

HLMP-AG74/75, HLMP-AM74/75, HLMP-AB74/75

Red, Green, and Blue 5 mm Mini Oval LEDs

Description

These Precision Optical Performance Oval LEDs are specifically designed for full color/video and passenger information signs. The oval-shaped radiation pattern and high luminous intensity ensure that these devices are excellent for wide field of view outdoor applications where a wide viewing angle and readability in sunlight are essential. The package epoxy contains a UV inhibitor to reduce the effects of long-term exposure to direct sunlight.

Features

- Well-defined spatial radiation pattern
- High-brightness material
- Available in red, green, and blue colors
 - Red AllnGaP, 626 nm
 - Green InGaN, 530 nm
 - Blue InGaN, 470 nm
- Superior resistance to moisture
- Standoff and non-standoff package
- Tinted and diffused
- Typical viewing angle 30° × 70°

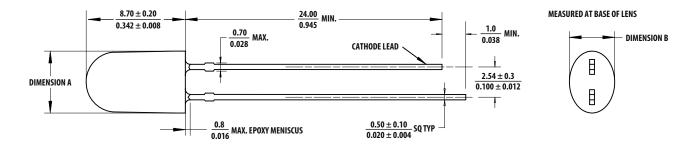
Applications

- Full-color signs
- Gas price signs

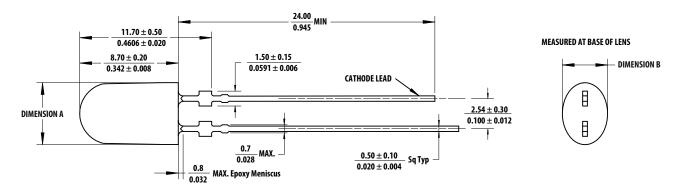
CAUTION! InGaN devices are Class 1C HBM ESD sensitive per JEDEC Standard. Please observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.

Figure 1: Package Dimensions

Package Drawing A



Package Drawing B



| | Parameter | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| Part Number | Dimension A | Dimension B | | | |
| HLMP-AG74/75 | 5.30 ± 0.20 | 3.90 ± 0.20 | | | |
| | 0.209± 0.008 | 0.154 ± 0.008 | | | |
| HLMP-AM74/75 | 5.40 ± 0.20 | 3.90 ± 0.20 | | | |
| HLMP-AB74/75 | 0.213 ± 0.008 | 0.150 ± 0.008 | | | |

Device Selection Guide

| | Color and Dominant Wavelength | | Intensity Iv 0 mA ^{b, c, d} | Typical Viewing | | Package |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|------|---|------------------------|----------|---------|
| Part Number | λ _d (nm) Typ. ^a | Min. | Max. | Angle (°) ^e | Standoff | Drawing |
| HLMP-AG74-120DD | Red 626 | 2900 | 4200 | 30° × 70° | No | Α |
| HLMP-AG75-120DD | Red 626 | 2900 | 4200 | | Yes | В |
| HLMP-AM74-56BDD | Green 530 | 6050 | 8710 | | No | Α |
| HLMP-AM74-56CDD | Green 530 | 6050 | 8710 | | No | Α |
| HLMP-AM75-56BDD | Green 530 | 6050 | 8710 | | Yes | В |
| HLMP-AM75-56CDD | Green 530 | 6050 | 8710 | | Yes | В |
| HLMP-AB74-WXBDD | Blue 470 | 1380 | 1990 | | No | Α |
| HLMP-AB74-WXCDD | Blue 470 | 1380 | 1990 | | No | Α |
| HLMP-AB75-WXBDD | Blue 470 | 1380 | 1990 | | Yes | В |
| HLMP-AB75-WXCDD | Blue 470 | 1380 | 1990 | | Yes | В |

- a. Dominant wavelength, λ_{d} , is derived from the CIE Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamp.
- b. The luminous intensity is measured on the mechanical axis of the lamp package and it is tested with pulsing condition.
- c. The optical axis is closely aligned with the package mechanical axis.
- d. Tolerance for each bin limit is ± 15%.
- e. $\theta_{1/2}$ is the off -axis angle where the luminous intensity is half the on-axis intensity.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

| Parameter | Red | Green/Blue | Units |
|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|-------|
| DC Forward Current ^a | 50 | 30 | mA |
| Peak Forward Current | 100 ^b | 100 ^c | mA |
| Power Dissipation | 120 | 114 | mW |
| LED Junction Temperature | 130 | 110 | °C |
| Operating Temperature Range | -40 to +100 | -40 to +85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature Range | -40 to | °C | |

- a. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 5 and Figure 9.
- b. Duty factor 30%, frequency 1 kHz.
- c. Duty factor 10%, frequency 1 kHz.

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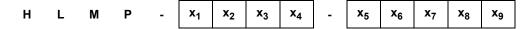
Electrical/Optical Characteristics

 $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|------|-------|------|-------|--|
| Forward Voltage | V _F | | | | V | I _F = 20 mA |
| Red | | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.4 | | |
| Green | | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.8 | | |
| Blue | | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.8 | | |
| Reverse Voltage ^a | V _R | | | | V | |
| Red | | 5 | | | | I _R = 100 μA |
| Green and Blue | | 5 | _ | _ | | I _R = 10 μA |
| Dominant Wavelength ^b | λ_{d} | | | | nm | I _F = 20 mA |
| Red | | 618 | 626 | 630 | | |
| Green | | 523 | 530 | 535 | | |
| Blue | | 464 | 470 | 476 | | |
| Peak Wavelength | λ _{PEAK} | | | | nm | Peak of Wavelength of Spectral |
| Red | | _ | 634 | _ | | Distribution at I _F = 20 mA |
| Green | | _ | 521 | _ | | |
| Blue | | _ | 464 | _ | | |
| Thermal Resistance | Rθ _{J-PIN} | _ | 240 ° | _ | C/W | LED Junction-to-Pin |
| Luminous Efficacy ^c | η_{V} | | | | Im/W | Emitted Luminous Power/ |
| Red | | _ | 218 | _ | | Emitted Radiant Power |
| Green | | _ | 538 | _ | | |
| Blue | | _ | 65 | _ | | |

- a. Indicates product final testing condition. Long-term reverse bias is not recommended.
- b. The dominant wavelength is derived from the Chromaticity Diagram and represents the color of the lamp.
- c. The radiant intensity, I_e in watts per steradian, may be found from the equation $I_e = I_V/\eta_V$ where I_V is the luminous intensity in candelas and η_V is the luminous efficacy in lumens/watt.

Part Numbering System



| Number | Description | Option | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| x ₁ | Package type | A | 5-mm Mini Oval 30° × 70° |
| x ₂ | Color | В | Blue |
| | | G | Red |
| | | М | Green |
| x ₃ x ₄ | Lead standoff | 74 | Without lead standoffs |
| | | 75 | With lead standoffs |
| x ₅ | Minimum intensity bin | | Refer to the Device Selection Guide |
| x ₆ | Maximum intensity bin | | Refer to the Device Selection Guide |
| х ₇ | Color bin selection | 0 | Full range |
| | | В | Color bin 2 and bin 3 |
| | | С | Color bin 3 and bin 4 |
| x ₈ x ₉ | Packaging option | DD | Ammopack |
| | | | |

NOTE: Refer to AB 5337 for complete information about the part numbering system.

Intensity Bin Limit Table (1.2: 1 lv Bin Ratio)

| | Intensity (mcd) at 20 mA | | |
|--------|--------------------------|------|--|
| Bin ID | Min. | Max. | |
| W | 1380 | 1660 | |
| X | 1660 | 1990 | |
| Y | 1990 | 2400 | |
| Z | 2400 | 2900 | |
| 1 | 2900 | 3500 | |
| 2 | 3500 | 4200 | |
| 3 | 4200 | 5040 | |
| 4 | 5040 | 6050 | |
| 5 | 6050 | 7260 | |
| 6 | 7260 | 8710 | |

Tolerance for each bin limit is ±15%

VF Bin Table (V at 20 mA)

| Bin ID | Min. | Max. |
|--------|------|------|
| VD | 1.8 | 2.0 |
| VA | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| VB | 2.2 | 2.4 |

NOTE:

- 1. Tolerance for each bin limit is ±0.05 V.
- 2. V_F binning only applicable to the Red color.

Red Color Range

| Min. Dom. | Max. Dom | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 618.0 | 630.0 | Х | 0.6872 | 0.3126 | 0.6890 | 0.2943 |
| | | у | 0.6690 | 0.3149 | 0.7080 | 0.2920 |

Blue Color Bin Table

| Bin | Min. Dom. | Max. Dom. | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|--------------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 2 | 464 | 468 | Х | 0.1374 | 0.1766 | 0.1699 | 0.1291 |
| | | | у | 0.0374 | 0.0966 | 0.1062 | 0.0495 |
| 3 | 468 | 472 | Х | 0.1291 | 0.1699 | 0.1616 | 0.1187 |
| | | | у | 0.0495 | 0.1062 | 0.1209 | 0.0671 |
| 4 | 472 | 476 | Х | 0.1187 | 0.1616 | 0.1517 | 0.1063 |
| | | | у | 0.0671 | 0.1209 | 0.1423 | 0.0945 |

Tolerance for each bin limit is ±0.5 nm.

Green Color Bin Table

| Bin | Min. Dom. | Max. Dom. | | | | | |
|-----|--------------|--------------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 2 | 523 | 527 | Х | 0.0979 | 0.145 | 0.1711 | 0.1305 |
| | | | у | 0.8316 | 0.7319 | 0.7218 | 0.8189 |
| 3 | 527 | 531 | Х | 0.1305 | 0.1711 | 0.1967 | 0.1625 |
| | | | у | 0.8189 | 0.7218 | 0.7077 | 0.8012 |
| 4 | 531 | 535 | Х | 0.1625 | 0.1967 | 0.221 | 0.1929 |
| | | | у | 0.8012 | 0.7077 | 0.692 | 0.7816 |

Tolerance for each bin limit is ±0.5 nm.

NOTE: All bin categories are established for the classification of products. Products may not be available in all bin categories. Contact your Broadcom® representative for further information.

AllnGaP Red

Figure 2: Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

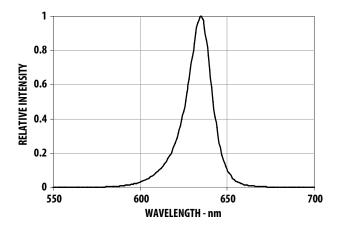


Figure 3: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

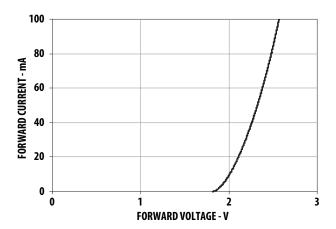


Figure 4: Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

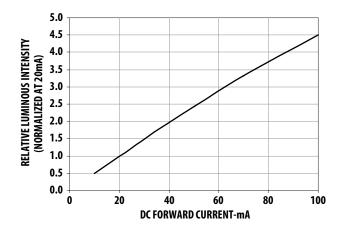
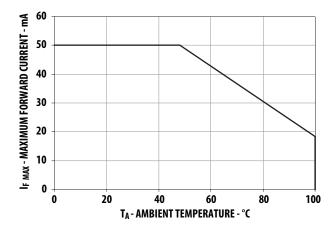


Figure 5: Maximum Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature



InGaN Green and Blue

Figure 6: Relative Intensity vs. Wavelength

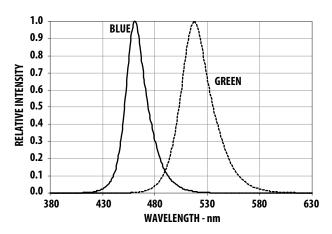


Figure 8: Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

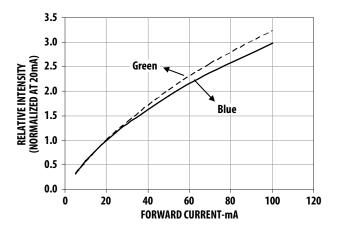


Figure 10: Relative Dominant Wavelength vs. Forward Current

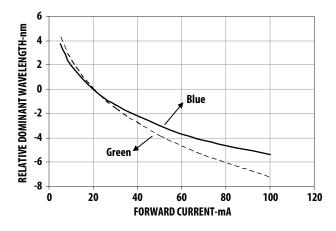


Figure 7: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

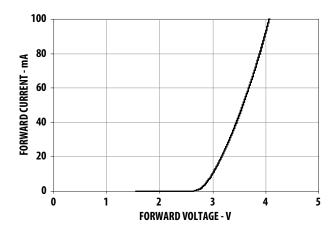


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature

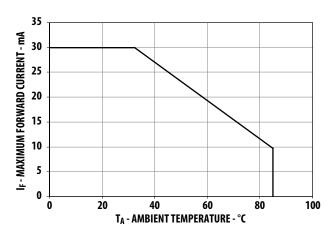


Figure 11: Radiation Pattern-Major Axis

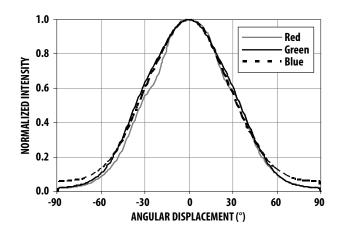


Figure 12: Radiation Pattern-Minor Axis

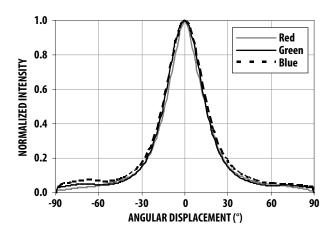


Figure 13: Relative Light Output vs. Junction Temperature

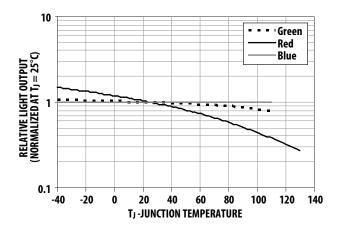
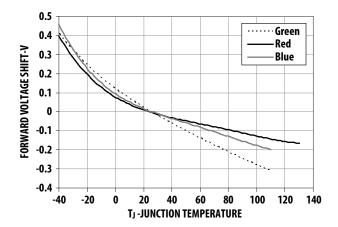


Figure 14: Forward Voltage Shift vs. Junction Temperature



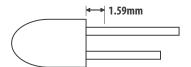
Precautions

Lead Forming

- The leads of an LED lamp may be preformed or cut to length prior to the insertion and soldering on the PC board.
- For better control, use the proper tool to precisely form and cut the leads to the applicable length rather than doing it manually.
- If manual lead cutting is necessary, cut the leads after the soldering process. The solder connection forms a mechanical ground that prevents mechanical stress due to lead cutting from traveling into LED package. Use this method for the hand soldering operation, because the excess lead length also acts as a small heat sink.

Soldering and Handling

- Take care during the PCB assembly and soldering process to prevent damage to the LED component.
- The LED component may be effectively hand soldered to the PCB. However, it is only recommended under unavoidable circumstances, such as rework. The closest manual soldering distance of the soldering heat source (the soldering iron's tip) to the body is 1.59 mm. Soldering the LED using a soldering iron tip closer than 1.59 mm might damage the LED.



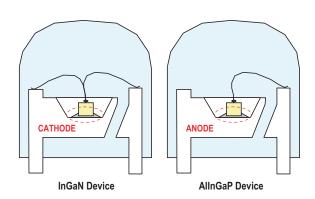
Apply ESD precautions on the soldering station and personnel to prevent ESD damage to the LED component, which is ESD sensitive.Refer to Broadcom application note AN-1142 for details. The soldering iron used should have grounded tip to ensure electrostatic charge is properly grounded. Recommended soldering conditions follow.

| | Wave Soldering ^{a, b} | Manual Solder Dipping |
|---------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Preheat temperature | 105°C max. | _ |
| Preheat time | 60s max. | _ |
| Peak temperature | 260°C max. | 260°C max. |
| Dwell time | 5s max. | 5s max. |

- a. The preceding conditions refer to measurements with a thermocouple mounted at the bottom of the PCB.
- Use only the bottom preheaters to reduce thermal stress experienced by the LED.
- Set and maintain wave soldering parameters according to the recommended temperature and dwell time. The customer is advised to perform a daily check on the soldering profile to ensure that it conforms to he recommended soldering conditions.

Broadcom LED Configuration

Figure 15: LED Configuration



- Any alignment fixture that is being applied during wave soldering should be loosely fitted and should not have weight or force applied on the LED. Use non-metal material because it absorbs less heat during the wave soldering process.
- At elevated temperatures, the LED is more susceptible to mechanical stress. Therefore, the PCB must allowed to cool down to room temperature prior to handling, which includes removal of the alignment fixture or pallet.

- If the PCB board contains both through-hole (TH) LEDs and other surface-mount components, solder the surface mount components on the top side of the PCB. If surface mount must be on the bottom side, solder these components using reflow soldering prior to the insertion of the TH LED.
- The recommended PC board plated through-holes (PTH) sizes for the LED component leads follows.

| LED Component Lead Size | Diagonal | Plated Through-Hole Diameter |
|----------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
| 0.45 × 0.45 mm | 0.636 mm | 0.98 to 1.08 mm |
| (0.018 × 0.018 in.) | (0.025 in.) | (0.039 to 0.043 in.) |
| 0.50 × 0.50 mm | 0.707 mm | 1.05 to 1.15 mm |
| (0.020 × 0.020 in.) | (0.028 in.) | (0.041 to 0.045 in.) |

 Oversizing the PTH can lead to a twisted LED after clinching. Under sizing the PTH can cause difficulty with inserting the TH LED.

Refer to application note AN5334 for more information about soldering and handling of high-brightness TH LED lamps.

Figure 16: Example of Wave Soldering Temperature Profile for TH LED

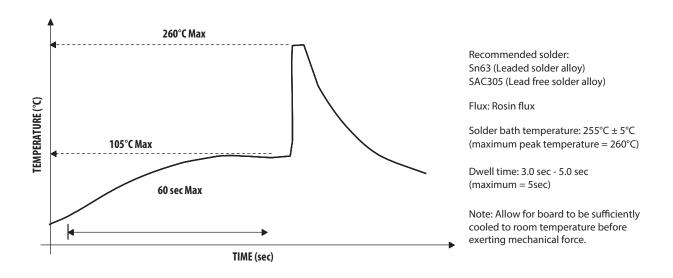
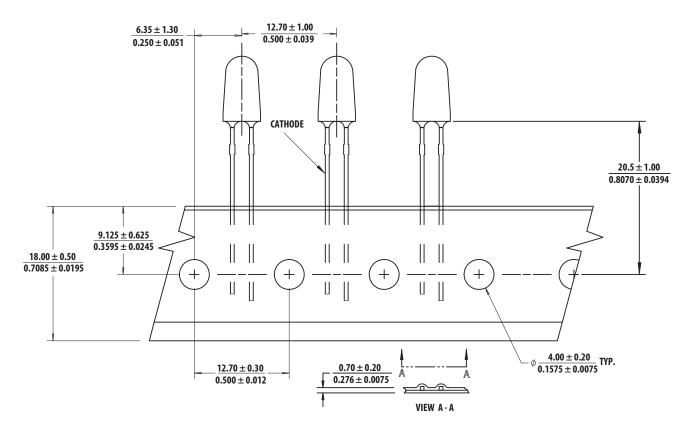
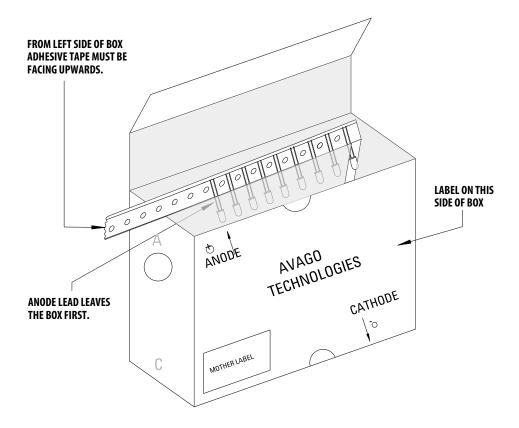


Figure 17: Ammo Packs Drawing



NOTE: All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).

Figure 18: Packaging Box for Ammo Packs



NOTE: For InGaN devices, the ammo pack packaging box contains an ESD logo.

Packaging Label

Figure 19: Mother Label (Available on the packaging box of ammo pack and shipping box.)

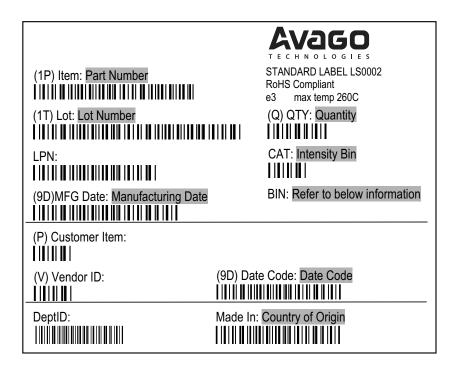
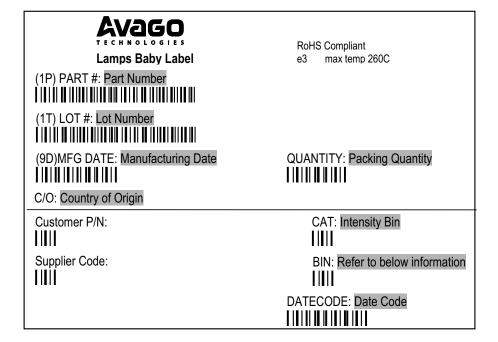


Figure 20: Baby Label (Only available on bulk packaging.)



Acronyms and Definitions

BIN

- The color bin only or VF bin only (applicable for part numbers with color bins but without VF bin or part numbers with VF bins and no color bin)
- The color bin is incorporated with the VF bin (applicable for the part number that has both color bins and VF bins).

Example

- Color bin only or VF bin only
 BIN: 2 (represents color bin 2 only)
 BIN: VB (represents VF bin "VB" only)
- Color bin incorporate with VF bin

BIN: **2 VB** where:

2: Color bin 2 only

- **VB**: VF bin "VB"

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