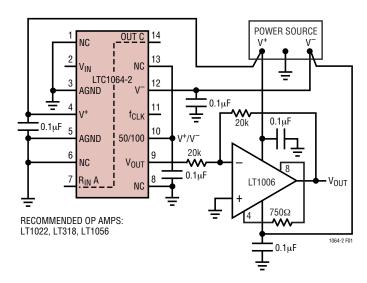
R_{IN} A, OUT C (Pins 7, 14): A very short connection between Pin 7 and Pin 14 is recommended. This connection should be preferably done under the IC package. In a breadboard use a one inch, or less, shielded coaxial cable: the shield should be grounded. In a PC board, use a one inch trace or less; surround the trace by a ground plane.

50/100 (Pin 10): The DC level at this pin determines the ratio of clock frequency to the -3dB frequency of the filter. The ratio is 50:1 when Pin 10 is at V⁺ and 100:1 when Pin 10 is at V⁻. This pin should be bypassed with a $0.1\mu F$ capacitor to analog ground when it's connected to V⁻ or V⁺ (Figure 1). See Tables 1 through 7 for typical gain and delay responses for the two ratios.

f_{CLK} (**Pin 11**): For ± 5 V supplies the logic threshold level is 1.4V. For ± 8 V and 0V to 5V supplies the logic threshold levels are 2.2V and 3V respectively. The logic threshold levels vary ± 100 mV over the full military temperature range. The recommended duty cycle of the input clock is 50% although for clock frequencies below 500kHz the clock "on" time can be as low as 200ns. The maximum clock frequency for ± 5 V supplies is 4MHz. For ± 7 V supplies and above, the maximum clock frequency is 7MHz. Do not allow the clock levels to exceed the power supplies. For single supply operation ≥ 6 V use level shifting at Pin 11 with T²L levels (Figure 4).



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



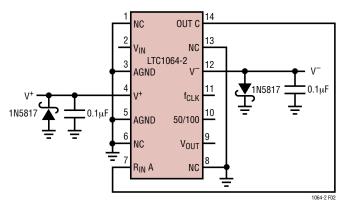


Figure 2. Using Schottky Diodes to Protect the IC from Transient Supply Reversal.

Figure 1. Buffering the Filter Output. The Buffer Op Amp Should Not Share the LTC1064-2 Power Lines.

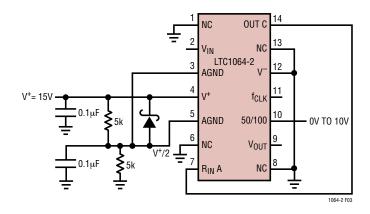


Figure 3. Single Supply Operation. If Fast Power Up or Down Transients are Expected, Use a 1N5817 Schottky Diode Between Pin 4 and Pin 5. For $V^+ = 5V$, Derive the Mid-Supply Voltage with a 7.5k Resistor and an LT1004 2.5V Reference.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

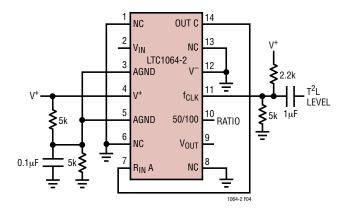


Figure 4. Level Shifting the Input T^2L Clock for Single Supply Operation $\geq 6V$.

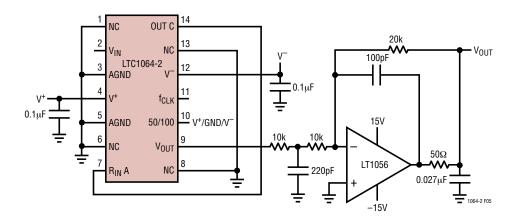
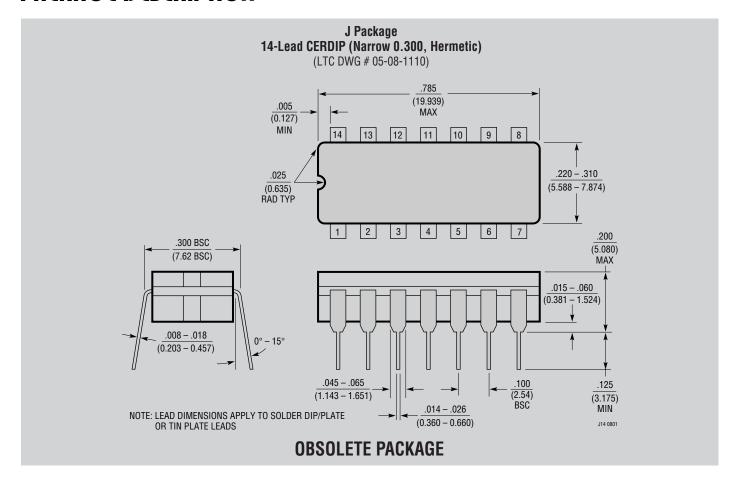


Figure 5. Adding an Output Buffer-Filter to Eliminate Any Clock Feedthrough. Passband $\pm 0.1 \text{dB}$ to 50kHz, -3 dB at 94kHz.

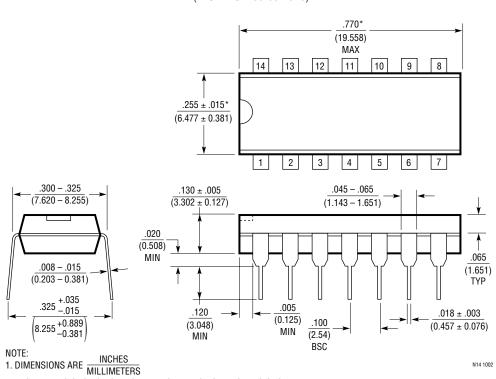
PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

N Package 14-Lead PDIP (Narrow 0.300)

(LTC DWG # 05-08-1510)

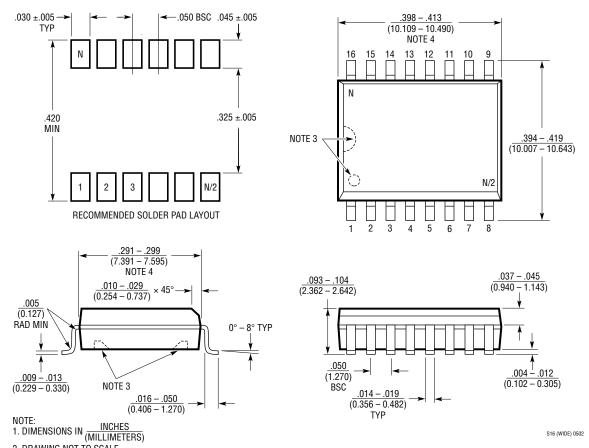


^{*}THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .010 INCH (0.254mm)

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

SW Package 16-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Wide .300 Inch)

(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1620)



- 2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
- 3. PIN 1 IDENT, NOTCH ON TOP AND CAVITIES ON THE BOTTOM OF PACKAGES ARE THE MANUFACTURING OPTIONS.
- THE PART MAY BE SUPPLIED WITH OR WITHOUT ANY OF THE OPTIONS 4. THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .006" (0.15mm)

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Active Filters category:

Click to view products by Analog Devices manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

VEMI256A-SD2-G4-08 HMC894LP5ETR HMC896LP4ETR HMC891LP5ETR MAX7491CEE+ MAX7413CUA+ MAX7411CUA+ MAX281AEWE+ MAX280EPA+ MAX274AENG+ LTC1064-3CSW#PBF LTC1060ACN#PBF LTC1069-1IS8#PBF LTC1164-6CSW#PBF LTC1064-2CSW#PBF LTC1569CS8-7#PBF LTC1164ACSW#PBF LTC1067-50CS#PBF LTC1164-6CN#PBF LTC1059CN#PBF LTC1069-1CN8#PBF LTC1069-7IS8#PBF LTC1069-6CS8#PBF LTC1562IG-2#PBF LTC1164-5CSW#PBF LTC1566-1CS8#PBF LTC1064-7CN#PBF LTC1063CN8#PBF LTC1062CN8#PBF LTC6603IUF#PBF LTC1061ACN#PBF LTC1061CN#PBF LTC1264CN#PBF LTC1562ACG#PBF LTC1562AIG#PBF LTC1064-3CN#PBF HMC890ALP5E HMC892ALP5E HMC891ALP5E HMC882ALP5E HMC881ALP5E ADMV8420ACPZ ADMV8432ACPZ HMC881LP5ETR HMC882LP5ETR HMC1000LP5ETR LTC1068IN#PBF LTC1566-1IS8#PBF LTC1569IS8-6#PBF LTC1069-1CS8#PBF