

P 14 x 8 Core and accessories

Series/Type: B65541, B65542, B65545, B65549 Date:

May 2017

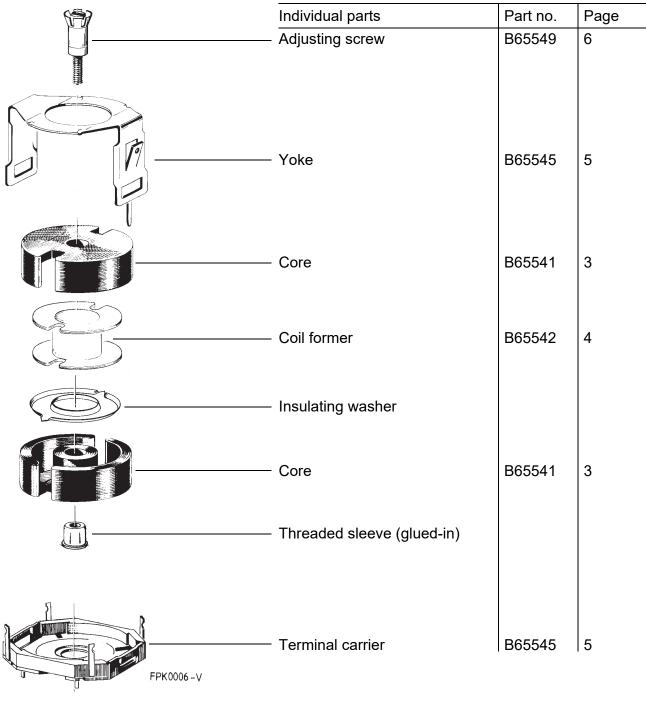
 $\odot$  EPCOS AG 2017. Reproduction, publication and dissemination of this publication, enclosures hereto and the information contained therein without EPCOS' prior express consent is prohibited.

EPCOS AG is a TDK Group Company.



## P 14 × 8

## **Core and accessories**



Example of an assembly set for printed circuit boards

5/17

# **②TDK**

B65541

## $\textbf{P~14}\times\textbf{8}$

## Core

- To IEC 62317-2
- Delivery mode: sets

#### Magnetic characteristics (per set)

	with center hole	without center hole	
Σl/A	0.8	0.73	mm <sup>-1</sup>
l <sub>e</sub>	20	21	mm
A <sub>e</sub>	25	28.7	mm <sup>2</sup>
A <sub>min</sub>	20	23.6	mm <sup>2</sup>
V <sub>e</sub>	500	603	mm <sup>3</sup>

## Approx. weight (per set)

	m	3.2	3.5	g
--	---	-----	-----	---

## **Gapped** (A<sub>L</sub> values/air gaps examples)

Material	A <sub>L</sub> value	s approx.	μ <sub>e</sub>	Ordering code <sup>1)</sup> -D with center hole -T with threaded sleeve
		mm		
M33	100 ±3%	0.30	64	B65541+0100A033
N48	160 ±3%	0.16	102	B65541+0160A048
	250 ±3%	0.10	159	B65541+0250A048
	315 ±3%	0.08	201	B65541+0315A048
	400 ±3%	0.05	255	B65541+0400A048

#### Ungapped

Material	A <sub>L</sub> value	μ <sub>e</sub>	P <sub>V</sub>	Ordering code
				-D with center hole
	nH		W/set	-W without center hole
K1	140 +30/-20%	89		B65541D0000R001
M33	970 +30/-20%	618		B65541D0000R033
N48	2100 +30/-20%	1340		B65541D0000R048
N30	4600 +30/-20%	2680		B65541W0000R030
T38	9800 +40/-30%	5710		B65541W0000Y038
N87	2800 +30/-20%	1630	< 0.26 (200 mT, 100 kHz, 100 °C)	B65541W0000R087

Other  $A_L$  values/air gaps and materials available on request – see Processing remarks on page 7.

<sup>1)</sup> Replace the + by the code letter "D" or "T" for the required version.



## P 14 × 8

## Accessories

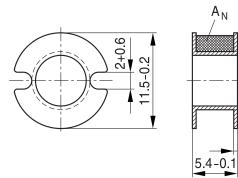
B65542

## **Coil former**

Standard:	to IEC 62317-2
Material:	GFR polyterephthalate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:
	F ≙ max. operating temperature + 155 °C), color code black
	Crastin SK 645 FR [E41938 (M)], E I DUPONT DE NEMOURS & CO INC
Winding:	see Processing notes, 2.1

Coil former				Ordering code
Sections	A <sub>N</sub> mm <sup>2</sup>	l <sub>N</sub> mm	A <sub>R</sub> value μΩ	
1	8.4	28	115	B65542B0000T001

## **Coil former**



FPK0446-E

0.5

ø6+0.2 ø7 1-0.2

5/17



#### $\textbf{P~14}\times\textbf{8}$

Accessories

B65545

#### Mounting assembly for printed circuit boards

- The set comprises a terminal carrier and a yoke
- For snap-in connection

#### **Terminal carrier**

Material: GFR polyterephthalate (UL 94 V-0, insulation class to IEC 60085:  $F \triangleq max.$  operating temperature 155 °C), color code gray Pocan B4235<sup>®</sup> [E245249 (M)], LANXESS AG

Solderability: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Ta, method 1 (aging 3): 235 °C, 2 s Resistance to soldering heat: to IEC 60068-2-20, test Tb, method 1B: 350 °C, 3.5 s

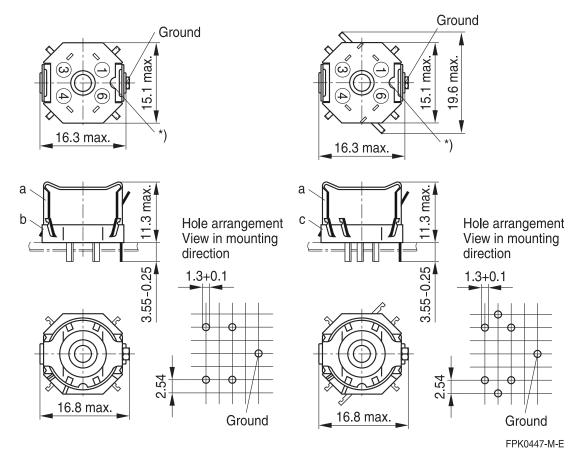
### Yoke

Spring yoke, made of tinned nickel silver (0.25 mm), with ground terminal

Complete mounting assembly	Complete mounting assembly
(4 solder terminals)	(6 solder terminals)
Ordering code: B65545B0009X000	Ordering code: B65545B0010X000

#### 4 solder terminals

#### 6 solder terminals



\*) This recess must be on the side of the grounding pin to ensure that the yoke locks in position.

a) Yoke

c) Terminal carrier with 6 solder terminals

Please read *Cautions and warnings* and *Important notes* at the end of this document.

b) Terminal carrier with 4 solder terminals

# **②TDK**

## P 14×8

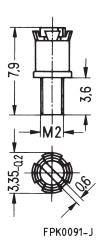
## Accessories

B65549

### Adjusting screw

Tube core with thread and core brake made of GFR polyterephthalate Pocan B3235<sup>®</sup> [E245249 (M)], LANXESS AG

Tube core			Ordering code
$\varnothing  imes$ length (mm)	Material	Color code	
2.76  imes 2.9	N22	black	B65549E0004X023



5/17



#### **Cautions and warnings**

#### Mechanical stress and mounting

Ferrite cores have to meet mechanical requirements during assembling and for a growing number of applications. Since ferrites are ceramic materials one has to be aware of the special behavior under mechanical load.

As valid for any ceramic material, ferrite cores are brittle and sensitive to any shock, fast temperature changing or tensile load. Especially high cooling rates under ultrasonic cleaning and high static or cyclic loads can cause cracks or failure of the ferrite cores.

For detailed information see data book, chapter "General - Definitions, 8.1".

#### Effects of core combination on A<sub>L</sub> value

Stresses in the core affect not only the mechanical but also the magnetic properties. It is apparent that the initial permeability is dependent on the stress state of the core. The higher the stresses are in the core, the lower is the value for the initial permeability. Thus the embedding medium should have the greatest possible elasticity.

For detailed information see data book, chapter "General - Definitions, 8.1".

#### Heating up

Ferrites can run hot during operation at higher flux densities and higher frequencies.

#### **NiZn-materials**

The magnetic properties of NiZn-materials can change irreversible in high magnetic fields.

#### **Ferrite Accessories**

EPCOS ferrite accessories have been designed and evaluated only in combination with EPCOS ferrite cores. EPCOS explicitly points out that EPCOS ferrite accessories or EPCOS ferrite cores may not be compatible with those of other manufacturers. Any such combination requires prior testing by the customer and will be at the customer's own risk.

EPCOS assumes no warranty or reliability for the combination of EPCOS ferrite accessories with cores and other accessories from any other manufacturer.

#### **Processing remarks**

The start of the winding process should be soft. Else the flanges may be destroyed.

- Too strong winding forces may blast the flanges or squeeze the tube that the cores can not be mounted any more.
- Too long soldering time at high temperature (>300 °C) may effect coplanarity or pin arrangement.
- Not following the processing notes for soldering of the J-leg terminals may cause solderability problems at the transformer because of pollution with Sn oxyde of the tin bath or burned insulation of the wire. For detailed information see chapter *"Processing notes"*, section 2.2.
- The dimensions of the hole arrangement have fixed values and should be understood as a recommendation for drilling the printed circuit board. For dimensioning the pins, the group of holes can only be seen under certain conditions, as they fit into the given hole arrangement. To avoid problems when mounting the transformer, the manufacturing tolerances for positioning the customers' drilling process must be considered by increasing the hole diameter.





#### **Cautions and warnings**

#### **Display of ordering codes for EPCOS products**

The ordering code for one and the same product can be represented differently in data sheets, data books, other publications and the website of EPCOS, or in order-related documents such as shipping notes, order confirmations and product labels. The varying representations of the ordering codes are due to different processes employed and do not affect the specifications of the respective products. Detailed information can be found on the Internet under www.epcos.com/orderingcodes.

5/17



## Symbols and terms

Symbol	Meaning	Unit
A	Cross section of coil	mm <sup>2</sup>
A <sub>e</sub>	Effective magnetic cross section	mm <sup>2</sup>
Α <sub>L</sub>	Inductance factor; $A_L = L/N^2$	nH
A <sub>L1</sub>	Minimum inductance at defined high saturation ( $\triangleq \mu_a$ )	nH
A <sub>min</sub>	Minimum core cross section	mm <sup>2</sup>
A <sub>N</sub>	Winding cross section	mm <sup>2</sup>
۹ <sub>R</sub>	Resistance factor; A <sub>R</sub> = R <sub>Cu</sub> /N <sup>2</sup>	$\mu\Omega = 10^{-6} \Omega$
В	RMS value of magnetic flux density	Vs/m², mT
ΔB	Flux density deviation	Vs/m², mT
Â	Peak value of magnetic flux density	Vs/m², mT
ΔÂ	Peak value of flux density deviation	Vs/m², mT
B <sub>DC</sub>	DC magnetic flux density	Vs/m², mT
B <sub>R</sub>	Remanent flux density	Vs/m², mT
B <sub>S</sub>	Saturation magnetization	Vs/m², mT
C <sub>0</sub>	Winding capacitance	F = As/V
CDF	Core distortion factor	mm <sup>-4.5</sup>
DF	Relative disaccommodation coefficient DF = $d/\mu_i$	
b	Disaccommodation coefficient	
E <sub>a</sub>	Activation energy	J
f	Frequency	s <sup>−1</sup> , Hz
cutoff	Cut-off frequency	s <sup>−1</sup> , Hz
f <sub>max</sub>	Upper frequency limit	s <sup>−1</sup> , Hz
min	Lower frequency limit	s <sup>−1</sup> , Hz
r	Resonance frequency	s <sup>−1</sup> , Hz
f Cu	Copper filling factor	
g	Air gap	mm
Н	RMS value of magnetic field strength	A/m
Ĥ	Peak value of magnetic field strength	A/m
H <sub>DC</sub>	DC field strength	A/m
H <sub>c</sub>	Coercive field strength	A/m
า	Hysteresis coefficient of material	10 <sup>–6</sup> cm/A
η/μ <sub>i</sub> ²	Relative hysteresis coefficient	10 <sup>–6</sup> cm/A
	RMS value of current	A
DC	Direct current	A
	Peak value of current	A
J	Polarization	Vs/m <sup>2</sup>
k	Boltzmann constant	J/K
k <sub>3</sub>	Third harmonic distortion	
< <sub>3с</sub>	Circuit third harmonic distortion	
L	Inductance	H = Vs/A



## Symbols and terms

Symbol	Meaning	Unit
ΔL/L	Relative inductance change	Н
L <sub>0</sub>	Inductance of coil without core	Н
L <sub>H</sub>	Main inductance	Н
Lp	Parallel inductance	Н
L <sub>rev</sub>	Reversible inductance	Н
L <sub>s</sub>	Series inductance	Н
l <sub>e</sub>	Effective magnetic path length	mm
I <sub>N</sub>	Average length of turn	mm
N	Number of turns	
P <sub>Cu</sub>	Copper (winding) losses	W
P <sub>trans</sub>	Transferrable power	W
P <sub>V</sub>	Relative core losses	mW/g
PF	Performance factor	
Q	Quality factor (Q = $\omega L/R_s$ = 1/tan $\delta_l$ )	
R	Resistance	Ω
R <sub>Cu</sub>	Copper (winding) resistance (f = 0)	Ω
R <sub>h</sub>	Hysteresis loss resistance of a core	Ω
$\Delta R_{h}$	R <sub>h</sub> change	Ω
R <sub>i</sub>	Internal resistance	Ω
R <sub>p</sub>	Parallel loss resistance of a core	Ω
R <sub>s</sub>	Series loss resistance of a core	Ω
R <sub>th</sub>	Thermal resistance	K/W
R <sub>V</sub>	Effective loss resistance of a core	Ω
S	Total air gap	mm
Т	Temperature	°C
$\Delta T$	Temperature difference	К
Т <sub>С</sub>	Curie temperature	۵°
t	Time	S
t <sub>v</sub>	Pulse duty factor	
tan δ	Loss factor	
tan $\delta_L$	Loss factor of coil	
tan δ <sub>r</sub>	(Residual) loss factor at $H \rightarrow 0$	
tan $\delta_e$	Relative loss factor	
tan $\delta_h$	Hysteresis loss factor	
tan δ/μ <sub>i</sub>	Relative loss factor of material at $H \rightarrow 0$	
U	RMS value of voltage	V
Û	Peak value of voltage	V
Ve	Effective magnetic volume	mm <sup>3</sup>
z	Complex impedance	Ω
Z <sub>n</sub>	Normalized impedance $ Z _n =  Z  / N^2 \times \varepsilon (I_e / A_e)$	Ω/mm



## Symbols and terms

Symbol	Meaning	Unit
α	Temperature coefficient (TK)	1/K
$\alpha_{F}$	Relative temperature coefficient of material	1/K
α <sub>e</sub>	Temperature coefficient of effective permeability	1/K
ε <sub>r</sub>	Relative permittivity	
Φ	Magnetic flux	Vs
1	Efficiency of a transformer	
JB	Hysteresis material constant	mT <sup>-1</sup>
۱i	Hysteresis core constant	A-1H-1/2
λ <sub>s</sub>	Magnetostriction at saturation magnetization	
ı	Relative complex permeability	
ι <sub>0</sub>	Magnetic field constant	Vs/Am
la	Relative amplitude permeability	
l <sub>app</sub>	Relative apparent permeability	
ι <sub>e</sub>	Relative effective permeability	
ι <sub>i</sub>	Relative initial permeability	
ι <sub>p</sub> '	Relative real (inductive) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for parallel components)	
ւ <sub>p</sub> "	Relative imaginary (loss) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for parallel components)	
ι <sub>r</sub>	Relative permeability	
1 <sub>rev</sub>	Relative reversible permeability	
ι <sub>s</sub> '	Relative real (inductive) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for series components)	
ι <sub>s</sub> "	Relative imaginary (loss) component of $\overline{\mu}$ (for series components)	
u <sub>tot</sub>	Relative total permeability	
	derived from the static magnetization curve	
)	Resistivity	$\Omega m^{-1}$
εl/A	Magnetic form factor	mm <sup>-1</sup>
t <sub>Cu</sub>	DC time constant $\tau_{Cu}$ = L/R <sub>Cu</sub> = A <sub>L</sub> /A <sub>R</sub>	S
ω	Angular frequency; $\omega$ = 2 $\Pi$ f	s <sup>-1</sup>

All dimensions are given in mm.

Surface-mount device

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule we are either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether a product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or life-saving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
- 3. The warnings, cautions and product-specific notes must be observed.
- 4. In order to satisfy certain technical requirements, some of the products described in this publication may contain substances subject to restrictions in certain jurisdictions (e.g. because they are classed as hazardous). Useful information on this will be found in our Material Data Sheets on the Internet (www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/material). Should you have any more detailed questions, please contact our sales offices.
- 5. We constantly strive to improve our products. Consequently, **the products described in this publication may change from time to time**. The same is true of the corresponding product specifications. Please check therefore to what extent product descriptions and specifications contained in this publication are still applicable before or when you place an order.

We also **reserve the right to discontinue production and delivery of products**. Consequently, we cannot guarantee that all products named in this publication will always be available. The aforementioned does not apply in the case of individual agreements deviating from the foregoing for customer-specific products.

- 6. Unless otherwise agreed in individual contracts, all orders are subject to our General Terms and Conditions of Supply.
- 7. Our manufacturing sites serving the automotive business apply the IATF 16949 standard. The IATF certifications confirm our compliance with requirements regarding the quality management system in the automotive industry. Referring to customer requirements and customer specific requirements ("CSR") TDK always has and will continue to have the policy of respecting individual agreements. Even if IATF 16949 may appear to support the acceptance of unilateral requirements, we hereby like to emphasize that only requirements mutually agreed upon can and will be implemented in our Quality Management System. For clarification purposes we like to point out that obligations from IATF 16949 shall only become legally binding if individually agreed upon.
- 8. The trade names EPCOS, CeraCharge, CeraDiode, CeraLink, CeraPad, CeraPlas, CSMP, CTVS, DeltaCap, DigiSiMic, ExoCore, FilterCap, FormFit, LeaXield, MiniBlue, MiniCell, MKD, MKK, MotorCap, PCC, PhaseCap, PhaseCube, PhaseMod, PhiCap, PowerHap, PQSine, PQvar, SIFERRIT, SIFI, SIKOREL, SilverCap, SIMDAD, SiMic, SIMID, SineFormer, SIOV, ThermoFuse, WindCap are trademarks registered or pending in Europe and in other countries. Further information will be found on the Internet at www.tdk-electronics.tdk.com/trademarks.

Release 2018-10

## **X-ON Electronics**

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for Ferrite Cores & Accessories category:

Click to view products by EPCOS manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

 B65512C0000T001
 B65522B0000T001
 B65549E4X23
 B65615B0001X000
 B65659F0001X023
 B65659F0003X023
 B65659F4X23

 B65665C0004X000
 B65679E3X22
 B65705B0003X000
 B65804C2005X000
 B65812B3003X22
 B65814B2005X000
 B65840B1006D001

 B65840B1006D002
 B65878E0012D001
 B66206A2001X000
 B66206J1106T1
 B66208K1009T1
 B66252BM1
 B66288F2204X000

 B66306C1010T2
 B66341G0000X127
 B66390A1016T001
 B67348A1X27
 B65512C2001X000
 B65518D2001X000
 B65535B0003X000

 B65539C1003X1
 B65542A5000X
 B65655B0009X000
 B65687A1000T001
 B65714K1020T001
 B65734B1000T001
 B65734B1000T01

 B65804B6010T1
 B65814N1008D002
 B65816N1011D1
 B65820D2005X
 B65822F1008T001
 B65844W1010D001
 B65848BD1010D1

 B65848S2000X
 B658884E0012D001
 B65887H4300X041
 B66202A2010X000
 B66202B1106T001
 B66206B1110T001
 B66208K1009T001

 B66208X1010T001
 B658884E0012D001
 B65887H4300X041
 B66202A2010X000
 B66202B1106T001
 B66206B1110T001
 B66208K1009T001