

# EV6550D Evaluation Kit for CMX655D

UM6550/4 October 2019

## **USER MANUAL**

Provisional

# **Features**

- EV6550D
  - Demonstrates the CMX655D
  - Sockets to support Digital MEMS microphone evaluation boards
- Direct Class-D connections for full evaluation of Class-D
- On board 24.576MHz clock

- On-board supply regulators operate from a single 5 volt supply
- Host Port allows for quick setup with PE0003
- Optional pull-ups and address selection for TWI



## 1 Brief Description

The EV6550D Evaluation Kit is designed to assist in the evaluation and application development of the CMX655D. The kit is in the form of a populated PCB comprising a CMX655D IC and appropriate supporting components and circuitry.

With the class-D disabled, the board runs from a single +5V supply sourced from the PE0003 or bench power supply. The board allows for the CMX655D to be run at 3.3V or 1.8V via jumper configuration. If the class-D is enabled an additional supply is required, this is connected directly to the CMX655D. The CMX655D supply must be set to 3.3V if the class-D is enabled.

The board is fitted with a Host port connector allowing the EV6550D to be operated by connection to the Host port on a CML PE0003 Universal Interface Card, and used with the associated PC GUI software, or by direct connection between the CMX655D SPI (Serial Peripheral Interface) or TWI (Two Wire Interface) and the user's  $\mu$ C development application or emulation system.

The EV6550D is designed to interface with MEMS (Micro-ElectroMechanical System) microphone evaluation boards. These boards are shipped and fitted with the Evaluation Kits. However should they be removed during testing it is important that, when refitted, they are correctly orientated with the aperture on the microphone aligned to the right (see diagram above).

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It is recommended that you check for the latest product datasheet version from the Products page of the CML website: www.cmlmicro.com.

This is Advance Information; changes and additions may be made to this document. Parameters marked TBA or left blank will be included in later issues of this document.

## History

| Version | Changes   | Date                           |
|---------|---|--------------------------------|
| 4       | All references to EV6550A removed.  | 28 <sup>th</sup> October 2019  |
|         | Updated MEMS microphone module from STEVAL-MKI155V3 to STEVAL-MIC001V1  |                                |
| 3       | Section 7.3 – Software Description: New Figures 5 to 10 and Figure 12 (updated screen shots to show new GUI features).  | 6 <sup>th</sup> March 2019     |
|         | Section 7.3 – Software Description: Paragraph describing 'save state' and 'load state'<br>no longer greyed out as this function is now implemented in the GUI.<br>Section 7.3.5 – added text to state that stereo .wav files are now supported. |                                |
| 2       | Front page – photograph of Rev B board and diagram showing correct MEMS microphone orientation<br>New Figure 3 and Figure 4 showing revised PCB layout  | 20 <sup>th</sup> December 2018 |
| 1       | First release   | 19 <sup>th</sup> October 2018  |

# 2 Block Diagram

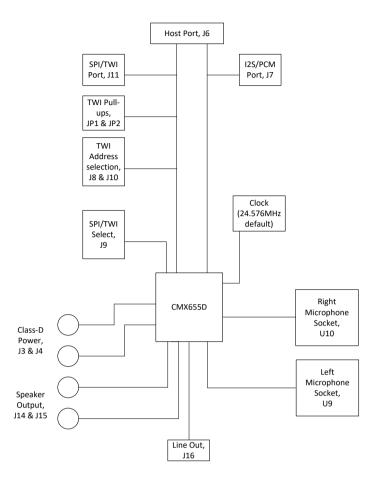


Figure 1 EV Kit Block Diagram

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# **3** Preliminary Information

## 3.1 Laboratory Equipment

The following items are required for evaluation of the EV6550D:

- MEMS microphone evaluation board (STEVAL-MIC001V1 included with this kit)
- PE0003 or other host μC with SPI/TWI and I<sup>2</sup>S/PCM ports
- $4\Omega 8\Omega$  speaker or equivalent load

## 3.1.1 Power Supply

The evaluation kit requires a single +5V rail. This can be supplied from the PE0003 or directly from a bench power supply. If the class-D is enabled an additional supply of 3.3V is required. This is connected directly to the CMX655D with no overvoltage protection. The current requirement of this supply depends on the impedance of the speaker connected to the CMX655D.

## 3.2 Handling Precautions

This product is designed for use in office and laboratory environments. The following practices will help ensure its proper operation.

#### 3.2.1 SSD Devices



This product uses low-power CMOS circuits that can be damaged by electrostatic discharge. Partially-damaged circuits can function erroneously, leading to misleading results. Observe ESD precautions at all times when handling this product.

#### 3.2.2 Contents - Unpacking

Please ensure that you have received all of the items on the separate information sheet (EK6550) and notify CML within seven working days if the delivery is incomplete.

## 3.3 Approvals

This product is not approved to any EMC or other regulatory standard. Users are advised to observe local statutory requirements, which may apply to this product and the radio frequency signals that may emanate from it.

# 4 Quick Start

This section provides instructions for users who wish to experiment immediately with this Evaluation Kit. A more complete description of the kit and its uses appears later in this document. The user should also read the appropriate datasheet before using the board.

## 4.1 Setting-Up

Refer to the PE0003 user manual and follow the instructions given in the quick start section. The basic arrangement, when used with the PE0003, is shown below:

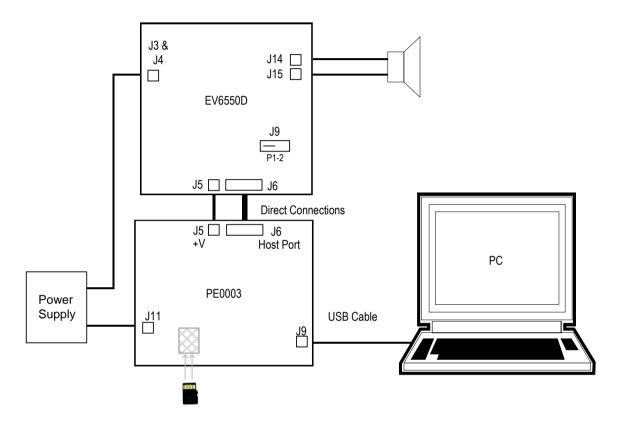


Figure 2 Typical Evaluation Connections for EV6550D

## 4.2 Operation

CMX655D device set-up, monitoring and data transfer is via the Host Port connection and can be achieved with the ES6550 GUI application.

J9 should be set to SPI mode p1->2, when using the PE0003, see Table 4.

Note: from power up, or after reset, the internal system clock of the CMX655D is disabled. A large portion of the CMX655D controls are disabled with the clock off. To enable the clock from the 'SPI Control' tab (Figure 5) the 'Clock Start' button should be clicked. This will issue a clock start command and wait for the clock ready bit. If successful, the 'Clock Ready' status indicator will go green.

# 5 Signal Lists

| CONNECTOR PINOUT  |                      |                |                |  |  |  |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Connector<br>Ref. | Connector<br>Pin No. | Signal<br>Name | Signal<br>Type | Description  |  |  |
| J1                | 1                    | 0V             | PWR            | External supply ground                                     |  |  |
| J1                | 2                    | +V             | PWR            | External supply nominally +5V                              |  |  |
| J3                | 1                    | VSS PA         | PWR            | External class-D supply ground                             |  |  |
| J4                | 1                    | PAVdd          | PWR            | External class-D supply nominally 3V3                      |  |  |
| J5                | 1,2                  | GND AD         | PWR            | Low power supply ground                                    |  |  |
| J5                | 3 to 6               | +V             | PWR            | External supply from PE0003                                |  |  |
| J6                | 1                    | IRQN           | O/P            | Interrupt request output. Connects to host microcontroller |  |  |
| J6                | 2                    | MISO           | O/P            | SPI master in data. Connects to host microcontroller       |  |  |
| J6                | 3                    | MOSI           | I/P            | SPI master out data. Connects to host microcontroller      |  |  |
| J6                | 4                    | CSN            | I/P            | SPI chip select. Connects to host microcontroller          |  |  |
| JG                | 5                    | SCLK           | I/P            | SPI Clock. Connects to host<br>microcontroller             |  |  |
| J6                | 6                    | RESETN         | I/P            | Active low reset line                                      |  |  |
| J6                | 7, 8                 | GND_AD         | PWR            | Low power ground   |  |  |
| J6                | 9 to 12              | N/C            |                |  |  |  |
| J6                | 13,14                | BCLK           | I/P or O/P     | Serial audio interface clock                               |  |  |
| J6                | 15,16                | LRCLK          | I/P or O/P     | Serial audio interface LRCLK                               |  |  |
| J6                | 17                   | SDO            | O/P            | Serial audio interface data out                            |  |  |
| J6                | 18                   | SDI            | I/P            | Serial audio interface data in                             |  |  |
| J6                | 19, 20               | GND_AD         | PWR            | Low power ground   |  |  |
| J7                | 1                    | SDI            | I/P            | Serial audio interface data in                             |  |  |
| J7                | 2                    | SDO            | O/P            | Serial audio interface data out                            |  |  |
| J7                | 3                    | LRCLK/FS       | I/P or O/P     | Serial audio interface LRCLK or frame sync                 |  |  |
| J7                | 4                    | BCLK           | I/P or O/P     | Serial audio interface clock                               |  |  |
| J7                | 5,6                  | GND_AD         | PWR            | Low power ground   |  |  |
| J11               | 1                    | SCLK/SCL       | I/P            | Control interface clock                                    |  |  |
| J11               | 2                    | CSN/A0         | I/P            | Control interface chip select or<br>address bit 0          |  |  |
| J11               | 3                    | MOSI/A1        | I/P            | Control interface master out data or address bit 1         |  |  |
| J11               | 4                    | MISO/SDA       | O/P or Bi      | Control interface master in data or<br>TWI data            |  |  |
| J11               | 5,6                  | GND_AD         | PWR            | Low power ground   |  |  |
| J14               | 1                    | AOUTP          | O/P            | Speaker +ve connection                                     |  |  |
| J15               | 1                    | AOUTN          | O/P            | Speaker -ve connection                                     |  |  |
| J16               | 1                    | LOUT           | O/P            | Line out signal  |  |  |
| J18               | 1                    | CLKEXT         | I/P            | External clock input                                       |  |  |

Table 1 Connector List

| MICDI<br>GND_AD<br>MICCLK | I/P<br>PWR  | Data from digital MEMS microphone<br>Ground for digital MEMS microphone  |
|---------------------------|---|--|
|                           |   | Ground for digital MEMS microphone   |
| MICCLK                    |   |  |
|                           | O/P   | Clock for digital MEMS microphone  |
| N/C                       |   |  |
| LR1                       | O/P   | LR pin for digital MEMS microphone<br>held at 1  |
| VDD_AD                    | PWR   | Supply for digital MEMS microphone   |
| MICDI                     | I/P   | Data from digital MEMS microphone  |
| GND_AD                    | PWR   | Ground for digital MEMS microphone   |
| MICCLK                    | O/P   | Clock for digital MEMS microphone  |
| N/C                       |   |  |
| LRO                       | O/P   | LR pin for digital MEMS microphone<br>held at 0  |
| VDD_AD                    | PWR   | Supply for digital MEMS microphone   |
|                           | N/C<br>LR1<br>VDD_AD<br>MICDI<br>GND_AD<br>MICCLK<br>N/C<br>LR0 | N/C       LR1     O/P       VDD_AD     PWR       MICDI     I/P       GND_AD     PWR       MICCLK     O/P       N/C     LR0 |

#### Table 2 Test Points

| TEST POINTS                      |      |                                    |  |  |
|----------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Test PointDefaultRef.Measurement |      | Description                        |  |  |
| TP1                              | 3.3V | Output of 3.3 V on board regulator |  |  |
| TP2                              | +V   | Unregulated board supply           |  |  |
| TP3                              | 1.8  | Output of 1.8V on board regulator  |  |  |
| TP4                              | 3.3V | Low power supply rail              |  |  |
| TP5                              | 1.2V | VDD_A pin                          |  |  |
| TP6                              | 1.2V | BIAS pin                           |  |  |
| TP7                              | -    | Not connected                      |  |  |
| TP8                              | 3.3V | VDD_AD                             |  |  |
| TP9                              | 3.3V | Active low reset signal            |  |  |

| Table 3 Test Loops                                     |    |                             |  |  |
|--|----|-----------------------------|--|--|
| TEST LOOPS   |    |                             |  |  |
| Test PointDefaultDescriptionRef.MeasurementDescription |    |                             |  |  |
| TL1  | 0V | Low power supply ground     |  |  |
| TL2  | 0V | Low power supply ground     |  |  |
| TL3  | 0V | Class-D power supply ground |  |  |
| TL4  | 0V | Class-D power supply ground |  |  |
| TL5  | 0V | Line out signal             |  |  |

# Table 4 Jumpers

|       |                         | JUMPERS |   |  |  |
|-------|-------------------------|---------|---|--|--|
|       | Ref. Default<br>Setting |         | Description                                     |  |  |
|       | J2                      | 2-3     | VDD select. 1-2 for 1V8, 2-3 for 3V3            |  |  |
|       | 18                      | open    | TWI address 0 select. 1-2 for high, 2-3 for low |  |  |
|       | 19                      | 1-2     | Interface select. 1-2 for SPI, 2-3 for TWI      |  |  |
|       | J10                     | open    | TWI address 1 select. 1-2 for high, 2-3 for low |  |  |
|       | J17                     | -       | See Table 5                                     |  |  |
|       | JP1                     | open    | Optional pull-up for TWI SCL                    |  |  |
|       | JP2                     | open    | Optional pull-up for TWI SDA                    |  |  |
|       | JP3                     | 1-2     | Isolates low power supply if removed            |  |  |
|       | JP4                     | open    | DC couples LOUT signal if inserted              |  |  |
| otes: |                         | I/P =   | Input   |  |  |
|       |                         | O/P =   | Output  |  |  |
|       |                         | TL =    | Test Loop                                       |  |  |
|       |                         | TP =    | Test Point                                      |  |  |

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# 6 Circuit Schematics and Board Layouts

For clarity, the circuit schematic diagrams are available as separate high-resolution files, which can be downloaded from the CML website. The layout on each side of the PCB is shown in Figure 3 and Figure 4.

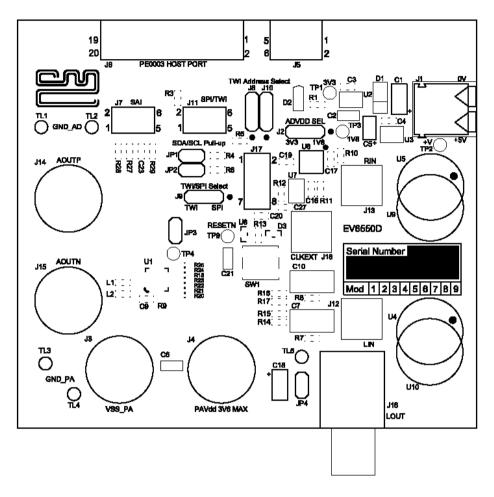


Figure 3 PCB Layout: Top

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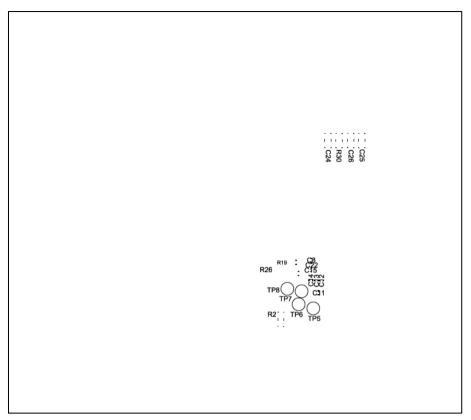


Figure 4 PCB Layout: Bottom

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# 7 Detailed Description

The EV6550D functionality includes:

- Optional pull-ups and selection jumpers for flexible use of either SPI or TWI for the control interface.
- Two on-board regulators to allow for evaluation of the CMX655D with a 3.3V or 1.8V power rail.
- Direct connections for class-D supplies and outputs. This allows full evaluation of the class-D including signal quality and efficiency.
- Two dual-in-line sockets to support evaluation with STEVAL-MIC001V1 or similar boards.

#### 7.1 Hardware Description

## 7.1.1 Power Supplies

All on-board power rails are derived from an external +5V supply. Each power rail has a test point where it can be monitored, see Table 2.

#### 7.1.2 Clock Options

The PCB design provides one on board clock source of 24.576MHz. The CMX655D is designed to operate with a clock of this frequency. The CMX655D has a PLL to generate 24.576MHz if this frequency is not available therefore the PCB is designed to support an external clock via J18. The 24.576MHz clock operates at 1.8V therefore when operating the CMX655D at 3.3V the external buffer is required.

When using the CMX655D internal clock source (low power oscillator) it is recommended to stop the RCLK pin from oscillating, see Disable RCLK clock option.

Header J17 is used with jumper sockets to select the required option as shown in Table 5:

| Clock Select Jumper Positions |                          |  |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Clock Option                  | Fit J17 jumpers on pins: |  |
| 24.576MHz, Buffered           | 2-4, 7-8                 |  |
| External, Buffered            | 4-6, 7-8                 |  |
| Disable RCLK                  | 3-4,7-8                  |  |

#### Table 5 Clock Select Jumper Positions

#### 7.1.3 Host Port

The host port, on J6, carries the control interface and serial audio interface lines. The control interface should be in the SPI format and the serial audio interface should be in the I<sup>2</sup>S format to conform the host port standard. This port allows one connection to a PE0003 to control the CMX655D and transfer data.

## 7.1.4 Control Port

The same control interface signals as on the host port are available via J11.

J9 is connected to the SPIS pin of the CMX655D and allows the mode of the control interface to be selected. 1-2 will hold the SPIS pin high and put the control port in SPI mode. 2-3 will hold the SPIS pin low and put the control port in TWI mode.

The TWI is normally driven via open drain pins and requires pull ups. The EV6550D allows the clock and data lines to be pulled up with a  $1.8k\Omega$  resistor via JP1 and JP2. In TWI mode MOSI/A1 and CSN/A0 become address lines for ease of use these lines can be controlled via J8 and J10.

| TWI Address Jumper Positions |             |         |                |  |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------|----------------|--|
| J8 Positon                   | J10 Positon | A0 & A1 | TWI<br>Address |  |
| 2-3                          | 2-3         | 00      | 0x54           |  |
| 2-3                          | 1-2         | 01      | 0x55           |  |
| 1-2                          | 2-3         | 10      | 0x56           |  |
| 1-2                          | 1-2         | 11      | 0x57           |  |

**Table 6 TWI Address Jumper Positions** 

#### 7.1.5 Serial Audio Port

The same serial audio interface signals as on the host port are available via J7.

#### 7.1.6 Microphone Interface

U9 and U10 are designed to interface with MEMS microphone evaluation boards. The EV6550D is designed for the STEVAL-MIC001V1 (supplied with this kit). The pin positions are the same as a 6-pin IC DIL device so other boards may be compatible.

The EV6550D directly connects both microphones to the MICCLK and MICDI pins. The LR pin is held in different states for each microphone such that U9 is left and U10 is right.

#### 7.1.7 Class-D

The EV6550D class-D connections are directly connected to the CMX655D with no overvoltage protection. This is to allow for efficiency measurements to be conducted by measuring power in and out of the PCB. As the Class-D output signal contains high frequency components by design it is suggested to use a ~22kHz RC filter when observing the output on an oscilloscope. L1 and L2 are fitted with  $0\Omega$  links but can be replaced with ferrite beads. The maximum voltage for the class-D is 3.6V to safely achieve this, an external voltage of 3.6V should be applied to J2 P2 and this will increase the voltage of the low power rail on the CMX655D. The tracks for the class-D have be designed to produce minimal resistance at maximum output power.

#### 7.2 Adjustments and Controls

## 7.2.1 VDD\_AD selection

J2 allows for VDD\_AD to operate at 3.3V or 1.8V. All the logic on the EV6550D with the exception of the clock module operates at the voltage selected by this jumper. A clock buffer allows for the 1.8V clock module to operate the 3.3V RCLK pin of the CMX655, for this reason the clock buffer should be used if operating at 3.3V. When operating at 1.8V the clock buffer is optional.

#### 7.3 Software Description

The EV6550D itself does not require any embedded firmware. However, it does require serial control from an external microcontroller. The CML PE0003 Universal Interface Card can be used with the EV6550D and PC software files in 'ES6550xx.zip'. To use the software, connect the EV6550D and PE0003 as shown in Figure 2. First ensure that the drivers supplied for the PE0003 are installed correctly and are the latest versions. The executable file must be in the same folder on the PC as the 'EF6550xx.bin' file. Run the 'ES6550xx.exe' and the main application window will open with a progress bar for the initialisation process. Once the initialisation process is complete, one of five tabs can be selected.

Additional to the basic SPI control tab, there are:

- Three tabs that cover the record and playback functionality of the CMX655D.
- The 'Record/Playback' tab for handling data flow from/to the serial audio interface (SAI) port.
- The CML script handler tab. Scripts can be used for additional features that are not covered in the other tabs.

To select a tab simply click on the corresponding name in the row at the top of the program window. Setting or clearing the check box associated with a bit of a register will cause that bit to be set or cleared when the register is next written to. The program can be closed at any time by clicking the '<u>C</u>lose' button or by pressing 'Alt' and 'F4' keys simultaneously.

The buttons 'Save State' and 'Load State' allow the user to save or load a particular control configuration for all tabs of the GUI. These buttons only save or load the configuration and do not update the CMX655D registers on the EV6550D

board. After loading, the write buttons for each tab must be used to execute the new configuration. The configurations are saved with '.sta' file extension.

In the default state of the GUI, when changing control values, the ES6550 will not update the CMX655D until the 'Write' button is pressed. This allows for controls such as gains to be stepped between non-consecutive values without writing all intermediate values. Alternatively if the 'Auto Write' checkbox is ticked the ES6550 will update the CMX655D as control values are changed.

## 7.3.1 The SPI Control Tab

The SPI Control Tab allows the user to read from or write to any 8-bit register. The address box allows for 8-bit values however the top bit (ReadNWrite) is always controlled by the ES6550 based on the selected operation. Additionally the CMX655D internal system clock settings can be configured using this tab.

Before the registers can be programmed the clock must be set up. The Clock Ready indicator will turn green once this has been done (see Figure 6) and it will then be possible to make selections to the System Control area of the dialog. When the Clock Start button is pressed the Clock Ready indicator will change to Clock Stop. If the ES6550 times out waiting for the clock ready bit the Clock Ready indicator will remain red and Clock Stop will change back to Clock Start.

To program the PLL, first calculate and then write the value using the Calculate and Write PLL buttons respectively. The PLL input frequency 'Reference Freq' is set based on the sample rate and PLL Reference controls. The PLL settings should be written before starting the clock.

| 🕮 ES6550 Evaluation Kit Software 🛛 PE0003 Nan  | ne: 202898 — 🗆 🗙   |
|--|--|
| SPI Control Record Channel Playback Channel SAI  | Record/Playback Script Handler   |
| Write/Read Register Operations       Address (\$)       Data(\$)       Write       Read  | System Control   |
| Clock Ctrl<br>Sample Rate (fs) 8ksps<br>Pre-divider Div 1<br>Clock Selection<br>© DivClk © VcoClk<br>Pll Reference<br>© DivClk © LRClk/FS<br>PLL Select<br>© Open-loop © Closed-loop PLL | PLL, N/R Dividers           RCIk Freq         24.576           VCO Freq         24.576           MHz         00           Comparison Freq         6144           Reference Freq         24.576           N =         LFiltRes           R =         CPISet           00         00           Calculate         Write PII           00         00 |
| Clock Ready<br>Write   | Commands Clock Start Soft Reset HW Reset   |
| Auto Write SPI Freq 10MHz -  | Save State Load State Options Close  |

If the Auto Write box is checked, values will be written directly after any change in controls.

Figure 5 The SPI Control Tab – clock stopped

With the clock running all the controls in the Clock Ctrl are disabled as they can only be changed with the clock stopped. The clock can be stopped using the Clock Stop button (see Figure 6), the Clock Ready indicator will turn red once this has been done (see Figure 5).

| Evaluation | Kit for | · CMX655 | D |
|------------|---------|----------|---|
|------------|---------|----------|---|

| ES6550 Evaluation Kit Software PE0003 Nam  | ne: 202898 — 🗆 🗙  |
|--|---|
| SPI Control Record Channel Playback Channel SAI  | Record/Playback Script Handler  |
| Write/Read Register Operations<br>Address (\$) Data(\$)<br>Write<br>Read   | System Control<br>Mic Right<br>Mic Left<br>Line Out<br>Serial Audio Interface   |
| Clock Ctrl Sample Rate (fs) Sksps  Pre-divider Div 1 Clock Selection O DivClk Pll Reference O DivClk PLL Select O pen-loop Closed-loop PLL | PLL, N/R Dividers           RClk Freq         24.576           VCO Freq         24.576           Comparison Freq         6144           Reference Freq         24.576           N =         LFitRes           Reference Freq         CPISet           00         00           Calculate         Write Pli           00         00 |
| Clock Ready<br>Write   | Commands<br>Clock Stop Soft Reset HW Reset  |
| Auto Write SPI Freq 10MHz 💌  | Save State Load State Options Close   |

Figure 6 The SPI Control Tab – clock running

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## 7.3.2 Record Channel Control

All controls on this tab are disabled until the clock is running, see section 7.3.1.

The noise gate feature on the CMX655D has status values to return the current attenuation. The ES6550 allows for these values to be polled. To enable polling tick the 'Continuous Read' checkbox.

| 🕮 ES6550 Evaluation Kit Software   | PE0003 Name: 202898 —                               | ×   |
|------------------------------------|---|---|
| SPI Control Record Channel Playbac | ck Channel   SAI   Record/Playback   Script Handler |   |
| Gain Left Ch                       | 12003   | dBs □<br>dBs □<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>0 |
|                                    | Write Read Continuous Read                          |   |
| Auto Write SPI Freq                | 10MHz  Save State Load State Options                | Close   |

Figure 7 Record Channel Control Tab

#### 7.3.3 Playback Channel Control

All controls on this tab are disabled until the clock is running, see section 7.3.1.

In the event of a class-D overcurrent or over temperature the CMX655D will automatically disable the amplifier and status bits get set when this happens. The ES6550 allows for polling of these status bits. To enable polling tick the Continuous Read checkbox. In the event of an overcurrent the Amp overcurrent indicator will go red. In the event of an over temperature the Thermal Warning indicator will go red. Following either indicator getting set the ES6550 will stop polling the status register and clear the Power Amp tick box on the SPI Control tab to reflect CMX655D operation. The ES6550 will clear the status indicators (when and if the 'Continuous Read' is still ticked) and will start polling the status register if the Power Amp is ticked again.

If the Continuous Read checkbox is ticked the ES6550 will automatically update the Atten Status value.

| 🐸 ES6550 Evaluation Kit Software 🛛 PE0003 Name: 202898 -   | ×  |
|--|--|
| SPI Control       Record Channel       SAI       Record/Playback       Script Handler         Volume   | 90dBs  |
| Preamplifier   Preamplifier Gain   OdBs     ALC   Enable   Input to Output signal level ratio   1.5:1   Threshold   1.5:1   Threshold   1.5:ms   Release Time   0.06 s   Gain   OdBs     Click and Pop Reduction   Soft Mute     Click and Pop Reduction | 00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00<br>00 |
| Write Read Continuous Read   | lose   |

Figure 8 Playback Channel Control Tab

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#### 7.3.4 The Serial Audio Interface (SAI) Tab

All controls on this tab are disabled until the clock is running, see section 7.3.1.

This tab allows the serial audio multiplexer on the CMX655D to be configured. The serial port protocol setup is hard coded by the ES6550 to match the port setup of the PE0003.

| 🕮 ES6550 Evaluation Kit Software 🔋 PE0003 Name: 202898  | _     |   | ×   |
|---|-------|---|-----|
| SPI Control   Record Channel   Playback Channel   SAI   Record/Playback   Script Handler  <br>Serial Audio Interface Mux<br>Companding Enable<br>C A Law © U Law<br>Amplifier Input Data<br>Left data |       |   |     |
| Microphone Output Data  |       |   |     |
| Write   |       | Γ | 00  |
| Auto Write SPI Freq 10MHz Save State Load State Op  | tions | o | ose |

# Figure 9 SAI Control Tab

#### 7.3.5 The Record/Playback Tab

To use the functions on this tab the Serial Audio Interface checkbox on the SPI tab should be checked.

The Record/Playback tab allows the capture of, or writing of, samples over the SAI port of the EV6550D. To make use of this tab a micro SD card is required to be plugged into the socket on the underside of the PE0003. See Section 7.4.1 for card requirements and preparation details. If the micro SD card is not prepared, the program can still run but pre-existing data stored in the SD card might be corrupted.

The controls are divided into four operations, one for each button:

- Receive button Receive the samples and store them in the micro SD card.
- Transmit button Read the samples from the micro SD card and transmit them.
- Save button Read the received samples from the micro SD card and write them to a file in the PC.
- Load button Read a file from the PC and store the samples for transmission in the micro SD card.

Supported files are stereo '.wav' format at the appropriate sample rate or '.csv' comma delimited, with "Left sample, Right sample" per line, in ASCII. The file can be processed in Excel.

In the event of a problem with the micro SD card, the GUI shows a message indicating the nature of the problem, see Section 7.5.1.

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| ES6550 Evaluation Kit Software PE0003 Name:   | 202898 — 🗆 🗙  |
|---|---|
| SPI Control   Record Channel   Playback Channel   SAI<br>Record<br>Number of Samples   50000<br>Enable Record Input Trigger (PE0003 GPIO<br>Receive | Record/Playback Script Handler Playback Number of Samples 50000 Enable Playback Output Trigger (PE0003 GP |
| Save  | Load  |
| Rx Port samples received  |   |
| Auto Write SPI Freq 10MHz -   | Save State Load State Options Close   |

Figure 10 Record/Playback Tab

The optional receive input trigger and transmit output trigger signals can be found on the PE0003 as shown below:

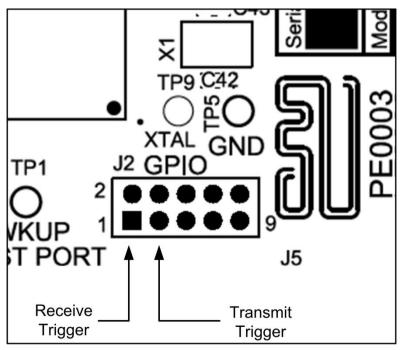


Figure 11 Receive and Transmit Trigger Locations

### 7.3.6 The Script Handler Tab

The Script Handler Tab (shown in Figure 12) allows the execution of script files consisting of register write, read, and delay commands. These are plain text files on the PC, which are compiled via the GUI but executed by the Microprocessor on the PE0003 board. The script language is documented separately in the "Script Language Reference" document, which

can be downloaded with the PE0003 support package from the CML website. The script handler may be used for additional features that are not covered in the other tabs, of the CMX655D.

| 🕮 ES6550 Evaluation Kit Software      | PE0003 Nam        | ne: 202898      |                | -      |     | ×  |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------|-----|----|
| SPI Control   Record Channel   Playba | ack Channel   SAI | Record/Playback | Script Handler |        |     |    |
| Select Script >                       |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
|                                       |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
| Run Script                            |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
| Clear Results                         |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
| Save Results                          |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
| See Trace                             |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
|                                       |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
|                                       |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
|                                       |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
|                                       |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
|                                       |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
|                                       |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
|                                       |                   |                 |                |        |     |    |
|                                       | 10141             | l .             | 10.1           |        |     |    |
| Auto Write SPI Freq                   | 10MHz 👻           | Save State Lo   | ad State C     | ptions | Clo | se |

Figure 12 Script Handler Tab

To select a script file click on the 'Select Script' button. The Open File Dialog is displayed. Browse and select the script file. The folder that contains the script file will be the working folder of the script (i.e. all the files referenced in the script will be searched in this folder). Alternatively, select a script file from the recent files list. Click on the '>' button to display the list.

The results window displays the values returned by the script. These results can be saved to a text file or discarded by clicking on the 'Save Results' or 'Clear Results' buttons, respectively. When a script file is being executed the 'Run Script' button will change to the 'Abort' button, the rest of the tab will be disabled and the other tabs cannot be selected.

After a script has finished running, and when trace data is available, the 'See Trace...' button will be enabled. Up to 131072 SPI transactions can be logged in the PE0003 board. Click in the 'See Trace...' button to display the Trace dialog box. Note that the SPI transactions are only logged if the feature has been enabled in the script. See the "PE0003 Script Language Reference" document for details.

# 7.4 Application Information

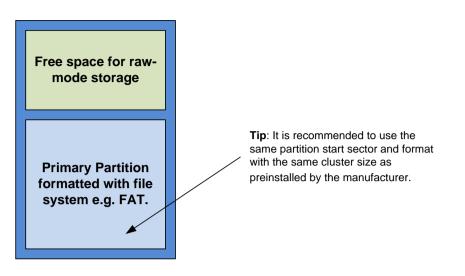
#### 7.4.1 SD Card Preparation

#### Note: A class 10 micro SD card should be used.

7.4.1.1 Introduction

When using the PE0003 board to receive or transmit data in real time the SD card is accessed directly in raw mode. A file system cannot be used as the file storage is often non-linear and fragmented which can significantly impede reads or writes resulting in loss of data. A file system may still be required to coexist on the card for example to store Function Images. This is possible by shrinking the first partition containing the file system, leaving enough space for the raw mode data storage.

Note: The SD card must have a standard master boot record (MBR) and partition table installed. The partition table is read by PE0003 and used to determine if any space exists on the card. It is usual for manufacturers to supply cards with an MBR preinstalled, however in instances where a card has been completely re-formatted it is possible for the MBR to be replaced with a FAT or NTFS boot sector. In such cases the MBR and partition table should be reinstalled which can be done using the fdisk or parted tool on Linux or the Diskpart tool on Windows.



# Warning: Failure to create space for the raw mode data storage may result in corruption of the file system and loss of data!

In order to maximise performance, SD card manufacturers often arrange the start of the first partition to be aligned with a significant boundary (4MB is typical). Also the file system allocation unit or cluster size is optimised to suit the memory architecture. The following procedure tries to ensure that these settings are maintained.

#### 7.4.1.2 Shrink Partition Using Linux

There are many options available such as the graphical tool GParted. It is highly recommended to back up all the files on the SD card before proceeding in case something should go wrong with the resizing. The following instructions use commonly installed command line tools:

- 1. Backup the files on the SD card by copying them to a separate drive.
- 2. Open a command line interface and type **sudo fdisk** –I. Identify the disk device node for the SD card e.g. /dev/sdd.
- 3. Identify the file system cluster size on the first partition using fsck e.g. sudo fsck /dev/sdd1 -vp.

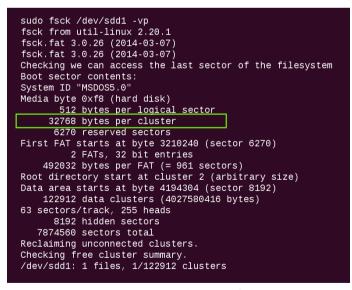


Figure 13 SD Card – Linux - fsck

4. Run the Parted tool on the disk device node identified in Figure 14, e.g. **sudo parted /dev/sdd**. Double check that the correct device is selected as the wrong one could result in loss of data.

5. Shrink the partition keeping the same start address and file system using the resize command. The following example shrinks by 500MB (Note: Parted version 2.3 was found to fail when resizing a FAT file system, if this is the case use the **resizepart** command instead and then reformat using **mkfs**).

| sudo parted /dev/sdd<br>GNU Parted 2.2<br>Using /dev/sdd<br>Welcome to GNU Parted! Type 'help' to view a list of commands.<br>(parted)<br>resize |
|--|
| WARNING: you are attempting to use parted to operate on (resize) a   |
| file system.<br>parted's file system manipulation code is not as robust as what<br>you'll find in  |
| dedicated, file-system-specific packages like e2fsprogs. We recommend  |
| you use parted only to manipulate partition tables, whenever   |
| possible.<br>Support for performing most operations on most types of file  |
| systems<br>will be removed in an upcoming release.   |
| Partition number?<br>1   |
| -<br>Start? [4194kB]?<br>End? [4036MB]? 3536   |

Figure 14 SD Card – Linux - parted

- 6. Copy the files onto the SD card from the backup.
- 7.4.1.3 Shrink Partition on Windows

Note: If the diskpart tool is unable to shrink the volume it is likely that the card is installed with a boot sector rather than a master boot record. In this case see section 7.4.1.3.1 for instructions on installing one.

The standard Disk Management that is preinstalled on a Windows machine does not allow shrinking of partitions on removable drives. Other third party tools are available to do this, however it is still possible to achieve the same outcome using the command line Diskpart tool as follows:

- 1. Back up the files on the SD card by copying them to a separate drive.
- 2. At a command prompt, type: diskpart.
- 3. List the volumes available using the **LIST VOLUME** command. Identify the volume that the SD card is mounted as. The following example shows a 4GB SD card mounted as volume E.

| SKPART> LIS                      | T VOL  | UME         |              |           |         |          |                |
|----------------------------------|--------|-------------|--------------|-----------|---------|----------|----------------|
| Volume ###                       | Ltr    | Labe l      | Fs           | Туре      | Size    | Status   | Info           |
| Volume Ø<br>Volume 1<br>Volume 2 | D<br>C | System Rese | NTFS<br>NTFS |           | 100 MB  |          | System<br>Boot |
| Volume 3                         | E      |             |              | Removable | 3845 MB | Healthy  |                |
| Volume 4                         | 1      |             |              | Kemovab1e | 0 В     | No Media |                |
| SKPART >                         |        |             |              |           |         |          |                |
|                                  |        |             |              |           |         |          |                |
|                                  |        |             |              |           |         |          |                |
|                                  |        |             |              |           |         |          |                |

Figure 15 SD Card – Windows Diskpart - List Volumes

- 4. Use the SELECT VOLUME command to select the SD card e.g. SELECT VOLUME E.
- 5. Double check that the correct disk is selected by using the **LIST VOLUME** command again. The selected volume should have a \* character in front of it. This step is very important as the wrong selection could result in corruption and data loss of other drives.

| C:\Windows           | · •    |                |              |                        |         |                    |                |
|----------------------|--------|----------------|--------------|------------------------|---------|--------------------|----------------|
| DISKPART> I          | IST VO | LUME           |              |                        |         |                    |                |
| Volume ##            | # Ltr  | Label          | Fs           | Туре                   | Size    | Status             | Info           |
| Volume Ø             | D      |                |              | DVD-ROM                |         | No Media           |                |
| Volume 1<br>Volume 2 | С      | System Rese    | NTFS<br>NTFS | Partition<br>Partition |         | Healthy<br>Healthy | System<br>Boot |
| Volume 3             | Ĕ      |                | FAT32        | Removable              | 3845 MB | Healthy            | DUUL           |
| Volume 4             | Ι      |                |              | Removable              | Ø B     | No Media           |                |
| DISKPART> 9          | ELECT  | VOLUME E       |              |                        |         |                    |                |
| Volume 3 is          | the s  | elected volume |              |                        |         |                    |                |
|                      |        |                |              |                        |         |                    |                |
| DISKPART> I          | 151 00 | LUME           |              |                        |         |                    |                |
| Volume ##            | # Ltr  | Labe l         | Fs           | Туре                   | Size    | Status             | Info           |
| Volume Ø             | D      |                |              | DUD-ROM                | 0 B     | No Media           |                |
| Volume 1             | c      | System Rese    | NTFS         | Partition<br>Partition | 100 MB  | Healthy<br>Healthu | System<br>Boot |
| × Volume 3           | E      |                | FAT32        | Removable              |         | Healthy            | BOAT           |
| Volume 4             | I      |                |              | Kemovable              | ИВ      | No Media           |                |
| DISKPART> _          |        |                |              |                        |         |                    | -              |

Figure 16 SD Card – Windows Diskpart - Selected Volume

6. List details about the file system using FILESYSTEM command. Make a note of the type and the allocation unit size as shown in Figure 17.

| C:\Windows\system32\DISKPART.exe  | × |
|---|---|
| DISKPART> FILESYSTEM  | ^ |
| Current File System   | Ξ |
| Type : FAT32<br>Allocation Unit Size : 32K<br>Flags : 0000000   |   |
| File Systems Supported for Formatting   |   |
| Type : NTFS<br>Allocation Unit Sizes: 512, 1024, 2048, 4096 (Default), 8192, 16K, 32K, 64K  |   |
| Type : FAT<br>Allocation Unit Sizes: 64K (Default)  |   |
| Type : FAT32 (Default)<br>Allocation Unit Sizes: 1024, 2048, 4096, 8192, 16K, 32K (Default)   |   |
| Type : exFAT<br>Allocation Unit Sizes: 512, 1024, 2048, 4096, 8192, 16K, 32K (Default), 64K, 1<br>28K, 256K, 512K, 1024K, 2048K, 4096K, 8192K, 16384K, 32768K |   |
| DISKPART>   | Ŧ |

Figure 17 SD Card – Windows Diskpart - FileSystem

- 7. Reformat the file system to NTFS using the command **FORMAT fs=NTFS QUICK** (skip this step if the type is already NTFS). The Diskpart tool can only shrink NTFS file systems.
- 8. Shrink the partition by the required amount where the size is specified in Megabytes e.g. to shrink by 500MB use **SHRINK DESIRED=500**.

| C:\Windows\system32\DISKPART.exe  |
|---|
| Type : NTFS<br>Allocation Unit Sizes: 512, 1024, 2048, 4096 (Default), 8192, 16K, 32K, 64K  |
| Type : FAT<br>Allocation Unit Sizes: 64K (Default)  |
| Type : FAT32 (Default)<br>Allocation Unit Sizes: 1024, 2048, 4096, 8192, 16K, 32K (Default)   |
| Type : exFAT<br>Allocation Unit Sizes: 512, 1024, 2048, 4096, 8192, 16K, 32K (Default), 64K, 1<br>28K, 256K, 512K, 1024K, 2048K, 4096K, 8192K, 16384K, 32768K |
| DISKPART> FORMAT fs=NTFS QUICK  |
| 100 percent completed   |
| DiskPart successfully formatted the volume.   |
| DISKPART> SHRINK DESIRED=500  |
| DiskPart successfully shrunk the volume by: 500 MB  |
| DISKPART> -   |

Figure 18 SD Card – Windows Diskpart - Shrink

9. Reformat to the required file system type (this is not necessary for NTFS). Use the allocation unit size as noted above, e.g. to format as FAT32 with a cluster size of 32kb use FORMAT fs=FAT32 unit=32K.

- 10. Exit the diskpart tool using the **EXIT** command.
- 11. Copy the files onto the SD card from the backup.

#### 7.4.1.3.1 Install a Master Boot Record and Partition Table using Windows

The following instructions show how to install a new master boot record with a shrunken primary partition and format it using the Diskpart tool.

- 1. Backup the files on the SD card by copying them to a separate drive.
- 2. At a command prompt, type: diskpart.
- 3. List the disks available using the LIST DISK command. Identify the disk number that the SD card is mounted as.
- 4. Having identified the disk number use the SELECT DISK command to select the SD card disk e.g. SELECT DISK 3.
- Double check the correct disk is selected by using the LIST DISK command again. The selected disk should have \* character in front of it. This step is very important as the wrong selection could result in corruption and data loss of other drives.
- 6. Use the **CLEAN** command to clear all the information off the disk (all data will be lost).
- 7. Create a new partition using **CREATE PARTITION PRIMARY** command.
- 8. Select the partition using **SELECT PARTITION 1**.
- 9. Shrink the partition by the required amount where the size is specified in Megabytes e.g. to shrink by 500MB use **SHRINK DESIRED=500**.
- 10. Format the partition as required e.g. FORMAT fs=FAT32 unit=32k.
- 11. Exit the diskpart tool using the **EXIT** command.
- 12. Copy the files onto the SD card from the backup.

#### 7.5 Troubleshooting

7.5.1 SD Card

#### Table 7 Possible Errors – SD Card

| Error Observed  | Possible Cause   | Remedy   |
|---|--|--|
| SD Card Warning                                       | In order to improve the performance of<br>the micro SD card operations, the use<br>of a filesystem is discarded. PE0003<br>uses non-allocated memory as storage,<br>this unallocated memory should be<br>after the first partition. If no such space<br>is detected, PE0003 uses some specific<br>micro SD card memory positions<br>(512MB, by default). Therefore any<br>data stored in these positions, will get<br>corrupted. | See section 7.4.1 to format the SD card.   |
| Info ES9830       Failed - SD Card too slow.       OK | SD card write cycle is too slow for the<br>rate at which samples are read from<br>the EV6550 board, an overrun in<br>internal buffers has occurred.  | See section 7.4.1 for SD card<br>requirements. Try a class 10 or a<br>different manufacture. |

# 7.5.2 Clock Options

# Table 8 Possible Errors - Clock Options

| Error Observed                                       | Possible Cause  | Remedy  |
|--|---|---|
| Poor clock quality when using external clock source. | With a low frequency sine wave<br>supplied to the on board clock buffer<br>high levels of jitter can occur. | If the input clock frequency is <5MHz<br>ensure that a square wave is used. |

# 8 Performance Specification

## 8.1 Electrical Performance

## 8.1.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Exceeding these maximum ratings can result in damage to the Evaluation Kit.

|   | Min. | Max.             | Units |
|---|------|------------------|-------|
| Supply (V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>SS</sub> )   | -0.3 | 9.0 <sup>1</sup> | V     |
| Current into or out of $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}}$ and $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize SS}}$ pins |      |                  | А     |
| Current into or out of any other connector pin  |      |                  |       |
| Maximum Input Level   |      |                  |       |

# 8.1.2 Operating Limits

Correct operation of the Evaluation Kit outside these limits is not implied.

|   | Notes | Min. | Max. | Units |
|---|-------|------|------|-------|
| Supply (V <sub>IN</sub> - V <sub>SS</sub> ) |       | 4.5  | 5.5  | V     |
| Supply (V <sub>PA</sub> - V <sub>SS</sub> ) |       | 3.0  | 3.6  | V     |
| Xtal/External Clock Frequency               |       |      |      |       |
| Ambient Operating Temperature               |       | -40  | 85   | °C    |

# 8.1.3 Operating Characteristics

Example conditions:

For the following conditions unless otherwise specified: Xtal Frequency = 24.576MHz,  $V_{IN}$  = 5.0V,  $T_{AMB}$  = +25°C.

| Notes | Min.       | Тур.     | Max.              | Units                    |
|-------|------------|----------|-------------------|--------------------------|
|       |            |          |                   |                          |
| 1     | -          | 6        | -                 | mA                       |
|       | 3.18       | 3.3      | 3.42              | V                        |
|       | 1.73       | 1.8      | 1.87              | v                        |
|       | Notes<br>1 | 1 - 3.18 | 1 - 6<br>3.18 3.3 | 1 - 6 -<br>3.18 3.3 3.42 |

#### Notes:

1. PCB current consumption, not current consumption of the CMX655D.

 $<sup>^{1}\,</sup>$  If the PE0003 is used with the EV6550D then the maximum supply voltage is 6.8V.

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