



# THC63LVD103D

#### 160MHz 30bit COLOR LVDS TRANSMITTER

## **General Description**

The THC63LVD103D transmitter is designed to support pixel data transmission between Host and Flat Panel Display from NTSC up to 1080p(60Hz).

The THC63LVD103D converts 35bits of CMOS/TTL data into four LVDS data streams. The transmitter can be programmed for rising edge or falling edge clock through a dedicated pin. At a transmit clock frequency of 160MHz, 30bits of RGB data and 5bits of timing and control data (HSYNC, VSYNC, DE, CONT1) are transmitted at an effective rate of 1120Mbps per LVDS channel.

#### **Application**

- · Medium and Small Size Panel
- ·Tablet PC / Notebook PC
- · Security Camera / Industrial Camera
- · Multi Function Printer
- · Industrial Equipment
- · Medical Equipment Monitor

#### **Features**

- ·Compatible with TIA/EIA-644 LVDS Standard
- •7:1 LVDS Transmitter
- •Operating Temperature Range: 0 to +70°C
- ·No Special Start-up Sequence Required
- Spread Spectrum Clocking Tolerant up to 100kHz Frequency Modulation and +/-2.5% Deviations.
- Wide Dot Clock Range: 8 to 160MHz Suited for TV Signal: NTSC(12.27MHz) - 1080p(148.5MHz) PC Signal: QVGA(8MHz) - WUXGA(154MHz)
- · 64pin TQFP Package
- ·1.2V to 3.3V LVCMOS/inputs are supported.
- •LVDS swing is reducible as 200mV by RS-pin to reduce EMI and power consumption.
- •PLL requires no external components.
- · Power Down Mode.
- •Input clock triggering edge is selectable by R/F-pin
- •EU RoHS Compliant.

#### **Block Diagram**

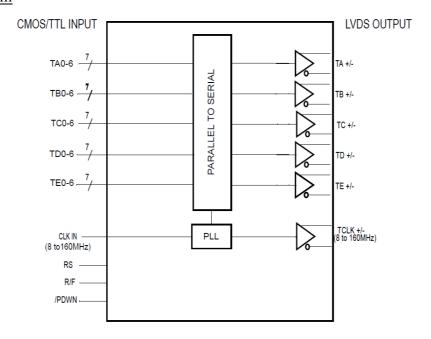


Figure 1. Block Diagram





### Pin Diagram

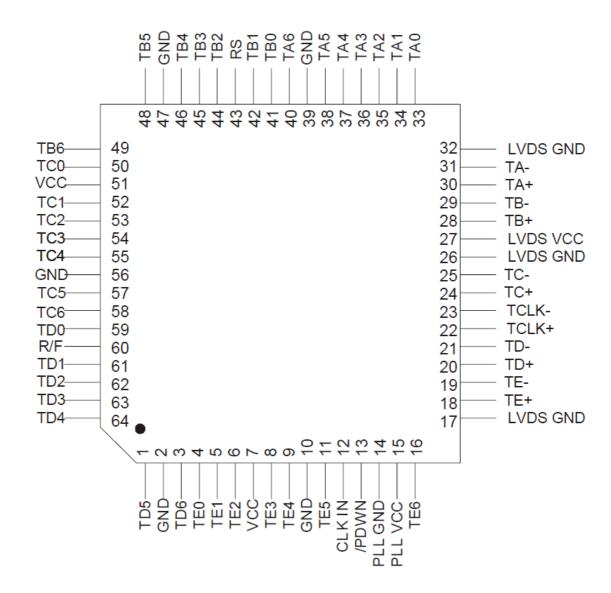


Figure 2. Pin Diagram





# Pin Description

Pin Name	Pin #	Direction	Type	Description
TA+, TA-	30, 31			
TB+, TB-	28, 29			
TC+, TC-	24, 25			LVDS Data Out
TD+, TD-	20, 21	Output	LVDS	
TE+, TE-	18, 19			
TCLK+,	22, 23			LVDS Clock Out
TCLK-				LVDS Clock Out
$TA0 \sim TA6$	33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 40			
$TB0 \sim TB6$	41, 42, 44, 45, 46, 48, 49			
TC0 ~ TC6	50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 57, 58			Pixel Data Input
$TD0 \sim TD6$	59, 61, 62, 63, 64, 1, 3			
TE0 ~ TE6	4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 16			
/PDWN	13			H : Normal Operation
				L : Power Down (All outputs are Hi-Z)
RS	43			LVDS Swing Mode, VREF Select See Fig.8, 9
		Ŧ.,	LVCMOS	RS LVDS Small Swing
		Input	/TTL	Swing Input Support
				VCC 350mV N/A
				0.6 ~ 1.4V 350mV RS=VREF
				GND 200mV N/A
				VREF: is Input Reference Voltage
R/F	60			Input Clock Triggering Edge Select
				H: Rising Edge
				L : Falling Edge
CLKIN	12			Input Clock
VCC	51, 7			Power Supply Pins for LVCMOS/TLL Inputs
	·			and Digital Circuitry.
GND	2, 10, 39, 47, 56			Ground Pins for LVCMOS/TTL Inputs and
		Power		Digital Circuitry.
LVDS VCC	27	rowei	_	Power Supply Pins for LVDS Outputs.
LVDS GND	17, 26, 32			Ground Pins for LVDS Outputs.
PLL VCC	15			Power Supply Pin for PLL Circuitry.
PLL GND	14			Ground Supply Pin for PLL Circuitry.

**Table 1. Pin Description** 





### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage (VCC)	-0.3	+4.0	V
LVCMOS/TTL Input Voltage	-0.3	VCC + 0.3	V
LVCMOS/TTL Output Voltage	-0.3	VCC + 0.3	V
LVDS Output Pin	-0.3	VCC + 0.3	V
Output Current			mA
Junction Temperature	-	+125	°C
Storage Temperature	-55	+150	°C
Reflow Peak Temperature	-	+260	°C
Reflow Peak Temperature Time	-	10	sec
Maximum Power Dissipation @+25°C	-	1.8	W

**Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
-	All Supply Voltage	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Ta	Operating Ambient Temperature	0	25	+70	°C
-	Clock Frequency	8	-	160	MHz

**Table 3. Recommended Operating Conditions** 

### Equivalent LVDS Output Schematic Diagram

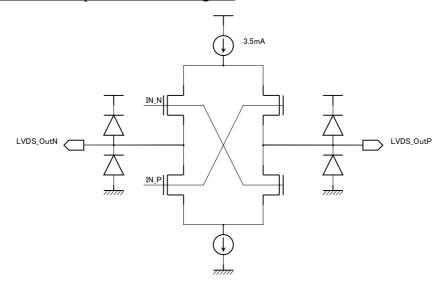


Figure 3. LVDS Output Schematic Diagram

<sup>&</sup>quot;Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device can not be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the device should be operated at these limits. The tables of "Electrical Characteristics Table 4, 5, 6, 7" specify conditions for device operation.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Absolute Maximum Rating" value also includes behavior of overshooting and undershooting.





# Power Consumption

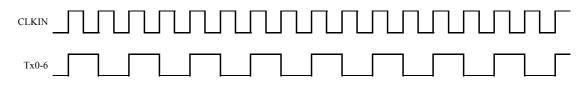
Over recommended operating supply and temperature range unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typ*	Max	Unit
	LVDS Transmitter	RL=100Ω, CL=5pF, f=85MHz, RS=VCC	69	75	mA
	Operating Current Worst Case Pattern	RL=100Ω, CL=5pF, f=135MHz, RS=VCC	87	93	mA
I <sub>TCCW</sub>	(Fig.5)	RL=100Ω, CL=5pF, f=160MHz, RS=VCC	97	104	mA
	LVDS Transmitter	RL=100Ω, CL=5pF, f=85MHz, RS=GND	55	61	mA
	Operating Current Worst Case Pattern	RL=100Ω, CL=5pF, f=160MHz, RS=GND	73	79	mA
	(Fig.5)	RL=100Ω, CL=5pF, f=160MHz, RS=GND	83	89	mA
I <sub>TCCS</sub>	LVDS Transmitter Power Down Current	/PDWN=L, All Inputs=L or H	-	10	μΑ

<sup>\*</sup>Typ values are at the conditions of VCC=3.3V and Ta =  $+25^{\circ}$ C

**Table 4. Power Consumption** 

#### Worst Case Pattern



x=A,B,C,D

Figure 4. Worst Case Pattern





# **Electrical Characteristics**

# LVCMOS/TTL DC Specifications

Over recommended operating supply and temperature range unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ*	Max	Unit
$ m V_{IH}$	High Level Input Voltage	RS=VCC or GND	2.0	-	VCC	V
$ m V_{IL}$	Low Level Input Voltage	RS=VCC or GND	GND	-	0.8	V
$V_{\rm DDQ}^{-1}$	Small Swing Voltage		1.2	-	2.8	V
$V_{ m REF}$	Input Reference Voltage	Small Swing (RS=V <sub>DDQ</sub> /2)	-	$V_{\rm DDQ}/2$	-	
$V_{\mathrm{SH}}^{2}$	Small Swing High Level Input Voltage	$V_{REF} = V_{DDQ}/2$	$V_{DDQ}/2 + 100 \text{mV}$	-	-	V
$V_{\rm SL}^2$	Small Swing Low Level Input Voltage	$V_{REF} = V_{DDQ}/2$	-	-	$V_{\rm DDQ}/2$ $-100 {\rm mV}$	V
I <sub>INC</sub>	Input Current	$GND \le V_{IN} \le VCC$	-	-	±10	μΑ

<sup>\*</sup>Typ values are at the conditions of VCC=3.3V and Ta = +25°C

Notes:  $^{1}V_{DDQ}$  voltage defines the max voltage of small swing inputs at RS=VREF. It is not an actual input voltage.

## Table 5. LV-CMOS/TTL DC Specifications

# **LVDS Transmitter DC Specifications**

Over recommended operating supply and temperature range unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter		nditions	Min	Typ*	Max	Unit
VOD	Differential Output Voltage	DI -100 <b>0</b>	Normal swing RS=VCC	250	350	450	mV
VOD	Differential Output voltage	RL=100Ω	Reduced swing RS=GND	100	200	300	mV
ΔVOD	Change in VOD between complementary output states	RL=100Ω		-	-	35	mV
VOC	Common Mode Voltage			1.125	1.25	1.375	V
ΔVOC	Change in VOC between complementary output states			-	-	35	mV
$I_{OS}$	Output Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT}$ =GND, RL=100 $\Omega$		-	-	-24	mA
$I_{OZ}$	Output TRI-STATE Current	/PDWN=GND, V <sub>OUT</sub> =GND to VCC		-	-	±10	μΑ

<sup>\*</sup>Typ values are at the conditions of VCC=3.3V and Ta =  $+25^{\circ}C$ 

**Table 6. LVDS Transmitter DC Specifications** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Small swing signals are applied to TA0-6, TB0-6, TC0-6, TD0-6 and CLKIN.





# LVCMOS/TTL & LVDS Transmitter AC Specifications

Over recommended operating supply and temperature range unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$t_{TCIT}$	CLK IN Transition Time	-	-	5.0	ns
$t_{TCP}$	CLK IN Period	6.25	T	125	ns
$t_{TCH}$	CLK IN High Time	0.35T	0.5T	0.65T	ns
$t_{TCL}$	CLK IN Low Time	0.35T	0.5T	0.65T	ns
$t_{TCD}$	CLK IN to TCLK+/- Delay	-	3T	-	ns
$t_{TS}$	LVCMOS/TTL Data Setup to CLK IN	2.0	ı	-	ns
$t_{\mathrm{TH}}$	LVCMOS/TTL Data Hold from CLK IN	0.0	ı	-	ns
$t_{ m LVT}$	LVDS Transition Time	-	0.6	1.5	ns
$t_{TOP1}$	Output Data Position0 (T=6.25ns ~ 20ns)	-0.15	0.0	+0.15	ns
$t_{Top0}$	Output Data Position1 (T=6.25ns ~ 20ns)	T/7-0.15	T/7	T/7+0.15	ns
$t_{Top6}$	Output Data Position2 (T=6.25ns ~ 20ns)	2T/7-0.15	2T/7	2T/7+0.15	ns
$t_{Top5}$	Output Data Position3 (T=6.25ns ~ 20ns)	3T/7-0.15	3T/7	3T/7+0.15	ns
$t_{Top4}$	Output Data Position4 (T=6.25ns ~ 20ns)	4T/7-0.15	4T/7	4T/7+0.15	ns
$t_{Top3}$	Output Data Position5 (T=6.25ns ~ 20ns)	5T/7-0.15	5T/7	5T/7+0.15	ns
$t_{Top2}$	Output Data Position6 (T=6.25ns ~ 20ns)	6T/7-0.15	6T/7	6T/7+0.15	ns
$t_{TPLL}$	Phase Lock Loop Set	-	-	10.0	ms

<sup>\*</sup>Typ values are at the conditions of VCC=3.3V and Ta =  $+25^{\circ}C$ 

Table 7. LVCMOS/TTL & LVDS Transmitter AC Specifications



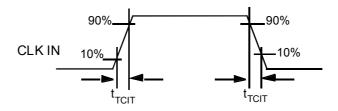


Figure 5. CLKIN Transmission Time

# LVDS Output

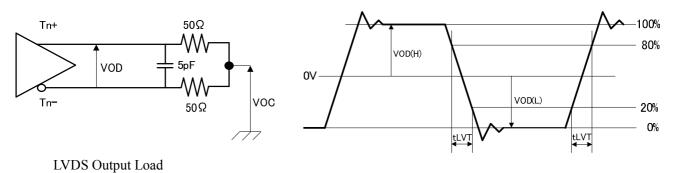


Figure 6. LVDS Output Load and Transmission Time

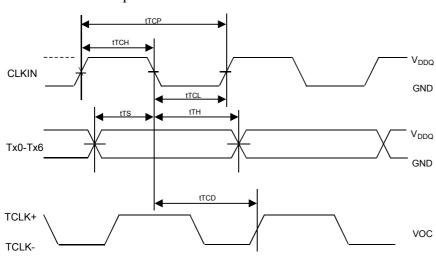
7





# **AC Timing Diagrams**

### LVCMOS/TTL Inputs



 RS
 VOD

 VCC
 350mV

 0.6 ~ 1.4V
 200mV

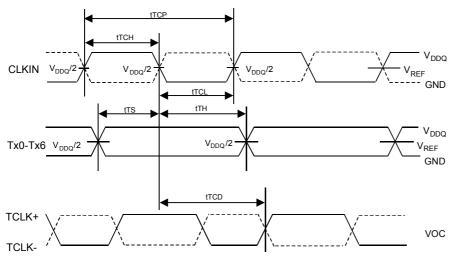
Note:

CLKIN : Solis line denotes the setting of R/F=GND

Dashed line denotes the setting of R/F = VCC

Figure 7. LVCOMS/TTL Inputs and LVDS Clock Output Timing 1

# **Small Swing Inputs**



RS	VREF
VCC	
$0.6 \sim 1.4 V$	$V_{DDQ}/2$
GND	

Note:

CLKIN : Solid line denotes the setting of R/F=GND

Dashed line denotes the setting of R/F = VCC

Figure 8. LVCMOS/TTL Inputs and LVDS Output Timing 2





# LVDS Output Data Position

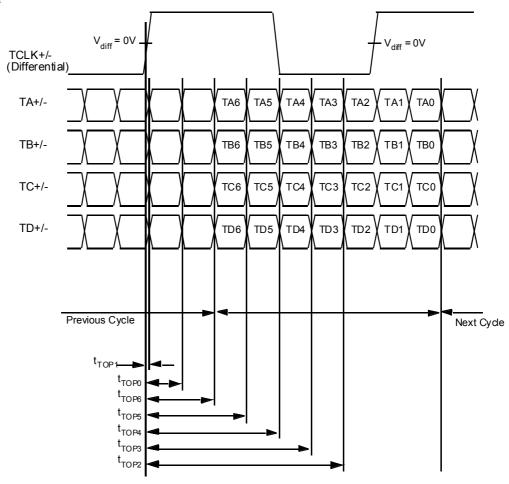


Figure 9. LVDS Output Data Position

# Phase Lock Loop Set Time

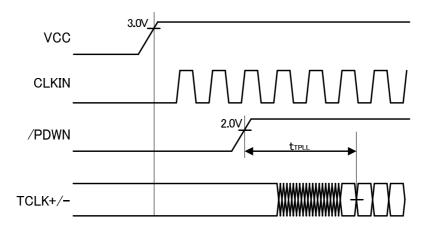


Figure 10. PLL Lock Loop Set Time





# Spread Spectrum Clocking Tolerant

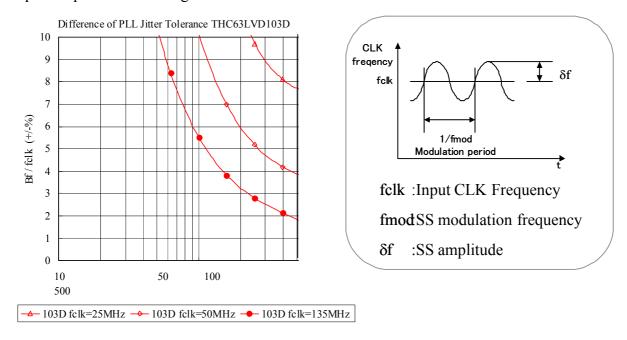


Figure 11. Spread Spectrum Clocking Tolerant

The graph indicates the range that the IC works normally under SS clock input operation. The results are measured with a typical sample on condition of +25C° and 3.3V, therefore these values are for reference and do not guarantee the performance of a product under other circumstance.





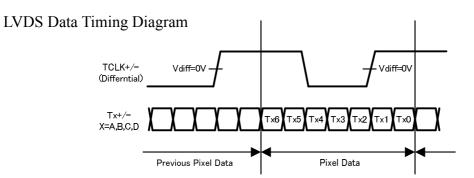


Figure 12. LVDS Data Timing Diagram

THC63LVD103D Pixel Data Mapping for JEIDA Format (6bit, 8bit and 10bit Application)

	6bit	8bit	10bit
TA0	R4	R4	R4
TA1	R5	R5	R5
TA2	R6	R6	R6
TA3	R7	R7	R7
TA4	R8	R8	R8
TA5	R9	R9	R9
TA6	G4	G4	G4
TB0	G5	G5	G5
TB1	G6	G6	G6
TB2	G7	G7	G7
TB3	G8	G8	G8
TB4	G9	G9	G9
TB5	B4	B4	B4
TB6	B5	B5	B5
TC0	В6	В6	В6
TC1	В7	В7	В7
TC2	B8	В8	В8
TC3	В9	В9	B9
TC4	Hsync	Hsync	Hsync
TC5	Vsync	Vsync	Vsync
TC6	DE	DE	DE
TD0	-	R2	R2
TD1	-	R3	R3
TD2	-	G2	G2
TD3	-	G3	G3
TD4	-	B2	B2
TD5			
	-	В3	В3
TD6	-	B3 N/A	B3 N/A
TD6	-	N/A	N/A
TD6 TE0	-	N/A -	N/A R0
TD6 TE0 TE1		N/A - -	N/A R0 R1
TD6 TE0 TE1 TE2	- - -	N/A	N/A R0 R1 G0
TD6 TE0 TE1 TE2 TE3	- - - -	N/A	N/A R0 R1 G0

Note: Use TA to TC channels and open TD channel for 6bit application. Use TA to TD channels and open TE channel for 8bit application.

**Table 8. Data Mapping for JEIDA Format** 





THC63LVD103D Pixel Data Mapping for VESA Format (6bit, 8bit and 10bit Application)

	6bit	8bit	10bit
TA0	R0	R0	R0
TA1	R1	R1	R1
TA2	R2	R2	R2
TA3	R3	R3	R3
TA4	R4	R4	R4
TA5	R5	R5	R5
TA6	G0	G0	G0
TB0	G1	G1	G1
TB1	G2	G2	G2
TB2	G3	G3	G3
TB3	G4	G4	G4
TB4	G5	G5	G5
TB5	В0	В0	В0
TB6	B1	B1	B1
TC0	B2	B2	B2
TC1	В3	В3	В3
TC2	B4	B4	B4
TC3	B5	B5	B5
TC4	Hsync	Hsync	Hsync
TC5	Vsync	Vsync	Vsync
TC6	DE	DE	DE
TD0	-	R6	R6
TD1	-	R7	R7
TD2	-	G6	G6
TD3	-	G7	G7
TD4	-	В6	В6
TD5	-	В7	B7
TD6	-	N/A	N/A
TE0	-	-	R8
TE1	-	-	R9
TE2	-	-	G8
TE3	-	-	G9
TE4	-	-	В8
TE5	-	-	В9
TE6	-	-	N/A

Note: Use TA to TC channels and open TD channel for 6bit application. Use TA to TD channels and open TE channel for 8bit application.

**Table 9. Data Mapping for VESA Format** 





#### **Normal Connection with JEIDA Format**

Example

THC63LVD103D: Falling Edge / Normal Swing

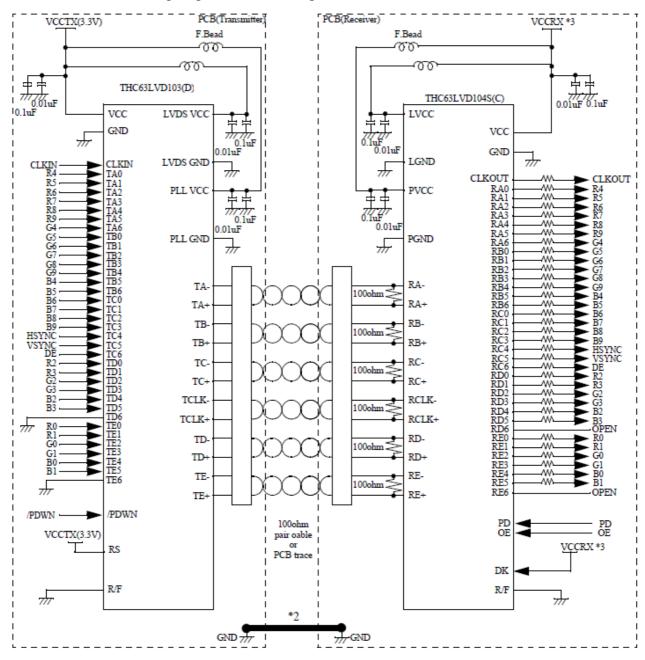
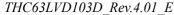


Figure 13. Typical Connection Diagram







#### Notes

## 1) Cable Connection and Disconnection

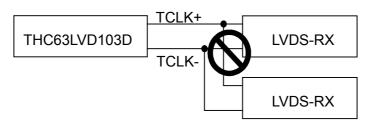
Do not connect and disconnect the LVDS cable, when the power is supplied to the system.

#### 2) GND Connection

Connect each GND of the PCB which THC63LVDM83D and LVDS-Rx on it. It is better for EMI reduction to place GND cable as close to LVDS cable as possible.

#### 3) Multi Drop Connection

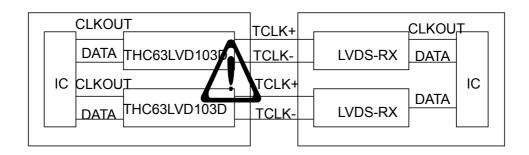
Multi drop connection is not recommended.



**Figure 14. Multi Drop Connection** 

#### 4) Asynchronous use

Asynchronous using such as following systems is not recommended.



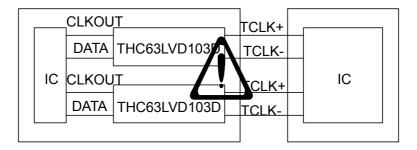


Figure 15. Asynchronous Use





# **Package**

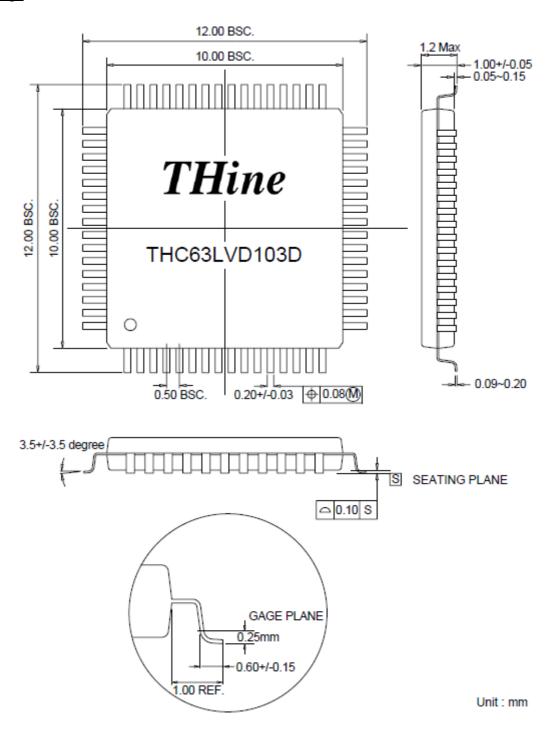


Figure 16. Package Diagram





### Reference Land Pattern

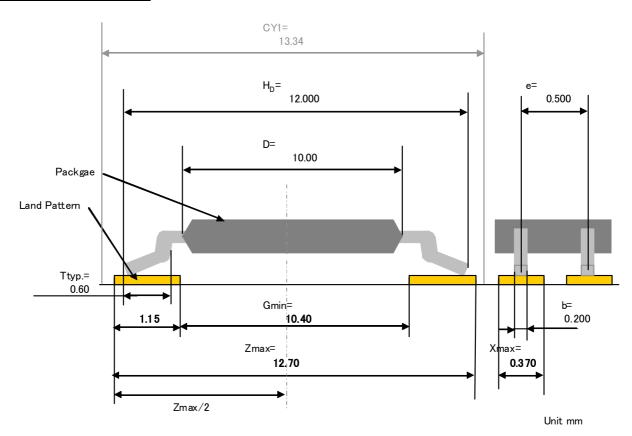


Figure 17. Reference of Land Pattern

The recommendation mounting method of THine device is reflow soldering. The reference pattern is using the calculation result on condition of reflow soldering.

#### Notes

This land pattern design is a calculated value based on JEITA ET-7501.

Please take into consideration in an actual substrate design about enough the ease of mounting, the intensity of connection, the density of mounting, and the solder paste used, etc... The optimal land pattern size changes with these parameters. Please use the value shown by the land pattern as reference data.





# **Notices and Requests**

- 1. The product specifications described in this material are subject to change without prior notice.
- 2. The circuit diagrams described in this material are examples of the application which may not always apply to the customer's design. We are not responsible for possible errors and omissions in this material. Please note if errors or omissions should be found in this material, we may not be able to correct them immediately.
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ADN4661BRZ ADN4663BRZ-REEL7 ADN4694EBRZ-RL7 ADN4662BRZ-REEL7 ADN4662BRZ ADN4691EBRZ ADN4694EBRZ
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