

15, 30, 50 Watt AC-DC (DC-DC) Converters Convert Simply



Features

- RoHS lead-free-solder and lead-solder-exempted products available
- Universal input range 100 240 VAC nominal
- Additional DC input 90 250 VDC
- · Class I equipment
- Single output 5.1, 12, 24, or 48 VDC
- · Extremely compact design
- · Battery charger versions
- Operating ambient temperature range -10 to 50 °C with convection cooling
- · Short-circuit and no-load proof

Safety-approved to IEC/EN 60950-1, UL/CSA 60950-1 $2^{\rm nd}$ Ed. and UL-listed to UL 508.





Description

The Convert Simply front-end converters represent a family of 15, 30, and 50 watt DIN-rail mountable AC-DC converters for use as rectifiers or battery chargers. Plastic casing, compact size, and high reliability make the LOS, LOR, LOK4000 Series an excellent choice for space-critical applications, where a DIN-Rail mountable AC-DC converter is required. The universal input range and a built-in input filter allow flexible operation in a wide variety of electronic equipment and enables worldwide connection to the mains.

The converters are available as rectifiers with 12 V, 24 V or 48 V single output and special models suitable as battery

chargers for 12 V, 24 V, or 48 V batteries. The output voltage of LOK converters can be adjusted via the R input.

Safety approvals fully comply with worldwide requirements.

Applications

Typical applications are: powering building controls, factory automation, industrial controls, instrumentation, electromagnetic drives, fans, and other DC loads.

Note: For new designs, we recommend the LOK Series, which can completely replace LOR and LOS (same connections, same case).

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Model Selection

Table 1: Type survey

Outpu	ıt	Operating	Rated power ¹	Efficiency ⁵	Model	Options ⁴
V _{o nom} [VDC]	I _{o nom} [A]	input voltage ¹	$T_{\rm A} = 50 \ ^{\circ}{\rm C}$ $P_{\rm o \ tot} \ [{\rm W}]$	h _{typ} [%]		
5.1	5.2		26	70	LOK4001-2RLD	
12	1.25		15	74	LOS4301-2	
12	2.5		30	80	LOR4301-2	
12	4	85 - 264 VAC	48	82	LOK4301-2R	
12 - 12.84 ³ - 15	3.6	47 - 63 Hz	49	82	LOK4140-2RLD	F ² , K, G
24	0.65	90 - 250 VDC	15	76	LOS4601-2	
24	1.25		30	82	LOR4601-2	
24	2		48	82	LOK4601-2R	
24 - 25.7 ³ - 30	1.8		49	82	LOK4240-2RLD	
48	1		48	82	LOK4801-2R	
48 - 51.4 ³ - 60	0.9		49	81	LOK4740-2RLD	

¹ Linear derating to 85% of $P_{o \text{ nom}}$ below $V_i = 105 \text{ VAC}$, 110 VDC

² LOK types only

³ Setting voltage $V_{o set}$ for battery chargers with R-input left open-circuit.

⁴ For minimum order quantities and lead times contact the Company.

 5 Efficiency at $\textit{V}_{\rm i\,rated}$ and $\textit{I}_{\rm o\,nom}$

NFND LOR and LOS models are not recommended for new designs. They should be replaced by LOK models.

Part Number Description

Series	15 WLOS4 30 WLOR4 50 WLOK4	L <u>OK4</u> 301-2RLDFKG
Output	5.1 V rectifier version00112 V rectifier version30124 V rectifier version60148 V rectifier version801	
	12 – 15 V battery charger	
	other voltages or specs 02 – 99	
Ambient te	-10 to 50 °C	
Features a	nd options:	
	Output voltage control input	
¹ Battery o	chargers and LOK4001-2RLD	

² LOK models only

³ Up to 70 °C with derating

⁴ G is always placed at the end of the part number.

Examples: LOK4140-2RLD: AC-DC converter, battery charger version, providing 12 - 15 V/3.6 A at the output LOK4601-2R: AC-DC converter, rectifier version, providing 24 V/2 A, 48 W at the output





Functional Description

The Convert Simply 15, 30, and 50 watt front-end modules are flyback converters with a fixed frequency of 100 kHz (LOK) or 130 kHz (LOR, LOS). The battery charger modules and the

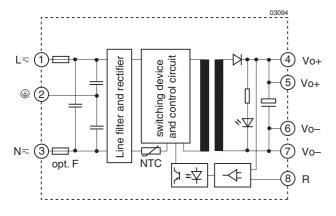


Fig. 1

Block diagram LOK4301, LOK4601 and 4801 (rectifier versions), all LOR and all LOS.

LOK4001-2RLD have a rectangular V/I output characteristic. The rectifier modules have overload protection working in a hiccup mode.

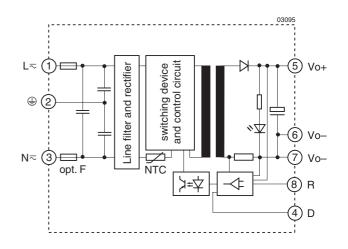


Fig. 2

Block diagram LOK4140, LOK4240 and LOK4740 (battery charger versions) and LOK4001- 2RLD.

Electrical Input Data

General Condition: $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified

Table 2: Input data

Characteristics		LOS	LOR	LOK	Unit
V _{i rated}	Rated input voltage range	100 - 240	100 - 240	100 - 240	VAC
V _{i nom}	Nominal input voltage	230	230	230	
Vi	Operating input voltage range	85 - 264	85 - 264	85 - 264	
		90 - 250	90 - 250	90 - 250	VDC
fi	Nominal line frequency	50 - 60	50 - 60	50 - 60	Hz
<i>I</i> i	Input current at 115 / 230 VAC ¹	0.3/0.15	0.52/0.26	0.8/0.4	А
l _{i nl}	Input current at 230 VAC and no load			0.035	
I _{inr max}	Peak inrush current at V_i = 230 V ²	18	18	19	

¹ At $I_{o nom}$.

 2 Inrush current limitation by a 16 Ω NTC resistor.





Electrical Output Data

General Conditions: $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified. R input not connected.

Table 3a: Output data

Output			LOK4001-2RLD	LOS/LOR/LOK 4301-2(R)	LOS/LOR/LOK 4601-2(R)	LOK4801-2R	
Chara	cteristics	Conditions	min typ max	min typ max	min typ max	min typ max	Unit
Vo	Output voltage Vonom	V _{i nom,} 0.5 I _{o nom}	5.1	12	24	48	V
	V _o setting tolerance	R-input open-circuit	±1.5	±1.5	±1.5	±1.5	%
V _{o adj}	Adjustable voltage range	Units with feature R	4.5 - 5.5	10.8 - 13.2	21.6 - 26.4	43.2 - 52.8	V
I _{o nom}	Nominal output current	V _{i min} - V _{i max} LOS	-	1.25	0.65	-	А
		LOR	-	2.5	1.25	-	
		LOK	5.2	4.0	2.0	1.0	
Vo	Output voltage noise (BW = 20 MHz)	V _{i nom} , <i>I</i> _{o nom,} IEC 61200	50	100 150	100 150	200	mV_{pp}
	Static line/load regulation	$V_{i \min}$ - $V_{i \max}$, $I_o = (0.1 - 1) I_{o nom}$	±1	±1	±1	±1	%
V _{o I}	Dynamic load regulation	$V_{\rm i \ nom}$, (0.1 $ imes$ 0.9) $I_{\rm o \ nom}$	±5	±2	±1.5	±1	
<i>t</i> _r	Transient recovery time	$I_{\rm o} = (0.1 \times 0.9) \ I_{\rm o \ nom}$	4	4	4	4	
<i>t</i> h	Hold-up time	115/230 VAC	14/90	14/90	14/90	14/90	ms
a Uo	Temper. coefficient of V_{o}	V _{i nom} , I _{o nom}	±0.05	±0.05	±0.05	±0.05	%/K
fs	Switching frequency		100	100 ¹	100 ¹	100	kHz

¹ LOR and LOS have 130 kHz.

Table 3b: Output data (battery charger models)

Outpu	ıt		LOK4140-2RLD	LOK4240-2RLD	LOK4740-2RLD	
Chara	cteristics	Conditions	min typ max	min typ max	min typ max	Unit
Vo	Output voltage	V _{i nom} , 0.5 <i>I</i> _{o nom} R-input open-circuit	12.84 ¹	25.68 ¹	51.36 ¹	V
V _{o adj}	Adjustable voltage range		12.0 - 15.0	24.0 - 30.0	48.0 - 60.0	
I _{o nom}	Nominal output current	V _{i min} - V _{i max}	3.6	1.8	0.9	А
Vo	Output voltage noise (BW = 20 MHz)	V _{i nom} , <i>I</i> _{o nom} IEC 61204	100 150	100 150	200	$\mathrm{mV}_{\mathrm{pp}}$
	Static line/load regulation	$V_{i \min} - V_{i \max}$ $I_o = (0.1 - 1) I_{o nom}$	±21	±11	±1 ¹	%
Vol	Dynamic load regulation	$V_{\rm l \ nom}$, (0.1 $ imes$ 0.9) $I_{\rm o \ nom}$	±21	±1.5 ¹	±11	
t _r	Transient recovery time	$I_{\rm o} = (0.1 \times 0.9) \ I_{\rm o \ nom}$	4	4	4	
<i>t</i> _h	Hold-up time	115/230 VAC	14/90	14/90	14/90	ms
a _{Uo}	Temper. coefficient of V_{o}	V _{i nom} , I _{o nom}	±0.05 ¹	±0.05 ¹	±0.05 ¹	%/K
fs	Switching frequency		100	100	100	kHz

¹ R input left open-circuit.





Thermal Considerations

If an AC-DC converter is located in free, quasi-stationary air (convection cooling) at the indicated maximum ambient temperature $T_{A max}$ (see table: *Temperature specifications*) and is operated at its nominal input voltage and output power, the temperature measured at the *Measuring point of case temperature* T_{C} (see *Mechanical Data*) will approach the indicated value $T_{C max}$ after the warm-up phase. However, the relationship between T_{A} and T_{C} depends heavily on the conditions of operation and integration into a system. The thermal conditions are influenced by input voltage, output current, airflow, temperature of surrounding components and surfaces. $T_{A max}$ is therefore, contrary to $T_{C max}$, an indicative value only.

The relation between the maximum allowed output power $P_{\text{o allowed}}$ and the temperature T_{A} of the surrounding air is given in the figure below. The rates apply if the AC-DC converter is located in free, quasi-stationary air (convection cooling).

Note: Sufficient forced cooling allows T_A to be higher than the value given in the table if $T_{C \text{ max}}$ according to the table is not exceeded.

Caution: The installer must ensure that under all operating conditions $T_{\rm C}$ remains within the limits that are stated in the table *Temperature specifications*.

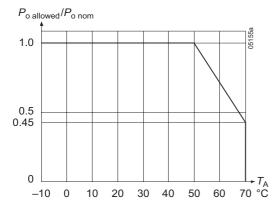
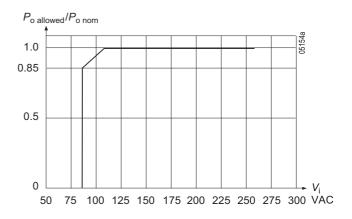


Fig. 4

Maximum allowed output power versus ambient temperature at $V_i > 105$ VAC for LOK models, operated in vertical position

Output Power at Low Input Voltage

The output power of LOK models must be derated at low input voltage, see figure below.





Maximum allowed output power versus input voltage at $T_A = 50$ °C for LOK models operated in vertical position

Output Protection

Battery charger versions LOK4140-, 4240-, LOK4740-2RLD, and the LOK4001-2RLD have a rectangular current limitation characteristic, which limits the output current to within 100 and 150% of $I_{o \text{ nom}}$. The other models are protected against overload by a current limiting circuit, which shuts down the converter in overload condition. It automatically restarts after removal of the overload condition (hiccup mode).

All models are short-circuit and no-load proof.

Outputs Connected in Series

Two or more converters supplying the same or different output voltages may be connected in series. The value of the maximum output current to be taken is defined by that unit providing the lowest current limiting value. It should be assured that the outputs do not feed backwards into each other caused by their different rise/fall times at switch-on/off cycles by adding reverse polarity diodes across each output.

Parallel Operation

Only possible with battery charger versions.

The outputs of several battery charger models with equal output voltage (e.g. several LOK4240-2RLD) may be connected in parallel.





Auxiliary Functions

Adjustable Output Voltage (R input)

As a standard feature, the LOK units offer adjustable output voltage by using the control input R. If the R pin is left opencircuit, the output voltage is set to $V_{o nom}$. (see: *Output data*)

The R input is referenced to the secondary side of the converter. Adjustment of the output voltage is possible by means of either an external resistor or a voltage source.

a) Adjustment by means of an external resistor Rext1:

Depending upon the value of the required output voltage, the resistor shall be connected

either: Between the R terminal and Vo- to achieve an output voltage adjustment range of approximately

Vo = 90 to 100 % Vo nom (LOK4301, 4601, and 4801 types).

$$R_{\text{ext1}} \approx 4 \text{ k}\Omega \bullet \frac{V_{\text{o}}}{V_{\text{o nom}} - V_{\text{o}}}$$

or: Between the R terminal and Vo+ to achieve an output voltage range of approximately $V_{\rm o}$ = 100 to 110% of $V_{\rm o nom}$ for rectifier versions and 100 to 125% of $V_{\rm o nom}$ for battery chargers.

$$R_{\text{ext2}} \approx 4 \text{ k}\Omega \bullet \frac{(V_{\text{o}} - 2.5 \text{ V})}{2.5 \text{ V} \bullet (V_{\text{o}}/V_{\text{o nom}} - 1)}$$

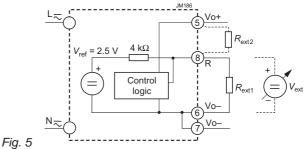
Table 4: Output Voltage OK signal

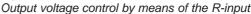
b) Adjustment by means of an external voltage V_{ext} between Vo– and R terminal to achieve an output voltage adjustment range of approx. 90 to 110% of $V_{\text{o nom}}$ (LOK 4301, 4601 and 4801 types), 93 to 117% of $V_{\text{o nom}}$ for battery chargers.

$$V_{\text{ext}} \approx \frac{V_{\text{o}} \bullet 2.5 \text{ V}}{V_{\text{o nom}}}$$

Attempting to adjust the output below this range will cause the converter to shut down (hiccup mode).

Note: Applying an external control voltage >3 V may damage the converter.





Output Voltage OK (D Output)

The D-output is referenced to Vo– and monitors the output voltage V_0 . If V_0 drops below V_0 t, the D-output will be disabled (open-collector circuit). The circuitry works independently of the input voltage and can therefore be used as battery-low indicator.

Conditions		ditions LOK4001-2RLD		LOK4140-2RLD		LOK4240-2RLD		LOK4740-2RLD		Unit
		min	max	min	max	min	max	min	max	
V _{ot}	setting	4.4	4.8	10.5	11.5	21	23	42	46	V
$V_{\rm D}$	Vo - Votmin		60		60		60		60	
	$V_{\rm o} > V_{\rm o t max}$ $I_{\rm D} < 50 \rm{mA}$		0.6		0.6		0.6		0.6	

Battery Charging/Temperature Sensor

The LOK 4140/4240/4740 are designed to charge lead-acid batteries. For optimum battery charging and extended life time of the battery an external temperature sensor may be connected to the R-input. The sensor should be mounted as close as possible to one of the poles of the battery.

Depending upon the cell voltage and the temperature coefficient of the battery, different temperature sensors are available. For more information please see: *Temperature Sensors* (Accessory Products on the Web Site).

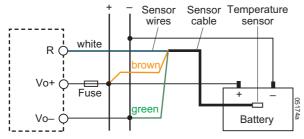
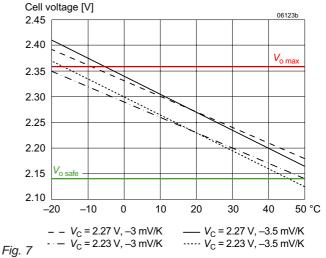


Fig. 6

Voltage setting by a temperature sensor, wiring diagram

If no sensor is used, the float charge voltage should be adjusted with a suitable resistor connected to the R input (see: *Adjustable Output Voltage*).



Float charge voltage for defined temperature coefficients.





following specifications:

voltages, which typically occur in most installations. The LOS, LOR and LOK series have been successfully tested to the

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

Immunity

A metal-oxide VDR together with the input fuse and the input filter form an effective protection against high input transient

Table 5: Immunity type tests

Phenomenon	Standard ¹	Level	Coupling mode ²	Value applied	Waveform	Source imped.	Test procedure	Per- form. ³
Electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	3	air discharge	±8000 V _p	1/50 ns	330 Ω	10 positive and 10 negative	A
		2	contact discharge	±4000 V _p			discharges	
Electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	2	antenna	3 V/m	AM 80% 1 kHz	n.a.	80…1000 MHz 900 MHz 1800 MHz	В
Electrical fast transients/burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	3	direct, i/⊕, +i/–i	2 kV _p	bursts of 5/50 ns 2.5/5 kHz over 15 ms; burst period: 300 ms	50 Ω	60 s positive 60 s negative transients per coupling mode	В
Surge	IEC/EN	3	i/ ⊕	2 kV _p	1.2 / 50 µs	12 Ω	5 pos. and 5 neg.	A
	61000-4-5	2	+i/—i	1 kV _p		2 Ω	surges per	
Conducted disturbances	IEC / EN 61000-4-6	2	box	3 VAC	AM 80% 1 kHz	150 Ω	0.15 - 80 MHz	A

¹ Related and previous standards are referenced in: *Technical Information: Standards*

² i = input, o = output, \oplus = PE case.

³ A = Normal operation, no deviation from specifications, B = Normal operation, temporary deviation from specs possible.

Emissions

Internal input filtering keeps the conducted noise of the converters within the frequency range of 150 kHz to 30 MHz below the limits of the standard EN 55022.

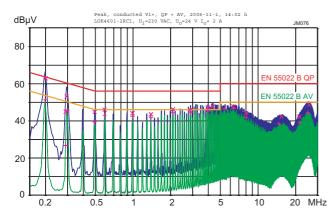


Fig. 8

Typical conducted disturbances (quasi-peak, average) at the input accord. to EN 55022 at $V_{i nom}$ and $I_{o nom}$ (LOK4601-2R)

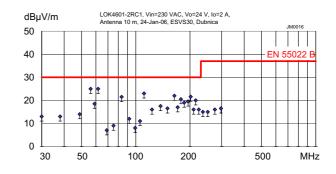


Fig. 9

Radiated disturbances measured according to EN 55011/55022 at $V_{i \text{ nom}}$ and $I_{o \text{ nom}}$. LOK4601-2R, V_i = 230 VAC.





Immunity to Environmental Conditions

Table 6: Mechanical stress

Test I	Method	Standard	Test Conditions		Status
Cab	Damp heat steady state	IEC/EN 60068-2-78 MIL-STD-810D section 507.2	Temperature: Relative humidity: Duration:	40 ^{±2} °C 93 ^{+2/-3} % 21 days	Converter not operating
Ea	Shock (half-sinusoidal)	IEC/EN 60068-2-27 MIL-STD-810D section 516.3	Acceleration amplitude: Bump duration: Number of bumps:	15 g _n = 147 m/s ² 11 ms 18 (3 each direction)	Converter operating
Eb	Bump (half-sinusoidal)	IEC/EN 60068-2-29 MIL-STD-810D section 516.3	Acceleration amplitude: Bump duration: Number of bumps:	10 g _n = 98 m/s ² 11 ms 6000 (1000 each direction)	Converter operating
Fc	Vibration (sinusoidal)	IEC/EN 60068-2-6 MIL-STD-810D section 514.3	Acceleration amplitude: Frequency (1 Oct/min): Test duration:	0.15 mm (10 - 60 Hz) 2 g _n = 20 m/s ² (60 - 150 Hz) 10 - 150 Hz 3.75 h (1.25 h each axis)	Converter operating

Table 7: Temperature specifications

Characteristics		Conditions	min	max	Unit
TA	Ambient temperature	Operational ¹	-10	50	°C
T _C	Case temperature		-10	80	
T_{S}	Storage temperature	Non operational	-40	85	

¹ See: Thermal Consideration.

Table 8: MTBF Values

MTBF	Туре	Ground benign $T_{\rm C} = 40 \ ^{\circ}{\rm C}$	Groun $T_{\rm C} = 40 {\rm ^{\circ}C}$	d fixed T _C = 70 °C	Ground mobile $T_{\rm C} = 50 \ ^{\circ}{\rm C}$	Unit
According to MIL-HDBK-217F, Notice 2	LOK	1 600 000	400 000	200 000	120 000	h

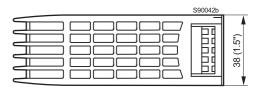
Mechanical Data

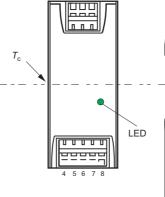
Dimensions in mm.

Weight: LOS/LOR: approx. 0.25 kg LOK: approx. 0.35 kg



Fig. 10 Case





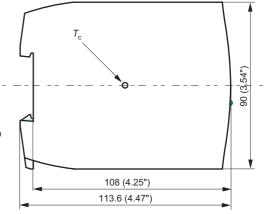


Fig. 11

Cover to protect both connectors; see Accessories. Material Lexan 2014R





Safety and Installation Instructions

Terminal Allocation

The terminal allocation table defines the electrical potentials of the AC-DC converters. For mechanical positions of the terminals see Mechanical Data.

	Table	ninal allocation	9:
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Terminal	Electrical	LOK/LOR/LOS	
1	Input (fused)	L≂	
2	Protective earth	Ð	
3	Input	N≂	
4	D/Output (positive)	D/+	
5	Output (positive)	+	
6	Output (negative)	-	
7	Output (negative)	-	
8	R input or open	R/n.c.	

Standards and Approvals

All models are safety-approved according to the standards IEC/EN 60950-1 and UL/CSA 60950-1 2nd Edition.

All models are UL 508-listed.

These converters have been evaluated for:

- · Class I equipment.
- Building in with vertical mounting on a DIN-rail.
- Double or reinforced insulation or an earthed part between input and output.
- · Basic insulation between input and earth
- Functional insulation between output and earth
- Pollution degree 2 environment
- · Connecting the input to a primary circuit with overvoltage category II.

The converters are subject to manufacturing surveillance in accordance with the above mentioned standards.

For details see the Declaration of Conformity (last 2 pages).

Cleaning Liquids and Protection Degree

In order to avoid possible damage, any penetration of liquids shall be avoided. The converters correspond to protection degree IP 20 (all models).

Installation Instructions

These converters are components, intended exclusively for inclusion within other equipment by an industrial assembly operation or by professional installers. Installation must strictly follow the national safety regulations in compliance with the enclosure, mounting, creepage, clearance, casualty, markings and segregation requirements of the end-use application.

Connection to the system shall be according to Terminal allocation and Mechanical Data. Check for hazardous voltages before altering any connection.

Ensure that a converter failure (e.g. by an internal short-circuit) does not result in a hazardous condition. See also Safety of operator accessible output circuit.

The phase input $(L_{\overline{n}})$ is internally fused by a 1.6 A slow blow type. It is not customer-accessible. This fuse is designed to protect the unit in case of overcurrent. Option F or external fuses in the wiring to one or both input lines (Land or Na) may therefore be necessary to ensure compliance with local requirements.

A second fuse in the wiring to the terminal N = is needed if:

- · Local requirements demand an individual fuse in each source line
- · Neutral and earth impedance is high or undefined
- · Phase and neutral of the mains are not defined or cannot be assigned to the corresponding terminals (Laarticle t to phase and $N \ge$ to neutral).

Note: Do not open the converters, or guarantee will be invalidated.

Make sure that there is sufficient air flow available for convection cooling. This should be verified by measuring the case temperature when the unit is installed and operated in the end-use application. The maximum specified case temperature $T_{\rm C max}$ shall not be exceeded.

Note: The converters are designed for vertical mounting on a DIN-rail. If a converter is operated as well in a horizontal position, the measuring point $T_{\rm C}$ should be located on the top.

Isolation

The electric strength test is performed in the factory as routine test according to EN 50514 and IEC/EN 60950. The Company will not honor warranty claims resulting from incorrectly executed electric strength field tests.

Leakage Current

A leakage currents flows due to internal leakage capacitance and Y-capacitors. This current is proportional to V_i and the input frequency, when neutral and protective earth are correctly connected as for class I equipment; see table 11.

Table 10: Isolation

Characterist	ic	Input to protective earth	Input to output	Output to protective earth	Unit
Electric	Actual factory test ≥ 1 s	2.1	2.1 ¹	1.4	kVDC
strength test voltage	AC test voltage equivalent to actual factory test	1.5	1.5 ¹	1.0	kVAC
Insulation resistance at 500 VDC		>300	>300	>100	MΩ

¹ In accordance with IEC/EN 60950, subassemblies are pre-tested with 4.3 kVDC or 3.0 kVAC.





Table 11: Leakage currents

Characteristic		LOK	Unit
Maximum earth	Permissible accord. to IEC 60950	3.5	mA
leakagecurrent	Specified value at 264 V, 50 Hz	1.0	Ē
Maximum output	Permissible accord. to IEC 60950	0.25	
leakage current	Specified value at 264 V, 50 Hz	0.035	

Safety of Operator-Accessible Output Circuits

The output circuit of the converter is an SELV circuit according to the IEC/EN 60950-1 related safety standards.

The following table shows a possible installation configuration, compliance with which causes the output circuit of an LOS,

LOR or LOK4000 converter to be an SELV circuit up to a configured output voltage.

However, it is the sole responsibility of the installer to assure compliance with the applicable safety regulations.

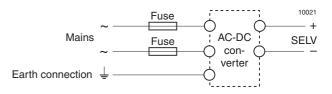


Fig. 12 Schematic safety concept

Table 12: Safety	concept leading	to a SELV	output circuit
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Conditions	AC-DC converter	Installation	Result
Nominal Supply voltage	Grade of insulation between input and output, provided by the AC-DC converter	Measures to achieve the resulting safety status of the output circuit	Safety status of the AC-DC converter output circuit
Mains ≤250 VAC	Double or reinforced	Earth connection ¹ and installation according to the applicable standards	SELV circuit

¹ The earth connection of terminal no. 2 has to be provided by the installer according to the relevant safety standards, e.g. IEC/EN 60950-1.

Description of Options

F: Built-in Second Fuse

A built-in second fuse in the neutral input line enables safe connection to the mains where phase and neutral are not defined or cannot be identified as e.g., in the case of plug and socket connection to the mains via Schuko-plugs; see also *Installation Instruction*.

K: System Connectors

For installation into systems using preassembled harnesses the converters are available with connectors fitted with screw terminals. The system connectors are UL-listed and approved for currents up to 10 A. Wire cross-sections: Solid wires 1.5 mm² (AWG14), stranded wires 1 mm² (AWG16).

G: RoHS

RoHS-compliant for all six substances.

Accessories

Protective covers are available to avoid touching of the terminals; see fig. 11, *Mechanical Data*.

HZZ01221-G contains in a bag a plastic covers with length A = 18 mm for the primary terminals and a second one with length A = 26.5 mm for the secondary connector.

NUCLEAR AND MEDICAL APPLICATIONS - These products are not designed or intended for use as critical components in life support systems, equipment used in hazardous environments, or nuclear control systems.

TECHNICAL REVISIONS - The appearance of products, including safety agency certifications pictured on labels, may change depending on the date manufactured. Specifications are subject to change without notice.

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