## 1MHZ CMOS Rail-to-Rail IO Opamp with RF Filter

#### **Features**

Single-Supply Operation from +2.1V ~ +5.5V

• Rail-to-Rail Input / Output

Gain-Bandwidth Product: 1MHz (Typ.)

• Low Input Bias Current: 1pA (Typ.)

Low Offset Voltage: 3.5mV (Max.)

Quiescent Current: 40μA per Amplifier (Typ.)

Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C

#### • Embedded RF Anti-EMI Filter

• Small Package:

GS8541 Available in SOT23-5 Package

GS8542 Available in SOP-8 Package

GS8544 Available in SOP-14 Package

## **General Description**

The GS8541 family have a high gain-bandwidth product of 1MHz, a slew rate of  $0.6V/\,\mu\,s$ , and a quiescent current of  $40\,\mu$  A/amplifier at 5V. The GS8541 family is designed to provide optimal performance in low voltage and low noise systems. They provide rail-to-rail output swing into heavy loads. The input common mode voltage range includes ground, and the maximum input offset voltage is 3.5mV for GS8541 family. They are specified over the extended industrial temperature range (- $40\,^{\circ}C$  to +125 $^{\circ}C$ ). The operating range is from 2.1V to 5.5V. The GS8541 single is available in Green SOT23-5 package. The GS8542 Dual is available in Green SOP-8 package. The GS8544 Quad is available in Green SOP-14 package.

## **Applications**

- · ASIC Input or Output Amplifier
- Sensor Interface
- Medical Communication
- Smoke Detectors

- Audio Output
- Piezoelectric Transducer Amplifier
- Medical Instrumentation
- Portable Systems

# **Pin Configuration**

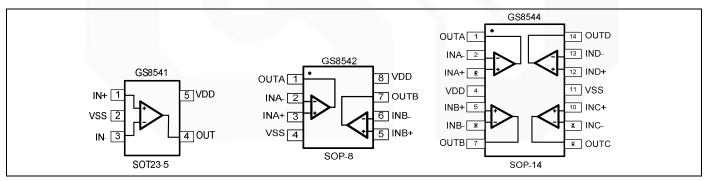


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram



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## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Condition	Min	Мах			
Power Supply Voltage (V <sub>DD</sub> to Vss)	-0.5V	+7.5V			
Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-)	Vss-0.5V	V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5V			
PDB Input Voltage	Vss-0.5V	+7V			
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C	+125°C			
Junction Temperature	+16	0°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-55°C	+150°C			
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec)	+26	0°C			
Package Thermal Resistance (T <sub>A</sub> =+25℃)					
SOP-8, θ <sub>JA</sub>	125°	C/W			
SOT23-5, θ <sub>JA</sub>	190°	190°C/W			
ESD Susceptibility					
НВМ	6k	6KV			
MM	300	300V			

**Note:** Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

## **Package/Ordering Information**

MODEL	CHANNEL	ORDER NUMBER	PACKAGE DESCRIPTION	PACKAGE OPTION	MARKING INFORMATION
GS8541	Single	GS8541-TR	SOT23-5	Tape and Reel,3000	8541
GS8542	Dual	GS8542-SR	SOP-8	Tape and Reel,4000	GS8542
GS8544	Quad	GS8544-SR	SOP-14	Tape and Reel,3000	GS8544

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## **Electrical Characteristics**

(At  $V_S = +5V$ ,  $R_L = 100k\Omega$  connected to  $V_S/2$ , and  $V_{OUT} = V_S/2$ , unless otherwise noted.)

			GS8541/8542/8544					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TYP	MIN/MAX OVER TEMPERATURE				
			+25℃	+25℃	-40℃ to +85℃	UNITS	MIN/MAX	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS				•			•	
Input Offset Voltage	Vos	$V_{CM} = V_S/2$	0.4	3.5	5.6	mV	MAX	
Input Bias Current	I <sub>B</sub>		1			pA	TYP	
Input Offset Current	Ios		1			pA	TYP	
Common-Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>CM</sub>	V <sub>S</sub> = 5.5V	-0.1 to +5.6			٧	TYP	
Common Made Deinstine Detin	CMDD	$V_S = 5.5V$ , $V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to 4V	70	62	62	dB	MIN	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_S = 5.5V$ , $V_{CM} = -0.1V$ to 5.6V	68	56	55			
On and I am Welliam Onlin		$R_L = 5k\Omega$ , $V_O = +0.1V$ to +4.9V	80	70	70	dB		
Open-Loop Voltage Gain	A <sub>OL</sub>	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ , $V_O = +0.1V$ to +4.9V	100	94	85		MIN	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta_T$		2.7			μV/°C	TYP	
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS								
	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> R <sub>L</sub> = 100kΩ		4.990	4.980	٧	MIN	
0.1.17/11.0.1.6.1.1.1	V <sub>OL</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> = 100kΩ	3	10	20	mV	MAX	
Output Voltage Swing from Rail	V <sub>OH</sub>	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	4.992	4.970	4.960	٧	MIN	
	V <sub>OL</sub>	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	8	30	40	mV	MAX	
	I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	D 400 / 1//0	84	60	45		NAINI	
Output Current	I <sub>SINK</sub>	$R_L = 10\Omega$ to $V_S/2$	75	60	45	mA	MIN	
POWER SUPPLY							•	
1,				2.1	2.5	٧	MIN	
Operating Voltage Range				5.5	5.5	٧	MAX	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S$ = +2.5V to +5.5V, $V_{CM}$ = +0.5V	82	60	58	dB	MIN	
Quiescent Current / Amplifier	ΙQ		40	60	80	μA	MAX	
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (CI	= 100pF)			•			•	
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBP		1			MHz	TYP	
Slew Rate	SR	G = +1, 2V Output Step	0.6			V/µs	TYP	
Settling Time to 0.1%	t <sub>S</sub>	G = +1, 2V Output Step	5			μs	TYP	
Overload Recovery Time		V <sub>IN</sub> ·Gain = V <sub>S</sub>	2.6			μs	TYP	
NOISE PERFORMANCE			•	•	•			
Voltage Naige Desetts		f = 1kHz	27			$nV / \sqrt{Hz}$	TYP	
Voltage Noise Density	e <sub>n</sub>	f = 10kHz	20			$nV / \sqrt{Hz}$	TYP	

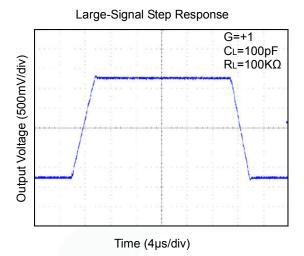


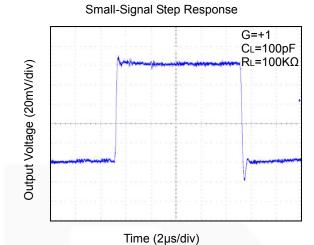
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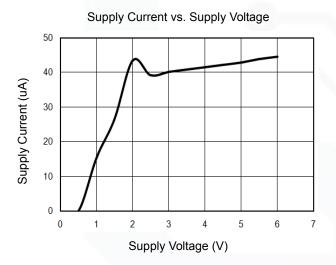


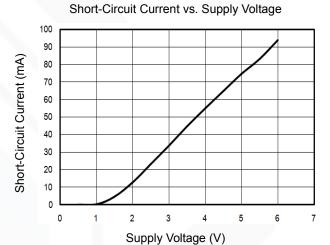
## **Typical Performance characteristics**

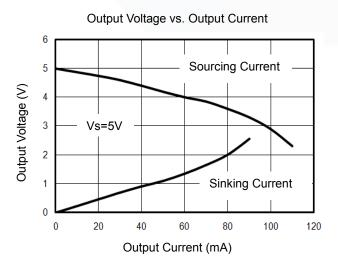
At  $T_A$ =+25°C,  $V_S$ =+5V, and  $R_L$ =100K $\Omega$  connected to  $V_S$ /2, unless otherwise noted.

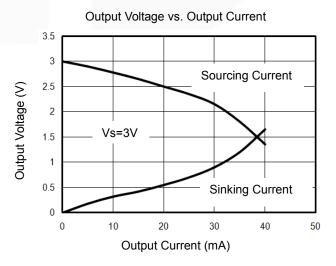










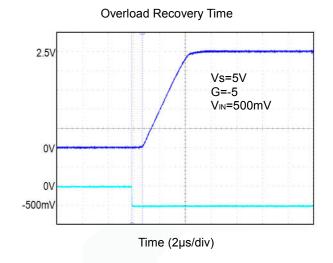


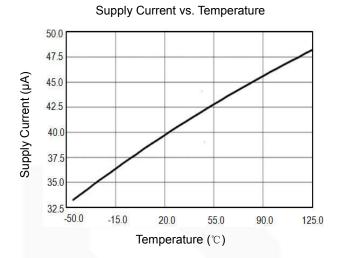


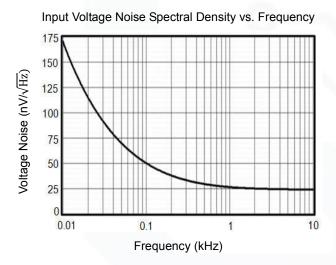


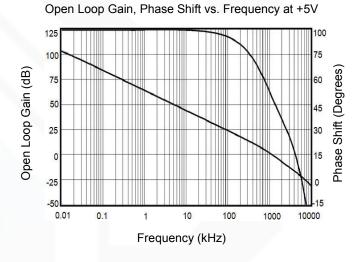
## **Typical Performance characteristics**

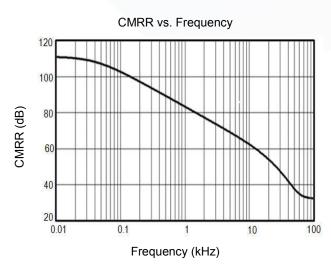
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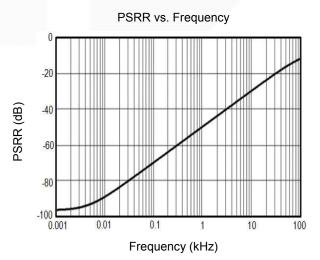












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## **Application Note**

#### Size

GS8541 family series op amps are unity-gain stable and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS8541 family packages save space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products.

#### **Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout**

GS8541 family series operates from a single 2.1V to 5.5V supply or dual  $\pm 1.05$ V to  $\pm 2.75$ V supplies. For best performance, a 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the  $V_{DD}$  pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{SS}$  supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitors.

#### **Low Supply Current**

The low supply current (typical 40uA per channel) of GS8541 family will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems

#### **Operating Voltage**

GS8541 family operates under wide input supply voltage (2.1V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +125 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-lon battery lifetime

#### **Rail-to-Rail Input**

The input common-mode range of GS8541 family extends 100mV beyond the supply rails ( $V_{SS}$ -0.1V to  $V_{DD}$ +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

#### **Rail-to-Rail Output**

Rail-to-Rail output swing provides maximum possible dynamic range at the output. This is particularly important when operating in low supply voltages. The output voltage of GS8541 family can typically swing to less than 5mV from supply rail in light resistive loads (>100k $\Omega$ ), and 30mV of supply rail in moderate resistive loads (10k $\Omega$ ).

#### **Capacitive Load Tolerance**

The GS8541 family is optimized for bandwidth and speed, not for driving capacitive loads. Output capacitance will create a pole in the amplifier's feedback path, leading to excessive peaking and potential oscillation. If dealing with load capacitance is a requirement of the application, the two strategies to consider are (1) using a small resistor in series with the amplifier's output and the load capacitance and (2) reducing the bandwidth of the amplifier's feedback loop by increasing the overall noise gain. Figure 2. shows a unity gain follower using the series resistor strategy. The resistor isolates the output from the capacitance and, more importantly, creates a zero in the feedback path that compensates for the pole created by the output capacitance.

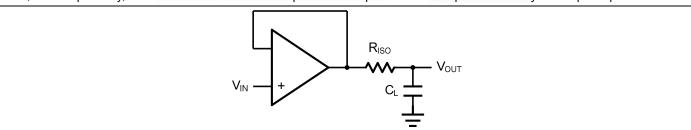


Figure 2. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load Using Isolation Resistor

The bigger the  $R_{ISO}$  resistor value, the more stable  $V_{OUT}$  will be. However, if there is a resistive load  $R_L$  in parallel with the capacitive load, a voltage divider (proportional to  $R_{ISO}/R_L$ ) is formed, this will result in a gain error.

The circuit in Figure 3 is an improvement to the one in Figure 2. R<sub>F</sub> provides the DC accuracy by feed-forward the V<sub>IN</sub> to R<sub>L</sub>. C<sub>F</sub>



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and  $R_{\rm ISO}$  serve to counteract the loss of phase margin by feeding the high frequency component of the output signal back to the amplifier's inverting input, thereby preserving the phase margin in the overall feedback loop. Capacitive drive can be increased by increasing the value of  $C_F$ . This in turn will slow down the pulse response.

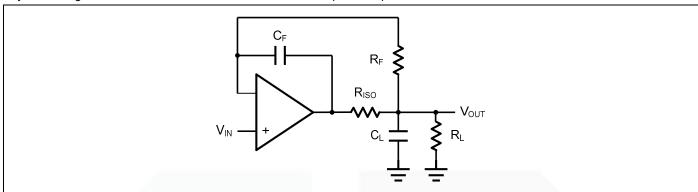


Figure 3. Indirectly Driving a Capacitive Load with DC Accuracy





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## **Typical Application Circuits**

### **Differential amplifier**

The differential amplifier allows the subtraction of two input voltages or cancellation of a signal common the two inputs. It is useful as a computational amplifier in making a differential to single-end conversion or in rejecting a common mode signal. Figure 4. shown the differential amplifier using GS8541 family.

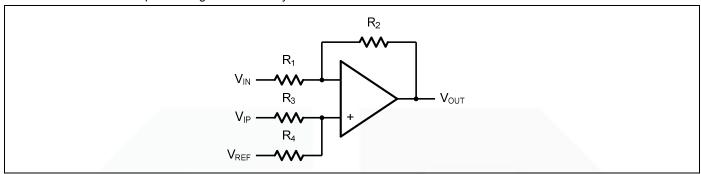


Figure 4. Differential Amplifier

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2 + R_4}) \frac{R_4}{R_1} V_{\text{IN}} - \frac{R_2}{R_1} V_{\text{IP}} + (\frac{R_1 + R_2}{R_2 + R_4}) \frac{R_3}{R_1} V_{\text{REF}}$$

If the resistor ratios are equal (i.e. R<sub>1</sub>=R<sub>3</sub> and R<sub>2</sub>=R<sub>4</sub>), then

$$V_{\text{OUT}} = \frac{R_2}{R_1} (V_{\text{IP}} - V_{\text{IN}}) + V_{\text{REF}}$$

#### **Low Pass Active Filter**

The low pass active filter is shown in Figure 5. The DC gain is defined by  $-R_2/R_1$ . The filter has a -20dB/decade roll-off after its corner frequency  $f_C=1/(2\pi R_3C_1)$ .

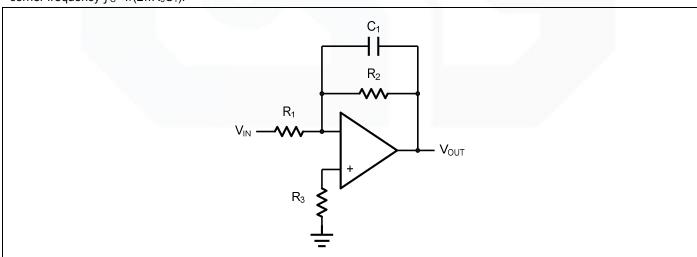


Figure 5. Low Pass Active Filter







## **Instrumentation Amplifier**

The triple GS8541 family can be used to build a three-op-amp instrumentation amplifier as shown in Figure 6. The amplifier in Figure 6 is a high input impedance differential amplifier with gain of R2/R1. The two differential voltage followers assure the high input impedance of the amplifier.

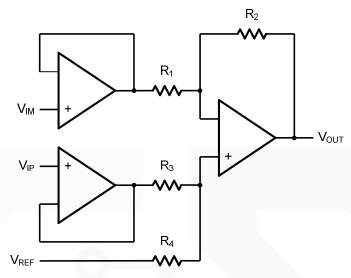


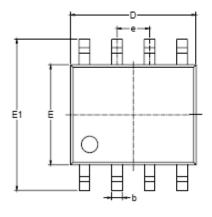
Figure 6. Instrument Amplifier

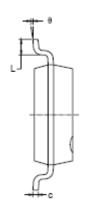
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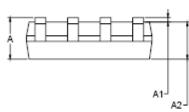


# **Package Information**

## SOP-8





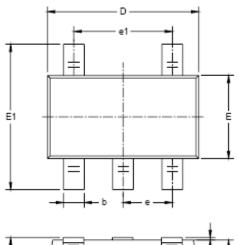


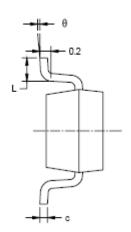
Symbol	1	nsions meters	Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069	
A1	0.100	0.250	0.004	0.010	
A2	1.350	1.550	0.053	0.061	
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020	
С	0.170	0.250	0.006	0.010	
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.200	
E	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157	
E1	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244	
e	1.27	BSC	0.050 BSC		
L	0.400	1.270	0.016	0.050	
е	0°	8°	0°	8°	

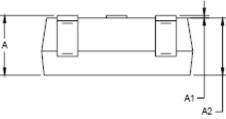
V1



## SOT23-5





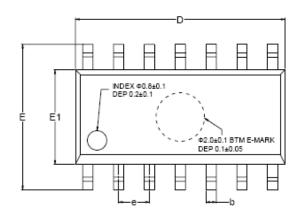


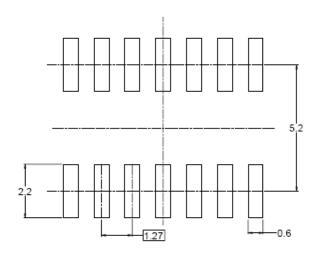
Symbol		isions imeters	Dimensions In Inches		
•	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	1.050	1.250	0.041	0.049	
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004	
A2	1.050	1.150	0.041	0.045	
b	0.300	0.500	0.012	0.020	
С	0.100	0.200	0.004	0.008	
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119	
E	1.500	1.700	0.059	0.067	
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116	
e	0.950	BSC	0.037 BSC		
e1	1.900	BSC	0.075 BSC		
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024	
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°	

V1

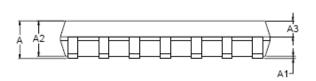


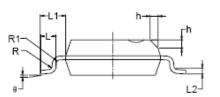
#### **SOP-14**





RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN (Unit: mm)





Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters			Dimensions In Inches		
	MIN	MOD	MAX	MIN	MOD	MAX
A	1.35		1.75	0.053		0.069
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010
A2	1.25		1.65	0.049		0.065
A3	0.55		0.75	0.022		0.030
b	0.36		0.49	0.014		0.019
D	8.53		8.73	0.336		0.344
E	5.80		6.20	0.228		0.244
E1	3.80		4.00	0.150		0.157
е		1.27 BSC		0.050 BSC		
L	0.45		0.80	0.018		0.032
L1	1.04 REF			0.040 REF		
L2		0.25 BSC		0.01 BSC		
R	0.07			0.003		
R1	0.07			0.003		
h	0.30		0.50	0.012		0.020
θ	0°		8°	0°		8°

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 430228DB
 460932C
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 409256CB

 430232AB
 LM2904DR2GH
 LM358YDT
 LT1678IS8
 042225DB
 058184EB
 070530X
 SC224DR2G
 SC239DR2G
 SC2902DG

 SCYA5230DR2G
 714228XB
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 SC2904DR2G
 SC358DR2G
 LM358EDR2G
 AZV358MTR-G1
 AP4310AUMTR-AG1
 HA1630D02MMEL-E

 NJM358CG-TE2
 HA1630S01LPEL-E
 LM324AWPT
 HA1630Q06TELL-E