

# MP38 • MP38A

RoHS

# **Power Operational Amplifier**

#### **FEATURES**

- High Internal Dissipation 125W
- High Voltage, High Current 200V, 10A
- High Slew Rate 10V/μs
- 4 Wire Current Limit Sensing
- Optional Boost Voltage Inputs

#### **APPLICATIONS**

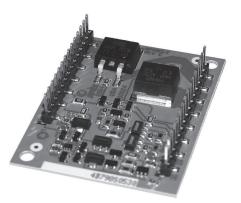
- Linear and Rotary Motor Drives
- Yoke/Magnetic Field Excitation
- Programmable Power Supplies to ±95V
- Industrial Audio

### DESCRIPTION

The MP38 is a cost-effective high voltage MOSFET power operational amplifier constructed with surface mount components on a thermally conductive but electrically isolated substrate.

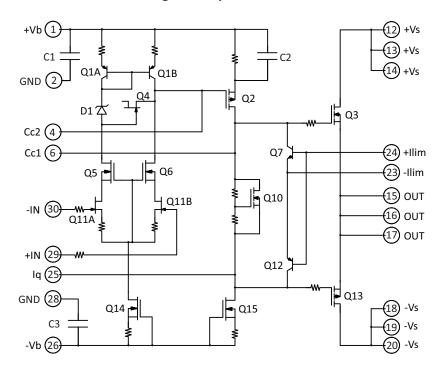
While the cost is low, the MP38 offers many of the same features and performance specifications found in much more expensive hybrid power amplifiers.

The metal substrate allows the MP38 to dissipate power up to 125W and its power supply voltages can range up to ±100V (200V total). Optional boost voltage inputs allow the small signal portion of the amplifier to operate at higher supply voltages than the high current output stage. The amplifier is then biased to achieve close linear swings to the supply rails at high current for extra efficient operation. External compensation tailors performance to the user needs. A four-wire sense technique allows current limiting without the need to consider internal or external mili-ohm parasitic resistance in the output line. An Iq pin is available which can be used to shut off the quiescent current in the output stage. The output stage then operates class C and lowers quiescent power dissipation. This is useful in applications where output crossover distortion is not important.



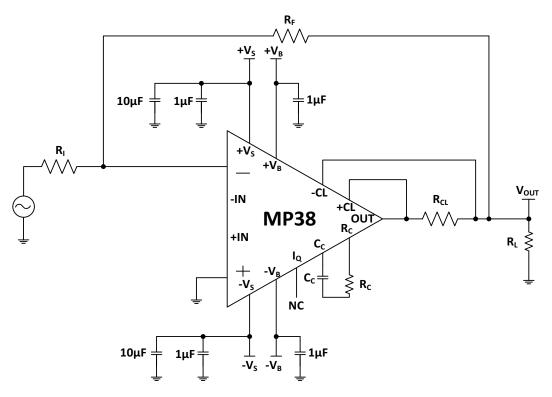


**Figure 1: Equiv Schematic** 



## **TYPICAL CONNECTION**







## PINOUT AND DESCRIPTION TABLE

			-IN <u>30</u>
			+IN 29
			GND 28
			NC 27
_1	+V <sub>B</sub>		-V <sub>B</sub> 26
2	GND		I <sub>Q</sub> 25
3	NC	<b>MP38</b>	+CL 24
_4	C <sub>C2</sub>	(back view)	-CL 23
5	NC		NC 22
_6	C <sub>C1</sub>		NC 21
_7	NC		-V <sub>s</sub> 20
8	NC		-V <sub>s</sub> 19
9	NC		-V <sub>s</sub> 18
<u>10</u>	NC		OUT 17
11	NC		
12	+Vs		
13	+Vs		
14	+Vs		
	. • 5		

#### Figure 3: External Connections

Pin Number	Name	Description
1	+VB	The positive boost supply rail. Short to +Vs if unused. See applicable section.
2, 28	GND	Ground. Pins 2 and 28 are not connected on the unit. Connect both pins to system signal ground.
4	СС	Compensation capacitor connection. Select value based on Phase Compensation. See applicable section.
6	RC	Compensation resistor connection. Select value based on Phase Compensation. See applicable section.
12, 13, 14	+Vs	The positive supply rail.
15, 16, 17	OUT	The output. Connect these pins to load and to the feedback resistor.
18, 19, 20	-Vs	The negative supply rail.
23	-CL	Connect to the load side of the current limit resistor. Current limit will activate as the voltage across R <sub>CL</sub> increases.
24	+CL	Connect to the OUT side of the current limit resistor. Current limit will activate as the voltage across R <sub>CL</sub> increases.
25	IQ	Quiescent current reduction pin. Connect to pin 6 to disable the AB bias. See appli- cable section.
26	-VB	The negative boost supply rail. Short to -Vs if unused. See applicable section.
29	+IN	The non-inverting input.
30	-IN	The inverting input.
All Others	NC	No connection.



### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Unless otherwise noted:  $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ ,  $R_C = 100 \Omega$ ,  $C_C = 470$  pF. DC input specifications are ± value given. Power supply voltage is typical rating.  $\pm V_B = \pm V_S$ .

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Units
Supply Voltage, total	+V <sub>s</sub> to -V <sub>s</sub>		200	V
Boost Voltage	V <sub>B</sub>		±V <sub>S</sub> ±20	V
Output Current, within SOA	۱ <sub>0</sub>		25	А
Power Dissipation, internal	P <sub>D</sub>		125	W
Input Voltage, differential	V <sub>IN (Diff)</sub>	-20	+20	V
Input Voltage, common mode	V <sub>cm</sub>	-V <sub>B</sub>	+V <sub>B</sub>	V
Temperature, pin solder, 10s max.			200	°C
Temperature, junction <sup>1</sup>	Tj		175	°C
Temperature Range, storage		-40	+105	°C
Operating Temperature Range, case	т <sub>с</sub>	-40	+85	°C

1. Long term operation at the maximum junction temperature will result in reduced product life. Derate internal power dissipation to achieve high MTTF. For guidance, refer to the heatsink data sheet.

CAUTION

The MP38 is constructed from MOSFET transistors. ESD handling procedures must be observed.

#### INPUT

Dovomotor	Test Conditions	MP38			MP38A			11
Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Offset Voltage, initial			5	10		*	3	mV
Offset Voltage vs. temperature	Full temp range		30	50		*	*	μV/°C
Offset Voltage vs. supply			15			*		μV/V
Offset Voltage vs. power	Full temp range		30			*		μV/W
Bias Current, initial			10	200		*	100	pА
Bias Current vs. supply			0.01			*		pA/V
Offset Current, initial			10	50		*	30	pА
Input Impedance, DC			10 <sup>10</sup>			*		Ω
Input Capacitance			20			*		pF
Common Mode Voltage Range	Full temp range	±V <sub>B</sub> ∓15	±V <sub>B</sub> ∓12		*	*		V
Common Mode Rejection, DC	Full temp range, V <sub>CM</sub> = ±20V	86	98		*	*		dB
Input Noise	100 kHz BW, R <sub>S</sub> = 1 kΩ		10			*		μVrms



#### GAIN

Parameter	Test	MP38			MP38A			Units
Falameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onits
Open Loop @ 15 Hz	Full temp range, C <sub>C</sub> = 100pF	94	113		*	*		dB
Gain Bandwidth Product	I <sub>O</sub> = 10A		2			*		MHz
Power Bandwidth	R <sub>L</sub> = 20 Ω, V <sub>O</sub> = 180V <sub>P-P</sub> C <sub>C</sub> = 100pF		20			*		kHz
Phase Margin	Full temp range		60			*		0

#### OUTPUT

Parameter	Test	MP38			MP38A			Units
rarameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onits
Voltage Swing	I <sub>O</sub> = 10A	±V <sub>S</sub> ∓8.8	±V <sub>S</sub> <b>∓</b> 6.6		*	*		V
Voltage Swing	$\pm V_B = \pm V_S \pm 10V,$ I <sub>O</sub> = 10A	±V <sub>S</sub> ∓6.8	±V <sub>S</sub> ∓4		*	*		V
Settling Time To 0.1%	A <sub>V</sub> = +1,10V step, R <sub>L</sub> = 4 Ω		2.5			*		μs
Slew Rate	A <sub>V</sub> = -10, C <sub>C</sub> = 100pF	10			*			V/µs
Capacitive Load	Full temp range, A <sub>V</sub> = +1	10			*			nF
Resistance			4			*		Ω
Current, Continuous				10			11	А

#### **POWER SUPPLY**

Parameter	Test	MP38			MP38A			Units
Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onits
Voltage	Full temp range	±15	±75	±100	*	*	*	V
Current, quiescent, boost supply				22			*	mA
Current, quiescent, total				26			*	mA

# MP38 • MP38A



#### THERMAL

Parameter		MP38			MP38A			Units
Falameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Onits
Resistance, AC, junction to case <sup>1</sup>	Full temp range, F>60 Hz			0.9			*	°C/W
Resistance, DC, junction to case	Full temp range, F<60 Hz			1.2			*	°C/W
Resistance, junction to air <sup>2</sup>	Full temp range		12			*		°C/W
Temperature Range, case	Meets full range specs	-40		+85	*		*	°C

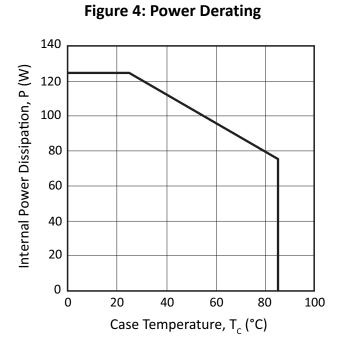
1. Rating applies if the output current alternates between both output transistors at a rate faster than 60 Hz.

2. The MP38 must be used with a heat sink or the quiescent power may drive the unit to junction temperatures higher than 175°C.

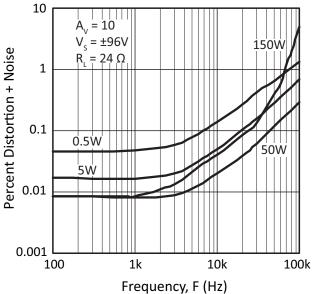
**Note:** \*The specification of MP38A is identical to the specification for MP38 in applicable column to the left.



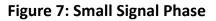
#### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE GRAPHS**

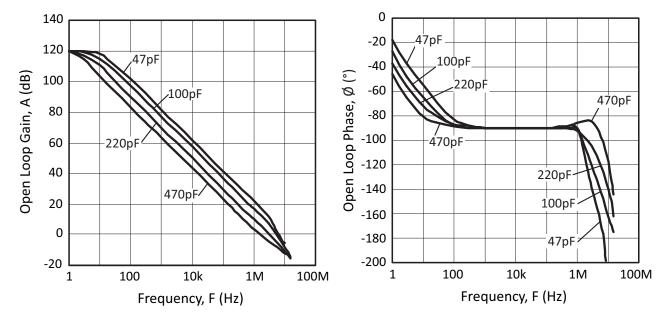


**Figure 5: Harmonic Distortion** 





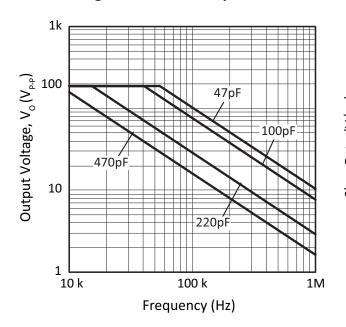






**Figure 8: Power Response** 

Figure 9: Slew Rate vs. Compensation



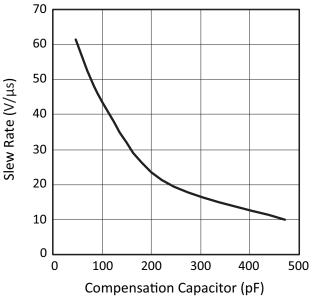
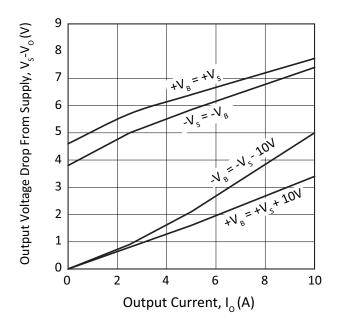


Figure 10: Output Voltage Swing





# SAFE OPERATING AREA (SOA)

The MOSFET output stage of the MP38 is not limited by second breakdown considerations as in bipolar output stages. Only thermal considerations and current handling capabilities limit the SOA. The output stage is protected against transient flyback by the parasitic body diodes of the output stage MOSFET structure. However, for protection against sustained high energy flyback external fast-recovery diodes must be used.

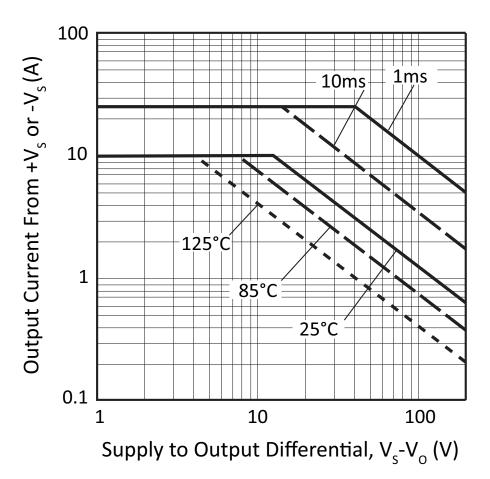


Figure 11: SOA



#### GENERAL

Please read Application Note 1 "General Operating Considerations" which covers stability, supplies, heat sinking, mounting, current limit, SOA interpretation, and specification interpretation. Visit www.apexanalog.com for Apex Microtechnology's complete Application Notes library, Technical Seminar Workbook, and Evaluation Kits.

### **TYPICAL APPLICATION**

#### **Ref: Application Note 25**

The high power bandwidth and high voltage output of the MP38 allows driving ultra-sonic transducers via a resonant circuit including the transducer and a matching transformer. The load circuit appears resistive to the MP38.

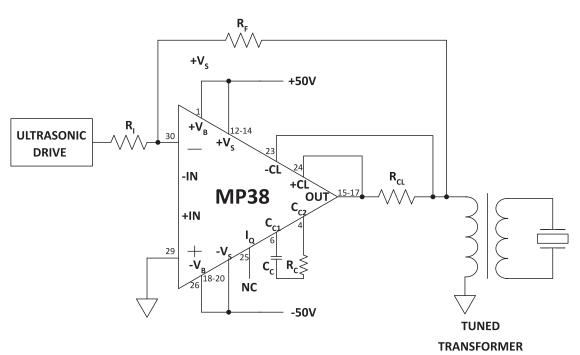


Figure 12: Typical Application

**ULTRA-SONIC AMPLIFIER** 

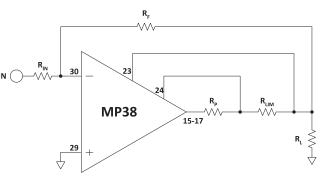


### **CURRENT LIMIT**

The two current limit sense lines are to be connected directly across the current limit sense resistor. For the current limit to work correctly pin 24 must be connected to the amplifier output side and pin 23 connected to the load side of the current limit resistor, R<sub>CL</sub>, as shown in Figure 13. This connection will bypass any parasitic resistances, Rp, formed by sockets and solder joints as well as internal amplifier losses. The current limiting resistor may not be placed anywhere in the output circuit except where shown in Figure 2. The value of the current limit resistor can be calculated as follows:



Figure 13: Current Limit



#### **BOOST OPERATION**

With the VB feature the small signal stages of the amplifier are operated at higher supply voltages than the amplifier's high current output stage.  $+V_S$  (pins 12-14) and  $-V_S$  (pins 18-20) are connected to the high current output stage. An additional 10V on the  $V_B$  pins is sufficient to allow the small signal stages to drive the output transistors into saturation and improve the output voltage swing for extra efficient operation when required. When close swing to the supply rails is not required the  $+V_B$  and  $+V_S$  pins must be strapped together as well as the  $-V_B$  and  $-V_S$  pins. The boost voltage pins must not be at a voltage lower than the  $V_S$  pins.

#### **BYPASSING**

Proper bypassing of the power supply pins is crucial for proper operation. Bypass the  $\pm V_S$  pins with a aluminum electrolytic capacitor with a value of at least  $10\mu$ F per amp of expected output current. In addition a 0.47 $\mu$ F to  $1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor should be placed in parallel with each aluminum electrolytic capacitor. Both of these capacitors have to be placed as close to the power supply pins as physically possible. If not connected to the V<sub>S</sub> pins (See BOOST OPERATION) the V<sub>B</sub> pins should also be bypassed with a 0.47 $\mu$ F to  $1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor.

### **USING THE IQ PIN FUNCTION**

Pin 25 (Iq) can be tied to pin 6 (Cc1) to eliminate the class AB biasing current from the output stage. Typically this would remove 1-4 mA of quiescent current. The resulting decrease in quiescent power dissipation

# MP38 • MP38A



may be important in some applications. Note that implementing this option will raise the output impedance of the amplifier and increase crossover distortion as well.

#### **COMPENSATION**

The external compensation components  $C_C$  and  $R_C$  are connected to pins 4 and 6. Unity gain stability can be achieved at any compensation capacitance greater than 470 pF with at least 60 degrees of phase margin. At higher gains more phase shift can be tolerated in most designs and the compensation capacitance can accordingly be reduced, resulting in higher bandwidth and slew rate.

Gain	C <sub>C</sub> *	R <sub>C</sub>
1	470pF	100 Ω
≥ 3	220pF	Short
> 10	100pF	Short

#### **APPLICATION REFERENCES**

For additional technical information please refer to the following application notes.

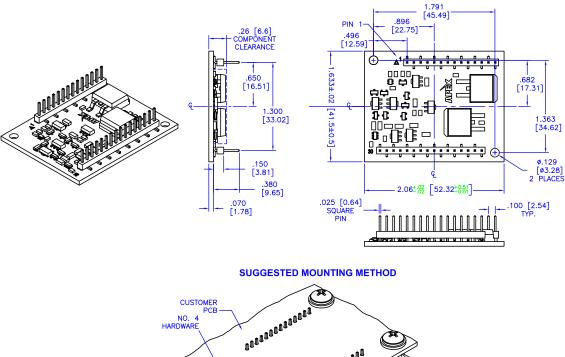
- AN 01 General Operating Considerations
- AN 11 Thermal Techniques
- AN 38 Loop Stability with Reactive Loads

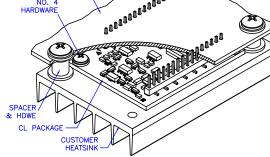


#### **PACKAGE OPTIONS**

Part Number	Apex Package Style	Description
MP38CL	CL	30-pin Open Frame
MP38CLA	CL	30-pin Open Frame

#### PACKAGE STYLE CL





#### **NOTES:**

- 1. Dimensions are inches; alternate units are [mm].
- 2. Recommended PCB hole diameter for pins: .050"
- 3. 2 oz. copper over 600V dielectric over aluminum substrate
- 4. Tin-nickel plated phosphor bronze pins
- 5. Package weight: 0.56 oz. [15.9 g]
- 6. Mount with #4 or equivalent screws.
- 7. It is not recommended that mounting of the package rely on the pins for mechanical support. The mounting methoc shown does not represent a specific design solution or the only way to mount the package.
- 8. Care must be exercised in designing the mating board, to avoid interference among board components.



#### NEED TECHNICAL HELP? CONTACT APEX SUPPORT!

For all Apex Microtechnology product questions and inquiries, call toll free 800-546-2739 in North America. For inquiries via email, please contact apex.support@apexanalog.com. International customers can also request support by contacting their local Apex Microtechnology Sales Representative. To find the one nearest to you, go to www.apexanalog.com

#### IMPORTANT NOTICE

Apex Microtechnology, Inc. has made every effort to insure the accuracy of the content contained in this document. However, the information is subject to change without notice and is provided "AS IS" without warranty of any kind (expressed or implied). Apex Microtechnology reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any specifications or products mentioned herein to improve reliability. This document is the property of Apex Microtechnology and by furnishing this information, Apex Microtechnology grants no license, expressed or implied under any patents, mask work rights, copyrights, trademarks, trade secrets or other intellectual property rights. Apex Microtechnology owns the copyrights associated with the information contained herein and gives consent for copies to be made of the information only for use within your organization with respect to Apex Microtechnology integrated circuits or other products of Apex Microtechnology. This consent does not extend to other copying such as copying for general distribution, advertising or promotional purposes, or for creating any work for resale.

APEX MICROTECHNOLOGY PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, AUTHORIZED OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN PRODUCTS USED FOR LIFE SUPPORT, AUTOMOTIVE SAFETY, SECURITY DEVICES, OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS. PRODUCTS IN SUCH APPLICATIONS ARE UNDERSTOOD TO BE FULLY AT THE CUSTOMER OR THE CUSTOMER'S RISK.

Apex Microtechnology, Apex and Apex Precision Power are trademarks of Apex Microtechnology, Inc. All other corporate names noted herein may be trademarks of their respective holders.

# **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Operational Amplifiers - Op Amps category:

Click to view products by Apex Microtechnology manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

LM258AYDT LM358SNG 430227FB UPC824G2-A LT1678IS8 042225DB 058184EB UPC259G2-A NTE925 AZV358MTR-G1 AP4310AUMTR-AG1 HA1630D02MMEL-E HA1630S01LPEL-E NJU77806F3-TE1 NCV20034DR2G LM324EDR2G LM2902EDR2G NTE778S NTE871 NTE924 NTE937 MCP6V17T-E/MNY MCP6V19-E/ST MCP6V36UT-E/LTY MXD8011HF SCY6358ADR2G LTC2065HUD#PBF NJM2904CRB1-TE1 2SD965T-R RS6332PXK BDM8551 BDM321 MD1324 COS8052SR COS8552SR COS8554SR COS2353SR COS724TR ASOPD4580S-R RS321BKXF ADA4097-1HUJZ-RL7 NCV4333DTBR2G EL5420CRZ-T7A AS324MTR-E1 AS358MMTR-G1 MCP6472T-E/MS MCP6491T-ELTY MCP662-E/MF TLC073IDGQR TLC081AIP