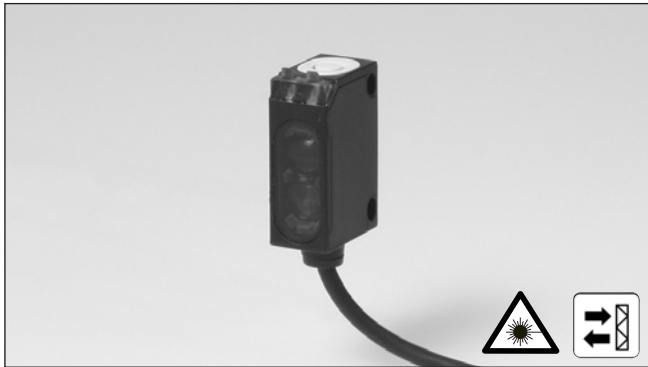# Photoelectrics
Laser, Retro-reflective, Polarized
Type LD32CNP10

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- Miniature sensor range
- Range: 0.1-1 m, with reflector
- Sensitivity adjustment by Teach-In programming
- Modulated, red laser light 650 nm, polarized (class 2)
- Supply voltage: 10 to 30 VDC
- Output: 100 mA, NPN or PNP preset
- Make and break switching function programmable
- LED for output indication and power ON
- Protection: reverse polarity, short circuit and transients
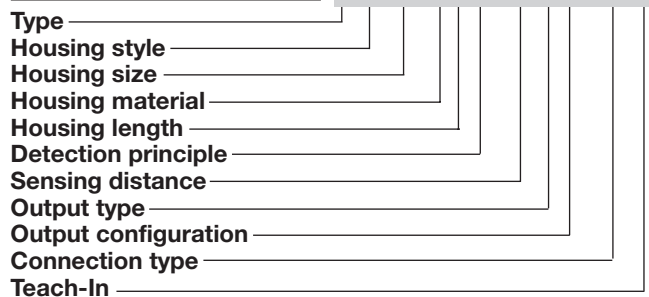- Cable and plug versions
- Excellent EMC performance

CE

Product Description

The LD32CNP10 sensor family comes in a compact 12 x 32 x 20 mm reinforced PMMA/ABS-housing.
The sensors are useful in applications where high-accuracy detection as well as small size is required.
The Teach-In function for adjustment of the sensitivity makes the sensors highly flexible. The output type is preset (NPN or PNP), and the output switching function is programmable (NO or NC).
The small laser spot makes it possible to detect small objects very precisely.

Ordering Key

LD32CNP10PPM5T

Type	
Housing style	
Housing size	
Housing material	
Housing length	
Detection principle	
Sensing distance	
Output type	
Output configuration	
Connection type	
Teach-In	

Type Selection

Housing W x H x D	Range S_n	Ordering no. NPN & PNP cable Make & break switching	Ordering no. NPN & PNP plug Make & break switching
12 x 32 x 20 mm	1.0 m	LD 32 CNP 10 NPT LD 32 CNP 10 PPT	LD 32 CNP 10 NPM5T LD 32 CNP 10 PPM5T

Specifications

Rated operating distance (S_n)	Up to 1.0 m, with reflector 51 x 51 mm (ER5060)	Protection	Short-circuit, reverse polarity and transients
Blind zone	100 mm	Laser protection class	Class 2 - according to EN60825-1-3/97
Sensitivity	Adjustable by Teach-In (push button or wire)	Average power	< 1 mW
Temperature drift	≤ 1%/°C	Pulse width	t = 3 µs
Hysteresis (H) (differential travel)	≤ 10%	Pulse repetition time	f = 5 kHz
		MTBF	> 50'000 h @ T_a = 40ºC
Rated operational volt. (U_B)	10 to 30 VDC (ripple included)	Light source	Red laser light, 650 nm
		Light type	Red, modulated
Ripple (U_{rpp})	≤ 10%	Sensing angle	< 0.8°
Output current		Ambient light	5,000 lux
Continuous (I_e)	≤ 100 mA	Light spot	< 1 mm @ 300 mm
Short-time (I)	≤ 100 mA (max. load capacity 100 nF)	Operating frequency	1000 Hz
No load supply current (I_o)	≤ 25 mA @ 24 VDC	Response time	
		OFF-ON (t_{ON})	≤ 0.5 ms
Minimum operational current (I_m)	0.5 mA	ON-OFF (t_{OFF})	≤ 0.5 ms
OFF-state current (I_r)	≤ 100 µA	Power ON delay (t_v)	≤ 300 ms
Voltage drop (U_d)	≤ 2.4 VDC @ 100 mA	Output function	
		NPN and PNP	Preset
		NO/NC switching function	Set up by button

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Specifications (cont.)

External Teach (ET)		Vibration	10 to 55 Hz, 0.5 mm/7.5 g
Same function as button	10 to 30 VDC		(IEC 60068-2-6)
Locked (disable teach button)	0 to 2.5 VDC	Shock	30 g / 11ms, 3 pos, 3 neg
Operating mode	Not connected		per axis
			(IEC 60068-2-6, 60068-2-32)
Indication		**Rated insulation voltage**	500 VAC (rms)
Output ON	LED, yellow		
Signal stability ON and power ON	LED, green	**Housing material**	
		Body	ABS, black
Environment		Front material	PMMA, red
Installation category	II (IEC 60664/60664A;	**Connection**	
	60947-1)	Cable	PUR, black, 2 m
Pollution degree	3 (IEC 60664/60664A;		4×0.14 mm^2, Ø = 3.6 mm
	60947-1)	Plug	M8, 4-pin
Degree of protection	IP 67 (IEC 60529; 60947-1)	**Weight**	Cable type: 40 g
Ambient temperature			Plug type: 10 g
Operating	-20 to +60° C (-4 to +140° F)	**CE-marking**	Yes
Storage	-20 to +80° C (-4 to +176° F)		

Operation Diagram
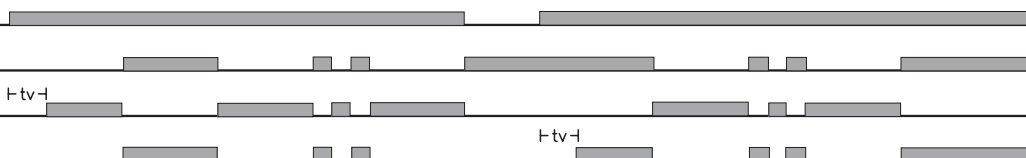
tv = Power ON delay

Power supply

Object/target present

Break (NC) Output ON   ⊢tv⊣

Make (NO) Output ON   ⊢tv⊣

Wiring Diagrams

NPN

1 BN   + V

ET   2 WH

4 BK

3 BU   - V

PNP

1 BN   +

4 BK

ET   2 WH

3 BU   -

Teach input is active when 2 WH wire is connected to V+ (1 BN).

ET = External Teach
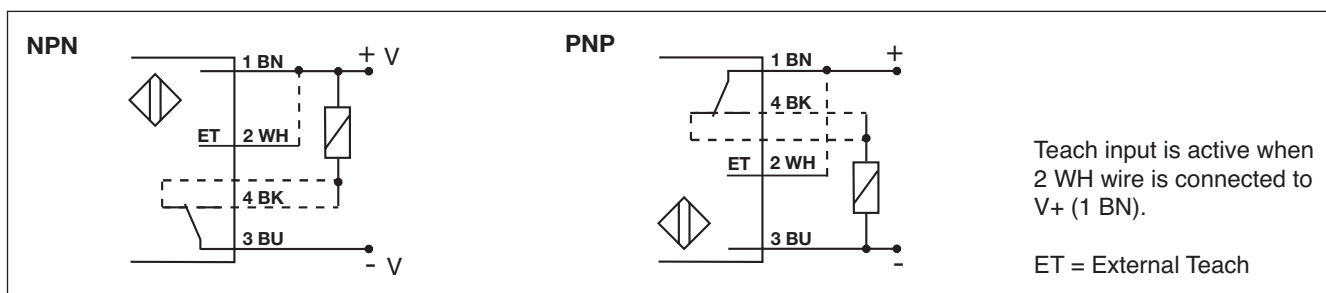
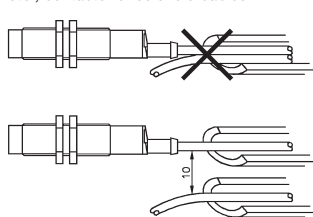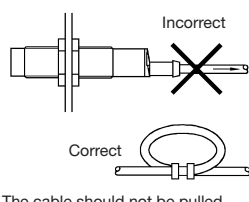## Installation Hints

To avoid interference from inductive voltage/current peaks, separate the prox. switch power-er cables from any other power cables, e.g. motor, contactor or solenoid cables
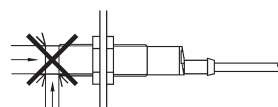
Relief of cable strain
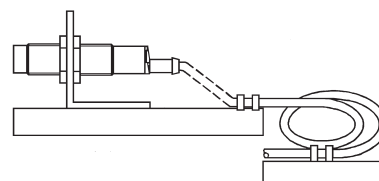
Incorrect

Correct

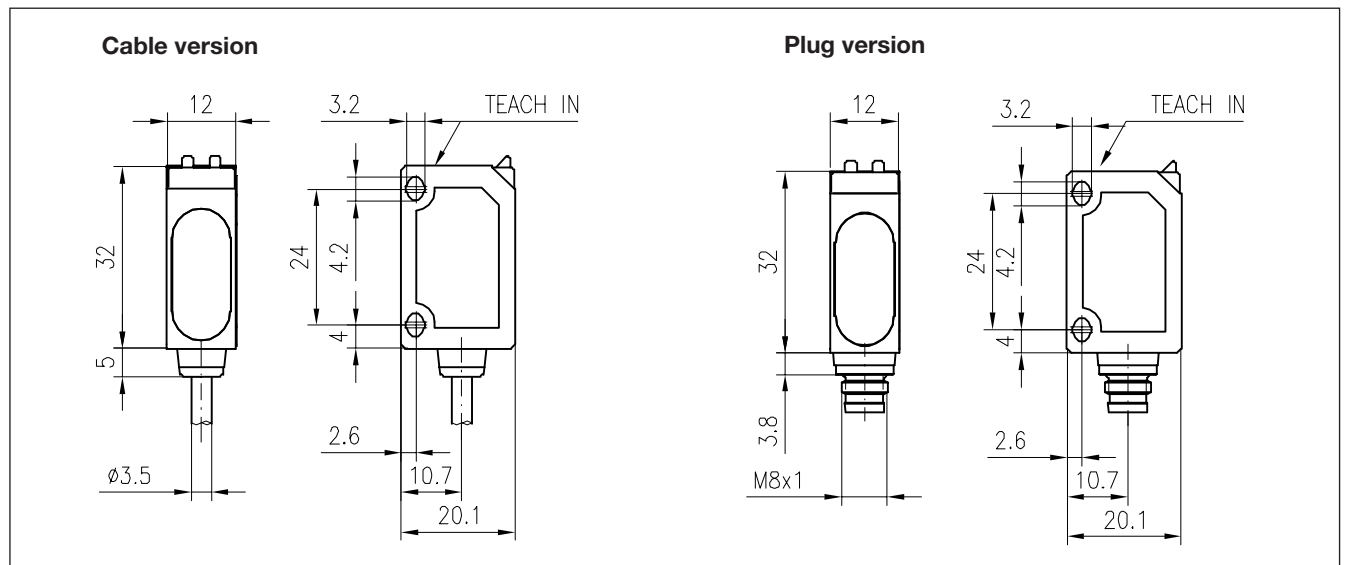The cable should not be pulled

Protection of the sensing face

A proximity switch should not serve as mechanical stop
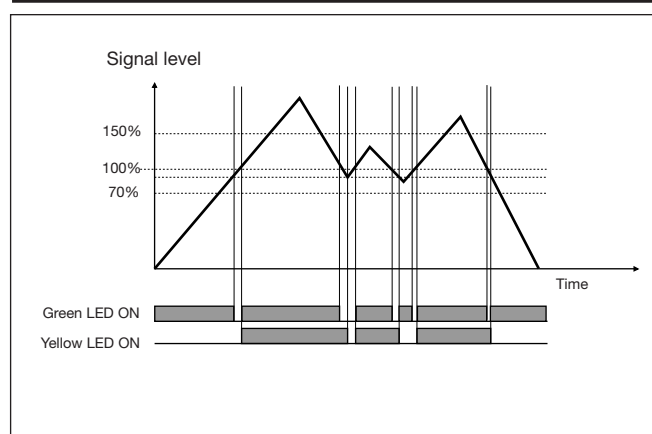
Switch mounted on mobile carrier
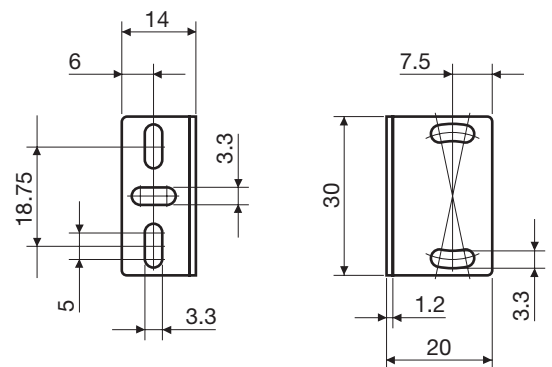
Any repetitive flexing of the cable should be avoided

Specifications are subject to change without notice (10.02.06)

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Dimensions

Cable version

Plug version

Signal Stability Indication

Accessories

Mounting bracket APD32-MB3


For further information refer to "Accessories"

Delivery Contents

- Photoelectric switch: LD 32 CNP 10
- Installation instruction
- **Packaging:** Cardboard box

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Adjustment

Sensitivity adjustment, with static object (needed for transparent objects only)
1. Line up the sensor with the reflector. Yellow LED and green LED are ON.
2. Press the button for 3 s until both LED's flash simultaneously (the first switching point is stored).
3. Place the object in the detection area.
4. Press the button for 1 s.
   a) The green LED flashes and stays ON: the second switching point is stored, and the sensor is ready to operate.
   b) Both LED's flash simultaneously: the sensor cannot detect the object, no switching points are stored.

3 s   **1 s**
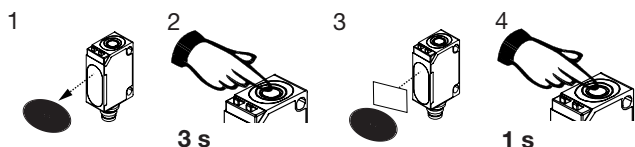
Adjustment to maximum sensitivity
1. Line up the sensor with the reflector. Press the button for 3 s until both LED's flash simultaneously.
2. Press the button again for 1 s (without object). The sensor is set to maximum sensitivity.

Sensitivity adjustment, with a running process (needed for transparent objects only)
1. Line up the sensor with the reflector. Green LED is ON. At this stage the status of the yellow LED can be ignored.
2. The running process must be the only "object" within the detection area. Press the button for 3 s until both LED's flash simultaneously.

   ☞ **3 s**

3. Press the button for at least the duration of one process cycle.

   ☞ **1 cycle**

   a) The green LED flashes and stays ON: both switching points have been stored, and the sensor is ready to operate.
   b) Both LED's flash simultaneously: the sensor cannot detect the object, no switching points are stored.

Programming of make and break switching function
1. Press the button for 13 s.   ☞ **13 s**
   Both LED's flash alternately.
2. Release the button: the green LED flashes.
3. While the green LED flashes, the output is inverted each time the button is pressed. This is indicated by the yellow LED.
   When the button is not pressed for 10 s, the current output function is stored.
   The sensor is now ready for operation.

Default setting
1. Cover light emitter and receiver: Press the button for 3 s, until both LED's flash simultaneously.   ☞ **3 s**
2. Keep light emitter and receiver covered: Press the button for 1 s.   ☞ **1 s**
   The sensor is set to maximum sensitivity.

NB! The Teach Input (2 WH) will work similarly to the push button, active High.

Specifications are subject to change without notice (10.02.06)

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