

HSMW-A400-xxxxx Surface Mount LED Indicator

Description

The Broadcom[®] PLCC-4 family of SMT LEDs is packaged in the industry-standard PLCC-4 Package and is an extension of our PLCC-2 SMT LEDs. The product is able to dissipate heat more efficiently compared to the conventional PLCC-2 SMT LEDs. In proportion to the increase in driving current, this family of LEDs is able to produce higher light output compared to the conventional PLCC-2 SMT LEDs.

These SMT LEDs have higher reliability and better performance and are designed to work under a wide range of environmental conditions. This higher reliability makes them suitable for use in harsh conditions, such as the interior automotive, electronics signs and signals, office automation, and industrial applications.

The wide viewing angle at 120° makes these LEDs ideally suited for panel, push button, or general backlighting in automotive interior, office equipment, industrial equipment, and home appliances. The flat top emitting surface makes it easy for these LEDs to mate with light pipes. With the built-in reflector pushing up the intensity of the light output, these LEDs are also suitable to be used as LED pixels in interior electronic signs. These super high brightness LEDs can be used in localized area ambience lighting in applications such as vanity mirror light, cabin light, and car door puddle light. The white color backlighting is suitable to backlight color LCD screens in applications such as GPS (global positioning system) screens in cars.

To facilitate easy pick and place assembly, the LEDs are packed in EIA-compliant tape and reel. Every reel will be shipped in single intensity and color bin, to provide close uniformity.

These LEDs are compatible with IR solder reflow process. Due to the high reliability feature of these products, they also can be mounted using through-the-wave soldering process.

Features

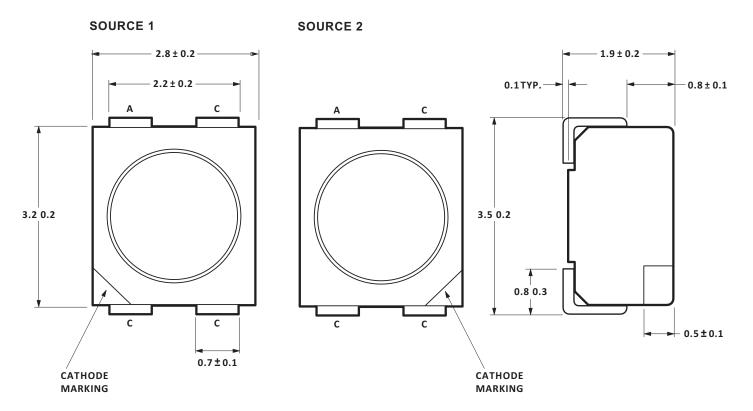
- Industry-standard PLCC-4
- High reliability LED package
- High brightness using InGaN dice technologies
- High optical efficiency
- Wide viewing angle at 120°
- Available in 8-mm carrier tape on 7-inch reel
- Tight White color binning
- Compatible with both reflow and TTW soldering process

Applications

- Interior automotive
 - Instrument panel backlighting
 - Central console backlighting
 - Cabin backlighting
 - Navigation and audio system
 - Dome lighting
 - Push button backlighting
- Electronic signs and signals
 - Variable message sign
 - Garden lighting
- Office automation, home appliances, industrial equipment
 - Front panel backlighting
 - Push button backlighting

CAUTION! HSMW-A40x-xxxxx LEDs are Class 2 ESD sensitive. Please observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.

Figure 1: Package Dimensions



NOTE:

- 1. All dimensions in millimeters (mm).
- 2. Tolerance is ±0.20 mm unless otherwise specified.
- 3. Encapsulation = silicone.
- 4. Terminal finish = silver plating.

Device Selection Guide

Color	Part Number	Min. I _V (mcd) ^a	Typ. I _V (mcd) ^a	Max. I _V (mcd) ^a	Test Current (mA)	Dice Technology
White	HSMW-A400-U00M2	450.00	700.00	_	30	InGaN

a. The luminous intensity, I_V, is measured at the mechanical axis of the lamp package. The actual peak of the spatial radiation pattern might not be aligned with this axis. I_V tolerance = ±12%.

Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_A = 25$ °C)

Parameters	HSMW		
DC Forward Current ^a	30 mA		
Peak Forward Current ^b	100 mA		
Power Dissipation	114 mW		
Reverse Voltage	5V		
Junction Temperature	110°C		
Operating Temperature	−40°C to +100°C		
Storage Temperature	-40°C to +100°C		

- a. Derate linearly as shown in Figure 4.
- b. Duty factor = 10%, Frequency = 1 kHz.

Optical Characteristics $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

		Dice	Typical Chromaticity Coordinates ^a		Viewing Angle 2Θ _{1/2} ^b (Degrees)	Luminous Efficacy ηe (Im/W)	Total Flux/ Luminous Intensity Φ _V (Im)/I _V (cd)
Color	Part Number	Technology	x	у	Тур.	Тур.	Тур.
White	HSMW-A400	InGaN	0.31	0.31	120	18	2.4

a. The chromaticity coordinates are derived from the CIE 1931 Chromaticity Diagram and represent the perceived color of the device.

Electrical Characteristics $(T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$

	Forward Voltage V _F (Volts) at I _F = 30 mA		Reverse Voltage V _R at 10 μA	
Part Number	Тур. Мах.		Min.	
HSMW	3.8	4.6	5	

b. $\Theta_{1/2}$ is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the peak intensity.

Figure 2: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

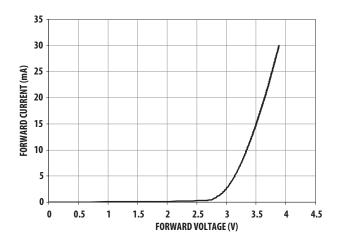


Figure 4: Maximum Forward Current Vs. Ambient Temperature. Derated, Based on TJ_{MAX} = 110°C

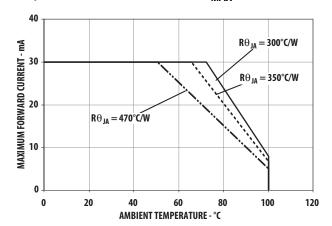


Figure 6: Recommended SnPb Reflow Soldering Profile

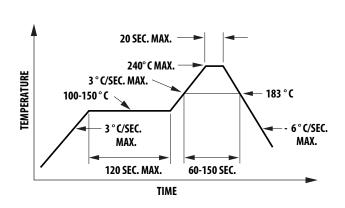


Figure 3: Relative Intensity vs. Forward Current

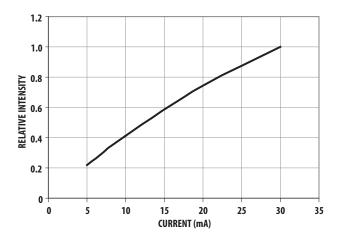


Figure 5: Radiation Pattern

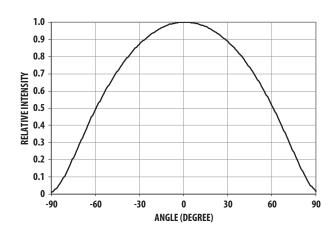
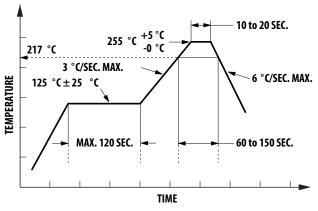


Figure 7: Recommended Pb-Free Reflow Soldering Profile



* THE TIME FROM 25 °C TO PEAK TEMPERATURE = 6 MINUTES MAX.

Figure 8: Recommended Wave Soldering Profile

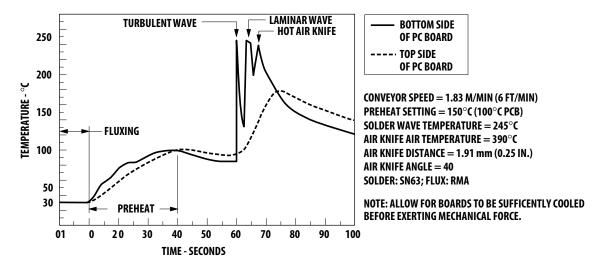


Figure 9: Recommended Soldering Pad Pattern

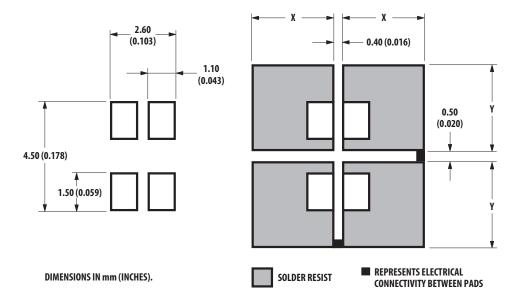
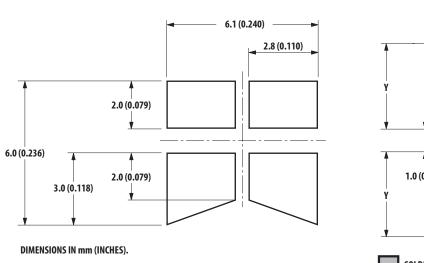
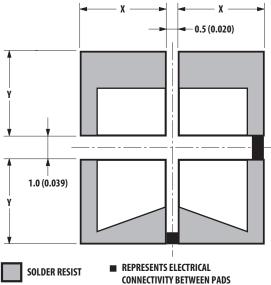


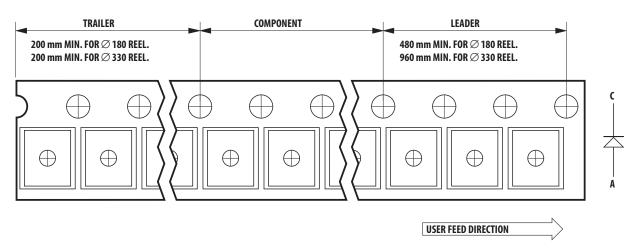
Figure 10: Recommended Soldering Pad Pattern (TTW)





Thermal Resistance	Solder Pad Area (xy)
300 C/W	>16 mm ²
350 C/W	>12 mm ²
470 C/W	>8 mm ²

Figure 11: Tape Leader And Trailer Dimensions



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Figure 12: Tape Dimensions

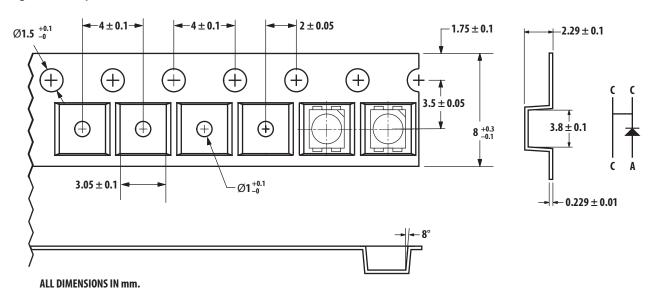
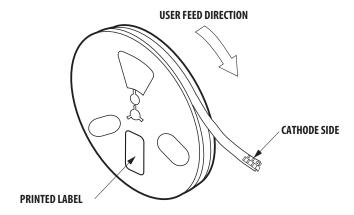


Figure 13: Reeling Orientation



Bin Information

Intensity Bin Select (X₅X₆)

Individual reel will contain parts from one half bin only.

X ₅	Min. I _V Bin
X ₆	
0	Full Distribution
3	3 half bins starting from X ₅ 1
4	4 half bins starting from X ₅ 1
5	5 half bins starting from X ₅ 1
7	3 half bins starting from X ₅ 2
8	4 half bins starting from X ₅ 2
9	5 half bins starting from X ₅ 2

Intensity Bin Limits

Bin ID	Min. (mcd)	Max. (mcd)
S1	180.00	224.00
S2	224.00	285.00
T1	285.00	355.00
T2	355.00	450.00
U1	450.00	560.00
U2	560.00	715.00
V1	715.00	900.00
V2	900.00	1125.00
W1	1125.00	1400.00
W2	1400.00	1800.00

Color Bin Select (X₇)

Individual reel will contain parts from one half bin only.

X ₇	
0	Full Distribution
Z	A and B only
Υ	B and C only
W	C and D only
V	D and E only
U	E and F only
Q	A, B, and C only
Р	B, C, and D only
N	C, D, and E only

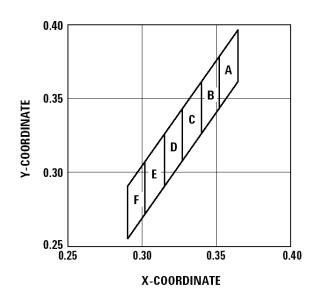
X ₇	
М	D, E, and F only
1	A, B, C, and D only
3	B, C, D, and E only
4	C, D, E, and F only
5	A, B, C, D, and E only
6	B, C, D, E, and F only

Color Bin Limits

Bin ID	Limits (Chromaticity Coordinates)					
Α	Х	0.352	0.365	0.365	0.352	
	Υ	0.377	0.395	0.360	0.341	
В	Х	0.340	0.352	0.352	0.340	
	Υ	0.360	0.377	0.341	0.325	
С	Х	0.327	0.340	0.340	0.327	
	Υ	0.342	0.360	0.325	0.306	
D	Х	0.315	0.327	0.327	0.315	
	Υ	0.325	0.342	0.306	0.290	
E	Х	0.302	0.315	0.315	0.302	
	Υ	0.307	0.325	0.290	0.271	
F	Х	0.290	0.302	0.302	0.290	
	Υ	0.290	0.307	0.271	0.255	

Packaging Option (X₈X₉)

Option	Test Current	Package Type	Reel Size
M2	30 mA	Top Mount	7 inch



Precautionary Notes

Soldering

- Do not perform reflow soldering more than twice.
 Observe necessary precautions of handling moisturesensitive device as stated in the following section.
- Do not apply any pressure or force on the LED during reflow and after reflow when the LED is still hot.
- Use reflow soldering to solder the LED. Use hand soldering only for rework if unavoidable, but it must be strictly controlled to following conditions:
 - Soldering iron tip temperature = 315°C max.
 - Soldering duration = 3 sec max.
 - Number of cycles = 1 only.
 - Power of soldering iron = 50W max.
- Do not touch the LED package body with the soldering iron except for the soldering terminals, as it can cause damage to the LED.
- Confirm beforehand whether the functionality and performance of the LED is affected by soldering with hand soldering.

Figure 14: Recommended Lead-Free Reflow Soldering Profile

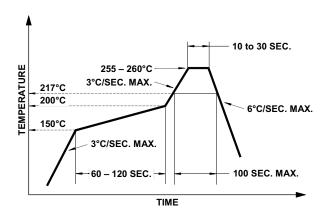
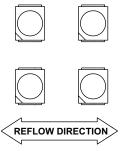


Figure 15: Recommended Board Reflow Direction



Handling Precautions

The encapsulation material of the LED is made of silicone for better product reliability. Compared to epoxy encapsulant that is hard and brittle, silicone is softer and flexible. Special handling precautions need to be observed during assembly of silicone encapsulated LED products. Failure to comply might lead to damage and premature failure of the LED. Refer to Application Note AN5288, Silicone Encapsulation for LED: Advantages and Handling Precautions, for additional information.

- Do not poke sharp objects into the silicone encapsulant.
 Sharp objects, such as tweezers or syringes, might apply excessive force or even pierce through the silicone and induce failures to the LED die or wire bond.
- Do not touch the silicone encapsulant. Uncontrolled force acting on the silicone encapsulant might result in excessive stress on the wire bond. Hold the LED only by the body.
- Do not stack assembled PCBs together. Use an appropriate rack to hold the PCBs.
- The surface of the silicone material attracts dust and dirt easier than epoxy due to its surface tackiness. To remove foreign particles on the surface of silicone, use a cotton bud with isopropyl alcohol (IPA). During cleaning, rub the surface gently without putting too much pressure on the silicone. Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended.
- For automated pick and place, Broadcom has tested the following nozzle size to work well with this LED. However, due to the possibility of variations in other parameters, such as pick and place machine maker/model and other settings of the machine, verify that the nozzle selected will not cause damage to the LED.

Handling of Moisture-Sensitive Devices

This product has a Moisture Sensitive Level 3 rating per JEDEC J-STD-020. Refer to Application Note AN5305, *Handling of Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices*, for additional details and a review of proper handling procedures.

Before use:

 An unopened moisture barrier bag (MBB) can be stored at <40°C/90% RH for 12 months. If the actual shelf life has exceeded 12 months and the humidity indicator card (HIC) indicates that baking is not required, it is safe to reflow the LEDs per the original MSL rating.

 Do not open the MBB d prior to assembly (IQC for example). If unavoidable, MBB must be properly resealed with fresh desiccant and HIC. The exposed duration must be taken in as floor life.

Control after opening the MBB:

- Read the HIC immediately upon opening the MBB.
- Keep the LEDs at <30°C/60% RH at all times, and all high temperature-related processes, including soldering, curing, or rework, must be completed within 168 hours.

■ Control for unfinished reel:

Store unused LEDs in a sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at <5% RH.

Control of assembled boards:

If the PCB soldered with the LEDs is to be subjected to other high-temperature processes, store the PCB in a sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at <5% RH to ensure that all LEDs have not exceeded their floor life of 168 hours.

Baking is required if the following conditions exist:

- The HIC indicator indicates a change in color for 10% and 5%, as stated on the HIC.
- The LEDs are exposed to conditions of >30°C/60% RH at any time.
- The LED floor life exceeded 168 hours.

The recommended baking condition is $60^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 20 hours.

Baking can only be done once.

Storage:

The soldering terminals of these Broadcom LEDs are silver plated. If the LEDs are exposed in ambient environment for too long, the silver plating might be oxidized, thus affecting its solderability performance. As such, keep unused LEDs in a sealed MBB with desiccant or in desiccator at <5% RH.

Application Precautions

- The drive current of the LED must not exceed the maximum allowable limit across temperature as stated in the data sheet. Constant current driving is recommended to ensure consistent performance.
- Circuit design must cater to the whole range of forward voltage (V_F) of the LEDs to ensure the intended drive current can always be achieved.
- The LED exhibits slightly different characteristics at different drive currents, which might result in larger variation of performance (meaning intensity,

- wavelength, and forward voltage). Set the application current as close as possible to the test current to minimize these variations.
- Do not use the LED in the vicinity of material with sulfur content, or in environments of high gaseous sulfur compounds and corrosive elements. Examples of material that might contain sulfur are rubber gaskets, room-temperature vulcanizing (RTV) silicone rubber, rubber gloves, and so on. Prolonged exposure to such environments can affect the optical characteristics and product life.
- White LEDs must not be exposed to acidic environments and must not be used in the vicinity of any compound that might have acidic outgas, such as, but not limited to, acrylate adhesive. These environments have an adverse effect on LED performance.
- Avoid rapid change in ambient temperatures, especially in high-humidity environments, because this causes condensation on the LED.
- If the LED is intended to be used in outdoor or harsh environments, protect the LED against damages caused by rain water, water, dust, oil, corrosive gases, external mechanical stress, and so on.

Thermal Management

The optical, electrical, and reliability characteristics of the LED are affected by temperature. Keep the junction temperature (T_J) of the LED below the allowable limit at all times. T_J can be calculated as below:

$$T_J = T_A + R_{\theta J-A} \times I_F \times V_{Fmax}$$

where:

T_A = Ambient temperature (°C)

 $R_{\theta J-A}$ = Thermal resistance from LED junction to ambient (°C/W)

I_F = Forward current (A)

 V_{Fmax} = Maximum forward voltage (V)

The complication of using this formula lies in T_A and $R_{\theta J-A}$. Actual T_A is sometimes subjective and hard to determine. $R_{\theta J-A}$ varies from system to system depending on design and is usually not known.

Another way of calculating T_J is by using solder point temperature T_S as follows:

$$T_J = T_S + R_{\theta,J-S} \times I_F \times V_{Fmax}$$

where:

 T_S = LED solder point temperature as shown in the following figure (°C)

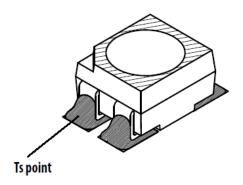
 $R_{\theta J\text{-}S}$ = Thermal resistance from junction to solder point (°C/W)

I_F = Forward current (A)

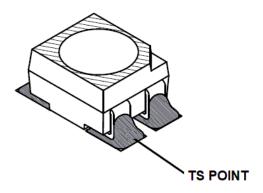
V_{Fmax} = Maximum forward voltage (V)

Figure 16: Solder Point Temperature on PCB

Source 1



Source 2



 T_S can be measured easily by mounting a thermocouple on the soldering joint as shown in the preceding figure, while $\mathsf{R}_{\theta\mathsf{J-S}}$ is provided in the data sheet. Verify the T_S of the LED in the final product to ensure that the LEDs are operating within all maximum ratings stated in the data sheet.

Eye Safety Precautions

LEDs can pose optical hazards when in operation. Do not look directly at operating LEDs because it can be harmful to the eyes. For safety reasons, use appropriate shielding or personal protective equipment.

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