## feATURES

- Internal Schottky Diode RF Detector with Two Input Power Ranges:

LTC5505-1, -28dBm to 18dBm
LTC5505-2, -32 dBm to 12 dBm

- Wide Input Frequency Range: 300MHz to 3GHz
(LTC5505-1); 300MHz to 3.5 GHz (LTC5505-2)
- Temperature Compensated
- Buffered Detector Output
- Wide V ${ }_{\text {CC }}$ Range of 2.7 V to 6 V
- Low Operating Current: 0.5 mA
- Low Shutdown Current: <2 4 A
- Low Profile (1mm) ThinSOT ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Package


## APPLICATIONS

- Multimode Mobile Phone Products
- PCS Devices
- Wireless Data Modems
- Wireless and Cable Infrastructure
- RF Power Alarm
- Envelope Detector


## DESCRIPTION

The LTC ${ }^{\circledR} 5505-X$ is an RF power detector for RF applications operating in the 300 MHz to 3.5 GHz range. A temperature compensated Schottky diode peak detector and buffer amplifier are combined in a small 5-pin ThinSOT package. The supply voltage range is optimized for operation from a single lithium-ion cell or 3xNiMH.
The RF input voltage is peak detected using an on-chip Schottky diode. The detected voltage is buffered and supplied to the $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ pin. A power saving shutdown mode reduces supply current to less than $2 \mu \mathrm{~A}$.
The LTC5505-1 operates with input power levels from -28 dBm to 18 dBm . The LTC5505-2 operates with input power levels from -32 dBm to 12 dBm .

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## TYPICAL APPLICATION

## Dual Band Mobile Phone Tx Power Control



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)
$V_{\text {CC }}, V_{\text {OUT }}$ to GND $\qquad$ -0.3 V to 6.5 V
RF Voltage
LTC5505-1 $\qquad$ $\left(V_{\text {CC }}-2.6 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ to 7 V
LTC5505-2 $\qquad$ $\left(V_{\text {CC }}-1.4 \mathrm{~V}\right)$ to 7 V
SHDN Voltage to GND ................ -0.3 V to ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}+0.3 \mathrm{~V}$ )
IVout $\qquad$ Operating Temperature Range (Note 2) .. $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Maximum Junction Temperature $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Storage Temperature Range $\qquad$ $-65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec ) $\qquad$ $300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION

|  | ORDER PART NUMBER |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | LTC5505-1ES5 LTC5505-2ES5 |
|  | S5 PART MARKING |
|  | LTXV <br> LTRW |

Consult LTC Marketing for parts specified with wider operating temperature ranges.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The $\bullet$ denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \widehat{\mathrm{SHDN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{HI}, \widehat{\mathrm{SHDN}}=\mathrm{OV}=\mathrm{LO}$, RF Input Signal is Off, unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS |  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $V_{\text {CC }}$ Operating Voltage |  | $\bullet$ | 2.7 |  | 6 | V |
| IVCC Shutdown Current | $\overline{\text { SHDN }}=\mathrm{LO}$ | $\bullet$ |  |  | 2 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $I_{\text {VCC }}$ Operating Current | $\overline{\text { SHDN }}=\mathrm{HI}, \mathrm{I}_{\text {VOUT }}=0 \mathrm{~mA}$ | $\bullet$ |  | 0.5 | 0.75 | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }} \mathrm{V}_{\text {OL }}$ ( (No RF Input) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\text {LOAD }}=2 k, \overline{\text { SHDN }}=\mathrm{HI}, \text { Enabled } \\ & \overline{\text { SHDN }}=\text { LOW, Disabled } \end{aligned}$ |  | 170 | $\begin{gathered} 260 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | 350 | mV mV |
| V OUT Output Current | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}=1.75 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {CC }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}, \Delta \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }}=10 \mathrm{mV}$ | $\bullet$ | 1 | 2 |  | mA |
| $V_{\text {Out }}$ Enable Time | $\overline{\text { SHDN }}=\mathrm{HI}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {LOAD }}=33 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{R}_{\text {LOAD }}=2 \mathrm{k}$ | $\bullet$ |  | 8 | 20 | $\mu \mathrm{S}$ |
| Vout Bandwidth | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {LOAD }}=33 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{R}_{\text {LOAD }}=2 \mathrm{k}$ (Note 4) |  |  | 4 |  | MHz |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Out }}$ Load Capacitance | (Note 7) | $\bullet$ |  |  | 33 | pF |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ Slew Rate | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {RFIN }}=2 \mathrm{~V}$ Step, $\mathrm{C}_{\text {LOAD }}=33 \mathrm{pF}, \mathrm{R}_{\text {LOAD }}=2 \mathrm{k}$ (Note 3) |  |  | 10 |  | $\mathrm{V} / \mathrm{\mu s}$ |
| Vout Noise | $V_{C C}=3 \mathrm{~V}$, Noise $\mathrm{BW}=1.5 \mathrm{MHz}, 50 \Omega$ RF Input Termination |  |  | 1.4 |  | $\mathrm{mV} \mathrm{P}_{\text {- }}$ |
| SHDN Voltage, Chip Disabled | $\mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 6V | $\bullet$ |  |  | 0.35 | V |
| SHDN Voltage, Chip Enabled | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 6 V | $\bullet$ | 1.4 |  |  | V |
| $\overline{\overline{\text { SHDN }} \text { Input Current }}$ | $\overline{\mathrm{SHDN}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\bullet$ |  | 24 | 40 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS The • denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \widehat{\mathrm{SHDN}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=\mathrm{HI}, \overline{\mathrm{SHDN}}=\mathrm{OV}=\mathrm{LO}, \mathrm{RF}$ Input Signal is Off, unless otherwise noted.

| PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RFIN Input Frequency Range (LTC5505-1) <br> (LTC5505-2) |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 300 \text { to } 3000 \\ & 300 \text { to } 3500 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ |
| RFIN Input Power Range (LTC5505-1) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RF Frequency }=900 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (Note } 5,6,7 \text { ) } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { RF Frequency }=1800 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (Note } 5,6,7 \text { ) } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { RF Frequency }=2400 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (Note } 5,7) \mathrm{V}_{C C}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { RF Frequency }=2700 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (Note } 5,7) \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=2.7 \mathrm{~V} \text { to } 6 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -28 \text { to } 18 \\ & -26 \text { to } 18 \\ & -24 \text { to } 16 \\ & -22 \text { to } 16 \end{aligned}$ |  | dBm <br> dBm <br> dBm <br> dBm |
| RFIN Input Power Range (LTC5505-2) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { RF Frequency }=900 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (Note 5) } \\ & \text { RF Frequency }=1800 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (Note 5) } \\ & \text { RF Frequency }=2400 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (Note } 5) \\ & \text { RF Frequency }=2700 \mathrm{MHz} \text { (Note } 5 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -32 \text { to } 12 \\ & -32 \text { to } 12 \\ & -32 \text { to } 12 \\ & -30 \text { to } 12 \end{aligned}$ |  | dBm <br> dBm <br> dBm <br> dBm |
| RFIN AC Input Resistance (LTC5505-1) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F}=850 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{~F}=1850 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 165 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\Omega$ $\Omega$ |
| RFIN Input Shunt Capacitance (LTC5505-1) |  |  | 2 |  | pF |
| RFIN AC Input Resistance (LTC5505-2) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{F}=850 \mathrm{MHz} \\ & \mathrm{~F}=1850 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 165 \\ 59 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\Omega$ |
| RFIN Input Shunt Capacitance (LTC5505-2) |  |  | 1.3 |  | pF |

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.
Note 2: Specifications over the $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.
Note 3: The rise time at $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ is measured between 0.5 V and 1.5 V .
Note 4: Bandwidth is calculated using the $10 \%$ to $90 \%$ rise time equation: $B W=0.35 /$ rise time.

Note 5: RF performance is tested at:
$1800 \mathrm{MHz}, 14 \mathrm{dBm},-14 \mathrm{dBm}$ (LTC5505-1)
$1800 \mathrm{MHz}, 12 \mathrm{dBm},-14 \mathrm{dBm}$ (LTC5505-2)
Note 6: For input RF power levels $>16 \mathrm{dBm}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ minimum is 3 V and an RF input series resistor of $20 \Omega$ is required to limit the input current.
Note 7: Guaranteed by design.

## LTC5505-1/LTC5505-2

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCG CHARACTERISTICS



LTC5505-1 Typical Detector Characteristics, 1.85 GHz


LTC5505-1 Typical Detector Characteristics, 2.45 GHz


LTC5505-2 Typical Detector Characteristics, 0.85 GHz


LTC5505-2 Typical Detector Characteristics, 2.45 GHz


LTC5505-2 Typical Detector Characteristics, 1.85 GHz


LTC5505-2 Typical Detector Characteristics, 3.5 GHz


## PIn functions

$R F_{\text {IN }}$ (Pin 1): RF Input Voltage. Referenced to $V_{C C}$. An external coupling capacitor to the RF source is required. The frequency range is 300 MHz to 3 GHz . This pin has an internal $250 \Omega$ termination, an internal Schottky diode detector and peak detector capacitor. (See Note 6 in the Electrical Characteristics.)
GND (Pin 2): System Ground.
$\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ (Pin 3): Shutdown Input. A logic low on the $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ pin places the part in shutdown mode. Alogic high enables the part. SHDN has an internal 150k pull down resistor to ensure that the part is in shutdown when the drivers are in a tri-state condition.
$\mathbf{V}_{\text {OUT }}$ (Pin 4): Buffered and Level Shifted Detector Output Voltage.

VCC (Pin 5): Power Supply Voltage, 2.7V to 6V. $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ should be bypassed appropriately with ceramic capacitors.

## BLOCK DIAGRAM



## APPLICATIONS InFORMATION

## Operation

The LTC5505-X RF detector integrates several functions to provide $R$ F power detection over frequencies ranging from 300 MHz to 3.5 GHz . These functions include an internally compensated buffer amplifier, an RF Schottky diode peak detector and level shiftamplifier to convert the RF feedback signal to DC , a delay circuit to avoid voltage transients at $V_{\text {Out }}$ when coming out of shutdown and a gain compression circuit to extend the detector dynamic range.

## Buffer Amplifier

The buffer amplifier has a gain of two and is capable of driving a 2 mA load. The buffer amplifier typically has an output voltage range of 0.25 V to 1.75 V .

## RF Detector

The internal RF Schottky diode peak detector and level shift amplifier converts the RF input signal to a low frequency signal. The detector demonstrates excellent efficiency and linearity over a wide range of input power. The Schottky detector is biased at about $60 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ and drives a peak detector capacitor of 28 pF .

## Gain Compression

The gain compression circuit changes the feedback ratio as the RF peak-detected input voltage increases above 100 mV . Below 100 mV , the voltage gain from the peak detector to the buffer output is 1.5 . Above 200 mV , the
voltage gain is reduced to 0.7. The compression expands the low power detector range due to higher gain.

## Modes of Operation

| MODE | $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ | OPERATION |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Shutdown | Low | Disabled |
| Enable | High | Power Detect |

## Applications

The LTC5505-1 and LTC5505-2 can be used as selfstanding signal strength measuring receivers for a wide range of input signals from -32 dBm to 18 dBm for frequencies from 300 MHz to 3.5 GHz .
The LTC5505-1 and LTC5505-2 can be used as demodulators for AM and ASK modulated signals with data rates up to 5MHz. Depending on specific application needs, the RSSI output can be split into two branches, providing AC-coupled data (or audio) output and DC-coupled, RSSI output for signal strength measurements and AGC.
The LTC5505-1 and LTC5505-2 can be used for dual band mobile phone transmitter power control (refer to Typical Application schematic on first page). The circuit uses a capacitive tap at the Tx PA outputs. For example, a 0.3 pF capacitor (C1) followed by a $100 \Omega$ resistor (R1) forms a coupling circuit with about a 20dB loss at the cellular band and 18dB loss atthe PCS band, referenced tothe LTC5505-2 IC RF input pin. For improved coupling accuracy, the C1 capacitor should be ahigh tolerance component ( $\pm 0.05 \mathrm{pF}$.)

## Example of LTC5505-X GSM/DCS Power Control Timing Diagram


$t_{1}$ : PART COMES OUT OF SHUTDOWN $20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ MAXIMUM PRIOR TO BURST.
$t_{2}$ : CIRCUITS POWER UP AND SETTLE.
$\mathrm{t}_{3}$ : BASEBAND CONTROLLER STARTS RF POWER RAMP UP AT $22 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ AFTER $\overline{\text { SHDN }}$ IS ASSERTED HIGH.
$\mathrm{t}_{4}$ : BASEBAND CONTROLLER COMPLETES RAMP UP
$t_{5}$ : BASEBAND CONTROLLER STARTS RF POWER RAMP DOWN AT END OF BURST.
$\mathrm{t}_{6}$ : LTC5505-X RETURNS TO SHUTDOWN MODE BETWEEN BURSTS

## TYPICAL APPLICATION

Dual Band Mobile Phone Tx Power Control with Directional Coupler


## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

S5 Package
5-Lead Plastic TSOT-23
(Reference LTC DWG \# 05-08-1635)

2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
3. DIMENSIONS ARE INCLUSIVE OF PLATING
4. DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH AND METAL BURR
5. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.254 mm
6. JEDEC PACKAGE REFERENCE IS MO-193

Information furnished by Linear Technology Corporation is believed to be accurate and reliable.

## LTC5505-1/LTC5505-2

## reLated parts

| PART NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | COMMENTS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LT1618 | Constant Current/Constant Voltage, 1.4MHz, High Efficiency Boost Regulator | Up to 16 White LEDs, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=1.6 \mathrm{~V}$ to 18 V , $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }} \mathrm{Max}=34 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=1.8 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{MS} 10$ |
| LTC1733 | Standalone Li-Ion Linear Battery Charger | Monolithic Charger, Thermal Rejection Prevents Overheating, Small Design, Up to 1.5A Charge Current |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { LTC1734/ } \\ & \text { LTC1734L } \end{aligned}$ | Li-Ion Linear Battery Charger in ThinSOT | 50mA to 700mA Charge Current, Only Three Components for Complete Solution |
| LTC1878 | 600 mA I Out, 550 kHz , Synchronous Step-Down DC/DC Converter | $95 \%$ Efficiency, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to $6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }} \mathrm{Min}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$, $I_{Q}=10 \mu A, I_{S D}=<1 \mu A, M S 8$ |
| LT1932 | Constant Current, 1.2MHz, High Efficiency White LED Boost Regulator | Up to 8 White LEDs, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=1 \mathrm{~V}$ to $10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }} \mathrm{Max}=34 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=1.2 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, ThinSOT |
| LT1937 | Constant Current, 1.2MHz, High Efficiency White LED Boost Regulator | Up to 4 White LEDs, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to 10 V , $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }} \mathrm{Max}=34 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=1.9 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, ThinSOT, SC70 |
| LTC3200 | Low Noise, 2MHz, Regulated Charge Pump White LED Driver | Up to 6 White LEDs, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 4.5 V , $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=8 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{MS} 10$ |
| LTC3200-5 | Low Noise, 2MHz, Regulated Charge Pump White LED Driver | Up to 6 White LEDs, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 4.5 V , $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=6.5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, ThinSOT |
| LTC3201 | Low Noise, 1.7MHz, Regulated Charge Pump White LED Driver | Up to 6 White LEDs, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 4.5 V , $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=6.5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{MS} 10$ |
| LTC3202 | Low Noise, 1.5MHz, Regulated Charge Pump White LED Driver | Up to 8 White LEDs, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 4.5 V , $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=5 \mathrm{~mA}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{MS} 10$ |
| LTC3404 | 600 mA Iout, 1.4 MHz , Synchronous Step-Down DC/DC Converter | $95 \%$ Efficiency, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to $6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }} \mathrm{Min}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=10 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{MS} 8$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { LTC3405/ } \\ & \text { LTC3405A } \end{aligned}$ | 300 mA Iout, 1.5 MHz , Synchronous Step-Down DC/DC Converter | $95 \%$ Efficiency, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}$ to 6 V , $\mathrm{V}_{\text {OUT }} \mathrm{Min}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=20 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, ThinSOT |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { LTC3406/ } \\ & \text { LTC3406B } \end{aligned}$ | 600 mA I Out, 1.5 MHz , Synchronous Step-Down DC/DC Converter | $95 \%$ Efficiency, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }} \mathrm{Min}=0.6 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=20 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, ThinSOT |
| LTC3412 | 2.5A Iout, 4MHz, Synchronous Step-Down DC/DC Converter | $95 \%$ Efficiency, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }} \mathrm{Min}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=60 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, TSSOP-16E |
| LTC3411 | 1.25A IOUT, 4MHz, Synchronous Step-Down DC/DC Converter | $95 \%$ Efficiency, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }} \mathrm{Min}=0.8 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=60 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{MS} 10$ |
| LTC3440 | $600 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{I}_{\text {Out }}$, 2MHz, Synchronous Buck-Boost DC/DC Converter | $95 \%$ Efficiency, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {IN }}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {OUT }} \mathrm{Min}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}$, $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{Q}}=25 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{SD}}=<1 \mu \mathrm{~A}, \mathrm{MS} 10$ |
| LTC4052 | Li-Ion Battery Pulse Charger | Minimum Heat Dissipation, Current Limit for Safety, Standalone Charger, Monolithic |
| LTC4053 | USB Compatible Li-Ion Charger | Standalone, Monolithic, $100 \mathrm{~mA} / 500 \mathrm{~mA}$ or Up to 2A from Wall Adapter |
| LTC4412 | Low Loss PowerPath ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Controller | Replaces Power Supply ORing Diodes, High Efficiency |

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## X-ON Electronics

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