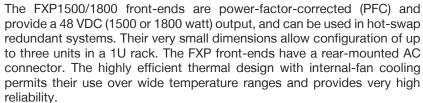


# FXP1500/1800 AC-DC Power Supply FXR-3-48G Power Shelf



Status information is provided with front panel LEDs, logic signals, and via an  $I^2C$  management interface. In addition, the  $I^2C$  bus can enable the power supply, set high fan speed, adjust the output voltage, and set the output current limit. The FXP1500/1800's meet international safety standards and display the CE-Mark for the European Low Voltage FXR-3-48G powershelf solutions provide rectification, system management, and power distribution, while maintaining high reliability and offering flexibility for future expansion. The power shelves can be configured with up to three hot-swappable 1500 or 1800-watt AC-DC front-ends.







# **Key Features & Benefits**

- · RoHS compliant for all six substances
- High density front-ends 15.2 to 18.3 W/in<sup>3</sup>
- Wide input voltage range 85 to 264 VAC
- 12 V standby voltage, 1 A per front-end
- Highly efficient topology reduces operating costs
- I2C interface status and control
- I<sup>2</sup>C voltage and current limit setting
- Analog output voltage setting
- Overtemperature, output overvoltage, and output overcurrent protection
- ORing circuits for true redundant operation:
  - Vo1: ORing FETs; Vo2: ORing Diodes
- Status LEDs: AC OK, DC OK, and Fan Fail/Overtemperature Fail

# **Applications**

- Telecommunications
- Data Communications
- Servers
- Distributed Power



# 1. MODEL SELECTION

	INPUT VOLTAGE	OUTF	PUT 1	OUTF	PUT 2	RATED POWER	COMPATIBLE
MODEL	VAC AUTO SELECTED <sup>1</sup>	V <sub>01 nom</sub>	I <sub>o1 max</sub>	V <sub>o2 nom</sub> VDC	l₀ <sub>2 max</sub> ADC	W	SHELF <sup>2</sup>
FXP1500-48G	105 – 264	48	32.2	12	1	1512	FXR-3-48G
1 XI 1300-40G	85 – 105	48	25.4	12	1	1212	1 X11-3-40G
	180 – 264	48	39.2	12	1	1812	
FXP1800-48G	105 – 180	48	32.2	12	1	1512	FXR-3-48G
	85 – 105	48	25.4	12	1	1212	

The available output power is automatically adjusted depending on the input voltage.

# 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Stress in excess of the absolute maximum ratings may cause performance degradation, adversely affect long-term reliability, or cause permanent damage to the converter.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Input Voltage	Continuous Transient, 60 ms max.			264 300	VAC
Operating Ambient Temperature	$V_{1  \text{min}}$ - $V_{1  \text{max}}$ , $I_{2  \text{nom}}$ , cooling by internal fan	@ 100 % load @ 50 % load	0 0	50 70	°C
Storage Temperature	Non-Operating		-40	85	°C

#### 3. INPUT SPECIFICATIONS

Specification is valid for input voltage, load, and temperature ranges, unless otherwise stated.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Input Voltage		85	230	264	VAC
Input Frequency		47	50/60	63	Hz
Turn-On Input Voltage	Ramping up	79		85	VAC
Turn-Off Input Voltage	Ramping down	70		78	VAC
Inrush Current Limitation	115/230 VAC acc. ETS 300 132-1 < 100 ms			50	$A_{pk}$
Hold-Up Time	After last AC line peak , $V_1$ = 230 VAC, $P_0$ nom	20			ms
Power Factor	V <sub>i nom</sub> , I <sub>o nom</sub>	0.95			W/VA
Efficiency	$V_1 = 230$ VAC, $I_0$ nom, $T_C = 25$ °C	89	90		%
Max Input Current				20	$A_{\text{rms}}$
Input Connector	16 A - 20 A / 250 VAC; according to IEC320 C19				



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 1U standard racks are available from Bel Power Solutions. See the Rack (Power Shelf) section of this data sheet for configurations and details.

# 4. OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS - 48 VOUT MODELS

Specification is valid for input voltage, load, and temperature ranges, unless otherwise stated.

PARAMETER		CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNITS
Nominal Output Voltage Vo1		/ <sub>o</sub> = 16.1 A			48		VDC
Nominal Output Voltage Vo2		$I_0 = 0.5 \text{ A}$			12		VDC
Output Voltage Set Point Accu	ıracy	$V_1 = 230 \text{ VAC}, \ l_{01} = 16.1 \text{ A}, \ T_C = 25 ^{\circ} (47.8 - 48.2 \text{ VDC})$	С	-0.5		+0.5	% V <sub>01 nom</sub>
Output Voltage Trimming (via I <sup>2</sup> C or with external resisto	r)	Adjustable (44.16 to 51.84 VDC)		-8		+8	% V <sub>01 nom</sub>
	FXP1500-48G	$I_{01 \text{ nom}}$ @ $I_{i} = 105 \text{ VAC} - 264 \text{ VAC},$ $I_{01 \text{ nom}}$ @ $I_{i} = 85 \text{ VAC} - 105 \text{ VAC},$	<i>P</i> <sub>o</sub> 1.2 kW		32.2 25.4		ADC ADC
Nominal Current Output 1	FXP1800-48G	lonom @ V = 180 VAC - 264 VAC, lonom @ V = 105 VAC - 180 VAC, lonom @ V = 85 VAC - 105 VAC,	<i>P₀</i> 1.5 kW		39.2 32.2 25.4	39.2	ADC ADC ADC
Current Limit Output 1	FXP1500-48G	$h_{0.1 \text{ max}} @ V_1 = 105 \text{ VAC} - 264 \text{ VAC} $ $h_{0.1 \text{ max}} @ V_1 = 85 \text{ VAC} - 105 \text{ VAC} $ $h_{0.1 \text{ max}} @ V_1 = 180 \text{ VAC} - 264 \text{ VAC} $	droop hiccup droop hiccup droop hiccup		36.8 30 43.8		ADC ADC ADC
	FXP1800-48G	l <sub>01 max</sub> @ l <sub>1</sub> = 105 VAC − 180 VAC l <sub>01 max</sub> @ l <sub>1</sub> = 85 VAC − 105 VAC	droop hiccup droop hiccup		36.8 30		ADC ADC
Nominal Current Output 2		$I_{02 \text{ nom}}$ @ Vi = 85 VAC – 264 VAC,	<i>P</i> <sub>o</sub> 12 W		1.0	1.0	ADC
Current Limit Output 2		$I_{02 \text{ max}}$ @ $V_i = 85 \text{ VAC} - 264 \text{ VAC}$			1.5		ADC
Static Line Regulation Output	1	$V_{i  min}$ - $V_{i  max}$ , 50 % $I_{o  nom}$		-0.5		0.5	% 1/ <sub>o nom</sub>
Static Load Regulation Output 1	FXP1500-48G	$K = 230 \text{ V}, 5-100 \%  k_{\text{nom}}$ $V_0$ : full load (32.2 ADC) to no load $V_0 = 230 \text{ V}, 5-100 \%  k_{\text{nom}}$		46.65	83.5 48 83.5	49.34	mV/A VDC mV/A
(Droop Characteristic)	FXP1800-48G	V₀: full load (32.2 ADC) to no load		46.07	48	49.34	VDC
Static Load Regulation Output (Droop Characteristic)	2	$V_i = 230 \text{ V}, 5-100 \%  l_{o \text{ nom}}$ $V_o$ : full load (32.2 ADC) to no load			0.4		VDC
(Droop Characteristic)		Load change 50% <> 100 % lo nom, dla Voltage deviation (droop + over- or					
Dynamic Load Deculation	FXP1500-48G			-5		5	% 1/ <sub>o nom</sub>
Dynamic Load Regulation	FXP1800-48G			-5.7		5.7	% V <sub>o nom</sub>
	All models	Max. recovery time to within 1 % of				400	μS
		Difference in current between two util 10 % load.	inits for $V_{01}$ above				
Current Share	FXP1500-48G					3.2	ADC
	FXP1800-48G					3.9	ADC
Start-Up Time		Time required for output within regulater initial application of AC after removal of inhibit			100	1.5	s ms
Output Voltage Ripple and No (Filter 10 nF/10 μF)	ise	$V_{\text{nom}}$ , $V_{\text{nom}}$ , 20 MHz bandwidth $V_{\text{c1}}$	· ,			480 120	${\sf mV_{pp}} \ {\sf mV_{pp}}$
Remote Sense		Total compensation for cable losses	s			500	mV

# 5. PROTECTION

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS/DESCRIPTION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Input Fuse	Not user accessible		25 A, fas	t blow	
Inrush Current Limitation			With N	TCs	
Output		No-load -, sh	nort circuit	- and over	rload proof
Overvoltage Protection Latching <sup>3</sup>	Tracking Absolute	115		122 59.5	% V <sub>o nom</sub> V
Overtemperature Protection	Automatic power shutdown at $T_C$		95		°C

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Remove input voltage to reset.



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# 6. CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

Specification is valid for input voltage, load, and temperature ranges, unless otherwise stated.

PARAMETER	TYPE⁴	CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION
Visual Status Indication	FP	DC OK (green)  LED indicators <sup>5</sup> :     AC OK (green)     Fan fail & Over-temperature (amber)
I <sup>2</sup> C Communication Bus	OC[S1, S2]	<ul> <li>Monitors alarm functions and allows control of specific parameters.</li> <li>Uses standard Philips two wire bus (SCL and SDA signal lines)</li> </ul>
I <sup>2</sup> C Communication Bus Addressing	OC[T1-T5]	Five lines provide up to 32 separate PSU I <sup>2</sup> C addresses
PS Present Pin	OC[U3]	<ul> <li>Used by system to indicate a PSU is installed in a system shelf</li> <li>Contact closure to logic ground (internal pull-down resistor of 1 kΩ)</li> </ul>
PS Main Output Remote Shutdown	OC[R1] FP	<ul> <li>TTL compatible signal, inhibited when open contact, high or at TTL logic "1"</li> <li>Signal referenced to logic return (LRTN)</li> <li>Two position switch in series with OC signal (logical AND) allows local enable/disable; "0" Position =&gt; PS disabled; "1" Position =&gt; PS Enabled</li> </ul>
Power Supply OK	I <sup>2</sup> C	AC OK & DC OK & no overcurrent & no over-temperature & fans working
DC Current Fail	$I^2C$	Reports over-current condition on main output, I <sub>01</sub>
AC Fail / Power Down Warning	OC[U2] & I <sup>2</sup> C	Provides a warning that the input power has failed at least 5 ms before the output falls out of regulation (<90% V <sub>01</sub> set).  • Open collector signal with 20 mA pull-down capability, referenced to logic return (LRTN).  • AC fail will go high or open during power fail condition and will go low when input is within the operating range.  • A Power Fail warning will turn off the front panel green AC OK LED.
DC Fail / Output Voltage Fault	OC[U4] & I <sup>2</sup> C	<ul> <li>Internal under-voltage and overvoltage supervision of V<sub>01</sub>.</li> <li>Open collector signal with 20 mA pull-down capability, referenced to logic return (LRTN).</li> <li>DC fail will go high or open if Vo1 &lt; 90% or V<sub>01</sub>&gt; 110% of V<sub>01</sub> set, measured in front of the ORing FETs.</li> <li>Green LED on the front panel indicates normal operation; LED will flash if in parallel operation V<sub>01</sub> is OK, but the unit is disabled.</li> </ul>
Critical Temperature Warning/Fan Fail	OC[U1] & I <sup>2</sup> C	<ul> <li>Indicates the PSU operating temperature has reached [T<sub>shut-down</sub> – 10K] Indicates if the unit is in over-temperature shutdown.</li> <li>Open collector signal with 20 mA pull-down capability, referenced to logic return (LRTN).</li> <li>The OC-output will go low 100 ms before an over-temperature condition shuts down the unit.</li> <li>An amber LED on the front panel indicates over-temperature or fan fail.</li> </ul>
DC Voltage Monitoring	I <sup>2</sup> C	Monitors the main output voltage, $V_{01}$ , seen at the output connector. Accuracy is $\pm 0.45V$ over setting range and temperature.
DC Current Monitoring	I <sup>2</sup> C	Monitors the output current I <sub>01</sub> : Accuracy ± 0.4A over the load range.
DC Voltage Trimming	OC[R4]	Output voltage trimming $V_{01}$ : $\pm 8\%$ of $V_0$ set using external resistor
(Margining)	I <sup>2</sup> C	Setting accuracy over I2C: ± 50mV at V₀1nom, ± 150mV over setting range
Fan Speed Control	I <sup>2</sup> C	Two fan speed levels automatically set depending on the internal temperature. The fan speed can be set to full speed or automatic control via I <sup>2</sup> C command.
Fan OK/FAIL	OC[U1] & I <sup>2</sup> C	Indicates if the cooling fans are operating or have failed.
Synchronized Startup Pin	OC[R5]	Overcurrent signal which can be used for synchronous startup of units in parallel or to recover from an overload condition.

- Abbreviations used:
  - OC[#] => Hardwired signal accessible at PSU output connector, with pin number reference
  - **FP** => Provided by devices located on PSU Front panel
  - I<sup>2</sup>C => Signal provided over I<sup>2</sup>C communication system; detailed I<sup>2</sup>C information is available from the specific model's I<sup>2</sup>C Manual found on the Bel Power Solutions web site.
- <sup>5</sup> See LED Function table for further details



# 7. ENVIRONMENTAL, MECHANICAL, & RELIABILITY SPECIFICATIONS

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Altitude	Operating Non-Operating			10 k 40 k	ASL Ft.
Polativo Humidity, Non Condonsing	Operating	10		90	% RH
Relative Humidity, Non-Condensing	Storage	5		95	% RH
Temperature Coefficient	0 °C to 70 °C (after 15 min warm-up)			0.02	%/K
Shock	IEC/EN 60068-2-27, 11 ms			40	g <sub>pk</sub>
Sinusoidal Vibration	IEC/EN 60068-2-6 2-8 Hz 8-200 Hz 200-500 Hz		7.5 2 4		mil g <sub>pk</sub> g <sub>pk</sub>
Random Vibration	10-2000 Hz		6.15		g <sub>rms</sub>
MTBF	Calculated per Bellcore (SR-332, Issue 1): GB 25 °C GB 25 °C (FNP1500-12G) Demonstrated	230 TBD 250			kh

#### 8. SAFETY SPECIFICATIONS

Maximum electric strength testing is performed in the factory according to EN50514, IEC/EN60950-1 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. and UL/CSA60950-1 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Input-to-output electric strength tests should not be repeated in the field. Bel Power Solutions will not honor any warranty claims resulting from electric strength field tests.

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS / DESCRIPTION	MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Agency Approvals	Approved to latest edition of the following standards: UL/CSA60950-1, IEC60950-1 and EN60950-1. CE Mark for LVD				
Insulation Safety Rating	Input to case Input to output Output to case		Basic Reinforced Functional		
Electric Strength Test Voltage	Input to case Input to output Output to case Output 1 to output 2	2.12 4.2 <sup>6</sup> 0.5 0.1			kVDC kVDC kVDC kVDC

Subassemblies are pre-tested with 4.2 kVDC in accordance with EN50514 and IEC/EN60950-1 2<sup>nd</sup> ed.

# 9. EMC SPECIFICATIONS

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CRITERION
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2, level 4	Performance criterion B
Electromagnetic Field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3, level 3	Performance criterion A
Electrical Fast Transients/Burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4, level 3	Performance criterion B
Surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5, level 3	Performance criterion B
Voltage Dips and Interruptions	IEC/EN 61000-4-11	Performance criterion B or better
RF Conducted Immunity	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	10 VAC, AM 80 %, 1 kHz Performance criterion A
Emissions Conducted	CISPR 22/EN 55022/EN 61204	Class B
Emissions Radiated	CISPR 22/EN 55022/EN 61204	Class A
Harmonics	IEC/EN 61000-3-2	Class B
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker	IEC/EN 61000-3-3	Pass
Voltage Sag	SEMI F47-0200 (High Line 230 V)	Pass



# 10.OUTPUT CONNECTOR PINNING AND SIGNAL SPECIFICATION (48V MODELS)

OUTPUT CONNECTOR	OC	TYPE	SIGNAL	LOW LEVEL	V MAX
DESCRIPTION	PIN#		REFERENCE	HIGH LEVEL	I MAX
Over-temperature / Fan Fail	U1	OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode		<0.4 V @ 20 mA Pull up	15 V 20 mA
AC Fail /		and a 10Ω resistor in series	LGND	<0.4 V @ 20 mA	15 V
Power down warning	U2	and a ross resistor in series		Pull up	20 mA
Power Supply Present	U3	1KΩ Resistor connected to logic GND	LGND	Open	10 V
DC Fail /		OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode		Pull up <0.4V @ 20 mA	10 mA 15 V
Output voltage fault	U4	and a 10Ω resistor in series	LGND	Pull up	20 mA
Internal ground		Used only for ADDRx and Vo1 set.	Connected to		
(INT GND)	U5	Do not connect the internal grounds in	V <sub>01</sub> - line before	-	-
· · ·		systems with several units.	the output filter		
ADDR0 I <sup>2</sup> C address bus	T1				
ADDR1 I <sup>2</sup> C address bus	T2	High = internal 10 KΩ PU to 5V=> Logic 1		Logio 1	5V
ADDR2 I <sup>2</sup> C address bus	Т3		INT GND	Logic 1 Logic 0	0V
ADDR3 I <sup>2</sup> C address bus	T4	Low = connect to INT GND => Logic 0		209.00	
ADDR4 I <sup>2</sup> C address bus	T5				
SDA, I <sup>2</sup> C serial data line	S1	I <sup>2</sup> C compatible signal referenced to logic	LGND	Logic 1	3.3V to 5V
SCL, I <sup>2</sup> C serial clock line	S2	GND 5 V or 3.3 V logic	LGND	Logic 0	0V
Auxiliary power +12 V	S3	V <sub>02</sub> + output, isolated from main output	Aux output is		
Auxiliary power +12VRTN	S4	Aux output return; ground isolated from main output	floating	-	-
Logic ground (LGND)	<b>S</b> 5	Internally connected to Aux GND through $10\Omega$ resistor. Wire LGND separately from Aux RTN and main output GND to minimize noise on signals and I <sup>2</sup> C bus. Leave open if not used.	-	-	-
Output inhibit R1	R1	PS active when pulled low (DC-DC stage off when left open)	LGND	<0.8 V >2.0 V	10 V 3.5 mA
V sense +	R2	Open or connected to $V_{01}$ + at the load Internally connected to $V_{01}$ + via 100 $\Omega$ .	-	-	dV<3 Vpp
V sense -	R3	Open or connected to $V_{01}$ - at the load Internally connected to $V_{01}$ - via 100 $\Omega$ .	-	-	30 mÅ
Output margin	R4	Oper or connected to INT GND (+8% V <sub>o1</sub> ) or V <sub>sense+</sub> (-8% V <sub>o1</sub> ), Do not interconnect margin pins in systems with paralleled PSUs.	_	-	60 V
Synchronized Startup (for paralleled units)	R5	Open or connected to synch startup circuit	Vo1 – at the OC		12 V 2 mA
V <sub>01</sub> -	P1, P3, P5	Main output - pins	-	-	-
V <sub>O1</sub> +	P2, P4, P6	Main output + pins	-	-	-
INPUT CONNECTOR DESCRIPTION	OC PIN #	ТҮРЕ			
Protection Earth	P1	PE			
Phase	P2	L			
Neutral	P3	N			

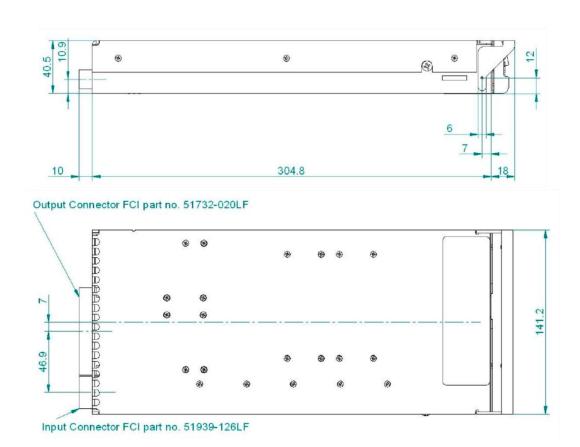


# 11.LED INDICATOR FUNCTIONALITY

CONDITION	POWER FAIL (AC OK)	OUTPUT GOOD (DC OK)	FAN FAIL AND OVER - TEMPERATURE
Normal Operation	Green	Green	OFF
Power Supply is Inhibited	Green	OFF	Amber
Input AC is Low	OFF	OFF	Amber
Input AC is Low Or Missing	OFF	OFF	Amber/OFF
Over-Temperature	Green	OFF	Amber
Output Overload (In Regulation)	Green	Green	OFF
Output Overloaded (Out Of Regulation)	Green	OFF	OFF
Fan Fault (No Overtemperature Shutdown)	Green	Green	Amber
Fan Fault (With Overtemperature Shutdown)	Green	OFF	Amber
Power Supply Failed	OFF	OFF	OFF/ Amber

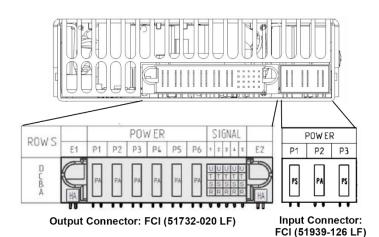
# 12.MECHANICAL DATA

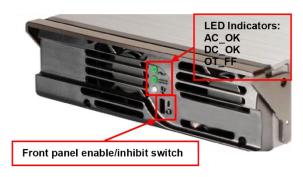
Mechanical Dimensions (W x H x D): 5.6" (141.2 mm) x 1.6" (40.5 mm) x 12" (304.8 mm)





#### 13. INPUT & OUTPUT CONNECTOR DESCRIPTION





FXP series front bezel showing LED indicators and recessed enable switch

Female ledge connector: Manufacturer: FCI

Output connector Part No.: 51762-106020000AA LF (Horizontal)
Output connector Part No.: 51742-106020000AA LF (Vertical)

Input connector Part No.: 51915-056LF (Horizontal) Input connector Part No.: 51940-099LF (Vertical)

Information on availability under http://www.stkcheck.com/evs/fcielectronics/fcisearch.asp

#### 14.PARALLELING FRONT-ENDS

For parallel use in minimal configuration systems, only the inhibit pins must be shorted to logic GND. All other pins can be left open. The power supplies will share the output current automatically (droop current share).

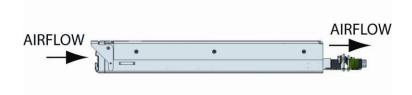
For parallel applications without I2C bus, but the use of all other features, it is recommended to connect all logic GND's on a backplane together, to connect all Vo2 -, all V o2 + and to leave the internal GND's open.

The sense wires can be left open or connected to a common load point, the synch-start pin can be left open or connected to a synch-start circuit, the inhibit pins can be connected together or used individually. All I2C signals (T1-T5, S1, and S2) can be left open.

Use of a small foil capacitor  $> 3\mu$ F directly at the power outputs of each unit is recommended in order to prevent voltage drops at the hot plug. For additional information on paralleling see the following Rack (Power Shelf) section.

# 15.COOLING

To achieve best cooling results sufficient airflow through the unit must be ensured. Do not block or obstruct the airflow at the rear of the unit by placing large components directly at the output connector.





#### 16.FXR-3-48G POWER SHELF

Each rack (power shelf) is 1U high with backplane and designed for up to three front-end models in parallel or in n+1 operation. Each power shelf has:

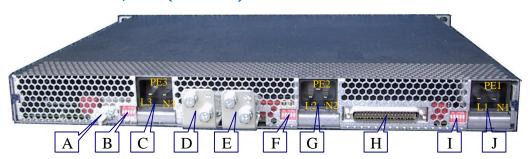
- Massive copper bus bars for low-loss current distribution.
- Output terminals with two M4-screws on each power tab.
- Two fast-on contacts for system earthing.
- Address coding over five pole DIP switch on each unit, 37-pin D-Sub connector with I<sup>2</sup>C-lines, monitoring signals and support functions.
- Provides a start-up synchronization circuit and EMV filters.

Overall Mechanical Dimensions (W x H x D): 17.7" (449.6 mm) x 1.7" (43.1 mm) x 14" (355.6 mm)



FXR-3-48G Power Shelf Front View

# Output Connector Descriptions (FXR-3-48G)



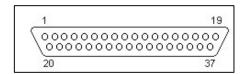
LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	
A	Earth connection	
В	5-bit DIP switch for I <sup>2</sup> C addressing of PSU #3	
С	Mains connector of PSU #3	
D	Output 1 Minus	
E	Output 1 Plus	
F	5-bit DIP switch for I <sup>2</sup> C addressing of PSU #2	
G	Mains connector of PSU #2	
Н	37-pin SUB-D connector, control, sense, check and Auxiliary power (Output 2)	
I	5-bit DIP switch for I <sup>2</sup> C addressing of PSU #1	
J	Mains connector of PSU #1	



# SUB-D Output Connector Pinout and Signal Specification

OUTPUT CONNECTOR DESCRIPTION	OC PIN	ТҮРЕ	SIGNAL REFERENCE	LOW LEVEL HIGH LEVEL	V MAX I MAX
Overtemperature / Fan Fail PSU1	1	OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a 10 $\Omega$ resistor in series.	LGND	<0.4 V @ 20 mA Pull up	15 V 20 mA
Power Supply Present PSU 1 Power Supply Present PSU 2	2 3	Resistor (1 $k\Omega$ ) connected to logic GND	LGND	Open Pull up	10 V 10 mA
Spare	4				
Overtemperature / Fan Fail PSU 3	5	OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and	1.0110	<0.4 V @ 20 mA	15 V
AC Fail /Power down warning PSU 3	6	a 10 $\Omega$ resistor in series.	LGND	Pull up	20 mA
Power Supply Present PSU 3	7	Resistor (1 $k\Omega$ ) connected to logic GND	LGND	Open Pull up	10 V 10 mA
DC Fail / Output voltage fault PSU 3 Overtemperature / Fan Fail PSU 2	8 9	OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode and a 10 $\Omega$ resistor in series	LGND	<0.4 V @ 20 mA Pull up	15 V 20 mA
SynchStart_A	10	Sync_start_A , Active high The signals of several racks can be connected together in such a way that all supplies will be inhibited until the last supply has recovered from its overcurrent condition.	LGND	<7V off < 9V	15V 10mA
Spare	11				
Output inhibit PSU 1-3	12	DC-DC stage ON when pin is open or connected to LGND DC-DC stage OFF when pin is connected on high potential	LGND	<0.8 V >2.0 V	10 V 3.5 mA
V sense +	13	Open or connected to $V_{01}+$ at the load Internally (PSU) connected to $V_{01}+$ over $100\Omega$	$V_{o1+}$		$dV < 3 \ V_{pp} \\ 30 \ mA$
V sense -	14	Open or connected to $V_{01}$ - at the load Internally (PSU) connected to $V_{01}$ - over $100\Omega$	$V_{\text{o1-}}$		$dV < 3 \ V_{pp} \\ 30 \ mA$
Spare	15				
NC	16				
NC	17				
NC	18				
NC	19				
AC Fail/Power-down warning PSU 1	20				
DC Fail/Output voltage fault PSU 1	21	OC-output, protected by 16 V Zener diode	LGND	<0.4 V @ 20 mA	15 V
AC Fail/Power-down warning PSU 2	22	and a 10 $\Omega$ resistor in series	LGIND	Pull up	20 mA
DC Fail/Output voltage fault PSU 2	23				
SDA, I <sup>2</sup> C data line	24	I <sup>2</sup> C compatible signal	LGND	5 V or 3.3 Vlogic	
SCL, I <sup>2</sup> C clock line	25	I <sup>2</sup> C compatible signal	LGND	5 V or 3.3 V logic	
Vo2+ = +12 V (Auxiliary power)	26	Vo2+ Aux output, insulated from main output	Aux output is isolated supply		
Vo2- = +12 VRTN (Auxiliary power)	27	Vo2- Aux output, insulated from main output			
Logic Gnd (LGND)	28	Wire separately from auxiliary and main output GND to minimize noise and avoid voltage drops on signal- and I2C return. Leave open if not used.	Internally connected to Vo2 Auxiliary GND via 10 Ω		
Output margin PSU 1	29	Open or connected to V sense: V sense- (+8 % Vo1) or V sense+ (-8 % Vo1)			60 V
Output margin PSU 2	30				
Output margin PSU 3	31				
NC	32				
NC	33				
NC	34				
NC	35				
NC	36				
NC	37				



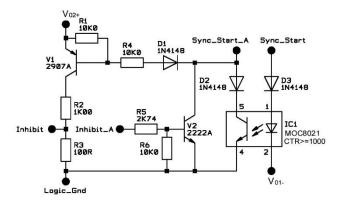


SUB-D Output Connector

# Synchronized Start-Up Circuit for Paralleling Operation

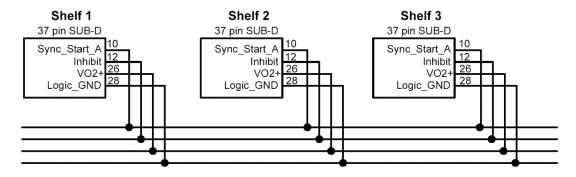
The FXP1500-48G and FXP1800-48G power supplies exhibit an overcurrent hiccup behaviour. This means if either of these supplies reaches an overcurrent limit, the output voltage will immediately turn OFF and after a delay turn ON again. In parallel use, all power supplies have to start synchronized because of the internal hiccup behaviour. Otherwise, the supply which has reached overcurrent first will go to hiccup; this will overload the other supplies, which then will also go to hiccup. When the first supply has recovered from hiccup (hiccup dead time), the others remain in hiccup. This will immediately drive the first one into hiccup once again. This means that without a start-up circuit, a system with several power supplies can never recover from an overload condition or start-up into full load.

The following additional circuit, required to reach synchronized startup, is already implemented inside the FXR-3-48G shelf.



# Synch Start-up Connection between Shelves

The following connection between the shelves is required to achieve a parallel operation. The synch-start circuits inside the shelves inhibit all power supplies until the last one has recovered from its overcurrent condition and then synchronize the restart of the outputs.





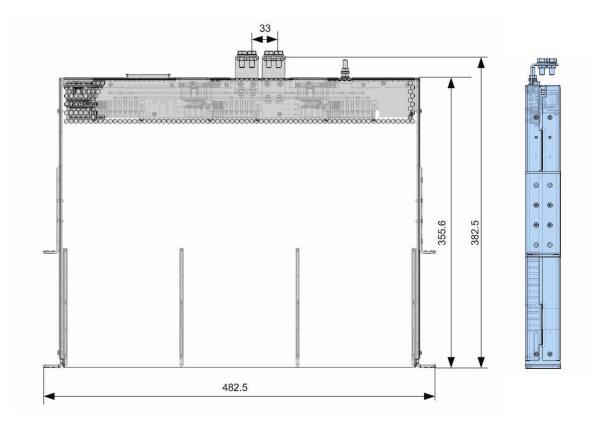
BCD.00023 AD

# Synch Start-up Circuit Description

DESCRIPTION	PIN LOCATION, DEFINITION	ТУРЕ	SIGNAL REFERENCE	LOW LEVEL HIGH LEVEL	V MAX I MAX
Auxiliary Power +12 V (Output 2)	26	$V_{\text{o2}}+$ , Aux output, insulated from main output			
Logic Ground	28	Logic_GND ,Internally connected over 10 $\Omega$ to $V_{o2}$ -, ( Auxiliary power ground (Output 2))	Internally connected over 10 to V <sub>02</sub> -		
Output Inhibit_A PSU 1-3	12	Inhibit_A, DC-DC stage ON when pin is open or connected to LGND DC-DC stage OFF when pin is connected on high potential	LGND	<0.8 V >2.0 V	10 V 3.5 mA
Synch. Startup 1 PSU 1-3	R5 (at PSU)	The synch_start pin is connected to the over- current signal of the PSU1-3. In the case of an overcurrent shutdown, this signal goes high.	$V_{\text{o1-}}$	<7V off > 9V	15V 10mA
Synch. Startup_A Rack FXR-3-48G 1-N Pin on the D-Sub connector on the backplane	10	Sync_start_A, Active high The signals of several racks can be connected together in such a way that all supplies will be inhibited until the last supply has recovered from its overcurrent condition.	LGND		

NOTE: The Sync-Start pins can be wired together only if the power supplies are connected with a minimal voltage drop on power ground as achieved on a backplane with massive copper bus bars. If there is a less ideal connection, it is recommended to use an opto-coupler for each unit (IC1, D3, D2).

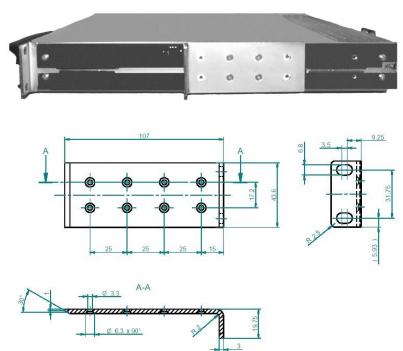
# Mechanical Data (FXR-3-48G Power Shelf)



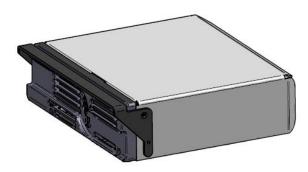


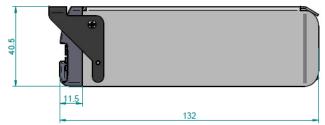
# 17.ACCESSORIES

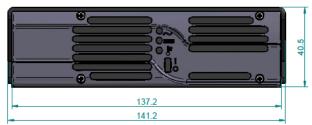
Center Angular Brackets are set in the middle for shelf mounting:



Center Angular Bracket sets can be ordered: Bel Power Solutions part no.: HZZ01222 Note: Each Center Angular Bracket set contains 2 brackets and 8 screws. Filler for covering of the empty shelf slots

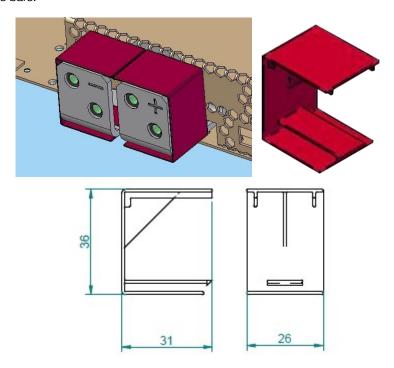








Filler can be ordered: Bel Power Solutions part no.: XAK.00043.0 Plastic cover set for the bus bars:



Plastic cover set can be ordered: Bel Power Solutions part no.: XEB.00031.0

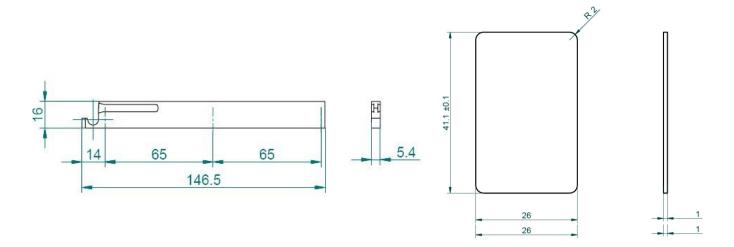
Note1: Available upon special request. Note2: Each plastic cover set contains 2pcs.

# **Fulcrum**

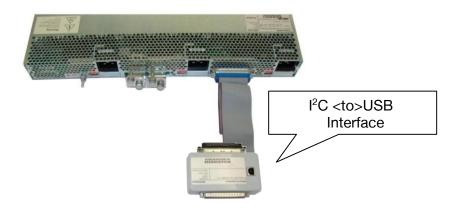
The handle has been designed to allow easy plug-in and -out in a rack system. The handle (lever) fits into a counter piece (fulcrum) which is fixed to the bottom of the rack. During the plug, the fulcrum holds the unit down and guides it towards the output connector. The Bel Power Solutions part number of the fulcrum and its associated mounting accessories is: HZZ01223.

Individual fulcrum sets can be also ordered: Bel Power Solutions part no.: HZZ01223. Note: Each HZZ01223 set contain 2 fulcrums, 2 supports, and mounting accessories.





# I<sup>2</sup>C to USB Interface HZZ02002G



**I<sup>2</sup>C Management Software**: All FNP and FXP front-ends can be controlled via Bel Power Solutions GUI-driven I<sup>2</sup>C Management software and an I<sup>2</sup>C-to-USB interface (P/N HZZ02002G). An I<sup>2</sup>C Programming Manual describes the complete range of parameters that can be programmed to the FXP1500/1800 front-ends. This manual is available by searching on "FXP1500" at www.belpowersolutions.com.

# For more information on these products consult: tech.support@psbel.com

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