## Data Sheet

## Description

The HEDS-973X is a high performance incremental encoder module. When operated in conjunction with either a codewheel or codestrip, this module detects rotary or linear position. The encoder consists of a lensed LED source and a detector IC enclosed in a small Cshaped plastic package. Due to a highly collimated light source and a unique photodetector array, the module is extremely tolerant to mounting misalignment.

The two channel digital outputs and 3.3 V supply input are accessed through four solder plated leads located on 2.54 mm ( 0.1 inch) centers.

The standard HEDS-973X is designed for use with an appropriate optical radius codewheel or linear codestrip. Other options are available. Please contact the factory for more information.

## Block Diagram



Figure 1

## Features

- Small Size
- High Resolution
- Two Channel Quadrature Output
- Linear and Rotary Applications
- No Signal Adjustment required
- TTL or $3.3 \mathrm{~V} / 5 \mathrm{~V}$ CMOS Compatible
- Wave Solderable
- Lead-free Package
- $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Operating Temperature
- Single 3.3V Supply


## Applications

The HEDS-973X provides sophisticated motion detection, making closed loop control very cost competitive. Typical applications include printers, plotters, copiers and office automation equipment.
Note:
Avago Technologies' encoders are not recommended for use in safety critical applications, e.g., ABS braking systems and critical-care medical equipment. Please contact a sales representative if more clarification is needed.

## Theory of Operation

A HEDS-973X is a C-shaped emitter/detector module. Coupled with a codewheel, it translates rotary motion into a two-channel digital output; coupled with a codestrip, it translates linear motion into digital outputs.
As seen in Figure 1, the module contains a single Light Emitting Diode (LED) as its light source. The light is collimated into parallel beam by means of a single lens located directly over the LED. Opposite the emitter is the integrated detector circuit. This IC consists of photodetectors and a signal processing circuitry necessary to produce the digital waveforms.

The codewheel/codestrip moves between the emitter and detector, causing the light beam to be interrupted by the pattern of spaces and bars on the codewheel/ codestrip. The photodiodes, which detect these interruptions, are arranged in a pattern that corresponds to the radius and count density of the codewheel/ codestrip. These photodiodes are also spaced such that a light period on one pair of detectors corresponds to a dark period on the adjacent pairs of detectors. The photodiode outputs are fed through the signal processing circuitry. Two comparators receive these signal and produce the final outputs for Channels A and B. Due to this integrated phasing technique the output of channel $A$ is in quadrature with Channel B (90 degrees out of phase).

## Output Waveforms



Figure 2.

## Definitions

Note: Refer to Figure 2
Count ( N ): The number of bar and window pairs or counts per revolution (CPR) of the codewheel. Or the number of lines per inch of the codestrip (LPI)

1 shaft Rotation $=360$ degrees
= N cycles

1 cycle (c) = 360 electrical degree, equivalent to 1 bar and window pair.

Pulse Width (P): The number of electrical degrees that an output is high during one cycle, nominally $180^{\circ}$ e or $1 / 2$ a cycle.
Pulse Width Error $(\Delta \mathrm{P})$ : The deviation in electrical degrees of the pulse width from its ideal value of $180^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$.

State Width (S): The number of electrical degrees between a transition in the output of channel $A$ and the neighboring transition in the output of channel $B$. There are 4 states per cycle, each nominally $90^{\circ}$ e.

State Width Error ( $\Delta \mathbf{S}$ ): The deviation in electrical degrees of each state width from its ideal value of $90^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$.

Phase $(\phi)$ : The number of electrical degrees between the center of the high state on channel A and the center of the high state on channel B. This value is nominally $90^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$ for quadrature output.
Phase Error $(\Delta \phi)$ : The deviation in electrical degrees of the phase from its ideal value of $90^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$.

Direction of Rotation: When the codewheel rotates in the counter-clockwise direction (as viewed from the encoder end of the motor), channel A will lead channel B. If the codewheel rotates in the clockwise direction, channel B will lead channel A.

Optical Radius (Rop): The distance from the codewheel's center of rotation to the optical center $\left(\mathrm{O}^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ of the encoder module.

Angular Misalignment Error ( $E_{A}$ ): Angular misalignment of the sensor in relation to then tangential direction. This applies for both rotary and linear motion.

Mounting Position ( $\mathbf{R}_{M}$ ): Distance from Motor Shaft center of rotation to center of Alignment Tab receiving hole.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Units | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Storage Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{S}}$ | -40 | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Operating Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | -40 | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Supply Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CC }}$ | -0.5 | 7 | Volts |  |
| Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{0}$ | -0.5 | $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {CC }}$ | Volts |  |
| Output Current per Channel | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {OUT }}$ | -1.5 | 19 | mA |  |
| Soldering Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {SOL }}$ | 20 | 260 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\mathrm{t}^{*} 5 \mathrm{sec}$ |

## Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | -40 |  | 85 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Supply Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ | 2.8 | 3.3 or 5 | 5.2 | Volts | Ripple $<100 \mathrm{mVp}-\mathrm{p}$ |
| Load Capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}$ |  |  | 100 | pF |  |
| Pull-up Resistor | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}$ |  | none |  |  | Recommend no pullup. Device has inte- <br> grated $2.5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ on outputs |
| Frequency | f |  |  | 40 | kHz | Velocity (rpm) $\mathrm{NN} / 60$ |
| Angular Misalignment | $\mathrm{E}_{\mathrm{A}}$ | -2.0 | 0.0 | +2.0 | Deg. | Refer to Mounting Consideration |
| Mounting Position | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{M}}$ |  | ROP-0.14 <br> (ROP -0.006) |  | Mm (inch) | Refer to Mounting Consideration |

## Electrical Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics Over the Recommended Operating Conditions. Typical Values at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Current | $\mathrm{I}_{C C}$ | 12 | 25 | 40 | mA | Typ. 3.3V |
|  |  |  | 55 | 85 |  | Typ. 5V |
| High Level Output Voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}$ | 2.4 |  |  | Volts | $\begin{aligned} & \text { When } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{OH}}=2.4 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{Min}) \text { Typ. } \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-0.4 \mathrm{~mA} \text { @ 3.3VTyp. } \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OH}}=-1.0 \mathrm{~mA} @ 5 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ |
| Low Level Output Voltage | $V_{0 L}$ |  |  | 0.4 | Volts | $\begin{aligned} & \text { When } \mathrm{V}_{0 \mathrm{~L}}=0.4 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{Max}) \text { Typ. } \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=12 \mathrm{~mA} \text { @ } 3.3 \mathrm{VTyp} . \\ & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OL}}=14 \mathrm{~mA} @ 5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Rise Time | $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}$ |  | 200 |  | ns | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=25 \mathrm{pF}$ |
| Fall Time | $\mathrm{tf}_{f}$ |  | 50 |  | ns |  |

## Encoding Characteristics

Encoding Characteristics Over the Recommended Operating Conditions and Mounting Conditions These characteristics do not include codewheel/codestrip contribution. The typical values are average over the full rotation of the codewheel

| Parameter | Symbol | Typical | Maximum | Units | Notes |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pulse Width Error | $\Delta \mathrm{P}$ | 5 | 50 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$ |  |
| State Width Error | $\Delta S$ | 3 | 50 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$ |  |
| Phase Error | $\Delta \phi$ | 2 | 15 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{e}$ |  |

## Mounting Considerations



## DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).

$\Theta|\mathrm{A}| 0.13 \mathrm{~mm}\left(0.005^{\prime \prime}\right)$
Note: These dimensions include shaft end play and codewheel warp.
For both rotary and linear motion, angular misalignment, EA must be * $\pm 1$ degrees to achieve Encoding Characteristics.
All dimension for mounting the module and codewheel/codestrip should be measured with respect to two mounting posts, as shown above

## Recommended Codewheel and Codestrip Characteristics



| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Unit | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Window/bar Ratio | Ww/Wb | 0.9 | 1.1 |  |  |
| Window Length (Rotary) | LW | $\begin{aligned} & 1.80 \\ & (0.071) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.31 \\ & (0.091) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mm} \\ & \text { (inch) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Absolute Maximum Codewheel Radius (Rotary) | Rc |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rop + } 3.40 \\ & \text { (Rop + 0.134) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mm} \\ & \text { (inch) } \end{aligned}$ | Includes eccentricity errors |
| Center of Post to Inside Edge of Window | W1 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.04 \\ & (0.041) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mm} \\ & \text { (inch) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Center of Post to Outside Edge of Window | W2 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.76 \\ & (0.036) \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mm} \\ & \text { (inch) } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Center of Post to Inside Edge of Codestrip | L |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.60 \\ & (0.142) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mm} \\ & \text { (inch) } \end{aligned}$ |  |

## Ordering Information



## Package Dimension

## Option 50



## Bent Version - Option 50



## Wave Soldering Profile



|  | Parameter | Min. | Max. | Nominal values | Units |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A | Solder Pot Temperature | NA | 260 | $250-260$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| B | Preheat Zone Temperature | 85 | 120 | $100-120$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| C | Dip in Time | 5 | 7 | 5 | sec |
| D | Solder Pot Zone (PCB Top) | NA | NA | NA | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| E | Solder Pot Zone (Encoder Lead) | 200 | NA | $\geq 200$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

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