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## Features

- Very high speed: 70 ns
- Temperature ranges:
  - Industrial: -40 °C to +85 °C
- Wide voltage range: 1.65 V to 2.25 V
- Pin compatible with CY62256N
- Ultra low standby power
  - Typical standby current: 1 μA
  - Maximum standby current: 4 μA
- Ultra low active power
  - Typical active current: 1.3 mA at f = 1 MHz
- Easy memory expansion with  $\overline{CE}$  and  $\overline{OE}$  features
- Automatic power-down when deselected
- Complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) for optimum speed and power
- Offered in Pb-free 28-pin Narrow SOIC package

## Functional Description

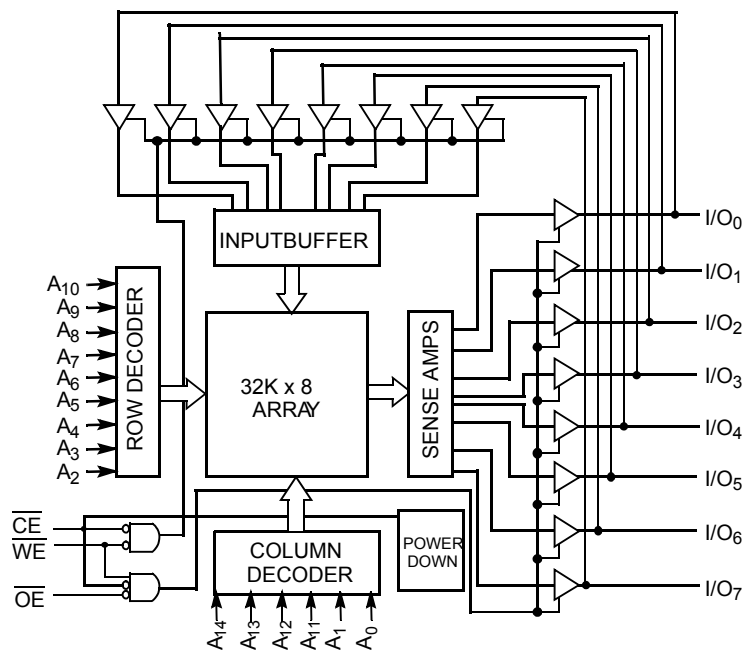
The CY62256EV18 is a high performance CMOS static RAM module organized as 32 K words by 8-bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. This is ideal for providing More Battery Life™ (MoBL®) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power-down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when addresses are not toggling. Placing the device in standby mode reduces power consumption by more than 99 percent when deselected ( $\overline{CE}$  HIGH). The eight input and output pins ( $I/O_0$  through  $I/O_7$ ) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected ( $\overline{CE}$  HIGH), the outputs are disabled ( $\overline{OE}$  HIGH), or a write operation is in progress ( $\overline{CE}$  LOW and  $\overline{WE}$  LOW).

To write to the device, take chip enable ( $\overline{CE}$ ) LOW and write enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) LOW. Data on the eight I/O pins is then written into the location specified on the address pin ( $A_0$  through  $A_{14}$ ).

To read from the device, take chip enable ( $\overline{CE}$ ) LOW and output enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) LOW while forcing write enable ( $\overline{WE}$ ) HIGH. Under these conditions, the contents of the memory location specified by the address pins appear on the I/O pins.

For a complete list of related documentation, [click here](#).

## Logic Block Diagram

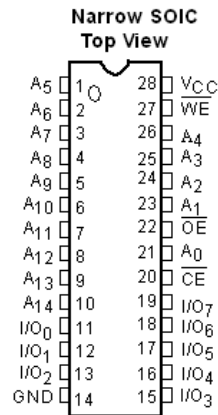


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## Pin Configuration

Figure 1. 28-pin Narrow SOIC pinout



## Product Portfolio

Product	Range	V <sub>CC</sub> Range (V)			Speed (ns)	Power Dissipation					
						Operating I <sub>CC</sub> (mA)				Standby I <sub>SB2</sub> (μA)	
						f = 1 MHz		f = f <sub>max</sub>			
						Min	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>	Max	Typ <sup>[1]</sup>
CY62256EV18LL	Industrial	1.65	1.8	2.25	70	1.3	2.0	11	16	1	4

### Notes

1. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.

## Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature .....	-65 °C to +150 °C
Ambient temperature with power applied .....	-55 °C to +125 °C
Supply voltage to ground potential .....	-0.2 V to 2.45 V
DC voltage applied to outputs in high Z State <sup>[2, 3]</sup> .....	-0.2 V to 2.45 V

DC input voltage <sup>[2, 3]</sup> .....	-0.2 V to 2.45 V
Output current into outputs (LOW) .....	20 mA
Static discharge voltage (MIL-STD-883, method 3015) .....	> 2001 V
Latch-up current .....	> 200 mA

## Operating Range

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>CC</sub> <sup>[4]</sup>
CY62256EV18LL	Industrial	-40 °C to +85 °C	1.65 V to 2.25 V

## Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	70 ns			Unit
			Min	Typ <sup>[5]</sup>	Max	
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output HIGH voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.1 mA	1.4	-	-	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 mA	-	-	0.2	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 2.25 V	1.4	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.2 V	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 2.25 V	-0.2	-	0.4	V
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input leakage current	GND ≤ V <sub>I</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub>	-1	-	+1	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current	GND ≤ V <sub>O</sub> ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> , output disabled	-1	-	+1	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> operating supply current	f = f <sub>max</sub> = 1/t <sub>RC</sub>	-	11	16	mA
		f = 1 MHz	-	1.3	2.0	
I <sub>SB1</sub>	Automatic CE power-down current — CMOS inputs	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} \leq 0.2 \text{ V}$ f = f <sub>max</sub> (address and data only), f = 0 (OE and WE), V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.25 V	-	1	4	μA
I <sub>SB2</sub> <sup>[6]</sup>	Automatic CE power-down current — CMOS inputs	$\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}$ or $V_{IN} < 0.2 \text{ V}$ , f = 0, V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.25 V	-	1	4	μA

### Notes

- V<sub>IL(min)</sub> = -2.0 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- V<sub>IH(max)</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
- Full device AC operation assumes a 100 μs ramp time from 0 to V<sub>CC(min)</sub> and 200 μs wait time after V<sub>CC</sub> stabilization.
- Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = V<sub>CC(typ)</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25 °C.
- Chip enables (CE) must be at CMOS level to meet the I<sub>SB2</sub> / I<sub>CCDR</sub> spec. Other inputs can be left floating.

### Capacitance

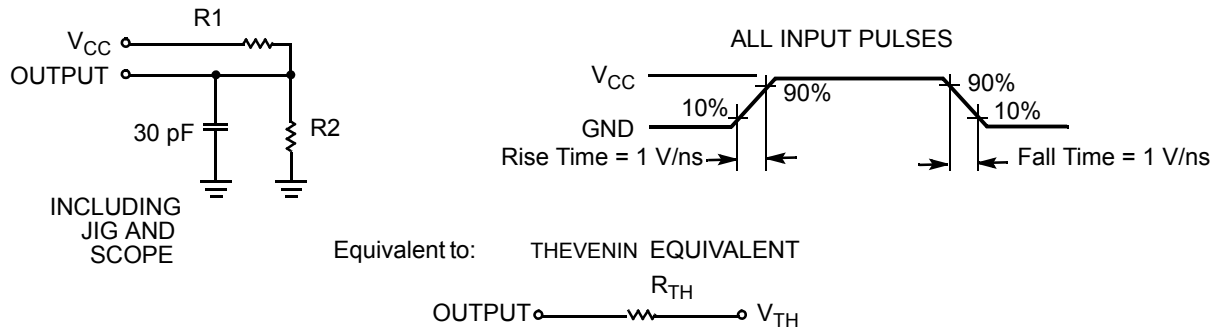
Parameter <sup>[7]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C, f = 1 MHz, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>CC(typ)</sub>	10	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output capacitance		10	pF

### Thermal Resistance

Parameter <sup>[7]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	28-pin SOIC	Unit
Θ <sub>JA</sub>	Thermal resistance (junction to ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, two-layer printed circuit board	76.56	°C/W
Θ <sub>JC</sub>	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		36.07	°C/W

### AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 2. AC Test Loads and Waveforms



Parameters	1.8 V	Unit
R1	13500	Ω
R2	10800	Ω
R <sub>TH</sub>	6000	Ω
V <sub>TH</sub>	0.8	V

**Note**

7. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

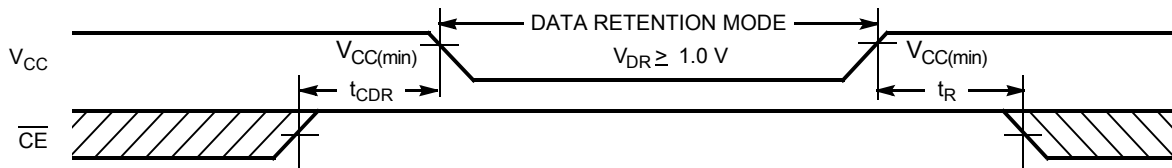
## Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>[8]</sup>	Max	Unit
$V_{DR}$	$V_{CC}$ for data retention		1.0	–	–	V
$I_{CCDR}$ <sup>[9]</sup>	Data retention current	$V_{CC} = 1.0\text{ V}$ , $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ , $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2\text{ V}$ or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2\text{ V}$	–	–	3	$\mu\text{A}$
$t_{CDR}$ <sup>[10]</sup>	Chip deselect to data retention time		0	–	–	ns
$t_R$ <sup>[11]</sup>	Operation recovery time		70	–	–	ns

## Data Retention Waveform

Figure 3. Data Retention Waveform<sup>[12]</sup>



### Notes

8. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at  $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$ ,  $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ .
9. Chip enables ( $\overline{CE}$ ) must be at CMOS level to meet the  $I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR}$  spec. Other inputs can be left floating.
10. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
11. Full device AC operation requires linear  $V_{CC}$  ramp from  $V_{DR}$  to  $V_{CC(min)} \geq 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$  or stable at  $V_{CC(min)} \geq 100\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ .
12. At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{HZCE}$  is less than  $t_{LZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZOE}$  is less than  $t_{LZOE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  is less than  $t_{LZWE}$  for any given device.

## Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter <sup>[13]</sup>	Description	70 ns		Unit
		Min	Max	
<b>Read Cycle</b>				
$t_{RC}$	Read cycle time	70	–	ns
$t_{AA}$	Address to data valid	–	70	ns
$t_{OHA}$	Data hold from address change	5	–	ns
$t_{ACE}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to data valid	–	70	ns
$t_{DOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to data valid	–	35	ns
$t_{LZOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to low Z <sup>[14]</sup>	5	–	ns
$t_{HZOE}$	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to high Z <sup>[14, 15]</sup>	–	25	ns
$t_{LZCE}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to low Z <sup>[14]</sup>	5	–	ns
$t_{HZCE}$	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to high Z <sup>[14, 15]</sup>	–	25	ns
$t_{PU}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to power-up	0	–	ns
$t_{PD}$	$\overline{CE}$ HIGH to power-down	–	70	ns
<b>Write Cycle <sup>[16, 17]</sup></b>				
$t_{WC}$	Write cycle time	70	–	ns
$t_{SCE}$	$\overline{CE}$ LOW to write end	60	–	ns
$t_{AW}$	Address setup to write end	60	–	ns
$t_{HA}$	Address hold from write end	0	–	ns
$t_{SA}$	Address setup to write start	0	–	ns
$t_{PWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ pulse width	50	–	ns
$t_{SD}$	Data setup to write end	30	–	ns
$t_{HD}$	Data hold from write end	0	–	ns
$t_{HZWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to high Z <sup>[14, 15]</sup>	–	25	ns
$t_{LZWE}$	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to low Z <sup>[14]</sup>	5	–	ns

### Notes

13. Test Conditions for all parameters other than tri-state parameters assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less (1 V/ns), timing reference levels of  $V_{CC(typ)}/2$ , input pulse levels of 0 to  $V_{CC(typ)}$ , and output loading of the specified  $I_{OL}/I_{OH}$  as shown in the [Figure 2 on page 5](#).
14. At any given temperature and voltage condition,  $t_{HZCE}$  is less than  $t_{LZCE}$ ,  $t_{HZOE}$  is less than  $t_{LZOE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  is less than  $t_{LZWE}$  for any given device.
15.  $t_{HZOE}$ ,  $t_{HZCE}$ , and  $t_{HZWE}$  transitions are measured when the output enter a high impedance state.
16. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
17. The minimum write cycle pulse width for Write Cycle No. 3 ( $\overline{WE}$  Controlled,  $\overline{OE}$  low) should be equal to the sum of  $t_{SD}$  and  $t_{HZWE}$ .



## Switching Waveforms

Figure 4. Read Cycle No. 1 (Address Transition Controlled) [18, 19]

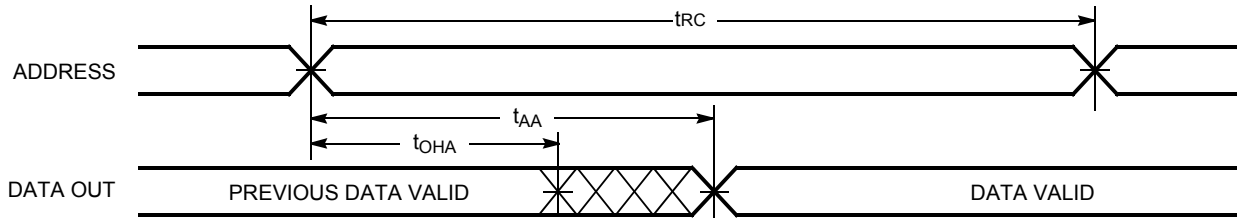


Figure 5. Read Cycle No. 2 ( $\overline{OE}$  Controlled) [19, 20]

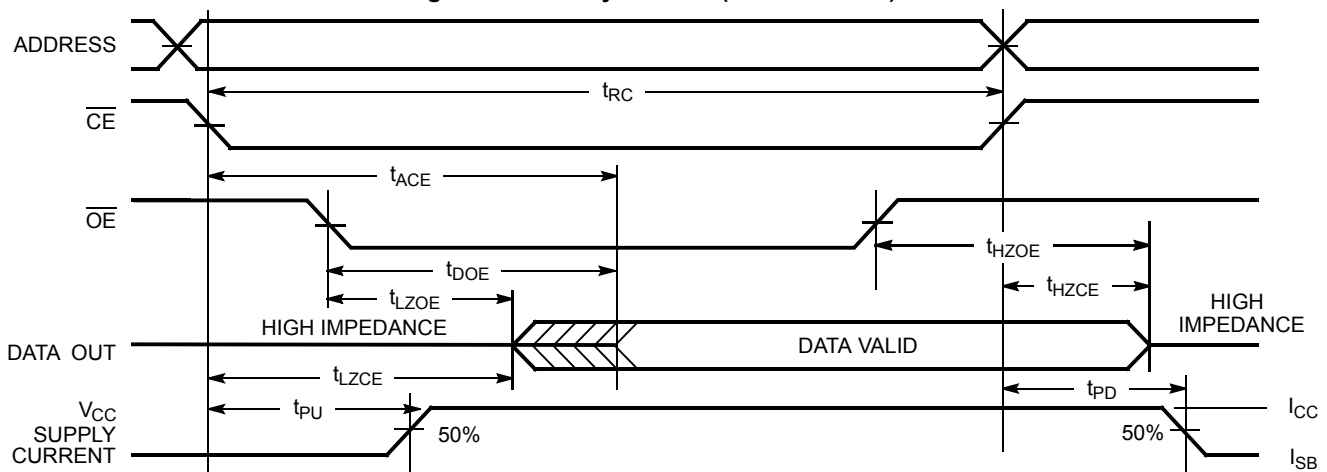
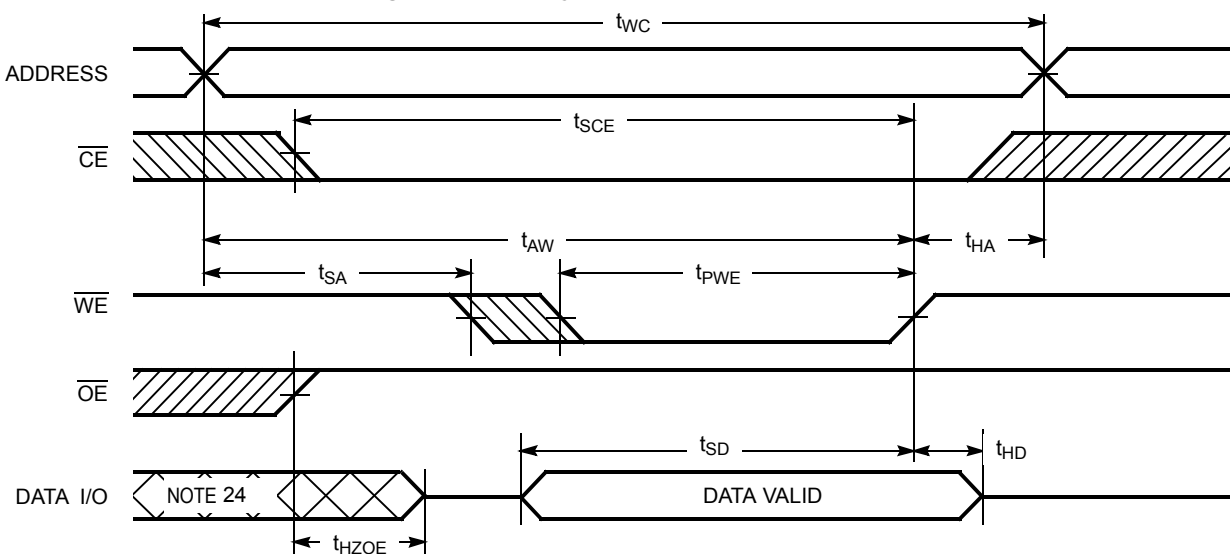


Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 1 ( $\overline{WE}$  Controlled) [21, 22, 23]



### Notes

18. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ .

19.  $\overline{WE}$  is HIGH for read cycle.

20. Address valid before or similar to  $\overline{CE}$  transition LOW.

21. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

22. Data I/O is high impedance if  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ .

23. If  $\overline{CE}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\overline{WE}$  HIGH, the output remains in high impedance state.

24. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 2 ( $\overline{\text{CE}}$  Controlled) [25, 26, 27]

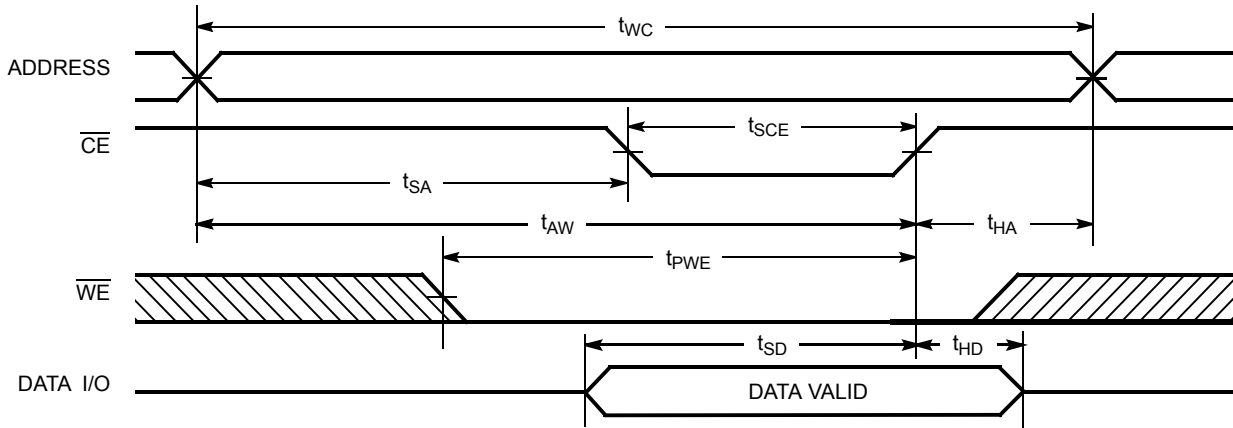
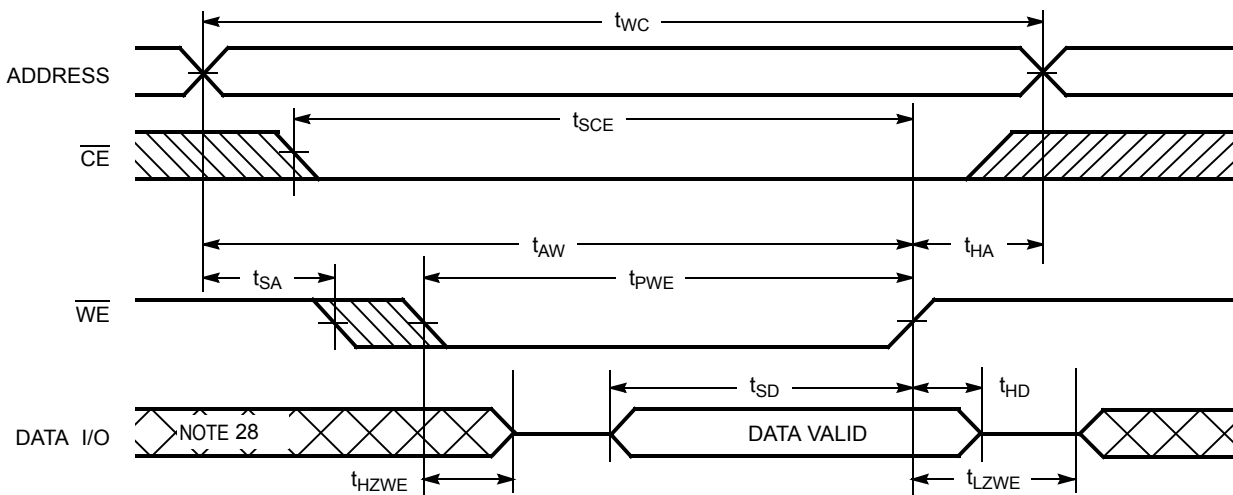


Figure 8. Write Cycle No. 3 ( $\overline{\text{WE}}$  Controlled,  $\overline{\text{OE}}$  LOW) [27]



Notes

- 25. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{\text{WE}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{CE}} = V_{IL}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing should be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 26. Data I/O is high impedance if  $\overline{\text{OE}} = V_{IH}$ .
- 27. If  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  goes HIGH simultaneously with  $\overline{\text{WE}}$  HIGH, the output remains in high impedance state.
- 28. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.

**Truth Table**

$\overline{CE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{OE}$	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
H	X <sup>[29]</sup>	X <sup>[29]</sup>	High Z	Deselect/power-down	Standby ( $I_{SB}$ )
L	H	L	Data out	Read	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	L	X <sup>[29]</sup>	Data in	Write	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )
L	H	H	High Z	Selected, outputs disabled	Active ( $I_{CC}$ )

**Note**

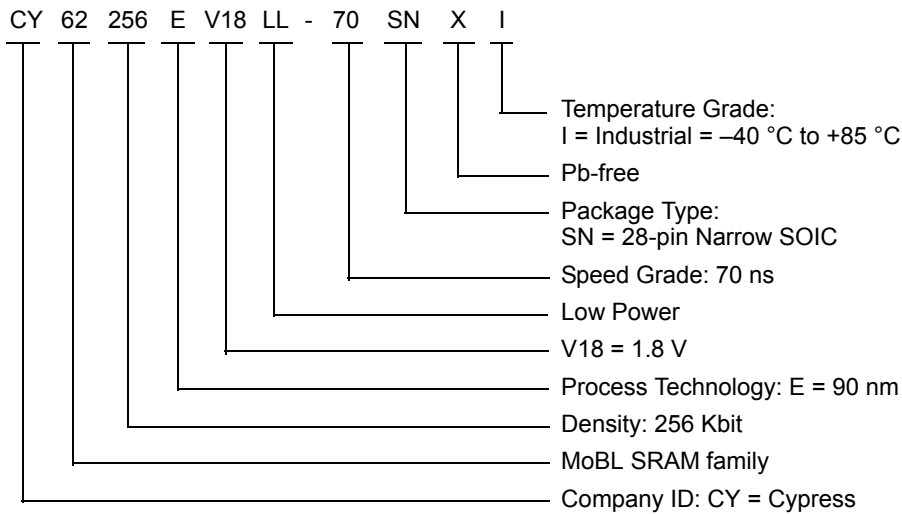
<sup>29</sup>. The 'X' (Don't care) state for the  $\overline{CE}$  /  $\overline{OE}$  /  $\overline{WE}$  in the truth table refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted.

**Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
70	CY62256EV18LL-70SNXI	51-85092	28-pin (300-Mil) Narrow SOIC (Pb-free)	Industrial

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.

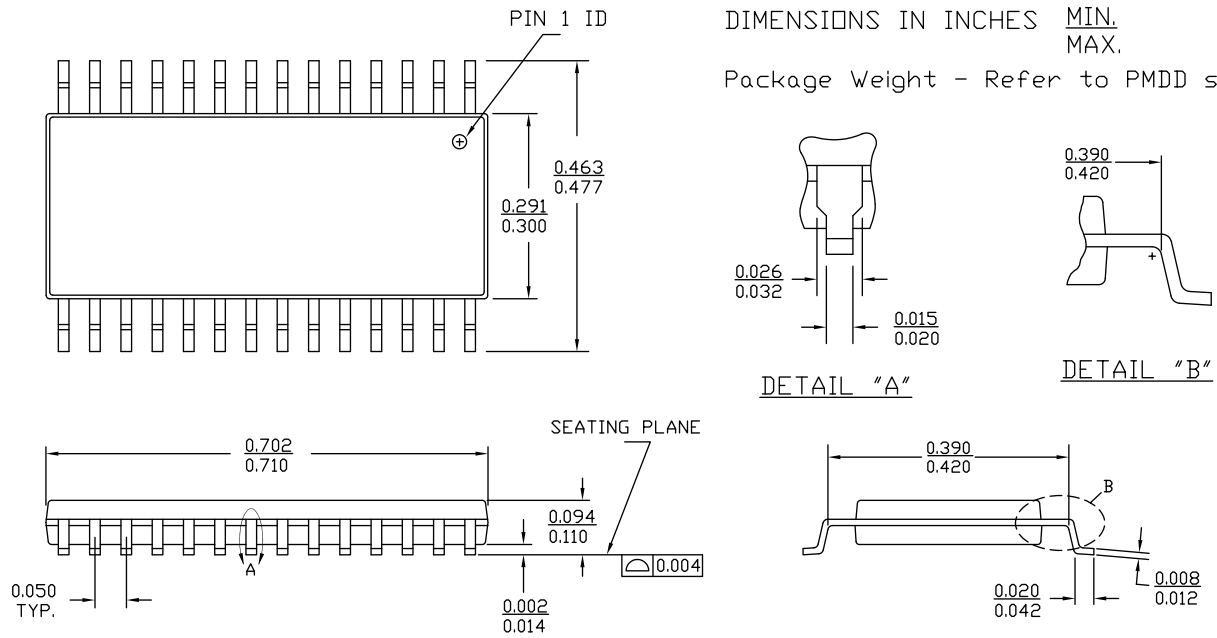
**Ordering Code Definitions**



**Package Diagrams**

**Figure 9. 28-pin SNC (300 Mils) SN28.3 (Narrow Body) Package Outline, 51-85092**

SNC 28.300 WITH NARROW BODY



51-85092 \*E

## Acronyms

Acronym	Description
CMOS	Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
$\overline{\text{CE}}$	Chip Enable
I/O	Input/Output
$\overline{\text{OE}}$	Output Enable
SRAM	Static Random Access Memory
SOIC	Small Outline Integrated Circuit
$\overline{\text{WE}}$	Write Enable

## Document Conventions

### Units of Measure

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	degree Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μA	microampere
μs	microsecond
mA	milliampere
ns	nanosecond
Ω	ohm
pF	picofarad
V	volt
W	watt

**Document History Page**

Document Title: CY62256EV18 MoBL®, 256-Kbit (32 K × 8) Static RAM				
Document Number: 001-69650				
Revision	ECN	Submission Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change
**	3334904	09/07/2011	RAME	New data sheet.
*A	3413173	10/18/2011	RAME	Changed status from Preliminary to Final.
*B	3733339	09/04/2012	JISH	Fixed typo errors. Completing Sunset Review.
*C	4573121	11/18/2014	JISH	Updated <a href="#">Functional Description</a> : Added "For a complete list of related documentation, <a href="#">click here.</a> " at the end.
*D	4928585	09/21/2015	VINI	Updated <a href="#">Switching Characteristics</a> : Added Note 17 and referred the same note in "Write Cycle". Updated to new template. Completing Sunset Review.

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[IDT70V5388S166BG](#) [IS64WV3216BLL-15CTLA3](#) [IS66WVE4M16ECLL-70BLI](#) [PCF8570P](#) [K6F2008V2E-LF70000](#) [K6T4008C1B-GB70](#)  
[CY7C1353S-100AXC](#) [AS6C8016-55BIN](#) [AS7C164A-15PCN](#) [515712X](#) [IDT71V67603S133BG](#) [IS62WV51216EBLL-45BLI](#)  
[IS63WV1288DBLL-10HLI](#) [IS66WVE2M16ECLL-70BLI](#) [70V639S10BCG](#) [IS66WVE4M16EALL-70BLI](#) [IS62WV6416DBLL-45BLI](#)  
[IS61WV102416DBLL-10TLI](#) [CY7C1381KV33-100AXC](#) [CY7C1381KVE33-133AXI](#) [8602501XA](#) [5962-3829425MUA](#) [5962-3829430MUA](#)  
[5962-8855206YA](#) [5962-8866201YA](#) [5962-8866204TA](#) [5962-8866206MA](#) [5962-8866208UA](#) [5962-8872502XA](#) [5962-9062007MXA](#) [5962-](#)  
[9161705MXA](#) [70V3579S6BFI](#) [GS882Z18CD-150I](#) [M38510/28902BVA](#) [8413202RA](#) [5962-9161708MYA](#) [5962-8971203XA](#) [5962-](#)  
[8971202ZA](#) [5962-8872501LA](#) [5962-8866208YA](#) [5962-8866205YA](#) [5962-8866205UA](#) [5962-8866203YA](#) [5962-8855202YA](#)