

Micropower Precision Triple Supply Monitors in 8-Lead MSOP and 5-Lead SOT-23 Packages DESCRIPTION

### FEATURES

ANALOG DEVICES

- Monitors Three Inputs Simultaneously LTC1727-5: 5V, 3.3V and ADJ LTC1727-2.5: 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ LTC1728-5: 5V, 3.3V and ADJ LTC1728-2.5: 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ LTC1728-1.8: 3V, 1.8V and ADJ LTC1728-3.3: 3.3V, 1.8V and ADJ
- ±1.5% Threshold Accuracy Over Temperature

OWER BY

- Very Low Supply Current: 10µA Typ
- 200ms Reset Time Delay
- Active Low RESET Output
- Power Supply Glitch Immunity
- Guaranteed RESET for V<sub>CC3</sub> ≥ 1V or V<sub>CC5</sub>/V<sub>CC25</sub>/V<sub>CC18</sub> ≥ 1V
- LTC1727 Includes Monitor Output for Each Supply
- LTC1727: 8-Lead MSOP and SO Packages
- LTC1728: 5-Lead SOT-23 Package

#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Desktop Computers
- Notebook Computers
- Intelligent Instruments
- Portable Battery-Powered Equipment
- Network Servers

The LTC®1727 is a triple supply monitor intended for systems with multiple supply voltages. Each supply monitor has its own open-drain output for individual supply monitoring. A common open-drain reset output remains low until all three supplies have been in compliance for 200ms. Tight 1.5% accuracy specifications and glitch immunity ensure reliable reset operation without false triggering.

The LTC1728 is functionally identical to the LTC1727 without the individual monitor outputs.

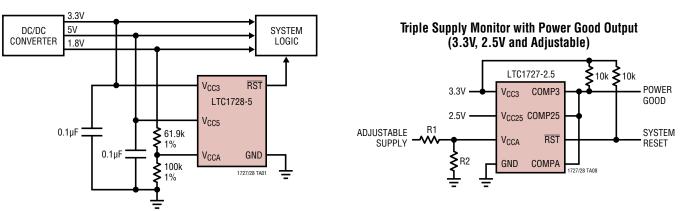
The RST output is guaranteed to be in the correct state for  $V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}/V_{CC18}$  or  $V_{CC3}$  down to 1V. The LTC1727/ LTC1728 may also be configured to monitor any one or two  $V_{CC}$  inputs instead of three, depending on system requirements.

Very low (10µA typical) supply current makes the LTC1727/ LTC1728 ideal for power conscious systems.

The LTC1727 is available in an 8-lead MSOP or SO package and the LTC1728 is available in a 5-lead SOT-23 package.

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### TYPICAL APPLICATION



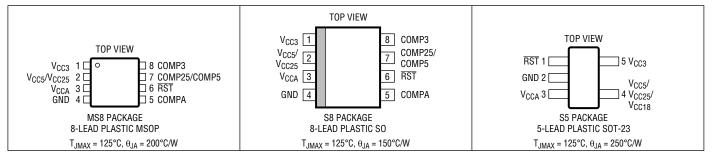
## **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS** (Notes 1, 2)

V <sub>CC3</sub> , V <sub>CC5</sub> /V <sub>CC25</sub> /V <sub>CC18</sub> , V <sub>CCA</sub>	-0.3V to 7V
RST	
COMPA, COMP3, COMP25/COMP5	
(MS8 and SO-8 Only)	0.3V to 7V

Operating Temperature Range	
LTC1727/LTC1728E (Note 3)	– 40°C to 85°C
LTC1728H	40°C to 125°C
LTC17271	40°C to 85°C

Storage Temperature Range..... -65°C to 150°C Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) ...... 300°C

## PIN CONFIGURATION



# **ORDER INFORMATION**

LEAD FREE FINISH	TAPE AND REEL	PART MARKING*	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE
LTC1727EMS8-2.5#PBF	LTC1727EMS8-2.5#TRPBF	LTHY	8-Lead Plastic MSOP	-40°C to 85°C
LTC1727EMS8-5#PBF	LTC1727EMS8-5#TRPBF	LTHX	8-Lead Plastic MSOP	-40°C to 85°C
LTC1727ES8-2.5#PBF	LTC1727ES8-2.5#TRPBF	172725	8-Lead Plastic SO	-40°C to 85°C
LTC1727IS8-2.5#PBF	LTC1727IS8-2.5#TRPBF	727125	8-Lead Plastic SO	-40°C to 85°C
LTC1727ES8-5#PBF	LTC1727ES8-5#TRPBF	17275	8-Lead Plastic SO	-40°C to 85°C
LTC1727IS8-5#PBF	LTC1727IS8-5#TRPBF	172715	8-Lead Plastic SO	-40°C to 85°C
LTC1728ES5-1.8#PBF	LTC1728ES5-1.8#TRPBF	LTPH	8-Lead Plastic SOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LTC1728ES5-2.5#PBF	LTC1728ES5-2.5#TRPBF	LTIA	8-Lead Plastic SOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LTC1728ES5-3.3#PBF	LTC1728ES5-3.3#TRPBF	LTYP	8-Lead Plastic SOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LTC1728ES5-5#PBF	LTC1728ES5-5#TRPBF	LTHZ	8-Lead Plastic SOT-23	-40°C to 85°C
LTC1728HS5-5#PBF	LTC1728HS5-5#TRPBF	LTHZ	8-Lead Plastic SOT-23	-40°C to 125°C

Contact the factory for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges. \*The temperature grade is identified by a label on the shipping container. Tape and reel specifications. Some packages are available in 500 unit reels through designated sales channels with #TRMPBF suffix.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** All except LTC1728-1.8/LTC1728-3.3. The  $\bullet$  denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. V<sub>CC3</sub> = 3.3V, V<sub>CC5</sub> = 5V, V<sub>CC25</sub> = 2.5V, V<sub>CC4</sub> = V<sub>CC3</sub> unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V <sub>RT3</sub>	Reset Threshold V <sub>CC3</sub>	V <sub>CC3</sub> Input Threshold	٠	3.036	3.086	3.135	V
V <sub>RT5</sub>	Reset Threshold V <sub>CC5</sub>	V <sub>CC5</sub> Input Threshold (5V Version)	٠	4.600	4.675	4.750	V
V <sub>RT25</sub>	Reset Threshold V <sub>CC25</sub>	V <sub>CC25</sub> Input Threshold (2.5V Version)	٠	2.300	2.338	2.375	V
V <sub>RTA</sub>	Reset Threshold V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> Input Threshold	٠	0.985	1.000	1.015	V
V <sub>CCOP</sub>	V <sub>CC3</sub> , V <sub>CC5</sub> /V <sub>CC25</sub> Operating Voltage	RST, COMP3, COMP5, COMP25 in Correct Logic State	٠	1		7	V
V <sub>CCOPA</sub>	$V_{CC3}$ , $V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}$ Operating Voltage	Minimum Supply Voltage to Guarantee COMPA in Correct Logic State	•		2	2.3	V
I <sub>VCC3</sub>	V <sub>CC3</sub> Supply Current	$V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} > V_{CC3}$ $V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} < V_{CC3}$ , $V_{CC3} = 3.3V$ (Note 4)	••		1 10	2 20	μA μA
I <sub>VCC25</sub>	V <sub>CC25</sub> Supply Current	$V_{CC25} < V_{CC3}, V_{CC25} = 2.5V$ (Note 4)	٠		1	2	μA
I <sub>VCC5</sub>	V <sub>CC5</sub> Supply Current	$V_{CC5} = 5V$ , $V_{CC3} < V_{CC5}$	٠		10	20	μA
I <sub>VCCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> Input Current	V <sub>CCA</sub> = 1V -40°C < T <sub>A</sub> < 125°C	•	-15 -20	0 0	15 50	nA nA
t <sub>RST</sub>	Reset Pulse Width	$\overline{RST}$ Low with 10k Pull-Up to $V_{CC3}$ (Note 5) $-40^{\circ}C < T_A < 125^{\circ}C$	•	140 140	200	280 350	ms ms
t <sub>UV</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage Detect to RST or COMPX	V <sub>CC5</sub> , V <sub>CC25</sub> , V <sub>CC3</sub> or V <sub>CCA</sub> Less Than Reset Threshold V <sub>RT</sub> by More Than 1% (Note 5)			110		μs
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Voltage Low, RST, COMPX	$      I_{SINK} = 2.5mA, V_{CC3} = 3V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 0V \\       I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 0V \\       I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 0V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V \\       I_{SINK} = 100\muA, V_{CC3} = 1V, V_{CC5}/V_{CC25} = 1V $	•		0.15 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.3	V V V V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output Voltage High, RST, COMPX (Note 6)	I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 1µA	•	V <sub>CC3</sub> – 1			V
LTC1727-	5/LTC1728-5 Only						
V <sub>OVR</sub>	V <sub>CC5</sub> Reset Override Voltage (Note 7)	Override V <sub>CC5</sub> Ability to Assert RST		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	V <sub>CC3</sub> ±0.02	5	V

LTC1728-1.8 The  $\bullet$  denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C.  $V_{CC3} = 3V$ ,  $V_{CC18} = 1.8V$ ,  $V_{CCA} = V_{CC3}$  unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V <sub>RT3</sub>	Reset Threshold V <sub>CC3</sub>	V <sub>CC3</sub> Input Threshold		2.760	2.805	2.850	V
V <sub>RT18</sub>	Reset Threshold V <sub>CC18</sub>	V <sub>CC18</sub> Input Threshold	•	1.656	1.683	1.710	V
V <sub>RTA</sub>	Reset Threshold V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> Input Threshold		0.985	1.000	1.015	V
V <sub>CCOP</sub>	V <sub>CC3</sub> , V <sub>CC18</sub> Operating Voltage	RST in Correct Logic State	•	1		7	V
I <sub>VCC3</sub>	V <sub>CC3</sub> Supply Current	$V_{CC18} > V_{CC3}$ $V_{CC18} < V_{CC3}$ , $V_{CC3} = 3V$ (Note 4)	•		1 10	2 20	μΑ μΑ
I <sub>VCC18</sub>	V <sub>CC18</sub> Supply Current	V <sub>CC18</sub> < V <sub>CC3</sub> , V <sub>CC18</sub> = 1.8V (Note 4)	•		1	2	μA
I <sub>VCCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> Input Current	V <sub>CCA</sub> = 1V		-15	0	15	nA
t <sub>RST</sub>	Reset Pulse Width	RST Low (Note 5)		140	200	280	ms
t <sub>UV</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage Detect to RST	$V_{CC18}, V_{CC3}$ or $V_{CCA}$ Less Than Reset (Note 5) Threshold $V_{RT}$ by More Than 1%			110		μs
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Voltage Low, RST	$ \begin{array}{l} I_{SINK} = 2.5mA,  V_{CC3} = 3V,  V_{CC18} = 0V \\ I_{SINK} = 100 \mu A,  V_{CC3} = 1V,  V_{CC18} = 0V \\ I_{SINK} = 100 \mu A,  V_{CC3} = 0V,  V_{CC18} = 1V \\ I_{SINK} = 100 \mu A,  V_{CC3} = 1V,  V_{CC18} = 1V \end{array} $	• • •		0.15 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.3	V V V V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output Voltage High, RST	I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 1µA (Note 6)		V <sub>CC3</sub> – 1			V

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

LTC1728-3.3 The  $\bullet$  denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. V<sub>CC3</sub> = 3.3V, V<sub>CC18</sub> = 1.8V, V<sub>CCA</sub> = V<sub>CC3</sub> unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V <sub>RT3</sub>	Reset Threshold V <sub>CC3</sub>	V <sub>CC3</sub> Input Threshold		3.036	3.086	3.135	V
V <sub>RT18</sub>	Reset Threshold V <sub>CC18</sub>	V <sub>CC18</sub> Input Threshold	•	1.656	1.683	1.710	V
V <sub>RTA</sub>	Reset Threshold V <sub>CCA</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> Input Threshold	•	0.985	1.000	1.015	V
V <sub>CCOP</sub>	V <sub>CC3</sub> , V <sub>CC18</sub> Operating Voltage	RST in Correct Logic State	•	1		7	V
I <sub>VCC3</sub>	V <sub>CC3</sub> Supply Current	$V_{CC18} > V_{CC3}$ $V_{CC18} < V_{CC3}$ , $V_{CC3} = 3.3V$ (Note 4)	•		1 10	2 20	μA μA
I <sub>VCC18</sub>	V <sub>CC18</sub> Supply Current	$V_{CC18} < V_{CC3}, V_{CC18} = 1.8V$ (Note 4)			1	2	μA
IVCCA	V <sub>CCA</sub> Input Current	V <sub>CCA</sub> = 1V	•	-15	0	15	nA
t <sub>RST</sub>	Reset Pulse Width	RST Low (Note 5)	•	140	200	280	ms
t <sub>UV</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Undervoltage Detect to RST	$V_{CC18}, V_{CC3} \mbox{ or } V_{CCA}$ Less Than Reset (Note 5) Threshold $V_{RT}$ by More Than 1%			110		μs
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Voltage Low, RST	$ \begin{array}{l} I_{SINK} = 2.5 m \text{A}, \ V_{CC3} = 3.3 \text{V}, \ V_{CC18} = 0 \text{V} \\ I_{SINK} = 100 \mu \text{A}, \ V_{CC3} = 1 \text{V}, \ V_{CC18} = 0 \text{V} \\ I_{SINK} = 100 \mu \text{A}, \ V_{CC3} = 0 \text{V}, \ V_{CC18} = 1 \text{V} \\ I_{SINK} = 100 \mu \text{A}, \ V_{CC3} = 1 \text{V}, \ V_{CC18} = 1 \text{V} \end{array} $	• • •		0.15 0.05 0.05 0.05	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.3	V V V V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output Voltage High, RST	I <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 1µA (Note 6)		V <sub>CC3</sub> – 1			V

**Note 1:** Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

Note 2: All voltage values are with respect to GND.

**Note 3:** The LTC1727E/LTC1728E are guaranteed to meet specified performance from 0°C to 70°C and are designed, characterized and assured to meet the extended temperature limits of -40°C to 85°C but are not tested at these temperatures.

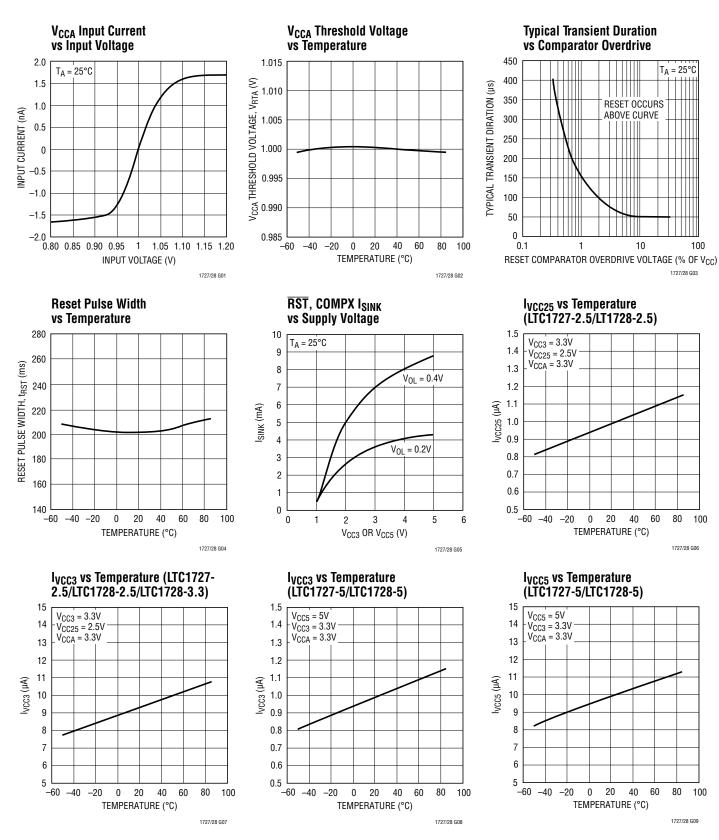
Note 4: Both  $V_{CC3}$  and  $V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}/V_{CC18}$  can act as the supply depending on which pin has the greatest potential.

**Note 5:** Measured from when input passes through the input threshold  $(V_{RTX})$  until  $\overrightarrow{RST}$  or COMPX passes through 1.5V.

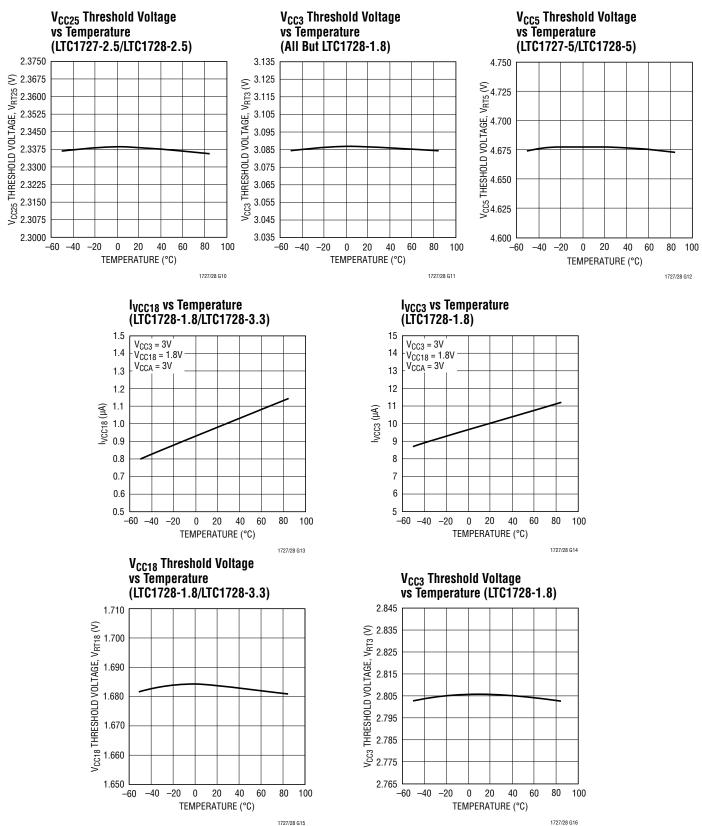
**Note 6:** The output pins  $\overline{\text{RST}}$  and COMPX have internal pull-ups to V<sub>CC3</sub> of typically 6µA. However, external pull-up resistors may be used when faster rise times are required or for V<sub>OH</sub> voltages greater than V<sub>CC3</sub>.

**Note 7:** The V<sub>CC5</sub> reset override voltage is valid for an operating range less than approximately 4.15V. Above this point the override is turned off and the V<sub>CC5</sub> pin functions normally.

## **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**



# **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS**



#### PIN FUNCTIONS (LTC1727/LTC1728)

**V<sub>CC3</sub> (Pin 1/Pin 5):** 3.3V Sense Input and Power Supply Pin. (3V Sense Input and Power Supply Pin for LTC1728-1.8.) This pin provides power to the part when the voltage on V<sub>CC3</sub> is greater than the voltage on V<sub>CC5</sub>/V<sub>CC25</sub>/V<sub>CC18</sub>. Bypass to ground with a ≥ 0.1µF ceramic capacitor.

**V<sub>CC5</sub> (Pin 2/Pin 4):** 5V Sense Input and Power Supply Pin. This pin is used on the LTC1727-5/LTC1728-5 to provide power to the part when the voltage on V<sub>CC5</sub> is greater than the voltage on V<sub>CC3</sub>. Bypass to ground with a ≥0.1µF ceramic capacitor.

**V<sub>CC25</sub> (Pin 2/Pin 4):** 2.5V Sense Input and Power Supply Pin. This pin is used on the LTC1727-2.5/LTC1728-2.5 to provide power to the part when the voltage on V<sub>CC25</sub> is greater than the voltage on V<sub>CC3</sub>. Bypass to ground with a ≥0.1µF ceramic capacitor.

**V<sub>CC18</sub> (Pin 2/Pin 4):** 1.8V Sense Input and Power Supply Pin. This pin is used on the LTC1728-1.8/LTC1728-3.3 to provide power to the part when the voltage on V<sub>CC18</sub> is greater than the voltage on V<sub>CC3</sub>. Bypass to ground with  $a \ge 0.1 \mu$ F ceramic capacitor.

 $V_{CCA}$  (Pin 3/Pin 3): 1V Sense, High Impedance Input. If unused, it can be tied to either  $V_{CC3}$  or  $V_{CC5}/V_{CC25}/V_{CC18}$ .

GND (Pin 4/Pin 2): Ground.

**COMPA (Pin 5):**  $V_{CCA}$  Comparator Output for the LTC1727. Active high, open-drain logic output with weak pull-up to  $V_{CC3}$ . Asserted when  $V_{CCA}$  is above  $V_{RTA}$ . Deasserted when  $V_{CC4}$  is below  $V_{RTA}$  or if both the  $V_{CC3}$  and  $V_{CC5}$  supply pins are too low to power the internal bandgap reference (typically <2.0V). Can be pulled greater than  $V_{CC3}$  using an external pull-up.

**RST** (Pin 6/Pin 1): Reset Logic Output. Active low, opendrain logic output with weak pull-up to  $V_{CC3}$ . Can be pulled up greater than  $V_{CC3}$  when interfacing to 5V logic. Asserted when one or all of the supplies are below trip thresholds and held for 200ms after all supplies become valid.

**COMP5 (Pin 7):**  $V_{CC5}$  Comparator Output for the LTC1727-5. Active high, open-drain logic output with weak pull-up to  $V_{CC3}$ . Asserted when  $V_{CC5}$  is above  $V_{RT5}$ . Can be pulled greater than  $V_{CC3}$  using an external pull-up.

**COMP25 (Pin 7):**  $V_{CC25}$  Comparator Output for the LTC1727-2.5. Active high, open-drain logic output with weak pull-up to  $V_{CC3}$ . Asserted when  $V_{CC25}$  is above  $V_{RT25}$ . Can be pulled greater than  $V_{CC3}$  using an external pull-up.

**COMP3 (Pin 8):**  $V_{CC3}$  Comparator Output for the LTC1727. Active high, open-drain logic output with weak pull-up to  $V_{CC3}$ . Asserted when  $V_{CC3}$  is above  $V_{RT3}$ . Can be pulled greater than  $V_{CC3}$  using an external pull-up.

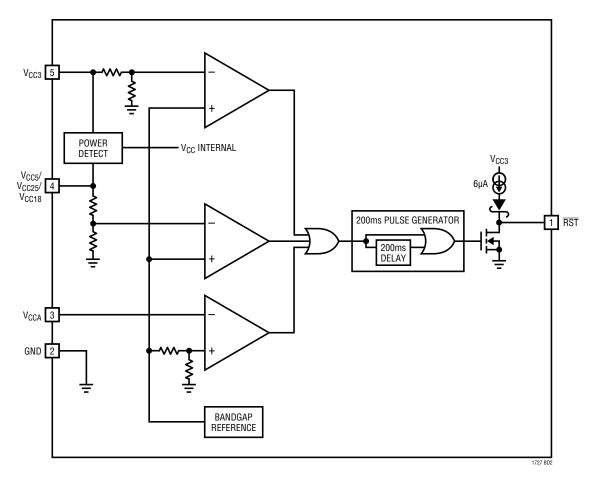
# **BLOCK DIAGRAMS**

V<sub>CC3</sub> 6µA ₽ 8 COMP3 V<sub>CC3</sub> 1 <u>}</u> POWER DETECT V<sub>CC</sub> INTERNAL 6μ V<sub>CC5</sub>/ V<sub>CC25</sub> 2 COMP25/ 6µA 200ms PULSE GENERATOR 7 6 RST V<sub>CCA</sub> 3 **•** 200ms DELAY GND 4 Į V<sub>CC3</sub> 6uA 5 COMPA BANDGAP REFERENCE 1727 BD1

LTC1727-5/LTC1727-2.5

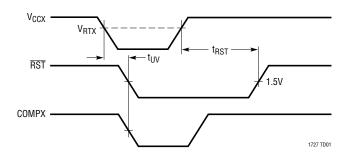
### **BLOCK DIAGRAMS**





### TIMING DIAGRAM

V<sub>CC</sub> Monitor Timing



# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

#### Supply Monitoring

The LTC1727 is a low power, high accuracy triple supply monitoring circuit with three monitor outputs and a 200ms microprocessor reset output.

The LTC1728 is a low power, high accuracy triple supply monitoring circuit with a single 200ms microprocessor reset output.

All three  $V_{CC}$  inputs must be above predetermined thresholds for reset not to be invoked. The LTC1727/LTC1728 will assert reset during power-up, power-down and brownout conditions on any one or all of the  $V_{CC}$  inputs.

#### **Power Detect**

The LTC1727/LTC1728 are powered from the 3.3V/3V input pin (V<sub>CC3</sub>), the 1.8V input pin (V<sub>CC18</sub>), the 2.5V input pin (V<sub>CC25</sub>) or the 5V input pin (V<sub>CC5</sub>), whichever pin has the highest potential. This ensures the part pulls the  $\overline{\text{RST}}$  pin low as soon as either input pin is  $\geq$  1V.

#### Power-Up

Upon power-up, either the V<sub>CC5</sub>/V<sub>CC25</sub>/V<sub>CC18</sub> or V<sub>CC3</sub> pin, can power the part. This ensures that RST will be low when either V<sub>CC5</sub>/V<sub>CC25</sub>/V<sub>CC18</sub> or V<sub>CC3</sub> reaches 1V. As long as any one of the V<sub>CC</sub> inputs is below its predetermined threshold, RST will stay a logic low. Once all of the V<sub>CC</sub> inputs rise above their thresholds, an internal timer is started and RST is released after 200ms.

 $\overline{\text{RST}}$  is reasserted whenever any one of the V<sub>CC</sub> inputs drops below its predetermined threshold and remains asserted until 200ms after all of the V<sub>CC</sub> inputs are above their thresholds.

On the LTC1727, each of the comparator outputs will be low until the V<sub>CC</sub> input that is monitored by that comparator rises above the appropriate predetermined threshold. The COMP3, and COMP5/COMP25 outputs are guaranteed to be in the correct logic state for either V<sub>CC3</sub> or V<sub>CC5</sub>/V<sub>CC25</sub> greater than 1V. The COMPA output requires the internal bandgap reference to be valid before the correct logic state can be output. Therefore, the COMPA output will be held low until V<sub>CCA</sub> is above 1V and V<sub>CC3</sub> or V<sub>CC5</sub>/V<sub>CC25</sub> is greater than 2V (typ).

#### Power-Down

On power-down, once any of the V<sub>CC</sub> inputs drop below its threshold,  $\overline{RST}$  is held at a logic low. A logic low of 0.3V is guaranteed until both V<sub>CC3</sub> and V<sub>CC5</sub>/V<sub>CC25</sub>/V<sub>CC18</sub> drop below 1V.

#### **Glitch Immunity**

The  $\overline{\text{RST}}$  output of the LTC1727/LTC1728 have two forms of glitch immunity built in. First, the input monitors require the input voltage to transition at least 10% of the input threshold (0.1 • V<sub>RTH</sub>) below the input threshold for approximately 50µs in order to force the monitor output low. The duration of the transition must be longer for voltage transitions of lesser magnitude (see Figure 1). Secondly, the reset pulse width of approximately 200ms acts to debounce the RST output ensuring that the RST output will always be in the correct state.

The individual monitor outputs of the LTC1727 do not have hysteresis and will track the monitor inputs relative to the monitor's input threshold ( $V_{RTA}$ ,  $V_{RT25}$ ,  $V_{RT3}$  and  $V_{RT5}$ ). A very slow moving input voltage with ripple riding on it may cause the individual monitor outputs (COMPA, COMP25, COMP3 and COMP5) to toggle on the ripple as the input voltage passes the input threshold. The slow response time of the LTC1727's input monitors has a tendency to integrate signals on the inputs improving their immunity to noise and ripple.

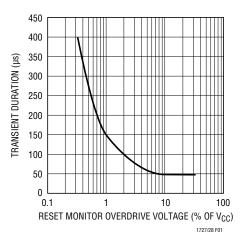


Figure 1. Transient Duration vs Comparator Overdrive

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

#### **Override Functions (5V Versions Only)**

The V<sub>CCA</sub> pin, if unused, can be tied to either V<sub>CC3</sub> or V<sub>CC5</sub>. This is an obvious solution since the trip points for V<sub>CC3</sub> and V<sub>CC5</sub> will always be greater than the trip point for V<sub>CCA</sub>.

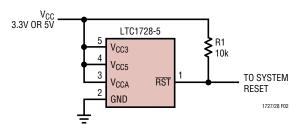
The V<sub>CC5</sub> input trip point is disabled if its voltage is equal to the voltage on V<sub>CC3</sub>  $\pm$  25mV and the voltage on V<sub>CC5</sub> is less than 4.15V. In this manner, the LTC1727-5/LTC1728-5 will behave as a 3.3V monitor and V<sub>CC5</sub> reset capability will be disabled.

The V<sub>CC5</sub> trip point is reenabled when the voltage on V<sub>CC5</sub> is equal to the voltage on V<sub>CC3</sub>  $\pm$ 25mV and the two inputs are greater than approximately 4.15V. In this manner, the part can function as a 5V monitor with the 3.3V monitor disabled.

When monitoring either 3.3V or 5V with V<sub>CC3</sub> strapped to V<sub>CC5</sub> (see Figure 2), the part determines which is the appropriate range. The part handles this situation as shown in Figure 3. Above 1V and below V<sub>RT3</sub>, RST is held low. From V<sub>RT3</sub> to approximately 4.15V the part assumes 3.3V supply monitoring and RST is deasserted. Above approximately 4.15V the part operates as a 5V monitor. In most systems the 5V supply will pass through the 3.1V to 4.15V region in <200ms during power-up, and the RST output will behave as desired. Table 1 summarizes the state of RST at various operating voltages with V<sub>CC3</sub> = V<sub>CC5</sub>.

#### Table 1. Override Truth Table ( $V_{CC3} = V_{CC5}$ )

$\overline{\text{INPUTS} (V_{CC3} = V_{CC5} = V_{CC})}$	RST
$\overline{0V \le V_{CC} \le 1V}$	-
$1V \le V_{CC} \le V_{RT3}$	0
$V_{RT3} \le V_{CC} \le 4.15V$	1
$4.15V \le V_{CC} \le V_{RT5}$	0
$V_{\text{RT5}} \leq V_{\text{CC}}$	1





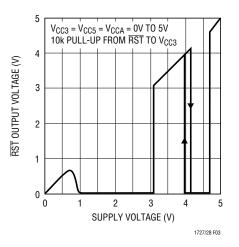
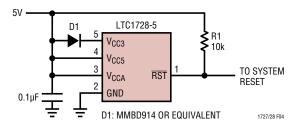


Figure 3. RST Voltage vs Supply Voltage

# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Figure 4 contains a simple circuit for 5V systems that can't risk the RST output going high in the 3.1V to 4.15V range (possibly due to very slow rise time on the 5V supply). Diode D1 powers the LTC1728-5 while dropping  $\approx 0.6V$  from the V<sub>CC5</sub> pin to the V<sub>CC3</sub> pin. This prevents the part's internal override circuit from being activated. Without the override circuit active, the RST pin stays low until V<sub>CC5</sub> reaches V<sub>RT5</sub>  $\cong$  4.675V. (See Figure 5.)





#### LTC1727-2.5/LTC1728-2.5/LTC1728-1.8/LTC1728-3.3 Override Functions

The V<sub>CCA</sub> pin, if unused, can be tied to either V<sub>CC3</sub> or V<sub>CC25</sub>/ V<sub>CC18</sub>. This is an obvious solution since the trip points for V<sub>CC3</sub> and V<sub>CC25</sub>/V<sub>CC18</sub> will always be greater than the trip point for V<sub>CC4</sub>. Likewise, the V<sub>CC25</sub>/V<sub>CC18</sub>, if unused, can be tied to V<sub>CC3</sub>. V<sub>CC3</sub> must always be used. Tying V<sub>CC3</sub> to V<sub>CC25</sub>/V<sub>CC18</sub> and operating off of a 2.5V/1.8V supply will result in the continuous assertion of RST.

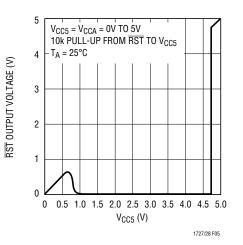
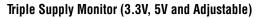
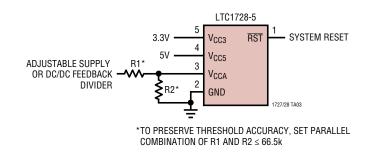


Figure 5. RST Output Voltage Characteristics of the Circuit in Figure 4

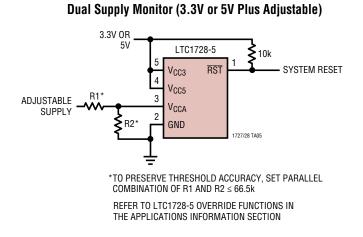
### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



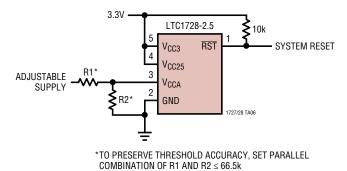


#### **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

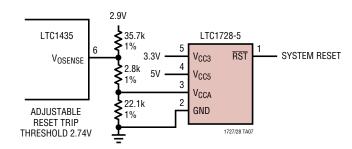
Dual Supply Monitor (3.3V and 5V, Defeat V<sub>CCA</sub> Input)



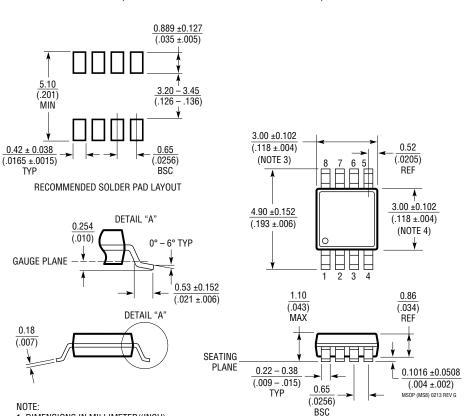
**Dual Supply Monitor (3.3V Plus Adjustable)** 



Using  $V_{CCA}$  Tied to DC/DC Feedback Divider



## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



**MS8** Package 8-Lead Plastic MSOP (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1660 Rev G)

1. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETER/(INCH)

2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.

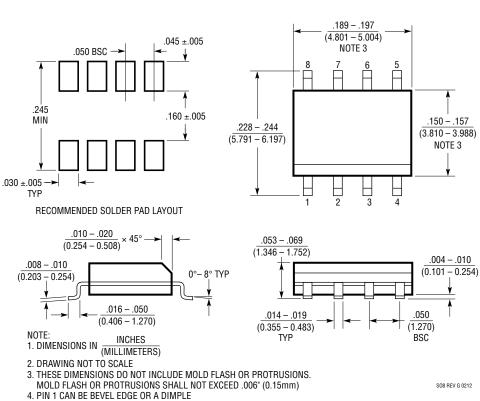
MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE

4. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.

INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE

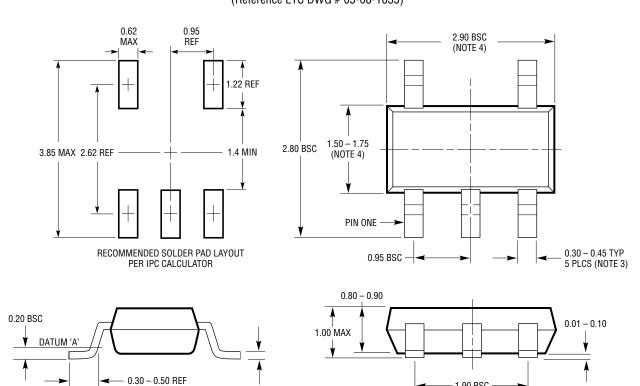
5. LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.102mm (.004") MAX

### PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



**S8** Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch) (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610 Rev G)

# PACKAGE DESCRIPTION



0.09 - 0.20 (NOTE 3)

1.90 BSC

S5 TSOT-23 0302

S5 Package 5-Lead Plastic TSOT-23 (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1635)

NOTE:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS 2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE

3. DIMENSIONS ARE INCLUSIVE OF PLATING

4. DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH AND METAL BURR

5. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.254mm

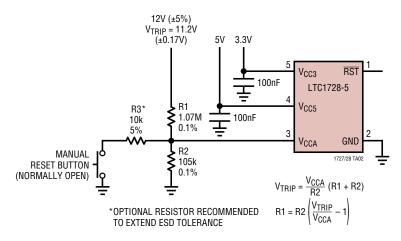
6. JEDEC PACKAGE REFERENCE IS MO-193

### **REVISION HISTORY** (Revision history begins at Rev C)

REV	DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE NUMBER
С	01/16	Updated package drawings.	14-16
D	10/16	Corrected maximum temperature for E-grade.	2
E	05/19	Corrected orderable part number (LTC1727EMS8-2.5#PBF $\rightarrow$ LTC1727EMS8-5#PBF)	2

# TYPICAL APPLICATION

#### Triple Supply Monitor with Manual Reset Button



# **RELATED PARTS**

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS	
LTC690	5V Supply Monitor, Watchdog Timer and Battery Backup	4.65V Threshold	
LTC694-3.3	3.3V Supply Monitor, Watchdog Timer and Battery Backup	2.9V Threshold	
LTC699	5V Supply Monitor and Watchdog Timer	4.65V Threshold	
LTC1232	5V Supply Monitor, Watchdog Timer and Push-Button Reset	4.37V/4.62V Threshold	
LTC1326	Micropower Precision Triple Supply Monitor for 5V, 3.3V and ADJ	4.725V, 3.118V, 1V Thresholds (±0.75%)	
LTC1326-2.5	Micropower Precision Triple Supply Monitor for 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ	2.363V, 3.118V, 1V Thresholds (±0.75%)	
LTC1443/LTC1444 LTC1445	Micropower Quad Comparators with 1% Reference	LTC1443 Has 1.182V Reference, LTC1444/LTC1445 Have 1.221V Reference and Adjustable Hysteresis	
LTC1536	Precision Triple Supply Monitor for PCI Applications	Meets PCI t <sub>FAIL</sub> Timing Specifications	
LTC1540	Nanopower Comparator with 2% Reference	1.182V Reference, 300nA Supply Current, 8-Pin MSOP	
LTC1726-2.5	Micropower Triple Supply Monitor for 2.5V, 3.3V and ADJ	Adjustable RESET and Watchdog Time Outs	
LTC1726-5	Micropower Triple Supply Monitor for 5V, 3.3V and ADJ	Adjustable RESET and Watchdog Time Outs	
LTC1985-1.8	Micropower Triple Supply Monitor for 3.3V, 1.8V and ADJ	Push-Pull RESET Output, SOT-23	



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