# Energy Management Energy Analyzer Type EM210



- Multi-use housing: for both DIN-rail and panel mounting applications
- Current inputs AV option: CT 5A
- Current inputs MV option: current sensor 333 mV (CTV series) or ROG4K, Rogowski coil by Carlo Gavazzi without necessity of external integrator

- Class B (kWh) according to EN50470-3
- Class 1 (kWh) according to EN62053-21
- Class 2 (kvarh) according to EN62053-23
- Accuracy ±0.5 RDG (current/voltage)
- Energy meter
- Instantaneous variables readout: 3 DGT
- Energies readout: 7 DGT
- System variables: W, var, PF, Hz, Phase-sequence.
- Single phase variables: VLL, VLN, A, PF, THD (A,V, up to the 15th harmonic)
- Energy measurements: total kWh (imported and exported); kvarh
- TRMS measurements of distorted sine waves (voltages/currents)
- Self power supply
- Dimensions: 4-DIN modules and 72x72mm
- Protection degree (front): IP40
- Application adaptable display and programming procedure (Easyprog function)
- Easy connections management
- Detachable display

### **Product description**

Three-phase energy meter with removable front LCD display unit. The same unit can be used either as a DIN-rail mounting or a panel mounting energy meter. This general purpose three-phase energy meter is suitable for both active and reactive energy metering for cost allocation but also for main electrical parameter measurement and retransmission (transducer function). Possibility to display also exported active energy (e.g. in case of regenerated energy in lifts or similar applications) harmonic distortion information are available for the voltages and the currents, up to the 15th harmonic. An hourcounter meter is available to link the energy consumption to the relevant working hours and an hourcounter to link the exported energy to production hours. Housing for DINrail mounting with IP40 (front) protection degree. Current measurements carried out by means of external current transformers transformers, 5A or 333mV (CTV series), or ROG4K, Rogowski coil solution without external integrator. Voltage measurements carried out either by means of direct connection or by means of potential transformers. EM210 is provided, as standard, with a pulsating output for active energy retransmission. In addition a 2-wire RS485 communication port is available as an option.

**CARLO GAVAZZI** 



### How to order

### EM21072D AV53XOXX

Model	
Range code	
System	
Power supply	
Output 1	
Output 2	
Option	

# **Type Selection**

Rang	e code	Syste	em	Pow	er supply	Opti	ons
AV5: AV6:	230/400VLL AC, 5(6) A or 1(6)A <b>(*)</b> (CT connection) 120/230VLL AC 5(6)A or 1(6)A (*) (VT/PT and CT con- nections)	3:	balanced and unbal- anced load: 3-phase, 4-wire; 3-phase, 3-wire (without N connection); 2-phase, 3-wire; 1-phase, 2-wire	X:	Self power supply from 40V to 480VAC LL, 45 to 65 Hz (con- nection VL2-VL3)	<b>X</b> :	none
MV5:	230/400VLL AC, 0.333V (current sen- sor CTV series or ROG4K connection)						
MV6:	120/230VLL AC, 0.333V (VT/PT and current sensor CTV series or ROG4K connection)						
Outpu	ı <del>t</del> 1	Outp	ut 2		e rance 1(6)A is avai-		

<b>O</b> :	Single static output
	(opto-mosfet)

 X:
 None

 S:
 RS485 port

(\*) the range 1(6)A is available but not in compliance with the EN50470-3 standard.

# Input specification

	ystem type: 3	Display refresh time	1 second
	ot isolated (shunt	Display	2 lines
	puts). Note: the external	,	1st line: 7-DGT or
	urrent transformers can		3-DGT+3-DGT
be	e connected to earth		2nd line: 3-DGT
ind	dividually.	Туре	LCD, h 7mm.
	: primary current	Instantaneous variables read-out	3-DGT.
cc	prresponding to 5 A		
	econdary output.	Energies	Total: 5+2, 6+1 or 7DGT
	nax: 1.2 ln (6A	Overload status	EEE indication when the
	econdary). Note:The "1(6)		value being measured is
	" range is available but		exceeding the "Continuous
	ot in compliance with the		inputs overload" (maximum
	N50470-3 standard.		measurement capacity)
	: primary current	Max. and Min. indication	Max. instantaneous variables:
	prresponding to 0.333 V		999; energies: 9 999 999.
	econdary output.		Min. instantaneous
	nax: 1.2 ln (0.4V		variables: 0; energies 0.00.
	econdary).	LEDs	
	V5, MV5: 230/400VLL;	Red LED (energy consumption)	
	A; Un: 160 to 240VLN	AV5, AV6	0.001 kWh by pulse if CT
	77 to 415VLL).	Av5, Av6	ratio x VT ratio is <7;
	V6, MV6: 120/230VLL;		0.01 kWh by pulse if CT
	A; Un: 57.7 to 144VLN		ratio x VT ratio is $\geq$ 7.0
Accuracy (Display + RS485)	00 to 230VLL).		< 70.0;
	: see below, Un: see below		0.1 kWh by pulse if CT
	rom 0.002ln to 0.2ln:		ratio x VT ratio is $\geq$ 70.0
	0.5% RDG +3DGT).		< 700.0;
	rom 0.2In to Imax:		1 kWh by pulse if CT ratio
	0.5% RDG +1DGT).		x VT ratio is $\geq$ 700.0.
	rom 0.002ln to 0.2ln:	Red LED (energy consumption)	
	1% RDG +3DGT). From	MV5, MV6	0.001kW/b/pulse if V/T ratio
	2In to Imax: ±(0.5% RDG		0.001kWh/pulse if VT ratio by In < 35.0
	1DGT).		0.01kWh/pulse if VT ratio
Phase-neutral voltage In	the range Un: $\pm(0,5\%)$		by $\ln \ge 35.0$ and $< 350.0$
	DG +1DGT).		0.1kWh/pulse if VT ratio by
Phase-phase voltage In	the range Un: ±(1% RDG		$ln \ge 350.0$ and $<3500.0$
	1DGT).		1kWh/pulse if VT ratio by
	ange: 45 to 65Hz;		In ≥ 3500.0
	solution: ±1Hz	Max frequency	16Hz, according to
	(1%RDG +2DGT).	Max nequency	EN50470-3. Green LED (on
	0.001+1%(1.000 - "PF		the terminal blocks side)
			for power on (steady) and
	2%RDG +2DGT).		communication status:
Active energy cla	ass B according to		RX-TX (in case of RS485
	N50470-1-3;		option only) blinking.
Cla	ass 1 according to	Measurements	, .
cla EN	ass 1 according to N62053-21.	Measurements	See "List of the variables
cla EN Reactive energy cla	ass 1 according to N62053-21. ass 2 according to		See "List of the variables that can be connected to:"
cla EN Reactive energy cla EN	ass 1 according to N62053-21. ass 2 according to N62053-23.	Measurements Method	See "List of the variables
Cla EN Reactive energy Cla EN Start up current: 10	ass 1 according to N62053-21. ass 2 according to	Method	See "List of the variables that can be connected to:" TRMS measurements of distorted wave forms.
Reactive energy cla EN Start up current: 10 Energy additional errors	ass 1 according to N62053-21. ass 2 according to N62053-23. DmA.		See "List of the variables that can be connected to:" TRMS measurements of distorted wave forms. By means of external CT's.
Reactive energy       cla         Reactive energy       cla         EN       EN         Start up current:       10         Energy additional errors       Influence quantities	ass 1 according to N62053-21. ass 2 according to N62053-23. DmA. ccording to EN62053-21,	Method Coupling type	See "List of the variables that can be connected to:" TRMS measurements of distorted wave forms.
Reactive energy       Cla         Reactive energy       Cla         EN       EN         Start up current:       10         Energy additional errors       Influence quantities         Influence quantities       Accent	ass 1 according to N62053-21. ass 2 according to N62053-23. DmA. ccording to EN62053-21, N50470-1-3, EN62053-23	Method Coupling type	See "List of the variables that can be connected to:" TRMS measurements of distorted wave forms. By means of external CT's. AV5, AV6: ≤3 (15A max.
Reactive energy       Cla         Reactive energy       Cla         Start up current:       10         Energy additional errors       Influence quantities         Influence quantities       Ac         Energy additional errors       Energy         Influence quantities       Ac         Energy additional errors       Energy         Energy additional errors       Energy         Influence quantities       Ac         Energy additional errors       Energy         Energy       Energy	ass 1 according to N62053-21. ass 2 according to N62053-23. DmA. ccording to EN62053-21, N50470-1-3, EN62053-23 200ppm/°C.	Method Coupling type	See "List of the variables that can be connected to:" TRMS measurements of distorted wave forms. By means of external CT's. AV5, AV6: ≤3 (15A max. peak). MV5, MV6: 1.414 @
Reactive energy       cla         Reactive energy       cla         Start up current:       10         Energy additional errors       10         Influence quantities       Ac         Energy additional errors       EN         Influence quantities       Ac         Energy additional errors       EN         Influence quantities       Ac         EN       EN         Sampling rate       16	ass 1 according to N62053-21. ass 2 according to N62053-23. DmA. ccording to EN62053-21, N50470-1-3, EN62053-23	Method Coupling type	See "List of the variables that can be connected to:" TRMS measurements of distorted wave forms. By means of external CT's. AV5, AV6: $\leq$ 3 (15A max. peak). MV5, MV6: 1.414 @ Imax (Imax=1.2 In = 0.4V).

# Input specification (cont.)

Current Overloads		Frequency	45 to 65 Hz.
Continuous	1.2In, @ 50Hz.	Keypad	Two push buttons for
For 500ms	20In, @ 50Hz.		variable selection and
Voltage Overloads		-	programming of the
Continuous	1.2 Un		instrument working
For 500ms	2 Un		parameters.
Current input impedance			
AV5, AV6	< 0.3VA		
MV5, MV6	>100 kΩ	_	
Voltage input impedance			
Self-power supply	Power consumption:		
	< 2VA		

# **Output specifications**

Pulse output		Connections	2-wire max. distance
Number of outputs	1		1000m, termination directly
Туре	Programmable from 0.01		on the instrument.
	to 9.99 kWh per pulses.	Addresses	247, selectable by means
	Output connectable to the		of the front keypad
	energy meter (+kWh)	Protocol	MODBUS/JBUS (RTU)
Pulse duration	TOFF ≥120ms, according	Data (bidirectional)	
	to EN62052-31.	Dynamic (reading only)	System and phase
	TON selectable (30 ms		variables: see table "List of
	or 100 ms) according to		variables"
	EN62053-31	Static (reading and writing)	All the configuration pa-
Output	Static: opto-mosfet.	<b>-</b>	rameters.
Load	VON 2.5 VAC/DC,	Data format	1 start bit, 8 data bit, and
	70 mA max.	<b>B I I</b>	even parity,1 or 2 stop bit.
	VOFF 260 VAC/DC max.	Baud-rate	9.6, 19.2, 38.4, 57.6, 115.2
Insulation	By means of optocouplers,	Duis ou incost a concluit.	kbps.
	4000 VRMS output to	Driver input capability	1/5 unit load. Maximum
<b>BA</b> 405	measuring inputs.		160 transceiver on the same bus.
RS485		Insulation	
Туре	Multidrop, bidirectional	Insulation	By means of optocouplers,
	(static and dynamic vari-		4000 VRMS output to measuring input.
	ables)		measuring input.

# Software functions

Password	Numeric code of max. 3 DGT; 2 protection levels of the programming data:	<b>Transformer ratio</b> VT (PT) ratio CT (AV5, AV6)	1.0 to 99.9 / 100 to 999 1.0 to 99.9 / 100 to 999
1st level	Password "0", no protec- tion;	- ( -, -,	The max CTxVT product for AV5 models is 1187 (X op-
2nd level	Password from 1 to 999, all data are protected		tion), for AV6 models is 2421 (X option).
Programming lock	By means of potentiometer		Primary current 10 to 10000.
	(back-side of the display	Displaying	Up to 3 variables per page.
	module) it is possible to		6 different set of variables
	lock the access to all the		available.
	configuration parameters.	Reset	By means of the front
System selection			keypad: total energies (kWh,
System 3-Ph.n unbalanced load	3-phase (4-wire)		kvarh).
	3-phase (3-wire) without	Easy connection function	Wrong phase detection and
	neutral connection.		displaying. For all the display
System 3-Ph.1 balanced load	• 3-phase (3-wire) one cur-		selections (except "D" and
,	rent and 3-phase to phase		"E") the current, power and
	voltage measurements.		energy measurement are
	• 3-phase (4-wire) one cur-		independent on the current
	rent and 3-phase to neutral voltage measurements.		direction.
System 2-Ph	2-phase (3-wire)		
System 1-Ph	1-phase (2-wire)		

# **General specifications**

•						
Operating temperature	-25°C to +55°C (-13°F to 131°F) (R.H. from 0 to 90% non-condensing) accord- ing to EN62053-21 and EN62053-23.	Surge Radio frequency suppression	80Mhz On current and voltage measuring inputs circuit: 6kV; According to CISPR 22			
Storage temperature	-30°C to +70°C (-22°F to 158°F) (R.H. < 90% non-condensing) accord- ing to EN62053-21 and EN62053-23)	Standard compliance         EC60664, IEC61010           Safety         EC60664, EN61010           EN60664, EN61010         EN62052-11           Metrology         EN62053-21, EN620				
Overvoltage category Insulation (for 1 minute)	Cat. III 4000 VRMS between measuring inputs and digi- tal output.	Pulse output Approvals Connections	EN50470-3 DIN43864, IEC62053-31 CE, cULus listed (only AV) Screw type			
Dielectric strength Noise rejection CMRR	4000VAC RMS for 1 minute 100 dB, 48 to 62 Hz	Cable cross-section area	2.4 x 3.5 mm Min./Max. screws tighten- ing torque: 0.4 Nm / 0.8 Nm			
EMC Electrostatic discharges Immunity to irradiated electromagnetic fields	According to EN62052-11 15kV air discharge. Test with current: 10V/m from 80 to 2000MHz Test without any cur- rent: 30V/m from 80 to	Housing Dimensions (WxHxD) Material Mounting Protection degree	72 x 72 x 65 mm Noryl, PA66 self-extinguishing: UL 94 V-0 Panel and DIN-rail			
Burst Immunity to conducted	2000MHz; On current and voltage measuring inputs circuit: 4kV	Front <u>Screw terminals</u> Weight	IP40 IP20 Approx. 400g (packing included)			
disturbances	10V/m from 150kHz to					

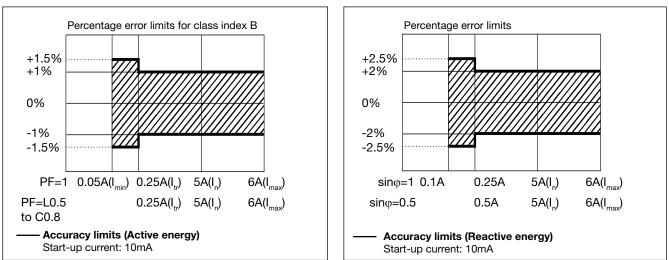
### **Power supply specifications**

Self power supply

40 to 480VAC (45-65Hz). Across input "VL2" and "VL3" Power consumption

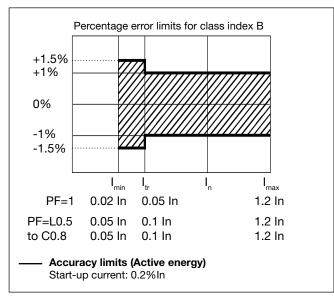
 $\leq$ 2VA/1W

### Accuracy AV5, AV6 (According to EN50470-3 and EN62053-23)



kWh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current

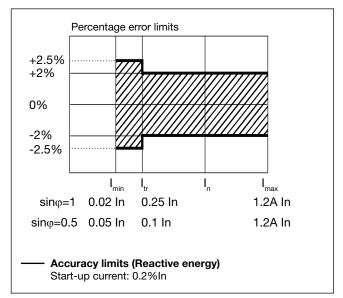
## Accuracy MV5, MV6 (According to EN50470-3 and EN62053-23)



kWh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current

kvarh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current

kvarh, accuracy (RDG) depending on the current



### Insulation between inputs and outputs

	Measuring input	Opto-Mosfet output	Communication port	Self power supply
Measuring inputs	-	4kV	4kV	0kV
Opto-Mosfet output	4kV	-	-	4kV
Communication port	4kV	-	-	4kV
Self power supply	0kV	4kV	4kV	-

NOTE: all the models have, mandatorily, to be connected to external current transformers.

### Used calculation formulas

#### Phase variables

### System variables

Voltage asymmetry

Equivalent three-phase voltage

 $V_{\Sigma} = \frac{V_1 + V_2 + V_3}{3} \cdot \sqrt{3}$ 

Instantaneous effective voltage

$$V_{1N} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{1}^{n} (V_{1N})_{i}^{2}}$$

Instantaneous active power

$$W_1 = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( V_{1N} \right)_i \cdot \left( A_1 \right)_i$$

Instantaneous power factor

$$\cos\varphi_1 = \frac{W_1}{VA_1}$$

Instantaneous effective current

$$A_1 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} (A_1)_i^2}$$

Instantaneous apparent power

$$VA_1 = V_{1N} \cdot A_1$$

Instantaneous reactive power

$$\operatorname{var}_{1} = \sqrt{(VA_{1})^{2} - (W_{1})^{2}}$$

Three-phase active power

$$W_{\Sigma}=W_1+W_2+W_3$$

Three-phase apparent power

$$VA_{\Sigma} = \sqrt{W_{\Sigma}^2 + \mathrm{var}_{\Sigma}^2}$$

Three-phase power factor

$$\cos\varphi_{\Sigma} = \frac{W_{\Sigma}}{VA_{\Sigma}}$$

**Energy metering** 

$$k \operatorname{var} hi = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} Qi(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n=1}^{n_2} Qnj$$

$$kWhi = \int_{t_1}^{t_2} Pi(t) dt \cong \Delta t \sum_{n=1}^{n_2} Pnj$$

Where:

i= considered phase (L1, L2 or L3) P= active power; Q= reactive power; t1, t2 = starting and ending time points of consumption recording; n= time unit;  $\Delta$  t= time interval between two successive power consumptions; n1, n2 = starting and ending discrete time points of consumption recording

## List of the variables that can be connected to:

RS485 communication port

• Pulse outputs (only "energies")

N°	Variable	1-ph. sys.	2-ph. sys.	3-ph. 4-wire balanced system	3-ph. 4-wire unbalanced system	3-ph. 3-wire balanced system	3-ph. 3-wire unbalanced system	Notes
1	kWh	x	x	x	x	x	x	Total (2)
2	kvarh	x	x	x	x	x	x	Total (3)
3	V L-N sys (1)	0	x	x	x	x	x	sys=system (∑)
4	V L1	x	x	x	x	x	x	
5	V L2	0	x	x	x	x	x	
6	V L3	0	0	x	x	x	x	
7	V L-L sys (1)	0	x	x	x	x	x	sys=system (∑)
8	V L1-2	0	x	x	x	x	x	
9	V L2-3	0	0	x	x	x	x	
10	V L3-1	0	0	x	x	x	x	
11	A L1	x	x	x	x	x	x	
12	A L2	0	x	x	x	x	x	
13	A L3	0	0	x	x	x	x	
14	VA sys (1)	x	x	x	x	x	x	sys=system (∑)
15	VA L1 (1)	x	x	x	x	x	x	
16	VA L2 (1)	0	x	x	x	x	x	
17	VA L3 (1)	0	0	x	x	x	x	
18	var sys	x	x	х	х	х	х	sys=system (∑)
19	var L1 (1)	x	x	x	x	x	x	
20	var L2 (1)	0	x	x	x	x	x	
21	var L3 (1)	0	0	x	x	x	x	
22	W sys	x	x	x	x	x	x	sys=system (∑)
23	W L1 (1)	x	x	x	x	x	x	
24	W L2 (1)	0	x	x	x	x	x	
25	W L3 (1)	0	0	x	x	x	x	
26	PF sys	x	x	x	x	х	x	sys=system (∑)
27	PF L1	x	x	x	x	х	x	
28	PF L2	o	x	x	x	x	х	
29	PF L3	0	0	x	x	x	х	
30	Hz	x	x	x	x	x	x	
31	Phase sequence	0	o	x	x	x	х	
32	THD VL1N	x	х	x	x	0	0	only if THD enabled
33	THD VL2N	0	х	x	x	0	0	only if THD enabled
34	THD VL3N	0	0	х	x	0	0	only if THD enabled
35	THD A L1	x	х	х	x	х	х	only if THD enabled
36	THD A L2	0	х	x	x	х	х	only if THD enabled
37	THD A L3	0	0	х	x	х	х	only if THD enabled
38	THD V L1-2	0	х	х	x	х	х	only if THD enabled
39	THD V L2-3	0	0	х	x	х	х	only if THD enabled
40	THD V L3-1	0	0	x	x	х	х	only if THD enabled
41	An	0	х	0	x	0	0	

(x) = available

(o) = not available (zero indication on the display)

(1) = Variable available only through the serial communication port RS485

(2) = also kWh- (exported) with application E (see next table)

(3) = sum (not algebraic) of kvarh imported and exported with application F (see next table)

## **Display pages**

No	1st variable (1st half-line)	2nd variable (2nd half-line)	3rd variable (2nd line)	Note	Applications					
					A	В	c	D	E	F
		Phase sequence		The phase sequence triangle appears in any page only if there is a phase reverse	x	x	x	x	x	x
1	Tota	kWh	W sys		x	x	x	x	x	x
1b	Total I	<wh (-)<="" td=""><td>"NEG"</td><td>Exported active energy</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>+</td><td></td></wh>	"NEG"	Exported active energy					+	
2	Total	kvarh	kvar sys			+	+	+	+	т
3		PF sys	Hz	Indication of C, -C, L, -L depending on the quadrant		x	x	x	x	x
4	PF L1	PF L2	PF L3	Indication of C, -C, L, -L depending on the quadrant			x	x	x	x
5	A L1	A L2	A L3				x	x	x	x
6	V L1-2	V L2-3	V L3-1				x	x	x	
7	V L1	V L2	V L3				x	x		
8	"thd"	"L1"	THD VL1-N			x	x	x	x	x
9	"thd"	"L2"	THD VL2-N			x	x	x	x	x
10	"thd"	"L3"	THD VL3-N			x	x	x	x	x
11	"thd"	"L1"	THD A L1		1	x	x	x	x	x
12	"thd"	"L2"	THD A L2		1	x	x	x	x	x
13	"thd"	"L3"	THD A L3		1	x	x	x	x	x
14	"thd"	"L1"	THD VL1-2			x	x	x	x	x
15	"thd"	"L2"	THD VL2-3			x	x	x	x	x
16	"thd"	"L3"	THD VL3-1			x	x	x	x	x
17	"A n"		An			x	x	x	x	x
18	"working hours"(rel. to kWh+)		h				x	x	x	x
19	"working hours"(re. to kWh-)		h-						x	

**Notes:** x = available

+ = only positive kvarh is measured (kvar sys is the algebraic sum of the phase kvar)

T = positive and negative kvarh are summed and measured in the same kvarh meter

(kvarsys is the sum of the absolute values of each phase kvar). The phase kvar are displayed with the correct sign.

# Additional available information on the display

Туре	1st line	2nd line	Note
Meter information 1	Y. 2007	r.A0	Year of production and firmware release
Meter information 2	value	LEd (kWh)	KWh per pulse of the LED
Meter information 3	SYS [3P.n]	value	System type and connection type
Meter information 4	Ct rAt.	value	Current transformer ratio
Meter information 5	Ut rAt.	value	Voltage transformer ratio
Meter information 6	PuLSE (kWh)	value	Pulse output: kWh per pulse
Meter information 7	Add	value	Serial communication address
Meter information 8	value	Sn	Secondary address (M-bus protocol)

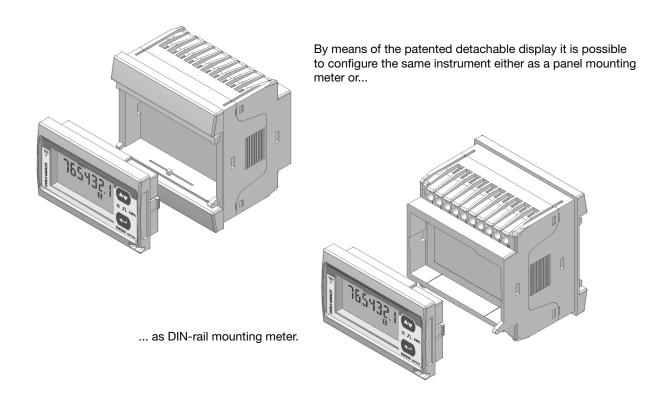
# List of selectable applications

	Description	Notes
Α	Active energy meter	Active energy measurement with some minor parameters
В	Active and reactive energy meter	Active and reactive energy measurement with some minor parameters
С	Full set of variables	Full set of available variables can be displayed (default selection)
D	Full set of variables +	Full set of available variables can be displayed +
Е	Full set of variables +	Full set of variables with exported (negative) kWh meter
F	Full set of variables	Full set of variables with imported and exported kWh meters

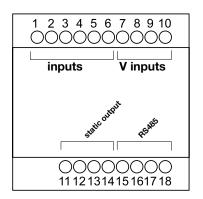
#### Notes:

+ Only in "D" and "E" applications the actual direction of the current is considered.

### One instrument with double mounting capability

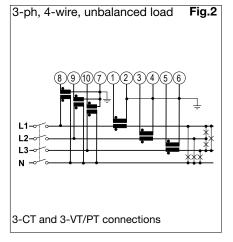


### Wiring diagrams

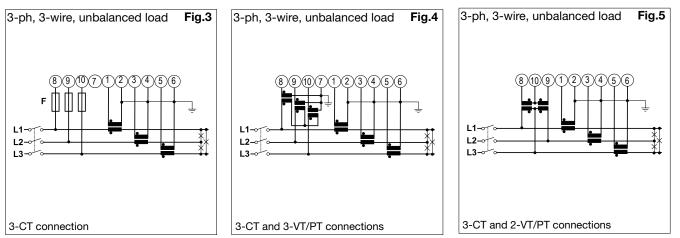


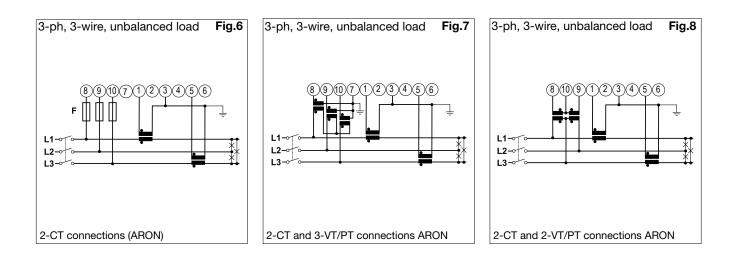
## 

3-ph, 4-wire, unbalanced load



(6A) System type selection: 3P



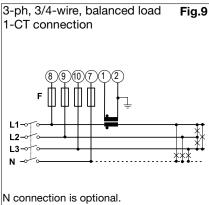


# (6A) Self power supply, system type selection: 3P.n

Fig.1

# Wiring diagrams

#### (6A) Self power supply, system type selection: 3P.1



**NOTE**: in the calculations, it is considered only the voltage relevant to L1

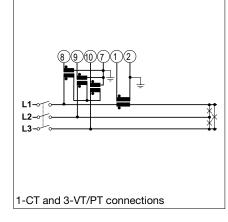
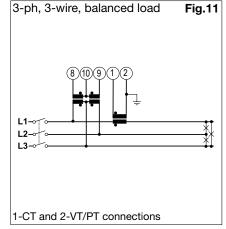
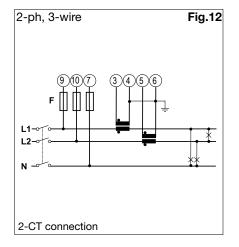


Fig.10

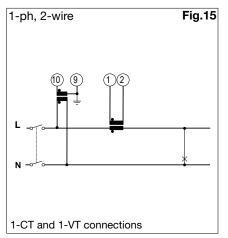
3-ph, 3-wire, balanced load



#### (6A) System type selection: 2P

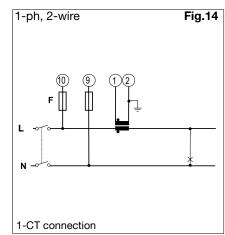


#### (6A) System type selection: 1P

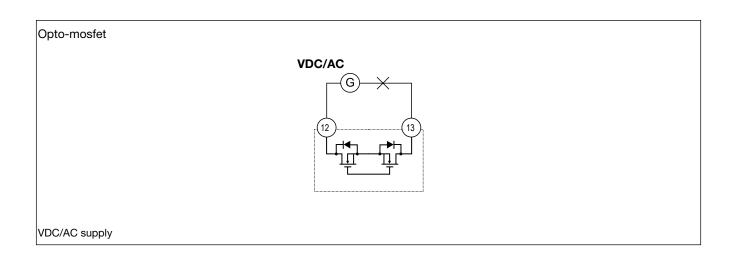


2-ph, 3-wire Fig.13

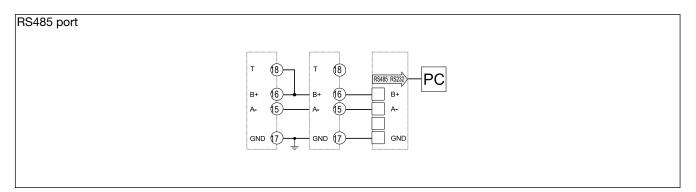
(6A) System type selection: 1P



### Static output wiring diagram

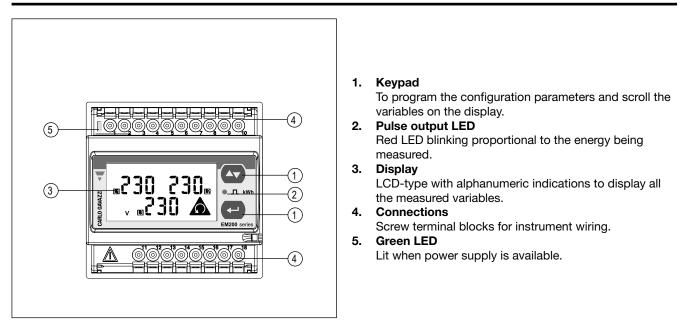


## **RS485 port wiring diagram**

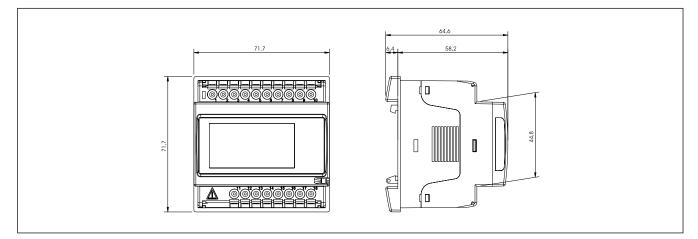


**RS485 NOTE:** additional devices provided with RS485 are connected as per the picture above. The termination of the serial output is carried out only on the last instrument of the network, by means of a jumper between (B+) and (T).

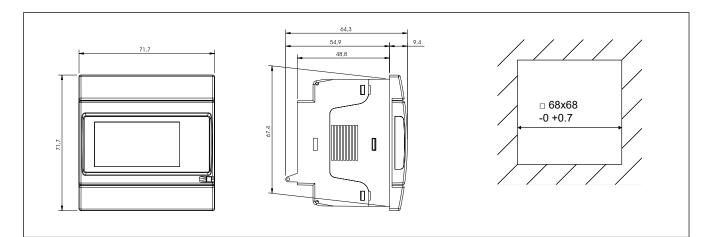
## Front panel description



## **Dimensions (DIN configuration)**



## Dimensions and panel cut out (72x72 panel mounting configuration)



# **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Power Analysers category:

Click to view products by Carlo Gavazzi manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

AQ1018 AQ1038 AR1039 AD1016H AD1040 MOO2 EM2172DAV63XOSX AQ1042 AD1047 CS-BB3-04 PEL 103 C.A 8220 EM21072DAV63XOSX EM21072DMV53XOSX EM21072DMV63XOSX EM24DINAV53DISX EM28072DMV53X2SX EM28072DMV63X2SX EM50DINAV53HRSX EM50DINRG53HRSX EM50DINMV53HRSX WM1496AV53HDG WM14DINAV63CS FLUKE 345