

#### **Features**

Single-Supply Operation from +1.8V ~ +5.5V

• Rail-to-Rail Input / Output

Gain-Bandwidth Product: 350KHz (Typ@25°C)

Low Input Bias Current: 20pA (Typ@25°C)

Low Offset Voltage: 10uV (Max@25°C)

• Quiescent Current: 25µA per Amplifier (Typ)

• Operating Temperature: -45°C ~ +125°C

Zero Drift: 0.01µV/°C (Typ)

Embedded RF Anti-EMI Filter

• Small Package:

GS8331 Available in SOT23-5, SC-70 Packages

GS8332 Available in SOP-8, MSOP-8 Packages

GS8334 Available in SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 Packages

#### **General Description**

The GS833X amplifier is single/dual/quad supply, micro-power, zero-drift CMOS operational amplifiers, the amplifiers offer bandwidth of 350 kHz, rail-to-rail inputs and outputs, and single-supply operation from 1.8V to 5.5V. GS833X uses chopper stabilized technique to provide very low offset voltage (less than 10µV maximum) and near zero drift over temperature. Low quiescent supply current of 25µA per amplifier and very low input bias current of 20pA make the devices an ideal choice for low offset, low power consumption and high impedance applications. The GS833X offers excellent CMRR without the crossover associated with traditional complementary input stages. This design results in superior performance for driving analog-to-digital converters (ADCs) without degradation of differential linearity.

The GS8331 is available in SOT23-5, SC-70 packages. And the GS8332 is available in SOP8, MSOP8 packages. The GS8334 Quad is available in Green SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 packages. The extended temperature range of -45°C to +125°C over all supply voltages offers additional design flexibility.

### **Applications**

- Transducer Application
- Temperature Measurements
- Electronics Scales

- Handheld Test Equipment
- Battery-Powered Instrumentation

#### **Pin Configuration**

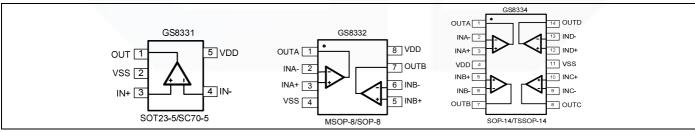


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram



March 2020-REV V4



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### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Condition	Min	Max		
Power Supply Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V		
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5V		
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V		
Operating Temperature Range	-45°C	+125°C		
Junction Temperature	+160	°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C		
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+260	°C		
Package Thermal Resistance (T <sub>A</sub> =+25℃)				
SOP-8, θ <sub>JA</sub>	125°C	C/W		
MSOP-8, θ <sub>JA</sub>	216°C	C/W		
SOP-14, θ <sub>JA</sub>	120°C	C/W		
TSSOP-14, θ <sub>JA</sub>	180°C	C/W		
SOT23-5, θ <sub>JA</sub>	190°C	C/W		
SC70-5, θ <sub>JA</sub>	333°C	333°C/W		
ESD Susceptibility				
НВМ	6K\	V		
MM	400V			

**Note:** Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

## **Package/Ordering Information**

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
CC0224	Cimala	GS8331-TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8331
GS8331	Single	GS8331-CR	SC70-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8331
GS8332	Dural	GS8332-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8332
GS8332	Dual	GS8332-MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8332
CS9224	000004	GS8334-TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8334
GS8334	Quad	GS8334-SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel,2500	GS8334







### **Electrical Characteristics**

(At VS=5V, TA = +25  $^{\circ}$ C, VCM = VS/2, RL = 10K $\Omega$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS	,		1		1	
1 - 1 - 0 ( - 1 ) / 2 ( - 1 ) / 2 ( - 1 )	T=25℃		2	10	.,,	
Input Offset Voltage (Vos)	-45℃ <t<125℃< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>15</td><td>μV</td></t<125℃<>			15	μV	
land Diag Ourse at (I)	С		20	200	A	
Input Bias Current (I <sub>B</sub> )	-45℃ <t<125℃< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>2000</td><td>- pA</td></t<125℃<>			2000	- pA	
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	T=25℃		10	200	pA	
Input Offset Current (Ios)	-45℃ <t<125℃< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>2000</td></t<125℃<>			2000		
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V to 5V , T=25℃	100	110		J.D.	
(CMRR)	V <sub>CM</sub> = 0V to 5V , -45°C <t<125°c< td=""><td>90</td><td></td><td></td><td>- dB</td></t<125°c<>	90			- dB	
Large Ciarad Maltana Caira (A. )	$V_{\rm O}$ = 0.3V to 4.7V , T=25 $^{\circ}{\rm C}$	120	145		-ID	
Large Signal Voltage Gain (A <sub>VO</sub> )	$V_{\rm O}$ = 0.3V to 4.7V , -45 $^{\circ}$ C <t<125 <math="">^{\circ}C</t<125>	110			- dB	
Input Offset Voltage Drift ( $\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta_T$ )	-45℃ <t<125℃< td=""><td></td><td>10</td><td>50</td><td>nV/℃</td></t<125℃<>		10	50	nV/℃	
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Valtage Lieb (V	$R_L = 100k\Omega$ to - $V_S$		4.998		V	
Output Voltage High (V <sub>OH</sub> )	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to - $V_S$		4.994		V	
Output Valta as Law (V	$R_L = 100k\Omega$ to + $V_S$		5		mV	
Output Voltage Low (V <sub>OL</sub> )	$R_L = 10k\Omega \text{ to } + V_S$		20		mV	
Ob ant Oireavit Limit (L.) Leaving	R <sub>L</sub> =10Ω to - V <sub>S</sub> , T=25 $^{\circ}$ C	15	20			
Short Circuit Limit (I <sub>SC</sub> ) ,Isource	R <sub>L</sub> =10Ω to - V <sub>S</sub> , -45 $^{\circ}$ C <t<125 <math="">^{\circ}C</t<125>	14			- mA	
Ob ant Oireavit Lineit (L.) Leinla	R <sub>L</sub> =10Ω to - V <sub>S</sub> , T=25 $^{\circ}$ C	15	20		0	
Short Circuit Limit (I <sub>SC</sub> ) ,Isink	R <sub>L</sub> =10Ω to - V <sub>S</sub> , -45 $^{\circ}$ C <t<125 <math="">^{\circ}C</t<125>	14			- mA	
POWER SUPPLY						
Device County Delication Detic (DODD)	$V_{S}$ = 2.5V to 5.5V , T=25 $^{\circ}$ C	110	115		-ID	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio (PSRR)	V <sub>S</sub> = 2.5V to 5.5V, -45 °C < T < 125 °C	100			- dB	
0 :	V <sub>O</sub> = 0V, T=25°C		25	40		
Quiescent Current (IQ)	V <sub>O</sub> = 0V, -45 °C < T < 125 °C			50	μA	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE			•	•		
Gain-Bandwidth Product (GBP)	G = +100		350		KHz	
Slew Rate (SR)	$R_L = 10k\Omega$		0.2		V/µs	
NOISE PERFORMANCE			•	•	•	
Voltage Noise (e <sub>n</sub> p-p)	0Hz to 10Hz		1.1		$\mu V_{P-P}$	
Voltage Noise Density (e <sub>n</sub> )	f = 1kHz		70		$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$	

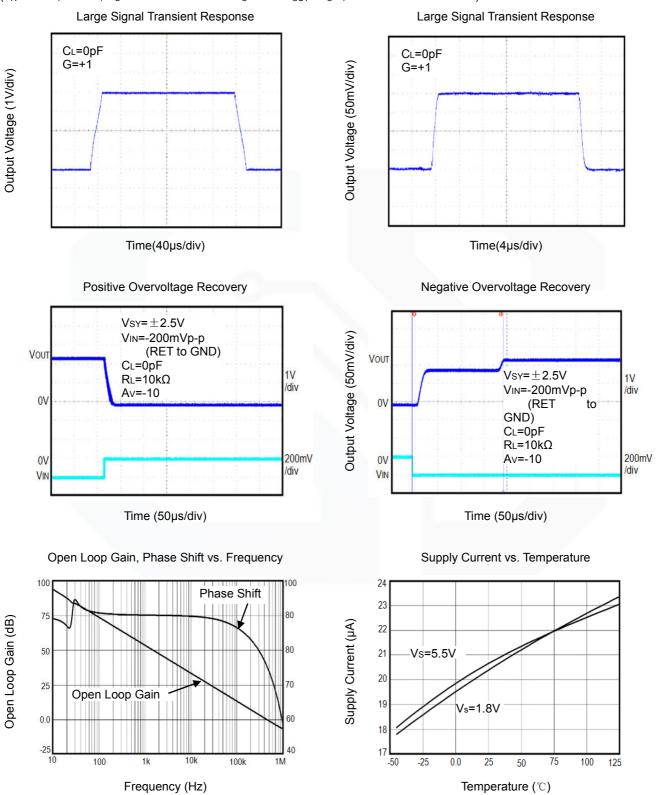






### **Typical Performance characteristics**

 $(T_A$ =+25°C, Vs=5V, R<sub>L</sub>=10 k $\Omega$  connected to V<sub>S</sub>/2 and V<sub>OUT</sub>= V<sub>S</sub>/2, unless otherwise noted.)

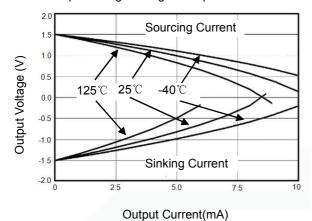




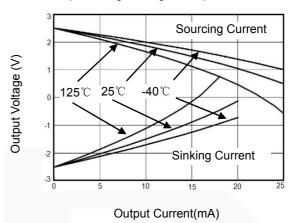
## **Typical Performance characteristics**

 $(T_A$ =+25°C, Vs=5V, R<sub>L</sub>=10 k $\Omega$  connected to V<sub>S</sub>/2 and V<sub>OUT</sub>= V<sub>S</sub>/2, unless otherwise noted.)

Output Voltage Swing vs.Output Current at +3V



Output Voltage Swing vs.Output Current at +5V



SAINSIL



### **Application Note**

#### Size

GS833X series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS833X series packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

#### **Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout**

GS833X series operates from a single 1.8V to 5.5V supply or dual  $\pm 0.9$ V to  $\pm 2.75$ V supplies. For best performance, a  $0.1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the  $V_{DD}$  pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{SS}$  supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate  $0.1\mu$ F ceramic capacitors.

#### **Low Supply Current**

The low supply current (typical 25µA per channel) of GS833X series will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems.

#### **Operating Voltage**

GS833X series operate under wide input supply voltage (1.8V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -45 °C to +125 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-lon battery lifetime.

#### Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS833X series extends 100mV beyond the supply rails ( $V_{SS}$ -0.1V to  $V_{DD}$ +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

#### **Rail-to-Rail Output**

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of GS833X series can typically swing to less than 5mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>100k $\Omega$ ), and 100mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k $\Omega$ ).

#### **Capacitive Load Tolerance**

The GS833X family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

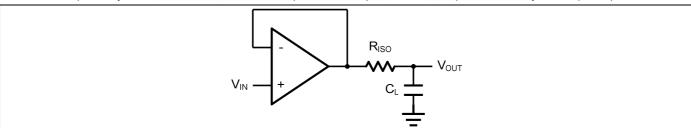


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor







The bigger the  $R_{ISO}$  resistor value, the more stable  $V_{OUT}$  will be. However, if there is a resistive load  $R_L$  in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to  $R_{ISO}/R_L$ ) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2.  $R_F$  provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the  $V_{IN}$  to  $R_L$ .  $C_F$  and  $R_{ISO}$  serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of  $C_F$ . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

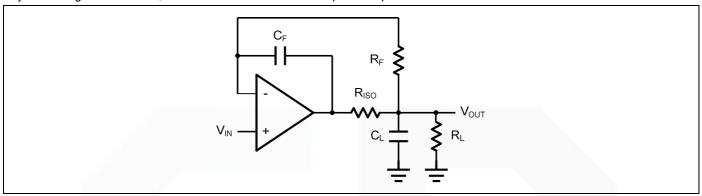


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy







### **Typical Application Circuits**

#### **Differential amplifier**

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using GS833X.

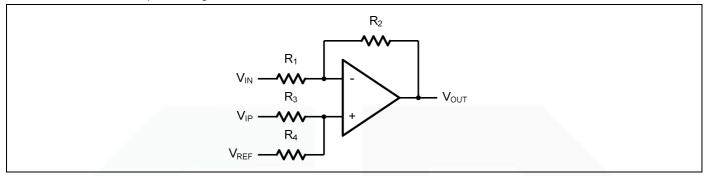


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. R<sub>1</sub>=R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>), then

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\text{IP}} - V_{\text{IN}}) + V_{\text{REF}}$$

#### **Low Pass Active Filter**

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by  $-R_2/R_1$ . The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency  $f_C=1/(2\pi R_3C_1)$ .

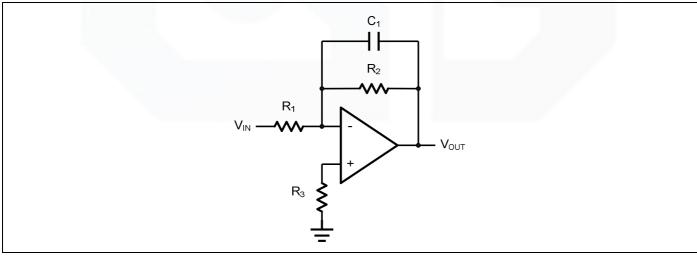


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter





### **Instrumentation Amplifier**

The triple GS833X can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of  $R_2/R_1$ . The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.

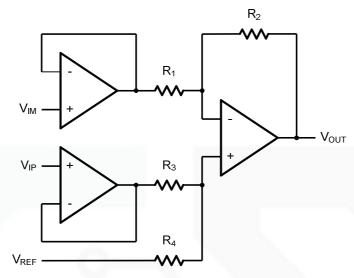


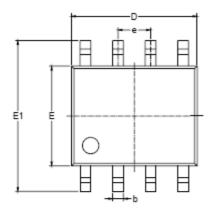
Figure 6. Instrument Amplifier

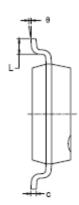


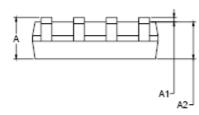


## **Package Information**

### SOP-8



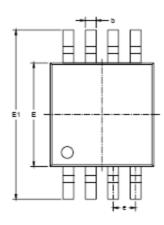


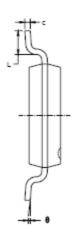


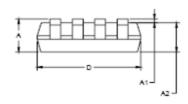
Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010
1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061
0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010
4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200
3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
1.27 BSC		0.050	BSC
0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050
0°	8°	0°	8°
	In Milli MIN  1.350 0.100 1.350 0.330 0.170 4.700 3.800 5.800 1.27 0.400	In Millimeters   MIN   MAX   1.350   1.750   0.100   0.250   1.350   1.550   0.330   0.510   0.170   0.250   4.700   5.100   3.800   4.000   5.800   6.200   1.27   BSC   0.400   1.270	In Millimeters         In Inc.           MIN         MAX         MIN           1.350         1.750         0.053           0.100         0.250         0.004           1.350         1.550         0.053           0.330         0.510         0.013           0.170         0.250         0.006           4.700         5.100         0.185           3.800         4.000         0.150           5.800         6.200         0.228           1.27 BSC         0.050           0.400         1.270         0.016



### MSOP-8



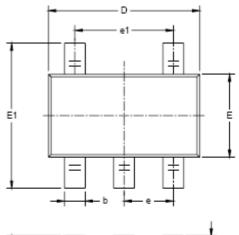


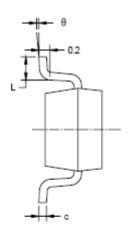


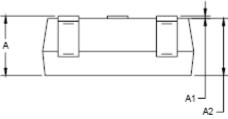
Symbol		Dimensions In Millimeters		nsions nches
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.008
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015
С	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199
e	0.650	BSC	0.026 BSC	
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°



### SOT23-5



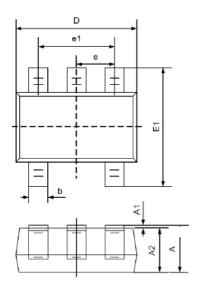


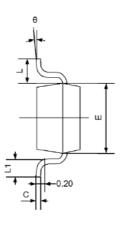


Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
,	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
e	0.950	0.950 BSC 0.037 BSC		BSC
e1	1.900 BSC		0.075	BSC
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°



### SC70-5



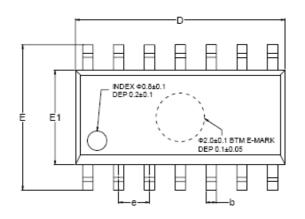


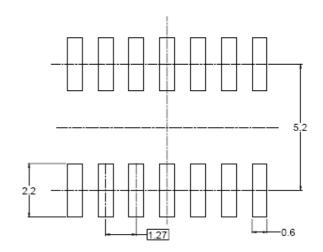
Dimens	sions	Dimensions		
In Millimeters		In Inches		
Min	Max	Min	Max	
0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043	
0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039	
0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014	
0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006	
2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087	
1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053	
2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096	
0.650T	ΥP	0.026T	ΥP	
1.200	1.400	0.047	0.055	
0.525REF		0.021R	EF	
0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018	
0°	8°	0°	8°	
	In Millin Min 0.900 0.000 0.900 0.150 0.080 2.000 1.150 2.150 0.650T 1.200 0.525R 0.260	Min         Max           0.900         1.100           0.900         0.100           0.900         1.000           0.150         0.350           0.080         0.150           2.000         2.200           1.150         1.350           2.150         2.450           0.650TYP         1.400           0.525REF         0.260           0.460         0.460	Min         Max         Min           0.900         1.100         0.035           0.000         0.100         0.000           0.900         1.000         0.035           0.150         0.350         0.006           0.080         0.150         0.003           2.000         2.200         0.079           1.150         1.350         0.045           2.150         2.450         0.085           0.650TYP         0.026T           1.200         1.400         0.047           0.525REF         0.021R           0.260         0.460         0.010	



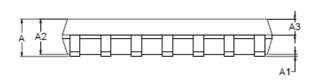


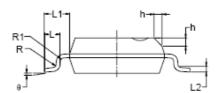
#### **SOP-14**





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)

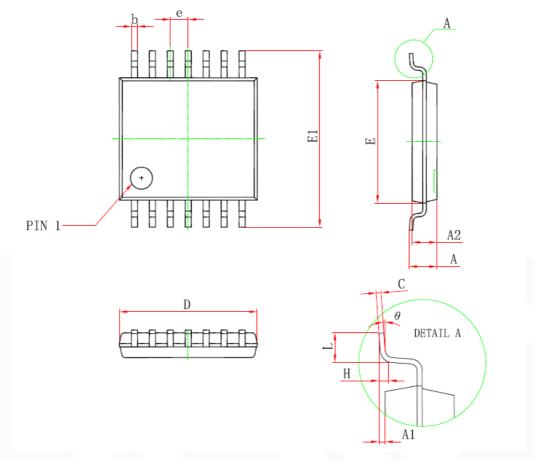




Symbol	Dimens	Dimensions In Millimeters			nsions In Ir	ches
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX	MIN	MOD	MAX
Α	1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010
A2	1.25		1.65	0.049		0.065
A3	0.55		0.75	0.022		0.030
b	0.36		0.49	0.014		0.019
D	8.53		8.73	0.336		0.344
E	5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244
E1	3.80		4.00	0.150		0.157
е		1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC		
L	0.45		0.80	0.018		0.032
L1	1.04 REF				0.040 REF	
L2	0.25 BSC			0.01 BSC		
R	0.07			0.003		
R1	0.07			0.003		
h	0.30		0.50	0.012		0.020
θ	0°		8°	0°		8°



### TSSOP-14



Share had	Dimensions In	Dimensions In Millimeters		is In Inches
Symbo1	Min	Max	Min	Max
D	4.900	5. 100	0.193	0.201
E	4.300	4.500	0.169	0.177
ь	0.190	0.300	0.007	0.012
С	0.090	0.200	0.004	0.008
E1	6.250	6.550	0.246	0.258
A		1.200		0.047
A2	0.800	1.000	0.031	0.039
A1	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006
e	0.65	BSC)	0.026	(BSC)
L	0.500	0.700	0.020	0.028
Н	0.25(T	0.25(TYP)		TYP)
θ	1°	7°	1°	7°

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