LINEAR TECHNOLOGY

LTC1860L/LTC1861L
µPower, 3V, 12-Bit, 150ksps
1- and 2-Channel ADCs in MSOP

FEATURES

- **12-Bit 150ksps ADCs in MSOP Package**
- Single 3V Supply
- Low Supply Current: 450µA (Typ)
- Auto Shutdown Reduces Supply Current to 10µA at 1ksps
- True Differential Inputs
- 1-Channel (LTC1860L) or 2-Channel (LTC1861L) Versions
- SPI/MICROWIRE™ Compatible Serial I/O
- High Speed Upgrade to LTC1285/LTC1288
- Pin Compatible with 16-Bit LTC1864L/LTC1865L
- No Minimum Data Transfer Rate

APPLICATIONS

- High Speed Data Acquisition
- Portable or Compact Instrumentation
- Low Power Battery-Operated Instrumentation
- Isolated and/or Remote Data Acquisition

DESCRIPTION

The LTC®1860L/LTC1861L are 12-bit A/D converters that are offered in MSOP and SO-8 packages and operate on a single 3V supply. At 150ksps, the supply current is only 450µA. The supply current drops at lower speeds because the LTC1860L/LTC1861L automatically power down between conversions. These 12-bit switched capacitor successive approximation ADCs include sample-and-holds. The LTC1860L has a differential analog input with an external reference pin. The LTC1861L offers a software-selectable 2-channel MUX and an external reference pin on the MSOP version.

The 3-wire, serial I/O, MSOP or SO-8 package and extremely high sample rate-to-power ratio make these ADCs ideal choices for compact, low power, high speed systems.

These ADCs can be used in ratiometric applications or with external references. The high impedance analog inputs and the ability to operate with reduced spans down to 1V full scale allow direct connection to signal sources in many applications, eliminating the need for external gain stages.
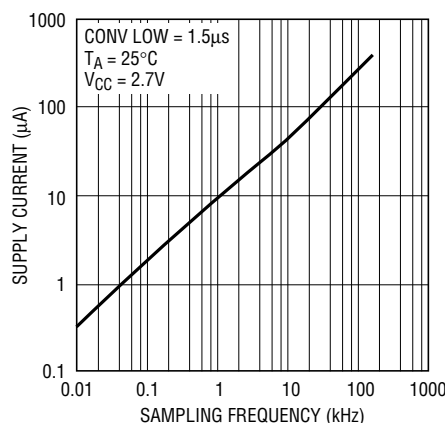
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MICROWIRE is a trademark of National Semiconductor Corporation.

TYPICAL APPLICATION

Single 3V Supply, 150ksps, 12-Bit Sampling ADC
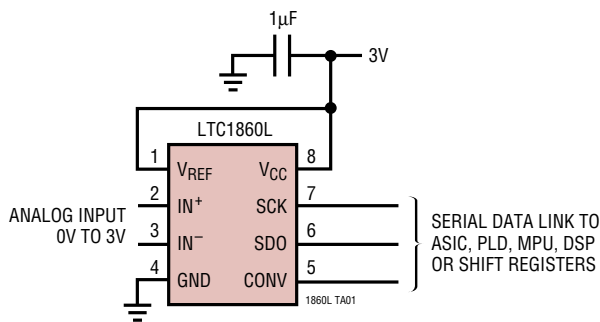
Supply Current vs Sampling Frequency

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Notes 1, 2)

Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) 7V
Ground Voltage Difference
   AGND, DGND LTC1861L MSOP Package .... ±0.3V
Analog Input .... (GND – 0.3V) to (V_{CC} + 0.3V)
Digital Input .... (GND – 0.3V) to 7V
Digital Output .... (GND – 0.3V) to (V_{CC} + 0.3V)

Power Dissipation 400mW
Operating Temperature Range
   LTC1860LC/LTC1861LC .... 0°C to 70°C
   LTC1860LI/LTC1861LI .... −40°C to 85°C
Storage Temperature Range .... −65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) .... 300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

TOP VIEW	ORDER PART NUMBER
V_{REF} 1 · 8 V_{CC} IN⁺ 2 · 7 SCK IN⁻ 3 · 6 SDO GND 4 · 5 CONV MS8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC MSOP T_{JMAX} = 150°C, θ_{JA} = 210°C/W	LTC1860LCMS8 LTC1860LIMS8
	MS8 PART MARKING
	LTD2 LTD3

TOP VIEW	ORDER PART NUMBER
CONV 1 · 10 V_{REF} CH0 2 · 9 V_{CC} CH1 3 · 8 SCK AGND 4 · 7 SDO DGND 5 · 6 SDI MS PACKAGE 10-LEAD PLASTIC MSOP T_{JMAX} = 150°C, θ_{JA} = 210°C/W	LTC1861LCMS LTC1861LIMS
	MS PART MARKING
	LTD4 LTD5

TOP VIEW	ORDER PART NUMBER
V_{REF} 1 · 8 V_{CC} IN⁺ 2 · 7 SCK IN⁻ 3 · 6 SDO GND 4 · 5 CONV S8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC SO T_{JMAX} = 150°C, θ_{JA} = 175°C/W	LTC1860LCS8 LTC1860LIS8
	S8 PART MARKING
	1860L 1860LI

TOP VIEW	ORDER PART NUMBER
CONV 1 · 8 V_{CC} CH0 2 · 7 SCK CH1 3 · 6 SDO GND 4 · 5 SDI S8 PACKAGE 8-LEAD PLASTIC SO T_{JMAX} = 150°C, θ_{JA} = 175°C/W	LTC1861LCS8 LTC1861LIS8
	S8 PART MARKING
	1861L 1861LI

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

CONVERTER AND MULTIPLEXER CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are T_A = 25°C.
V_{CC} = 2.7V, V_{REF} = 2.5V, f_{SCK} = $f_{SCK(MAX)}$ as defined in Recommended Operating Conditions, unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Resolution		●	12			Bits
No Missing Codes Resolution		●	12			Bits
INL	(Note 3)	●			±1	LSB
Transition Noise				0.13		LSB$_{RMS}$
Gain Error		●			±20	mV
Offset Error		●		±2	±5	mV
Input Differential Voltage Range	V_{IN} = IN⁺ − IN⁻	●	0		V_{REF}	V
Absolute Input Range	IN⁺ Input IN⁻ Input		−0.05 −0.05		V_{CC} + 0.05 V_{CC}/2	V V
V_{REF} Input Range	LTC1860L S0-8 and MSOP, LTC1861L MSOP		1		V_{CC}	V
Analog Input Leakage Current	(Note 4)	●			±1	µA
C_{IN} Input Capacitance	In Sample Mode During Conversion			12 5		pF pF

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DYNAMIC ACCURACY

$T_A = 25°C$. $V_{CC} = 3V$, $V_{REF} = 3V$, $f_{SAMPLE} = 150kHz$, unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
SNR	Signal-to-Noise Ratio			72		dB
S/(N + D)	Signal-to-Noise Plus Distortion Ratio	1kHz Input Signal		72		dB
THD	Total Hamonic Distortion Up to 5th Harmonic	1kHz Input Signal		86		dB
	Full Power Bandwidth			10		MHz
	Full Linear Bandwidth	S/(N + D) ≥ 68dB		30		kHz

DIGITAL AND DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS
The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are $T_A = 25°C$. $V_{CC} = 2.7V$, $V_{REF} = 2.5V$, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V_{IH}	High Level Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$	●	1.9			V
V_{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.7V$	●			0.45	V
I_{IH}	High Level Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$	●			2.5	µA
I_{IL}	Low Level Input Current	$V_{IN} = 0V$	●			−2.5	µA
V_{OH}	High Level Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.7V$, $I_O = 10µA$ $V_{CC} = 2.7V$, $I_O = 360µA$	● ●	2.3 2.1	2.6 2.45		V V
V_{OL}	Low Level Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.7V$, $I_O = 400µA$	●			0.3	V
I_{OZ}	Hi-Z Output Leakage	CONV = V_{CC}	●			±3	µA
I_{SOURCE}	Output Source Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V$			−6.5		mA
I_{SINK}	Output Sink Current	$V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$			6.5		mA
I_{REF}	Reference Current (LTC1860L SO-8, MSOP and LTC1861L MSOP)	CONV = V_{CC} $f_{SMPL} = f_{SMPL(MAX)}$	● ●		0.001 0.01	3 0.1	µA mA
I_{CC}	Supply Current	CONV = V_{CC} After Conversion $f_{SMPL} = f_{SMPL(MAX)}$	● ●		0.5 0.45	10 1.0	µA mA
P_D	Power Dissipation	$f_{SMPL} = f_{SMPL(MAX)}$			1.22		mW

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS
The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are $T_A = 25°C$.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage			2.7		3.6	V
f_{SCK}	Clock Frequency		●	DC		8	MHz
t_{CYC}	Total Cycle Time			12 • SCK + t_{CONV}			µs
t_{SMPL}	Analog Input Sampling Time (Note 5)	LTC1860L LTC1861L		12 10			SCK SCK
t_{suCONV}	Setup Time CONV↓ Before First SCK↑, (See Figure 1)			60			ns
t_{hDI}	Holdtime SDI After SCK↑	LTC1861L		30			ns
t_{suDI}	Setup Time SDI Stable Before SCK↑	LTC1861L		30			ns
t_{WHCLK}	SCK High Time	$f_{SCK} = f_{SCK(MAX)}$		45%			$1/f_{SCK}$
t_{WLCLK}	SCK Low Time	$f_{SCK} = f_{SCK(MAX)}$		45%			$1/f_{SCK}$
t_{WHCONV}	CONV High Time Between Data Transfer Cycles			t_{CONV}			µs
t_{WLCONV}	CONV Low Time During Data Transfer			12			SCK
t_{hCONV}	Hold Time CONV Low After Last SCK↑			26			ns

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TIMING CHARACTERISTICS
The ● denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are T_A = 25°C. V_{CC} = 2.7V, V_{REF} = 2.5V, f_{SCK} = $f_{SCK(MAX)}$ as defined in Recommended Operating Conditions, unless otherwise noted.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
t_{CONV}	Conversion Time (See Figure 1)		●		3.7	4.66	μs
$f_{SMPL(MAX)}$	Maximum Sampling Frequency		●	150			kHz
t_{dDO}	Delay Time, SCK↓ to SDO Data Valid	C_{LOAD} = 20pF	●		45	55 60	ns ns
t_{dis}	Delay Time, CONV↑ to SDO Hi-Z		●		55	120	ns
t_{en}	Delay Time, CONV↓ to SDO Enabled	C_{LOAD} = 20pF	●		35	120	ns
t_{hDO}	Time Output Data Remains Valid After SCK↓	C_{LOAD} = 20pF	●	5	15		ns
t_r	SDO Rise Time	C_{LOAD} = 20pF			25		ns
t_f	SDO Fall Time	C_{LOAD} = 20pF			12		ns

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

Note 2: All voltage values are with respect to GND.

Note 3: Integral nonlinearity is defined as deviation of a code from a straight line passing through the actual endpoints of the transfer curve. The deviation is measured from the center of the quantization band.

Note 4: Channel leakage current is measured while the part is in sample mode.

Note 5: Assumes f_{SCK} = $f_{SCK(MAX)}$. In the case of the LTC1860L SCK does not have to be clocked during this time if the SDO data word is not desired. In the case of the LTC1861L a minimum of 2 clocks are required on the SCK input after CONV falls to configure the MUX during this time.
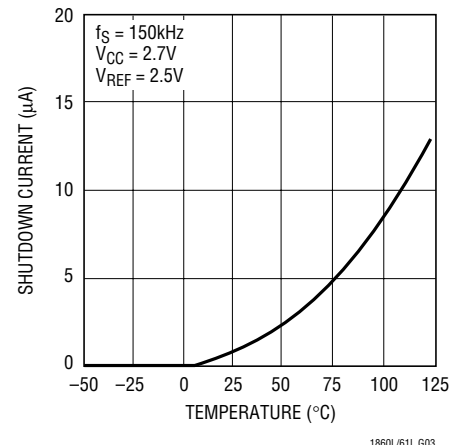
TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

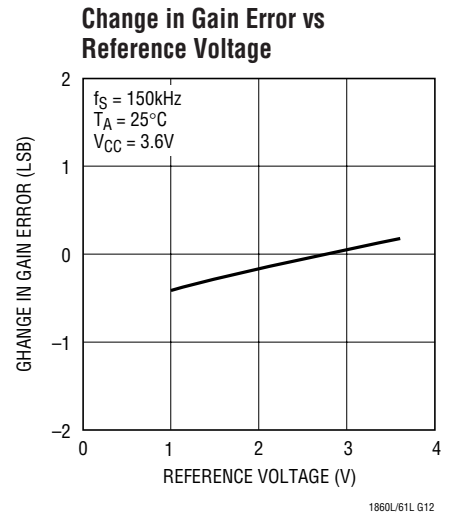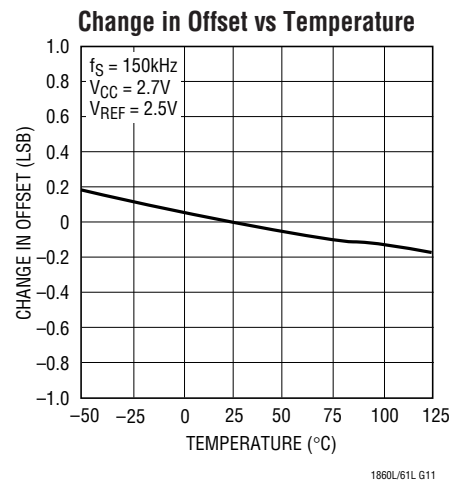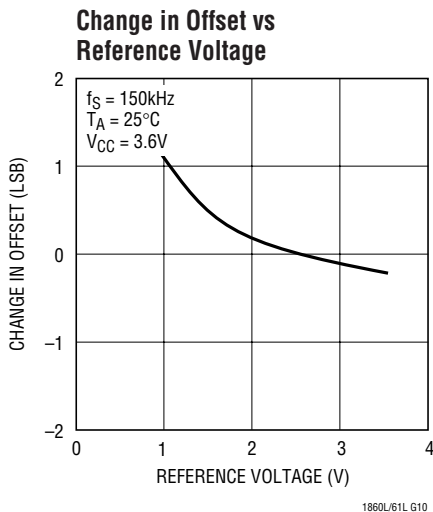**Supply Current vs Sampling Frequency**

1860L/61L G01
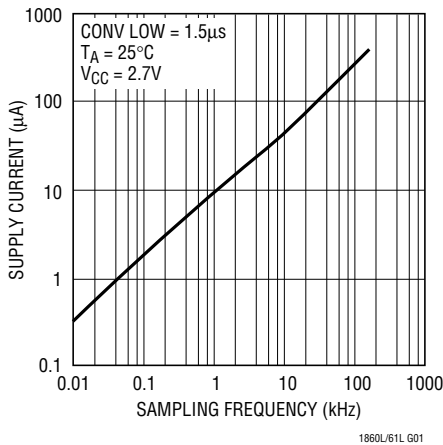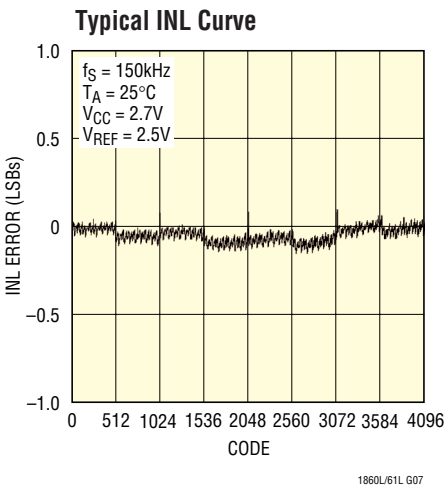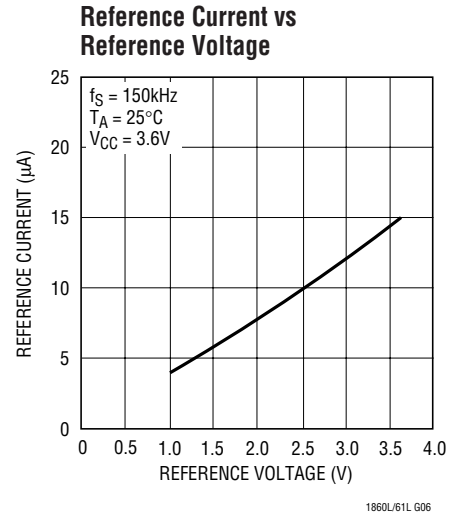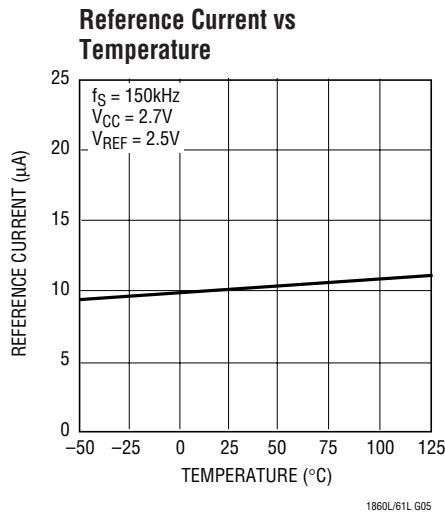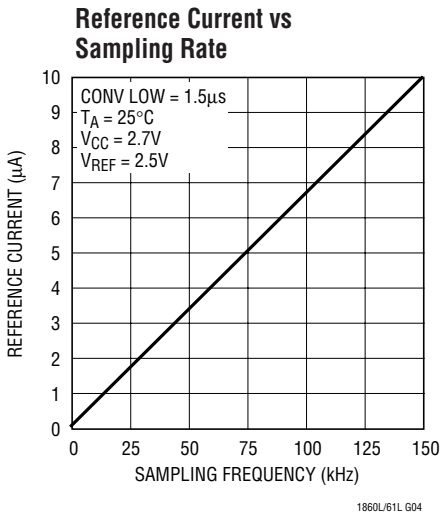
Supply Current vs Temperature

1860L/61L G02

Sleep Current vs Temperature

1860L/61L G03

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Reference Current vs Sampling Rate

CONV LOW = 1.5μs
$T_A = 25°C$
$V_{CC} = 2.7V$
$V_{REF} = 2.5V$

1860L/61L G04

Reference Current vs Temperature

$f_S = 150kHz$
$V_{CC} = 2.7V$
$V_{REF} = 2.5V$

1860L/61L G05

Reference Current vs Reference Voltage

$f_S = 150kHz$
$T_A = 25°C$
$V_{CC} = 3.6V$

1860L/61L G06

Typical INL Curve

$f_S = 150kHz$
$T_A = 25°C$
$V_{CC} = 2.7V$
$V_{REF} = 2.5V$

1860L/61L G07

Typical DNL Curve

$f_S = 150kHz$
$T_A = 25°C$
$V_{CC} = 2.7V$
$V_{REF} = 2.5V$

1860L/61L G08

Analog Input Leakage vs Temperature

CONV = 0V
$V_{CC} = 2.7V$
$V_{REF} = 2.5V$

1860L/61L G09

Change in Offset vs Reference Voltage

$f_S = 150kHz$
$T_A = 25°C$
$V_{CC} = 3.6V$

1860L/61L G10

Change in Offset vs Temperature

$f_S = 150kHz$
$V_{CC} = 2.7V$
$V_{REF} = 2.5V$

1860L/61L G11

Change in Gain Error vs Reference Voltage

$f_S = 150kHz$
$T_A = 25°C$
$V_{CC} = 3.6V$

1860L/61L G12

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Change in Gain Error vs Temperature

1860L/61L G13

4096 Point FFT Non Averaged

1860L/61L G14

SNR vs f_IN

1860L/61L G15

Signal-to-(Noise + Distortion) vs f_IN

1860L/61L G16

Total Harmonic Distortion vs f_IN

1860L/61L G17

Spurious Free Dynamic Range vs f_IN

1860L/61L G18

PIN FUNCTIONS LTC1860L

V_{REF} **(Pin 1):** Reference Input. The reference input defines the span of the A/D converter and must be kept free of noise with respect to GND.

IN$^+$, IN$^-$ (Pins 2, 3): Analog Inputs. These inputs must be free of noise with respect to GND.

GND (Pin 4): Analog Ground. GND should be tied directly to an analog ground plane.

CONV (Pin 5): Convert Input. A logic high on this input starts the A/D conversion process. If the CONV input is left high after the A/D conversion is finished, the part powers down. A logic low on this input enables the SDO pin, allowing the data to be shifted out.

SDO (Pin 6): Digital Data Output. The A/D conversion result is shifted out of this pin.

SCK (Pin 7): Shift Clock Input. This clock synchronizes the serial data transfer.

V_{CC} **(Pin 8):** Positive Supply. This supply must be kept free of noise and ripple by bypassing directly to the analog ground plane.

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PIN FUNCTIONS

LTC1861L (MSOP Package)

CONV (Pin 1): Convert Input. A logic high on this input starts the A/D conversion process. If the CONV input is left high after the A/D conversion is finished, the part powers down. A logic low on this input enables the SDO pin, allowing the data to be shifted out.

CH0, CH1 (Pins 2, 3): Analog Inputs. These inputs must be free of noise with respect to AGND.

AGND (Pin 4): Analog Ground. AGND should be tied directly to an analog ground plane.

DGND (Pin 5): Digital Ground. DGND should be tied directly to an analog ground plane.

SDI (Pin 6): Digital Data Input. The A/D configuration word is shifted into this input.

SDO (Pin 7): Digital Data Output. The A/D conversion result is shifted out of this output.

SCK (Pin 8): Shift Clock Input. This clock synchronizes the serial data transfer.

V_{CC} (Pin 9): Positive Supply. This supply must be kept free of noise and ripple by bypassing directly to the analog ground plane.

V_{REF} (Pin 10): Reference Input. The reference input defines the span of the A/D converter and must be kept free of noise with respect to AGND.

LTC1861L (SO-8 Package)

CONV (Pin 1): Convert Input. A logic high on this input starts the A/D conversion process. If the CONV input is left high after the A/D conversion is finished, the part powers down. A logic low on this input enables the SDO pin, allowing the data to be shifted out.

CH0, CH1 (Pins 2, 3): Analog Inputs. These inputs must be free of noise with respect to GND.

GND (Pin 4): Analog Ground. GND should be tied directly to an analog ground plane.

SDI (Pin 5): Digital Data Input. The A/D configuration word is shifted into this input.

SDO (Pin 6): Digital Data Output. The A/D conversion result is shifted out of this output.

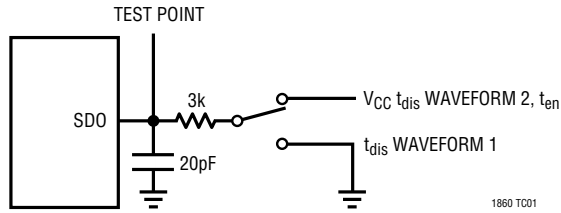**SCK (Pin 7):** Shift Clock Input. This clock synchronizes the serial data transfer.

V_{CC} (Pin 8): Positive Supply. This supply must be kept free of noise and ripple by bypassing directly to the analog ground plane. V_{REF} is tied internally to this pin.
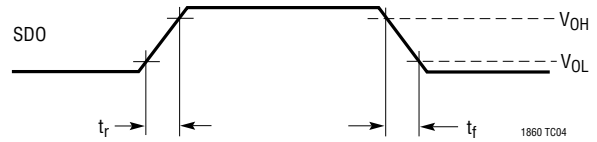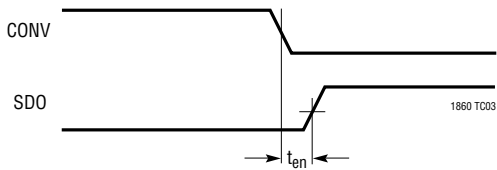
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

PIN NAMES IN PARENTHESES REFER TO LTC1861L

1860L/61L BD

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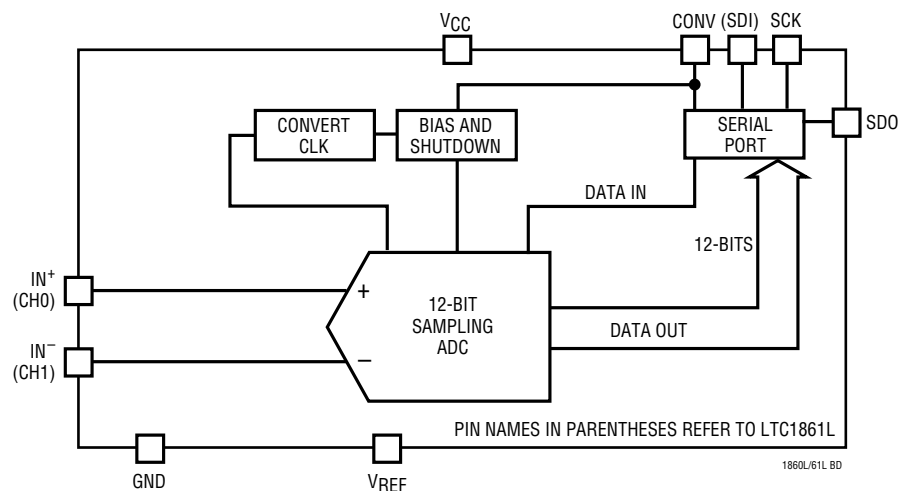
TEST CIRCUITS

Load Circuit for t_{dDO}, t_r, t_f, t_{dis} and t_{en}

TEST POINT

SDO

3k

20pF

V_{CC} t_{dis} WAVEFORM 2, t_{en}

t_{dis} WAVEFORM 1

1860 TC01

Voltage Waveforms for SDO Rise and Fall Times, t_r, t_f

SDO

V_{OH}

V_{OL}

t_r

t_f

1860 TC04

Voltage Waveforms for t_{en}

CONV

SDO

t_{en}

1860 TC03

Voltage Waveforms for t_{dis}

CONV

V_{IH}

SDO
WAVEFORM 1
(SEE NOTE 1)

90%

t_{dis}

SDO
WAVEFORM 2
(SEE NOTE 2)

10%
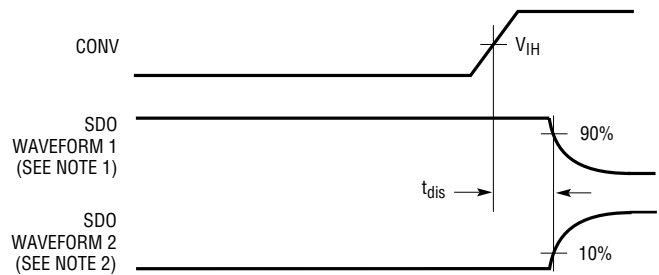
NOTE 1: WAVEFORM 1 IS FOR AN OUTPUT WITH INTERNAL CONDITIONS SUCH
THAT THE OUTPUT IS HIGH UNLESS DISABLED BY THE OUTPUT CONTROL
NOTE 2: WAVEFORM 2 IS FOR AN OUTPUT WITH INTERNAL CONDITIONS SUCH
THAT THE OUTPUT IS LOW UNLESS DISABLED BY THE OUTPUT CONTROL

1860 TC05

Voltage Waveforms for SDO Delay Times, t_{dDO} and t_{hDO}

SCK

V_{IL}

t_{dDO}

t_{hDO}

SDO

V_{OH}

V_{OL}

1860 TC02
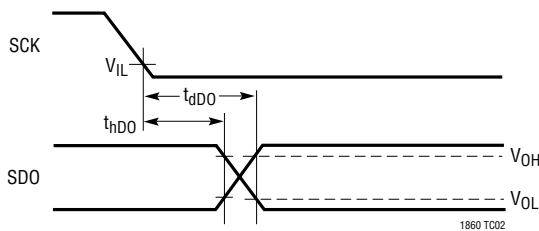
APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

LTC1860L OPERATION

Operating Sequence

The LTC1860L conversion cycle begins with the rising edge of CONV. After a period equal to t_{CONV}, the conversion is finished. If CONV is left high after this time, the LTC1860L goes into sleep mode drawing only leakage current. On the falling edge of CONV, the LTC1860L goes into sample mode and SDO is enabled. SCK synchronizes the data transfer with each bit being transmitted from SDO on the falling SCK edge. The receiving system should capture the data from SDO on the rising edge of SCK. After completing the data transfer, if further SCK clocks are applied with CONV low, SDO will output zeros indefinitely. See Figure 1.

Analog Inputs

The LTC1860L has a unipolar differential analog input. The converter will measure the voltage between the "IN+" and "IN−" inputs. A zero code will occur when IN+ minus IN− equals zero. Full scale occurs when IN+ minus IN− equals V_{REF} minus 1LSB. See Figure 2. Both the "IN+" and "IN−" inputs are sampled at the same time, so common mode noise on the inputs is rejected by the ADC. If "IN−" is grounded and V_{REF} is tied to V_{CC}, a rail-to-rail input span will result on "IN+" as shown in Figure 3.

Reference Input

The voltage on the reference input of the LTC1860L (and the LTC1861L MSOP package) defines the full-scale range of the A/D converter. These ADCs can operate with reference voltages from V_{CC} to 1V.

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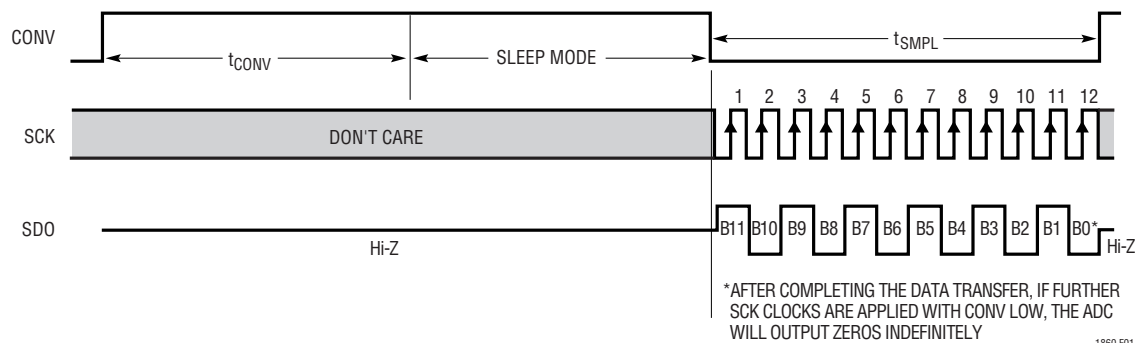TECHNOLOGY

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION
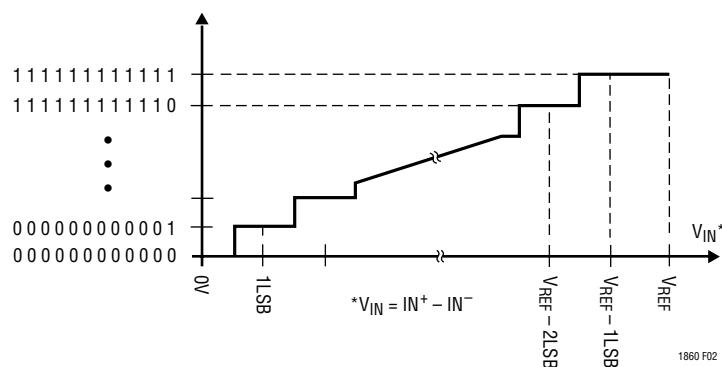

Figure 1. LTC1860L Operating Sequence

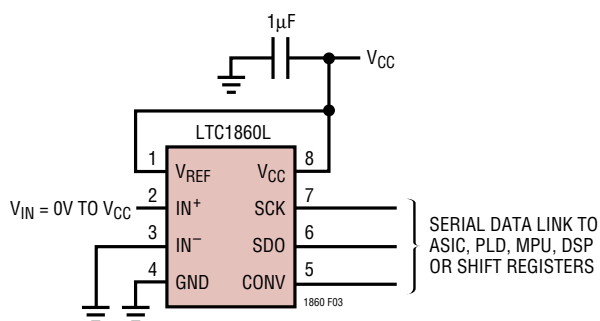Figure 2. LTC1860L Transfer Curve

Figure 3. LTC1860L with Rail-to-Rail Input Span

LTC1861L OPERATION

Operating Sequence

The LTC1861L conversion cycle begins with the rising edge of CONV. After a period equal to t_{CONV}, the conversion is finished. If CONV is left high after this time, the LTC1861L goes into sleep mode. The LTC1861L's 2-bit data word is clocked into the SDI input on the rising edge of SCK after CONV goes low. Additional inputs on the SDI pin are then ignored until the next CONV cycle. The shift clock (SCK) synchronizes the data transfer with each bit being transmitted on the falling SCK edge and captured on the rising SCK edge in both transmitting and receiving systems. The data is transmitted and received simultaneously (full duplex). After completing the data transfer, if further SCK clocks are applied with CONV low, SDO will output zeros indefinitely. See Figure 4.

Analog Inputs

The two bits of the input word (SDI) assign the MUX configuration for the next requested conversion. For a given channel selection, the converter will measure the voltage between the two channels indicated by the "+" and "–" signs in the selected row of Table 1. In single-ended mode, all input channels are measured with respect to GND (or AGND). A zero code will occur when the "+" input minus the "–" input equals zero. Full scale occurs when the "+" input minus the "–" input equals V_{REF} minus 1LSB. See Figure 5. Both the "+" and "–" inputs are sampled at the same time so common mode noise is rejected. The input span in the SO-8 package is fixed at $V_{REF} = V_{CC}$. If the "–" input in differential mode is grounded, a rail-to-rail input span will result on the "+" input.

Reference Input

The reference input of the LTC1861L SO-8 package is internally tied to V_{CC}. The span of the A/D converter is therefore equal to V_{CC}. The voltage on the reference input of the LTC1861L MSOP package defines the span of the A/D converter. The LTC1861L MSOP package can operate with reference voltages from 1V to V_{CC}.
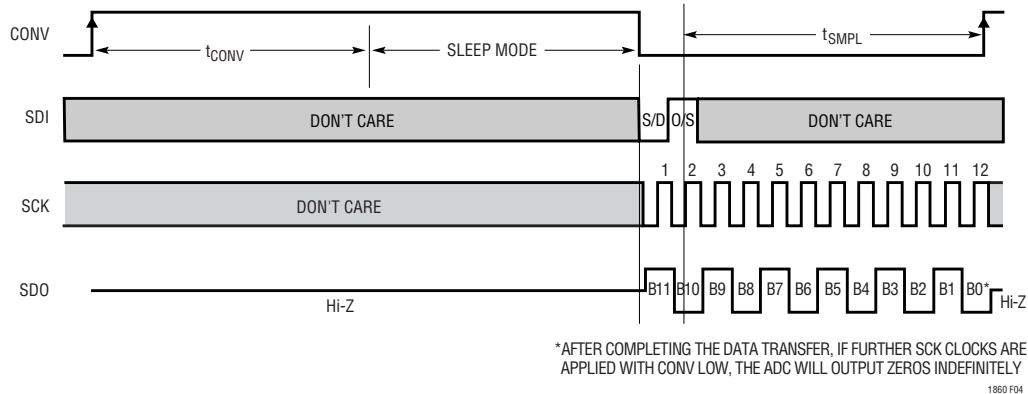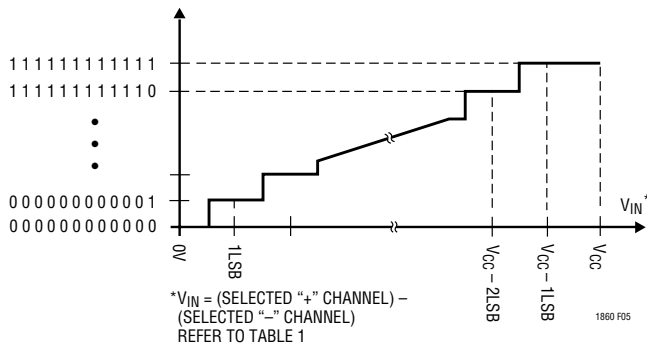
APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

*AFTER COMPLETING THE DATA TRANSFER, IF FURTHER SCK CLOCKS ARE
APPLIED WITH CONV LOW, THE ADC WILL OUTPUT ZEROS INDEFINITELY

Figure 4. LTC1861L Operating Sequence

$*V_{IN}$ = (SELECTED "+" CHANNEL) –
(SELECTED "–" CHANNEL)
REFER TO TABLE 1

Figure 5. LTC1861L Transfer Curve

Table 1. Multiplexer Channel Selection

	MUX ADDRESS		CHANNEL #		
	SGL/DIFF	ODD/SIGN	0	1	GND
SINGLE-ENDED	1	0	+		–
MUX MODE	1	1		+	–
DIFFERENTIAL	0	0	+	–	
MUX MODE	0	1	–	+	

GENERAL ANALOG CONSIDERATIONS

Grounding

The LTC1860L/LTC1861L should be used with an analog ground plane and single point grounding techniques. Do not use wire wrapping techniques to breadboard and evaluate the device. To achieve the optimum performance, use a printed circuit board. The ground pins (AGND and DGND for the LTC1861L MSOP package and GND for the LTC1860L and LTC1861L SO-8 package) should be tied directly to the analog ground plane with minimum lead length.

Bypassing

For good performance, the V_{CC} and V_{REF} pins must be free of noise and ripple. Any changes in the V_{CC}/V_{REF} vo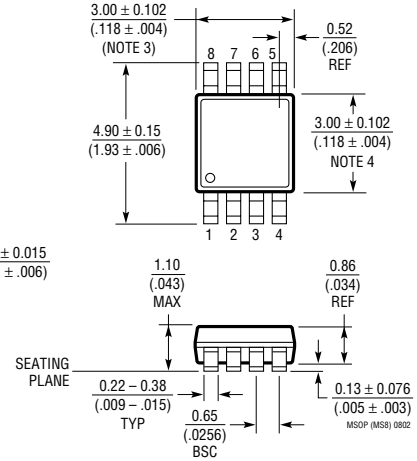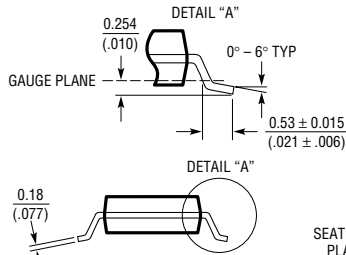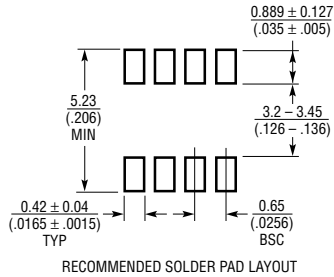ltage with respect to ground during the conversion cycle can induce errors or noise in the output code. Bypass the V_{CC} and V_{REF} pins directly to the analog ground plane with a minimum of 1μF tantalum. Keep the bypass capacitor leads as short as possible.

Analog Inputs

Because of the capacitive redistribution A/D conversion techniques used, the analog inputs of the LTC1860L/ LTC1861L have capacitive switching input current spikes. These current spikes settle quickly and do not cause a problem if source resistances are less than 200Ω or high speed op amps are used (e.g., the LT®1211, LT1469, LT1807, LT1810, LT1630, LT1226 or LT1215). But if large source resistances are used, or if slow settling op amps drive the inputs, take care to ensure the transients caused by the current spikes settle completely before the conversion begins.
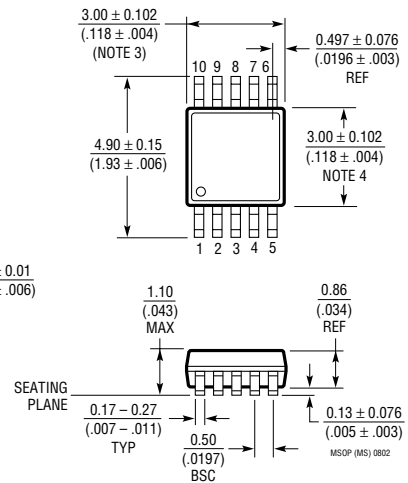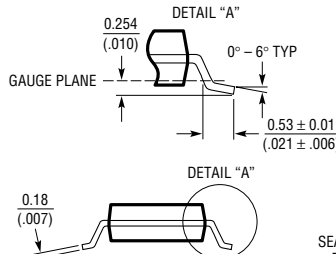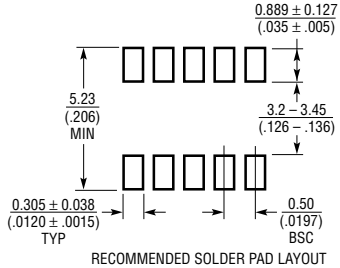
18601Lf

10

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

MS8 Package
8-Lead Plastic MSOP
(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1660)

0.889 ± 0.127
(.035 ± .005)

5.23
(.206)
MIN

3.2 – 3.45
(.126 – .136)

0.42 ± 0.04
(.0165 ± .0015)
TYP

0.65
(.0256)
BSC

RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD LAYOUT

DETAIL "A"

0.254
(.010)

0° – 6° TYP

GAUGE PLANE

0.53 ± 0.015
(.021 ± .006)

DETAIL "A"

0.18
(.077)

3.00 ± 0.102
(.118 ± .004)
(NOTE 3)

0.52
(.206)
REF

8 7 6 5

4.90 ± 0.15
(1.93 ± .006)

3.00 ± 0.102
(.118 ± .004)
NOTE 4

1 2 3 4

1.10
(.043)
MAX

0.86
(.034)
REF

SEATING
PLANE

0.22 – 0.38
(.009 – .015)
TYP

0.65
(.0256)
BSC

0.13 ± 0.076
(.005 ± .003)

MSOP (MS8) 0802

NOTE:
1. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETER/(INCH)
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.
   MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
4. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
   INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
5. LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.102mm (.004") MAX

MS Package
10-Lead Plastic MSOP
(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1661)

0.889 ± 0.127
(.035 ± .005)

5.23
(.206)
MIN

3.2 – 3.45
(.126 – .136)

0.305 ± 0.038
(.0120 ± .0015)
TYP

0.50
(.0197)
BSC

RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD LAYOUT

DETAIL "A"

0.254
(.010)

0° – 6° TYP

GAUGE PLANE

0.53 ± 0.01
(.021 ± .006)

DETAIL "A"

0.18
(.007)

3.00 ± 0.102
(.118 ± .004)
(NOTE 3)

0.497 ± 0.076
(.0196 ± .003)
REF

10 9 8 7 6

4.90 ± 0.15
(1.93 ± .006)

3.00 ± 0.102
(.118 ± .004)
NOTE 4

1 2 3 4 5

1.10
(.043)
MAX

0.86
(.034)
REF

SEATING
PLANE

0.17 – 0.27
(.007 – .011)
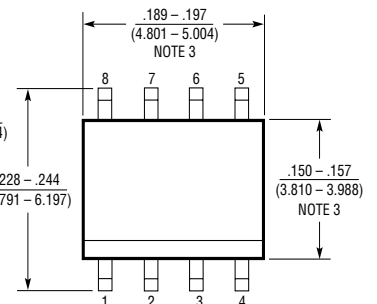TYP

0.50
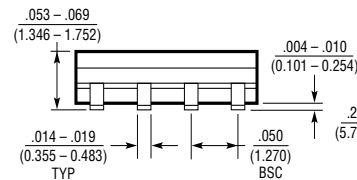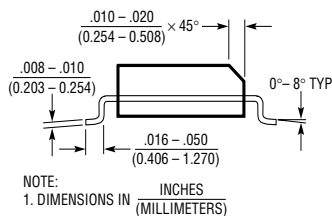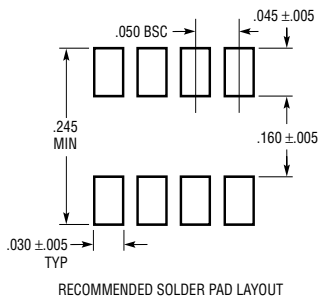(.0197)
BSC

0.13 ± 0.076
(.005 ± .003)

MSOP (MS) 0802

NOTE:
1. DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETER/(INCH)
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS.
   MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
4. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
   INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.152mm (.006") PER SIDE
5. LEAD COPLANARITY (BOTTOM OF LEADS AFTER FORMING) SHALL BE 0.102mm (.004") MAX

S8 Package
8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow .150 Inch)
(Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)

.050 BSC

.045 ±.005

.245
MIN

.160 ±.005

.030 ±.005
TYP

RECOMMENDED SOLDER PAD LAYOUT

.010 – .020
(0.254 – 0.508) × 45°

.008 – .010
(0.203 – 0.254)

0°– 8° TYP

.016 – .050
(0.406 – 1.270)

.053 – .069
(1.346 – 1.752)

.004 – .010
(0.101 – 0.254)

.014 – .019
(0.355 – 0.483)
TYP

.050
(1.270)
BSC

.189 – .197
(4.801 – 5.004)
NOTE 3

8 7 6 5

.228 – .244
(5.791 – 6.197)

.150 – .157
(3.810 – 3.988)
NOTE 3

1 2 3 4

NOTE:
1. DIMENSIONS IN INCHES/(MILLIMETERS)
2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. THESE DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
   MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED .006" (0.15mm)

S08 0303

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TYPICAL APPLICATION

Tiny 2-Chip Data-Acquistion System
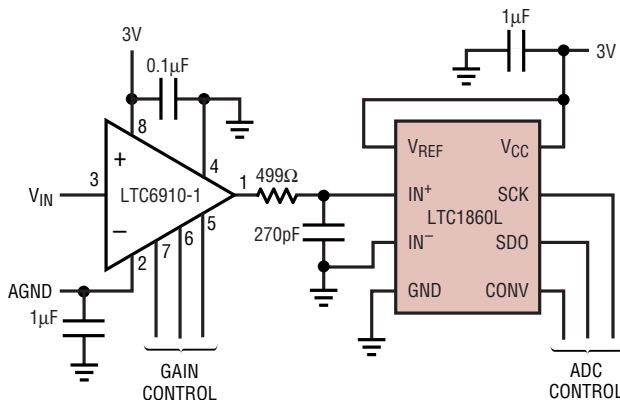
LTC6910-1 (IN TSOT-23 PACKAGE) COMPACTLY ADDS 40dB OF INPUT GAIN
RANGE TO THE LTC1860L (IN MSOP 8-PIN PACKAGE). SINGLE 3V SUPPLY

1860L/61L TA03

RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	SAMPLE RATE	POWER DISSIPATION	DESCRIPTION
12-Bit Serial I/O ADCs			
LTC1286/LTC1298	12.5ksps/11.1ksps	1.3mW/1.7mW	1-Channel with Ref. Input (LTC1286), 2-Channel (LTC1298), 5V
LTC1400	400ksps	75mW	1-Channel, Bipolar or Unipolar Operation, Internal Reference, 5V
LTC1401	200ksps	15mW	SO-8 with Internal Reference, 3V
LTC1402	2.2Msps	90mW	Serial I/O, Bipolar or Unipolar, Internal Reference
LTC1404	600ksps	25mW	SO-8 with Internal Reference, Bipolar or Unipolar, 5V
LTC1860/LTC1861	250ksps	4.25mW	SO-8, MS8, 1-Channel, 5V/SO-8, MS, 2-Channel, 5V
14-Bit Serial I/O ADCs			
LTC1417	400ksps	20mW	16-Pin SSOP, Unipolar or Bipolar, Reference, 5V
LTC1418	200ksps	15mW	Serial/Parallel I/O, Internal Reference, 5V
16-Bit Serial I/O ADCs			
LTC1609	200ksps	65mW	Configurable Bipolar or Unipolar Input Ranges, 5V
LTC1864/LTC1865	250ksps	4.25mW	SO-8, MS8, 1-Channel, 5V/SO-8, MS, 2-Channel, 5V
LTC1864L/LTC1865L	150ksps	1.22mW	SO-8, MS8, 1-Channel, 3V/SO-8, MS, 2-Channel, 3V
References			
LT1460	Micropower Precision Series Reference		Bandgap, 130µA Supply Current, 10ppm/°C, Available in SOT-23
LT1790	Micropower Low Dropout Reference		60µA Supply Current, 10ppm/°C, SOT-23

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