

## 3-Channel LED Drivers with I<sup>2</sup>C Interface

### FEATURES

- 3-channel constant current LED drivers
  - 4-level global maximum current: 5mA, 10mA, 15mA, 30mA
  - 16-level individual current, 4096 mixed-color available
  - 256-level individual PWM dimming
- Automatic breathing lighting
  - Three individual pattern controllers
  - Individual and sync control selectable
- LED current accuracy:  $\pm 3\%$
- LED matching accuracy:  $\pm 3\%$
- Low dropout voltage: 50mV
- Low power consumption
  - $I_{STB} < 5\mu A$  in standby mode
- UVLO and OT protection
- Single power supply, 2.5V~5.5V
- 1.8V~3.3V, 400kHz I<sup>2</sup>C interface (address 0x45)
- 2mmx2mm DFN-10L package

### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

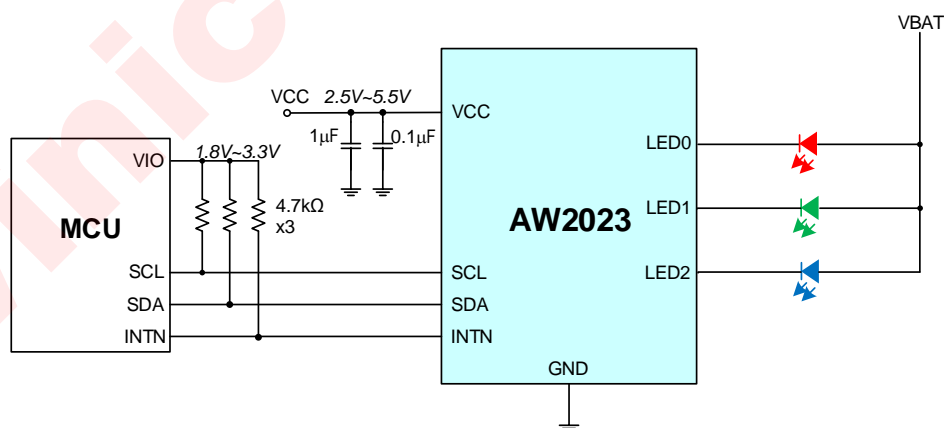
AW2023 is a three channels constant current LED driver. The max output current is 4-level selectable (5mA/10mA/15mA/30mA). Each LED is 16 current levels configurable so as to achieve 4096 color mixing. The 256-level exponential PWM dimming creates fine and smooth dimming effect even in low brightness.

AW2023 contains three independent pattern controllers. All LEDs can be controlled to work synchronously or individually due to the practical application.

An I<sup>2</sup>C compatible interface in 400kHz fast mode is provided, the device address is 45H, and continuously writing and reading the internal registers is supported.

AW2023 is available in a 2mmx2mm DFN-10L package, only requires single power supply of 2.5V~5.5V

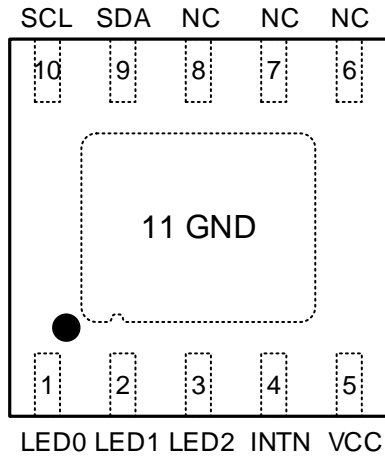
### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



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## PIN CONFIGURATION AND TOP MARK

AW2023DNR TOPVIEW



AW2023DNR MARKING

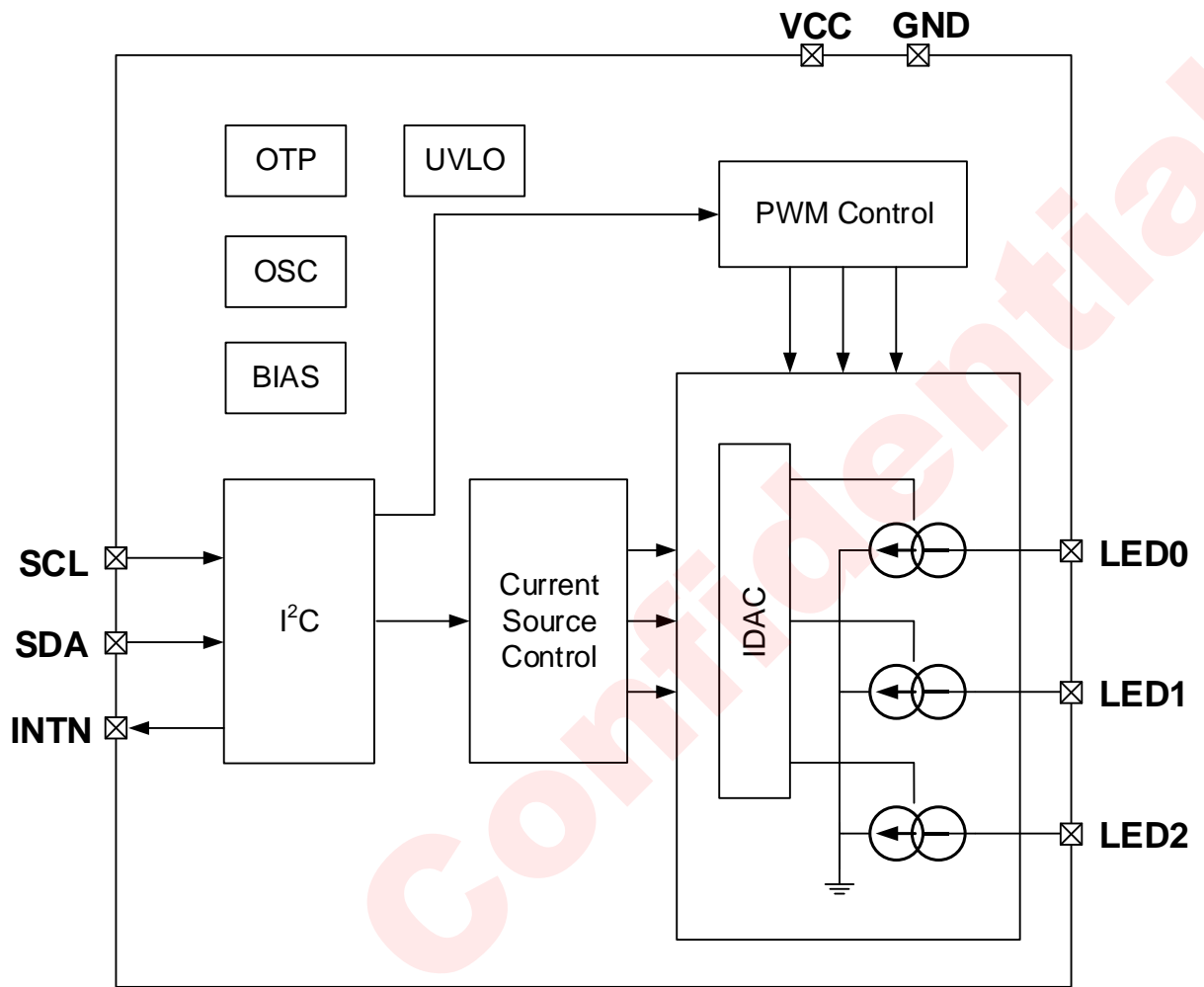


AC23 - AW2023DNR  
XXXX - Manufacture date code

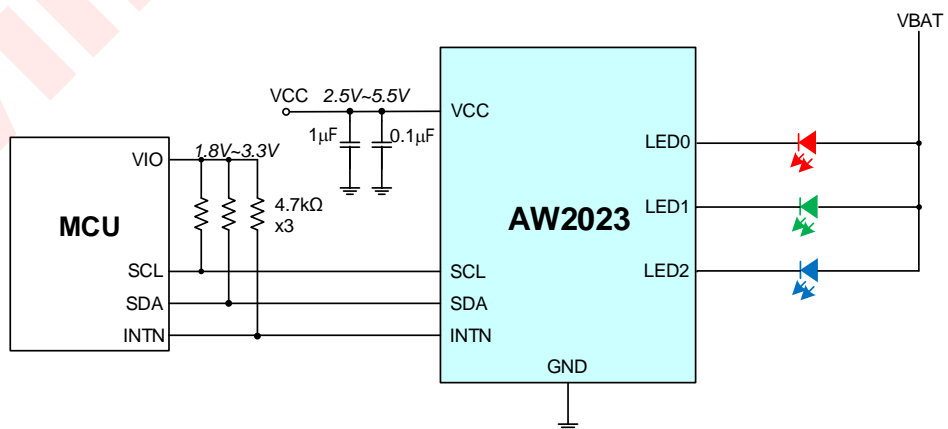
## PIN DEFINITION

| No.   | Name | Description   |
|-------|------|---|
| 1     | LED0 | LED0 cathode driver, anode connected to VCC                               |
| 2     | LED1 | LED1 cathode driver, anode connected to VCC                               |
| 3     | LED2 | LED2 cathode driver, anode connected to VCC                               |
| 4     | INTN | Interrupt pin. Open-drain output, be pulled low when interrupt is active. |
| 5     | VCC  | Power supply (2.5V-5.5V)  |
| 6,7,8 | NC   | No internal connection  |
| 9     | SDA  | Serial data I/O for I <sup>2</sup> C interface                            |
| 10    | SCL  | Serial clock input for I <sup>2</sup> C interface                         |
| 11    | GND  | Ground  |

## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

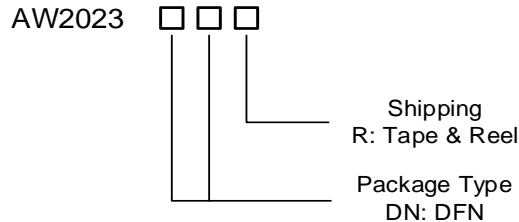


## TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS



## ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number | Temperature | Package            | Marking      | MSL Level | ROHS    | Delivery Form                 |
|-------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|-----------|---------|-------------------------------|
| AW2023DNR   | -40°C~85°C  | 2mmx2mm<br>DFN-10L | AC23<br>XXXX | MSL1      | ROHS+HF | Tape and Reel<br>3000pcs/Reel |



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (NOTE 1)

| PARAMETERS   |           | RANGE          |
|--|-----------|----------------|
| Supply voltage range $V_{CC}$                        |           | -0.3V to 6.0V  |
| Input voltage range                                  | SCL, SDA, | -0.3V to 6.0V  |
|  | LED0~LED2 | -0.3V to 6.0V  |
| Output voltage range                                 | SDA, INTN | -0.3V to 6.0V  |
| Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance $\theta_{JA}$ |           | 45°C/W         |
| Operating free-air temperature range                 |           | -40°C to 85°C  |
| Maximum Junction temperature $T_{JMAX}$              |           | 150°C          |
| Storage temperature $T_{STG}$                        |           | -65°C to 150°C |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 Seconds)              |           | 260°C          |
| ESD(NOTE 2)  |           |                |
| HBM  |           | ±2000V         |
| MM   |           | ±200V          |
| CDM  |           | ±2000V         |
| Latch-up   |           |                |
| Test Condition: JEDEC STANDARD NO.78B DECEMBER 2008  |           | 350mA          |

NOTE1: Conditions out of those ranges listed in "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damages to the device. In spite of the limits above, functional operation conditions of the device should within the ranges listed in "recommended operating conditions". Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for prolonged periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE2: The human body model is a 100pF capacitor discharged through a 1.5kΩ resistor into each pin. Test method: MIL-STD-883G Method 3015.7

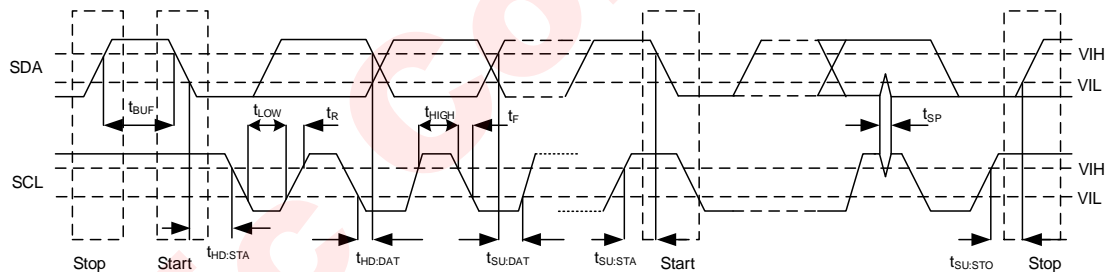
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V<sub>CC</sub>=3.8V, T<sub>A</sub>=25°C for typical values (unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol                           | Description                      | Test Conditions                   | Min  | Typ.  | Max  | Units |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|-------|------|-------|
| <b>Power Supply</b>              |                                  |                                   |      |       |      |       |
| V <sub>CC</sub>                  | Input operation voltage          |                                   | 2.5  |       | 5.5  | V     |
| I <sub>STANDBY</sub>             | Current in Standby mode          | SCL/SDA=1.8V                      |      | 2     | 10   | μA    |
| I <sub>ACTIVE</sub>              | Quiescent Current in Active mode | register CHIPEN=1<br>all LEDs off |      | 100   | 150  | μA    |
| V <sub>POR</sub>                 | Power on reset voltage           |                                   | 0.95 | 1.25  | 1.55 | V     |
| V <sub>UVLO</sub>                | UVLO Voltage                     | GCR2.UVTH[1:0]=00                 | 1.75 | 2     | 2.25 | V     |
| T <sub>OTP</sub>                 | Over temperature Threshold       |                                   |      | 140   |      | °C    |
| T <sub>HYS</sub>                 | Over temperature hysteresis      |                                   |      | 20    |      | °C    |
| F <sub>OSC</sub>                 | Oscillator Frequency             |                                   | -5%  | 1.024 | +5%  | MHz   |
| <b>LED Driver</b>                |                                  |                                   |      |       |      |       |
| I <sub>ACC</sub>                 | Current accuracy                 | I <sub>LED</sub> =15mA            | -3%  |       | +3%  | %     |
| I <sub>MATCH</sub>               | Matching accuracy                | I <sub>LED</sub> =15mA            | -3%  |       | +3%  | %     |
| V <sub>DROP</sub>                | Dropout voltage                  | I <sub>LED</sub> =15mA            |      | 50    | 100  | mV    |
| F <sub>PWM</sub>                 | PWM frequency                    | Register LCTR.bit5=0              | -5%  | 250   | +5%  | Hz    |
| <b>Digital Logical Interface</b> |                                  |                                   |      |       |      |       |
| V <sub>IL</sub>                  | Logic input low level            | SDA,SCL                           |      |       | 0.4  | V     |
| V <sub>IH</sub>                  | Logic input high level           | SDA,SCL                           | 1.3  |       |      | V     |
| I <sub>IL</sub>                  | Low level input current          | SDA,SCL                           |      | 5     |      | nA    |
| I <sub>IH</sub>                  | High level input current         | SDA,SCL                           |      | 5     |      | nA    |
| V <sub>OL</sub>                  | Logic output low level           | SDA, INTN, I <sub>OUT</sub> =3mA  |      |       | 0.4  | V     |
| I <sub>L</sub>                   | Output leakage current           | SDA, INTN open drain              |      |       | 1    | nA    |

## I<sup>2</sup>C INTERFACE TIMING

| Parameter Name      |   | Min | Typ. | Max | Units |
|---------------------|---|-----|------|-----|-------|
| F <sub>SCL</sub>    | Interface Clock frequency                 |     |      | 400 | kHz   |
| T <sub>DEG</sub>    | Deglitch time                             | SCL | 200  |     | ns    |
|                     |   | SDA | 250  |     | ns    |
| T <sub>HD:STA</sub> | (Repeat-start) Start condition hold time  | 0.6 |      |     | μs    |
| T <sub>LOW</sub>    | Low level width of SCL                    | 1.3 |      |     | μs    |
| T <sub>HIGH</sub>   | High level width of SCL                   | 0.6 |      |     | μs    |
| T <sub>SU:STA</sub> | (Repeat-start) Start condition setup time | 0.6 |      |     | μs    |
| T <sub>HD:DAT</sub> | Data hold time                            | 0   |      |     | μs    |
| T <sub>SU:DAT</sub> | Data setup time                           | 0.1 |      |     | μs    |
| T <sub>R</sub>      | Rising time of SDA and SCL                |     |      | 0.3 | μs    |
| T <sub>F</sub>      | Falling time of SDA and SCL               |     |      | 0.3 | μs    |
| T <sub>SU:STO</sub> | Stop condition setup time                 | 0.6 |      |     | μs    |
| T <sub>BUF</sub>    | Time between start and stop condition     | 1.3 |      |     | μs    |



## FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

### POWER ON RESET

When the supply voltage VCC of AW2023 drops below a predefined voltage  $V_{POR}$  (1.25V), the device enters standby mode, and generate a reset signal to perform a power-on reset operation, which reset all control circuits and configuration registers.

The status bit ISR.PUIS (register: 0x02 bit4) will be set to 1 when power-on reset operation occurs, which will be cleared after a read of ISR register. Usually the ISR.PUIS bit can be used to check whether an unexpected power-on event has taken place.

### OPERATING MODE

There are two work modes available: Standby and Active mode.



Figure 1 AW2023 operating modes transition

### STANDBY MODE

Once the bit GCR1.CHIPEN is clear in active mode, the AW2023 enters into standby mode

In standby mode, only part of internal circuit work. The I<sup>2</sup>C interface is accessible, but only registers RSTR and GCR1 can be written, the internal OSC keep closed and there is no internal clock. The current consumption is less than 5 $\mu$ A.

### ACTIVE MODE

In standby mode, once bit CHIPEN of GCR1 register is set to 1, the device enters into active mode.

In active mode, the internal OSC works to provide clock signal. User can configure the device to produce the specified breath lighting effects in pattern mode or turn each LED on or off directly.

### SOFTWARE RESET

Writing 0x55 to register RSTR (register: 0x00) via I<sup>2</sup>C interface will reset the AW2023, including all functional circuits and configuration registers.

### UNDER VOLTAGE LOCK OUT (UVLO)

The voltage on pin VCC is monitored internally by the AW2023. When voltage of VCC drops below predefined threshold by bit GCR2.UVTH (2.0v typically), the UVLOIS flag bit in ISR register is set to "1". After a read, the flag register can be cleared.

When UVLO condition is met, the bit CHIPEN in register GCR1 will be cleared, and the device return to standby

state. If VCC rises above the threshold and GCR1.CHIPEN bit is set to “1”, the device will enter into active mode again.

If the UVDIS bit in register GCR2 is set to “1”, the internal UVLO monitor is disabled. The default value of the UVDIS bit is “0”.

If the DUVP bit in register GCR2 is set to “1”, the UVLO protection function is closed, the device keeps working even though UVLO state is detected. The default value of the DUVP bit is “0”.

## OVER TEMPERATURE PROTECTION

When the device reaches 140°C, the over-temperature protection be activated, and the OTPIS flag bit in register ISR is set to “1”, and after a read, the flag register can be cleared.

When OTP condition is met, the bit CHIPEN in register GCR1 will be cleared, and the device will be forced to standby state. Once the temperature of the device drops below 120°C, and GCR1.CHIPEN bit is set to “1”, the device will enter into active mode again.

If the OTDIS bit in register GCR2 is set to “1”, the OTP function is disabled. The default value of the OTDIS bit is “0”.

If the DOTP bit in register GCR2 is set to “1”, the OTP protection function is closed, the device keeps working even though over-temperature condition is detected. The default value of the DOTP bit is “0”.

## I<sup>2</sup>C INTERFACE

The AW2023 supports the I<sup>2</sup>C serial bus and data transmission protocol in fast mode at 400 kHz, and operates as a slave on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus. Connections to the bus are made via the open-drain I/O pins SCL and SDA. The pull-up resistor can be selected in the range of 1k~10kΩ and the typical value is 4.7kΩ. Different I<sup>2</sup>C interface voltage of 1.8V ~ 3.3V are all supported.

### DEVICE ADDRESS

The I<sup>2</sup>C device address (7-bit) of AW2023 is 0x45, followed by the R/W bit (Read=1/Write=0).

### DATA VALIDATION

When SCL is high level, SDA level must be constant. SDA can be changed only when SCL is low level.

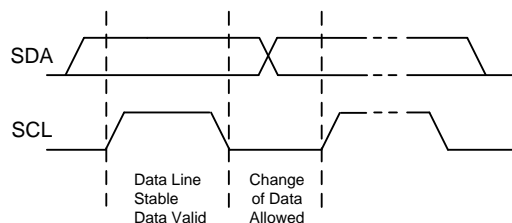


Figure 2 Data Validation Diagram



## I<sup>2</sup>C START/STOP

I<sup>2</sup>C start: SDA changes from high level to low level when SCL is high level.

I<sup>2</sup>C stop: SDA changes from low level to high level when SCL is high level.

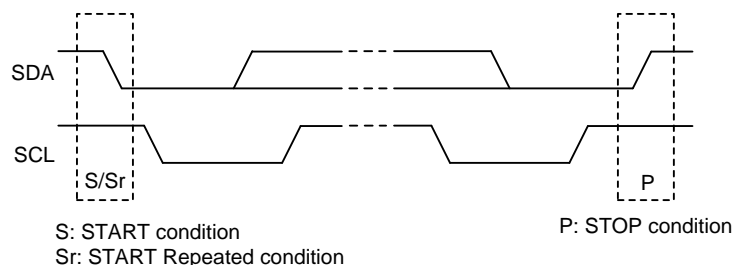


Figure 3 I<sup>2</sup>C Start/Stop Condition Timing

## ACK (ACKNOWLEDGEMENT)

ACK means the successful transfer of I<sup>2</sup>C bus data. After master sends 8bits data, SDA must be released; SDA is pulled to GND by slave device when slave acknowledges.

When master reads, slave device sends 8bit data, releases the SDA and waits for ACK from master. If ACK is send and I<sup>2</sup>C stop is not send by master, slave device sends the next data. If ACK is not send by master, slave device stops to send data and waits for I<sup>2</sup>C stop.

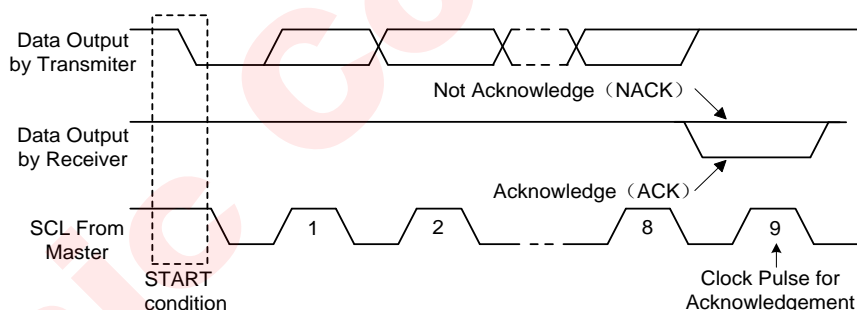


Figure 4 I<sup>2</sup>C ACK Timing

## WRITE CYCLE

One data bit is transferred during each clock pulse. Data is sampled during the high state of the serial clock (SCL). Consequently, throughout the clock's high period, the data should remain stable. Any changes on the SDA line during the high state of the SCL and in the middle of a transaction, aborts the current transaction. New data should be sent during the low SCL state. This protocol allows a single data line to transfer both command/control information and data using the synchronous serial clock.

Each data transaction is composed of a Start Condition, a number of byte transfers (set by the software) and a Stop Condition to terminate the transaction. Every byte written to the SDA bus must be 8 bits long and is transferred with the most significant bit first. After each byte, an Acknowledge signal must follow.

In a write process, the following steps should be followed:

- 1、 Master device generates START condition. The “START” signal is generated by lowering the SDA signal while the SCL signal is high.
  - b) Master device sends slave address (7-bit) and the data direction bit (R/W = 0).
  - c) Slave device sends acknowledge signal if the slave address is correct.
  - d) Master sends control register address (8-bit)
  - e) Slave sends acknowledge signal
  - f) Master sends data byte to be written to the addressed register
  - g) Slave sends acknowledge signal
  - h) If master will send further data bytes the control register address will be incremented by one after acknowledge signal (repeat step f,g)
  - i) Master generates STOP condition to indicate write cycle end



**Figure 5** I<sup>2</sup>C Write Byte Cycle

## READ CYCLE

In a read cycle, the following steps should be followed:

- a) Master device generates START condition
- b) Master device sends slave address (7-bit) and the data direction bit (R/W = 0).
- c) Slave device sends acknowledge signal if the slave address is correct.
- d) Master sends control register address (8-bit)
- e) Slave sends acknowledge signal
- f) Master generates STOP condition followed with START condition or REPEAT START condition
- g) Master device sends slave address (7-bit) and the data direction bit (R/W = 1).
- h) Slave device sends acknowledge signal if the slave address is correct.
- i) Slave sends data byte from addressed register.
- j) If the master device sends acknowledge signal, the slave device will increase the control register address by one, then send the next data from the new addressed register.
- k) If the master device generates STOP condition, the read cycle is ended.

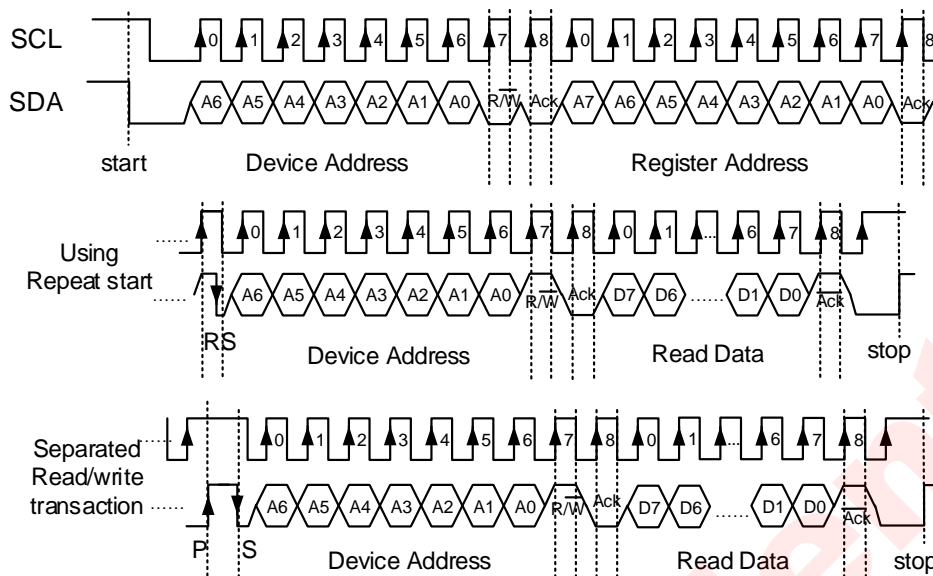


Figure 6 I<sup>2</sup>C Read Byte Cycle

## LED DRIVER

AW2023 has 3 LED drivers to drive one RGB LED or three single-color LEDs. Each LED is driven by constant current source with duty cycle controlled by PWM. Both current and PWM level can be configured via I<sup>2</sup>C interface.

## LED CURRENT

Globally, the maximum output current for three LEDs is 4-level selectable among 5mA, 10mA, 15mA and 30mA via register GCR2.IMAX (address 0x04). In general, GCR2.IMAX is used to set the max brightness of LED.

For each LED, there is 16 current levels configurable by 4-bit registers LCFGx.CUR[3:0] (x=0~2). In RGB application it is possible to combine into 16x16x16 color-mixing schemes totally.

## PWM DIMMING CONTROL

The LED output current source is gated by exponent 256-level PWM signal to create better dimming effect. The registers PWMx (address 0x34, 0x35, 0x36) define 8-bit PWM level for each LED.

When register PWMx being modified or working in PATTERN mode, the smooth dimming effect is available by continuously adjusting PWM duty. The slope of ramp up/down, are separately set via configuring the bit4~bit7 in registers LEDxT0~LEDxT2 (x=0~2).

The ramping curve can be configured to be linear and exponential by setting bit3 (EXP) in register LCTR (address 0x30).

## LED CONTROL

All LEDs in AW2023 can be independently turned on or off via setting bit Lex (x=0~2) of register LCTR

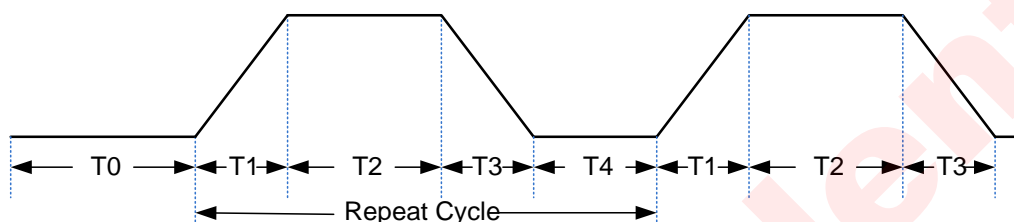
- LCTR.Lex=0, LEDx is switched off.
- LCTR.Lex=1, LEDx is switched on.

## PATTERN MODE

When register bit LCFGx.MD (address 0x31, 0x32, 0x33, x=0~2) is set to “1”, the corresponding LEDx operates in pattern mode.

In this mode, the LEDx is controlled by internal pattern controller to produce breathing lighting effect with user-defined timing parameter. In AW2023, each LED has an independent pattern controller with respective pattern parameter configuration register, and work independently.

The waveform of a breathing pattern is shown in the diagram below. The parameter T0~T4 define 4 key primary time in a complete breathing period. T0 is the delay time before pattern starting, T1~T4 composite a breathing cycle, denoting the rise-time, on-time, fall-time and off- time respectively.



**Figure 7** LED breath timing in pattern mode

The repeat times of pattern is configured by bit0~3 (REPEAT) in register LEDxT2. A pattern can repeat for 1 to 15 times if LEDxT2.REPEAT is not “0000”, or loop continuously if LEDxT2.REPEAT is “0000”

After defined times of pattern repeat is finished, the status bit ISR.LISx (address 0x02, x=0~2) will be set to “1” automatically, which only can be cleared after reading register ISR via I<sup>2</sup>C.

In pattern mode, each LED can be configured individually. The breath effect will start once LEDxT2 is written. If user wants to sync the three patterns start at the same time, please follow the following steps:

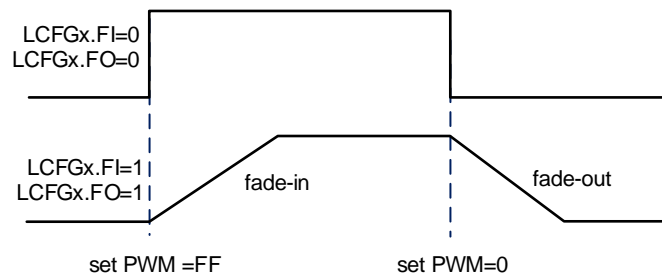
- Set LCTR to 00h
- Set LCFGx.MD to “0”
- Configure LEDxT0, LEDxT1, LEDxT2 for parameters T0~T4, repeat time .
- Set LCFGx.MD to “1”
- Set LCTR to 07h

## MANUAL CONTROL MODE

When control bit LCFGx.MD (address 0x31, 0x32, 0x33, bit4) is set to 0, the corresponding LEDx is work in manual control mode.

In manual control mode, the pattern controller is disabled and the LED is directly controlled by setting current and PWM level register via I<sup>2</sup>C interface.

Even in manual control mode, smooth dimming is supported. If LCFGx.FO and/or LCFGx.FI (address 0x31, 0x32 0x33, bit6/bit5) is set to 1, automatic fade-out and/or fade-in is enabled. If a new value is set on register PWMx when LCFGx.FO and/or LCFGx.FI is set, the brightness of LED output ramp up/down smoothly, with its transition time defined by parameter T1, T3 sourced from corresponding pattern configuration registers (LEDxT0 and LEDxT1).



**Figure 8** Manual Control Mode

## SYNC CONTROL MODE

In order to simplify configuration and control in the case of all LEDs synchronously dimming, especially in application of RGB LED, the AW2023 can be configured to work on sync control mode.

When LCFG0.SYNC is set to 1, the device works in sync control mode. In this mode, user can control all LEDs to turn on, turn off, or output breathing lighting synchronously by controlling LED0 only.

In sync control mode, the output currents of all LEDs are still defined via register LCFGx.CUR individually, but their PWM levels of LED1, LED2 are both sourced from LED0, the setting of register PWM1, PWM2 are ignored. The control bit LCFG0.MD defines operating mode globally for all LEDs. If LCFG0.MD is 0, manual mode is selected for all LEDs, user can set all LEDs on or off by simply setting register PWM0, and fade-in or fade-out effect are selected by bit LCFG0.FI and LCFG0.FO. If register LCFG0.MD is set 1, all LEDs work in pattern mode, user only need to configured and control the pattern of LED0.

**REGISTER DESCRIPTION****REGISTER LIST**

| Addr | Name   | W/R | Bit7 | Bit 6 | Bit 5 | Bit 4 | Bit 3  | Bit 2 | Bit 1 | Bit 0  |
|------|--------|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|
| 00h  | RSTR   | WR  | 0    | 0     | 0     | 0     | 1      | 0     | 0     | 1      |
| 01h  | GCR1   | WR  | LIE2 | LIE1  | LIE0  |       | UVLOIE | OTPIE | -     | CHIPEN |
| 02h  | ISR    | R   | LIS2 | LIS1  | LIS0  | PUIS  | UVLOIS | OTPIS | -     | -      |
| 03h  | PATST  | R   | 0    | 0     | 0     | 0     | 0      | ST2   | ST1   | ST0    |
| 04h  | GCR2   | WR  | DUVP | DOTP  | UVDIS | OTDIS | UVTH   |       | IMAX  |        |
| 30h  | LCTR   | WR  | -    | -     | FREQ  | -     | EXP    | LE2   | LE1   | LE0    |
| 31h  | LCFG0  | WR  | SYNC | FO    | FI    | MD    | CUR    |       |       |        |
| 32h  | LCFG1  | WR  | -    | FO    | FI    | MD    | CUR    |       |       |        |
| 33h  | LCFG2  | WR  | -    | FO    | FI    | MD    | CUR    |       |       |        |
| 34h  | PWM0   | WR  | PWM  |       |       |       |        |       |       |        |
| 35h  | PWM1   | WR  | PWM  |       |       |       |        |       |       |        |
| 36h  | PWM2   | WR  | PWM  |       |       |       |        |       |       |        |
| 37h  | LED0T0 | WR  | T1   |       |       |       | T2     |       |       |        |
| 38h  | LED0T1 | WR  | T3   |       |       |       | T4     |       |       |        |
| 39h  | LED0T2 | WR  | T0   |       |       |       | REPEAT |       |       |        |
| 3Ah  | LED1T0 | WR  | T1   |       |       |       | T2     |       |       |        |
| 3Bh  | LED1T1 | WR  | T3   |       |       |       | T4     |       |       |        |
| 3Ch  | LED1T2 | WR  | T0   |       |       |       | REPEAT |       |       |        |
| 3Dh  | LED2T0 | WR  | T1   |       |       |       | T2     |       |       |        |
| 3Eh  | LED2T1 | WR  | T3   |       |       |       | T4     |       |       |        |
| 3Fh  | LED2T2 | WR  | T0   |       |       |       | REPEAT |       |       |        |

**DETAILED REGISTER DESCRIPTION****RSTR, Chip ID and Software Reset Register**

Address: 0x00, R/W, default: 0x09

| 7  | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3  | 2  | 1  | 0  |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| D7 | D6 | D5 | D4 | D3 | D2 | D1 | D0 |

| Bit | Symbol | Description |
|-----|--------|-------------|
|-----|--------|-------------|

|     |      |   |
|-----|------|---|
| 7:0 | RSTR | Reset Control. Write 0x55 will reset internal logic and register. Read out is fixed to 0x09 as chip ID. |
|-----|------|---|

**GCR1, Global Control Register**

Address: 0x01, R/W, default: 0x00

| 7    | 6    | 5    | 4 | 3      | 2     | 1 | 0      |
|------|------|------|---|--------|-------|---|--------|
| LIE2 | LIE1 | LIE0 | - | UVLOIE | OTPIE | - | CHIPEN |

| Bit | Symbol           | Description   |
|-----|------------------|---|
| 7:5 | LIE <sub>x</sub> | LED <sub>x</sub> Interrupt enable for pattern complete<br>0: Disable pattern complete interrupt for LED <sub>x</sub> (default)<br>1: Enable pattern complete interrupt for LED <sub>x</sub> |
| 4   | -                | Reserved  |
| 3   | UVLOIE           | UVLO Interrupt enable<br>0: Disable UVLO interrupt (default)<br>1: Enable UVLO interrupt  |
| 2   | OTPIE            | Over Temperature Interrupt enable<br>0: Disable OT interrupt (default)<br>1: Enable OT interrupt  |
| 1   | -                | Reserved  |
| 0   | CHIPEN           | Device operating Enable<br>0: Disable, the device is in standby state (default)<br>1: Enable, the device enters active state  |

**ISR, Chip Status Register**

Address: 0x02, Read only, Cleared after Read, default: 0x10

| 7    | 6    | 5    | 4    | 3      | 2      | 1 | 0 |
|------|------|------|------|--------|--------|---|---|
| LIS2 | LIS1 | LIS0 | PUIS | UVLOIS | OTPIIS | - | - |

| Bit | Symbol           | Description  |
|-----|------------------|--|
| 7:5 | LIS <sub>x</sub> | LED <sub>x</sub> Interrupt Status  |
| 4   | PUIS             | Power Up Interrupt Status<br>0: No power-up reset has taken place<br>1: Power-up reset has taken place |
| 3   | UVLOIS           | UVLO Detection Status<br>0: no UVLO detected<br>1: UVLO detected                                       |
| 2   | OTIS             | Over-temperature Detection Status<br>0: No Over-Temperature detected<br>1: Over-Temperature detected   |
| 1,0 | -                | Reserved   |

**PATST, Pattern Status Register**

Address: 0x03, Read only, default: 0x00

| 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2   | 1   | 0   |
|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|-----|
| - | - | - | - | - | ST2 | ST1 | ST0 |

| Bit | Symbol | Description |
|-----|--------|-------------|
| 7:3 | -      | Reserved    |

|   |     |   |
|---|-----|---|
| 2 | ST2 | LED2 Pattern Status<br>0: Pattern is not running<br>1: Pattern is running |
| 1 | ST1 | LED1 Pattern Status<br>0: Pattern is not running<br>1: Pattern is running |
| 0 | ST0 | LED0 Pattern Status<br>0: Pattern is not running<br>1: Pattern is running |

**GCR2, LED Maximum Current Register**

Address: 0x04, R/W, default: 0x00

| 7    | 6    | 5     | 4     | 3    | 2 | 1    | 0 |
|------|------|-------|-------|------|---|------|---|
| DUVP | DOTP | UVDIS | OTDIS | UVTH |   | IMAX |   |

| Bit | Symbol | Description  |
|-----|--------|--|
| 7   | DUVP   | Disable UVLO Protection<br>0: enable UVLO protection, clear GCR1.CHIPEN when UVLOIS=1 (default)<br>1: disable UVLO protection          |
| 6   | DOTP   | Disable Over-temperature Protection<br>0: enable OTP protection, clear GCR1.CHIPEN when OTPIS=1 (default)<br>1: disable OTP protection |
| 5   | UVDIS  | Disable UVLO Detection Function<br>0: enable UVLO detection (default)<br>1: disable UVLO detection                                     |
| 4   | OTDIS  | Disable Over-Temperature Detection Function<br>0: enable Over-temperature detection (default)<br>1: disable Over-Temperature detection |
| 3:2 | UVTH   | UVLO Threshold Voltage Selection<br>00: 2.0v (default)<br>01: 2.1v<br>10: 2.2v<br>11: 2.3v   |
| 1:0 | IMAX   | Global Max Output Current Selection<br>00: 15mA (default)<br>01: 30mA<br>10: 5mA<br>11: 10mA   |

**LCTR, LED Control Register**

Address: 0x30, R/W, default: 0x00

| 7 | 6 | 5    | 4 | 3   | 2   | 1   | 0   |
|---|---|------|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| - | - | FREQ | - | EXP | LE2 | LE1 | LE0 |

| Bit | Symbol | Description   |
|-----|--------|---|
| 5   | FREQ   | PWM Carrier Frequency Selection<br>0: 250Hz (default) |



|   |     |  |
|---|-----|--|
|   |     | 1: 125Hz   |
| 4 | -   | Reserved. Should be set 0.   |
| 3 | EXP | PWM Transition Mode Selection<br>0: Exponential transition (default)<br>1: Linear transition |
| 2 | LE2 | LED2 Enable Control<br>0: disable LED2 (default)<br>1: enable LED2                           |
| 2 | LE1 | LED1 Enable<br>0: disable LED1 (default)<br>1: enable LED1                                   |
| 0 | LE0 | LED0 Enable<br>0: disable LED0 (default)<br>1: enable LED0                                   |

**LCFG0, LED0 Mode Configuration Register**

LCFG0: Address: 0x31, R/W, default: 0x00

|      |    |    |    |     |   |   |   |
|------|----|----|----|-----|---|---|---|
| 7    | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3   | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| SYNC | FO | FI | MD | CUR |   |   |   |

| Bit | Symbol | Description  |
|-----|--------|--|
| 7   | SYNC   | Sync Mode Enable<br>0: Individual control mode (default)<br>1: Sync control mode   |
| 6   | FO     | Fade-out enable control, only active in manual mode<br>0: PWM fade-out is disable (default)<br>1: PWM fade-out is enable, the dimming time defined by T3 |
| 5   | FI     | Fade-in enable control, only active in manual mode<br>0: PWM fade-in is disable (default)<br>1: PWM fade-in is enable, the dimming time defined by T1    |
| 4   | MD     | LED0 Operating Mode Select.<br>0: Manual mode (default)<br>1: Pattern mode   |
| 3:0 | CUR    | LED0 output Current Setting.<br>LED0 output current $I_o = I_{max} * CUR / 15$ (mA) when PWM0 is 255.  |

**LCFG1, LED1 Mode Configuration Register**

LCFG1: Address: 0x32, R/W, default: 0x00

|   |    |    |    |     |   |   |   |
|---|----|----|----|-----|---|---|---|
| 7 | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3   | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| - | FO | FI | MD | CUR |   |   |   |

| Bit | Symbol | Description |
|-----|--------|-------------|
|-----|--------|-------------|

|     |     |  |
|-----|-----|--|
| 6   | FO  | Fade-out enable control, only active in manual mode<br>0: PWM fade-out is disable (default)<br>1: PWM fade-out is enable, the dimming time defined by T3 |
| 5   | FI  | Fade-in enable control, only active in manual mode<br>0: PWM fade-in is disable (default)<br>1: PWM fade-in is enable, the dimming time defined by T1    |
| 4   | MD  | LED1 Operating Mode Select.<br>0: Manual mode (default)<br>1: Pattern mode   |
| 3:0 | CUR | LED1 output Current Setting.<br>LED1 output current $I_o = I_{max} * CUR / 15$ (mA) when PWM1 is 255.  |

**LCFG2, LED2 Mode Configuration Register**

LCFG2: Address: 0x33, R/W, default: 0x00

|   |    |    |    |     |   |   |   |
|---|----|----|----|-----|---|---|---|
| 7 | 6  | 5  | 4  | 3   | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| - | FO | FI | MD | CUR |   |   |   |

| Bit | Symbol | Description  |
|-----|--------|--|
| 6   | FO     | Fade-out enable control, only active in manual mode<br>0: PWM fade-out is disable (default)<br>1: PWM fade-out is enable, the dimming time defined by T3 |
| 5   | FI     | Fade-in enable control, only active in manual mode<br>0: PWM fade-in is disable (default)<br>1: PWM fade-in is enable, the dimming time defined by T1    |
| 4   | MD     | LED2 Operating Mode Select.<br>0: Manual mode (default)<br>1: Pattern mode   |
| 3:0 | CUR    | LED2 output Current Setting.<br>LED2 output current $I_o = I_{max} * CUR / 15$ (mA) when PWM2 is 255.  |

**PWM0/PWM1/PWM2 , PWM Dimming Level Register**

PWM0: Address: 0x34, R/W, default:0x00

PWM1: Address: 0x35, R/W, default:0x00

PWM2: Address: 0x36, R/W, default:0x00

|     |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |
|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 7   | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| PWM |   |   |   |   |   |   |   |

| Bit | Symbol | Description                        |
|-----|--------|------------------------------------|
| 7:0 | PWM    | PWM Dimming level for LEDx (x=0~2) |

**LEDxT0, T1 & T2 Configuration Register**

LED0T0: Address: 0x37, R/W, default: 0x00

LED1T0: Address: 0x3A, R/W, default: 0x00

LED2T0: Address: 0x3D, R/W, default: 0x00

|    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
|----|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|
| 7  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3  | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| T1 |   |   |   | T2 |   |   |   |

| Bit | Symbol | Description                         |
|-----|--------|-------------------------------------|
| 7:4 | T1     | T1 (Rise-time) selection            |
|     |        | 0000: 0.00s (default)    1000: 2.1s |
|     |        | 0001: 0.13s            1001: 2.6s   |
|     |        | 0010: 0.26s            1010: 3.1s   |
|     |        | 0011: 0.38s            1011: 4.2s   |
|     |        | 0100: 0.51s            1100: 5.2s   |
|     |        | 0101: 0.77s            1101: 6.2s   |
|     |        | 0110: 1.04s            1110: 7.3s   |
|     |        | 0111: 1.6s              1111: 8.3s  |
| 3:0 | T2     | T2 (On-time) selection              |
|     |        | 0000: 0.04s (default)    1000: 2.1s |
|     |        | 0001: 0.13s            1001: 2.6s   |
|     |        | 0010: 0.26s            1010: 3.1s   |
|     |        | 0011: 0.38s            1011: 4.2s   |
|     |        | 0100: 0.51s            1100: 5.2s   |
|     |        | 0101: 0.77s            1101: 6.2s   |
|     |        | 0110: 1.04s            1110: 7.3s   |
|     |        | 0111: 1.6s              1111: 8.3s  |

**LEDxT1, T3 & T4 Configuration Register**

LED0T1: Address: 0x38, R/W, default: 0x00

LED1T1: Address: 0x3B, R/W, default: 0x00

LED2T1: Address: 0x3E, R/W, default: 0x00

|    |   |   |   |    |   |   |   |
|----|---|---|---|----|---|---|---|
| 7  | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3  | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| T3 |   |   |   | T4 |   |   |   |

| Bit | Symbol | Description                         |
|-----|--------|-------------------------------------|
| 7:4 | T3     | T3 (Fall-time) selection            |
|     |        | 0000: 0.00s (default)    1000: 2.1s |
|     |        | 0001: 0.13s            1001: 2.6s   |
|     |        | 0010: 0.26s            1010: 3.1s   |
|     |        | 0011: 0.38s            1011: 4.2s   |
|     |        | 0100: 0.51s            1100: 5.2s   |
|     |        | 0101: 0.77s            1101: 6.2s   |

|     |    |                         |                 |       |      |
|-----|----|-------------------------|-----------------|-------|------|
|     |    | 0110:                   | 1.04s           | 1110: | 7.3s |
|     |    | 0111:                   | 1.6s            | 1111: | 8.3s |
| 3:0 | T4 | T4 (Off-time) selection |                 |       |      |
|     |    | 0000:                   | 0.04s (default) | 1000: | 2.1s |
|     |    | 0001:                   | 0.13s           | 1001: | 2.6s |
|     |    | 0010:                   | 0.26s           | 1010: | 3.1s |
|     |    | 0011:                   | 0.38s           | 1011: | 4.2s |
|     |    | 0100:                   | 0.51s           | 1100: | 5.2s |
|     |    | 0101:                   | 0.77s           | 1101: | 6.2s |
|     |    | 0110:                   | 1.04s           | 1110: | 7.3s |
|     |    | 0111:                   | 1.6s            | 1111: | 8.3s |

**LEDxT2, T0 & Repeat Times Configuration Register**

LED0T2: Address: 0x39, R/W, default: 0x00

LED1T2: Address: 0x3C, R/W, default: 0x00

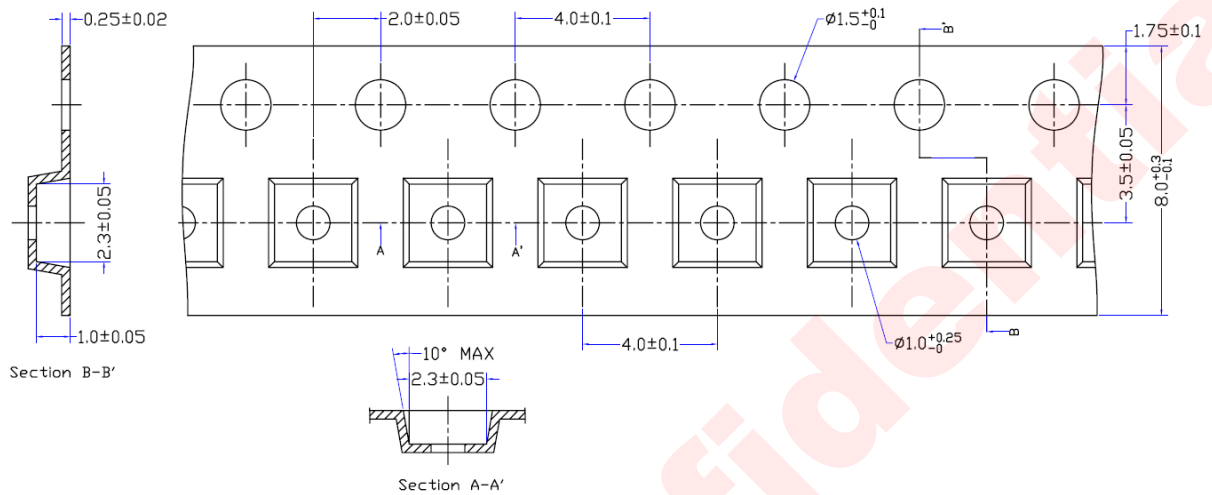
LED2T2: Address: 0x3F, R/W, default: 0x00

|   |    |   |   |        |   |   |   |
|---|----|---|---|--------|---|---|---|
| 7 | 6  | 5 | 4 | 3      | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| - | T0 |   |   | REPEAT |   |   |   |

| Bit | Symbol | Description                                  |
|-----|--------|--|
| 7:4 | T0     | T0 (delay time of pattern startup) selection |
|     |        | 0000: 0.04s (default)    1000: 2.1s          |
|     |        | 0001: 0.13s            1001: 2.6s            |
|     |        | 0010: 0.26s            1010: 3.1s            |
|     |        | 0011: 0.38s            1011: 4.2s            |
|     |        | 0100: 0.51s            1100: 5.2s            |
|     |        | 0101: 0.77s            1101: 6.2s            |
|     |        | 0110: 1.04s            1110: 7.3s            |
|     |        | 0111: 1.6s             1111: 8.3s            |
| 3:0 | REPEAT | Pattern Repeat Time                          |
|     |        | 0000: don't stop                             |
|     |        | 0001: pattern repeats 1 time                 |
|     |        | 0010: pattern repeats 2 times                |
|     |        | .....  |
|     |        | 1111: pattern repeats 15 times               |

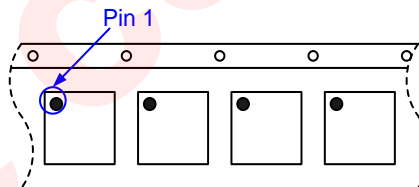
## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

## CARRIER TAPE

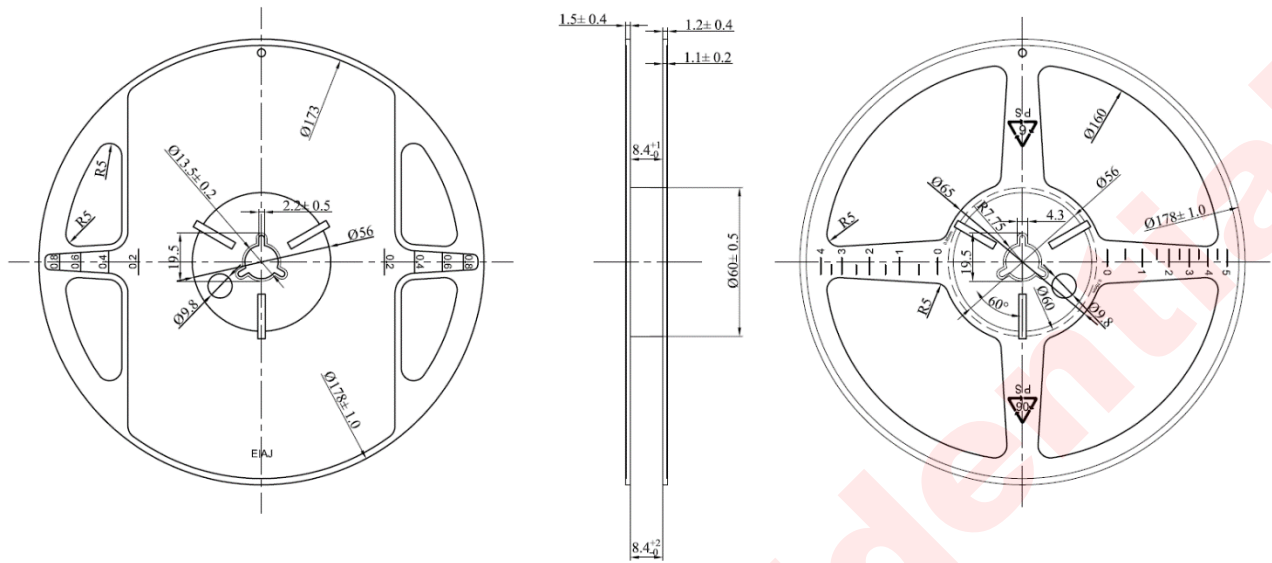


NOTE: ALL DIMS IN mm;

## PIN 1



## REEL

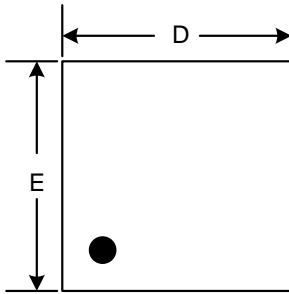


## NOTE:

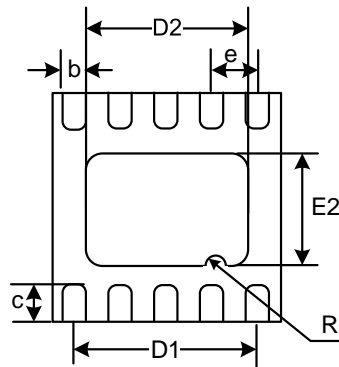
- 2、 ALL DIMS IN mm;
- 3、 General Tolerance  $\pm 0.25\text{mm}$ .

## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

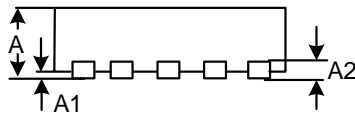
DFN2x2-10L



Top View



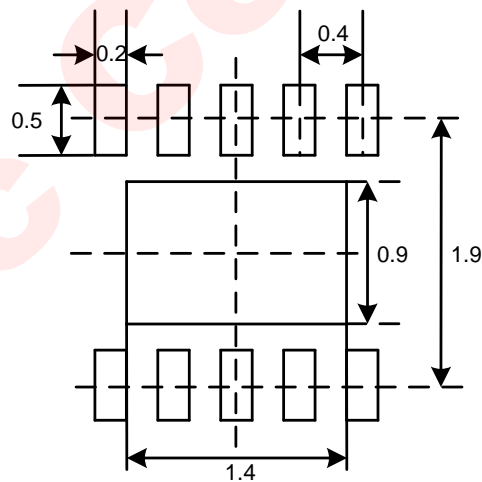
Bottom View



Side View

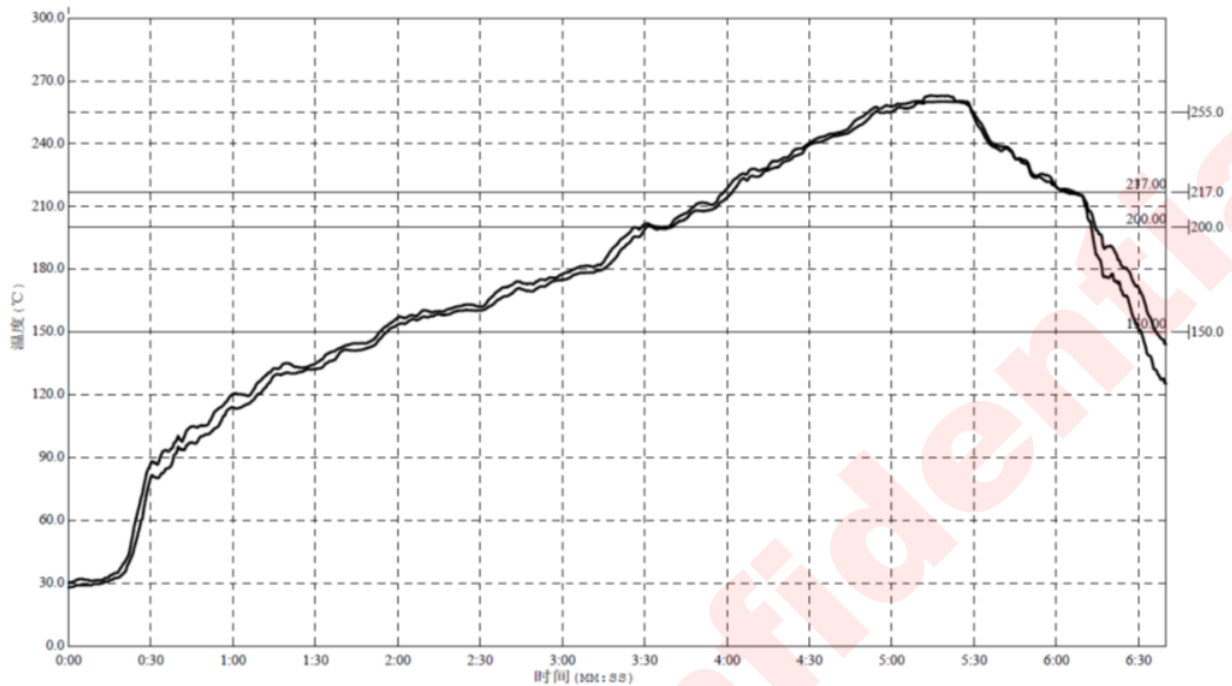
| Unit:mm | DFN-10L       |       |       |
|---------|---------------|-------|-------|
| Symbol  | Min           | Typ   | Max   |
| A       | 0.700         | 0.750 | 0.800 |
| A1      | 0.000         |       | 0.050 |
| A2      | 0.200( Ref.)  |       |       |
| b       | 0.150         | 0.200 | 0.250 |
| c       | 0.250         | 0.300 | 0.350 |
| D       | 1.900         | 2.000 | 2.100 |
| D2      | 1.300         | 1.400 | 1.500 |
| D1      | 1.600 ( Ref.) |       |       |
| e       | 0.400 (BSC)   |       |       |
| E       | 1.900         | 2.000 | 2.100 |
| E2      | 0.800         | 0.900 | 1.000 |
| R       |               | 0.10  |       |

## LAND PATTERN EXAMPLE



Recommended Land Pattern(Unit: mm)

## REFLOW



| Reflow Note                                 | Spec          |
|---|---------------|
| Average ramp-up rate (217°C to peak)        | Max. 3°C /sec |
| Time of Preheat temp. (from 150°C to 200°C) | 60-120sec     |
| Time to be maintained above 217°C           | 60-150sec     |
| Peak Temperature                            | >260°C        |
| Time within 5°C of actual peak temp         | 20-40sec      |
| Ramp-down rate                              | Max. 6°C /sec |
| Time from 25°C to peak temp                 | Max. 8min     |

## Package Reflow Standard Profile

**NOTE 1:** All data are compared with the package-top temperature, measured on the package surface;

**NOTE 2:** AW9817 adopted the Pb-Free assembly.



## REVISION HISTORY

| Vision | Date       | Revision Record                        |
|--------|------------|--|
| V1.0   | March 2017 | Initial release                        |
| V1.1   | Sept. 2017 | Update parts of functional description |
| V1.2   | Nov. 2017  | Update the ordering information        |
| V1.3   | Sep. 2018  | Update the storage temperature         |
| V1.4   | May. 2019  | Update the electrical characteristics  |

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[LYT4217E2](#) [LYT4218E2](#) [LYT4222E](#) [LYT4317E2](#) [LYT4321E](#) [LYT4323E](#) [LYT4324E3](#) [LYT4326E3](#) [TPS92020DR](#) [TPS92691PWPR](#)  
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