

#### Features

- Single-Supply Operation from +2.1V ~ +5.5V
- · Rail-to-Rail Input / Output
- Gain-Bandwidth Product: 500KHz (Typ)
- Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typ)
- Low Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (Max)
- · Quiescent Current: 18µA per Amplifier (Typ)
- Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C
- Embedded RF Anti-EMI Filter

#### Small Package: S8531 Available in

GS8531 Available in SOT23-5 and SC70-5 Packages GS8532 Available in SOP-8, MSOP-8 and DIP-8 Packages

GS8534 Available in SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 Packages

### **General Description**

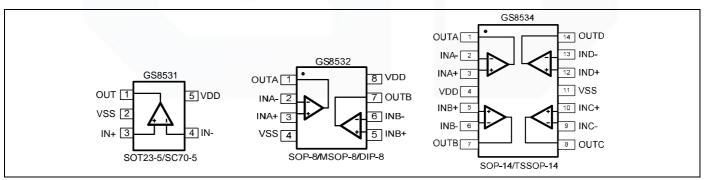
The GS8531/8532/8534 family have a high gain-bandwidth product of 500KHz, a slew rate of 0.2V/ $\mu$ s, and a quiescent current of 18 $\mu$ A /amplifier at 5V. The GS8531/8532/8534 family is designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage is 3.5mV for GS8531/8532/8534 family. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (-40°C to +125°C). The operating range is from 2.1V to 5.5V. The GS8531 single is available in Green SC70-5 and SOT23-5 packages. The GS8532 Dual is available in Green SOP-8, MSOP-8 and DIP-8 packages. The GS8534 Quad is available in Green SOP-14 and TSSOP-14 packages.

## Applications

- ASIC Input or Output Amplifier
- Sensor Interface
- Medical Communication
- Smoke Detectors

## **Pin Configuration**

- Audio Output
- · Piezoelectric Transducer Amplifier
- Medical Instrumentation
- Portable Systems



#### Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram





### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Condition	Min	Max		
Power Supply Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V		
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5V		
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V		
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C	+125°C		
Junction Temperature	+160	0°C		
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C		
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+260	+260°C		
Package Thermal Resistance (T <sub>A</sub> =+25°C)				
SOP-8, θ <sub>JA</sub>	125°0	C/W		
MSOP-8, θ <sub>JA</sub>	216°	C/W		
SOT23-5, θ <sub>JA</sub>	190°0	C/W		
SC70-5, θ <sub>JA</sub>	333°0	333°C/W		
ESD Susceptibility				
НВМ	6K	V		
MM	300	V		

**Note:** Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

## Package/Ordering Information

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
000524	Single	GS8531-CR	SC70-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8531
GS8531	Single	GS8531-TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8531
		GS8532-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8532
GS8532	Dual	GS8532-MR	MSOP-8	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8532
		GS8532-DR	DIP-8	20Tube(1000pcs)	GS8532
000524	Qued	GS8534-TR	TSSOP-14	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8534
GS8534	Quad	GS8534-SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel,2500	GS8534







## **Electrical Characteristics**

(At $Vs = +5V$ , $R_L = 2$	I00kΩ connected	to Vs/2, and Vo	out = Vs/2, unless othe	erwise noted.)

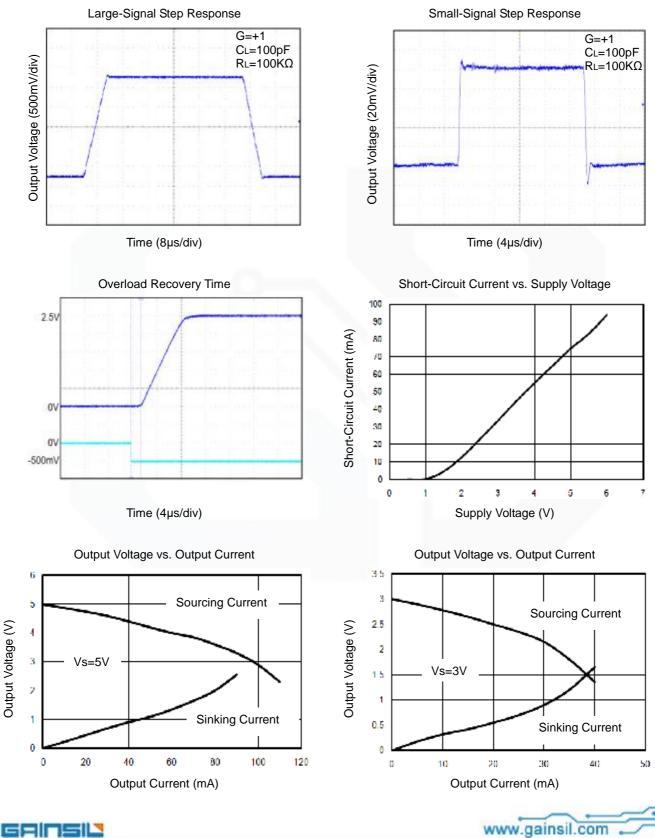
	SYMBOL CONDITIONS		GS8531/8532/8534					
PARAMETER			ТҮР	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE				
			+25℃	+25℃	-40℃ to +85℃	UNITS	MIN/MA	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS		·						
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	$V_{CM} = V_S/2$	0.4	3.5	5.6	mV	MAX	
Input Bias Current	IB		1			pА	TYP	
Input Offset Current	los		1			pА	TYP	
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>CM</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> = 5.5V	-0.1 to +5.6			V	TYP	
Common Mode Dejection Datio	CMPD	$V_{S} = 5.5V, V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to 4V	70	62	62	dB	MIN	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{S} = 5.5V$ , $V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to $5.6V$	68	56	55	MIN		
	•	$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , $V_O = +0.1V$ to +4.9V	80	70	70	dB	MINI	
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	A <sub>OL</sub>	$R_L = 10k\Omega, V_O = +0.1V \text{ to } +4.9V$	100	94	85		MIN	
nput Offset Voltage Drift $\Delta V_{OS} / \Delta_T$			2.7			µV/°C	TYP	
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS								
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	V <sub>OH</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> = 100kΩ	4.997	4.990	4.980	V	MIN	
	V <sub>OL</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> = 100kΩ	3	10	20	mV	MAX	
	V <sub>он</sub>	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	4.992	4.970	4.960	V	MIN	
	V <sub>OL</sub>	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	8	30	40	mV	MAX	
Outrast Outrast	ISOURCE	D 400 to 1/ /0	84	60	45		NAINI	
Output Current	I <sub>SINK</sub>	$R_L = 10\Omega$ to $V_S/2$	75	60	45	mA	MIN	
POWER SUPPLY							•	
				2.1	2.5	V	MIN	
Operating Voltage Range				5.5	5.5	V	MAX	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{\rm S}$ = +2.5V to +5.5V, $V_{\rm CM}$ = +0.5V	82	60	58	dB	MIN	
Quiescent Current / Amplifier	Ιq		18			μA	TYP	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (CL	= 100pF)						•	
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBP		500			KHz	TYP	
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1, 2V Output Step	0.2			V/µs	TYP	
Settling Time to 0.1%	t <sub>S</sub>	G = +1, 2V Output Step	18			μs	TYP	
Overload Recovery Time		V <sub>IN</sub> ·Gain = V <sub>S</sub>	16			μs	TYP	
NOISE PERFORMANCE		•						
Vallage Naisa David	_	f = 1kHz	33			$nV/\sqrt{Hz}$	TYP	
Voltage Noise Density	en	f = 10kHz	20			$nV / \sqrt{Hz}$	TYP	







## **Typical Performance characteristics**



At  $T_A$ =+25°C,  $V_S$ =+5V, and  $R_L$ =100K $\Omega$  connected to  $V_S$ /2, unless otherwise noted.

March 2020-REV\_V0



### **Application Note**

#### Size

GS8531/8532/8534 family series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS8531/8532/8534 family packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

#### Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

GS8531/8532/8534 family series operates from a single 2.1V to 5.5V supply or dual  $\pm 1.05V$  to  $\pm 2.75V$  supplies. For best performance, a  $0.1\mu$ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V<sub>DD</sub> pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V<sub>DD</sub> and V<sub>SS</sub> supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate  $0.1\mu$ F ceramic capacitors.

#### Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 18µA per channel) of GS8531/8532/8534 family will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems.

#### **Operating Voltage**

GS8531/8532/8534 family operates under wide input supply voltage (2.1V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +125 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime.

#### **Rail-to-Rail Input**

The input common-mode range of GS8531/8532/8534 family extends 100mV beyond the supply rails ( $V_{SS}$ -0.1V to  $V_{DD}$ +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

#### **Rail-to-Rail Output**

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of GS8531/8532/8534 family can typically swing to less than 5mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>100k $\Omega$ ), and 30mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k $\Omega$ ).

#### Capacitive Load Tolerance

The GS8531/8532/8534 family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create apole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

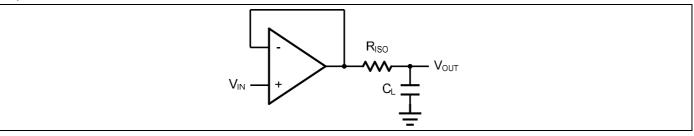


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor







The bigger the  $R_{ISO}$  resistor value, the more stable  $V_{OUT}$  will be. However, if there is a resistive load  $R_L$  in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to  $R_{ISO}/R_L$ ) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2.  $R_F$  provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V<sub>IN</sub> to  $R_L$ .  $C_F$  and  $R_{ISO}$  serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of  $C_F$ . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

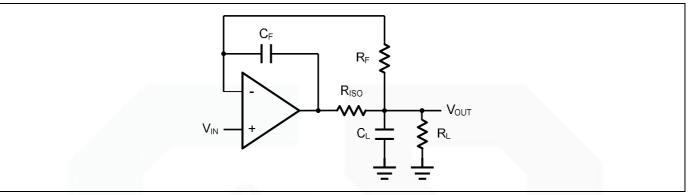


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy







## **Typical Application Circuits**

### **Differential amplifier**

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using GS8531/8532/8534 family.

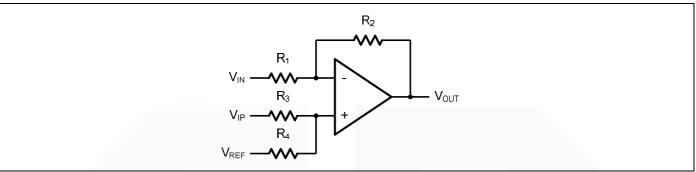


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + \left(\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_3 + R_4}\right) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e.  $R_1=R_3$  and  $R_2=R_4$ ), then

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\text{IP}} - V_{\text{IN}}) + V_{\text{REF}}$$

### Low Pass Active Filter

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by  $-R_2/R_1$ . The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency  $f_c=1/(2\pi R_3C_1)$ .

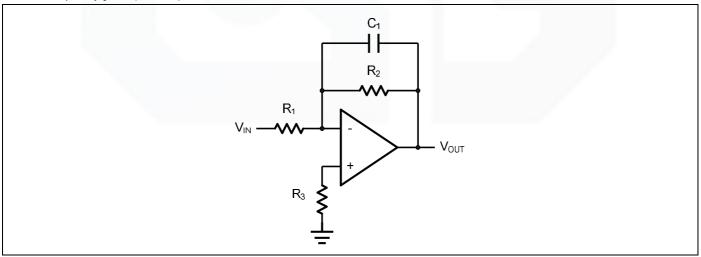


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter

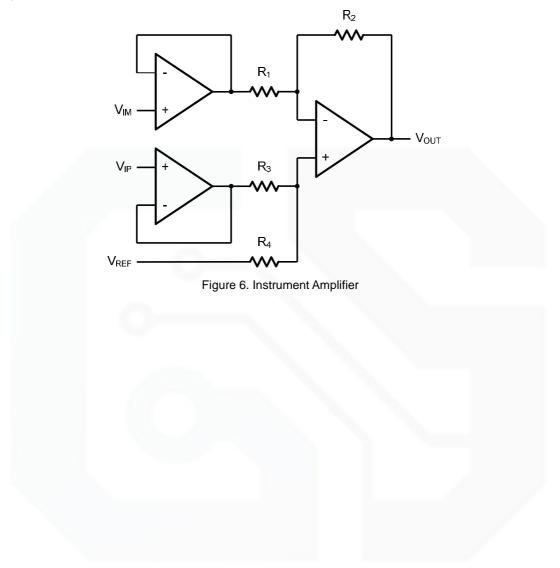






### Instrumentation Amplifier

The triple GS8531/8532/8534 family can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R2/R1. The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.



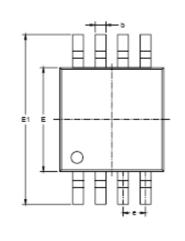




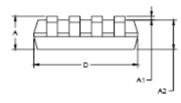


## Package Information

MSOP-8







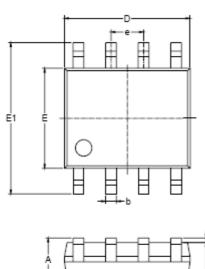
Symbol	Dimer In Milli	nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
-,	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
А	0.820	1.100	0.032	0.043	
A1	0.020	0.150	0.001	0.008	
A2	0.750	0.950	0.030	0.037	
b	0.250	0.380	0.010	0.015	
с	0.090	0.230	0.004	0.009	
D	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E	2.900	3.100	0.114	0.122	
E1	4.750	5.050	0.187	0.199	
e	0.650 BSC		0.026	BSC	
L	0.400	0.800	0.016	0.031	
θ	0°	6°	0°	6°	

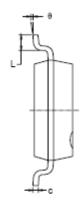






SOP-8







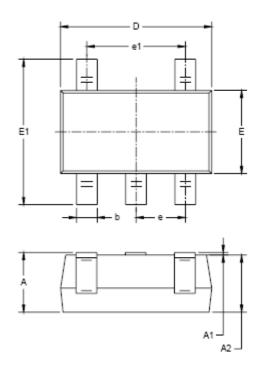
Symbol		nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
А	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
с	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
e	1.27	1.27 BSC		BSC	
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
0	0°	8°	0°	8°	

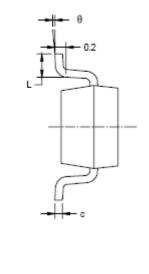






SOT23-5





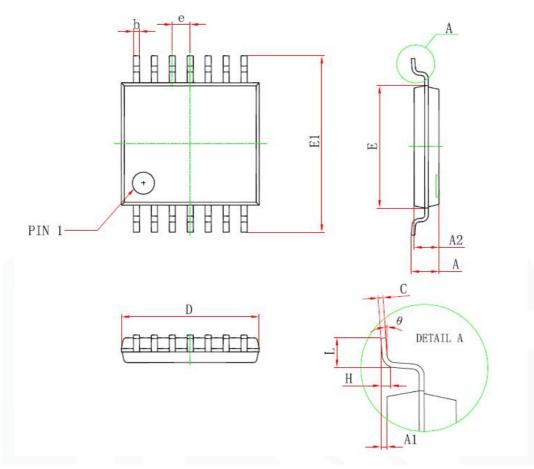
Symbol		isions imeters	Dimensions In Inches		
-,	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
с	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
e	0.950	BSC	0.037	BSC	
e1	1.900 BSC		0.075	BSC	
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	







TSSOP-14



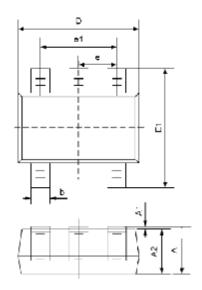
~ · ·	Dimensions In	n Millimeters	Dimension	s In Inches
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max
D	4.900	5.100	0.193	0.201
Е	4.300	4.500	0.169	0.177
b	0.190	0.300	0.007	0.012
с	0.090	0.200	0.004	0.008
E1	6.250	6.550	0.246	0.258
A		1.200		0.047
A2	0.800	1.000	0.031	0.039
A1	0.050	0.150	0.002	0.006
e	0.65 (	(BSC)	0.026	(BSC)
L	0.500	0.700	0.020	0.028
Н	0.25(	0.25(TYP)		TYP)
θ	1°	7 °	1°	7°

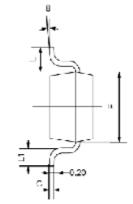






### SC70-5





# GS8531/8532/8534

	Dimensions		Dimens	sions
Symbol	In Millin	meters	in inch	es
	Min Max		Min	Мах
A	0.900	1.100	0.035	0.043
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	0.900	1.000	0.035	0.039
b	0.150	0.350	0.006	0.014
С	0.080	0.150	0.003	0.006
D	2.000	2.200	0.079	0.087
E	1.150	1.350	0.045	0.053
E1	2.150	2.450	0.085	0.096
e	0.650T	ΥP	0.026T	ΥP
e1	1.200	1.400	0.047	0.055
L	0.525REF		0.021R	EF
L1	0.260	0.460	0.010	0.018
Ð	0٠	В°	۳0	8°

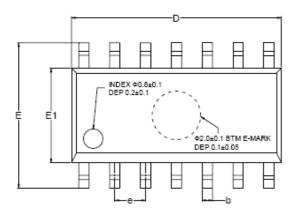




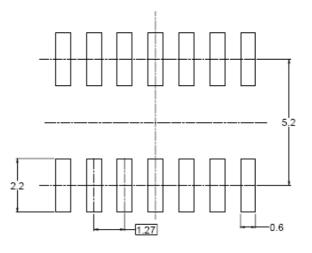




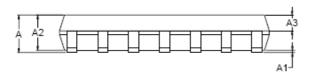
SOP-14

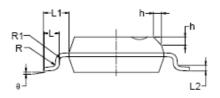


# GS8531/8532/8534



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Symbol	Dimen	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	MIN	MOD	MAX	MIN	MOD	MAX	
А	1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069	
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010	
A2	1.25		1.65	0.049		0.065	
A3	0.55		0.75	0.022		0.030	
b	0.36		0.49	0.014		0.019	
D	8.53		8.73	0.336		0.344	
E	5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244	
E1	3.80		4.00	0.150		0.157	
e		1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC			
L	0.45		0.80	0.018		0.032	
L1		1.04 REF			0.040 REF		
L2		0.25 BSC			0.01 BSC		
R	0.07			0.003			
R1	0.07			0.003			
h	0.30		0.50	0.012		0.020	
θ	0°		8°	0°		8°	





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