

## Product Description

DWA01 and PWA01 are precise over or under $\cos \varphi$ monitoring relays.
The relays monitor their own power supply voltage and the current of a balanced 3phase system.


For current measure direct connection, 5A standard current transformers and MI CT can be used.
The LED's indicate the state of the alarm and the output relay.

- $\operatorname{Cos} \varphi$ monitoring relays
- Measuring if power factor is within set limits
- Measure their own power supply (voltage) and current for balanced systems
- Measuring ranges for current: 5A and MI current transformers range
- Power ON delay 1, 2 or 6 s selectable
- Knob adjustable level on absolute scale
- Output: 8 A SPDT relay Normally Energized
- For mounting on DIN-rail in accordance with DIN/EN 50022 (DWA01) or plug-in module (PWA01)
- 22.5 mm Euronorm housing (DWA01) or 36 mm plug-in module (PWA01)
- LED indication for power supply and output ON

Ordering key
Housing Function
Type
Item number
Output
Power Supply
Range

DWA 01 C M48 5A

$\qquad$


号

## Type Selection

| Mounting | Output | Supply: 208 to 240 VAC | Supply: 380 to 415 VAC | Supply: 380 to 480 VAC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DIN-rail | SPDT | DWA 01 C M23 5A |  | DWA 01 C M48 5A |
| Plug-in | SPDT | PWA 01 C M23 5A | PWA 01 C M48 5A |  |

## Input Specifications

| Input |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Voltage (Own power supply): |  |  |
| 3 - phase | DWA01: | L1, L2, L3 |
|  | PWA01: | 5, 6, 7 |
|  | M23: | 208 to 240 VAC $\pm 15 \%$ |
|  | DWA01CM48: | 380 to 480 VAC $\pm 15 \%$ |
|  | PWA01CM48: | 380 to 415 VAC $\pm 15 \%$ |
| 1-phase | DWA01CM235A: | L1, L3 |
|  | PWA01CM235A: | 5,7 |
|  |  | 208 to 240 VAC $\pm 15 \%$ |
| Current | DWA01: | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 5A: L1, I2 } \\ & \text { MI CT: U1, U3 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | PWA01: | 5A: 9, 10 |
|  |  | MI CT: 8,11 |


| Measuring ranges |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Level |  |
| Power factor ( $\cos \varphi$ ) | 0.1 to 0.99 |  |
|  | AACrms | Max. curr. |
| Direct input | 0.5 to 5 A | 30A 30s |
| Standard CT (examples) |  |  |
| TADK 250 A/5 A | 5 to 50 A | 60 A |
| CTD1 $150 \mathrm{~A} / 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 15 to 150 A | 180 A |
| CTD4 $400 \mathrm{~A} / 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 40 to 400 A | 480 A |
| TAD12 $1000 \mathrm{~A} / 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 100 to 1000 A | 1200 A |
| TACO200 $6000 \mathrm{~A} / 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 600 to 6000 A | 7200 A |
| MI CT ranges |  |  |
| MI 100 | 10 to 100 A | 250 AAC |
| MI 500 | 50 to 500 A | 750 AAC |
| Note: |  |  |
| The input voltage cannot raise over 300 VAC with respect to ground (PWA01 only). |  |  |
| Hysteresis | $\sim \cos \varphi=0,02$ | fixed |

## Output Specifications

| Output | SPDT relay |
| :---: | :---: |
| Rated insulation voltage | 250 VAC |
| Contact ratings ( $\mathrm{AgSnO}_{2}$ ) | $\mu$ |
| Resistive loads AC 1 | 8 A @ 250 VAC |
| DC 12 | 5 A @ 24 VDC |
| Small inductive loads AC 15 | 2.5 A @ 250 VAC |
| DC 13 | 2.5 A @ 24 VDC |
| Mechanical life | $\geq 30 \times 10^{6}$ operations |
| Electrical life | $\begin{aligned} & \geq 10^{5} \text { operations } \\ & \text { (at } 8 \mathrm{~A}, 250 \mathrm{~V}, \cos \varphi=1 \text { ) } \end{aligned}$ |
| Operating frequency | $\leq 7200$ operations/h |
| Dielectric strength |  |
| Dielectric voltage | $\geq 2 \mathrm{kVAC}$ (rms) |
| Rated impulse withstand volt. | 4 kV (1.2/50 $\mu \mathrm{s}$ ) |

## Supply Specifications

| Power supply Rated operational voltage through terminals: | Overvoltage cat. III (IEC 60664, IEC 60038) |
| :---: | :---: |
| DWA01: | L1, L2, L3 |
| PWA01: | 5, 6, 7 |
| M23 | 177 to 276 VAC 45 to 65 Hz |
| DWA01CM48 | 323 to 552 VAC 45 to 65 Hz |
| PWA01CM48 | 323 to 477 VAC 45 to 65 Hz |
| Dielectric voltage supply to output | None $2 \mathrm{kV}$ |
| Rated operational power | 13 VA @400VAC Supplied by L1 and L3 |

## General Specifications

| Power ON delay | 1,2 or $6 \mathrm{~s} \pm 0.5 \mathrm{~s}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Reaction time | (input signal variation from $-20 \%$ to $+20 \%$ or from $+20 \%$ to $-20 \%$ of set value) |
| Alarm ON delay | $<400 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Alarm OFF delay | $<400 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Accuracy | (15 min warm-up time) |
| Temperature drift | $\pm 1000 \mathrm{ppm} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Repeatability | $\pm 0.5 \%$ on full-scale |
| Indication for |  |
| Power supply ON | LED, green |
| Output ON | LED, yellow |
| Environment |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 20 |
| Pollution degree | 3 (DWA01), 2 (PWA01) |
| Operating temperature |  |
| @ Max. voltage, 50 Hz | -20 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, R.H. < $95 \%$ |
| @ Max. voltage, 60 Hz | -20 to $50^{\circ}$ C, R.H. < $95 \%$ |
| Storage temperature | -30 to $80^{\circ}$ C, R.H. < $95 \%$ |


| Housing |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dimensions | DWA01 | $22.5 \times 80 \times 99.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
|  | PWA01 | $36 \times 80 \times 94 \mathrm{~mm}$ |
| Material |  | PA66 or Noryl |
| Weight |  | Approx. 200 g |
| Screw terminals |  |  |
| Tightening torque |  | Max. 0.5 Nm acc. to IEC 60947 |
| Product standard |  | EN 60255-6 |
| Approvals |  | UL, CSA |
| CE Marking |  | L.V. Directive 2006/95/EC EMC Directive 2004/108/EC |
| EMC |  |  |
| Immunity |  | According to EN 60255-26 |
|  |  | According to EN 61000-6-2 |
| Emissions |  | According to EN 60255-26 According to EN 61000-6-3 |

## Function/Delay/Level Settings

## Level setting $(\cos \varphi)$ :

Knob adjustable on absolute scale, from 0.1 to 0.99

## Setting of function and power ON delay

Adjust the desired function (over or underload monitoring) with DIP switch 1 and
the power ON delay with DIP screwdriver as shown on the Switches 3 and 4 as shown on the below table. To access the DIP-switch open the plastic cover using a
left.


## Mode of Operation

DWA01 and PWA01 can be PWA01.
used for monitoring the actual load of asynchronous motors.
The relays measure the 3phase supply voltage and the current of the phase L1 connected to an asynchronous motor.
The relay monitor the cosine of the angle between motor current and motor voltage $(\cos \varphi)$.
As $\cos \varphi$ varies with the load of the motor, overload (or underload) can be indirectly detected by DWA01 and

The relation between the load and $\cos \varphi$ depends on the type of motor.
As a guideline to ensure correct working conditions for a motor, the level could be set above (or below) the $\cos \varphi$ marking on the motor. It is however recommended to make the adjustment in connection with a practical test. The relay has an inhibit delay at power ON in order to avoid overload detection during motor start.

## Example 1:

Overload monitoring.
The relay operates and the yellow LED is ON as long as $\cos \varphi$ is below the set limit. The relay releases when it exceeds the set level.

## Example 2:

Underload monitoring.
The relay operates and the yellow LED is ON as long as $\cos \varphi$ is above the set limit. The relay releases when it drops below the set level.

## Example 3:

DWA01CM235A and PWA01CM235A can be used for monitoring the cos $\varphi$ of a 1-Phase load with 208 to 240 V AC mains voltgage. In this case the power supply has to be connected between L1, L3 (or 5, 7) and L2 and L3 (or 6 and 7) have to be connected.

## Operation Diagrams

## Overload monitoring

Power supply


Underload monitoring
Power supply


## Wiring Diagrams

DWA01 - Direct connection


## PWA01 - Direct connection



## Wiring Diagrams (cont.)



DWA01CM235A - Direct connection - 1-Phase Load


## Dimensions



Plug-in


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