



25Gbps 4-Channel ReDriver with Linear Equalization

Features

- → 2.5 to 25Gbps Serial Link with Linear Equalizer
- → Supports SAS3/ SAS4/ IB FDR/ PCIe4/ UPI Protocols
- → Supporting Four Differential Channels
- → Handles up to 20dB Channel Loss (~30" FR4 Trace or 7m of High-Speed Low-Loss Cable)
- → Independent Channel Configuration of Receiver Equalization, Output Swing, and Flat Gain
- → Rate and Coding Agnostic
- → Transparent to Link Training, OOB
- \rightarrow Pin Strap and I²C Selectable Device Programming
- → 3-bit Selectable Address bit for I^2C
- → Supply Voltage: 3.3V±0.3V
- → Industrial Temperature Range: -40°C to 85°C
- → Pin Strap Value Latched into I²C Register
- → Totally Lead-Free & Fully RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)
- → Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)
- → Packaging (Pb-free & Green):
 - 42-Contact TQFN (9mm × 3.5mm)

Block Diagram



Description

Diodes' PI3EQX25904 is a multi-data rate, four differential channels ReDriver[™]. The device provides programmable linear equalization, output swing, and flat gain by either pin strapping option or I²C control to optimize performance over a variety of physical mediums by reducing intersymbol interference.

PI3EQX25904 supports four 100Ω differential CML data I/Os and extends the signals across other distant data pathways on the user's platform.

The integrated equalization circuitry provides flexibility with signal integrity of the signal before the ReDriver, whereas the integrated linear amplifier/buffer circuitry provides flexibility with signal integrity of the signal after the ReDriver.

Applications

- → Networking
- → Enterprise
- → Server
- → Storage

Pin Configuration (Top-Side View)



Notes:

- 1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.
- 2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free. 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.





| Pin Desc | ription | | |
|-------------|------------|------|---|
| Pin # | Pin Name | Туре | Description |
| Data Signal | s | | · |
| 4 | A0RX+ | Ι | CMU insult for Changel 40 with internal 500 willing and 70KO to White Drasthaming |
| 5 | A0RX- | Ι | CML inputs for Channel A0 with internal 5012 pullup and ~78K12 to V blas KX otherwise. |
| 35 | A0TX+ | 0 | CML outputs for Channel 40 with internal 500 multure 4KO to White Two as high immediated |
| 34 | A0TX- | 0 | CML outputs for Channel A0 with Internal 3022 pullup, 4K22 to V blas 1x, or high impedance. |
| 7 | A1RX+ | Ι | CML inputs for Channel A1 with internal 500 multure and 79KO to White Dy otherwise |
| 8 | A1RX- | Ι | CML inputs for Channel A1 with internal 3012 pullup and ~78K12 to v blas Kx otherwise. |
| 32 | A1TX+ | 0 | CML outputs for Channel A1 with internal 500 mullion 4KO to White Two as high immediated |
| 31 | A1TX- | 0 | CML outputs for Channel A1 with Internal 3022 pullup, 4K22 to v blas 1x, or high impedance. |
| 10 | A2RX+ | Ι | CML inputs for Channel A2 with internal 500 multure and 79KO to White Dy otherwise |
| 11 | A2RX- | Ι | CML inputs for Channel A2 with internal 5012 pullup and ~78K12 to V blas Kx otherwise. |
| 29 | A2TX+ | 0 | CML outputs for Channel A2 with internal 500 million 4KO to White Two as high immediated |
| 28 | A2TX- | 0 | CML outputs for Channel A2 with internal 5022 pullup, 4K12 to v blas 1x, or high impedance. |
| 13 | A3RX+ | Ι | CML inputs for Channel A2 with internal 500 pullup and 78KO to White Dy otherwise |
| 14 | A3RX- | Ι | CML inputs for Channel A5 with internal 5012 pullup and ~/8K12 to V blas Kx otherwise. |
| 26 | A3TX+ | 0 | CML outputs for Channel A2 with internal 500 multure 4KO to White Two as high immediated |
| 25 | A3TX- | 0 | CML outputs for Channel A5 with internal 5022 pullup, 4K32 to v blas 1x, or high impedance. |
| Control Sig | nals | | |
| 19 | SCL | I/O | I ² C SCL Clock. In Master mode (ENI2C floating), SCL is an output. Otherwise, it is an input. |
| 18 | SDA | I/O | I ² C SDA data input/output. |
| 42, 41, 17 | AD[3:1] | Ι | I ² C programmable address bits with internal 300k Ω pullup. |
| 20 | PRSNT# | Ι | This pin is active in both PIN mode (ENI2C=LOW) and I ² C mode (ENI2C=HIGH). Cable present detect input. This pin has internal 300K Ω pullup. When HIGH, a cable is not present, and the device is put in lower power mode. When LOW, the device is enabled and in normal operation. |
| 21 | ENI2C | Ι | When LOW, each channel is programmed by the external pin voltage. When HIGH, each channel is programmed by the data stored in the I ² C bus. When floating, Master mode (Read External EEPROM). Input with 150K Ω pullup and down. |
| 1, 40, 39 | EQ[2:0] | Ι | Inputs with internal 300k Ω pullup. This pin set the amount of Equalizer Boost in all channels when ENI2C is LOW. |
| 2 | SW1 | Ι | Inputs with internal 300k Ω pullup. This pin sets the output Voltage Level in all channels when ENI2C is LOW. |
| 38, 37 | FG[1:0] | Ι | Inputs with internal 300K Ω pullup resistor. Sets the output flat gain level on all channels when ENI2C is low. |
| 16 | I2C_RESET# | Ι | Inputs with internal 300K Ω pullup resistor. Reset pin for I ² C. When set low will reset the registers to default state. |



Pin Description Cont.



PI3EQX25904

| Pin # | Pin Name | Туре | Description |
|---|-----------------|------|--|
| 22 | I2C_DONE | 0 | Valid register load status output, use for daisy chain master. LOW = External EEPROM load failed HIGH = External EEPROM load passed |
| 23 | RXDET | Ι | This pin is active in both PIN mode(ENI2C=LOW) and I2C mode (ENI2C=HIGH). The RXDET pin controls the receiver detect function. Tie High = Enable receiver detect to support PCIe 3.0/4.0 and UPI interface Tie Low = Disable receiver detect to support SATA3/SAS3/SAS4 interface, input is 50Ω to VDD RXDET pin has 300K-ohm internal pull-up |
| Power Pins | | | |
| 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 24, 27, 30, 33, 36 | V _{CC} | PWR | 3.3V Supply Voltage |
| EP | GND | PWR | Exposed pad. Supply Ground. |

Note: 1. Be sure to use good conductive adhesive to properly attach package Ground Pad to PCB pad. This is both for thermal nd electrical conduction.





Description of Operation

Power Enable Function:

One pin control or I2C control. When PRSNT# is set to HIGH, the IC goes into power down mode, and both input and output termination set to 78K and high impedance respectively. Individual Channel Enabling is done through the I2C register programming.

Equalization Setting:

EQ[2:0] are the selection pins for the equalization selection.

Table 1. Equalization Setting

| | Equalizer Setting (dB) | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|------------------------|-----|----------|---------|-------|-------|--------|----------|--|--|
| EQ2 | EQ1 | EQ0 | @1.25GHz | @2.5GHz | @4GHz | @8GHz | @10GHz | @12.5GHz | | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 4.4 | 5.8 | 7.3 | | |
| 0 | 0 | 1 | 0.6 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 8.3 | 9.9 | 11.5 | | |
| 0 | 1 | 0 | 1.1 | 3.3 | 6.0 | 11.2 | 13.0 | 14.9 | | |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 1.6 | 4.5 | 7.7 | 13.5 | 15.6 | 17.9 | | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 2.2 | 5.6 | 9.0 | 14.7 | 16.7 | 18.8 | | |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 4.3 | 7.3 | 10.4 | 15.7 | 17.5 | 19.3 | | |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 4.7 | 8.1 | 11.2 | 16.5 | 18.3 | 20.0 | | |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 5.2 | 8.8 | 12.0 | 17.4 | 19.2 | 20.8 | | |

Flat Gain Setting:

FG[1:0] are the selection bits for the DC gain. Table 2. Flat Gain Setting

| Flat Gain Setting | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----|----|--|--|--|--|
| FG1 | FG0 | dB | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | -4 | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | -2 | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 2 | | | | |

Swing Setting:

SW[1:0] are the selection bits for the output swing value. Table 3. Swing Setting

| Output Swing Setting | | | | | | |
|----------------------|-----|-------|--|--|--|--|
| SW1 | SW0 | mVp-p | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 800 | | | | |
| 0 | 1 | 1000 | | | | |
| 1 | 0 | 1000 | | | | |
| 1 | 1 | 1200 | | | | |

Note: SW0 is from I2C, SW1 is from pin or I2C.





12C D •

| I ² C Pro | grammi | ng | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------|---------|-------------|--------|--------------------|-----------------|--------|---------------|--|
| Address | s Assignme | nt | | | | | | | |
| A6 | j | A5 | A4 | A3 | A2 | A1 | A0 | R/W | |
| 1 | 1 1 1 | | 1 | AD3 | AD2 | AD1 | 0 | 1=R, 0=W | |
| [| | | | | | | | | |
| BYTE 0 | Reserved | | | | | | | | |
| BYTE 1 | Reserved | | | | | | | | |
| BYTE 2 | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| Bit | Туре | Poweruj | p Condition | | | Control Affecte | d Cor | nment | |
| 7 | R/W | 0 | | _ | | A3 Powerdown | | | |
| 6 | R/W | 0 | | _ | | A2 Powerdown | | 1 = Powerdown | |
| 5 | R/W | 0 | | _ | | A1 Powerdown | | | |
| 4 | R/W | 0 | | _ | | A0 Powerdown | 1_1 | | |
| 3 | R/W | 0 | | _ | | _ | | | |
| 2 | R/W | 0 | | _ | | _ | | | |
| 1 | R/W | 0 | | _ | | _ | | | |
| 0 | R/W | 0 | | _ | | _ | | | |
| BYTE 3 | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| Bit | Туре | Powerup | o Condition | | | Control Affecto | ed Con | nment | |
| 7 | R/W | 0 | | | | _ | | | |
| 6 | R/W | EQ2 | | | | EQ2 | Eau | lizon | |
| 5 | R/W | EQ1 | | | | EQ1 | Еqua | Equalizer | |
| 4 | R/W | EQ0 | | Channa | 1 AO Configuration | EQ0 | | | |
| 3 | R/W | FG1 | | Channe | I AU COIIIguration | FG1 | | | |

2

1

0

R/W

R/W

R/W

FG0

SW1

1

FG0

SW1

SW0

Flat Gain

Swing





I²C Programming Cont.

| Bit | Туре | Powerup Condition | | Control Affected | Comment | |
|------|------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| 7 | R/W | 0 | | — | | |
| 6 | R/W | EQ2 | Channel A1 Configuration Channel A2 Configuration Channel A2 Configuration | EQ2 | F 1. | |
| 5 | R/W | EQ1 | | EQ1 | Equalizer | |
| 4 | R/W | EQ0 | Channel Al Conformation | EQ0 | | |
| 3 | R/W | FG1 | | FG1 | | |
| 2 | R/W | FG0 | | FG0 | Flat Galli | |
| 1 | R/W | SW1 | | SW1 | - Sauria a | |
| 0 | R/W | 1 | | SW0 | Swing | |
| BYTE | 5 | | | | | |
| Bit | Туре | Powerup Condition | | Control Affected | Comment | |
| 7 | R/W | 0 | | | | |
| 6 | R/W | EQ2 | | EQ2 | Equalizer | |
| 5 | R/W | EQ1 | | EQ1 | | |
| 4 | R/W | EQ0 | | EQ0 | | |
| 3 | R/W | FG1 | Channel A2 Configuration | FG1 | –Flat Gain | |
| 2 | R/W | FG0 | | FG0 | | |
| 1 | R/W | SW1 | | SW1 | Swing | |
| 0 | R/W | 1 | | SW0 | | |
| BYTE | 6 | | | | | |
| Bit | Туре | Powerup Condition | | Control Affected | Comment | |
| 7 | R/W | 0 | | — | | |
| 6 | R/W | EQ2 | | EQ2 | | |
| 5 | R/W | EQ1 | | EQ1 | Equalizer | |
| 4 | R/W | EQ0 | | EQ0 | - | |
| 3 | R/W | FG1 | Channel A3 Configuration | FG1 | | |
| 2 | R/W | FG0 | | FG0 | -Flat Gain | |
| 1 | R/W | SW1 | | SW1 | o . | |
| | | | | | Swing | |





Reset and I2CM Timing Diagram



I2C Operation

The integrated I2C interface operates as a master or slave device depending on the pin ENI2C being HIZ or HIGH respectively. Standard mode (100Kbps) is supported with 7-bit addressing. The data byte format is 8-bit bytes and supports the format of indexing to be compatible with other bus devices. In the Slave mode (ENI2C = HIGH), the device supports Read/Write. The bytes must be accessed in sequential order from the lowest to the highest byte with the ability to stop after any complete byte has been transferred.

Address bits A3 to A1 are programmable to support multiple chips environment.

In the master mode (ENI2C = HIZ), PI3EQX25904 supports up to eight masters connected in daisy chain through connecting I2C_DONE pin to I2C_RESET# pin of the next part.

Master EEPROM data starting address for device address:

| I2C Address: | |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| AD3, AD2, AD1 | Data Starting Location |
| 000 | 00H |
| 001 | 10H |
| 010 | 20H |
| 011 | 30H |
| 100 | 40H |
| 101 | 50H |
| 110 | 60H |
| 111 | 70H |





Transferring Data

Every byte put on the SDA line must be 8-bits long. Each byte must be followed by an acknowledge bit. Data is transferred with the most significant bit (MSB) first (see the I2C Data Transfer diagram). The PI3EQX25904 never holds the clock line SCL LOW to force the master into a wait state.

Acknowledge

Data transfer with acknowledge is required from the master. When the master releases the SDA line (HIGH) during the acknowledge clock pulse, the PI3EQX25904 pulls down the SDA line during the acknowledge clock pulse, so it remains stable LOW during the HIGH period of this clock pulse as indicated in the I2C Data Transfer diagram. The PI3EQX25904 generates an acknowledge after each byte is received.

Data Transfer

A data transfer cycle begins with the master issuing a start bit. After recognizing a start bit, the PI3EQX25904 watches the next byte of information for a match with its address setting. When a match is found it responds with a read or write of data on the following clocks. Each byte must be followed by an acknowledge bit, except for the last byte of a read cycle, which ends with a stop bit. For a write cycle, the first data byte following the address byte is an index byte that is used by the PI3EQX25904. Data is transferred with the most significant bit (MSB) first.

I2C Data Transfer

Start & Stop Conditions

A HIGH-to-LOW transition on the SDA line while SCL is HIGH indicates a START condition. A LOW-to-HIGH transition on the SDA line while SCL is HIGH defines a STOP condition, as shown in the figure below.







I2C Data Transfer





Note:



PI3EQX25904

Maximum Ratings

(Above which useful life may be impaired. For user guidelines, not tested.)

| Storage Temperature | 65°C to +150°C |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage to Ground Potential | 0.5V to +3.8V |
| DC SIG Voltage | –0.5V to $V_{CC}\mbox{+}0.5V$ |
| Output Current | 25mA to +25mA |
| Power Dissipation Continuous | 1.1W |
| Max Junction Temperature | 125°C |
| ESD, HBM | \dots -2kV to +2kV |

Stresses greater than those listed under MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Electrical Characteristics:

LVCMOS I/O DC Specifications (V_{CC} = 3.3 ± 0.3 V, T_A = -40° C to 85° C)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|-----------------|----------------------|------------|-----------------------|------|-----------------------|-------|
| V _{IH} | DC Input Logic High | — | $0.4V_{CC}$ | _ | V _{CC} + 0.3 | V |
| V _{IL} | DC Input Logic Low | | -0.3 | — | 0.1V _{CC} | V |
| V _{OH} | At IOH = -200μ A | _ | V _{CC} - 0.2 | — | _ | V |
| V _{OL} | At IOL = 200μ A | — | — | — | 0.2 | V |

SDA and SCL I/O for I2C-Bus ($V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 V$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|-------------------|--|----------------|------------------|------|--------------------------|-------|
| V _{IH} | DC Input Logic High | — | $V_{CC}/2 + 0.7$ | — | V _{CC} + 0.3 | V |
| V _{IL} | DC Input Logic Low | — | -0.3 | — | V _{CC} /2 - 0.7 | V |
| V _{OL} | DC Output Logic Low | $I_{OL} = 3mA$ | _ | — | 0.4 | V |
| V _{hys} | Hysteresis of Schmitt Trigger Input | — | 0.8 | — | _ | V |
| t _{of} | Output Fall Time from VIHmin to VILmax with bus cap. 10pF-400pF | _ | _ | _ | 250 | ns |
| f _{SCLK} | SCLK Clock Frequency | — | _ | _ | 100 | kHz |

High Speed I/O AC/DC Specifications ($V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|----------|-------|--|
| C _{RX} | RX AC Coupling Capacitance | — | — | 220 | — | nF | |
| C | Louise Distance Lines | 2.5GHz to 12.5GHz Differential | _ | -6 | _ | 10 | |
| 511 | Input Return Loss | 2.5GHz to 12.5GHz Common Mode | _ | -3 | Max. | dВ | |
| | | 2.5GHz to 12.5GHz Differential | _ | -6 | _ | dB | |
| 522 | Output Return Loss | 2.5GHz to 12.5GHz Common Mode | _ | -3 | _ | | |
| D | DC Single-Ended Input Impedance | — | _ | 50 | _ | 0 | |
| KIN | DC Differential Input Impedance | _ | _ | 100 | | | |





High Speed I/O AC/DC Specifications Cont.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|-------------------------|--|--|------|--------|------|---------------------|
| R _{OUT} | DC Single-Ended Output Impedance | _ | _ | 50 | _ | Ω |
| | DC Differential Output Impedance | _ | | 100 | _ | |
| Z _{RX-HIZ} | DC input CM Input Impedance During Reset Or Power Down | _ | _ | 200 | _ | kΩ |
| V _{RX-DIFF-PP} | Differential Input Peak-to-Peak Voltage | Operational | _ | _ | 1.2 | Vppd |
| | Input Source Common-Mode Noise | DC – 200MHz | _ | _ | 150 | mVpp |
| Vcc | Power Supply Voltage | - | 3 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| P _{max} | Max Supply Power | PRSNT#=0 | _ | _ | 1.3 | W |
| I _{max} | Max Supply Current | - | _ | _ | 360 | mA |
| P _{idle} | Supply Power | PRSNT#=1 | _ | _ | 3.6 | mW |
| t _{pd} | Latency | From Input to Output | _ | 0.1 | _ | ns |
| | Peaking Gain (Compensation at 12.5GHz, Relative to 100MHz, 100mVp-p Sine Wave Input) | EQ<2:0> = 111 | _ | 20.8 | _ | dB |
| Gp | | EQ<2:0> = 000 | _ | 7.3 | _ | |
| | | Variation Around Typical | -3 | _ | +3 | dB |
| | Flat Gain (100MHz, EQ<2:0> = 100, SW<1:0> = 10) | FG<1:0> = 11 | _ | 2 | _ | |
| | | FG<1:0> = 10 | _ | 0 | _ | dB |
| G _F | | FG<1:0> = 01 | - | -2 | - | |
| - | | FG<1:0> = 00 | _ | -4 | | |
| | | Variation Around Typical | -3 | _ | +3 | dB |
| | -1dB Compression Point of Output Swing (at 100MHz) | SW<1:0> = 11 | _ | 1200 | _ | mVppd |
| 3.7 | | SW<1:0> = 10 | _ | 1000 | _ | |
| V _{1dB_100M} | | SW<1:0> = 01 | _ | - 1000 | - | |
| | | SW<1:0> = 00 | _ | 800 | _ | |
| | -1dB Compression Point of Output Swing (at 12.5GHz) | SW<1:0> = 11 | _ | 900 | _ | mVppd |
| V _{1dB_8G} | | SW<1:0> = 10 | _ | 700 | _ | |
| | | SW<1:0> = 01 | - | 700 | - | |
| | | SW<1:0> = 00 | — | 500 | _ | |
| V _{Coup} | Channel Isolation | 100MHz to 12.5GHz, Figure 1 (Note 1) | _ | 25 | _ | dB |
| Vnoise_input | Input-Referred Noise | 100MHz to 12.5GHz, FG<1:0> = 10, EQ<2:0> = 000, Figure 2 | _ | 1.1 | _ | - mV _{RMS} |
| | | 100MHz to 12.5GHz, FG<1:0> = 10, EQ<2:0> = 111, Figure 2 | _ | 6.7 | _ | |





High Speed I/O AC/DC Specifications Cont.

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|--------------------|--------------------------------|--|------|------|------|-------------------|
| Vnoise_out- put | Output-Referred noise (Note 2) | 100MHz to 12.5GHz, FG<1:0> = 10, EQ<2:0> = 000, Figure 2 | _ | 0.9 | _ | mV _{RMS} |
| | | 100MHz to 12.5GHz, FG<1:0> = 10, EQ<2:0> = 111, Figure 2 | _ | 1.2 | _ | |

1. Measured using a vector-network analyzer (VNA) with -15dBm power level applied to the adjacent input. The VNA detects the signal at the output of Note: the victim channel. All other inputs and outputs are terminated with 50Ω .

2. Guaranteed by design and characterization.

AC/DC Specifications - SCL/SDA for I2C Bus

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Units |
|-----------|--|--------------------------|-------------|------|-------------|-------|
| Vih | DC Input Logic High | — | VCC/2 + 0.7 | _ | VCC + 0.3 | V |
| VIL | DC Input Logic Low | _ | -0.3 | | VCC/2 - 0.7 | V |
| Vol | DC Output Logic Low | IOL = 3mA | — | _ | 0.4 | V |
| Ipullup | Current Through Pull-Up Resistor or Current Source | High Power Specification | 3.0 | _ | 3.6 | mA |
| VDD | Nominal Bus Voltage | — | 3.0 | _ | 3.6 | V |
| Ileak-bus | Input Leakage per bus Segment | — | -200 | _ | 200 | μΑ |
| Ileak-pin | Input Leakage per Device pin | _ | — | -15 | — | μΑ |
| CI | Capacitance for SDA/SCL | — | — | _ | 10 | pF |
| Freq | Bus Operation Frequency | — | — | _ | 100k | Hz |
| TBUF | "Bus Free Time Between Stop and Start Condition" | | 1.3 | _ | _ | μs |
| THD:STA | Hold time after (Repeated) Start condition. After this period, the first clock is generated. | At Ipull-up, Max | 0.6 | _ | _ | μs |
| TSU:STA | Repeated Start Condition Setup Time | _ | 0.6 | — | — | μs |
| TSU:STO | Stop Condition Setup Time | _ | 0.6 | — | — | μs |
| THD:DAT | Data Hold Time | _ | 0 | — | — | ns |
| TSU:DAT | Data Setup Time | _ | 100 | — | — | ns |
| Tlow | Clock Low Period | _ | 1.3 | — | — | μs |
| Thigh | Clock High Period | _ | 0.6 | — | 50 | μs |
| tF | Clock/Data Fall Time | _ | — | — | 300 | ns |
| tR | Clock/Data Rise Time | | _ | _ | 300 | ns |
| tpor | "Time in which a device must be operation after power-on reset" | | _ | _ | 500 | ms |

Note: 1. Recommended value.

Recommended maximum capacitance load per bus segment is 400pF.
 Compliant to I2C physical layer specification.

4. Ensured by Design. Parameter not tested in production.







Figure 1. Channel-Isolation Test Configuration







ESD Specification

- 2000V HBM
- 500V CDM

Application Diagram



Part Marking

ZH Package



YY: Year WW: Workweek 1st X: Assembly Code 2nd X: Fab Code





Package Mechanical: 42-TQFN (ZH)



For latest package information:

See http://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/pericom-packaging/packaging-mechanicals-and-thermal-characteristics/.

Ordering Information

| Ordering Number | Package Code | Package Description |
|-----------------|--------------|--|
| PI3EQX25904ZHEX | ZH | 42-Contact, Thin Fine Pitch Quad Flat No-Lead (TQFN) |
| Natas | | |

Notes:

1. No purposely added lead. Fully EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant.

2. See https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/ for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free. 3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm

antimony compounds.

4. E = Pb-free and Green

5. X suffix = Tape/Reel





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