## C- <br> CYPRESS

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## Description

MB39C605 is a Primary Side Regulation (PSR) LED driver IC for LED lighting. Using the information of the primary peak current and the transformer-energy-zero time, it is able to deliver a well regulated current to the secondary side without using an opto-coupler in an isolated flyback topology. Operating in critical conduction mode, a smaller transformer is required. In addition, MB39C605 has a built-in phase dimmable circuit and can constitute the lighting system for phase dimming.
It is most suitable for the general lighting applications, for example replacement of commercial and residential incandescent lamps.

## Features

■PSR topology in an isolated flyback circuit
■High efficiency (>80\% : without dimmer) and low EMI by detecting transformer zero energy
■TRAIC Dimmable LED lighting
■Highly reliable protection functions

- Under voltage lock out (UVLO)
- Over voltage protection (OVP)
$\square$ Over current protection (OCP)
$\square$ Short circuit protection (SCP)
$\square$ Over temperature protection (OTP)
-Switching frequency setting : 30 kHz to 133 kHz
■ Input voltage range VDD : 9V to 20V
■ Input voltage for LED lighting applications : AC110V ${ }_{\text {RMS }}, ~ A C 230 V_{\text {RMS }}$
■Output power range for LED lighting applications: 5 W to 10 W
■Small Package : SOP-8 ( $3.9 \mathrm{~mm} \times 5.05 \mathrm{~mm} \times 1.75 \mathrm{~mm}[\mathrm{Max}]$ )


## Applications

■Phase dimmable (Leading/Trailing) LED lighting
■LED lighting

Note: This product supports the web-based design simulation tool, Easy DesignSim.
It can easily select external components and can display useful information.
Please access from http://cypress.transim.com/login.aspx

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## 1. Pin Assignment

Figure 1-1. Pin Assignment


## 2. Pin Descriptions

Table 2-1. Pin Descriptions

| Pin No. | Pin Name | I/O |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | VDD | - | Pescription |
| 2 | TZE | I | Transformer Zero Energy detecting pin. |
| 3 | COMP | O | External Capacitor connection pin for the compensation. |
| 4 | VAC | I | Phase dimming control pin. |
| 5 | ADJ | O | Pin for adjusting the switch-on timing. |
| 6 | CS | I | Pin for detecting peak current of transformer primary winding. |
| 7 | GND | - | Ground pin. |
| 8 | DRV | O | External MOSFET gate connection pin. |

## 3. Block Diagram

Figure 3-1. Block Diagram (Isolated Flyback Application)


## 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 4-1. Absolute Maximum Rating

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Rating |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min | Max |  |
| Power Supply Voltage | Vvdd | VDD pin | -0.3 | +25 | V |
| Input Voltage | $V_{\text {cs }}$ | CS pin | -0.3 | +6.0 | V |
|  | V TZE | TZE pin | -0.3 | +6.0 | V |
|  | V Vac | VAC pin | -0.3 | +6.0 | V |
| Output Voltage | V DRV | DRV pin | -0.3 | +25 | V |
| Output Current | $\mathrm{I}_{\text {ADJ }}$ | ADJ pin | -1 | - | mA |
|  | IdRV | DRV pin DC level | -50 | +50 | mA |
| Power Dissipation | Pd | $\mathrm{Ta} \leq+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | - | 800 (*1) | mW |
| Storage temperature | TSTG | - | -55 | +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| ESD Voltage 1 | Vesdh | Human Body Model | -2000 | +2000 | V |
| ESD Voltage 2 | Vesdc | Charged Device Model | -1000 | +1000 | V |

*1: The value when using two layers PCB.
Reference: $\theta \mathrm{ja}$ (wind speed $0 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ ): $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$

Figure 4-1. Power Dissipation


## WARNING:

1. Semiconductor devices may be permanently damaged by application of stress (including, without limitation, voltage, current or temperature) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed any of these ratings.

## 5. Recommended Operating Conditions

Table 5-1. Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Min | Typ | Max |  |
| VDD pin Input Voltage | VDD | VDD pin | 9 | - | 20 | V |
| VAC pin Input Voltage | V Vac | VAC pin After UVLO release | 0 | - | 5 | V |
| VAC pin Input Current | Ivac | VAC pin Before UVLO release | 0 | - | 2.5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| TZE pin Resistance | Rtze | TZE pin | 50 | - | 200 | $k \Omega$ |
| ADJ pin Resistance | RadJ | ADJ pin | 9.3 | - | 185.5 | k $\Omega$ |
| COMP pin Capacitance | Ссомр | COMP pin | - | 0.01 | - | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |
| VDD pin Capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {BP }}$ | Set between VDD pin and GND pin | - | 4.7 | - | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |
| Operating Junction Temperature | Tj | - | -40 | - | +125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## WARNING:

1. The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated under these conditions.
2. Any use of semiconductor devices will be under their recommended operating condition.
3. Operation under any conditions other than these conditions may adversely affect reliability of device and could result in device failure.
4. No warranty is made with respect to any use, operating conditions or combinations not represented on this data sheet. If you are considering application under any conditions other than listed herein, please contact sales representatives beforehand.

## 6. Electrical Characteristics

Table 6-1 . Electrical Characteristics
$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{VVDD}=12 \mathrm{~V}\right)$

| Parameter |  | Symbol | Pin | Condition | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| POWER SUPPLY CURRENT | Power supply current | Ivdo(Static) | VDD | $V_{V D D}=20 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {TZE }}=1 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 3 | 3.6 | mA |
|  |  | Ivdd(operating) | VDD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V} \mathrm{vDD}=20 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Qg}=20 \mathrm{nC}, \\ & \mathrm{fsw}=133 \mathrm{kHz} \end{aligned}$ | - | 5.6 | - | mA |
| UVLO | UVLO Turn-on threshold voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {TH }}$ | VDD | - | 12.25 | 13 | 13.75 | V |
|  | UVLO Turn-off threshold voltage | $V_{\text {TL }}$ | VDD | - | 7.55 | 7.9 | 8.5 | V |
|  | Startup current | Istart | VDD | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{VDD}}=7 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 65 | 160 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| TRANSFORMER ZERO ENERGY DETECTION | Zero energy threshold voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {tzetL }}$ | TZE | TZE = "H" to "L" | - | 20 | - | mV |
|  | Zero energy threshold voltage | $V_{\text {tzeth }}$ | TZE | TZE = "L" to "H" | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | V |
|  | TZE clamp voltage | $V_{\text {tzeclamp }}$ | TZE | $I_{\text {Tze }}=-10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$ | -200 | -160 | -100 | mV |
|  | OVP threshold voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {Tzeovp }}$ | TZE | - | 4.15 | 4.3 | 4.45 | v |
|  | OVP blanking time | tovpblank | TZE | - | 0.6 | 1 | 1.7 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | TZE input current | Itze | TZE | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {TZE }}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | -1 | - | +1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| COMPENSATIO <br> N | Source current | Iso | COMP | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\text {comp }}=2 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {cs }}=0 \mathrm{~V}, \\ & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{VAC}}=1.85 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | - | -27 | - | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | Trans conductance | gm | COMP | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {comp }}=2.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\text {cs }}=1 \mathrm{~V}$ | - | 96 | - | $\mu \mathrm{A} / \mathrm{V}$ |
| DIMMING | VAC input current | Ivac | VAC | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{VAC}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | -0.1 | - | +0.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | VACCMP threshold voltage | Vvaccmpvth | VAC | - | 135 | 150 | 165 | mV |
|  | VACCMP hysteresis | Vvaccmphys | VAC | - | - | 70 | - | mV |
| ADJUSTMENT | ADJ voltage | $V_{\text {ADJ }}$ | ADJ | - | 1.81 | 1.85 | 1.89 | V |
|  | ADJ source current | I ADJ | ADJ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {ADJ }}=0 \mathrm{~V}$ | -650 | -450 | -250 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | ADJ time | TAdJ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TZE } \\ & \text { DRV } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & T_{A D J}\left(R_{A D J}=51 \mathrm{k} \Omega\right)- \\ & T_{\text {ADJ }}(\text { RADJ }=9.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega) \end{aligned}$ | 490 | 550 | 610 | ns |
|  | Minimum switching period | Tsw | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TZE } \\ & \text { DRV } \end{aligned}$ | - | 6.75 | 7.5 | 8.25 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |

$\left(\mathrm{Ta}=+25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{VDD}}=12 \mathrm{~V}\right)$

| Parameter |  | Symbol | Pin | Condition | Value |  |  | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min |  |  | Typ | Max |  |
| CURRENT SENSE | OCP threshold voltage |  | Vocpth | CS | - | 1.9 | 2 | 2.1 | V |
|  | OCP delay time | tocpdiy | CS | - | - | 400 | 500 | ns |
|  | CS input current | Ics | CS | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{cs}}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ | -1 | - | +1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| DRV | DRV high voltage | V ${ }_{\text {drve }}$ | DRV | $V D D=18 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{ldrv}=-30 \mathrm{~mA}$ | 7.6 | 9.4 | - | V |
|  | DRV low voltage | V ${ }_{\text {dVVL }}$ | DRV | $V D D=18 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{l}$ DRV $=30 \mathrm{~mA}$ | - | 130 | 260 | mV |
|  | Rise time | trise | DRV | $\mathrm{VDD}=18 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{CLOAD}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ | - | 94 | - | ns |
|  | Fall time | tfall | DRV | $\mathrm{VDD}=18 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{CLOAD}=1 \mathrm{nF}$ | - | 16 | - | ns |
|  | Minimum on time | tonmin | DRV | TZE trigger | 300 | 500 | 700 | ns |
|  | Maximum on time | tonmax | DRV | - | 27 | 44 | 60 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Minimum off time | toffmin | DRV | - | 1 | 1.5 | 1.93 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
|  | Maximum off time | toffmax | DRV | TZE = GND | 270 | 320 | 370 | $\mu \mathrm{s}$ |
| OTP | OTP threshold | Totp | - | Tj, temperature rising | - | +150 | - | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | OTP hysteresis | Totphys | - | Tj , temperature falling, degrees below Totp | - | +25 | - | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## 7. Standard Characteristics

Figure 7-1. Standard Characteristics


MB39C605

## 8. Function Explanations

### 8.1 LED Current Control by PSR (Primary Side Regulation)

MB39C605 regulates the average LED current (lLED) by feeding back the information based on Primary Winding peak current (IP_PEAK) and Secondary Winding energy discharge time (TDIS) and switching period (Tsw). Figure 8-1 shows the operating waveform in steady state. $I_{P}$ is Primary Winding current and $I_{S}$ is Secondary Winding current. ILED as an average current of the Secondary Winding is described by the following equation.

$$
I_{\text {LED }}=\frac{1}{2} \times I_{I_{-} P E A K} \times \frac{T_{D I S}}{T_{S W}}
$$

Using Ip_PEAK and the transformer Secondary to Primary turns ratio ( $\mathrm{Np} / \mathrm{Ns}$ ), Secondary Winding peak current (Is_PEAK) is described by the following equation.

$$
I_{S \_P E A K}=\frac{N P}{N s} \times I_{P \_P E A K}
$$

Therefore,

$$
I_{L E D}=\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{N_{P}}{N_{S}} \times I_{P-P E A K} \times \frac{T D I S}{T S W}
$$

MB39C605 detects TDIs by monitoring TZE pin and IP_PEAK by monitoring CS pin. An internal Err Amp sinks gm current proportional to IP_PEAK from COMP pin during TDIS period. In steady state, since the average of the gm current is equal to internal reference current (Iso), the voltage on COMP pin ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {comp }}$ ) is nearly constant.

$$
\text { IP_PEAK } \times \text { Rcs } \times \mathrm{gm} \times \text { TDIS }=\text { Iso } \times \text { Tsw }
$$

In above equation, gm is transconductance of the Err Amp and Rcs is a sense resistance.
Eventually, Iled can be calculated by the following equation.

$$
\mathrm{I}_{\text {LED }}=\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{p}}}{\mathrm{~N}_{\mathrm{s}}} \times \frac{\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{so}}}{\mathrm{gm}} \times \frac{1}{\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{cs}}}
$$

Figure 8-1. LED Current Control Waveform


### 8.2 Dimming Function

MB39C605 has the built-in Phase dimmable circuit to control ILed by changing a reference of Err Amp based on the input dimming control level on the VAC pin and realizes dimming. Figure $8-2$ shows the input circuit to the VAC pin for phase dimming. VBuLKo is divided and filtered into an analog voltage with RC network. It is possible to configurate phase dimmable system by inputting the voltage to the VAC pin.

Figure 8-2. VAC Pin Input Circuit


MB39C605

### 8.3 Power-On Sequence

When the AC line voltage is supplied, $V_{\text {вицк }}$ is powered from the $A C$ line through a diode bridge and a diode (D1) with charging a capacitor (Свицк), and the VDD pin is charged from V Bulк through a start-up resistance (Rst). (Figure 8-3 red path)

When the VDD pin is charged up and the voltage on the VDD pin (Vvod) rises above the UVLO threshold voltage, an internal Bias circuit starts operating, and MB39C605 starts the dimming control. After the UVLO is released, this device enables switching and is operating in a forced switching mode ( $T_{\text {on }}=1.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, Toff $=78 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $320 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ ). When the voltage on the TZE pin reaches the Zero energy threshold voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {TZETH }}=0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ ), MB39C605 enters normal operation mode. After the switching begins, the VDD pin is also charged from Auxiliary Winding through an external diode (DBIAS). (Figure 8-3 blue path)

During start-up period Vvod is not supplied from Auxiliary Winding, because the LED voltage is low. Vvod decreases gradually until the LED voltage rises above enough high that the Auxiliary Winding voltage can exceed Vvdd. In this period, if Vvdd falls below the UVLO threshold voltage, the switching stops. When the VDD pin is charged up again and VvdD rises above the UVLO threshold voltage, MB39C605 restarts the switching. This device repeats above operation until the LED voltage rises above enough high. $V_{\text {vdd }}$ becomes stable after that.

Figure 8-3. VDD Supply Path at Power-On


Figure 8-4. Power-On Waveform


### 8.4 Power-Off Sequence

After the AC line voltage is removed, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {вuLк }}$ is discharged by switching operation. Since any Secondary Winding current does not flow, Iled is supplied only from output capacitors and decreases gradually. Vvdd also decreases because there is no current supply from both Auxiliary Winding and Vbulk. When Vvdd falls below the UVLO threshold voltage, MB39C605 shuts down.

Figure 8-5. Power-Off Waveform


### 8.5 IP_PEAK Detection Function

MB39C605 detects Primary Winding peak current (Ip_PEAK) of Transformer. ILed is set by connecting a sense resistance (Rcs) between CS pin and GND pin. Maximum Ip_PEAK (Ip_PEAKMAX) limited by Over Current Protection (OCP) can also be set with the resistance.
Using the Secondary to Primary turns ratio ( $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{P}} / \mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{s}}$ ) and $\mathrm{I}_{\text {LED }}$, $\mathrm{Rcs}_{\mathrm{cs}}$ is set as the following equation (refer to 8.1)

$$
R C s=\frac{N p}{N s} \times \frac{0.14}{\text { ILED }}
$$

In addition, using the OCP threshold voltage (VOCPTH) and Rcs, IP_PEAKMAX is calculated with the following equation.

$$
I_{\text {P_PEAKMAX }}=\frac{\text { VocPTH }}{\text { Rcs }}
$$

### 8.6 Zero Voltage Switching Function

MB39C605 has built-in zero voltage switching function to minimize switching loss of the external switching MOSFET. This device detects a zero crossing point through a resistor divider connected from TZE pin to Auxiliary Winding. A zero energy detection circuit detects a negative crossing point of the voltage on TZE pin to Zero energy threshold voltage ( $\mathrm{V}_{\text {TZETL }}$ ). On-timing of switching MOSFET is decided with waiting an adjustment time (taDJ) after the negative crossing occurs.
$t_{A D J}$ is set by connecting an external resistance (RadJ) between ADJ pin and GND pin. Using Primary Winding inductance (Lp) and the parasitic drain capacitor of switching MOSFET (CD), $\mathrm{t}_{A D J}$ is calculated with the following equation.

$$
\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ADJ}}=\frac{\pi \sqrt{\mathrm{LP} \times \mathrm{CD}}}{2}
$$

Using $t_{A D J}, R_{A D J}$ is expressed by the following calculation.

$$
R_{\mathrm{ADJ}}[k \Omega]=0.0927 \times \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ADJ}}[\mathrm{~ns}]
$$

### 8.7 Protection Functions

## Under Voltage Lockout Protection (UVLO)

The under voltage lockout protection (UVLO) prevents IC from a malfunction in the transient state during Vvdd startup and a malfunction caused by a momentary drop of $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{vDD}}$, and protects the system from destruction/deterioration. An UVLO comparator detects the voltage decrease below the UVLO threshold voltage on VDD pin, and then DRV pin is turned to "L" and the switching stops. MB39C605 automatically returns to normal operation mode when Vvdo increases above the UVLO threshold voltage.

## Over Voltage Protection (OVP)

The over voltage protection (OVP) protects Secondary side components from an excessive voltage stress. If the LED is disconnected, the output voltage of Secondary Winding rises up. The output overvoltage can be detected by monitoring TZE pin. During Secondary Winding energy discharge time, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {TZE }}$ is proportional to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{Aux}}$ and the voltage of Secondary Winding (refer to 8.1). When VTze rises higher than the OVP threshold voltage for 3 continues switching cycles, DRV pin is turned to "L", and the switching stops (latch off). When Vvid drops below the UVLO threshold voltage, the latch is removed.

## Over Current Protection (OCP)

The over current protection (OCP) prevents inductor or transformer from saturation. The drain current of the external switching MOSFET is limited by OCP. When the voltage on CS pin reaches the OCP threshold voltage, DRV pin is turned to "L" and the switching cycle ends. After zero crossing is detected on TZE pin again, DRV pin is turned to "H" and the next switching cycle begins.

## Short Circuit Protection (SCP)

The short circuit protection (SCP) protects the transformer and the Secondary side diode from an excessive current stress. When the short circuit between LED terminals occurs, output voltage decreases. If the voltage on TZE pin falls below SCP threshold voltage, $\mathrm{V}_{\text {сомp }}$ is discharged and fixed at 1.5 V and then the switching enters a low frequency mode. ( $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{ON}}=1.5 \mu \mathrm{~s} / \mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{OFF}}=78 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $320 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ )

## Over Temperature Protection (OTP)

The over temperature protection (OTP) protects IC from thermal destruction. When the junction temperature reaches $+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, DRV pin is turned to " $L$ ", and the switching stops. It automatically returns to normal operation mode if the junction temperature falls back below $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

Table 8-1. Protection Functions Table

| Function | PIN Operation |  |  | Detection Condition | Return Condition | Remarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DRV | COMP | ADJ |  |  |  |
| Normal Operation | Active | Active | Active | - | - | - |
| Under Voltage Lockout Protection (UVLO) | L | L | L | VDD $<7.9 \mathrm{~V}$ | VDD > 13V | Auto Restart |
| Over Voltage Protection (OVP) | L | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { fixed } \end{aligned}$ | Active | TZE $>4.3 \mathrm{~V}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{VDD}<7.9 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \rightarrow \mathrm{VDD}>13 \mathrm{~V} \end{aligned}$ | Latch off |
| Over Current Protection (OCP) | L | Active | Active | CS $>2 \mathrm{~V}$ | Cycle by cycle | Auto Restart |
| Short Circuit Protection (SCP) | Active | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { fixed } \end{aligned}$ | Active | TZE (peak) < 0.7V | TZE (peak) $>0.7 \mathrm{~V}$ | Auto Restart |
| Over Temperature Protection (OTP) | L | $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \text { fixed } \end{aligned}$ | Active | $\mathrm{Tj}>+150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | T < $+125^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | Auto Restart |

## 9. I/O Pin Equivalent Circuit Diagram

Figure 9-1. I/O Pin Equivalent Circuit Diagram

| Pin No. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pin } \\ \text { Name } \end{gathered}$ | Equivalent Circuit Diagram |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | TZE |  |
| 3 | COMP |  |
| 4 | VAC |  |

Pin No. | Pin |
| :---: |
| Name | ADJ

## 10. Application Examples

### 10.1 5W Non-isolated Dimming Application

Input: $\mathrm{AC9OV}_{\text {RMs }} \sim 110 \mathrm{~V}_{\text {RMs }}$, Output: $\mathbf{7 0 m A} / \mathbf{7 0 V} \sim \mathbf{7 6 V}, \mathbf{T a}=\boldsymbol{+ 2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Figure 10-1. 5W EVB Schematic


Table 10-1. 5W BOM List

| No. | Component | Description | Part No. | Vendor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | M1 | LED driver IC SOP-8 | MB39C605 | Cypress |
| 2 | U1 | Op-Amp, Low voltage Rail-to-Rail, $130 \mu \mathrm{~A}$, SOT-23-5 | LMV321 | TI |
| 3 | T1 | Transformer, Lp $=550 \mu \mathrm{H} \quad \mathrm{Np} / \mathrm{Na}=150 / 35$ | EE808 | - |
| 4 | Q1 | MosFET N-CH 600V 2.8A I-PAK | FQU5N60C | Fairchild |
| 5 | Q2 | MosFET N-CH 60V 115mA SOT-23 | 2N7002 | Fairchild |
| 6 | Q3 | MosFET N-CH 600V 0.3A TO-92 | FQN1N60C | Fairchild |
| 7 | BR1 | Bridge Rectifiers, 0.5A, 600V, SOIC-4 | MB6S | Fairchild |
| 8 | ZD1, ZD2 | Diode, Zener, 18V, 500mW, SOD-123 | MMSZ5248B | Fairchild |
| 9 | ZD3 | Diode, Zener, 5.1V, 500mW, SOD-123 | MMSZ4689 | Fairchild |
| 10 | D1, D2 | Diode, fast rectifier, 1A, 400V, SMA | ES1G | Fairchild |
| 11 | D3 | Diode, 200mA, 200V, SOT-23 | MMBD1405 | Fairchild |
| 12 | D4 | PNP Bipolar Transistor 12V 3A CPH3 | CPH3106 | On semiconductor |
| 13 | F1 | Fuse, chip, 2A, AC/DC125V, 1206 | 3410.0035.01 | Schurter Inc |
| 14 | C1 | Capacitor, aluminum electrolytic, $8.2 \mu \mathrm{~F} 200 \mathrm{~V}$ $\phi 8.0 \times 11.0$ | 200LLE8R2MEFC8X9 | Rubycon |
| 15 | C2 | Capacitor Ceramic $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ 100V 1206 | GRM31CR72A225KA73L | murata |
| 16 | C3 | Capacitor Ceramic $4.7 \mu \mathrm{~F} 35 \mathrm{~V} 0603$ | - | - |
| 17 | C4, C7 | Capacitor Ceramic 10 1 F 25V 0603 | - | - |
| 18 | C5 | Capacitor Ceramic $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F} 50 \mathrm{~V} 0603$ | - | - |
| 19 | C6 | Capacitor Ceramic $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F} 50 \mathrm{~V} 0603$ | - | - |
| 20 | R1 | Resistor, winding $10 \Omega 3 \mathrm{~W} \pm 5 \%$ | - | - |
| 21 | R2, R11 | Resistor, chip, 240k $\Omega$, 1/10W, 0603 | - | - |
| 22 | R3 | Resistor, chip, 10k $\Omega$, 1/10W, 0603 | - | - |
| 23 | R4 | Resistor, chip, 2k , 1/4W, 1206 | - | - |
| 24 | R5 | Resistor, chip, 470k $\Omega, 1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}, 0603$ | - | - |
| 25 | R6 | Resistorr, chip, 200k $\Omega 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, 1206$ | - | - |
| 26 | R7 | Resistor, chip, 100k $\Omega, 1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}, 0603$ | - | - |
| 27 | R8 | Resistor, chip, 10ת, 1/10W, 0603 | - | - |
| 28 | R9 | Resistor, chip, 110k $\Omega, 1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}, 0603$ | - | - |
| 29 | R10 | Resistor, chip, 30k $, 1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}, 0603$ | - | - |
| 30 | R12 | Resistor, chip, 3.0k $\Omega, 1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}, 0603$ | - | - |
| 31 | R13 | Resistor, chip, 24k , 1/10W, 0603 | - | - |
| 32 | R14 | Resistor, chip, 3.3@, 1/10W, 0603 | - | - |
| 33 | R15 | Resistor, chip, $4.7 \Omega$, 1/10W, 0603 | - | - |
| 34 | R16 | Resistorr, chip, 150k 1 1/4W, 1206 | - | - |
| 35 | R17 | Resistor, chip, $5.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, 1/10W, 0603 | - | - |
| 36 | R18 | Resistor, chip, 36k , 1/10W, 0603 | - | - |
| 37 | R19 | Resistor, chip, 150k $\Omega, 1 / 10 \mathrm{~W}, 0603$ | - | - |
| 38 | R20 | Resistor, chip, 3.3k , 1/10W, 0603 | - | - |
| 39 | R21 | Resistor, chip, 1kת, 1/10W, 0603 | - | - |

## TI

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On Semiconductor
Schurter Inc
Rubycon
muRata
: Texas Instruments Incorporated
: Fairchild Semiconductor International, Inc.
: ON Semiconductor
: Schurter Holding AG
: Rubycon Corporation
: Murata Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

Figure 10-2. 5W Reference Data



## Dimming Curve

## Vin=100V ${ }_{\text {RMs }} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ LED:70V 73mA


— : DVCL-123P-JA
—: WTC 57521
_ : WDG9001

_ : DVCL-123P-JA
—: WTC 57521

- : WDG9001

| Dimmer |  | Input Condition | Type | Minimum <br> Angle ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) | Minimum$\mathrm{I}_{0 \mathrm{OIT}}(\mathrm{~mA})$ | Maximum Angle ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) | Maximum$\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{OUT}}(\mathrm{~mA})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vendor | Parts Name |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LUTRON | DVCL-123P-JA | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { VIN }=100 \mathrm{Vrms} \\ 50 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ \text { (Japan Dimmer) } \end{gathered}$ | Leading Edge | 32.8 | 1.3 | 130.9 | 73.2 |
| Panasonic | WTC 57521 |  |  | 31.1 | 1.0 | 134.1 | 73.2 |
| TOSHIBA | WDG9001 |  | Trailing Edge | 27.5 | 5.7 | 146.9 | 73.2 |
| LUTRON | DVCL-123P-JA | $\begin{gathered} \hline \hline \text { VIN }=100 \mathrm{Vrms} \\ 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \\ \text { (Japan Dimmer) } \end{gathered}$ | Leading Edge | 31.3 | 1.2 | 126.1 | 73.3 |
| Panasonic | WTC 57521 |  |  | 30.5 | 1.0 | 133.7 | 73.4 |
| TOSHIBA | WDG9001 |  | Trailing Edge | 33.9 | 8.7 | 152.5 | 73.4 |

Total Harmonic Distortion(THD)
LED:70V 73mA


## 11. Usage Precautions

Do not configure the IC over the maximum ratings.
If the IC is used over the maximum ratings, the LSI may be permanently damaged.
It is preferable for the device to normally operate within the recommended usage conditions. Usage outside of these conditions can have an adverse effect on the reliability of the LSI.

Use the device within the recommended operating conditions.
The recommended values guarantee the normal LSI operation under the recommended operating conditions.
The electrical ratings are guaranteed when the device is used within the recommended operating conditions and under the conditions stated for each item.

Printed circuit board ground lines should be set up with consideration for common impedance.
Take appropriate measures against static electricity.
■Containers for semiconductor materials should have anti-static protection or be made of conductive material.
■After mounting, printed circuit boards should be stored and shipped in conductive bags or containers.
■Work platforms, tools, and instruments should be properly grounded.
■Working personnel should be grounded with resistance of $250 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ to $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ in serial between body and ground.
Do not apply negative voltages.
The use of negative voltages below - 0.3 V may make the parasitic transistor activated to the LSI, and can cause malfunctions.

## 12. RoHS Compliance Information

This product has observed the standard of lead, cadmium, mercury, Hexavalent chromium, polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), and polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE).

## 13. Ordering Information

Table 13-1. Ordering Information

| Part Number | Package | Shipping Form |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| MB39C605PNF-G-JNEFE1 |  | Emboss |
| MB39C605PNF-G-JNE1 plastic SOP <br> (SOB008) | Tube |  |

MB39C605

## 14. Package Dimensions



| SYMBOL | DIMENSIONS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. |
| A | - | - | 1.75 |
| A1 | 0.05 | - | 0.25 |
| A2 | 1.30 | 1.40 | 1.50 |
| D | 5.05 BSC. |  |  |
| E | 6.00 BSC.$$ |  |  |
| E1 | 3.90 BSC |  |  |
| $\theta$ | $00^{\circ}$ | - | $8{ }^{\circ}$ |
| c | 0.15 | - | 0.25 |
| b | 0.36 | 0.44 | 0.52 |
| L | 0.45 | 0.60 | 0.75 |
| L 1 | 1.05 REF |  |  |
| L 2 | 0.25 BSC |  |  |
| e | 1.27 BSC. |  |  |
| h | 0.40 BSC.$$ |  |  |

NOTES

1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETER.
2. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
3. DIMENSIONING D INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, DIMENSIONING E1 DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.025 mm PER SIDE. D and E1 DIMENSION ARE DETERMINED AT DATUM H .
4. THE PACKAGE TOP MAY BE SMALLER THAN THE PACKAGE BOTTOM. DIMENSIONING D and E1 ARE DETERMINED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH, THE BAR BURRS, GATE BURRS AND INTERLEAD FLASH, BUT INCLUDING ANY MISMATCH BETWEEN THE TOP AND BOTTOM OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
f. DATUMS A \& B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM $H$.
5. "N" IS THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TERMINAL POSITIONS FOR THE SPECIFIED PACKAGE LENGTH.
A THE DIMENSION APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN 0.10 mm TO 0.25 mm FROM THE LEAD TIP.
6. DIMENSION "b" DOES NOT INCLUDE THE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.10 mm TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE "b" DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION. THE DAMBAR MAY NOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADIUS OF THE FOOT
Q THIS CHAMFER FEATURE IS OPTIONAL. LF IT IS NOT PRESENT, THEN A PIN 1 IDENTIFIER MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE INDEX AREA INDICATED
dA1" IS DEFINED AS THE VERTICAL DISTANCE FROM THE SEATING PLANE TO THE LOWEST POINT ON THE PACKAGE BODY EXCLUDING THE LID AND OR THERMAL ENHANCEMENT ON CAVITY DOWN PACKAGE CONFIGURATIONS.
7. JEDEC SPECIFICATION NO. REF : N/A

## 15. Major Changes

Spansion Publication Number: MB39C605-DS405-00017

| Page | Section | Descriptions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revision 1.0 |  |  |
| - | - | Initial release |
| Revision 2.0 |  |  |
| 16 | 11.6 Zero Voltage Switching Function | Corrected the R ${ }_{\text {ADJ }}$ formula |
| 20 | 13. Application Examples | Added Application Examples |
| 26 | 15. Ordering Information | Added Shipping in Table 15-1 |
| - | , | Rewrote entire document for improving the ease of understanding (the original intentions are remained unchanged). |
| Revision 3.0 |  |  |
| 8 | 7. Absolute Maximum Ratings | Removed ESD Voltage (Machine Model) from Table 7-1 |
| - | Labeling Sample | Removed section of Labeling Sample |
| 28 | 17. Recommended mounting condition [JEDEC Level3] Lead Free | Changed Recommended Condition from three conditions to one condition "JEDEC LEVEL3" |

NOTE: Please see "Document History" about later revised information.

## Document History

Document Title: MB39C605 Phase Dimmable PSR LED Driver IC for LED Lighting Document Number: 002-08444

| Revision | ECN | Orig. of <br> Change | Submission Date | Description of Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ** | - | TOYO | 02/20/2015 | Migrated to Cypress and assigned document number 002-08444. <br> No change to document contents or format. |
| *A | 5211375 | TOYO | 04/12/2016 | Updated to Cypress format. |
| *B | 5742349 | HIXT | 05/22/2017 | Updated Pin Assignment: <br> Change the package name from FPT-8P-M02 to SOB008 <br> Added RoHS Compliance Information <br> Updated Ordering Information: <br> Change the package name from FPT-8P-M02 to SOB008 <br> Deleted "Marking Format" <br> Deleted "Recommended Mounting Condition [JEDEC Level3] Lead Free" <br> Updated Package Dimensions: Updated to Cypress format |

MB39C605

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