

CAT28C64B

64K-Bit CMOS PARALLEL EEPROM



FEATURES

- Fast read access times:
 - -90/120/150ns
- Low power CMOS dissipation:
 - Active: 25 mA max.
 - Standby: 100 μA max.
- Simple write operation:
 - On-chip address and data latches
 - Self-timed write cycle with auto-clear
- Fast write cycle time:
 - 5ms max.
- CMOS and TTL compatible I/O
- Hardware and software write protection

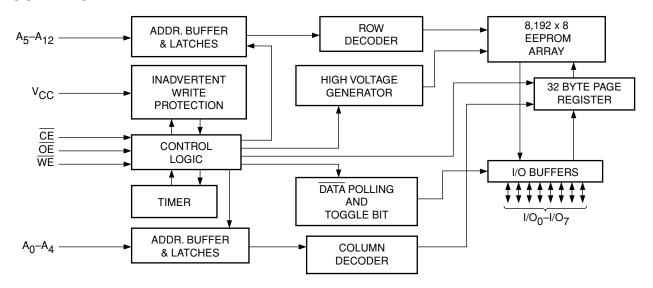
- Commercial, industrial and automotive temperature ranges
- Automatic page write operation:
 - 1 to 32 bytes in 5ms
 - Page load timer
- End of write detection:
 - Toggle bit
 - DATA polling
- 100,000 program/erase cycles
- 100 year data retention

DESCRIPTION

The CAT28C64B is a fast, low power, 5V-only CMOS Parallel EEPROM organized as 8K x 8-bits. It requires a simple interface for in-system programming. On-chip address and data latches, self-timed write cycle with auto-clear and $V_{\rm CC}$ power up/down write protection eliminate additional timing and protection hardware. $\overline{\rm DATA}$ Polling and Toggle status bits signal the start and end of the self-timed write cycle. Additionally, the CAT28C64B features hardware and software write protection.

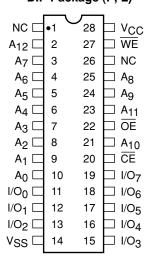
The CAT28C64B is manufactured using Catalyst's advanced CMOS floating gate technology. It is designed to endure 100,000 program/erase cycles and has a data retention of 100 years. The device is available in JEDEC-approved 28-pin DIP, TSOP, SOIC, or, 32-pin PLCC package.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

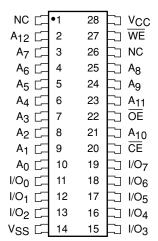


PIN CONFIGURATION

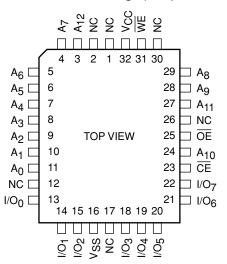
DIP Package (P, L)



SOIC Package (J, W) (K, X)



PLCC Package (N, G)



TSOP Package (8mm x 13.4mm) (T13, H13)



PIN FUNCTIONS

Pin Name	Function	Pin Name	Function
A ₀ -A ₁₂	Address Inputs	WE	Write Enable
I/O ₀ –I/O ₇	Data Inputs/Outputs	V _{CC}	5 V Supply
CE	Chip Enable	V _{SS}	Ground
ŌĒ	Output Enable	NC	No Connect

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Temperature Under Bias55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C
Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to Ground ⁽²⁾ $-2.0V$ to $+V_{CC} + 2.0V$
V _{CC} with Respect to Ground –2.0V to +7.0V Package Power Dissipation Capability (Ta = 25°C)
Lead Soldering Temperature (10 secs) 300°C
Output Short Circuit Current(3) 100 mA

*COMMENT

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside of those listed in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to any absolute maximum rating for extended periods may affect device performance and reliability.

RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Method
N _{END} ⁽¹⁾	Endurance	10 ⁵		Cycles/Byte	MIL-STD-883, Test Method 1033
T _{DR} ⁽¹⁾	Data Retention	100		Years	MIL-STD-883, Test Method 1008
Vzap ⁽¹⁾	ESD Susceptibility	2000		Volts	MIL-STD-883, Test Method 3015
I _{LTH} ⁽¹⁾⁽⁴⁾	Latch-Up	100		mA	JEDEC Standard 17

MODE SELECTION

Mode	CE	WE	ŌE	I/O	Power
Read	L	Н	L	D _{оит}	ACTIVE
Byte Write (WE Controlled)	L	\	Н	D _{IN}	ACTIVE
Byte Write (CE Controlled)		L	Н	D _{IN}	ACTIVE
Standby, and Write Inhibit	Н	X	X	High-Z	STANDBY
Read and Write Inhibit	Х	Н	Н	High-Z	ACTIVE

CAPACITANCE $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, f = 1.0 MHz, $V_{CC} = 5V$

Symbol	Test	Max.	Units	Conditions	
C _{I/O} ⁽¹⁾	Input/Output Capacitance	10	pF	$V_{I/O} = 0V$	
C _{IN} ⁽¹⁾	Input Capacitance	6	pF	$V_{IN} = 0V$	

Note:

- (1) This parameter is tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter.
- (2) The minimum DC input voltage is -0.5V. During transitions, inputs may undershoot to -2.0V for periods of less than 20 ns. Maximum DC voltage on output pins is V_{CC} +0.5V, which may overshoot to V_{CC} +2.0V for periods of less than 20 ns.

3

- (3) Output shorted for no more than one second. No more than one output shorted at a time.
- (4) Latch-up protection is provided for stresses up to 100mA on address and data pins from –1V to V_{CC} +1V.

D.C. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{CC} = 5V $\pm 10\%,$ unless otherwise specified.

			Limits					
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Min. Typ. Max.		Units	Test Conditions		
lcc	V _{CC} Current (Operating, TTL)			30	mA	CE = OE = V _{IL} , f = 1/t _{RC} min, All I/O's Open		
Iccc ⁽¹⁾	V _{CC} Current (Operating, CMOS)			25	mA	CE = OE = V _{ILC} , f = 1/t _{RC} min, All I/O's Open		
I _{SB}	V _{CC} Current (Standby, TTL)			1	mA	CE = V _{IH} , All I/O's Open		
I _{SBC} ⁽²⁾	V _{CC} Current (Standby, CMOS)			100	μΑ	CE = V _{IHC} , All I/O's Open		
lμ	Input Leakage Current	-10		10	μΑ	V _{IN} = GND to V _{CC}		
ILO	Output Leakage Current	-10		10	μΑ	$V_{OUT} = GND \text{ to } V_{CC},$ $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$		
V _{IH} ⁽²⁾	High Level Input Voltage	2		V _{CC} +0.3	V			
V _{IL} ⁽¹⁾	Low Level Input Voltage	-0.3		0.8	V			
Vон	High Level Output Voltage	2.4			V	I _{OH} = -400μA		
VoL	Low Level Output Voltage			0.4	V	I _{OL} = 2.1mA		
Vwi	Write Inhibit Voltage	3.5			V			

Note:

⁽¹⁾ $V_{ILC} = -0.3V$ to +0.3V. (2) $V_{IHC} = V_{CC} -0.3V$ to $V_{CC} +0.3V$.

A.C. CHARACTERISTICS, Read Cycle

 V_{CC} = 5V ±10%, unless otherwise specified.

		28C64B-90		28C64B-12		28C64B-15		
Symbol Pa	Symbol Parameter		Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	90		120		150		ns
t _{CE}	CE Access Time		90		120		150	ns
taa	Address Access Time		90		120		150	ns
toE	OE Access Time		50		60		70	ns
t _{LZ} (1)	CE Low to Active Output	0		0		0		ns
t _{OLZ} (1)	OE Low to Active Output	0		0		0		ns
t _{HZ} (1)(2)	CE High to High-Z Output		50		50		50	ns
t _{OHZ} (1)(2)	OE High to High-Z Output		50		50		50	ns
t _{OH} ⁽¹⁾	Output Hold from Address Change	0		0		0		ns

Figure 1. A.C. Testing Input/Output Waveform(3)

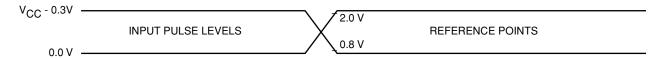
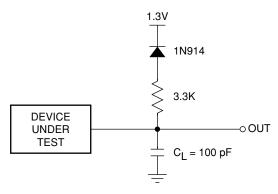


Figure 2. A.C. Testing Load Circuit (example)



CI INCLUDES JIG CAPACITANCE

Note:

- (1) This parameter is tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter.
- (2) Output floating (High-Z) is defined as the state when the external data line is no longer driven by the output buffer.
- (3) Input rise and fall times (10% and 90%) < 10 ns.

A.C. CHARACTERISTICS, Write Cycle

 V_{CC} = 5V ±10%, unless otherwise specified.

		28C64B-90		28C64B-12		28C64B-15		
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
twc	Write Cycle Time		5		5		5	ms
t _{AS}	Address Setup Time	0		0		0		ns
t _{AH}	Address Hold Time	100		100		100		ns
t _{CS}	CE Setup Time	0		0		0		ns
t _{CH}	CE Hold Time	0		0		0		ns
t _{CW} ⁽²⁾	CE Pulse Time	110		110		110		ns
toes	OE Setup Time	0		0		0		ns
toeh	OE Hold Time	0		0		0		ns
t _{WP} ⁽²⁾	WE Pulse Width	110		110		110		ns
t _{DS}	Data Setup Time	60		60		60		ns
t _{DH}	Data Hold Time	0		0		0		ns
t _{INIT} (1)	Write Inhibit Period After Power-up	5	10	5	10	5	10	ms
t _{BLC} ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾	Byte Load Cycle Time	.05	100	.05	100	.05	100	μs

Note:

- This parameter is tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter. A write pulse of less than 20ns duration will not initiate a write cycle.
- A timer of duration t_{BLC} max. begins with every LOW to HIGH transition of \overline{WE} . If allowed to time out, a page or byte write will begin; however a transition from HIGH to LOW within $t_{\mbox{\scriptsize BLC}}$ max. stops the timer.

DEVICE OPERATION

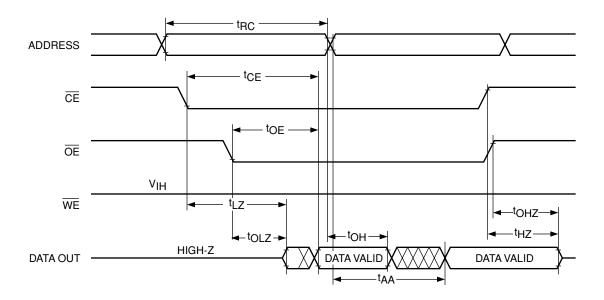
Read

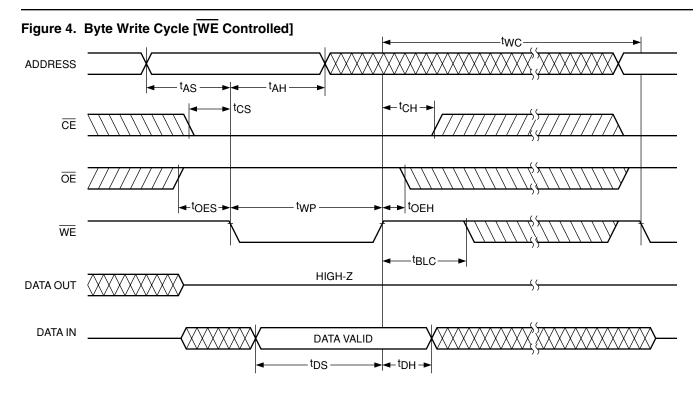
Data stored in the CAT28C64B is transferred to the data bus when WE is held high, and both OE and CE are held low. The data bus is set to a high impedance state when either CE or OE goes high. This 2-line control architecture can be used to eliminate bus contention in a system environment.

Byte Write

A write cycle is executed when both \overline{CE} and \overline{WE} are low, and \overline{OE} is high. Write cycles can be initiated using either \overline{WE} or \overline{CE} , with the address input being latched on the falling edge of \overline{WE} or \overline{CE} , whichever occurs last. Data, conversely, is latched on the rising edge of \overline{WE} or \overline{CE} , whichever occurs first. Once initiated, a byte write cycle automatically erases the addressed byte and the new data is written within 5 ms.

Figure 3. Read Cycle





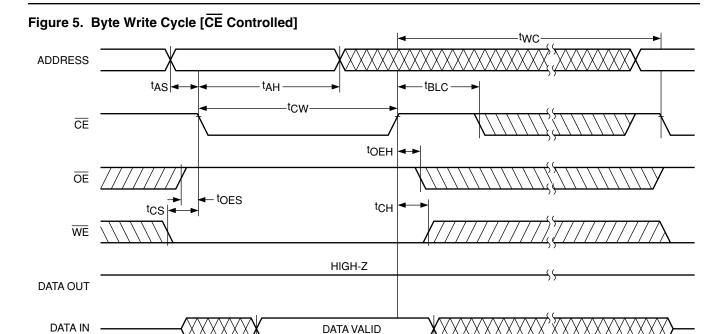
Page Write

The page write mode of the CAT28C64B (essentially an extended BYTE WRITE mode) allows from 1 to 32 bytes of data to be programmed within a single EEPROM write cycle. This effectively reduces the byte-write time by a factor of 32.

Following an initial WRITE operation ($\overline{\text{WE}}$ pulsed low, for t_{WP} , and then high) the page write mode can begin by issuing sequential $\overline{\text{WE}}$ pulses, which load the address and data bytes into a 32 byte temporary buffer. The page address where data is to be written, specified by bits A_5 to A_{12} , is latched on the last falling edge of $\overline{\text{WE}}$. Each byte within the page is defined by address bits A_0 to A_4

(which can be loaded in any order) during the first and subsequent write cycles. Each successive byte load cycle must begin within t_{BLC MAX} of the rising edge of the preceding WE pulse. There is no page write window limitation as long as WE is pulsed low within t_{BLC MAX}.

Upon completion of the page write sequence, $\overline{\text{WE}}$ must stay high a minimum of $t_{BLC\ MAX}$ for the internal automatic program cycle to commence. This programming cycle consists of an erase cycle, which erases any data that existed in each addressed cell, and a write cycle, which writes new data back into the cell. A page write will only write data to the locations that were addressed and will not rewrite the entire page.



tDS

^tDH

Doc. No. 1011, Rev. F

Figure 6. Page Mode Write Cycle

DATA Polling

DATA polling is provided to indicate the completion of write cycle. Once a byte write or page write cycle is initiated, attempting to read the last byte written will output the complement of that data on I/O₇ (I/O₀–I/O₆ are indeterminate) until the programming cycle is complete. Upon completion of the self-timed write cycle, all I/O's will output true data during a read cycle.

Toggle Bit

In addition to the $\overline{\text{DATA}}$ Polling feature, the device offers an additional method for determining the completion of a write cycle. While a write cycle is in progress, reading data from the device will result in I/O₆ toggling between one and zero. However, once the write is complete, I/O₆ stops toggling and valid data can be read from the device.

Figure 7. DATA Polling

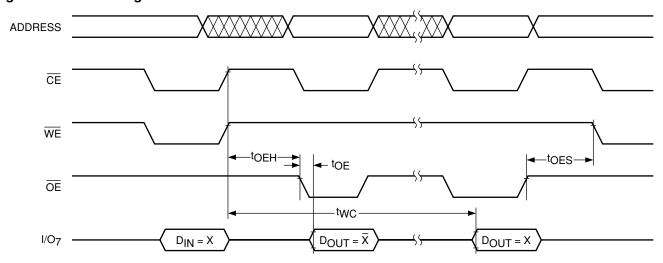
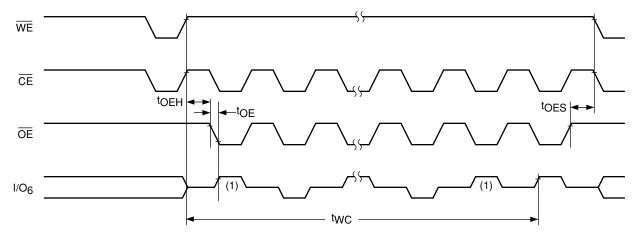


Figure 8. Toggle Bit



9

Note:

(1) Beginning and ending state of I/O_6 is indeterminate.

HARDWARE DATA PROTECTION

The following is a list of hardware data protection features that are incorporated into the CAT28C64B.

- (1) V_{CC} sense provides for write protection when V_{CC} falls below 3.5V min.
- (2) A power on delay mechanism, t_{INIT} (see AC characteristics), provides a 5 to 10 ms delay before a write sequence, after V_{CC} has reached 3.5V min.
- (3) Write inhibit is activated by holding any one of $\overline{\text{OE}}$ low, $\overline{\text{CE}}$ high or $\overline{\text{WE}}$ high.

(4) Noise pulses of less than 20 ns on the WE or CE inputs will not result in a write cycle.

SOFTWARE DATA PROTECTION

The CAT28C64B features a software controlled data protection scheme which, once enabled, requires a data algorithm to be issued to the device before a write can be performed. The device is shipped from Catalyst with the software protection NOT ENABLED (the CAT28C64B is in the standard operating mode).

Figure 9. Write Sequence for Activating Software Data Protection

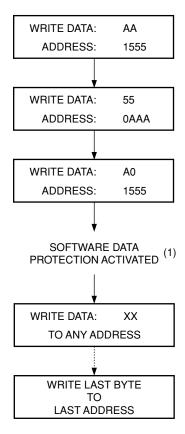
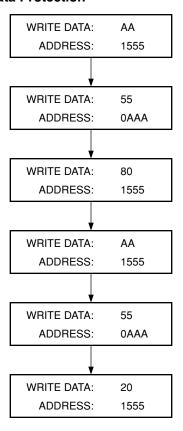


Figure 10. Write Sequence for Deactivating Software Data Protection



Note:

(1) Write protection is activated at this point whether or not any more writes are completed. Writing to addresses must occur within t_{BLC} Max., after SDP activation.

To activate the software data protection, the device must be sent three write commands to specific addresses with specific data (Figure 9). This sequence of commands (along with subsequent writes) must adhere to the page write timing specifications (Figure 11). Once this is done, all subsequent byte or page writes to the device must be preceded by this same set of write commands. The data protection mechanism is activated until a deactivate sequence is issued regardless of power on/off transitions. This gives the user added inadvertent write protection on power-up in addition to the hardware protection provided.

To allow the user the ability to program the device with an EEPROM programmer (or for testing purposes) there is a software command sequence for deactivating the data protection. The six step algorithm (Figure 10) will reset the internal protection circuitry, and the device will return to standard operating mode (Figure 12 provides reset timing). After the sixth byte of this reset sequence has been issued, standard byte or page writing can commence.

Figure 11. Software Data Protection Timing

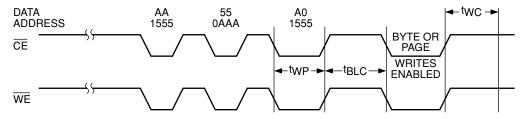
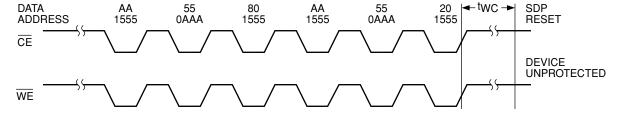
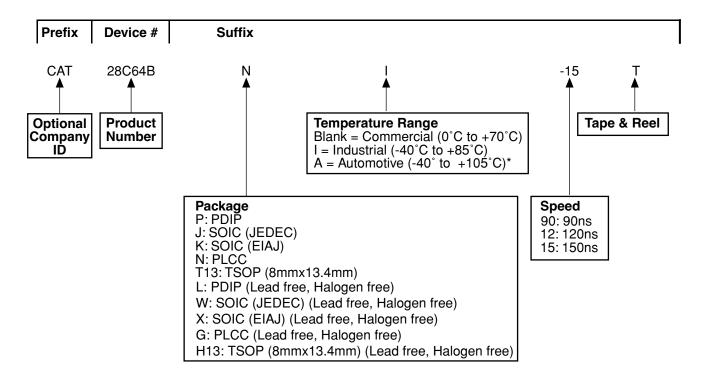


Figure 12. Resetting Software Data Protection Timing



Speed 90: 90ns 12: 120ns 15: 150ns

ORDERING INFORMATION



^{* -40°}C to +125°C is available upon request

Notes:

(1) The device used in the above example is a CAT28C64BNI-15T (PLCC, Industrial temperature, 150 ns Access Time, Tape & Reel).

REVISION HISTORY

Date	Revision	Comments
3/29/2004	В	Added Green packages in all areas.
04/19/04	С	Delete data sheet designation Update Block Diagram Update Ordering Information Update Revision History Update Rev Number
11/16/04	D	Add 90: 90ns speed to Ordering Information
02/28/05	E	Edit Ordering Information
03/18/05	F	Edit Description

Copyrights, Trademarks and Patents

Trademarks and registered trademarks of Catalyst Semiconductor include each of the following:

DPP TM ΔF2 TM

Catalyst Semiconductor has been issued U.S. and foreign patents and has patent applications pending that protect its products. For a complete list of patents issued to Catalyst Semiconductor contact the Company's corporate office at 408.542.1000.

CATALYST SEMICONDUCTOR MAKES NO WARRANTY, REPRESENTATION OR GUARANTEE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING THE SUITABILITY OF ITS PRODUCTS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR THAT THE USE OF ITS PRODUCTS WILL NOT INFRINGE ITS INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS OR THE RIGHTS OF THIRD PARTIES WITH RESPECT TO ANY PARTICULAR USE OR APPLICATION AND SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF ANY SUCH USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES.

Catalyst Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the Catalyst Semiconductor product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur.

Catalyst Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes to or discontinue any product or service described herein without notice. Products with data sheets labeled "Advance Information" or "Preliminary" and other products described herein may not be in production or offered for sale.

Catalyst Semiconductor advises customers to obtain the current version of the relevant product information before placing orders. Circuit diagrams illustrate typical semiconductor applications and may not be complete.



Catalyst Semiconductor, Inc. Corporate Headquarters 1250 Borregas Avenue Sunnyvale, CA 94089 Phone: 408.542.1000

Fax: 408.542.1200

www.catalyst-semiconductor.com

Publication #: 1011 Revison: F

Issue date: 03/18/05

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for EEPROM category:

Click to view products by CATALYST SEMICONDUCTOR INC manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

M29F040-70K6 718278CB 718620G AT28C256-15PU-ND 444358RB 444362FB BR93C46-WMN7TP 442652G 701986CB

TC58NVG0S3HBAI4 5962-8751413XA TC58BVG0S3HBAI4 TH58NYG3S0HBAI6 CAT25320YIGT-KK CAT25320DWF LE24C162-RE 5962-8751417YA 5962-8751409YA CAT25M01LI-G DS28E11P+ BR9016AF-WE2 LE2464DXATBG CAS93C66VP2I-GT3

DS28E25+T DS28EL15Q+T M95320-DFDW6TP DS28E05GB+T AT25320B-SSPDGV-T HE24C64WLCSPD BL24SA128B-CSRC

24FC16T-I/OT 24FC08T-I/OT M24128-BFMN6TP S-24CS04AFM-TFH-U M24C04-FMC5TG M24C16-DRMN3TPK M24C64-DFMN6TP

34AA02-EMS M95080-RMC6TG M95128-DFCS6TP/K M95128-DFDW6TP M95256-DFMN6TP M95320-RDW6TP M95640-RDW6TP

AT17LV010-10CU AT24C01C-SSHM-B AT24C01D-MAHM-T AT24C04D-MAHM-T AT24C04D-SSHM-T AT24C08C-SSHM-B