

# High-Efficiency 1MHz,2A Output Synchronous Step Down Converter

### **Features**

- Low R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> for internal switches (top/bottom)
   130mΩ/100mΩ, 2A
- 2.7-5.5V input voltage range
- 1MHz switching frequency minimizes the external components
- Internal soft-start limits the inrush current
- 100% dropout operation capability with input voltage up to 5V
- Output power good indicator
- RoHS compliant and Halogen free
- Compact and thermally enhanced SOIC-8 package

# **Applications**

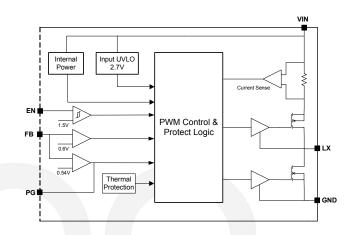
- LCD TV
- Set Top Box
- Net PC
- Mini-Notebook PC
- Access Point Router

### **Descriptions**

The DIO6022 is a high-efficiency 1MHz synchronous step-down DC-DC regulator IC capable of delivering up to 2A output current. The DIO6022 operates over a wide input voltage ranging from 2.7V to 5.5V and integrate main switch and synchronous switch with very low  $R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$  to minimize the conduction loss.

Low output voltage ripple and small external inductor and capacitor sizes are achieved with 1MHz switching frequency. The integrated power good indicator provides the system reset function and facilitates the output sequencing design.

### **Function Block**



# **Ordering Information**

Order Part Number	Top Marking		T <sub>A</sub>	Package	
DIO6022CS8	DIO6022	RoHS	-40 to +85°C	SOIC8	Tape & Reel, 2500



# **Pin Assignments**

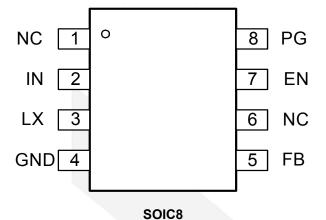


Figure 1 Pin Assignment (Top View)

# **Pin Definitions**

Pin Na	ıme	Description	
NC		No Connect	2000 2000 2001 2001 2001 2000
IN		Power Input	
LX		Inductor pin. Connect this pin to the switching node of inductor.	
GND	)	Ground	
FB		Output Feedback Pin. Connect this pin to the center point of the output resistor divid (as shown in Figure 1) to program the output voltage: Vout=0.6*(1+R1/R2).	er
EN		Enable control. Pull high to turn on. Do not float.	
PG		Power good indicator. When the output voltage exceeds 90% of regulation point, it becomes open drain; low otherwise.	



# **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Rating" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maxim rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Pa	rameter	Rating	Unit	
Supply Voltage ( V+ – V-)		6.0	V	
Enable, FB Voltage		V <sub>IN</sub> +0.6	V	
Power Dissipation, P <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°0	C, SOIC8	0.6	W	
Dealtone Thermal Desigtence	θ <sub>JA</sub>	90	°C/W	
Package Thermal Resistance	θ <sub>JC</sub>	45	- C/VV	
Storage Temperature Range		-65 to 150	°C	
Junction Temperature Range		150	°C	
Lead Temperature Range		260	°C	
TCD.	HBM, JEDEC: JESD22-A114	6000	V	
ESD	MM, JEDEC: JESD22-A115	200	V	
Dynamic LX Voltage in 50ns Durat	ion	V <sub>IN</sub> +3 to GND-4	V	

# **Recommend Operating Conditions**

The Recommended Operating Conditions table defines the conditions for actual device operation. Recommended Operating conditions are specified to ensure optimal performance to the datasheet specifications. DIOO does not Recommend exceeding them or designing to Absolute Maximum Ratings.

Parameter	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	2.7 to 5.5	V
Junction Temperature Range	-40 to 125	°C
Ambient Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C



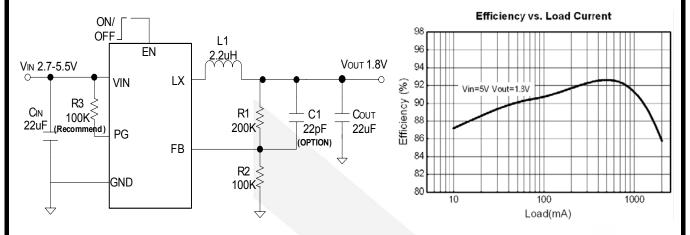
# **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{IN}$  = 5V,  $V_{OUT}$  = 1.8V, L = 2.2 $\mu$ H,  $C_{OUT}$  = 22 $\mu$ F,  $T_A$  = 25°C, unless otherwise specified.

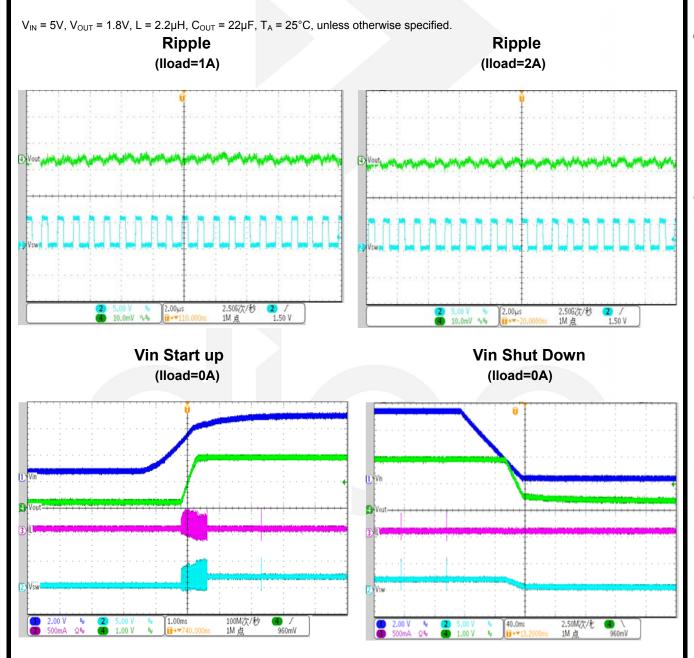
Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Test Conditions		Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage Range		2.7		5.5	V
IQ	Quiescent Current	I <sub>OUT</sub> =0, V <sub>FB</sub> =V <sub>REF</sub> · 105%		80	1112 1111 1112 1111 1112 1111	μA
I <sub>SHDN</sub>	Shutdown Current	EN=0		0.1	1	μA
$V_{REF}$	Feedback Reference Voltage		0.588	0.6	0.612	V
I <sub>FB</sub>	FB Input Current	V <sub>FB</sub> =V <sub>IN</sub>	-50		50	nA
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub> ,P	PFET R <sub>ON</sub>			130	  	mΩ
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub> ,N	NFET R <sub>ON</sub>			100		mΩ
I <sub>LIM</sub>	PFET Current Limit		2.5		2012 2013 2012 2013 2012 2013	А
V <sub>ENH</sub>	EN Rising Threshold		1.5			V
V <sub>ENL</sub>	EN Falling Threshold				0.4	V
V <sub>UVLO</sub>	Input UVLO Threshold				2.7	V
V <sub>HYS</sub>	UVLO Hysteresis			0.1	=======================================	V
Fosc	Oscillator Frequency	I <sub>OUT</sub> =500mA,		1	  	MHz
<del></del>	Min ON Time			50		ns
	Max Duty Cycle		100			%
T <sub>SD</sub>	Thermal Shutdown Temperature			150		°C



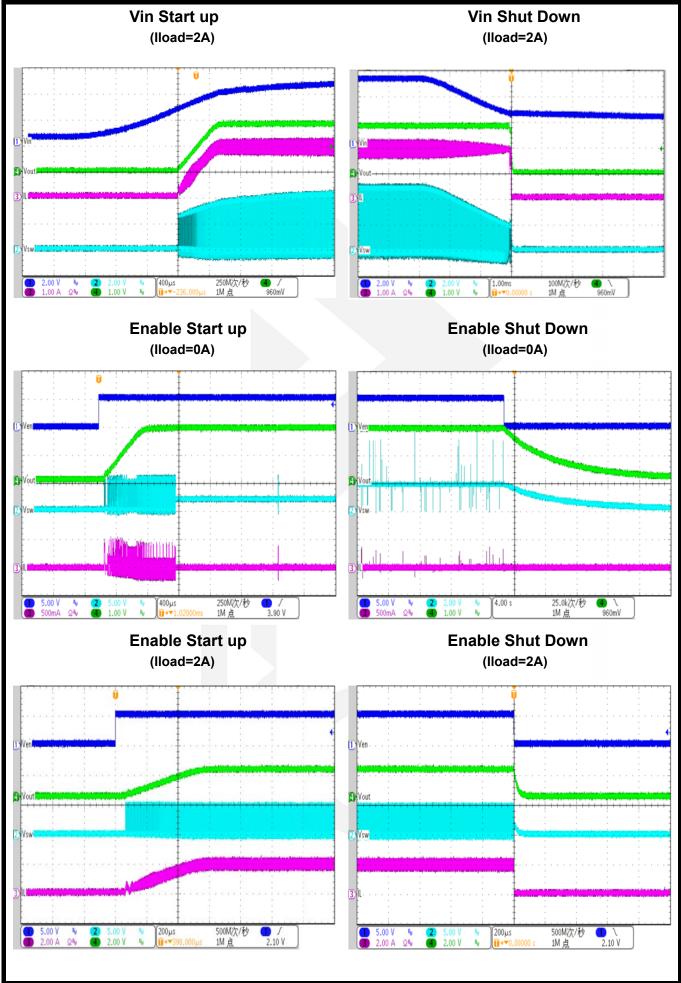
# **Typical Application**



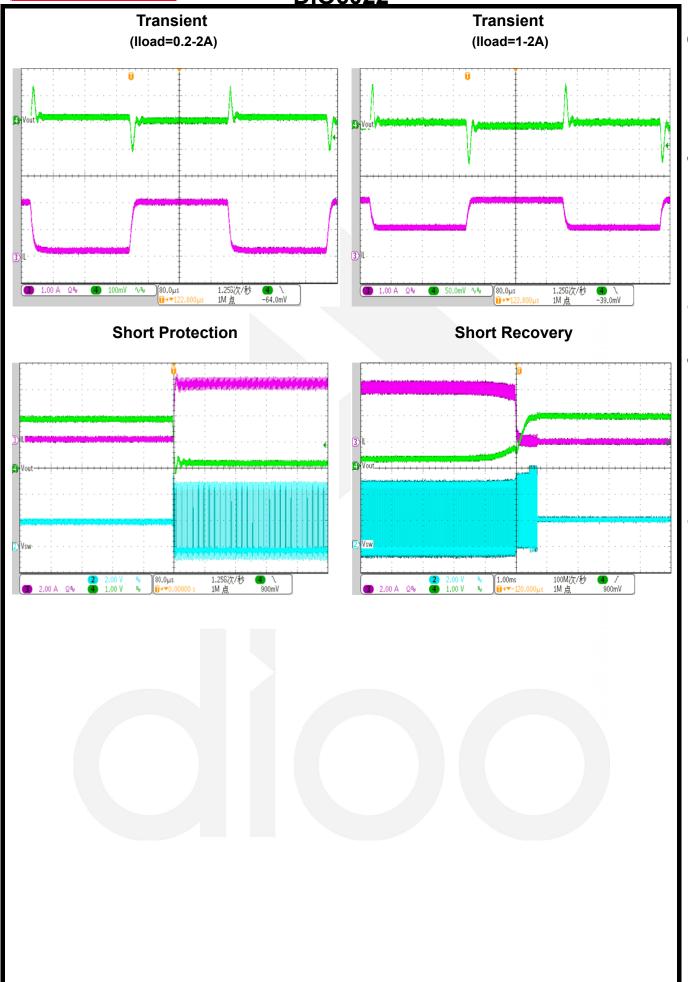
# **Typical Performance Characteristic**













# **Application Information**

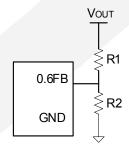
DIO6022 is a synchronous buck regulator IC that integrates the PWM control, top and bottom switches on the same die to minimize the switching transition loss and conduction loss. With ultra low R<sub>DS(ON)</sub> power switches and proprietary PWM control, this regulator IC can achieve the highest efficiency and the highest switch frequency simultaneously to minimize the external inductor and capacitor size, and thus achieving the minimum solution footprint.

Because of the high integration in the DIO6022 IC, the application circuit based on this regulator IC is rather simple. Only input capacitor  $C_{\text{IN}}$ , output capacitor  $C_{\text{OUT}}$ , output inductor L and feedback resistors (R1 and R2) need to be selected for the targeted applications specifications.

#### Feedback resistor dividers R1 and R2

Choose R1 and R2 to program the proper output voltage. To minimize the power consumption under light loads, it is desirable to choose large resistance values for both R1 and R2. A value of between 10k and 1M is highly recommended for both resistors. If Vout is 1.8V, R1=100k is chosen, then R2 can be calculated to be 50k.

$$R_2 = \frac{0.6V}{V_{OUT} - 0.6V} R_1$$



#### Input capacitor C<sub>IN</sub>:

This ripple current through input capacitor is calculated as:

$$I_{CIN\_RMS} = I_{OUT} \bullet \sqrt{D(1-D)}$$

This formula has a maximum at  $V_{IN}=2V_{OUT}$  condition, where  $I_{CIN\_RMS}=I_{OUT}/2$ . This simple worst-case condition is commonly used for DC/DC design.

With the maximum load current at 1.2A. A typical X5R or better grade ceramic capacitor with 6V rating and more than 1pcs  $10\mu F$  capacitor can handle this ripple current well. To minimize the potential noise problem, place this ceramic capacitor really close to the IN and GND pins. Care should be taken to minimize the loop area formed by  $C_{IN}$ , and IN/GND pins.

#### Output capacitor C<sub>OUT</sub>:

The output capacitor is selected to handle the output ripple noise requirements. Both steady state ripple and transient requirements must be taken into consideration when selecting this capacitor. For the best



performance, it is recommended to use X5R or better grade ceramic capacitor with 6V rating and greater than 40µF capacitance.

#### **Output inductor L:**

There are several considerations in choosing this inductor.

1) Choose the inductance to provide the desired ripple current. It is suggested to choose the ripple current to be about 40% of the maximum output current. The inductance is calculated as:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT}(1 - V_{OUT} / V_{IN, MAX})}{F_{SW} \times I_{OUT, MAX} \times 40\%}$$

where Fsw is the switching frequency and I<sub>OUT,MAX</sub> is the maximum load current. The DIO6022 regulator IC is quite tolerant of different ripple current amplitude. Consequently, the final choice of inductance can be slightly off the calculation value without significantly impacting the performance.

2) The saturation current rating of the inductor must be selected to be greater than the peak inductor current under full load conditions.

$$I_{SAT,MIN} > I_{OUT,MAX} + \frac{V_{OUT}(1 - V_{OUT}/V_{IN, MAX})}{2 \bullet F_{SW} \bullet L}$$

3) The DCR of the inductor and the core loss at the switching frequency must be low enough to achieve the desired efficiency requirement. It is desirable to choose an inductor with DCR<50m $\Omega$  to achieve a good overall efficiency.

#### **Recommended Component Selection Recommended Component Selection**

Considering various application fields, the recommended component selection table is given below. No matter which kind of capacitor is selected for the output capacitor, ceramic or electrolytic, the recommended component parameters can be found in this table.

V <sub>OUT</sub> (V)	L (uH)	C <sub>OUT</sub> , paralleled (uF)			R1 (kΩ)	R2(kΩ)
		electrolytic	ceramic1	ceramic2	K1 (K22)	1\2(\K\22)
1.2	2.2	none	22	none	100	100
		220	none/10/22	0.1	470	470
1.8	2.2	none	22	none	100	49.9
		220	none/10/22	0.1	470	237
3.3	2.2	none	22	none	100	22.1
		220	none/10/22	0.1	470	105

#### **Layout Design:**

The layout design of DIO6022 regulator is relatively simple. For the best efficiency and minimum noise problems, we should place the following components close to the IC:  $C_{IN}$ , L, R1 and R2.

- 1) It is desirable to maximize the PCB copper area connecting to GND pin to achieve the best thermal and noise performance. If the board space allowed, a ground plane is highly desirable.
- 2) C<sub>IN</sub> must be close to Pins IN and GND. The loop area formed by C<sub>IN</sub> and GND must be minimized.
- 3) The PCB copper area associated with LX pin must be minimized to avoid the potential noise problem.



- 4) The components R1 and R2, and the trace connecting to the FB pin must NOT be adjacent to the LX net on the PCB layout to avoid the noise problem.
- 5) If the system chip interfacing with the EN pin has a high impedance state at shutdown mode and the IN pin is connected directly to a power source such as a Li-lon battery, it is desirable to add a pull down  $1M\Omega$  resistor between the EN and GND pins to prevent the noise from falsely turning on the regulator at shutdown mode.

#### **Load Transient Considerations:**

The DIO6022 regulator IC integrates the compensation components to achieve good stability and fast transient responses. In some applications, adding a 22pF ceramic cap in parallel with R1 may further speed up the load transient responses and is thus recommended for applications with large load transient step requirements.



### **CONTACT US**

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