

Micro-Power, RRIO, 1.6V, Push-Pull Output Comparator with Integrated Voltage Reference

Features

- 2.4uA (Typ) Low Power Consumption
- Integrated 1.2V Voltage Reference
- · Fast, 0.9us Propagation Delay
- Single-Supply Operation from +1.6V ~ +5.5V
- Low Offset Voltage: 3mV (Max)
- Rail-to-Rail Input and Output
- CMOS/TTL-Compatible Output

- Internal Hysteresis for Clean Switching
- No Phase Reversal for Overdriven Inputs
- Operating Temperature: -40°C ~ +85°C
- Small Package:

GS8706 Available in SOT23-6 and SC70-6 Packages GS8706U Available in SOP-8 and MSOP-8 Packages

General Description

The GS8706 is ultra-low-power comparator with internal hysteresis, optimized for systems powered from a 3V or 5V supply. The device features high-speed response, low-power consumption, low offset voltage, and rail-to-rail input and output range.A 1.2V voltage reference is integrated for flexible application.

Propagation delay is 0.9us (100mV overdrive), while supply current is 2.4uA per comparator. The internal input hysteresis eliminates output switching due to internal input noise voltage. The maximum input offset voltage is 3mV, and the operating range is from 1.6V to 5.5V.

All devices are specified for the temperature range of -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C. The GS8706 single is available in Green SC70-6 and SOT23-6 packages. The GS8706U dual is available in Green SOP-8 and MSOP-8 packages.

Applications

- · Alarm and Monitoring Circuits
- Peak and Zero-crossing Detectors
- Logic Level Shifting or Translation
- RC Timers

- Window Comparators
- IR Receivers
- Portable Systems







Pin Configuration

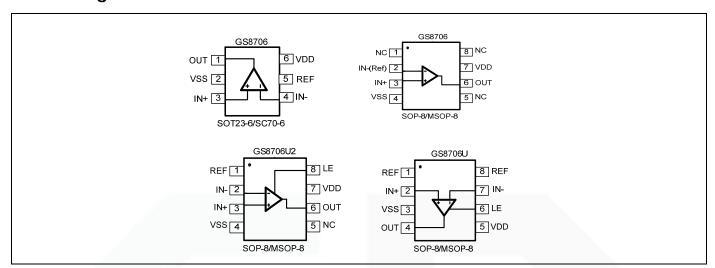


Figure 1. Pin Assignment Diagram







Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Condition | Min | Max | | |
|---|----------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Power Supply Voltage (V _{DD} to Vss) | -0.5V | +7.5V | | |
| Analog Input Voltage (IN+ or IN-) | Vss-0.5V | V _{DD} +0.5V | | |
| PDB Input Voltage | Vss-0.5V | +7V | | |
| Operating Temperature Range | -40°C | +85°C | | |
| Junction Temperature | +16 | 0°C | | |
| Storage Temperature Range | -55°C | +150°C | | |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10sec) | +26 | 0°C | | |
| Package Thermal Resistance (T _A =+25℃) | | | | |
| SOP-8, θ _{JA} | 125° | C/W | | |
| MSOP-8, θ _{JA} | 216° | C/W | | |
| SOT23-6, θ _{JA} | 190° | C/W | | |
| ESD Susceptibility | | | | |
| НВМ | 41 | 4KV | | |
| MM | 30 | 0V | | |

Note: Stress greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions outside those indicated in the operational sections of this specification are not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Package/Ordering Information

| MODEL | CHANNEL | ORDER NUMBER | PACKAGE DESCRIPTION | PACKAGE OPTION | MARKING INFORMATION |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| C69706 | Cinalo | GS8706-CR | SC70-6 | Tape and Reel,3000 | 8706 |
| GS8706 Single | | GS8706-TR | SOT23-6 | Tape and Reel,3000 | 8706 |
| GS8706U | Single | GS8706-TR | SOT23-8 | Tape and Reel,3000 | 706U |
| 000700U 0immle | | GS8706U-SR | SOP-8 | Tape and Reel,4000 | GS8706U |
| GS8706U Single | GS8706U-MR | MSOP-8 | Tape and Reel,3000 | GS8706U | |
| GS8706U2 Single | GS8706U2-SR | SOP-8 | Tape and Reel,4000 | GS8706U2 | |
| | GS8706U2-MR | MSOP-8 | Tape and Reel,3000 | GS8706U2 | |







Electrical Characteristics

(At $V_S = +5V$, $V_{CM} = 0V$, $C_L = 15pF$, and $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.)

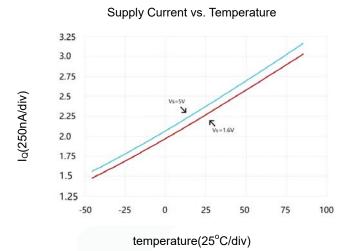
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | CONDITIONS | | | | 1 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|---|--------------|------|----------|-------|
| | | | TYP | MIN | MAX | UNITS |
| INPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | |
| Input Offset Voltage | Vos | V _{CM} = 0V | 0.5 | | 3 | mV |
| Input Bias Current | I _B | | 6 | | | pА |
| Input Offset Current | I _{os} | | 4 | | | pА |
| Input Hysteresis | V _{hys} | | 4 | | | mV |
| Common-Mode Voltage Range | V _{CM} | V _S = 5.5V | -0.1 to +5.6 | | | V |
| Common-Mode Rejection Ratio | CMRR | V _S = 5V, V _{CM} = 0V to 5V | 76 | 63 | | dB |
| OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS | | | | | | |
| 0 1 1)/ 11 0 1 1 1 1 | V _{OH} | V 5V 1 4 A | Vs - 0.1 | | Vs - 0.3 | V |
| Output Voltage Swing from Rail | V _{OL} | Vs=5V, I ₀ = 1mA | 114.6 | | 300 | mV |
| | I _{SOURCE} | V _S = 5V, Out to V _S | 22 | | | mA |
| Output Short-Circuit Current | I _{SINK} | | 20 | | | |
| POWER SUPPLY | | | | | | |
| | | | 1.6 | | | V |
| Operating Voltage Range | | | 5.5 | | | V |
| Power Supply Rejection Ratio | PSRR | $V_S = +1.6V \text{ to } +5.5V, V_{CM} = 0V$ | 102 | 74 | | dB |
| Quiescent Current / Comparator | IQ | | 2.4 | | 4.0 | uA |
| DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE (CL | = 15pF) | | | | | |
| B B | T_{dLH} | V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 10mV | 1.0 | | | μs |
| Propagation Delay (Low to High) | | V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 100mV | 0.9 | | | μs |
| Daniel Addition Delay (High to Law) | T _{dHL} | V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 10mV | 1.2 | | | μs |
| Propagation Delay (High to Low) | | V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 100mV | 0.6 | | | μs |
| S: T: | Tr | V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 10mV | 16 | | | ns |
| Rise Time | | V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 100mV | 16 | | | ns |
| | T _f | V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 10mV | 15 | | | ns |
| Fall Time | | V _S = 3V, Overdrive = 100mV | 15 | | | ns |
| Voltage Reference | | | | | | • |
| Reference Voltage | V_{ref} | I _{ref} =0A | 1214 | 1190 | 1238 | mV |
| Reference Voltage | | | | 150 | | μV/°C |
| Reference Output Current | | | | 4 | | mA |



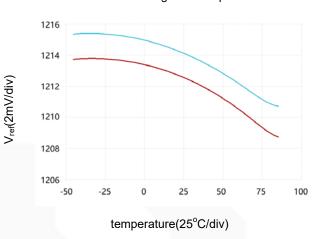


Typical Performance characteristics

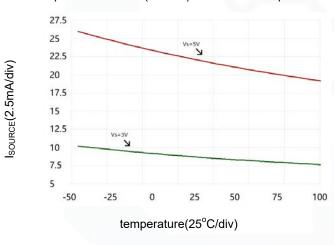
At T_A =+25°C, V_S =+5V, and C_L =15pF, unless otherwise noted.



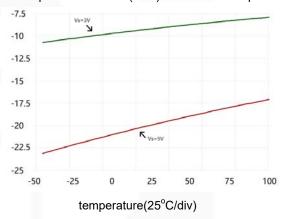
Reference Voltage vs. Temperature



Output Short-Circuit (Source) Current vs. Temperature



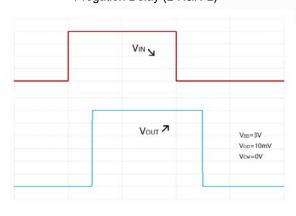
Output Short-Circuit (Sink) Current vs. Temperature



I_{SINK}(2.5mA/div)

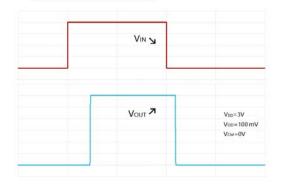
V_{OUT}(0.5V/div) V_{IN}(50mV/div)

Progation Delay (L-H&H-L)



Time(2us/div)

Progation Delay (L-H&H-L)



Time(2us/div)





Vout(0.5V/div) Vin(5mV/div)



Application Note

Size

GS8706 comparator is ultra-low-power, high-speed and suitable for a wide range of general-purpose applications. The small footprints of the GS8706 package saves space on printed circuit boards and enable the design of smaller electronic products. The GS8706 interfaces directly to CMOS and TTL logics.

Power Supply Bypassing and Board Layout

GS8706 operates from a single 1.6V to 5.5V supply or dual ± 0.8 V to ± 2.75 V supplies. For best performance, a 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor should be placed close to the V_{DD} pin in single supply operation. For dual supply operation, both V_{DD} and V_{SS} supplies should be bypassed to ground with separate 0.1μ F ceramic capacitors.

Low Supply Current

The low supply current (typical 2.4uA per channel) of GS8706 will help to maximize battery life. They are ideal for battery powered systems.

Operating Voltage

GS8706 operates under wide input supply voltage (1.6V to 5.5V). In addition, all temperature specifications apply from -40 °C to +85 °C. Most behavior remains unchanged throughout the full operating voltage range. These guarantees ensure operation throughout the single Li-Ion battery lifetime

Rail-to-Rail Input

The input common-mode range of GS8706 extends 100mV beyond the supply rails (V_{SS} -0.1V to V_{DD} +0.1V). This is achieved by using complementary input stage. For normal operation, inputs should be limited to this range.

Internal Hysteresis

Because of noise or undesired parasitic feedback, high-speed comparators oscillate in the linear region. Oscillation tends to occur when the voltage on one input is at or equal to the voltage on the other input. The GS806 family eliminates this undesired oscillation by integrating an internal hysteresis of 4mV.

The hysteresis in a comparator creates two trip points: one for the rising input voltage and one for the falling input voltage (Figure 2). The difference between two trip points is the hysteresis, while the average of two trip points is the offset voltage. When the comparator's input voltages are equal, the hysteresis effectively causes one comparator input voltage to move quickly past the other, thus taking the input out of the region where oscillation occurs.

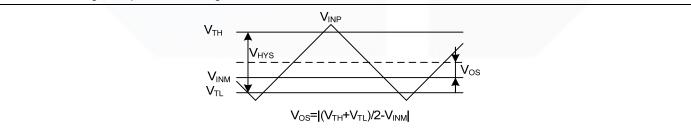


Figure 2. Comparator's hysteresis and offset

External Hysteresis

Greater flexibility in selecting hysteresis is achieved by using external resistors. Hysteresis reduces output chattering when one input is slowly moving past the other.







Non-Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

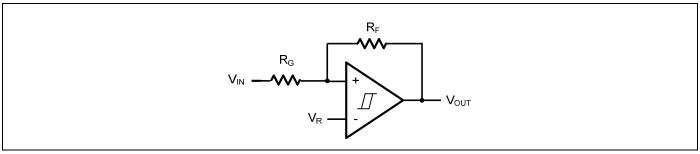


Figure 3. Non-Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

A non-inverting comparator with hysteresis requires a two-resistor network, as shown in Figure 3 and a voltage reference (V_R) at the inverting input.

$$\begin{split} \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{TH}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}} + R_{\mathrm{F}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{R}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{TL}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}} + R_{\mathrm{F}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{R}} - \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{HYS}} &= \frac{R_{\mathrm{G}}}{R_{\mathrm{F}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{DD}} \end{split}$$

Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

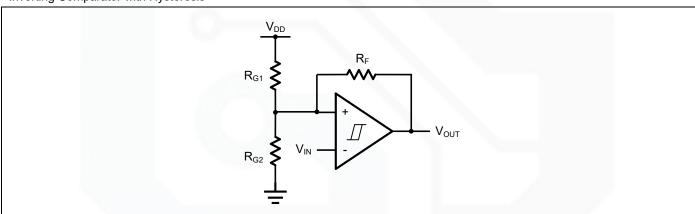


Figure 4. Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis

The inverting comparator with hysteresis requires a three-resistor network that is referenced to the comparator supply voltage (V_{DD}) , as shown in Figure 4.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{V}_{\text{TH}} &= \frac{R_{\text{G2}}}{R_{\text{G1}} \parallel R_{\text{F}} + R_{\text{G2}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\text{DD}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\text{TL}} &= \frac{R_{\text{G2}} \parallel R_{\text{F}}}{R_{\text{G2}} \parallel R_{\text{F}} + R_{\text{G1}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\text{DD}} \\ \mathbf{V}_{\text{HYS}} &= \frac{R_{\text{G1}} \parallel R_{\text{G2}}}{R_{\text{G1}} \parallel R_{\text{G2}} + R_{\text{F}}} \times \mathbf{V}_{\text{DD}} \end{aligned}$$







Typical Application Circuits

Line Receiver

A Line Receiver using GS8706 is shown in Figure 5. Resistors R_{G1} and R_{G2} set the bias point at the comparator's inverting input. R_{IN} should be same as $R_{G1}||R_{G2}$ to get a better match. GS8706 detects the voltage of the Coax Line, and outputs logic high or logic low quickly with no glitch.

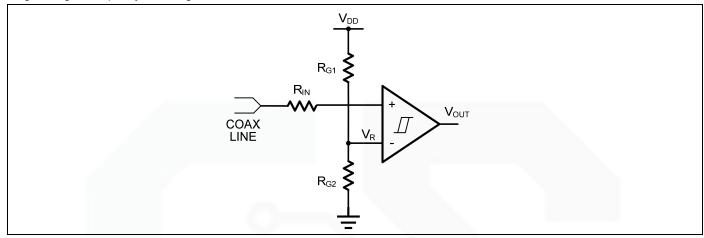


Figure 5. Line Receiver

IR Receiver

GS8706 is an ideal candidate to be used as an infrared receiver shown in Figure 6. The infrared photo diode creates a current relative to the amount of infrared light present. The current creates a voltage across R_{IN} . When this voltage level cross the voltage applied by the voltage divider to the inverting input, the output transitions. Optional R_F provides additional hysteresis for noise immunity.

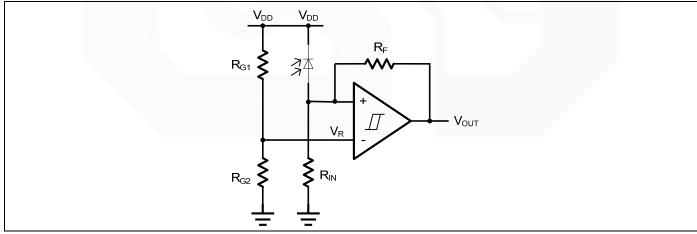


Figure 6. IR Receiver







Oscillator

A oscillator using GS8706 is shown in Figure 7. Resistors R_{G1} and R_{G2} set the bias point at the comparator's inverting input. The period of oscillator is set by the time constant of R_C and C_{IN} . The maximum frequency is limited by the large signal propagation delay of the comparator. GS8706 is low propagation delay guarantees the high frequency oscillation. If $R_{G1}=R_{G2}=R_F$, then the frequency of the oscillator is:

$$\mathbf{f}_{\text{OSC}} = \frac{1}{2 \times \ln 2 \times R_{\text{C}} \times C_{\text{IN}}}$$

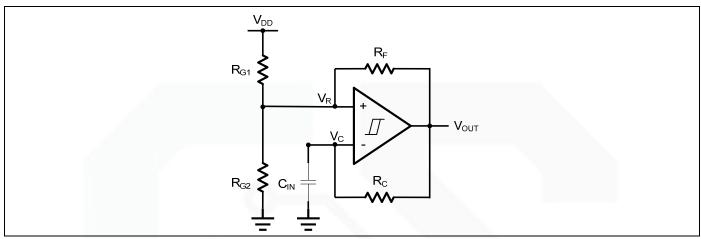
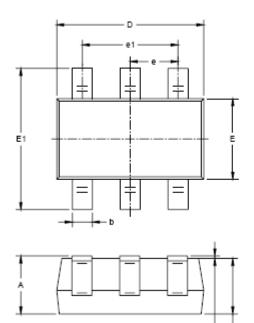


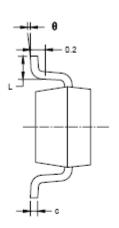
Figure 7. Oscillator



Package Information

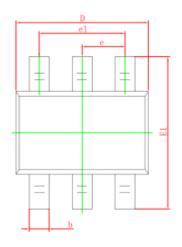
SOT23-6

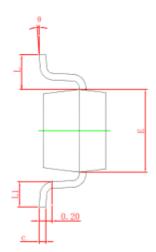


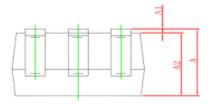


| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters | | Dimensions In Inches | |
|--------|------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| -, | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| Α | 1.050 | 1.250 | 0.041 | 0.049 |
| A1 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.000 | 0.004 |
| A2 | 1.050 | 1.150 | 0.041 | 0.045 |
| b | 0.300 | 0.500 | 0.012 | 0.020 |
| С | 0.100 | 0.200 | 0.004 | 800.0 |
| D | 2.820 | 3.020 | 0.111 | 0.119 |
| E | 1.500 | 1.700 | 0.059 | 0.067 |
| E1 | 2.650 | 2.950 | 0.104 | 0.116 |
| e | 0.950 BSC | | 0.037 BSC | |
| e1 | 1.900 BSC | | 0.075 BSC | |
| L | 0.300 | 0.600 | 0.012 | 0.024 |
| | | | | |

SC70-6

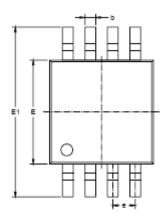




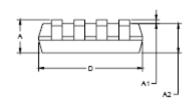


| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters | | Dimensions In Inches | |
|----------|---------------------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
| Syllibol | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |
| Α | 0.900 | 1.100 | 0.035 | 0.043 |
| A1 | 0.000 | 0.100 | 0.000 | 0.004 |
| A2 | 0.900 | 1.000 | 0.035 | 0.039 |
| b | 0.150 | 0.350 | 0.006 | 0.014 |
| С | 0.110 | 0.175 | 0.004 | 0.007 |
| D | 2.000 | 2.200 | 0.079 | 0.087 |
| E | 1.150 | 1.350 | 0.045 | 0.053 |
| E1 | 2.150 | 2.450 | 0.085 | 0.096 |
| е | 0.650 TYP. | | 0.026 TYP. | |
| e1 | 1.200 | 1.400 | 0.047 | 0.055 |
| L | 0.525 REF. | | 0.021 REF. | |
| L1 | 0.260 | 0.460 | 0.010 | 0.018 |
| θ | 0° | 8° | 0° | 8° |

MSOP-8

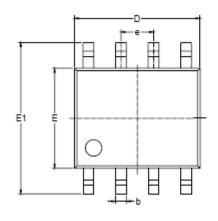


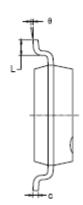


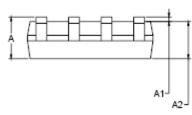


| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters | | Dimensions In Inches | |
|--------|------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| _ | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| Α | 0.820 | 1.100 | 0.032 | 0.043 |
| A1 | 0.020 | 0.150 | 0.001 | 0.006 |
| A2 | 0.750 | 0.950 | 0.030 | 0.037 |
| b | 0.250 | 0.380 | 0.010 | 0.015 |
| С | 0.090 | 0.230 | 0.004 | 0.009 |
| D | 2.900 | 3.100 | 0.114 | 0.122 |
| E | 2.900 | 3.100 | 0.114 | 0.122 |
| E1 | 4.750 | 5.050 | 0.187 | 0.199 |
| e | 0.650 BSC | | 0.026 BSC | |
| L | 0.400 | 0.800 | 0.016 | 0.031 |
| θ | 0° | 6° | 0° | 6° |

SOP-8







| Symbol | Dimensions In Millimeters | | Dimensions In Inches | |
|--------|------------------------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| | MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX |
| A | 1.350 | 1.750 | 0.053 | 0.069 |
| A1 | 0.100 | 0.250 | 0.004 | 0.010 |
| A2 | 1.350 | 1.550 | 0.053 | 0.061 |
| b | 0.330 | 0.510 | 0.013 | 0.020 |
| С | 0.170 | 0.250 | 0.006 | 0.010 |
| D | 4.700 | 5.100 | 0.185 | 0.200 |
| E | 3.800 | 4.000 | 0.150 | 0.157 |
| E1 | 5.800 | 6.200 | 0.228 | 0.244 |
| e | 1.27 BSC | | 0.050 BSC | |
| L | 0.400 | 1.270 | 0.016 | 0.050 |
| е | 0° | 8° | 0° | 8° |

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LM2901MT/TR TL331IDBVR-TP AIP393SA8.TR LM339MT/TR GSV331R-CR AIP339SA14.TR RS8912XH GS8742-SR GS8011-TR

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TS391SN2T1G JM38510/11201BDA LM111JG