

Oil electrical level indicators

with temperature electrical probe

MATERIAL

Transparent polyamide based (PA-T) technopolymer. Highly resistant to shocks, solvents, oils with additives, aliphatic and aromatic hydrocarbons, petrol, naphtha, phosphoric esters.

Avoid contact with alcohol or detergents containing alcohol.

SCREWS, NUTS AND WASHERS

Zinc-plated steel.

PACKING RINGS

Step-shaped for the seal on the reservoir walls and NBR synthetic rubber O-ring under screw head.

Suggested roughness of the packing ring application surface $R_a = 3 \mu\text{m}$.

TEMPERATURE PROBE BRACKET

Watertight in glass-fibre reinforced polyamide based (PA) technopolymer, black colour, with temperature electrical probe, made out of a platinum resistor whose ohmic resistance changes according to the temperature.

For a correct assembly see Warnings (on page).

SWIVELLING CONNECTOR

With built-in cable gland and contact holder. Front or axial output (high or low) ensuring protection against water sprays (protection class IP 65 according to table EN 60529 table see page).

CONTRAST SCREEN

White lacquered aluminium. The housing, in the appropriate external rear slot, guarantees the best protection from direct contact with fluid.

It can be taken out from the inclined side, before assembly to allow the insertion of level lines or words.

MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS WORKING TEMPERATURE

90°C (with oil).

FEATURES AND PERFORMANCES

In addition to the visual control, HCV-STL column level indicator generates an analogue electric signal of oil temperature.

Ultrasound welding to guarantee a perfect seal.

Maximum fluid level visibility even from side positions.

Lens effect for a better visibility of the fluid level.

TECHNICAL DATA

In laboratory tests carried out with mineral oil type CB68 (according to ISO 3498) at 23°C for a limited period of time, the weld stood up to: 18 bar (HCV.127) 12 bar (HCV.254).

For use with other fluids and under different pressure and temperature conditions, please contact ELESA Technical Department.

In any case we suggest to verify the suitability of the product under the actual working conditions.

SPECIAL EXECUTIONS ON REQUEST

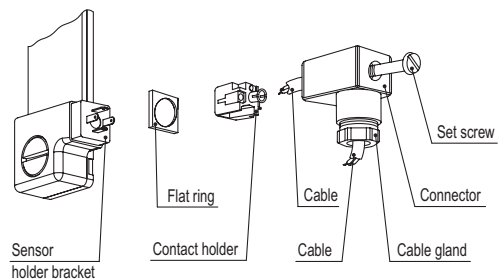
- Level indicators with stainless steel screws, nuts and washers.
- Level indicators HCV.76 with screws M12.
- Level indicators for use with fluids containing alcohol.
- UV resistant transparent technopolymer level indicators.



ELESA Original design

CONNECTOR ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

1. Remove the connector from the indicator by unscrewing the set screw placed on the connector, take the contact holders out and loosen the cable gland.
2. Slip on the cable into the connector (standard connector) and connect the wires to the terminals 3 and earth of the contact holder.
3. Assemble by pressing the contact holder into the connector in the required position.
4. Screw the connectors to the indicator and then tighten the cable glands.



Functioning of the temperature electrical probe

The working principle of the temperature probe is to measure the variation of resistance of a platinum element: 100 ohm = 0°C, 138.4 ohm = 100°C.

The function between temperature (T) and resistance (R) is approximately linear over a small temperature range; for example, if you assume that it is linear over the 0° to 100°C range, the error at 50°C is 0.4°C.

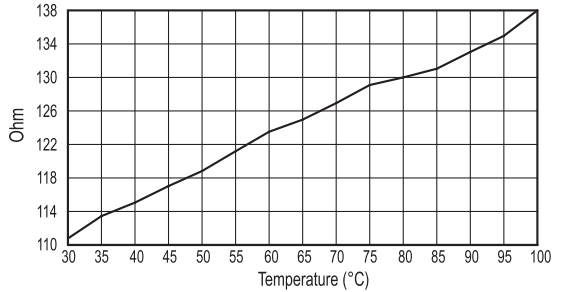
For precision measurement, it is necessary to linearise the resistance to give an accurate temperature. The most recent definition of the function between resistance and temperature is International Temperature Standard 90 (ITS-90). The function between resistance and temperature, obtained in laboratory tests, measuring directly the resistance value on the contacts is shown in the graph. We suggest, anyway, to set the system in order to compensate both heat dissipation and cable resistance.

A 1°C temperature change will cause a 0.384 ohm change in resistance, so even a small error in measurement of the resistance (for example, the resistance of the wires leading to the sensor) can cause a large error in the measurement of the temperature.

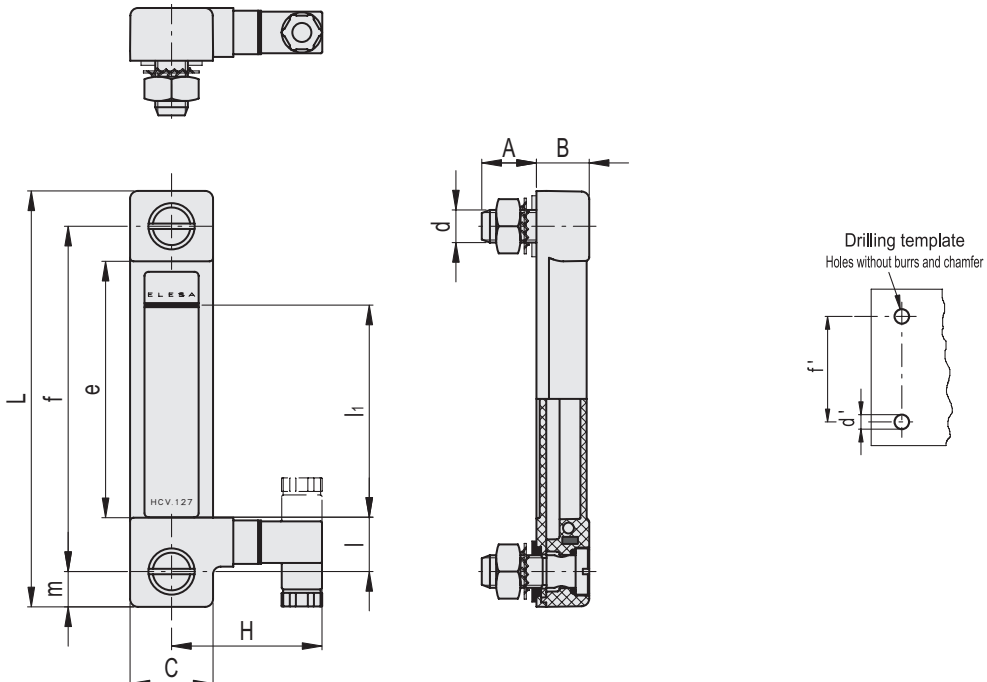
Because of the low signal levels, it is important to keep any cables away from electric cables, motors, switchgear and other devices that may emit magnetic or electrical noise. Using screened cable, with the screen grounded at one end, may help to reduce interference.

When using long cables, it is necessary to check that the measuring equipment is able to handle the cable resistance.

Resistance / temperature conversion graph



Electrical features	Temperature probe
Tension feed	AC/DC
Maximum current	1mA
Cable gland	Pg 7 (for cables in sheath with Ø 6 or 7 mm)
Conductors cross-section	Max. 1.5 mm ²
Do not mount this indicator in proximity to magnetic fields.	



Code	Description	f	d	A	B	C	H	L	e	l	ll	m	d'-0.2	f'±0.2	C# [Nm]	⚖
11043	HCV.76-STL-M10	76	M10	20	19.5	30.5	55	102	43.5	20	26.5	13	10.5	76	12	133
11114	HCV.127-STL-M12	127	M12	20	19.5	30.5	55	153	97	20	78.5	13	12.5	127	12	149
11124	HCV.254-STL-M12	254	M12	20	19.5	30.5	55	280	224	20	205.5	13	12.5	254	12	176

Maximum tightening torque



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