# Crystal Oscillator (SPXO)

· Package size (2.0 mm × 1.6 mm × 0.7 mm)

- Fundamental mode SPXO
- · Output: CMOS

Reference weight Typ.9.9 mg

[1] Product Number / Product Name / Marking

(1-1) Product Number / Ordering Code

# X1G0048010007xx

Last 2 digits code(**xx**) defines Quantity.

The standard is "00", 3 000 pcs/Reel.

(1-2) Product Name / Model Name

# SG2016CAN 12.000000 MHz TJGA

# [2] Operating Range

Parameter	Symbol	Specifications			Unit	Conditions	
Falameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Conditions	
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	1.60	-	3.63	V	-	
Supply voltage	GND	0	-	0	V	-	
Operating temperature range	T_use	-40	-	+85	°C	-	
CMOS load condition	L_CMOS	-	-	15	pF	-	

# [3] Frequency Characteristics

(Unless stated otherwise [3] Operating Range)

			1 1 0 0 /				
Parameter	Symbol	Specifications			Unit	Conditions	
Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	
Output frequency	fo	-	12.000000	-	MHz	-	
Frequency tolerance *1	f_tol	-50	-	+50	×10 <sup>-6</sup>	T_use	
Frequency aging	f_age	-3	-	+3	×10 <sup>-6</sup>	+25 ⁰C, First year	

\*1 Frequency tolerance includes initial frequency tolerance, temperature variation, supply voltage change and load drift.

# [4] Electrical Characteristics

(Unless stated otherwise [3] Operating Range)

Doromotor	Parameter Symbol		Specifications			Conditions
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Start-up time	t_str	-	-	3.0	ms	t = 0 at 90 % Vcc
Current consumption	I <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	1.8	mA	No load condition, Vcc = 3.3 V
Stand-by current	I_std	-	-	2.7	μA	<u>ST</u> = GND, Vcc = 3.3 V
	V <sub>OH</sub>	90 % Vcc	-	-	V	Іон = -4 mA @Vcc = 3.3 V
Output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	-	10 % Vcc	V	IoL = 4 mA @Vcc = 3.3 V
Rise time	tr	-	-	3.5	ns	20 % Vcc to 80 % Vcc Level, L_CMOS = 15 pF, Vcc = 1.8 V ± 10 %
Fall time	tf	-	-	3.5	ns	80 % Vcc to 20 % Vcc Level, L_CMOS = 15 pF, Vcc = 1.8 V ± 10 %
Symmetry	SYM	45	-	55	%	50 % Vcc Level, L_CMOS ≤ 15 pF
In put valtage	V <sub>IH</sub>	80 % Vcc	-	-	V	ST terminal
Input voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	-	20 % Vcc	V	ST terminal
Output disable time (ST)	tstp_st	-	-	100	ns	$\overline{ST}$ terminal HIGH $\rightarrow$ LOW
Output enable time (ST)	tsta_st	-	-	3	ms	$\overline{ST}$ terminal LOW $\rightarrow$ HIGH

# [For other general specifications, please refer to the attached Full Data Sheet below]

# Crystal oscillator: SG2016/3225/5032/7050CAN & SG-210STF

# Features

- Crystal oscillator (SPXO)
- Frequency:
- 20 standard frequencies (4 MHz to 72 MHz)

CMOS

1.6 V to 3.63 V

-20 °C to +70 °C

-40 °C to +105 °C

- Output:
- Supply voltage:
- Operating temperature:

# Applications

- IoT, Wearable device
- Data center, Storage
- Medical, Industrial automation

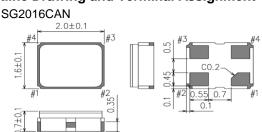
# Description

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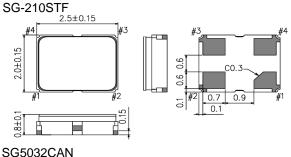
Epson's SGxxxxCAN & SG-210STF are Simple Packaged Crystal Oscillator (SPXO) series with CMOS output. These SPXO's are ideal for variety of applications from IoT, wearables, medical, industrial automation, etc. These SPXO have low current consumption, wide operating voltage from 1.6 V to 3.63 V and wide operating temperature range from -40 °C to 85 °C, in addition operation up to 105 °C is available.

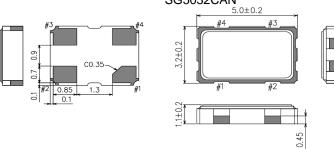
These SPXO's are available in five different package size from  $2.0 \times 1.6$  mm to  $7.0 \times 5.0$  mm and available in standard pin out's.

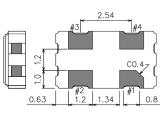
# **Outline Drawing and Terminal Assignment**



0.45







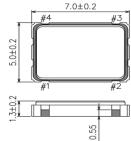
SG7050CAN

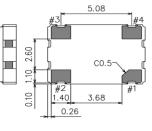
SG3225CAN

2.5±0.2

05±0.1

3.2±0.2





### **Terminal Assignment**

Pin #	Connection	Function				
		ST terminal				
#1	<b>5T</b>	ST function	Osc. Circuit	Output		
#1	31	"H" or OPEN	Oscillation	Specified frequency: Enable		
		"L"	Oscillation stop	High impedance: Disable		
#2	GND	GND terminal				
#3	Ουτ	Output terminal				
#4	V <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> terminal				
	#1 #2 #3	#1 ST #2 GND #3 OUT	#1         ST terminal           #1         ST           #2         GND           #3         OUT   ST terminal "H" or OPEN "L" "L" "L" "L" LT	#1         ST         ST terminal           #1         ST         ST function         Osc. Circuit           "H" or OPEN         Oscillation         "L"         Oscillation stop           #2         GND         GND terminal         Output terminal		

# [1] Product Name / Product Number

# (1-1) SG2016CAN

(1) Product Name (Standard Form)

<u>SG2016 C AN</u> <u>25.000000MHz</u> <u>T J H A</u> ① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑦

①Model ②Output (C:CMOS) ③Frequency ④Supply voltage

⑤Frequency tolerance ⑥Operating temperature ⑦Internal identification code ("A" is default)

(4)Supply voltage Refer to Figure 1	<sup>(5)</sup> Frequency tolerance / <sup>(6)</sup> Operating temperature
T 1.8 V to 3.3 V Typ.	DB ±25 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -20 °C to +70 °C
K 2.5 V to 3.3 V Typ.	JG ±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -40 °C to +85 °C
*Figure 1 is on the next page	JH ±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -40 °C to +105 °C

	Frequency tolerance / Operating temperature				
Fragueney [MHz]	DB	JG	JH		
Frequency [MHz]	±25 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>		
	-20 °C to +70 °C	-40 °C to +85 °C	-40 °C to +105 °C		
4	-	X1G004801003000	X1G004801004900		
8	-	X1G004801004500	X1G004801004600		
10	-	X1G004801002900	X1G004801002700		
12	X1G004801005000	X1G004801000700	X1G004801005100		
12.288	X1G004801005200	X1G004801004400	X1G004801005300		
14.7456	-	X1G004801005400	X1G004801005500		
16	-	X1G004801001400	X1G004801005600		
20	X1G004801005700	X1G004801005800	X1G004801001800		
24	X1G004801005900	X1G004801000200	X1G004801004000		
24.576	-	X1G004801006000	X1G004801003100		
25	X1G004801002400	X1G004801001200	X1G004801003500		
26	-	X1G004801000300	X1G004801003900		
27	-	X1G004801006100	X1G004801002100		
32	-	X1G004801006200	X1G004801006300		
33.33	-	X1G004801006400	X1G004801006500		
33.3333	-	X1G004801002600	X1G004801006600		
40	-	X1G004801006700	X1G004801003600		
48	X1G004801006800	X1G004801002000	X1G004801006900		
50	X1G004801007000	X1G004801001300	X1G004801002800		
72	X1G004801007100	X1G004801007200	X1G004801007300		

# (1-2) SG-210STF

(1) Product Name (Standard Form)

<u>SG-210 STF</u> <u>25.000000MHz</u> Y ① ②③ ④ ⑤

①Model ②Function (S:Standby) ③Supply voltage

(4) Frequency (5) Frequency tolerance / Operating temperature

(3)S	upply	volta	ge F	Refer to	o Figure	1
Т	1.8 \	/ to 3	.3 V	Тур.		

1.0	v io 0.0	v	Typ.
	*Figure 1	is	on the next page

୬Fr	Prequency tolerance / Operating temperature					
S	±25 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -20 °C to +70 °C					
L	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -40 °C to +85 °C					
Y	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -40 °C to +105 °C					

	Frequency tolerance / Operating temperature				
	S	L	Y		
Frequency [MHz]	±25 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>		
	-20 °C to +70 °C	-40 °C to +85 °C	-40 °C to +105 °C		
4	-	X1G004171000900	X1G004171029900		
8	-	X1G004171001500	X1G004171006900		
10	-	X1G004171001600	X1G004171036500		
12	X1G004171016300	X1G004171001800	X1G004171028000		
12.288	X1G004171006100	X1G004171001900	X1G004171036600		
14.7456	-	X1G004171002500	X1G004171036700		
16	-	X1G004171002700	X1G004171015400		
20	X1G004171021800	X1G004171002900	X1G004171023800		
24	X1G004171015600	X1G004171003100	X1G004171019700		
24.576	-	X1G004171003200	X1G004171036800		
25	X1G004171007700	X1G004171003300	X1G004171005900		
26	-	X1G004171003400	X1G004171024400		
27	-	X1G004171003500	X1G004171025000		
32	-	X1G004171004000	X1G004171012700		
33.33	-	X1G004171011900	X1G004171030000		
33.3333	-	X1G004171012000	X1G004171007500		
40	-	X1G004171004500	X1G004171020600		
48	X1G004171007800	X1G004171004600	X1G004171036900		
50	X1G004171007900	X1G004171004700	X1G004171012600		
72	X1G004171037000	X1G004171012400	X1G004171037100		

# (1-3) SG3225CAN

(1) Product Name (Standard Form)

<u>SG3225 C AN</u> <u>25.000000MHz</u> <u>T J H A</u> (1) 2) <u>3</u> <u>4</u>567

①Model ②Output (C:CMOS) ③Frequency ④Supply voltage

⑤Frequency tolerance ⑥Operating temperature ⑦Internal identification code ("A" is default)

4 Supply voltage Refer to Figure 1		(5)F	requency tolerance / $^{\textcircled{6}}$ Operating temperature
Т	1.8 V to 3.3 V Typ.	DB	±25 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -20 °C to +70 °C
Κ	2.5 V to 3.3 V Typ.	JG	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -40 °C to +85 °C
	*Figure 1 is on the next page	JH	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -40 °C to +105 °C

	Frequency	tolerance / Operating temperature		
Froquency [MHz]	DB	JG	JH	
Frequency [MHz]	±25 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	
	-20 °C to +70 °C	-40 °C to +85 °C	-40 °C to +105 °C	
4	-	X1G005961001115	X1G005961001215	
8	-	X1G005961000415	X1G005961001315	
10	-	X1G005961000515	X1G005961001415	
12	X1G005961001515	X1G005961000615	X1G005961001615	
12.288	X1G005961001715	X1G005961001815	X1G005961001915	
14.7456	-	X1G005961002015	X1G005961002115	
16	-	X1G005961002215	X1G005961002315	
20	X1G005961002415	X1G005961000715	X1G005961002515	
24	X1G005961002615	X1G005961000115	X1G005961002715	
24.576	-	X1G005961000815	X1G005961002815	
25	X1G005961002915	X1G005961000215	X1G005961003015	
26	-	X1G005961003115	X1G005961003215	
27	-	X1G005961003315	X1G005961003415	
32	-	X1G005961003515	X1G005961003615	
33.33	-	X1G005961003715	X1G005961003815	
33.3333	-	X1G005961003915	X1G005961004015	
40	-	X1G005961000915	X1G005961004115	
48	X1G005961004215	X1G005961000315	X1G005961004315	
50	X1G005961004415	X1G005961001015	X1G005961004515	
72	X1G005961004615	X1G005961004715	X1G005961004815	

# (1-4) SG5032CAN

(1) Product Name (Standard Form)

<u>SG5032 C AN</u> <u>25.000000MHz</u> <u>T J H A</u> (1) (2) (3) (4) (6) (7)

①Model ②Output (C:CMOS) ③Frequency ④Supply voltage

⑤Frequency tolerance ⑥Operating temperature ⑦Internal identification code ("A" is default)

4 Supply voltage Refer to Figure 1	<sup>(5)</sup> Frequer	ncy tolerance / $^{\textcircled{6}}$ Operating temperature
T 1.8 V to 3.3 V Typ.	DB ±25 >	< 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -20 ⁰C to +70 ⁰C
K 2.5 V to 3.3 V Typ.	JG ±50 >	< 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -40 ⁰C to +85 ⁰C
*Figure 1 is on the next page	JH ±50 >	< 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -40 ⁰C to +105 ⁰C

	Frequency tolerance / Operating temperature				
Frequency [MHz]	DB	JG	JH		
	±25 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>		
	-20 °C to +70 °C	-40 °C to +85 °C	-40 °C to +105 °C		
4	-	X1G004451003400	X1G004451019600		
8	-	X1G004451002100	X1G004451019700		
10	-	X1G004451001300	X1G004451017800		
12	X1G004451019800	X1G004451002800	X1G004451019900		
12.288	X1G004451020000	X1G004451000100	X1G004451020100		
14.7456	-	X1G004451001900	X1G004451020200		
16	-	X1G004451000200	X1G004451020300		
20	X1G004451020400	X1G004451001100	X1G004451020500		
24	X1G004451017200	X1G004451000300	X1G004451020600		
24.576	-	X1G004451002900	X1G004451020700		
25	X1G004451009700	X1G004451000400	X1G004451020800		
26	-	X1G004451008200	X1G004451020900		
27	-	X1G004451000500	X1G004451021000		
32	-	X1G004451001400	X1G004451021100		
33.33	-	X1G004451021200	X1G004451021300		
33.3333	-	X1G004451016700	X1G004451021400		
40	-	X1G004451001200	X1G004451021500		
48	X1G004451014900	X1G004451000700	X1G004451011200		
50	X1G004451011500	X1G004451000800	X1G004451003600		
72	X1G004451021600	X1G004451021700	X1G004451021800		

# (1-5) SG7050CAN

(1) Product Name (Standard Form)

<u>SG7050 CAN</u> <u>25.000000MHz</u> <u>T J H A</u> (1) <u>(2)</u> <u>(3)</u> <u>4</u>(5)6(7)

①Model ②Output (C:CMOS) ③Frequency ④Supply voltage

⑤Frequency tolerance ⑥Operating temperature ⑦Internal identification code ("A" is default)

(4)SI	upply voltage Refer to Figure 1	(5) <sub>F</sub>	requency tolerance / <sup>6</sup> Operating temperature
Т	1.8 V to 3.3 V Typ.	DB	±25 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -20 °C to +70 °C
Κ	2.5 V to 3.3 V Typ.	JG	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -40 °C to +85 °C
	*Figure 1 is on the next page	JH	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup> / -40 °C to +105 °C

	Frequency tolerance / Operating temperature			
Frequency [MHz]	DB	JG	JH	
	±25 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	±50 × 10 <sup>-6</sup>	
	-20 °C to +70 °C	-40 °C to +85 °C	-40 °C to +105 °C	
4	-	X1G004481005100	X1G004481025200	
8	-	X1G004481001400	X1G004481025300	
10	-	X1G004481000500	X1G004481025400	
12	X1G004481025500	X1G004481000600	X1G004481025600	
12.288	X1G004481025700	X1G004481000100	X1G004481025800	
14.7456	-	X1G004481002500	X1G004481025900	
16	-	X1G004481000700	X1G004481026000	
20	X1G004481012800	X1G004481000800	X1G004481026100	
24	X1G004481002200	X1G004481000200	X1G004481026200	
24.576	-	X1G004481001600	X1G004481026300	
25	X1G004481011600	X1G004481000300	X1G004481026400	
26	-	X1G004481003500	X1G004481026500	
27	-	X1G004481000400	X1G004481026600	
32	-	X1G004481000900	X1G004481026700	
33.33	-	X1G004481017900	X1G004481026800	
33.3333	-	X1G004481003300	X1G004481026900	
40	-	X1G004481001500	X1G004481027000	
48	X1G004481022600	X1G004481001100	X1G004481027100	
50	X1G004481011200	X1G004481001200	X1G004481016000	
72	X1G004481027200	X1G004481018300	X1G004481027300	

### [2] Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol		Unit	Conditions	
Falameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Conditions
Maximum supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3	-	4	V	
Input voltage	Vin	-0.3	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V	ST terminal
Storage temperature range	Tota	-55	-	+125	°C	SG2016CAN, SG3225CAN
	T_stg	-40	-	+125	°C	All other

### [3] Operating Range

Parameter	Symbol	Symbol Specification			Unit	Conditions
Faiametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Conditions
Supply voltage		1.6	-	3.63	V	fo ≤ 50 MHz, T_use = +105 °C Max.
	V <sub>cc</sub>	1.71	-	3.63	V	fo = 72 MHz, T_use = +85 °C Max.
		2.25	-	3.63	V	fo = 72 MHz, T_use = +105 °C Max.
Supply voltage	GND	0.0	0.0	0.0	V	
		-20	+25	+70	°C	
Operating temperature range (Refer to Figure 1)	T_use	-40	+25	+85	°C	
		-40	+25	+105	°C	
CMOS load condition	L_CMOS	-	-	15	pF	

\* Power supply startup time (0 %V<sub>CC</sub>  $\rightarrow$  90 %V<sub>CC</sub>) should be more than 150 µs \* A 0.01 µF to a 0.1 µF bypass capacitor should be connected between V<sub>CC</sub> and GND pins located close to the device



Please note that Supply voltage range (V $_{\rm CC})$ depends on Output frequency(fo) and upper limit of Operating temperature(T\_use Max.).

Figure 1: The upper limit of Operating temperature and the related conditions

### [4] Frequency Characteristics

(Unless stated otherwise [3] Operating Range)

Parameter	Symbol	Specification		Unit	Conditions	
Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onit	Conditions
Output frequency	fo	4, 8, 10, 12, 12.288, 14.7456, 16, 20, 24, 24.576, 25, 26, 27, 32, 33.33, 33.3333, 40, 48, 50, 72		MHz		
	f_tol	-25	-	+25	×10 <sup>-6</sup>	T_use = -20 °C to +70 °C
Frequency tolerance *1		-50	-	+50	v10 °	T_use = -40 °C to +105 °C T_use = -40 °C to +85 °C *2
Frequency aging	f_age	-3		+3	×10 <sup>-6</sup>	T_use = +25 °C, First year

\*1 Frequency tolerance includes initial frequency tolerance, frequency / temperature characteristics, frequency / voltage coefficient, and frequency / load coefficient

\*2 This temperature range is only for fo = 72 MHz

5 ] Electrical Characteristics				(U	nless stated	otherwise [ 3 ] Operating Range
Parameter	Symbol		Specification		Unit	Conditions
	Cymbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onic	Conditions
Start-up time	t_str	-	-	3	ms	t = 0 at 90 %V <sub>CC</sub>
Current consumption (No load)		-	-	1.5	mA	4 MHz ≤ fo ≤ 20 MHz
$V_{cc} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 10 \%$		-	-	1.8	mA	20 MHz < fo ≤ 40 MHz
VCC = 1.0 V ± 10 /0		-	-	2.1	mA	40 MHz < fo ≤ 50 MHz
$V_{CC} = 1.8 V \pm 5 \%$		-	-	2.4	mA	fo = 72 MHz
		-	-	1.6	mA	4 MHz ≤ fo ≤ 20 MHz
Current consumption (No load)		-	-	2.0	mA	20 MHz < fo ≤ 40 MHz
$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 10 \%$	I <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	2.4	mA	40 MHz < fo ≤ 50 MHz
		-	-	2.8	mA	fo = 72 MHz
	_	-	-	1.8	mA	4 MHz ≤ fo ≤ 20 MHz
Current consumption (No load)		-	-	2.2	mA	20 MHz < fo ≤ 40 MHz
$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10 \%$		-	-	2.6	mA	40 MHz < fo ≤ 50 MHz
		-	-	3.0	mA	fo = 72 MHz
		-	-	2.1	μA	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 10 \% \text{ or} \pm 5 \%,$ $\overline{ST} = \text{GND}$
Stand-by current	I_std	-	-	2.5	μA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 10 %, ST = GND
		-	-	2.7	μA	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 10 %, ST = GND
	V <sub>OH</sub>	90 % V <sub>CC</sub>	-	-	V	Load current condition 1.8 V ± 10 % 2.5 V ± 10 % 3.3 V ± 10 %
	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	-	10 % V <sub>CC</sub>	V	I <sub>OH</sub> -1.5 mA -3 mA -4 mA I <sub>OL</sub> 1.5 mA 3 mA 4 mA
Output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.4	-	-	V	Load current condition 1.8 V ± 10 % 2.5 V ± 10 % 3.3 V ± 10 %
	V <sub>OL</sub>	-	-	0.4	V	I <sub>OH</sub> -3 mA -4 mA -6 mA I <sub>OL</sub> 3 mA 4 mA 6 mA
Symmetry	SYM	45	50	55	%	50 % V <sub>CC</sub> level, L_CMOS ≤ 15 pF
Rise time/Fall time	tr / tf	-	-	3	ns	$V_{CC} = 2.5 V \text{ or } 3.3 V \pm 10 \%$ , 20 % $V_{CC}$ to 80 % $V_{CC}$ Level, L_CMOS = 15 pF
	u / u	-	-	3.5	ns	$V_{CC} = 1.8 V \pm 10 \% \text{ or } \pm 5 \%$ , 20 % $V_{CC}$ to 80 % $V_{CC}$ Level, L_CMOS = 15 pF
	V <sub>IH</sub>	80 % Vcc	-	-	V	ST terminal
Input voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	-	20 % Vcc	V	
Output disable time (ST)	tstp_st	-	-	100	ns	$\overline{ST}$ terminal HIGH $\rightarrow$ LOW
Output enable time (ST)	tsta_st	-	-	3	ms	$\overline{ST}$ terminal LOW $\rightarrow$ HIGH

# [6] Thermal resistance (For reference only)

Parameter	Symbol		Specification		Unit	Conditions
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Junction temperature	Tj	-	-	+125	°C	
		-	9.8	-	°C/W	SG2016CAN
		-	15.2	-	°C/W	SG-210STF
Junction to case	θјс	-	23.1	-	°C/W	SG3225CAN
		-	16.1	-	°C/W	SG5032CAN
		-	28.0	-	°C/W	SG7050CAN
		-	99.6	-	°C/W	SG2016CAN
		-	91.9	-	°C/W	SG-210STF
Junction to ambient	θja	-	103.8	-	°C/W	SG3225CAN
		-	82.5	-	°C/W	SG5032CAN
		-	78.8	-	°C/W	SG7050CAN





\* Output load condition under L\_CMOS > 15 pF (dotted line area) is not guaranteed, and the data is for reference. The actual current consumption is the total of the current under the condition of no load and the current to drive the output load (fo x L\_CMOS x  $V_{CC}$ ). To reduce the current consumption, it is effective to use lower frequency, lower supply voltage and lower output load.

### (7-3) Rise Time / Fall Time

### fo = 20 MHz, Rise Time



\* Output load condition under L\_CMOS > 15 pF (dotted line area) is not guaranteed, and the data is for reference.

### fo = 20 MHz, Fall Time



\* Output load condition under L\_CMOS > 15 pF (dotted line area) is not guaranteed, and the data is for reference.

### (7-3) Rise Time / Fall Time [cont'd]

### fo = 40 MHz, Rise Time



\* Output load condition under L\_CMOS > 15 pF (dotted line area) is not guaranteed, and the data is for reference.

### fo = 40 MHz, Fall Time



\* Output load condition under L\_CMOS > 15 pF (dotted line area) is not guaranteed, and the data is for reference.

### (7-3) Rise Time / Fall Time [cont'd]

### fo = 72 MHz, Rise Time



\* Output load condition under L\_CMOS > 15 pF (dotted line area) is not guaranteed, and the data is for reference. There are some missing data in the graph. It is unmeasurable because of low amplitude under the condition of L\_CMOS > 15 pF.

### fo = 72 MHz, Fall Time





\* Output load condition under L\_CMOS > 15 pF (dotted line area) is not guaranteed, and the data is for reference. There are some missing data in the graph. It is unmeasurable because of low amplitude under the condition of

L\_CMOS > 15 pF.

### (7-4) Symmetry

### fo = 20 MHz



fo = 40 MHz

50 %V<sub>CC</sub>, L\_CMOS = 15 pF, Temp. Char.



fo = 72 MHz



# (7-5) Output Voltage



### fo = 40 MHz



#### fo = 72 MHz





# Jitter (T use = +25 °C, $V_{cc}$ = 3.3 V)

Jiller (1_use = +25 °C, $V_{CC} = 3.3 V$ )						
Total jitter (BER = 10 <sup>-12</sup> )	22.3 ps					
RMS jitter	1.8 ps					
Peak to peak jitter	16 ps					

-120 Hase -140

> -160 -180

1

10

100

1k

10k

Offset frequency [Hz]

100k

1M

10M

100M



### Page 18 / 35



### (7-7) Output Waveform [cont'd] fo = 72 MHz $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V, L\_CMOS = 15 pF, T\_use = +25 °C $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V, L\_CMOS = 15 pF, T\_use = +25 $^\circ\text{C}$ 3.5 3.5 3 3 2.5 2 1.5 1.5 2.5 Output voltage [V] 2 1.5 1 0.5 0.5 0 0 Time [5 ns / div] Time [5 ns / div] $V_{CC}$ = 1.8 V, L\_CMOS = 15 pF, T\_use = +25 °C 3.5 3 2.5 2 2.5 1.5 1.5 0.5 0 Time [5 ns / div]

# [8] Test Circuit

(8-1) Waveform Observation



(8-2) Current Consumption Test



\*Standby current test should be  $\overline{ST} = GND$ .

- (8-3) Condition
- (1) Oscilloscope

The bandwidth should be minimum 5 times wider than measurement frequency

The probe ground should be placed closely to the test point and the lead length should be as short as possible

- \* It is recommended to use miniature socket. (Don't use earth lead.)
- (2) L\_CMOS includes probe capacitance.

(3) A 0.01  $\mu F$  to a 0.1  $\mu F$  bypass capacitor should be connected between V  $_{CC}$  and GND pins located close to the device

- (4) Use a current meter with a low internal impedance
- (5) Power Supply

Power supply startup time (0  $\%V_{CC} \rightarrow 90 \%V_{CC}$ ) should be more than 150 µs Power supply impedance should be as low as possible

### (8-4) Timing Chart

(1) Output Waveform and Level



### (2) Output Frequency Timing



### (3) ST Function and Timing



- \*1 The period from  $\overline{ST} = V_{IL}$  to OUT = High impedance (Disable)
- \*2 The period from  $\overline{ST}$  =  $V_{I\!H}$  to OUT = Enable
- \* Judge of starting output:  $V_{0H} \ge 80 \ \text{W}_{CC}$ ,  $V_{0L} \le 20 \ \text{W}_{VCC}$ , fout is within fo  $\pm 1 \ 000 \times 10^{-6}$ \*  $\overline{ST}$  terminal voltage level should not exceed supply voltage when using  $\overline{ST}$  function.

Please note that ST rise time should not exceed supply voltage rise time at the start-up.

[9] Outline Drawing and Recommended Footprint (9-1) SG2016CAN



connected between  $V_{\text{CC}}$  and GND and placed

Reference Weight Typ.: 9.9 mg

### **Terminal Assignment**

Pin #	Connection	Function						
		ST terminal	ŜT terminal					
#4	ST	$\overline{ST}$ function	Osc. Circuit	Output				
#1	#1 ST	"H" or OPEN	Oscillation	Specified frequency: Enable				
		"L"	Oscillation stop	High impedance: Disable				
#2	GND	GND terminal						
#3	OUT	Output terminal						
#4	V <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> terminal	V <sub>CC</sub> terminal					

### Marking



Units: mm

# (9-2) SG-210STF



Reference Weight Typ.: 14 mg

# **Terminal Assignment**

	Pin #	Connection	Function						
			ST terminal	5T terminal					
	#1 ST	ᅙᆍ	$\overline{ST}$ function	Osc. Circuit	Output				
		51	"H" or OPEN	Oscillation	Specified frequency: Enable				
			"L"	Oscillation stop	High impedance: Disable				
	#2	GND	GND terminal						
	#3	OUT	Output terminal						
	#4	V <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> terminal						



Units: mm

### (9-3) SG3225CAN



Reference Weight Typ.: 25 mg

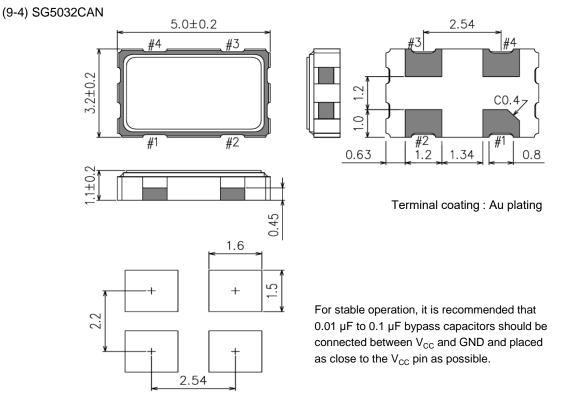
### **Terminal Assignment**

···.					
	Pin #	Connection	Function		
	#1	ST	ST terminal		
			$\overline{ST}$ function	Osc. Circuit	Output
			"H" or OPEN	Oscillation	Specified frequency: Enable
			"L"	Oscillation stop	High impedance: Disable
	#2	GND	GND terminal		
	#3	OUT	Output termina	I	
	#4	V <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> terminal		



# SEIKO EPSON CORPORATION

Units: mm



Reference Weight Typ.: 52 mg

# **Terminal Assignment**

similar Assignment				
Pin #	Connection	Function		
#1	ST	ST terminal		
		$\overline{ST}$ function	Osc. Circuit	Output
		"H" or OPEN	Oscillation	Specified frequency: Enable
		"L"	Oscillation stop	High impedance: Disable
#2	GND	GND terminal		
#3	Ουτ	Output termina	I	
#4	V <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> terminal		

Symbol	E25. 000	Frequency [MHz]
Location of Pin #1	OCAN361S	Production lot number
Model		

# (9-5) SG7050CAN



5.08 #3 09 C0.5 1.40 3.68 1.40 0.26Terminal coating : Au plating

For stable operation, it is recommended that 0.01  $\mu F$  to 0.1  $\mu F$  bypass capacitors should be connected between V<sub>CC</sub> and GND and placed as close to the V<sub>CC</sub> pin as possible.

Reference Weight Typ.: 147 mg

### **Terminal Assignment**

CII	chillian Assignment				
	Pin #	Connection	Function		
	#1	ST	ST terminal		
			$\overline{ST}$ function	Osc. Circuit	Output
			"H" or OPEN	Oscillation	Specified frequency: Enable
			"L"	Oscillation stop	High impedance: Disable
	#2	GND	GND terminal		
	#3	OUT	Output termina	I	
	#4	V <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>cc</sub> terminal		

Symbol	E25.000	Frequency [MHz]
Location of Pin #1	OCAN361S	Production lot number
Model		

# [10] Moisture Sensitivity Level

Parameter	Specification	Conditions
MSL	LEVEL 1	IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D.1

# [11] Reflow Profiles

IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D.1



# [12] Packing Information

### (12-1) SG2016CAN

(1) Packing Quantity

The last two digits of the Product Number (X1G004801xxxx $\underline{xx}$ ) are a code that defines the packing quantity. The standard is "00" for a 3 000 pcs/Reel.

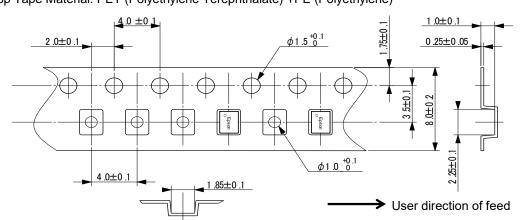
(2) Taping Specification

Subject to EIA-481, IEC-60286 and JIS C0806

- 1) Tape Dimensions
  - Carrier Tape Material: PS (Polystyrene)

Top Tape Material: PET (Polyethylene Terephthalate) +PE (Polyethylene)

Units: mm



2) Reel Dimensions Center Material: PS (Polystyrene)

Reel Material: PS (Polystyrene)



Units: mm

3) Storage Environment

We recommend to keep less than +30 °C and 85 %RH of humidity in a packed condition, and to use it less than 6 months after delivery.

# (12-2) SG-210STF

(1) Packing Quantity

The last two digits of the Product Number (X1G004171xxxx<u>xx</u>) are a code that defines the packing quantity. The standard is "00" for a 3 000 pcs/Reel.

(2) Taping Specification

Subject to EIA-481, IEC-60286 and JIS C0806

- 1) Tape Dimensions
  - Carrier Tape Material: PS (Polystyrene)

Top Tape Material: PET (Polyethylene Terephthalate) +PE (Polyethylene)

10P: 40.0±0.1 1.15±0.1 .75±0.1 2.0±0.1 +0.1 $0.25 \pm 0.05$ Φ1.5 -0 4.0±0.1 .5±0.1 8.0±0.2 Epsor Epson 840 +0.1 4.0±0.1 Top tap <u>Φ1</u>.0-0 User direction of feed

2) Reel Dimensions

Center Material: PS (Polystyrene) Reel Material: PS (Polystyrene)



3) Storage Environment

We recommend to keep less than +30 °C and 85 %RH of humidity in a packed condition, and to use it less than 6 months after delivery.

Units: mm

Units: mm

# (12-3) SG3225CAN

(1) Packing Quantity

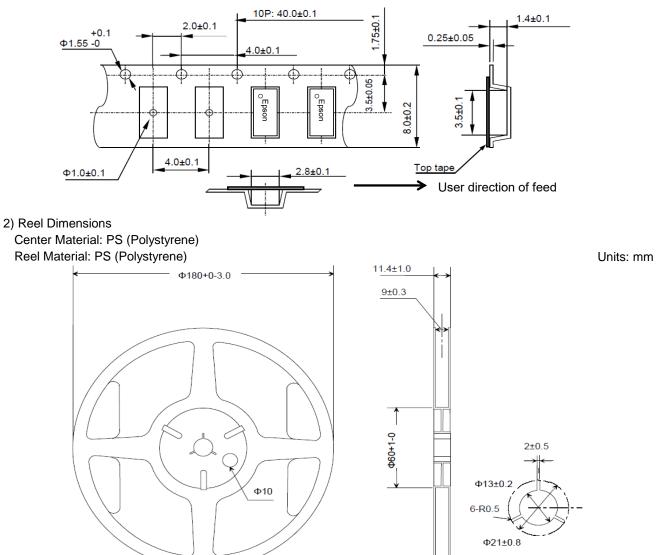
The last two digits of the Product Number (X1G005961xxxx $\underline{xx}$ ) are a code that defines the packing quantity. The standard is "15" for a 2 000 pcs/Reel.

(2) Taping Specification

Subject to EIA-481, IEC-60286 and JIS C0806

- 1) Tape Dimensions
  - Carrier Tape Material: PS (Polystyrene)

Top Tape Material: PET (Polyethylene Terephthalate) +PE (Polyethylene)



3) Storage Environment

We recommend to keep less than +30 °C and 85 %RH of humidity in a packed condition, and to use it less than 6 months after delivery.

# (12-4) SG5032CAN

(1) Packing Quantity

The last two digits of the Product Number (X1G004451xxxx $\underline{xx}$ ) are a code that defines the packing quantity. The standard is "00" for a 1 000 pcs/Reel.

(2) Taping Specification

Subject to EIA-481, IEC-60286 and JIS C0806

- 1) Tape Dimensions
  - Carrier Tape Material: PS (Polystyrene)

Top Tape Material: PET (Polyethylene Terephthalate) +PE (Polyethylene)

1.4±0.1 10P: 40±0.1 1.75±0.1 2.0±0.1 +0.1 Φ1.5 -0.0 0.3±0.05 4.0±0.1 ¢ ¢ ¢ φ φ 5.5±0.1 12.0±0.2 oEpson 0 Epson 5.4±0.<sup>3</sup> +0.1 Φ1.5 -0.0 8.0±0.1 Тор Таре 3.5±0.1 User direction of feed

2) Reel Dimensions

Center Material: PS (Polystyrene) Reel Material: PS (Polystyrene)

Units: mm



3) Storage Environment

We recommend to keep less than +30 °C and 85 %RH of humidity in a packed condition, and to use it less than 6 months after delivery.

Units: mm

# (12-5) SG7050CAN

(1) Packing Quantity

The last two digits of the Product Number (X1G004481xxxx $\underline{xx}$ ) are a code that defines the packing quantity. The standard is "00" for a 1 000 pcs/Reel.

(2) Taping Specification

Subject to EIA-481, IEC-60286 and JIS C0806

- 1) Tape Dimensions
  - Carrier Tape Material: PS (Polystyrene)

Top Tape Material: PET (Polyethylene Terephthalate) +PE (Polyethylene)

1.75±0.1 2.0±0.1 10P: 40.0±0.15 +0.1 Φ1.5 -0 2.0±0.1 0.3±0.05 4.0±0.1 0 7.5±0.1 16.0±0.2 oEpson Epson t 7.4±0. +0.1 8.0±0.1 5.1±0.1 Top tape Φ1.55-0 User direction of feed

2) Reel Dimensions

Center Material: PS (Polystyrene) Reel Material: PS (Polystyrene)

Units: mm

Units: mm



3) Storage Environment

We recommend to keep less than +30 °C and 85 %RH of humidity in a packed condition, and to use it less than 6 months after delivery.

### [13] Handling Precautions

Prior to using this product, please carefully read the section entitled "Precautions" on our Web site (https://www5.epsondevice.com/en/information/#precaution) for instructions on how to handle and use the product properly to ensure optimal performance of the product in your equipment. Before using the product under any conditions other than those specified therein,

please consult with us to verify and confirm that the performance of the product will not be negatively affected by use under such conditions.

In addition to the foregoing precautions, in order to avoid the deteriorating performance of the product, we strongly recommend that you DO NOT use the product under ANY of the following conditions:

- (1) Do not expose this product to excessive mechanical shock or vibration.
- (2) This product can be damaged by mechanical shock during the soldering process depending on the equipment used, process conditions, and any impact forces experienced. Always follow appropriate procedures, particularly when changing the assembly process in any way and be sure to follow applicable process qualification standards before starting production.
- (3) These devices are sensitive to ESD, use appropriate precautions during handling, assembly, test, shipment, and installation.
- (4) The use of ultrasonic technology for cleaning, bonding, etc. can damage the Xtal unit inside this product.
- Please carefully check for this consideration before using ultrasonic equipment for volume production with this product.(5) Noise and ripple on the power supply may have undesirable affects on operation and cause degradation of phase noise
- characteristics. Evaluate the operation of this device with appropriate power supplies carefully before use.
  (6) When applying power, ensure that the supply voltage increases monotonically for proper operation.
  On power down, do not reapply power until the supplies, bypass capacitors, and any bulk capacitors are complete
- On power down, do not reapply power until the supplies, bypass capacitors, and any bulk capacitors are completely discharged since that may cause the unit to malfunction.
- (7) Aging specifications are estimated from environmental reliability tests and expected frequency variation over time. They do not provide a guarantee of aging over the product lifecycle.
- (8) The metal cap on top of the device is directly connected to the GND terminal. Take necessary precautions to prevent any conductor not at ground potential from contacting the cap as that could cause a short circuit to GND.
- (9) Do not route any signal lines, supply voltage lines, or GND lines underneath the area where the oscillators are mounted including any internal layers and on the opposite side of the PCB. To avoid any issues due to interference of other signal lines, please take care not to place signal lines near the product as this may have an adverse affect on the performance of the product.
- (10) A bypass capacitor of the recommended value(s) must be connected between the V<sub>CC</sub> and GND terminals of the product. Whenever possible, mount the capacitor(s) on the same side of the PCB and as close to the product as possible to keep the routing traces short.
- (11) Power supply connections to V<sub>CC</sub> and GND pins should be routed as thick as possible while keeping the high frequency impedance low in order to get the best performance.
- (12) The use of a filter or similar element in series with the power supply connections to protect from electromagnetic radiation noise may increase the high frequency impedance of the power supply line and may cause the oscillator to not operate properly. Please verify the design to ensure sufficient operational margin prior to use.
- (13) Keep PCB routing from the output terminal(s) to the load as short as possible for best performance.
- (14) The Enable (ST) input terminal is high impedance and so susceptible to noise. Connect it to a low impedance source when used and when not used it is recommended to connect it to Vcc for active high inputs and GND for active low inputs.
- (15) Do not short the output to GND as that will damage the product. Always use with an appropriate load resistor connected.
- (16) This product should be reflowed no more than 3 times.
  If rework is needed after reflow, please correct it with a soldering iron with the tip set for a temperature of +350 °C or less and only contact each terminal once and for no more than 5 seconds.
  If this product is mounted on the bottom of the board during a reflow please check that it soldered down properly afterwards.

[Availability of mounting con	ditions]
Reflow on the board	Avallable
Reflow under the board	The parts may fall. Please judge whether it is possible to implement.
Soldering pot/bath (Dip soldering system, Flow soldering system)	Not Avallable
Soldering iron	Avallable

- (17) Product failures during the warranty period only apply when the product is used according to the recommended operating conditions described in the specifications. Products that have been opened for analysis or damaged will not be covered. It is recommended to store and use in normal temperature and humidity environments described in the specifications to ensure frequency accuracy and prevent moisture condensation. If the product is stored for more than one year, please confirm the pin solderability prior to use.
- (18) If the oscillation circuit is exposed to condensation, the frequency may change or oscillation may stop. Do not use in any conditions where condensation occurs.
- (19) Do not store or use the product in an environment where it can be exposed to chemical substances that are corrosive to metal or plastics such as salt water, organic solvents, chemical gasses, etc. Do not use the product when it is exposed to sunlight, dust, corrosive gasses, or other materials for long periods of time.
- (20) When using water-soluble solder flux make sure to completely remove the flux residue after soldering. Pay particular attention when the residues contain active halogens which will negatively affect the product and its performance.
- (21) Terminals on the side of the product are internally connected to the IC, be careful not to cause short-circuits or reduce the insulation resistance of them in any way.
- (22) Should any customer use the product in any manner contrary to the precautions and/or advice herein, such use shall be done at the customer's own risk.

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At Seiko Epson, all environmental initiatives operate under the Plan-Do-Check-Action (PDCA) cycle designed to achieve continuous improvements. The environmental management system (EMS) operates under the ISO 14001 environmental management standard. All of our major manufacturing and non-manufacturing sites, in Japan and overseas, completed the acquisition of ISO 14001 certification.

WORKING FOR HIGH QUALITY In order provide high quality and reliable products and services than meet customer needs, Seiko Epson made early efforts towards obtaining ISO9000 series certification and has acquired ISO9001 for all business establishments in Japan and abroad. We have also acquired IATF 16949 certification that is requested strongly by major manufacturers as standard.

Explanation of marks used in this datasheet

ISO 14000 is an international standard for environmental management that was established by the International Standards Organization in 1996 against the background of growing concern regarding global warming, destruction of the ozone layer, and global deforestation.

IATF 16949 is the international standard that added the sector-specific supplemental requirements for automotive industry based on ISO9001.

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 40.0M-T1K
 F335-24
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 F535L-12
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 F535L-27
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 ASF1-3.686MHZ-N-K-S
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 LCS-T
 XO57CTECNA3M6864
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 9120AC-2D2-33E212.500000

 9102AI-243N25E100.00000
 8208AC-82-18E-25.00000
 8008AI-72-XXE-24.545454E
 8004AC-13-33E-133.33000X
 AS-4.9152-16-SMD-TR

 ASFL1-48.000MHZ-LC-T
 632L31004M00000
 SIT8920AM-31-33E-25.0000
 DSC1028DI2-019.2000
 9121AC-2C3-25E100.00000
 9102AI 

 233N33E100.00000X
 9102AI-233N25E200.00000
 9102AI-232H25S125.0000
 9102AI-133N25E200.00000
 9102AC-283N25E200.00000

 9001AC-33-33E1-30.000
 8103AC-13-33E-12.00000X
 3921AI-2CF-33NZ125.00000
 5730-1SF
 XUN736000.032768I
 ASV-25.000MHZ 

 ECS-50-T
 EC3925ETTTS-100.000M TR
 SIT1602BC-83-33E-10.000000Y
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 1602BI-13-33S-19.200000E
 8208AI 

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 8103AI-83-33E-33.00000X
 8208AI-8F-33E-66.6666666X
 NX7031E0125.000000Y
 1602BI-13-33S-19.200000E
 82