

LMV358

DESCRIPTION

The LMV358(dual) are rail- to- rail input and output voltage feedback amplifiers offering low cost. They have a wide input common -mode voltage range and output voltages wing, and take the minimum operating supply voltage down to 2.1V and the maximum recommended supply voltage is 5.5V. temperature range.

The LMV358 provide 1MHz bandwidth at a low c urrent consumption of 60μ A per amplifier. Very low input bias currents of 10p A enable LMV358 to be used for integrators, photodiode amplifiers, and piezoelectric sensors. Rail - to rail inputs and outputs are useful to designers buffering ASIC in single - supply systems. Applications for the series amplifiers include safety monitoring , portable equipment, battery and power supply control, and signal conditioning and interfacing for transducers in very low power systems. The LMV358 is available in SOP8and MSOP8 packages.

Features

- Low Cost
- Rail- to- Rail Input and Output 0.8mV Typical VOS
- Unity Gain Stable
- Gain Bandwidth Product: 1MHz
- Very Low Input Bias Currents:
- Operates on 2.1V to 5.5V Supplies
- Input Voltage Range: -0.1V to +5.6V with VS = 5.5V
- Low Supply Current: < 60µA/Amplifier
- Small Packaging: LMV358 Available in SOP8, MSOP8



Applications

- ASIC Input or Output Amplifier
- Sensor Interface
- Piezo Electric Transducer Amplifier
- Medical Instrumentation
- Mobile Communication
- Audio Output
- Portable Systems
- Smoke Detectors
- Notebook PC
- PCMCIA Cards
- Battery Powered Equipment
- DSP Interface

LMV358 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, V+ to V	.7.5V
Common-Mode Input Voltage	$(-V_S) - 0.5V$ to $(+V_S) + 0.5V$
Storage Temperature Range	–65 ℃ to +150℃
Junction Temperature	160 ℃
Operating Temperature Range	0℃ to +70℃
Lead Temperature Range (Soldering 10 sec)	260 ℃

(At RL = 100K Ω connected to Vs/2, and VOUT = Vs/2, V_S=+5V,unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	LMV358					
		TYP MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE					
		+25 °C	+25 °C	0 [°] C to 75 [°] C	UNITS	MIN/ MAX	
INPUT HARACTERISTICS							
Input Offset Voltage (VOS)		±0.8	±5	±6	mV	MAX	
Input Bias Current (IB)		10			pА	TYP	
Input Offset Current (IOS)		10			pА	TYP	
Common-Mode Voltage Range (VCM)	VS=5.5V	-0.1to+5.6			V	TYP	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	VS=5.5V, VCM=-0.1V to 4V	70	62	62	dB	MIN	
	VS= 5.5V, VCM=-0.1V to 5.6V	68	56	55	dB	MIN	
Open-Loop Voltage Gain (AOL)	RL= 5KΩ ,Vo=0.1V to 4.9V	80	70	70	dB	MIN	
	RL=100KΩ,Vo=0.035V to 4.965V	84	80	80	dB	MIN	
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	RL = 100KΩ	0.008			V	TYP	
Output Current (IOUT)	RL = 10KΩ	0.08			V	TYP	
		27	20	18.8	mA	MIN	
POWER SUPPLY							
Operating Voltage Range			2.1	2.5	V	MIN	
			5.5	5.5	V	MAX	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)	Vs =+2.5V to + 5.5V						
	VCM= (-VS) + 0.5V	82	60	58	dB	MIN	
Quiescent Current / Amplifier (IQ)	IOUT = 0	60	80	86	μA	MAX	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE							
Gain-Bandwidth Product (GBP)	CL= 100pF	1			MHz	TYP	
Slew Rate (SR)	G = +1, 2V Output Step	0.52			V/µs	TYP	
Settling Time to 0.1% (tS)	G = +1, 2V Output Step	5.3			μs	TYP	
Overload Recovery Time	VIN ∙Gain = VS	2.6			μs	TYP	
NOISE PERFORMANCE							
Voltage Noise Density (en)	f = 1kHz	27			n∖√ _{Hz}	TYP	
	f = 10kHz	20			n∖ _{√Hz}	TYP	

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

At T_A = +25 $^\circ \! \mathbb{C}$, V_S = +5V, and R_L = 100K Ω connected to Vs/2, unless otherwise noted.



LMV358 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS





APPLICATION NOTES

Driving Capacitive Loads

The LMV358 can directly drive 250pF in unity-gain without oscillation. The unity-gain follower (buffer) is the most sensitive configuration to capacitive loading. Direct capacitive loading reduces the phase margin of amplifiers and this results in ringing or even oscillation. Applications that require greater capacitive drive capability should use an isolation resistor between the output and the capacitive load like the circuit in Figure 1. Theisolation resistor RISO and the load capacitor CL form a zero to increase stability. The bigger the Riso resistor value, the more stable VOUT will be. Note that this method results in a loss of gain accuracy because Riso forms a voltage divider with the RLOAD.





An improvement circuit is shown in Figure 2, It provides DC accuracy as well as AC stability. RF provides the DC accuracy by connecting the inverting signal with the output, CF and RIso serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving phase margin in the overall feedback loop.



Figure 2. Indirectly Driving Heavy Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy

For no-buffer configuration, there are two others ways to increase the phase margin: (a) by increasing the amplifier's gain or (b) by placing a capacitor in parallel with the feedback resistor to counteract the parasitic capacitance associated with inverting node.

Typical Application

Power-Supply Bypassing and Layout

The LMV358 family operates from either a single +2.5V to +5.5V supply or dual ±1.25V to ±2.75V supplies. For single-supply operation, bypass the power supply VDD with a 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitor which should be placed close to the VDD pin. For dual-supply operation, both the VDD and the VSS supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitors. 2.2 μ F tantalum capacitor can be added for better performance.



Figure 3. Amplifier with Bypass Capacitors

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUITS

Differential Amplifier

The circuit shown in Figure 4 performs the difference function. If the resistors ratios are equal (R4 / R3 = R2 / R1), then VOUT = $(Vp - Vn) \times R2 / R1 + VREF$.



Typical Application

Instrumentation Amplifier

The circuit in Figure 5 performs the same function as that in Figure 4 but with the high input impedance.



Figure 5. Instrumentation Amplifier

Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass filter shown in Figure 6 has a DC gain of (-R2 / R1) and the -3dB corner frequency is $1/2\pi R2C$. Make sure the filter is within the bandwidth of the amplifier. The Large values of feedback resistors can couple with parasitic capacitance and cause undesired effects such as ringing or oscillation in high-speed amplifiers. Keep resistors value as low as possible and consistent with output loading consideration.



Figure 6. Low Pass Active Filter

Unit: mm(inch)



Note: Eject hole, oriented hole and mold mark is optional.

Unit: mm(inch)



Note: Eject hole, oriented hole and mold mark is optional.

DISCLAIMER

IMPORTANT NOTICE, PLEASE READ CAREFULLY

The information in this data sheet is intended to describe the operation and characteristics of our products. JSCJ has the right to make any modification, enhancement, improvement, correction or other changes to any content in this data sheet, including but not limited to specification parameters, circuit design and application information, without prior notice.

Any person who purchases or uses JSCJ products for design shall: 1. Select products suitable for circuit application and design; 2. Design, verify and test the rationality of circuit design; 3. Procedures to ensure that the design complies with relevant laws and regulations and the requirements of such laws and regulations. JSCJ makes no warranty or representation as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained in this data sheet and assumes no responsibility for the application or use of any of the products described in this data sheet.

Without the written consent of JSCJ, this product shall not be used in occasions requiring high quality or high reliability, including but not limited to the following occasions: medical equipment, automotive electronics, military facilities and aerospace. JSCJ shall not be responsible for casualties or property losses caused by abnormal use or application of this product.

Official Website: www.jscj-elec.com

Copyright © JIANGSU CHANGJING ELECTRONICS TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Operational Amplifiers - Op Amps category:

Click to view products by Changjing Electronics Technology manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

430227FB AZV831KTR-G1 UPC451G2-A UPC824G2-A LT1678IS8 042225DB 058184EB UPC822G2-A UPC258G2-A NCS5651MNTXG NCV33202DMR2G NJM324E NTE925 5962-9080901MCA* AP4310AUMTR-AG1 HA1630D02MMEL-E HA1630S01LPEL-E SCY33178DR2G NJU77806F3-TE1 NCV5652MUTWG NCV20034DR2G LM2902EDR2G NTE778S NTE871 NTE924 NTE937 MCP6V16UT-E/OT MCP6V17T-E/MS MCP6V19T-E/ST SCY6358ADR2G LTC2065IUD#PBF NCS20282FCTTAG LM4565FVT-GE2 EL5420CRZ-T7A TSV791IYLT TSV772IQ2T TLV2772QPWR NJM2100M-TE1 NJM4556AM-TE1 MCP6487-E/SN MCP6487-E/MS AS324MTR-E1 AS358MMTR-G1 MCP6232T-EMNY MCP662-E/MF TLC081AIP TLC082AIP TLE2074ACDW TLV07IDR TLV2170IDGKT