

300mA, Low Dropout, Linear Regulators

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The GS2019 series low-power, low-noise, low-dropout, CMOS linear voltage regulators operate from a 2.5V to 5.5V input voltage. They are the perfect choice for low voltage, low power applications. A low ground current makes this part attractive for battery operated power systems. The GS2019 series also offer ultra-low dropout voltage to prolong battery life in portable electronics. Systems requiring a quiet voltage sources, such as RF applications, will benefit from the GS2019 series ultra-low output noise (30uV_{RMS}) and high PSRR. An external noise bypass capacitor connected to the device's BP pin can further reduce the noise level.

The output voltage is preset to voltages in the range of 1.2V to 5.0V. Other features include a 10nA logic-controlled shutdown mode, foldback current limit and thermal shutdown protection.

The GS2019 is available in Green SOT-23-5 and SC70-5 packages. It operates over an ambient temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

FEATURES

- Low Output Noise
- Low Dropout Voltage

Thermal-Overload Protection

- Output Current Limit
- High PSRR(74dB at 1kHz)
- 10nA Logic-Controlled Shutdown
- Available in Multiple output Voltage Versions
- Fixed Outputs of 1.2V, 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.8V, 2.85V, 3.0V and 3.3V
- Adjustable Output from 1.2V to 5.0V
- -40°C to 85°C Operating Temperature Range
- Available in Green SC70-5 and SOT-23-5 Packages

APPLICATIONS

Cellular Telephones
Cordless Telephones
PCMCIA Cards
Modems
MP3 Player
Hand-Held Instruments
Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment

ORDERING INFORMATION

Order Number	Package Type	Temperature Range	Marking	QTY/Reel
GS2019-XXTR	SOT-23-5	-40°C to +85°C	LKXX ¹	3000
GS2019-XXCR	SC70-5	-40°C to +85°C	LKXX ¹	3000

 $NOTE\ 1: XX:\ voltage\ version\ (12:1.2V,\ 15:1.5V,\ 18:1.8V,\ 25:2.5V,\ 28:2.8V,\ 285:2.85V,\ 30:3.0V,\ 33:3.3V,\ AJ: Adjustable)$







ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

IN to GND	0.3V to 6V
EN to GND	0.3V to V _{IN}
OUT, BP/FB to GND	0.3V to (V _{IN} +0.3V)
Output Short-Circuit Duration	Infinite
Power Dissipation, $P_D @ T_A = 25 ^{\circ}C$	
SOT-23-5	0.4W
SC70-5	0.3W
Package Thermal Resistance	
SOT-23-5, θ_{JA}	260 ℃/W
SC70-5, θ _{JA}	330℃/W
Junction Temperature	150℃
Operating Temperature Range	40℃ to +85℃
Storage Temperature Range	65℃ to 150℃
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec	260℃
ESD Susceptibility	
HBM	2000V
MM	200V

NOTE:

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

CAUTION

This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD if you don't pay attention to ESD protection. Broadchip recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage. ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

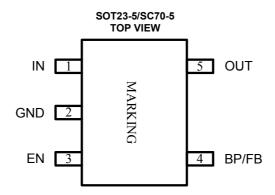
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PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN DESCRIPTION

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	IN	Regulator Input. Supply voltage can range from 2.5V to 5.5V. Bypass with a 1uF
ı	IIN	capacitor to GND.
2	GND	Ground.
3	EN	Shutdown Input. A logic low reduces the supply current to 10nA. Connect to IN
3	□N	for normal operation.
	BP	Reference-Noise Bypass (fixed voltage version only). Bypass with a low-leakage
4	DP	0.01uF ceramic capacitor for reduced noise at the output.
4 FB		Adjustable Voltage Version Only. This is used to set the output voltage of the
		device.
5	OUT	Regulator Output.





ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{IN}= V_{OUT(NOMINAL)}+0.5V⁽¹⁾, Full = -40 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$ to +85 $^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$, unless otherwise specified.)

PARAMETER	SYM	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Voltage	V _{IN}		2.5		5.5	V
Output Voltage Accuracy ⁽¹⁾		I _{OUT} =0.1mA	-2.5		2.5	%
		SOT-23-5		300		
Maximum Output Current		V _{OUT} =1.2V,1.5V,1.8V, SC70-5		150		mA
		V _{OUT} >2V, SC70-5		250		
Current Limit	I _{LIM}			800		mA
Ground Pin Current	IQ	No load, EN=2V		100	200	uA
Dropout Voltage ⁽²⁾		I _{OUT} =1mA		0.9		mV
Dropout Voltage		I _{OUT} =300mA	270		400] ''''
Line Regulation	ΔV_{LNR}	V_{IN} =2.5V or (V_{OUT} +0.5V) to 5.5V, I_{OUT} =1mA		0.02	0.05	%/V
Lord Dec Jolies		I _{OUT} =0.1mA to 300mA, C _{OUT} =1uF, V _{OUT} >2V		0.002	0.005	0// 4
Load Regulation	ΔV_{LDR}	I _{OUT} =0.1mA to 300mA, C _{OUT} =1uF, V _{OUT} ≤2V		0.004	0.008	%/mA
Output Voltage Noise	e _n	f=10Hz to 100kHz, C _{BP} =0.01uF, C _{OUT} =10uF		30		uV_{RMS}
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	C_{BP} =0.1uF, f= I_{LOAD} =50mA, C_{OUT} =1uF, 217Hz		77		dB
		$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1V$ f=1kHz		74		
SHUTDWON ⁽³⁾		,		1	1	
EN Input Threshold		V _{IN} =2.5V to 5.5V,	1.5			V
		V _{EN} =-0.3V to V _{IN}			0.3	
EN Input Bias Current		EN=0V or EN=5.5V		0.01	1	uA
Shutdown Supply Current	I _{Q(SHDN)}	EN=0.4V		0.01		uA
Shutdown Exit Delay ⁽⁴⁾		C _{BP} =0.01uF, C _{OUT} =1uF, No Load		30		us
THERMAL PROTECTION						
Thermal Shutdown Temperature	T _{SHDN}			150		°C
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	ΔT_{SHD}	N		15		°C

NOTES:

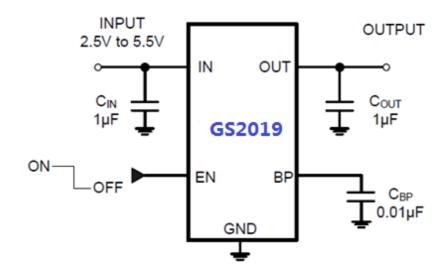
- 1. V_{IN} = $V_{OUT (NOMINAL)}$ + 0.5V or 2.5V, whichever is greater.
- 2. The dropout voltage is defined as VIN VOUT, when VOUT is 100mV below the value of V_{OUT} for V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 0.5V. (Only applicable for V_{OUT} = +2.5V to +5.0V.)
- 3. V_{EN} = -0.3V to V_{IN}
- 4. Time needed for Vout to reach 90% of final value.







TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

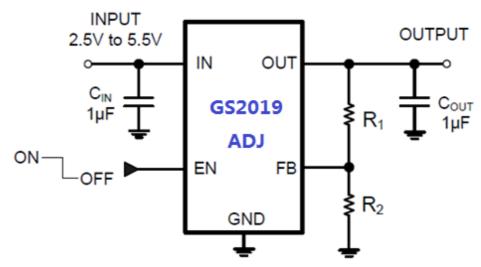


C _{BP} (nF)	Shut V _{OUT} =2.8\	utdown Exit Delay(us) 3V, V _{IN} =3.3V, EN=0V to 2V		PSRR(dB) at 217Hz V _{OUT} =2.8V, V _{IN} =V _{OUT} +1V		
Овр(пт)	I _{LOAD} =50mA	I _{LOAD} =150mA	I _{LOAD} =300mA	I _{LOAD} =50mA	I _{LOAD} =150mA	I _{LOAD} =300mA
None	21.5	21.5	21	71.1	64.4	55
0.001	21.5	21.5	22	71.1	64.6	55.1
0.01	22	22.5	22.5	71.6	64.7	55.2
0.1	22.5	23	23	71.7	64.8	55.4
1	25	27	28.5	72.1	65.2	55.9
10	30	35	39	74.3	68.8	59.6
100	265	280	300	77	73.7	63.1





TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT



Standard 1% Resistor Values for Common Output Voltages of Adjustable Voltage Version

VOUT (V)	R1 ($k\Omega$)	R2 (kΩ)
1.2	Ö	63.4
1.5	10.5	42.2
1.8	34	63.4
2.8	84.5	63.4
3.0	63.4	42.2
3.3	73.2	42.2
3.6	84.5	42.2
4.2	105	42.2

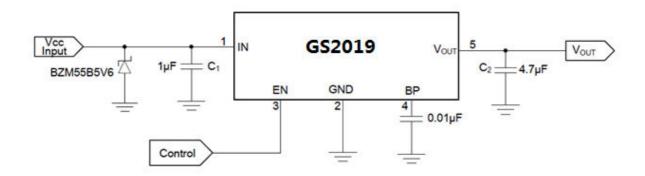
NOTE: VOUT = (R1 + R2)/ R2 × 1.207

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APPLICATION NOTE

When LDO is used in handheld products, attention must be paid to voltage spikes which could damage GS2019. In such applications, voltage spikes will be generated at charger interface and VBUS pin of USB interface when charger adapters and USB equipments are hot-plugged. Besides this, handheld products will be tested on the production line without battery. Test engineer will apply power from the connector pin which connects with positive pole of the battery. When external power supply is turned on suddenly, the voltage spikes will be generated at the battery connector. The voltage spikes will be very high, and it always exceeds the absolute maximum input voltage (6.0V) of LDO. In order to get robust design, design engineer needs to clear up this voltage spike. Zener diode is a cheap and effective solution to eliminate such voltage spike. For example, BZM55B5V6 is a 5.6V small package Zener diode which can be used to remove voltage spikes in cell phone designs. The schematic is shown below.



Bypass Capacitor and Low Noise

Connecting a 22nF between the BP pin and GND pin significantly reduces noise on the regulator output, it is critical that the capacitor connection between the BP pin and GND pin be direct and PCB traces should be as short as possible. There is a relationship between the bypass capacitor value and the LDO regulator turn on time. DC leakage on this pin can affect the LDO regulator output noise and voltage regulation performance.

Enable Function

The GS2019 features an LDO regulator en-able/disable function. To assure the LDO regulator will switch on; the EN turn on control level must be greater than 1.2 volts. The LDO regulator will go into the shutdown mode when the voltage on the EN pin falls below 0.4 volts. For to protect the system, the GS2019 have a quick discharge function. If the enable function is not needed in a specific application, it may be tied to VIN to keep the LDO regulator in a continuously on state.







Programming the GS2019 Adjustable LDO regulator

The output voltage of the GS2019 adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider as show in Figure as below. The output voltage is calculated using equation as below:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

Where:

V_{REF}=1.207V typ (the internal reference voltage)

Resistors R1 and R2 should be chosen for approximately 50uA divider current. Lower value resistors can be used for improved noise performance, but the solution consumes more power. Higher resistor values should be avoided as leakage current into/out of FB across R1/R2 creates an offset voltage that artificially increases/decreases the feedback voltage and thus erroneously decrease/increases V_{OUT}.

Thermal Considerations

Thermal protection limits power dissipation in GS2019. When the operation junction temperature exceeds 150°C, the OTP circuit starts the thermal shutdown function turn the pass element off. The pass element turns on again after the junction temperature cools by 15°C.

For continue operation, do not exceed absolute maximum operation junction temperature 125°C. The power dissipation definition in device is:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} + V_{IN} \times I_{O}$$

The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of IC package, PCB layout, the rate of surroundings airflow and temperature difference between junction to ambient. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by following formula:

$$P_D(MAX) = (T_J(MAX) - T_A)/\theta_{JA}$$

Where $T_J(MAX)$ is the maximum operation junction temperature 125°C, T_A is the ambient temperature and the θ_{JA} is the junction to ambient thermal resistance. For recommended operating conditions specification of GS2019, where $T_J(MAX)$ is the maximum junction temperature of the die (125°C) and T_A is the maximum ambient temperature. The junction to ambient thermal resistance (θ_{JA} is layout dependent) for SOT-23-5 package is 250°C/W, SC-70-5 package is 333°C/W, on standard JEDEC 51-3 thermal test board. The maximum power dissipation at T_A = 25°C can be calculated by following formula:

$$P_D(MAX) = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C)/333 = 300 \text{mW} (SC-70-5)$$

$$P_D(MAX) = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C)/250 = 400 \text{mW (SOT-}23-5)$$





The maximum power dissipation depends on operating ambient temperature for fixed $T_J(MAX)$ and thermal resistance θ_{JA} . It is also useful to calculate the junction of temperature of the GS2019 under a set of specific conditions. In this example let the Input voltage V_{IN} =3.3V, the output current Io=300mA and the case temperature T_A =40°C measured by a thermal couple during operation. The power dissipation for the Vo=2.8V version of the GS2019 can be calculated as:

$$P_D = (3.3V-2.8V) \times 300mA+3.6V \times 100uA$$

=150mW

And the junction temperature, T_J, can be calculated as follows:

$$T_J = T_A + P_D \times \theta_{JA} = 40^{\circ}C + 0.15W \times 250^{\circ}C/W$$

= $40^{\circ}C + 37.5^{\circ}C = 77.5^{\circ}C < T_J(MAX) = 125^{\circ}C$

For this operating condition, T_J is lower than the absolute maximum operating junction temperature,125°C, so it is safe to use the GS2019 in this configuration.

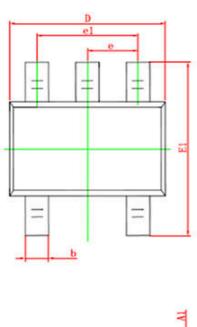
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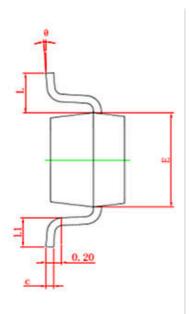


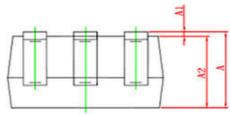


PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

Packaging Mechanical: SC70 (C)





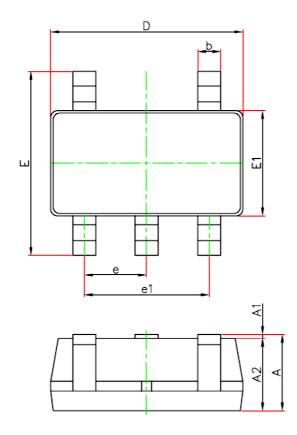


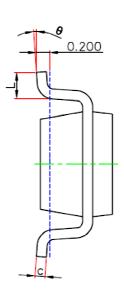
Cumbal	Dimensions	In Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Α	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039	
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014	
С	0.110	0.175	0.004	0.007	
D	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087	
E	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053	
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096	
е	0.650	0.650 TYP.		0.026 TYP.	
e1	1.200	1.400	0.047	0.055	
L	0.525 REF.		0.021 REF.		
L1	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	



PACKAGE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

SOT23-5





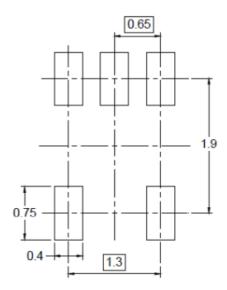
Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			
Symbol	Min	Max		
А	1.05	1.3		
A1	0	0.15		
A2	1.05	1.15		
b	0.28	0.5		
С	0.1	0.23		
D	2.82	3.02		
E1	1.5	1.7		
E	2.65	3.05		
е	0.95(BSC)			
e1	1.8	2		
L	0.3	0.6		
θ	0	8°		

SOT-23-5 Surface Mount Package



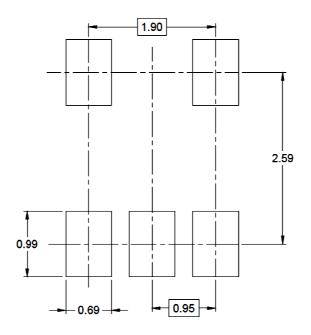


PCB Layout Pattern: SC70 (C)



RECOMMENDED PCB LAYOUT PATTERN (Unit: mm)

PCB Layout Pattern: SOT23-5



RECOMMENDED PCB LAYOUT PATTERN (Unit: mm)



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