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PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters	EN/LZT 146 391 R5A September 2017
Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex

### **Key Features**

- Industry standard Sixteenth-brick 33.02 x 22.86 x 7.50 mm (1.3 x 0.9 x 0.295 in.)
- Wide Input range 18-72 Vin
- High efficiency, typ. 91.7 % at 5 V half load & 27 Vin
- 1500 V<sub>dc</sub> input to output isolation
- Surface mount option
- Meets safety requirements according to IEC/EN/UL 60950-1
- MTBF 4.2 million hours

### **General Characteristics**

- Input under voltage protection
- Over temperature protection
- Output over voltage protection
- Output short circuit protection
- Remote control
- Highly automated manufacturing ensures quality
- ISO 9001/14001 certified supplier



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### **Design for Environment**



Meets requirements in hightemperature lead-free soldering processes.

### Contents

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### Ordering No.

PKU 5311E PI PKU 5313E PI	
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PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters	
Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	

### **Ordering Information**

Product program	Output
PKU 5310E	3.3 V, 10 A / 33 W
PKU 5311E	5 V, 7 A / 35 W
PKU 5313E	12V, 3A / 33W
PKU 5315E	15V, 2A / 30W

### Product number and Packaging

PKU 5XXXE n1n2n3r	14			
Options	n1	n2	n3	n4
Mounting	0			
Remote Control logic		0		
Lead length			0	
Delivery package information				0

### Options Description

n1	PI SI	Through hole Surface mount
n2	Ρ	Negative * Positive
n3	LA LB	5.30 mm * 3.69 mm 4.57 mm
n4	/B /C	Tray Tape and Reel (only valid for surface mount products)

Example a through-hole mounted, negative logic, short pin product with tray packaging would be PKU 4315E PILA/B.

\* Standard variant (i.e. no option selected).

### General Information Reliability

The failure rate ( $\lambda$ ) and mean time between failures (MTBF= 1/ $\lambda$ ) is calculated at max output power and an operating ambient temperature (T<sub>A</sub>) of +40°C. Flex uses Telcordia SR-332 Issue 2 Method 1 to calculate the mean steady-state failure rate and standard deviation ( $\sigma$ ).

Telcordia SR-332 Issue 2 also provides techniques to estimate the upper confidence levels of failure rates based on the mean and standard deviation.

Mean steady-state failure rate, $\lambda$	Std. deviation, $\sigma$
241 nFailures/h	31.9 nFailures/h

MTBF (mean value) for the PKU-E series = 4.2 Mh. MTBF at 90% confidence level = 3.6 Mh

### Compatibility with RoHS requirements

© Flex

The products are compatible with the relevant clauses and requirements of the RoHS directive 2002/95/EC and have a maximum concentration value of 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials for lead, mercury, hexavalent chromium, PBB and PBDE and of 0.01% by weight in homogeneous materials for cadmium.

Exemptions in the RoHS directive utilized in Flex products include:

- Lead in high melting temperature type solder (used to solder the die in semiconductor packages)
- Lead in glass of electronics components and in electronic ceramic parts (e.g. fill material in chip resistors)
- Lead as an alloying element in copper alloy containing up to 4% lead by weight (used in connection pins made of Brass)

### **Quality Statement**

The products are designed and manufactured in an industrial environment where quality systems and methods like ISO 9000,  $6\sigma$  (sigma), and SPC are intensively in use to boost the continuous improvements strategy. Infant mortality or early failures in the products are screened out and they are subjected to an ATE-based final test. Conservative design rules, design reviews and product qualifications, plus the high competence of an engaged work force, contribute to the high quality of our products.

### Warranty

Warranty period and conditions are defined in Flex General Terms and Conditions of Sale.

### Limitation of Liability

Flex does not make any other warranties, expressed or implied including any warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose (including, but not limited to, use in life support applications, where malfunctions of product can cause injury to a person's health or life).

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### **Safety Specification**

### **General information**

Flex DC/DC converters and DC/DC regulators are designed in accordance with safety standards IEC/EN/UL 60950-1 *Safety of Information Technology Equipment*.

IEC/EN/UL 60950-1 contains requirements to prevent injury or damage due to the following hazards:

- Electrical shock
- Energy hazards
- Fire
- Mechanical and heat hazards
- Radiation hazards
- Chemical hazards

On-board DC/DC converters and DC/DC regulators are defined as component power supplies. As components they cannot fully comply with the provisions of any safety requirements without "Conditions of Acceptability". Clearance between conductors and between conductive parts of the component power supply and conductors on the board in the final product must meet the applicable safety requirements. Certain conditions of acceptability apply for component power supplies with limited stand-off (see Mechanical Information for further information). It is the responsibility of the installer to ensure that the final product housing these components complies with the requirements of all applicable safety standards and regulations for the final product.

Component power supplies for general use should comply with the requirements in IEC 60950-1, EN 60950-1 and UL 60950-1 *Safety of Information Technology Equipment.* There are other more product related standards, e.g. IEEE 802.3 *CSMA/CD (Ethernet) Access Method*, and ETS-300132-2 *Power supply interface at the input to telecommunications equipment, operated by direct current (dc)*, but all of these standards are based on IEC/EN/UL 60950-1 with regards to safety.

Flex DC/DC converters and DC/DC regulators are UL 60950-1 recognized and certified in accordance with EN 60950-1.

The flammability rating for all construction parts of the products meet requirements for V-0 class material according to IEC 60695-11-10, *Fire hazard testing, test flames* – 50 W horizontal and vertical flame test methods.

The products should be installed in the end-use equipment, in accordance with the requirements of the ultimate application. Normally the output of the DC/DC converter is considered as SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) and the input source must be isolated by minimum Double or Reinforced Insulation from the primary circuit (AC mains) in accordance with IEC/EN/UL 60950-1.

### Isolated DC/DC converters

© Flex

It is recommended that a slow blow fuse is to be used at the input of each DC/DC converter. If an input filter is used in the circuit the fuse should be placed in front of the input filter.

In the rare event of a component problem that imposes a short circuit on the input source, this fuse will provide the following functions:

- Isolate the fault from the input power source so as not to affect the operation of other parts of the system.
- Protect the distribution wiring from excessive current and power loss thus preventing hazardous overheating.

The galvanic isolation is verified in an electric strength test. The test voltage ( $V_{iso}$ ) between input and output is 1500 Vdc or 2250 Vdc (refer to product specification).

### 24 V DC systems

The input voltage to the DC/DC converter is SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) and the output remains SELV under normal and abnormal operating conditions.

### 48 and 60 V DC systems

If the input voltage to the DC/DC converter is 75 Vdc or less, then the output remains SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) under normal and abnormal operating conditions.

Single fault testing in the input power supply circuit should be performed with the DC/DC converter connected to demonstrate that the input voltage does not exceed 75 Vdc.

If the input power source circuit is a DC power system, the source may be treated as a TNV-2 circuit and testing has demonstrated compliance with SELV limits in accordance with IEC/EN/UL60950-1.



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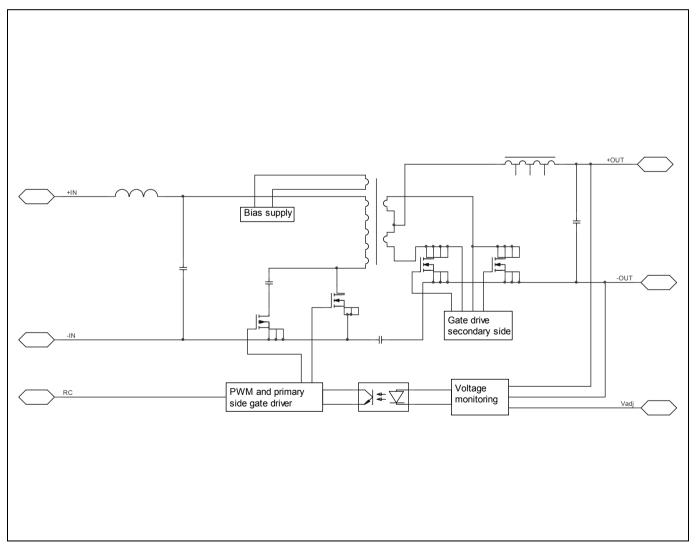
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Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex

### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Char	acteristics		min	typ	max	Unit
T <sub>P1</sub>	Operating Temperature (see Thermal Consideration section	on)	-40		+105	°C
Ts	Storage temperature		-55		+100	°C
VI	Input voltage		-0.5		+80	V
$V_{\text{iso}}$	Isolation voltage (input to output test voltage)				1500	Vdc
V <sub>tr</sub>	Input voltage transient (t <sub>p</sub> 100 ms)				100	V
V	Remote Control pin voltage	Positive logic option	-0.5		40	V
V <sub>RC</sub>	(see Operating Information section)	Negative logic option	-0.5		40	V
$V_{\text{adj}}$	Adjust pin voltage (see Operating Information section)		-0.5		$2 \mathrm{x} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{oi}}$	V

Stress in excess of Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings, sometimes referred to as no destruction limits, are normally tested with one parameter at a time exceeding the limits of Output data or Electrical Characteristics. If exposed to stress above these limits, function and performance may degrade in an unspecified manner.

### **Fundamental Circuit Diagram**





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Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex

### 3.3 V/10 A Electrical Specification

 $T_{P1}$  = -30 to +90°C,  $V_{I}$  = 18 to 72 V, unless otherwise specified under Conditions. Typical values given at:  $T_{P1}$  = +25°C,  $V_{I}$ = 53  $V_{I}$  max  $I_{0}$ , unless otherwise specified under Conditions. Additional  $C_{0}$ = 220  $\mu F$ .

Chara	cteristics	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Vı	Input voltage range		18		72	V
V <sub>loff</sub>	Turn-off input voltage	Decreasing input voltage	15	16	17	V
Vlon	Turn-on input voltage	Increasing input voltage	16	17	18	V
Cı	Internal input capacitance			4.4		μF
Po	Output power	Output voltage initial setting	0		33	W
		50 % of max $I_{O_1}$ , $V_1$ = 27 V		89.4		
	Efficiency	max I <sub>o,</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = 27 V		89.2		%
η	Enciency	50 % of max I <sub>o</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V		87.3		70
		max I <sub>o</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V		88.1		
Pd	Power Dissipation	max I <sub>o</sub>		4.4	7.5	W
P <sub>li</sub>	Input idling power	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A, V <sub>1</sub> = 53 V		1.8		W
P <sub>RC</sub>	Input standby power	V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V (turned off with RC)		0.65		W
s	Switching frequency	0-100 % of max I <sub>0</sub>	255	285	315	kHz

V <sub>Oi</sub>	Output voltage initial setting and accuracy	T <sub>P1</sub> = +25°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 10 A	3.24	3.30	3.36	V
	Output adjust range	See operating information	2.97		3.63	V
	Output voltage tolerance band	10-100 % of max I <sub>o</sub>	3.20		3.40	V
Vo	Idling voltage	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A	3.24		3.36	V
	Line regulation	max I <sub>o</sub>		±5	±25	mV
	Load regulation	$V_{I} = 53 V$ , 0-100 % of max $I_{O}$		±5	±25	mV
V <sub>tr</sub>	Load transient voltage deviation	$V_1 = 53 V$ , Load step 25-75-25 % of		±250	±400	mV
t <sub>tr</sub>	Load transient recovery time	max I <sub>o</sub> , di/dt = 5 A/ $\mu$ s C <sub>o</sub> = 1mF		250	400	μs
t <sub>r</sub>	Ramp-up time (from 10-90 % of V <sub>Oi</sub> )	10-100 % of max lo		7		ms
ts	Start-up time (from V <sub>I</sub> connection to 90 % of V <sub>Oi</sub> )	10-100 % of max 1 <sub>0</sub>		8		ms
t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> shut-down fall time	max I <sub>o</sub>		2		mS
4	(from $V_1$ off to 10 % of $V_0$ )	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A		15		S
	RC start-up time	max I <sub>o</sub>		8		ms
t <sub>RC</sub>	RC shut-down fall time	max I <sub>o</sub>		0.35		ms
	(from RC off to 10 % of $V_{\rm O})$	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A		15		S
lo	Output current		0		10	А
l <sub>lim</sub>	Current limit threshold	$V_{I} = 53 V, T_{P1} < max T_{P1}$		15	20	А
sc	Short circuit current	T <sub>P1</sub> = 25°C, Note 1		18		А
V <sub>Oac</sub>	Output ripple & noise	See ripple & noise section, max $I_0$ , $V_{0i}$ , $C_0$ = 220 $\mu$ F		45	80	mVp-p
OVP	Over voltage protection	$T_{P1}$ = +25°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V, 0-100 % of max I <sub>0</sub>		3.9		V

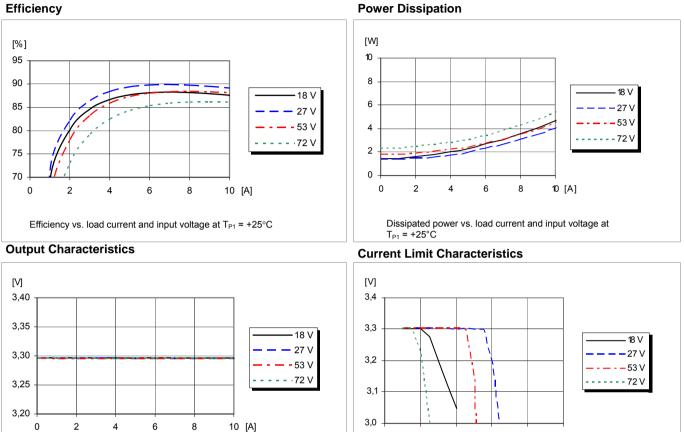
1) RMS value

### **PKU 5310E PI**

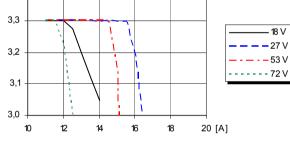
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### 3.3 V/10 A Typical Characteristics

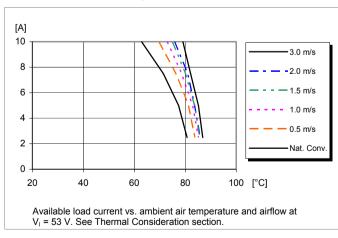
### **PKU 5310E PI**



Output voltage vs. load current at  $T_{P1}$  = +25°C



Output voltage vs. load current at I\_O > max I\_O , T\_{P1} = +25°C The module enters hiccup mode when the output current exceeds current limit.



### **Output Current Derating**

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### 3.3 V/10 A Typical Characteristics

## Start-up Shut-down Start-up enabled by connecting V<sub>1</sub> at: Top trace: output voltage (1 V/div.). Shut-down enabled by disconnecting V<sub>I</sub> at: Top trace: output voltage (1 V/div.). $T_{P1} = +25^{\circ}C$ , $V_I = 53 V$ , $I_O = 10 A$ resistive load Bottom trace: input voltage (20 V/div.). Time scale: (2 ms/div.). $T_{P1} = +25^{\circ}C$ , $V_I = 53 V$ , $I_O = 10 A$ resistive load. Bottom trace: input voltage (50 V/div.). Time scale: (0.5 ms/div.). **Output Ripple & Noise Output Load Transient Response** Output voltage ripple at: Trace: output voltage (20 mV/div.). Output voltage response to load current step-Top trace: output voltage (200 mV/div.). change (2.5-7.5-2.5 A) at: $T_{P1}$ =+25°C, $V_1$ = 53 V, $C_0$ = 1mF $T_{P1} = +25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{I} = 53 V$ , $I_{O} = 10 A$ resistive load. Time scale: (2 µs/div.). Bottom trace: load current (5 A/div.). Additional Co =220uF Time scale: (0.5 ms/div.).

### **Output Voltage Adjust (see operating information)**

### Passive adjust

The resistor value for an adjusted output voltage is calculated by using the following equations:

Output Voltage Adjust Upwards, Increase:

$$Radj = \left(\frac{5.11 \times 3.30(100 + \Delta\%)}{1.225 \times \Delta\%} - \frac{511}{\Delta\%} - 10.22\right) \text{ k}\Omega$$

 $\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Example: Increase 4\% =>V_{out} = 3.432 \ Vdc} \\ \left( \frac{5.11 \times 3.30 (100 + 4)}{1.225 \times 4} - \frac{511}{4} - 10.22 \right) \ k\Omega = 220 \ k\Omega \end{array}$ 

### Active adjust

The output voltage may be adjusted using a voltage applied to the Vadj pin. This voltage is calculated by using the following equations:

$$Vadj = \left(1.225 + 2.45 \times \frac{Vdesired - 3.30}{3.30}\right) V$$

Example: Upwards => 3.50 V

$$\left(1.225 + 2.45 \times \frac{3.50 - 3.30}{3.30}\right) \mathsf{V} = 1.37 \mathsf{V}$$

### PKU 5310E PI

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**Technical Specification** 



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### 5 V/7 A Electrical Specification

 $T_{P1}$  = -30 to +90°C,  $V_{I}$  = 18 to 72 V, unless otherwise specified under Conditions. Typical values given at:  $T_{P1}$  = +25°C,  $V_{I}$  = 53  $V_{I}$  max  $I_{O}$ , unless otherwise specified under Conditions. Additional  $C_{o}$  = 150  $\mu F$ .

Chara	cteristics	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
VI	Input voltage range		18		72	V
$V_{\text{loff}}$	Turn-off input voltage	Decreasing input voltage	15	16	17	V
$V_{\text{lon}}$	Turn-on input voltage	Increasing input voltage	16	17	18	V
Cı	Internal input capacitance			4.4		μF
Po	Output power	Output voltage initial setting	0		35	W
		50 % of max I <sub>o</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = 27 V		91.7		
n	Efficiency	max I <sub>0</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = 27 V		91.0		%
1	Linciency	50 % of max $I_0$ , $V_1$ = 53 V		89.4		- 70
		max I <sub>o</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V		90.5		
$P_{d}$	Power Dissipation	max I <sub>0</sub>		3.8	5.6	W
Pli	Input idling power	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A, V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V		1.6		W
$P_{RC}$	Input standby power	V <sub>1</sub> = 53 V (turned off with RC)		0.5		W
f <sub>s</sub>	Switching frequency	0-100 % of max $I_{\rm O}$	255	285	315	kHz

V <sub>Oi</sub>	Output voltage initial setting and accuracy	T <sub>P1</sub> = +25°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 7 A	4.9	5	5.1	V
	Output adjust range	See operating information	4.5		5.5	V
	Output voltage tolerance band	10-100 % of max I <sub>0</sub>	4.85		5.15	V
Vo	Idling voltage	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A	4.9		5.1	V
	Line regulation	max I <sub>o</sub>		±5	±25	mV
	Load regulation	$V_1 = 53 V, 0-100 \% \text{ of max } I_0$		±5	±25	mV
V <sub>tr</sub>	Load transient voltage deviation	$V_1 = 53 V$ , Load step 25-75-25 % of		±300	±500	mV
t <sub>tr</sub>	Load transient recovery time	- max I <sub>o</sub> , di/dt = 5 A/µs, C <sub>o</sub> = 700 µF		250	400	μs
t <sub>r</sub>	Ramp-up time (from 10-90 % of V <sub>Oi</sub> )	– 10-100 % of max Io		5.0	15	ms
ts	Start-up time (from V <sub>1</sub> connection to 90 % of V <sub>Oi</sub> )	- 10-100 % of max 1 <sub>0</sub>		6.5	20	ms
t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> shut-down fall time	max I <sub>o</sub>	0.2	2		ms
ч	(from V <sub>1</sub> off to 10 % of V <sub>0</sub> )	$I_{O} = 0 A$		1.4		S
	RC start-up time	max I <sub>o</sub>		7.0		ms
t <sub>RC</sub>	RC shut-down fall time	max I <sub>o</sub>	0.2	0.4		ms
	(from RC off to 10 % of $V_{\rm O})$	$I_{O} = 0 A$		2.3		S
lo	Output current		0		7	Α
l <sub>lim</sub>	Current limit threshold	$V_{I} = 53 V, T_{P1} < max T_{P1}$		11	14.5	Α
I <sub>sc</sub>	Short circuit current	T <sub>P1</sub> = 25°C, Note 1		12		Α
$V_{\text{Oac}}$	Output ripple & noise	See ripple & noise section, max $I_0$ , $V_{0i}$ , $C_0$ = 220 $\mu$ F		25	60	mVp-p
OVP	Over voltage protection	$T_{P1}$ = +25°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V, 0-100 % of max I <sub>0</sub>		7		V

1) RMS value

### **PKU 5311E PI**

Efficiency

[%]

95

90

85

80

75

70

0

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### **5 V/7 A Typical Characteristics**

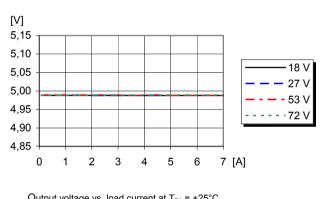
### **Power Dissipation** [W] 6 5 18 V 18 V 4 27 V 27 V 3 - 53 V **-** 53 V 2 - ·72 V - • 72 \ 1 0 2 6 7 [A] 0 3 4 5 1 Dissipated power vs. load current and input voltage at $T_{\rm P1}$ = +25 $^{\circ}{\rm C}$ Efficiency vs. load current and input voltage at $T_{P1}$ = +25°C

### **Output Characteristics**

1

2

3



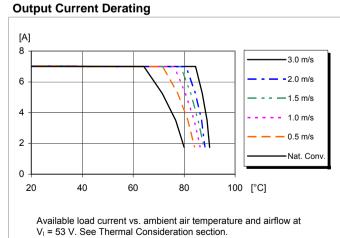
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4

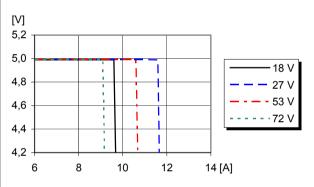
6

7 [A]

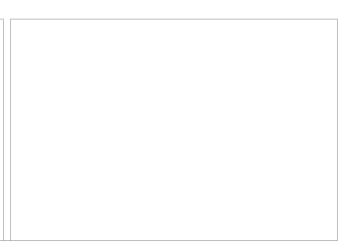
Output voltage vs. load current at  $T_{P1}$  = +25°C







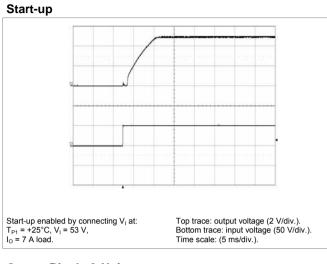
Output voltage vs. load current at  $I_O$  > max  $I_O$  ,  $T_{P1}$  = +25°C The module enters hiccup mode when the output current exceeds current limit.



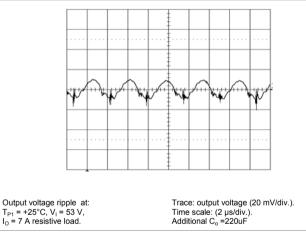
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Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex

### **5 V/7 A Typical Characteristics**



### **Output Ripple & Noise**



### **Output Voltage Adjust (see operating information)**

### Passive adjust

The resistor value for an adjusted output voltage is calculated by using the following equations:

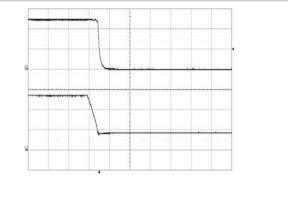
Output Voltage Adjust Upwards, Increase:

$$Radj = \left(\frac{5.11 \times 5.0(100 + \Delta\%)}{1.225 \times \Delta\%} - \frac{511}{\Delta\%} - 10.22\right) \, k\Omega$$

Example: Increase  $4\% =>V_0 = 5.2$  Vdc

$$\left(\frac{5.11 \times 5.0(100 + 4)}{1.225 \times 4} - \frac{511}{4} - 10.22\right) \text{ k}\Omega = 404 \text{ k}\Omega$$

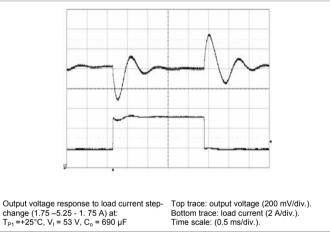
### Shut-down



Shut-down enabled by disconnecting V<sub>I</sub> at:  $T_{P1}$  = +25°C, V<sub>I</sub> = 53 V,  $I_0$  = 7 A resistive load.

Top trace: output voltage (2 V/div.). Bottom trace: input voltage (20 V/div.). Time scale: (2 ms/div.).

### **Output Load Transient Response**



### Active adjust

The output voltage may be adjusted using a voltage applied to the Vadj pin. This voltage is calculated by using the following equations:

$$V_{adj} = \left(1.225 + 2.45 \times \frac{V_{desired} - 5.0}{5.0}\right) V$$

Example: Upwards => 5.2 V  

$$\left(1.225 + 2.45 \times \frac{5.2 - 5.0}{5.0}\right)$$
 V = 1.323 V

Technical Specification

**PKU 5311E PI** 



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Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex

### 12 V/2.75 A Electrical Specification

 $T_{P1}$  = -30 to +90°C, V<sub>1</sub> = 18 to 72 V, unless otherwise specified under Conditions. Typical values given at:  $T_{P1}$  = +25°C, V<sub>1</sub>= 53 V<sub>1</sub> max I<sub>0</sub>, unless otherwise specified under Conditions. Additional C<sub>0</sub> = 47  $\mu$ F.

Chara	cteristics	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
VI	Input voltage range		18		72	V
$V_{\text{loff}}$	Turn-off input voltage	Decreasing input voltage	15	16	17	V
$V_{\text{lon}}$	Turn-on input voltage	Increasing input voltage	16	17	18	V
Cı	Internal input capacitance			4.4		μF
Po	Output power	Output voltage initial setting	0		33	W
		50 % of max $I_{0,}$ , $V_{I}$ = 27 V		88.8		
n	Efficiency	max $I_{0,}, V_1 = 27 V$		89.2		%
1	Linciency	50 % of max $I_0$ , $V_1$ = 53 V		85.6		/0
		max I <sub>o</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V		88.0		
$P_{d}$	Power Dissipation	max I <sub>0</sub>		4.8	8.2	W
Pli	Input idling power	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A, V <sub>1</sub> = 53 V		2.2		W
$P_{RC}$	Input standby power	V <sub>1</sub> = 53 V (turned off with RC)		0.4		W
fs	Switching frequency	0-100 % of max $I_{\rm O}$	255	285	315	kHz

V <sub>Oi</sub>	Output voltage initial setting and accuracy	T <sub>P1</sub> = +25°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V, I <sub>0</sub> = 2.75 A	11.76	12.0	12.24	V
	Output adjust range	See operating information	10.8		13.2	V
	Output voltage tolerance band	10-100 % of max I <sub>o</sub>	11.64		12.36	V
Vo	Idling voltage	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A	11.76		12.24	V
	Line regulation	max I <sub>o</sub>		±5	±50	mV
	Load regulation	V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V, 0-100 % of max I <sub>0</sub>		±5	±50	mV
V <sub>tr</sub>	Load transient voltage deviation	$V_1 = 53 V$ , Load step 25-75-25 % of		±400	±600	mV
t <sub>tr</sub>	Load transient recovery time	- max I <sub>o</sub> , di/dt = 5 A/µs, C <sub>o</sub> = 275 µF -		75	150	μs
t <sub>r</sub>	Ramp-up time (from 10-90 % of V <sub>Oi</sub> )	10-100 % of max Io		5		ms
ts	Start-up time (from V <sub>I</sub> connection to 90 % of V <sub>Oi</sub> )	- 10-100 % of max 1 <sub>0</sub>		7		ms
t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> shut-down fall time	max I <sub>o</sub>	0.4	0.6		mS
ч	(from V <sub>1</sub> off to 10 % of V <sub>0</sub> )	$I_{O} = 0 A$		1		S
	RC start-up time	max I <sub>o</sub>		30		ms
t <sub>RC</sub>	RC shut-down fall time	max I <sub>o</sub>	0.4	0.6		ms
	(from RC off to 10 % of $V_{\rm O})$	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A		0.7		S
lo	Output current		0		2.75	А
l <sub>lim</sub>	Current limit threshold	V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V, T <sub>P1</sub> < max T <sub>P1</sub>		4.3	5.6	А
I <sub>sc</sub>	Short circuit current	T <sub>P1</sub> = 25°C, Note 1		8.6		А
V <sub>Oac</sub>	Output ripple & noise	See ripple & noise section, max $I_0$ , $V_{0i}$ , $C_0$ = 47 $\mu$ F		25	50	mVp-p
OVP	Over voltage protection	$T_{P1}$ = +25°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V, 0-100 % of max I <sub>0</sub>		16		V

1) RMS value

### **PKU 5313E PI**

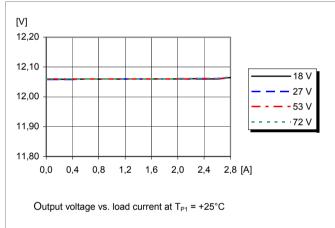
	Technical Specification	12
PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters	EN/LZT 146 391 R5A September 2017	
Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex	

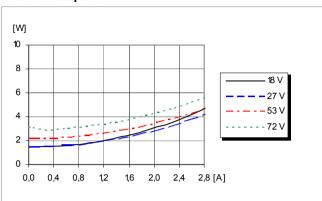
### 12 V/2.75 A Typical Characteristics

### Efficiency [W] [%] 10 95 8 90 18 V 85 6 27 V . 53 V 80 4 - ·72 V 75 2 70 0 0,0 0,4 0,8 1,2 1,6 2,0 2,4 2,8 [A] 0,0

Efficiency vs. load current and input voltage at  $T_{\text{P1}}$  = +25°C

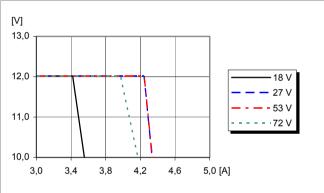
### **Output Characteristics**



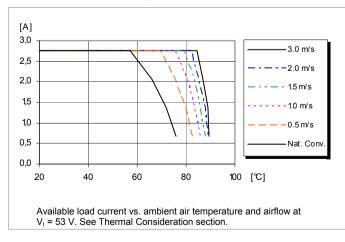


Dissipated power vs. load current and input voltage at  $T_{P1}$  = +25  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

### **Current Limit Characteristics**

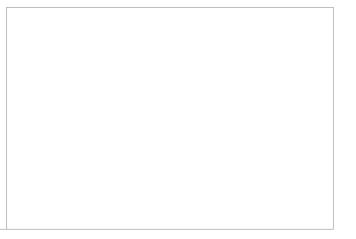


Output voltage vs. load current at I\_O > max I\_O , T\_{P1} = +25^{\circ}C The module enters hiccup mode when the output current exceeds current limit.



### **Output Current Derating**

### Power Dissipation

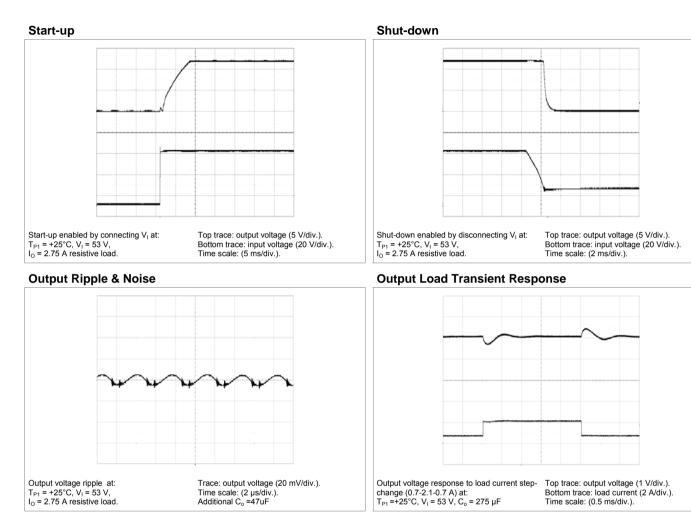


12

**PKU 5313E PI** 

# PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters EN/LZT 146 391 R5A September 2017 Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W © Flex

### 12 V/2.75 A Typical Characteristics



### **Output Voltage Adjust (see operating information)**

### Passive adjust

The resistor value for an adjusted output voltage is calculated by using the following equations:



$$Radj = \left(\frac{5.11 \times 12.0(100 + \Delta\%)}{1.225 \times \Delta\%} - \frac{511}{\Delta\%} - 10.22\right) k\Omega$$

Example: Increase 4% =>V<sub>out</sub> = 12.48 Vdc  $\left(\frac{5.11 \times 12.0(100 + 4)}{1.225 \times 4} - \frac{511}{4} - 10.22\right) k\Omega = 1174 k\Omega$ 

### Active adjust

The output voltage may be adjusted using a voltage applied to the Vadj pin. This voltage is calculated by using the following equations:

$$V_{adj} = \left(1.225 + 2.45 \times \frac{V_{desired} - 12.0}{12.0}\right) V$$

Example: Upwards => 12.48 V

$$\left(1.225 + 2.45 \times \frac{12.48 - 12.0}{12.0}\right) V = 1.323 V$$

### PKU 5313E PI



PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters	EN/LZT 146 391 R5A September 2017	
Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex	

### 15 V/2 A Electrical Specification

 $T_{\text{P1}}$  = -30 to +90°C, V<sub>I</sub> = 18 to 72 V, unless otherwise specified under Conditions. Typical values given at:  $T_{\text{P1}}$  = +25°C, V<sub>I</sub>= 53 V<sub>I</sub> max I<sub>0</sub>, unless otherwise specified under Conditions. Additional C<sub>0</sub> = 47  $\mu$ F.

Chara	cteristics	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
VI	Input voltage range		18		72	V
V <sub>loff</sub>	Turn-off input voltage	Decreasing input voltage	15	16	17	V
V <sub>Ion</sub>	Turn-on input voltage	Increasing input voltage	16	17	18	V
Cı	Internal input capacitance			4.4		μF
Po	Output power	Output voltage initial setting	0		30	W
		50 % of max $I_{O_i}$ , $V_i$ = 27 V		85.6		%
	Efficiency	max I <sub>O,</sub> , V <sub>I</sub> = 27 V		89.0		
1	Linciency	50 % of max $I_0$ , $V_1$ = 53 V		80.9		/0
		max $I_0$ , $V_1$ = 53 V		86.7		
Pd	Power Dissipation	max I <sub>o</sub>		4.6	8	W
Pli	Input idling power	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A, V <sub>1</sub> = 53 V		3.2		W
P <sub>RC</sub>	Input standby power	V <sub>1</sub> = 53 V (turned off with RC)		0.4		W
f <sub>s</sub>	Switching frequency	0-100 % of max I <sub>0</sub>	280	315	350	kHz

V <sub>Oi</sub>	Output voltage initial setting and accuracy	T <sub>P1</sub> = +25°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V, I <sub>0</sub> = 2 A	14.70	15.0	15.30	V
	Output adjust range	See operating information, Note 1	13.5		16.5	V
	Output voltage tolerance band	10-100 % of max I <sub>o</sub>	14.70		15.30	V
Vo	Idling voltage	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A	14.70		15.30	V
	Line regulation	max I <sub>o</sub>		±50	±100	mV
	Load regulation	$V_{I}$ = 53 V, 0-100 % of max $I_{O}$		±50	±100	mV
V <sub>tr</sub>	Load transient voltage deviation	V <sub>1</sub> = 53 V, Load step 25-75-25 % of		±300	±500	mV
t <sub>tr</sub>	Load transient recovery time	max I <sub>o</sub> , di/dt = 5 A/ $\mu$ s, C <sub>o</sub> = 200 $\mu$ F		150	250	μs
t <sub>r</sub>	Ramp-up time (from 10-90 % of V <sub>Oi</sub> )	10-100 % of max lo		5		ms
ts	Start-up time (from V <sub>I</sub> connection to 90 % of V <sub>Oi</sub> )	10-100 % 01 max 1 <sub>0</sub>		6		ms
t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> shut-down fall time	max I <sub>o</sub>	1	3		ms
4	(from V <sub>1</sub> off to 10 % of V <sub>0</sub> )	$I_{O} = 0 A$		1		S
	RC start-up time	max I <sub>o</sub>		28		ms
t <sub>RC</sub>	RC shut-down fall time	max I <sub>o</sub>	1	2		ms
	(from RC off to 10 % of $V_{\rm O})$	I <sub>0</sub> = 0 A		0.5		S
lo	Output current		0		2	А
l <sub>lim</sub>	Current limit threshold	$V_{I} = 53 V, T_{P1} < max T_{P1}$		3.2	5	А
l <sub>sc</sub>	Short circuit current	T <sub>P1</sub> = 25°C, Note 2		6		Α
V <sub>Oac</sub>	Output ripple & noise	See ripple & noise section, max $I_0$ , $V_{0i}$ , $C_0$ = 47uF		25	50	mVp-p
OVP	Over voltage protection	$T_{P1}$ = +25°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 53 V, 0-100 % of max I <sub>0</sub>		19		V

1)  $V_{\rm I}$  min 24 V to obtain 16.5 V at 30 W output power.

2) RMS value

	Technical Specification	15
PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters	EN/LZT 146 391 R5A September 2017	
Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex	

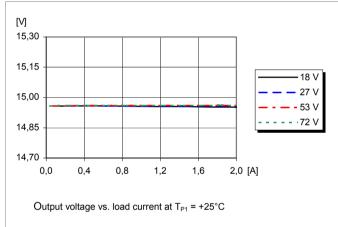
### 15 V/2 A Typical Characteristics

### Efficiency [%] 95 90 18 V 85 27 V 53 V 80 - ·72 V 75 70 0,0 0,4 0,8 1,2 1,6 2,0 [A]

Efficiency vs. load current and input voltage at  $T_{\text{P1}}$  = +25°C

### **Output Characteristics**

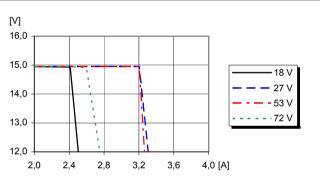
**Output Current Derating** 



### **Power Dissipation** [W] 10 8 18 V 6 27 53 \ 4 72 \ 2 0 0,4 0,8 1,6 2,0 [A] 0,0 1,2

Dissipated power vs. load current and input voltage at  $T_{P1}$  = +25  $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

### **Current Limit Characteristics**



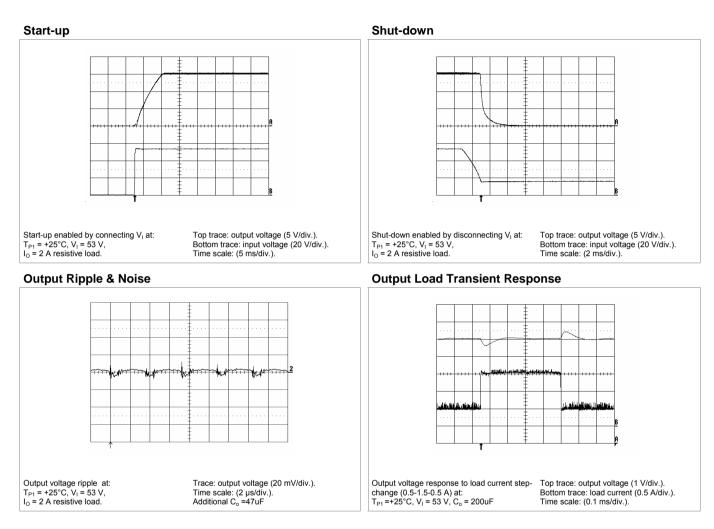
Output voltage vs. load current at I<sub>0</sub> > max I<sub>0</sub> , T<sub>P1</sub> = +25°C The module enters hiccup mode when the output current exceeds current limit.

### [A] 2,0 3.0 m/s 2.0 m/s 1,5 1.5 m/s 1,0 1.0 m/s 0.5 m/s 0,5 Nat. Conv 0,0 20 40 60 80 100 [°C] Available load current vs. ambient air temperature and airflow at V<sub>I</sub> = 53 V. See Thermal Consideration section.

### PKU 5315E PI

PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters	EN/LZT 146 391 R5A September 2017	
Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex	

### 15 V/2 A Typical Characteristics



### **Output Voltage Adjust (see operating information)**

### Passive adjust

The resistor value for an adjusted output voltage is calculated by using the following equations:

```
Output Voltage Adjust Upwards, Increase:
```

$$Radj = \left(\frac{5.11 \times 15.0(100 + \Delta\%)}{1.225 \times \Delta\%} - \frac{511}{\Delta\%} - 10.22\right) \text{ k}\Omega$$

Example: Increase 4% =>V<sub>out</sub> = 15.6 Vdc  $\left(\frac{5.11 \times 15.0(100 + 4)}{1.225 \times 4} - \frac{511}{4} - 10.22\right)$  k $\Omega$  = 1489 k $\Omega$ 

### Active adjust

The output voltage may be adjusted using a voltage applied to the Vadj pin. This voltage is calculated by using the following equations:

$$V_{adj} = \left(1.225 + 2.45 \times \frac{V_{desired} - 15.0}{15.0}\right) V$$

Example: Upwards => 15.6 V

$$\left(1.225 + 2.45 \times \frac{15.6 - 15.0}{15.0}\right) V = 1.323 V$$

### PKU 5315E PI

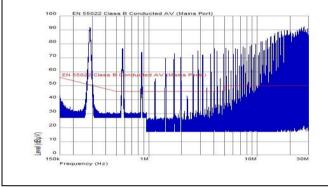
**Technical Specification** 

PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters
Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W

### **EMC Specification**

Conducted EMI measured according to EN55022, CISPR 22 and FCC part 15J (see test set-up). See Design Note 009 for further information. The fundamental switching frequency is 285 kHz for PKU 5310E PI, PKU 5311E PI, and PKU 5313E PI. For PKU 5315E PI it is 315 kHz.

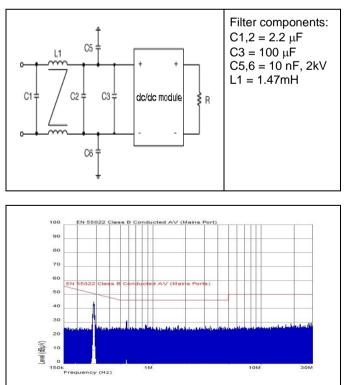
Conducted EMI Input terminal value (typ)



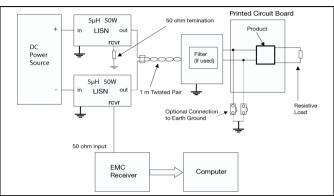
EMI without filter @  $V_l = 53 V$ , max  $I_0$ .

### External filter (class B)

Required external input filter in order to meet class B in EN 55022, CISPR 22 and FCC part 15J.



EMI with filter @  $V_l = 53 V$ , max  $I_0$ .



Test set-up

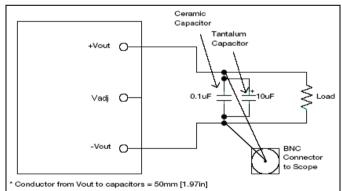
### Layout recommendations

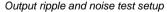
The radiated EMI performance of the Product will depend on the PCB layout and ground layer design. It is also important to consider the stand-off of the product. If a ground layer is used, it should be connected to the output of the product and the equipment ground or chassis.

A ground layer will increase the stray capacitance in the PCB and improve the high frequency EMC performance.

### Output ripple and noise

Output ripple and noise measured according to figure below. See Design Note 022 for detailed information.





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PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters	EN/LZT 146 391 R5A September 2017		
Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex		

### **Operating information**

### Input Voltage

The input voltage range 18 to 72Vdc meets the requirements of the European Telecom Standard ETS 300 132-2 for normal input voltage range in -48 and -60 Vdc systems, -40.5 to -57.0 V and -50.0 to -72 V respectively.

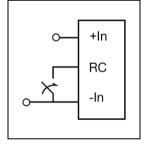
At input voltages exceeding 72 V, the power loss will be higher than at normal input voltage. Precaution must be taken to keep T<sub>P1</sub> below +95°C. The absolute maximum continuous input voltage is 80 Vdc.

### **Turn-off Input Voltage**

The products monitor the input voltage and will turn on and turn off at predetermined levels.

The minimum hysteresis between turn on and turn off input voltage is 1V. The input voltage supply must have low impedance to prevent the risk of input oscillation, poor supply can also cause shutdown-bouncing.

### **Remote Control (RC)**



The products are fitted with a remote control function referenced to the primary negative input connection (-In), with negative and positive logic options available. The RC function allows the product to be turned on/off by an external device like a semiconductor or mechanical switch. The RC pin has an internal pull up resistor to +In.

The maximum required sink current is 1 mA. When the RC pin is left open, the voltage generated on the RC pin is 4.5 – 5.5 V.

The standard product is provided with "negative logic" remote control and will be off until the RC pin is connected to the -In. To turn on the product the voltage between RC pin and -In should be less than 1V.

To turn off the converter the RC pin should be left open, or connected to a voltage higher than 4 V referenced to -In. In situations where it is desired to have the product to power up automatically without the need for control signals or a switch, the RC pin can be wired directly to -In.

The second option is "positive logic" remote control, which can be ordered by adding the suffix "P" to the end of the part number.

When the RC pin is left open, the product starts up automatically when the input voltage is applied. Turn off is achieved by connecting the RC pin to the -In. To ensure safe turn off the voltage difference between RC pin and the -In pin shall be less than 1V. The product will restart automatically when this connection is opened.

### See Design Note 021 for detailed information.

### Input and Output Impedance

The impedance of both the input source and the load will interact with the impedance of the DC/DC converter. It is important that the input source has low characteristic impedance.

The performance in some applications can be enhanced by addition of external capacitance as described in External Decoupling Capacitors.

If the input voltage source contains significant inductance, the addition of a low ESR 47 µF capacitor across the input of the converter will ensure stable operation in all conditions.

### **External Decoupling Capacitors**

The products have been designed to operate with a minimum capacitance connected to their output.

When powering loads with significant dynamic current requirements, the voltage regulation at the point of load can be improved by addition of decoupling capacitors at the load. The most effective technique is to locate low ESR ceramic and electrolytic capacitors as close to the load as possible, using several parallel capacitors to lower the effective ESR. The ceramic capacitors will handle high-frequency dynamic load changes while the electrolytic capacitors are used to handle low frequency dynamic load changes. Ceramic capacitors will also reduce any high frequency noise at the load.

It is equally important to use low resistance and low inductance PCB layouts and cabling. If significant inductance are within the load distribution, >50% of the stated "Minimum Output Capacitance" shall be located at the module's output.

External decoupling capacitors will become part of the control loop of the DC/DC converter and may affect the stability margins. As a "rule of thumb", 100 µF/A of output current can be added without any additional analysis. The ESR of the capacitors is a very important parameter. Flex Power Modules guarantee stable operation with a verified ESR value of >10  $m\Omega$  across the output connections.

	Minimum Input Capacitance	Minimum Output Capacitance
PKU 5310E PI	47uF	220uF
PKU 5311E PI	47uF	150uF
PKU 5313E PI	47uF	47uF
PKU 5315E PI	47uF	47uF
PKU 5315E PI		47uF

Minimum capacitance

For further information please contact your local Flex Power Modules representative.

PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters	EN/LZT 146 391 R5A September 2017
Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex

### **Operating information continued**

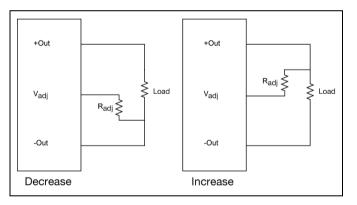
### Output Voltage Adjust (Vadj)

The products have an Output Voltage Adjust pin ( $V_{adj}$ ). This pin can be used to adjust the output voltage above or below Output voltage initial setting.

When increasing the output voltage, the voltage at the output pins must be kept below the threshold of the over voltage protection, (OVP) to prevent the product from entering OVP. At increased output voltages the maximum power rating of the product remains the same, and the max output current must be decreased correspondingly.

To increase the voltage the resistor should be connected between the  $V_{adj}$  pin and +Out pin. The resistor value of the Output voltage adjust function is according to information given under the Output section for the respective product.

To decrease the output voltage, the resistor should be connected between the  $V_{\text{adj}}\,\text{pin}$  and –Out pin.



### **Over Temperature Protection (OTP)**

The converters are protected from thermal overload by an internal over temperature shutdown circuit.

When  $T_{P1}\,$  as defined in thermal consideration section reach exceeds 105°C the converter will shut down.

The DC/DC converter will make continuous attempts to start up (non-latching mode) and resume normal operation automatically when the hot-spot temperature has dropped 10°C below the temperature threshold.

### **Over Voltage Protection (OVP)**

The converters have output over voltage protection that will prevent output voltage to exceed the specified value in technical specification.

The converter will limit the outputvoltage to the maximum level. Converters will resume normal operation automatically after removal of the over voltage condition.

### **Over Current Protection (OCP)**

The converters include current limiting circuitry for protection at continuous overload.

The output voltage will decrease towards zero for output currents in excess of max output current (max  $I_0$ ).

After a time period exceeding 10 ms in OCP converters will enter hiccupmode to reduce average output power.

During short-circuit condition module temperature will increase rapidly and OTP function may be activated.

Module will not resume from hiccup shutdown period unless the temperature drops below the OTP re-activation temperature.

The converter will resume normal operation after removal of the overload. The load distribution should be designed for the maximum output short circuit current specified.

### Pre-bias Start-up

The product has a Pre-bias start up functionality and will not sink current during start up or RC-off if a pre-bias source with less than 75% of  $V_0$  is present at the output terminals.

Precaution must be taken that reverse current might be present if  $V_i$  is disabled. Without  $V_i$  a small current will discharge external capacitors.

NB! Feeding  $V_0$  from external power supply for test purpose might without  $V_i$  cause high reverse current.

### PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W

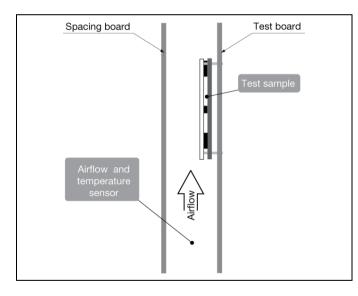
### Thermal Consideration

### General

The products are designed to operate in different thermal environments and sufficient cooling must be provided to ensure reliable operation.

For products mounted on a PCB without a heat sink attached, cooling is achieved mainly by conduction, from the pins to the host board, and convection, which is dependant on the airflow across the product. Increased airflow enhances the cooling of the product. The Output Current Derating graph found in the Output section for each model provides the available output current vs. ambient air temperature and air velocity at  $V_1 = 53$  V.

The product is tested on a 254 x 254 mm, 35  $\mu$ m (1 oz), 8-layer test board mounted vertically in a wind tunnel with a cross-section of 608 x 203 mm.

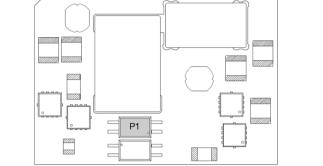


Proper cooling of the product can be verified by measuring the temperature at position P1. The temperature at this position should not exceed the max values provided in the table below. The number of points may vary with different thermal design and topology.

See Design Note 019 for further information.

Position	Description	Temp. limit
P1	Opto coupler	95º C



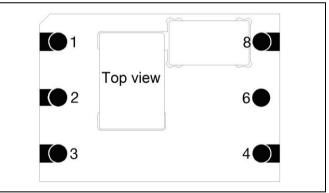


Open frame

### Definition of reference temperature T<sub>P1</sub>

The reference temperature is used to monitor the temperature limits of the product. Temperatures above maximum  $T_{P1}$ , meassured at the reference point P1 are not allowed and may cause degradation or permanent damage to the product.  $T_{P1}$  is also used to define the temperature range for normal operating conditions.  $T_{P1}$  is defined by the design and used to guarantee safety margins, proper operation and high reliability ot the product.

### Connections

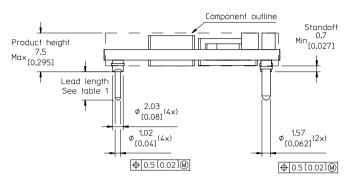


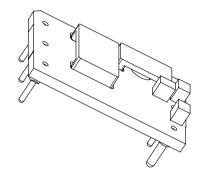
Pin	Designation	Function
1	+In	Positive Input
2	RC	Remote control
3	-In	Negative Input
4	-Out	Negative Output
6	Vadj	Output voltage adjust
8	+Out	Positive Output

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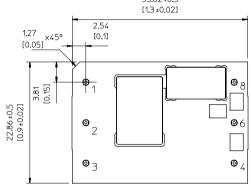
PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC Converters	EN/LZT 146 391 R5A September 2017
Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex

### **Mechanical Information - Hole Mount, Open Frame Version**





TOP VIEW Pin positions according to the recommended footprint. 33.02 ±0.5



3.54

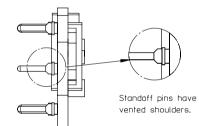
[0.14]

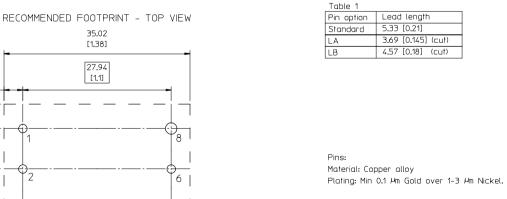
4.56 [0.18]

7.62 [0.3]

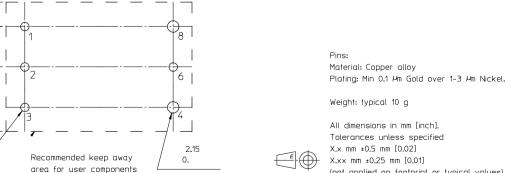
¢ 1.6 [0.063]<sup>(4x)</sup>

24.36 [0.96]





Tolerances unless specified X.x mm ±0.5 mm [0.02] X.xx mm ±0.25 mm [0.01] (not applied on footprint or typical values)

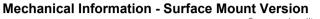


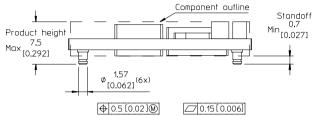
All component placements – whether shown as physical components or symbolical outline – are for reference only and are subject to change throughout the product's life cycle, unless explicitly described and dimensioned in this drawing.

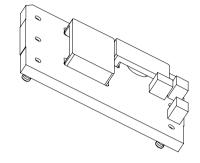


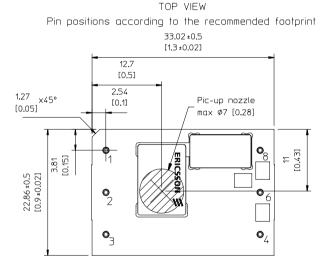


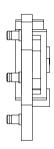
# Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W

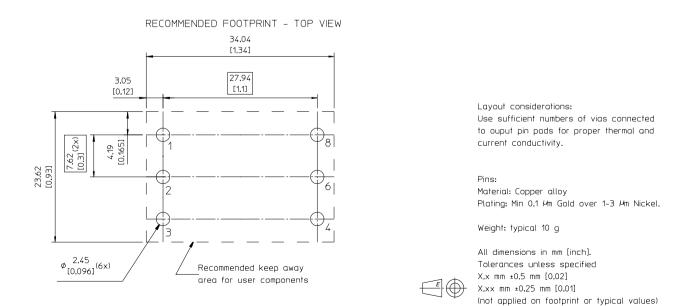












All component placements – whether shown as physical components or symbolical outline – are for reference only and are subject to change throughout the product's life cycle, unless explicitly described and dimensioned in this drawing.

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Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W	© Flex	

### Soldering Information - Surface Mounting

The surface mount product is intended for forced convection or vapor phase reflow soldering in SnPb or Pb-free processes.

The reflow profile should be optimised to avoid excessive heating of the product. It is recommended to have a sufficiently extended preheat time to ensure an even temperature across the host PCB and it is also recommended to minimize the time in reflow.

A no-clean flux is recommended to avoid entrapment of cleaning fluids in cavities inside the product or between the product and the host board, since cleaning residues may affect long time reliability and isolation voltage.

### **Minimum Pin Temperature Recommendations**

Pin number 8 is chosen as reference location for the minimum pin temperature recommendation since this will likely be the coolest solder joint during the reflow process.

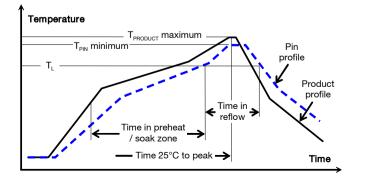
### SnPb solder processes

For SnPb solder processes, a pin temperature ( $T_{PIN}$ ) in excess of the solder melting temperature, ( $T_L$ , 183°C for Sn63Pb37) for more than 30 seconds and a peak temperature of 210°C is recommended to ensure a reliable solder joint.

### Lead-free (Pb-free) solder processes

For Pb-free solder processes, a pin temperature ( $T_{PIN}$ ) in excess of the solder melting temperature ( $T_L$ , 217 to 221°C for SnAgCu solder alloys) for more than 30 seconds and a peak temperature of 235°C on all solder joints is recommended to ensure a reliable solder joint.

General reflow process specifications		SnPb eutectic	Pb-free
Average ramp-up (T <sub>PRODUCT</sub> )		3°C/s max	3°C/s max
Typical solder melting (liquidus) temperature	TL	183°C	221°C
Minimum reflow time above $T_L$		30 s	30 s
Minimum pin temperature	T <sub>PIN</sub>	210°C	235°C
Max product temperature	TPRODUCT	225°C	260°C
Average ramp-down (T <sub>PRODUCT</sub> )		6°C/s max	6°C/s max
Maximum time 25°C to peak		6 minutes	8 minutes



### Maximum Product Temperature Requirements

Top of the product PCB near pin 2 is chosen as reference location for the maximum (peak) allowed product temperature ( $T_{PRODUCT}$ ) since this will likely be the warmest part of the product during the reflow process.

### SnPb solder processes

For SnPb solder processes, the product is qualified for MSL 1 according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-020C.

During reflow T<sub>PRODUCT</sub> must not exceed 225 °C at any time.

### Pb-free solder processes

For Pb-free solder processes, the product is qualified for MSL 3 according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-020C.

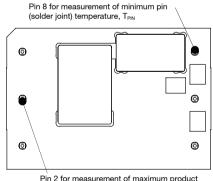
During reflow T<sub>PRODUCT</sub> must not exceed 260 °C at any time.

### **Dry Pack Information**

Products intended for Pb-free reflow soldering processes are delivered in standard moisture barrier bags according to IPC/JEDEC standard J-STD-033 (Handling, packing, shipping and use of moisture/reflow sensitivity surface mount devices).

Using products in high temperature Pb-free soldering processes requires dry pack storage and handling. In case the products have been stored in an uncontrolled environment and no longer can be considered dry, the modules must be baked according to J-STD-033.

### **Thermocoupler Attachment**



Pin 2 for measurement of maximum product temperature, T<sub>PRODUCT</sub>

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### Soldering Information - Hole Mounting

The hole mounted product is intended for plated through hole mounting by wave or manual soldering. The pin temperature is specified to maximum to 270°C for maximum 10 seconds.

A maximum preheat rate of  $4^{\circ}$ C/s and maximum preheat temperature of  $150^{\circ}$ C is suggested. When soldering by hand, care should be taken to avoid direct contact between the hot soldering iron tip and the pins for more than a few seconds in order to prevent overheating.

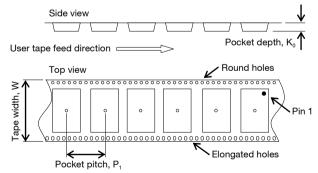
A no-clean flux is recommended to avoid entrapment of cleaning fluids in cavities inside the product or between the product and the host board. The cleaning residues may affect long time reliability and isolation voltage.

### **Delivery Package Information**

The surface mount products are delivered in antistatic injection molded trays (Jedec design guide 4.10D standard) and in antistatic carrier tape (EIA 481 standard). The through-hole mount products are delivered in antistatic injection molded trays (Jedec design guide 4.10D standard).

Carrier Tape Specifications		
Material	Antistatic PS	
Surface resistance	10 <sup>7</sup> < Ohm/square	
Bakeability	The tape is not bakable	
Tape width, W	56 mm [2.2 inch]	
Pocket pitch, P1	36 mm [1.42 inch]	
Pocket depth, K <sub>0</sub>	8.7 mm [0.343 inch]	
Reel diameter	380 mm [15 inch]	
Reel capacity	200 products /reel	
Reel weight	2.3 kg/full reel	

### EIA standard carrier tape



 Tray Specifications

 Material
 Antistatic PPE

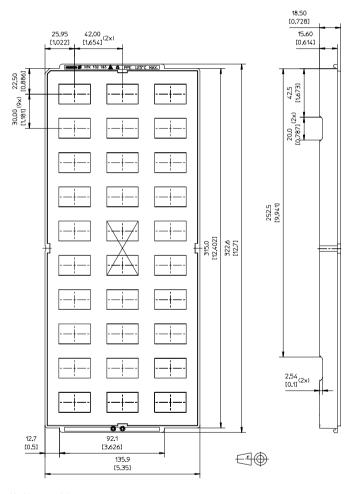
 Surface resistance
 10<sup>5</sup> < Ohm/square < 10<sup>12</sup>

 Bakability
 The trays can be baked at maximum 125°C for 48 hours

 Tray thickness
 18.5 mm [0.728 inch]

 Tray capacity
 30 products/tray

 Tray weight
 190 g empty, 500 g full tray



X = Vacuum pick up

All dimensions in mm [inch] Tolerances: X.xx mm ±0.13 mm [0.005], X.x mm ±0.26 mm [0.01]

Note: tray dimensions refer to pocket center. For exact location of product pick up surface, refer to mechanical drawing.

# PKU 5\$00E series DC/DC ConvertersEN/LZT 146 391 R5A September 2017Input 18 - 72 V, Output up to 10 A / 35 W© Flex

### **Product Qualification Specification**

Characteristics			
External visual inspection	IPC-A-610		
Change of temperature (Temperature cycling)	IEC 60068-2-14 Na	Temperature range Number of cycles Dwell/transfer time	-40 to 100°C 1000 15 min/0-1 min
Cold (in operation)	IEC 60068-2-1 Ad	Temperature T <sub>A</sub> Duration	-45°C 72 h
Damp heat	IEC 60068-2-67 Cy	Temperature Humidity Duration	85°C 85 % RH 1000 hours
Dry heat	IEC 60068-2-2 Bd	Temperature Duration	125°C 1000 h
Electrostatic discharge susceptibility	IEC 61340-3-1, JESD 22-A114 IEC 61340-3-2, JESD 22-A115	Human body model (HBM) Machine Model (MM)	Class 1C, 1000 V Class 3, 200 V
Immersion in cleaning solvents	IEC 60068-2-45 XA, method 2	Water Glycol ether Isopropyl alcohol	55°C 35°C 35°C
Mechanical shock	IEC 60068-2-27 Ea	Peak acceleration Duration	100 g 6 ms
Moisture reflow sensitivity <sup>1</sup>	J-STD-020C	Level 1 (SnPb-eutectic) Level 3 (Pb Free)	225°C 260°C
Operational life test	MIL-STD-202G, method 108A	Duration	1000 h
Resistance to soldering heat <sup>2</sup>	IEC 60068-2-20 Tb, method 1A	Solder temperature Duration	270°C 10-13 s
Robustness of terminations	IEC 60068-2-21 Test Ua1 IEC 60068-2-21 Test Ue1	Through hole mount products Surface mount products	All leads All leads
Solderability	IEC 60068-2-58 test Td <sup>1</sup>	Preconditioning Temperature, SnPb Eutectic Temperature, Pb-free	150°C dry bake 16 h 215°C 235°C
	IEC 60068-2-20 test Ta <sup>2</sup>	Preconditioning Temperature, SnPb Eutectic Temperature, Pb-free	Steam ageing 235°C 245°C
Vibration, broad band random	IEC 60068-2-64 Fh, method 1	Frequency Spectral density Duration	10 to 500 Hz 0.07 g²/Hz 10 min in each direction

Notes

<sup>1</sup> Only for products intended for reflow soldering (surface mount products)

<sup>2</sup> Only for products intended for wave soldering (plated through hole products)

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