# Greenliant<sup>™</sup>

Data Sheet

## FEATURES:

#### Industry Standard ATA/IDE Bus Interface

- Host Interface: 16-bit access
- Supports up to PIO Mode-6
- Supports up to Multi-word DMA Mode-4
- Supports up to Ultra DMA Mode-4

#### Interface for Standard NAND Flash Media

- Flash Media Interface: Single or Dual 8-bit access
  - Supports up to 4 flash media devices per channel
  - Supports up to 8 flash media devices directly
  - Supports up to 64 flash media devices with external decoding logic
- Supports Single-Level Cell (SLC) or Multi-Level Cell (MLC) flash media
  - 2 KByte and 4 KByte program page size
- 3.0V Power Supply
- 5.0V or 3.0V Host Interface Through V<sub>DDQ</sub> Pins
- Low Current Operation:
  - Active mode: 25 mA/35 mA (3.0V/5.0V) (typical)
  - Sleep mode: 80 µA/100 µA (3.0V/5.0V) (typical)
- Power Management Unit
  - Immediate disabling of unused circuitry without host intervention
  - Zero wake-up latency
- Write Protection
  - WP#/PD# pin configurable by host for prevention of data overwrites
- 20-byte Unique ID for Enhanced Security
  - Factory Pre-programmed 10-byte Unique ID
  - User-Programmable 10-byte ID
- Programmable, Multitasking NAND Interface

- Firmware Storage in Embedded SuperFlash<sup>®</sup>
- Pre-programmed Embedded Firmware
  - Performs self-initialization on first system Power-on
  - Executes industry standard ATA/IDE commands
     Implements dynamic wear-leveling algorithms to substantially increase the longevity of flash media
  - Embedded Flash File System
- Built-in Hardware ECC
  - Corrects up to 8 random single-bit errors per 512-byte sector
- Built-in Internal System Clock
- Multi-tasking Technology Enables Fast Sustained Write Performance (Host to Flash)
  - Supports up to 30 MB/sec
- Fast Sustained Read Performance (Flash to Host)
   Up to 30 MB/sec
- Automatic Recognition and Initialization of Flash Media Devices
  - Seamless integration into a standard SMT manufacturing process
  - 5 sec. (typical) for flash drive recognition and setup
- Commercial and Industrial Temperature Ranges
  - 0°C to 70°C for commercial operation
     -40°C to +85°C for industrial operation
- Packages Available
  - 100-lead TQFP 14mm x 14mm
  - 85-ball VFBGA 6mm x 6mm
- All non-Pb (lead-free) Devices are RoHS Compliant

## **PRODUCT DESCRIPTION**

The GLS55VD020 is the heart of a high-performance, flash media-based data storage system. The NAND Controller recognizes the control, address, and data signals on the ATA/IDE bus and translates them into memory accesses for standard NAND-type flash media. Utilizing both Single-Level Cell (SLC) and Multi-Level Cell (MLC) flash media, this technology supports solid state mass storage applications by offering new, expanded functionality while enabling smaller, lighter designs with lower power consumption.

The NAND Controller supports standard ATA/IDE protocol with up to PIO Mode-6, Multi-word DMA Mode-4, and Ultra DMA Mode-4 interface. The ATA/IDE interface is

widely used in such products as portable and desktop computers, portable media player, music players, handheld data collection scanners, PDAs, handy terminals, personal communicators, audio recorders, monitoring devices, and set-top boxes.

The NAND Controller uses SuperFlash<sup>®</sup> memory technology and is factory pre-programmed with an embedded flash file system. Upon initial power-on, the GLS55VD020 recognizes attached flash media devices, sets up a bad block table, executes all necessary handshaking routines for flash media support, and, finally, performs the low-level format. This process typically takes about 3 second plus 0.5 seconds per gigabyte of drive capacity, allowing a 4



GByte flash drive to be fully initialized in about 5 seconds. For added manufacturing flexibility, system debug, re-initialization, and user customization can be accomplished through the ATA/IDE interface.

The GLS55VD020 high-performance NAND Controller offers sustained read and write performance up to 30.0 MB/sec. The GLS55VD020 directly supports up to 8 flash media devices or, through simple decoding logic, can support up to 64 flash media devices.

The controller also provides a WP#/PD# pin to protect criti-

cal information stored in the flash media from unauthorized overwrites.

The NAND Controller comes pre-programmed with a 10byte unique serial ID. For even greater system security, the user has the option of programming an additional 10 Bytes of ID space to create a unique, 20-byte ID.

The NAND Controller comes packaged in an industry-standard, 100-lead TQFP package or a 85-ball VFBGA package for easy integration into an SMT manufacturing process.



## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The NAND Controller contains a microcontroller and embedded flash file system integrated in TQFP and VFBGA packages. Refer to Figure 1 for the NAND Controller block diagram. The controller interfaces with the host system allowing data to be written to and read from the flash media.

#### Performance-optimized NAND Controller

The NAND Controller translates standard ATA signals into flash media data and control signals. The following components contribute to the NAND Controller's operation.

#### **Microcontroller Unit (MCU)**

The MCU coordinates all related components to complete requested operations.

#### Internal Direct Memory Access (DMA)

The NAND Controller uses internal DMA which allows instant data transfer from buffer to flash media. This increases the data transfer rate by eliminating the microcontroller overhead associated with the traditional, firmware-based approach.

#### **Power Management Unit (PMU)**

The power management unit controls the power consumption of the NAND Controller. It reduces the power consumption of the NAND Controller by putting circuitry not in operation into sleep mode. The PMU has zero wake-up latency.

#### **SRAM Buffer**

The NAND Controller performs as an SRAM buffer to optimize the host's data transfer to and from the flash media.

#### **Embedded Flash File System**

The embedded flash file system is an integral part of the NAND Controller. It contains MCU firmware that performs the following tasks:

- 1. Translates host side signals into flash media Writes and Reads.
- 2. Provides dynamic flash media wear-leveling to spread the flash writes across all unused memory address space to increase the longevity of flash media.
- 3. Keeps track of data file structures.

#### **Error Correction Code (ECC)**

The NAND Controller uses BCH Error Detection Code (EDC) and Error Correction Code (ECC) algorithms which correct up to eight random single-bit errors for each 512-byte block of data.

High performance is achieved through hardware-based error detection and correction.

#### Serial Communication Interface (SCI)

The Serial Communication Interface (SCI) is designed to provide trace information during debugging process. To aid in validation, always provide the SCI access to PCB design.

#### Programmable, Multi-tasking NAND Interface

The multi-tasking interface enables fast, sustained write and read performance by allowing multiple Read, Program, and Erase operations to multiple flash media devices. The programmable NAND interface enables timely support of fast changing NAND technology.



## **FUNCTIONAL BLOCKS**

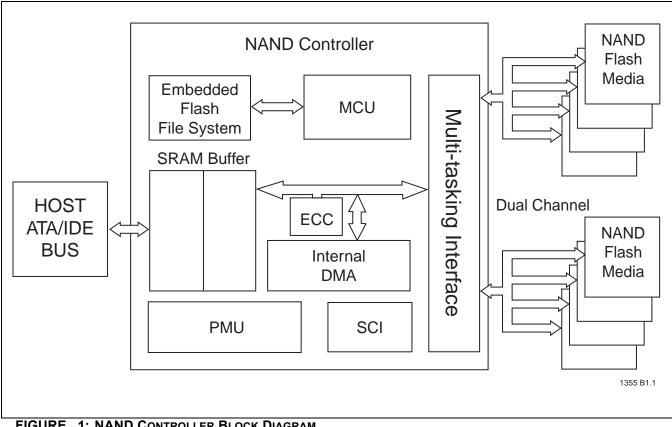


FIGURE 1: NAND CONTROLLER BLOCK DIAGRAM

## NAND Controller GLS55VD020

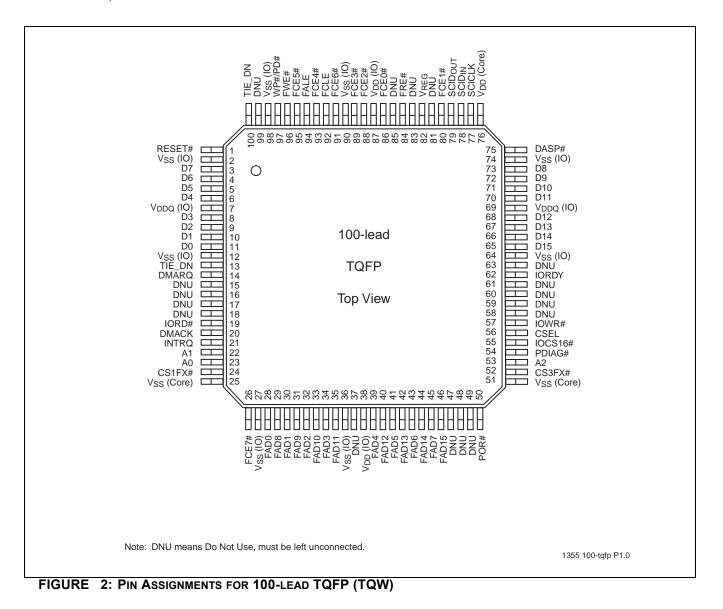


Data Sheet

## **PIN ASSIGNMENTS**

The signal/pin assignments are listed in Table 2. Low active signals have a "#" suffix. Pin types are Input, Output, or Input/Output. Signals whose source is the host are designated as inputs while signals that the NAND Controller sources are outputs.

The NAND Controller functions in ATA mode, which is compatible with IDE hard disk drives.





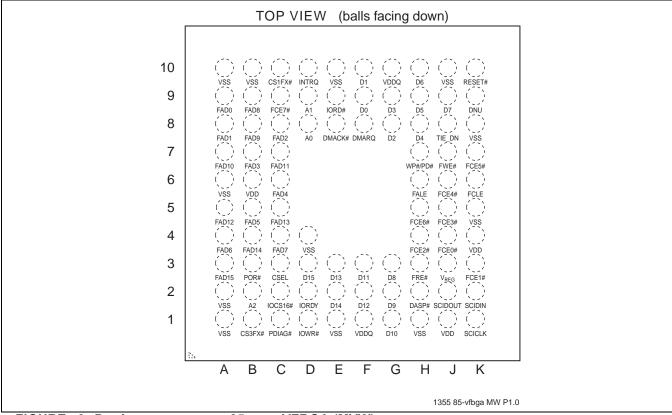


FIGURE 3: PIN ASSIGNMENTS FOR 85-BALL VFBGA (MVW)



## TABLE 1: PIN ASSIGNMENTS (1 OF 4)

|                | Pin          | No.          |             |                          |  |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------|--|
| Symbol         | 100-<br>TQFP | 85-<br>VFBGA | Pin<br>Type | I/O<br>Type <sup>1</sup> | Name and Functions   |
| Host Side Inte | rface        |              |             |                          | ·  |
| A2             | 53           | B2           |             |                          |  |
| A1             | 22           | D9           | I           | I1Z                      | A[2:0] are used to select one of eight registers in the Task File.   |
| A0             | 23           | D8           |             |                          |  |
| D15            | 65           | D3           |             |                          |  |
| D14            | 66           | E2           |             |                          |  |
| D13            | 67           | E3           |             |                          |  |
| D12            | 68           | F2           |             |                          |  |
| D11            | 70           | F3           |             |                          |  |
| D10            | 71           | G1           |             |                          |  |
| D9             | 72           | G2           |             |                          |  |
| D8             | 73           | G3           |             | 147/00                   | DI45:01 Data hus   |
| D7             | 3            | J9           | I/O         | 11Z/O2                   | D[15:0] Data bus   |
| D6             | 4            | H10          |             |                          |  |
| D5             | 5            | H9           |             |                          |  |
| D4             | 6            | H8           |             |                          |  |
| D3             | 8            | G9           |             |                          |  |
| D2             | 9            | G8           |             |                          |  |
| D1             | 10           | F10          |             |                          |  |
| D0             | 11           | F9           |             |                          |  |
| DMACK          | 20           | E8           | I           | I2U                      | DMA Acknowledge - input from host  |
| DMARQ          | 14           | F8           | 0           | 01                       | DMA Request to host  |
| IORDY          |              |              |             |                          | IORDY: When Ultra DMA mode DMA Write is not active and the device is not ready to respond to a data transfer request, this signal is negated to extend the Host transfer cycle. However, it is never negated by this controller.   |
| DDMARDY#       | 62           | D2           | о           | O1                       | DDMARDY#: When Ultra DMA mode DMA Write is active, this sig-<br>nal is asserted by the host to indicate that the device is read to<br>receive Ultra DMA data-in bursts. The device may negate<br>DDMARDY# to pause an Ultra DMA transfer.  |
| DSTROBE        |              |              |             |                          | DSTROBE: When Ultra DMA mode DMA Write is active, this sig-<br>nal is the data-out strobe generated by the device. Both the rising<br>and falling edges of DSTROBE cause data to be latched by the<br>host. The device may stop generating DSTROBE edges to pause<br>an Ultra DMA data-out burst.                  |
| CS1FX#         | 24           | C10          |             |                          | CS1FX# is the chip select for the task file registers  |
| CS3FX#         | 52           | B1           | I           | I2Z                      | CS3FX# is used to select the Alternate Status register and the Device Control register.  |
| CSEL           | 56           | C3           | I           | I1U                      | This internally pulled-up signal is used to configure this device as a Master or a Slave. When this pin is grounded, this device is configured as a Master. When the pin is open, or tied to $V_{DDQ}$ , this device is configured as a Slave. The pin setting should remain the same from Power-on to Power-down. |



| TABLE | 1: PIN ASSIGNMENTS | (CONTINUED) (2 OF 4) | ) |
|-------|--------------------|----------------------|---|
|-------|--------------------|----------------------|---|

|                | Pin          | No.          |             |                          |   |  |  |
|----------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| Symbol         | 100-<br>TQFP | 85-<br>VFBGA | Pin<br>Type | l/O<br>Type <sup>1</sup> | Name and Functions  |  |  |
| IORD#          |              |              |             |                          | IORD#: This is an I/O Read Strobe generated by the host. When Ultra DMA mode is not active, this signal gates I/O data from the device.   |  |  |
| HDMARDY#       | 19           | E9           | I           | I2Z                      | HDMARDY#: In Ultra DMA mode when DMA Read is active, this signal is asserted by the host to indicate that the host is ready to receive Ultra DMA data-in bursts. The host may negate HDMARDY# to pause an Ultra DMA transfer.   |  |  |
| HSTROBE        |              |              |             |                          | HSTROBE: When DMA Write is active, this signal is the data-out strobe generated by the host. Both the rising and falling edges of HSTROBE cause data to be latched by the device. The host may stop generating HSTROBE edges to pause an Ultra DMA data-out burst.  |  |  |
| IOWR#          | 57           | D1           | I           | I2Z                      | This is an I/O Write Strobe generated by the host. When Ultra DMA mode is not active, this signal is used to clock I/O data into the device.  |  |  |
| STOP           |              |              |             |                          | When Ultra DMA mode protocol is active, the assertion of this sig-<br>nal causes the termination of the Ultra DMA burst   |  |  |
| IOCS16#        | 55           | C2           | 0           | O2                       | This output signal is asserted low when the device is indicating a word data transfer cycle.  |  |  |
| INTRQ          | 21           | D10          | 0           | 01                       | This signal is the active high Interrupt Request to the host.   |  |  |
| PDIAG#         | 54           | C1           | I/O         | I1U/O1                   | The Pass Diagnostic signal in the Master/Slave handshake proto-<br>col.   |  |  |
| DASP#          | 75           | H2           | I/O         | I1U/O6                   | The Drive Active/Slave Present signal in the Master/Slave hand-<br>shake protocol.  |  |  |
| RESET#         | 1            | K10          | I           | I2U                      | This input pin is the active low hardware reset from the host.  |  |  |
| WP#/PD#        | 97           | H7           | I           | I3U                      | The WP#/PD# pin can be used for either the Write Protect mode or<br>Power-down mode, but only one mode is active at any time. The<br>Write Protect or Power-down modes can be selected through the<br>host command. The Write Protect mode is the factory default set-<br>ting. This pin accepts only in the 3.3V V <sub>DD</sub> signal level. |  |  |
| Flash Media In | iterface     |              |             |                          |   |  |  |
| FRE#           | 84           | H3           |             |                          | Active Low Flash Media Chip Read  |  |  |
| FWE#           | 96           | J7           | 0           | O5                       | Active Low Flash Media Chip Write   |  |  |
| FCLE           | 92           | K6           |             |                          | Active High Flash Media Chip Command Latch Enable   |  |  |
| FALE           | 94           | H6           |             |                          | Active High Flash Media Chip Address Latch Enable   |  |  |
| FAD15          | 46           | A3           |             |                          |   |  |  |
| FAD14          | 44           | B4           |             |                          |   |  |  |
| FAD13          | 42           | C5           |             |                          |   |  |  |
| FAD12          | 40           | A5           | I/O         | I3U/O5                   | Flash Media Chip High Byte Address/Data Bus pins  |  |  |
| FAD11          | 35           | C7           |             |                          |   |  |  |
| FAD10          | 33           | A7           |             |                          |   |  |  |
| FAD9           | 31           | B8           | -           |                          |   |  |  |
| FAD8           | 29           | B9           |             |                          |   |  |  |



|                        | Pin   | No.   |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|---|---|-------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Symbol                 | 100-<br>TQFP                                | 85-<br>VFBGA  | Pin<br>Type | I/O<br>Type <sup>1</sup>     | Name and Functions   |  |  |  |
| FAD7                   | 45  | C4  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FAD6                   | 43  | A4  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FAD5                   | 41  | B5  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FAD4                   | 39  | C6  |             |                              | Flash Madia Ohia Law Data Addages (Data Dua sing                           |  |  |  |
| FAD3                   | 34  | B7  | I/O         | I3U/O5                       | Flash Media Chip Low Byte Address/Data Bus pins                            |  |  |  |
| FAD2                   | 32  | C8  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FAD1                   | 30  | A8  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FAD0                   | 28  | A9  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FCE7#                  | 26  | C9  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FCE6#                  | 91  | H5  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FCE5#                  | 95  | K7  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FCE4#                  | 93  | J6  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FCE3#                  | 89  | J5  | 0           | 04                           | Active Low Flash Media Chip Enable pin                                     |  |  |  |
| FCE2#                  | 88  | H4  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FCE1#                  | 80  | K3  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| FCE0#                  | 86  | J4  |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| Serial Commu           | inication In                                | terface (SC   | CI)         |                              |  |  |  |  |
| SCID <sub>OUT</sub>    | 79  | J2  | 0           | 04                           | SCI interface data output  |  |  |  |
| SCID <sub>IN</sub>     | 78  | K2  | I           | I3U                          | SCI interface data input   |  |  |  |
| SCICLK                 | 77  | K1  | I           | I3U                          | SCI interface clock  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous          | 5   | •   |             |                              |  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>SS</sub> (IO)   | 2<br>12<br>27<br>36<br>64<br>74<br>90<br>98 | A2<br>A6<br>A10<br>D4<br>E1<br>E10<br>H1<br>J10<br>K5<br>K8 | PWR         |                              | Ground for I/O   |  |  |  |
| V <sub>SS</sub> (Core) | 25<br>51                                    | A1<br>B10   | PWR         |                              | Ground for Core  |  |  |  |
| V <sub>DD</sub> (IO)   | 38<br>87                                    | B6<br>K4  | PWR         |                              | V <sub>DD</sub> (3.3V)   |  |  |  |
| V <sub>DD</sub> (Core) | 76  | J1  | PWR         |                              | V <sub>DD</sub> (3.3V)   |  |  |  |
| V <sub>DDQ</sub> (IO)  | 7<br>69                                     | F1<br>G10   | PWR         |                              | V <sub>DDQ</sub> (5V/3.3V) for Host interface                              |  |  |  |
| V <sub>REG</sub>       | 82  | J3  | 0           |                              | External capacitor pin. Connect this pin with a 4.7uF capacitor to ground. |  |  |  |
| POR#                   | 50  | B3  | I           | Analog<br>Input <sup>2</sup> | Power-on Reset (POR). Active Low   |  |  |  |

#### TABLE 1: PIN ASSIGNMENTS (CONTINUED) (3 OF 4)



## TABLE 1: PIN ASSIGNMENTS (CONTINUED) (4 OF 4)

|                     | Pin          | No.          |             |              |   |
|---------------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|---|
| Symbol              | 100-<br>TQFP | 85-<br>VFBGA | Pin<br>Type | I/O<br>Type¹ | Name and Functions                            |
| T <sub>IE</sub> _DN | 13           | J8           |             |              | Pin needs to be connected to V <sub>SS.</sub> |
|                     | 100          |              |             |              |   |
| DNU <sup>3</sup>    | 15           | K9           |             |              |   |
|                     | 16           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 17           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 18           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 37           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 47           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 48           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 49           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 58           |              |             |              | Do Not Use, must be left unconnected.         |
|                     | 59           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 60           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 61           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 63           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 81           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 83           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 85           |              |             |              |   |
|                     | 99           |              |             |              |   |

1. IxU = Input with on-chip pull-up.

IxZ = Input without on-chip pull-up.

2. Analog input is connected to  $V_{DD}$  for supply voltage detection 3. All DNU pins should not be connected.

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## CAPACITY SPECIFICATION

Table 2 shows the default capacity and specific settings for heads, sectors, and cylinders. Users can change the default settings in the drive ID table, Table 8, for customization. If the total number of bytes is less than the default, the remaining space could be used as spares to increase the flash drive endurance. It should also be noted that if the total flash drive capacity exceeds the total default number of bytes, the flash drive endurance will be reduced.

| Max LBA     | Sectors <sup>2</sup> | Heads <sup>2</sup> | Cylinders <sup>2</sup> | Total Bytes     | Capacity <sup>1</sup> |
|-------------|----------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 250,880     | 32                   | 16                 | 490                    | 128,450,560     | 128 MB                |
| 501,760     | 32                   | 16                 | 980                    | 256,901,120     | 256 MB                |
| 1,000,944   | 63                   | 16                 | 993                    | 512,483,328     | 512 MB                |
| 2,001,888   | 63                   | 16                 | 1986                   | 1,024,966,656   | 1 GB                  |
| 4,000,752   | 63                   | 16                 | 3969                   | 2,048,385,024   | 2 GB                  |
| 8,000,496   | 63                   | 16                 | 7937                   | 4,096,253,952   | 4 GB                  |
| 11,721,024  | 63                   | 16                 | 11628                  | 6,001,164,288   | 6 GB                  |
| 15,628,032  | 63                   | 16                 | 15504                  | 8,001,552,384   | 8 GB                  |
| 31,252,032  | 63                   | 16                 | 16383 <sup>3</sup>     | 16,001,040,384  | 16 GB                 |
| 62,502,048  | 63                   | 16                 | 16383 <sup>3</sup>     | 32,001,048,576  | 32 GB                 |
| 93,754,080  | 63                   | 16                 | 16383 <sup>3</sup>     | 48,002,088,960  | 48 GB                 |
| 125,004,096 | 63                   | 16                 | 16383 <sup>3</sup>     | 64,002,097,152  | 64 GB                 |
| 187,508,160 | 63                   | 16                 | 16383 <sup>3</sup>     | 96,004,177,920  | 96 GB                 |
| 250,008,192 | 63                   | 16                 | 16383 <sup>3</sup>     | 128,004,194,304 | 128 GB                |

#### TABLE 2: Default ATA Flash Drive Settings

1. These flash drive capacities can only be manufactured by using the specified version of the NAND Controller.

2. Cylinders, Heads, and Sectors can be re-configured from the default settings during the manufacturing process.

3. Cylinders, Heads, and Sectors are not applicable for these capacities. Only LBA addressing applies.

## **Functional Specifications**

Table 3 shows the performance and the maximum capacity supported by GLS55VD020.

#### TABLE3: Functional Specification of GLS55VD020

| Functions  | GLS55VD020        |
|--|-------------------|
| ATA Controller Supported Capacity                | up to 128 GB      |
| ATA Controller Performance-Sustained Write speed | Up to 30.0 MB/sec |
| ATA Controller Performance-Sustained Read speed  | Up to 30.0 MB/sec |

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## MANUFACTURING SUPPORT

The NAND Controller firmware contains a list of supported standard NAND flash media devices. Upon initial Power-on, the controller scans all connected flash media devices and reads their device ID. If the device ID matches the listed flash media devices in the NAND Controller, the controller performs drive recognition based on the algorithm provided by the flash media suppliers, including setting up the bad block table, executing all the necessary handshaking routines for flash media support, and, finally, performing the low-level format. For Power-up timing specifications, please refer to Table 13.

Please contact Greenliant for the most current list of supported NAND Flash media devices.

In the event that the NAND flash media device ID is not recognized by the NAND Controller, the user has an option of adding this device to the controller device table through the manufacturing interface provided by Greenliant. Please contact Greenliant for the NAND Controller manufacturing interface software. If the drive initialization fails, and a visual inspection is unable to determine the problem, the GLS55VD020 NAND Controller provides a comprehensive interface for manufacturing flow debug. This interface not only allows debug of the failure and manual reset of the initialization process, but also allows customization of user definable options.

## ATA/IDE Interface

The NAND Controller interface can be used for manufacturing support. Greenliant provides an example of a DOS-based solution (an executable routine available from Greenliant) for manufacturing debug and rework.

## Serial Communication Interface (SCI)

For additional manufacturing flexibility, the SCI bus can be used to report manufacturing errors. The SCI consists of 3 active signals: SCID<sub>OUT</sub>, SCID<sub>IN</sub>, and SCICLK.

## **Security Features**

The GLS55VD020 NAND Controller offers the standard ATA Security Mode Feature Set, a password system that restricts the access of user data stored in the device. For additional data security features, please contact Greenliant.



## CONFIGURABLE WRITE PROTECT/POWER-DOWN MODES

The WP#/PD# pin can be used for either Write Protect mode or Power-down mode, but only one mode is active at any time. Either mode can be selected through the host command, Set-WP#/PD#-Mode, explained in Section .

Once the mode is set with this command, the pin will stay in the configured mode until the next time this command is issued. Power-off or reset will not change the configured mode.

#### Write Protect Mode

When the WP#/PD# pin is configured in the Write Protect mode, the pin offers extended data protection. This feature can be either selected through a jumper or host logic to protect the stored data from inadvertent system writes or erases, and viruses. The Write Protect feature protects the full address space of the data stored on the flash media.

In the Write Protect mode, the WP#/PD# pin should be asserted prior to issuing the destructive commands: Erase-Sector, Format-Track, Write-DMA, Write-Long-Sector, Write-Multiple, Write-Multiple-without-Erase, Write-Sector(s), Write-Sector-without-Erase, or Write-Verify. This will force the NAND Controller to reject any destructive commands from the ATA interface. All destructive commands will return 51H in the Status register and 04H in the Error register signifying an invalid command. All non-destructive commands will be executed normally.

#### Power-down Mode

When the WP#/PD# is configured in the Power-down mode, if the pin is asserted during a command, the ATA disk controller completes the current command and returns to the standby mode immediately to save power. Afterwards, the device will not accept any other commands. Only a Power-on Reset (POR) or hardware reset will bring the device to normal operation with the WP#/PD# pin de-asserted.



## POWER-ON AND BROWN-OUT RESET CHARACTERISTICS

Power-on and Brown-out Reset circuitry reset the device to a known state. Power-on Reset asserts when the device is turned on. Brown-out Reset asserts when the detected voltage falls below an acceptable level. For more information about the Power-on and Brown-out Reset timing, see Figure 4 and Table 4.



FIGURE 4: Power-on and Brown-out Reset Timing

#### TABLE 4: Power-on and Brown-out Reset Timing

| Item   | Symbol         | Min | Мах | Units |
|--|----------------|-----|-----|-------|
| V <sub>DD</sub> /POR# Rise Time <sup>1</sup> | T <sub>R</sub> |     | 250 | ms    |
| V <sub>DD</sub> /POR# Fall Time <sup>2</sup> | T <sub>F</sub> |     | 250 | ms    |

1.  $V_{DD}$  Rise Time should be faster than or equal to POR# Rise Time.

2. V<sub>DD</sub> Fall Time should be slower than or equal to POR# Fall Time.

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## **I/O TRANSFER FUNCTION**

The default operation for the NAND Controller is 16-bit. However, if the host issues a Set-Feature command to enable 8-bit mode, the NAND Controller permits 8-bit data access.

The following table defines the function of various operations.

#### TABLE 5: I/O Function

| Function Code          | CS3FX#          | CS1FX#          | A0-A2 | IORD#           | IOWR#           | D15-D8           | D7-D0      |
|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------|
| Invalid Mode           | VIL             | VIL             | Х     | Х               | Х               | Undefined        | Undefined  |
| Standby Mode           | V <sub>IH</sub> | V <sub>IH</sub> | Х     | Х               | Х               | High Z           | High Z     |
| Task File Write        | V <sub>IH</sub> | VIL             | 1-7H  | V <sub>IH</sub> | VIL             | Х                | Data In    |
| Task File Read         | VIH             | VIL             | 1-7H  | VIL             | VIH             | High Z           | Data Out   |
| Data Register Write    | V <sub>IH</sub> | VIL             | 0     | V <sub>IH</sub> | VIL             | In <sup>1</sup>  | In         |
| Data Register Read     | V <sub>IH</sub> | VIL             | 0     | V <sub>IL</sub> | V <sub>IH</sub> | Out <sup>1</sup> | Out        |
| Control Register Write | VIL             | V <sub>IH</sub> | 6H    | V <sub>IH</sub> | VIL             | Х                | Control In |
| Alt Status Read        | V <sub>IL</sub> | V <sub>IH</sub> | 6H    | V <sub>IL</sub> | V <sub>IH</sub> | High Z           | Status Out |
|                        |                 | •               | •     | •               | •               | •                | T0-0.0 135 |

1. If 8-bit data transfer mode is enabled.

In 8-bit data transfer mode, High Byte is undefined for Data Out. For Data In, X can be  $V_{IH}$  or  $V_{IL}$ , but no other value.



# Data Sheet SOFTWARE INTERFACE

## NAND Controller Drive Register Set Definitions and Protocol

This section defines the drive registers for the NAND Controller and the protocol used to address them.

#### NAND Controller Addressing

The I/O decoding for an NAND Controller is shown in Table 6.

|        |        |    |    |    | Registers                 |                           |  |
|--------|--------|----|----|----|---------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| CS3FX# | CS1FX# | A2 | A1 | A0 | IORD# = 0 (IOWR#=1)       | IOWR# = 0 (IORD#=1)       |  |
| 1      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 0  | Data (Read)               | Data (Write)              |  |
| 1      | 0      | 0  | 0  | 1  | Error                     | Feature                   |  |
| 1      | 0      | 0  | 1  | 0  | Sector Count              | Sector Count              |  |
| 1      | 0      | 0  | 1  | 1  | Sector Number (LBA 7-0)   | Sector Number (LBA 7-0)   |  |
| 1      | 0      | 1  | 0  | 0  | Cylinder Low (LBA 15-8)   | Cylinder Low (LBA 15-8)   |  |
| 1      | 0      | 1  | 0  | 1  | Cylinder High (LBA 23-16) | Cylinder High (LBA 23-16) |  |
| 1      | 0      | 1  | 1  | 0  | Drive/Head                | Drive/Head                |  |
| 1      | 0      | 1  | 1  | 1  | Status                    | Command                   |  |
| 0      | 1      | 1  | 1  | 0  | Alternate Status          | Device Control            |  |

#### TABLE 6: Task File Registers

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#### **NAND Controller Registers**

The following section describes the hardware registers used by the host software to issue commands to the NAND Controller. These registers are often collectively referred to as the Task File registers. The registers are only selectable through CS3FX#, CS1FX#, and  $A_2$ - $A_0$  signals.

**Data Register (Read/Write)** This 16-bit register is used to transfer data blocks between the device data buffer and the host. Data transfer can be performed in PIO mode or DMA mode.

**Error Register (Read Only)** This register contains additional information about the source of an error when an error is indicated in bit 0 of the Status register. The bits are defined as follows:

| D7         | D6                   | D5   | D4             | D3           | D2           | D1      | D0   | <b>Reset Value</b> |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------|----------------------|--|----------------|--------------|--------------|---------|------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| ICRC/BBK   | UNC                  | 0  | IDNF           | 0            | ABRT         | 0       | AMNF | 0000 0000b         |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Symbol     | Functio              | Function   |                |              |              |         |      |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ICRC / BBK |                      | This bit is set when a Bad Block is detected. During an ultra-DMA transfer, this bit is set on detection of a CRC error.   |                |              |              |         |      |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| UNC        | This bit             | is set wher  | n an Uncorr    | ectable Erre | or is encour | ntered. |      |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IDNF       | The rec              | uested sec   | tor ID is in o | error or can | not be foun  | d.      |      |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ABRT       | conditic<br>is requi | This bit is set if the command has been aborted because of an NAND Controller status condition: (Not Ready, Write Fault, etc.) or when an invalid command has been issued. It is required that the host retry any media access command (such as Read-Sectors and Write-Sectors) that ends with an error condition. |                |              |              |         |      |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AMNF       | This bit             | is set in ca   | se of a gen    | eral error.  |              |         |      |                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |



#### Data Sheet

Feature Register (Write Only) This register provides additional command-specific parameters to the NAND Controller.

Sector Count Register This register contains the numbers of sectors of data requested to be transferred on a Read or Write operation between the host and the NAND Controller. If the value in this register is zero, a count of 256 sectors is specified. If the command was successful, this register is zero at command completion. If not successfully completed, the register contains the number of sectors that need to be transferred in order to complete the request.

Sector Number (LBA 7-0) Register This register contains the starting sector number or bits 7-0 of the Logical Block Address (LBA) for any NAND Controller data access for the subsequent command.

Cylinder Low (LBA 15-8) Register This register contains the low order 8 bits of the starting cylinder address or bits 15-8 of the Logical Block Address.

Cylinder High (LBA 23-16) Register This register contains the high order bits of the starting cylinder address or bits 23-16 of the Logical Block Address.

Drive/Head (LBA 27-24) Register The Drive/Head register is used to select the drive and head. It is also used to select LBA addressing instead of cylinder/head/sector addressing. The bits are defined as follows:

| D7     | D6   | D5  | D4          | D3                        | D2                   | D1            | D0         | <b>Reset Value</b> |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------|--|---|-------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------|------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| 1      | LBA  | 1   | DRV         | HS3                       | HS2                  | HS1           | HS0        | 1010 0000b         |  |  |  |  |  |
| Symbol | Functio  | on  |             |                           |                      |               |            |                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| LBA    | LBA is a flag to select either Cylinder/Head/Sector (CHS) or Logical Block Address mode (LBA).<br>When LBA=0, Cylinder/Head/Sector mode is selected. When LBA=1, Logical Block Address is<br>selected. In Logical Block mode, the Logical Block Address is interpreted as follows: |   |             |                           |                      |               |            |                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|        |  |   |             | egister D7-               |                      |               |            |                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | LBA15-   | LBA8: Cylir   | nder Low re | gister D7-D               | 0.                   |               |            |                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | LBA23-   | LBA16: Cy   | linder High | register D7               | -D0.                 |               |            |                    |  |  |  |  |  |
|        | LBA27-   | LBA24: Dri  | ve/Head re  | gister bits ⊢             | IS3-HS0.             |               |            |                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| DRV    |  | the drive nu<br>DRV=1 (Sla  |             | •                         | Master), Ma          | aster is sele | ected.     |                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| HS3    |  |   |             | er, Head, Se<br>Address m | ector mode,<br>10de. | this is bit 3 | of the hea | d number.          |  |  |  |  |  |
| HS2    |  |   |             | er, Head, Se<br>Address m | ector mode,<br>10de. | this is bit 2 | of the hea | d number.          |  |  |  |  |  |
| HS1    |  | When operating in the Cylinder, Head, Sector mode, this is bit 1 of the head number.<br>It is Bit 25 in the Logical Block Address mode. |             |                           |                      |               |            |                    |  |  |  |  |  |
| HS0    |  |   |             | er, Head, Se<br>Address m | ector mode,<br>10de. | this is bit C | of the hea | d number.          |  |  |  |  |  |

Status & Alternate Status Registers (Read Only) These registers return the NAND Controller status when read by the host. Reading the Status register does clear a pending interrupt while reading the alternate Status register does not. The meaning of the status bits are described as follows:

| D7   | D6  | D5  | D4  | D3  | D2   | D1 | D0  | <b>Reset Value</b> |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|----|-----|--------------------|
| BUSY | RDY | DWF | DSC | DRQ | CORR | 0  | ERR | 1000 0000b         |



| Symbol | Function  |
|--------|---|
| BUSY   | The busy bit is set when the NAND Controller has access to the command buffer and registers and the host is locked out from accessing the Command register and buffer. No other bits in this register are valid when this bit is set to a 1.  |
| RDY    | RDY indicates whether the device is capable of performing NAND Controller operations.<br>This bit is cleared at power up and remains cleared until the NAND Controller is ready to<br>accept a command.   |
| DWF    | This bit, if set, indicates a write fault has occurred.   |
| DSC    | This bit is set when the NAND Controller is ready.  |
| DRQ    | The Data-Request bit is set when the NAND Controller requires that information be transferred either to or from the host through the Data register.   |
| CORR   | This bit is set when a correctable data error has been encountered and the data has been corrected. This condition does not terminate a multi-sector Read operation.  |
| ERR    | This bit is set when the previous command has ended in some type of error. The bits in the Error register contain additional information describing the error. It is required that the host retry any media access command (such as Read-Sectors and Write-Sectors) that end with an error condition. |

**Device Control Register (Write Only)** This register is used to control the NAND Controller interrupt request and to issue a software reset. This register can be written to even if the device is busy. The bits are defined as follows:

| Reset Value | D0 | D1   | D2     | D3 | D4 | D5 | D6 | D7 |
|-------------|----|------|--------|----|----|----|----|----|
| 0000 1000b  | 0  | -IEn | SW Rst | 1  | Х  | Х  | Х  | Х  |

| Symbol | Function  |
|--------|---|
| SW Rst | This bit is set to 1 in order to force the NAND Controller to perform a software Reset operation. The chip remains in reset until this bit is reset to '0.' |
| -IEn   | 0: The Interrupt Enable bit enables interrupts 1: Interrupts from the NAND Controller are disabled  |

This bit is set to 0 at Power-on and Reset.

**Command Register (Write Only)** This register contains the command code being sent to the drive. Command execution begins immediately after this register is written. The executable commands, the command codes, and the necessary parameters for each command are listed in Table 7.

## NAND Controller Command Description

This section defines the software requirements and the format of the commands the host sends to the NAND Controller. Commands are issued to the NAND Controller by loading the required registers in the command block with the supplied parameters, and then writing the command code to the Command register. With the exception of commands listed in Sections -, NAND Controller complies with ATA-6 Specifications.

#### NAND Controller Command Set

Table 7 summarizes the NAND Controller command set.

| TABLE | 7: NAND | Controller | <b>Command Set</b> | (1 of 2) |
|-------|---------|------------|--------------------|----------|
|-------|---------|------------|--------------------|----------|

| Command          | Code FR <sup>1</sup> |   | SC <sup>2</sup> | SN <sup>3</sup> | CY⁴ | DH⁵            | LBA <sup>6</sup> |
|------------------|----------------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----|----------------|------------------|
| Check-Power-Mode | E5H or 98H           | - | -               | -               | -   | D <sup>8</sup> | -                |



#### TABLE 7: NAND Controller Command Set (Continued) (2 of 2)

| Command                       | Code       | FR <sup>1</sup> | SC <sup>2</sup> | SN <sup>3</sup> | CY <sup>4</sup> | DH⁵            | LBA <sup>6</sup> |
|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|------------------|
| Execute-Drive-Diagnostic      | 90H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Erase-Sector(s)               | СОН        | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Flush-Cache                   | E7H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Format-Track                  | 50H        | -               | Y <sup>7</sup>  | -               | Y               | Y <sup>8</sup> | Y                |
| Identify-Drive                | ECH        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Idle                          | E3H or 97H | -               | Y               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Idle-Immediate                | E1H or 95H | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Initialize-Drive-Parameters   | 91H        | -               | Y               | -               | -               | Y              | -                |
| NOP                           | 00H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Read-Buffer                   | E4H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Read-DMA                      | C8H or C9H | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Read-Multiple                 | C4H        | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Read-Sector(s)                | 20H or 21H | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Read-Verify-Sector(s)         | 40H or 41H | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Recalibrate                   | 1XH        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Request-Sense                 | 03H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Security-Disable-Password     | F6H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Security-Erase-Prepare        | F3H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Security-Erase-Unit           | F4H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Security-Freeze-Lock          | F5H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Security-Set-Password         | F1H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Security-Unlock               | F2H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Seek                          | 7XH        | -               | -               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Set-Features                  | EFH        | Y               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| SMART                         | B0H        | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y               | D              | -                |
| Set-Multiple-Mode             | C6H        | -               | Y               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Set-Sleep-Mode                | E6H or 99H | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Set-WP#/PD#-Mode              | 8BH        | Y               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Standby                       | E2H or 96H | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Standby-Immediate             | E0H or 94H | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Translate-Sector              | 87H        | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Write-Buffer                  | E8H        | -               | -               | -               | -               | D              | -                |
| Write-DMA                     | CAH or CBH | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Write-Multiple                | C5H        | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Write-Multiple-Without-Erase  | CDH        | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Write-Sector(s)               | 30H or 31H | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Write-Sector(s)-Without-Erase | 38H        | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |
| Write-Verify                  | 3CH        | -               | Y               | Y               | Y               | Y              | Y                |

1.FR - Features register

2.SC - Sector Count register

3.SN - Sector Number register

4.CY - Cylinder registers

5.DH - Drive/Head register



6.LBA - Logical Block Address mode supported (see command descriptions for use)

7.Y - The register contains a valid parameter for this command.

8.For the Drive/Head register:Y means both the NAND Controller and Head parameters are used;

D means only the NAND Controller parameter is valid and not the Head parameter.

#### **Identify-Drive - ECH**

| Bit ->       | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4     | 3   | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
|--------------|---|---|---|-------|-----|---|---|---|--|--|
| Command (7)  |   |   |   | EC    | ECH |   |   |   |  |  |
| C/D/H (6)    |   | Х |   | Drive |     | 2 | Х |   |  |  |
| Cyl High (5) | X |   |   |       |     |   |   |   |  |  |
| Cyl Low (4)  |   | X |   |       |     |   |   |   |  |  |
| Sec Num (3)  |   | Х |   |       |     |   |   |   |  |  |
| Sec Cnt (2)  | X |   |   |       |     |   |   |   |  |  |
| Feature (1)  |   |   |   | >     | <   |   |   |   |  |  |

The Identify-Drive command enables the host to receive parameter information from the NAND Controller. This command has the same protocol as the Read-Sector(s) command. The parameter words in the buffer have the arrangement and meanings defined in Table 8. All reserved bits or words are zero. Table 8 gives the definition for each field in the Identify-Drive information.

TABLE 8: Identify-Drive Information (1 of 2)

| Word<br>Address | Default<br>Value <sup>1</sup> | Total<br>Bytes | Data Field Type Information                               |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 0               | 044AH                         | 2              | General configuration bit                                 |
| 1               | bbbbH <sup>2</sup>            | 2              | Default number of cylinders                               |
| 2               | 0000H                         | 2              | Reserved  |
| 3               | bbbbH <sup>2</sup>            | 2              | Default number of heads                                   |
| 4               | 0000H                         | 2              | Reserved  |
| 5               | XXXXH                         | 2              | Vendor Unique   |
| 6               | bbbbH <sup>2</sup>            | 2              | Default number of sectors per track                       |
| 7-8             | bbbbH <sup>3</sup>            | 4              | Number of sectors per device (Word 7 = MSW, Word 8 = LSW) |
| 9               | xxxxH                         | 2              | Vendor Unique   |
| 10-14           | eeeeH <sup>4</sup>            | 10             | User-programmable serial number in ASCII                  |
| 15-19           | ddddH <sup>5</sup>            | 10             | Greenliant preset, unique ID in ASCII                     |
| 20              | 0002H                         | 2              | Buffer type   |
| 21              | xxxxH                         | 2              | Vendor Unique   |
| 22              | xxxxH                         | 2              | Vendor Unique   |
| 23-26           | aaaaH <sup>6</sup>            | 8              | Firmware revision in ASCII. Big Endian Byte Order in Word |
| 27-46           | ccccH <sup>7</sup>            | 40             | User Definable Model number                               |
| 47              | 8001H                         | 2              | Maximum number of sectors on Read/Write-Multiple command  |
| 48              | 0000H                         | 2              | Reserved  |
| 49              | 0B00H                         | 2              | Capabilities  |
| 50              | 0000H                         | 2              | Reserved  |
| 51              | 0200H                         | 2              | PIO data transfer cycle timing mode                       |
| 52              | 0000H                         | 2              | Reserved  |
| 53              | 0007H                         | 2              | Translation parameters are valid                          |
| 54              | nnnnH                         | 2              | Current numbers of cylinders                              |
| 55              | nnnnH                         | 2              | Current numbers of heads                                  |



| Word<br>Address | Default<br>Value <sup>1</sup> | Total<br>Bytes | Data Field Type Information                                       |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|---|
| 56              | nnnnH                         | 2              | Current sectors per track   |
| 57-58           | nnnnH                         | 4              | Current capacity in sectors (LBAs) (Word 57 = LSW, Word 58 = MSW) |
| 59              | 010X                          | 2              | Multiple sector setting   |
| 60-61           | nnnnH                         | 4              | Total number of sectors addressable in LBA mode                   |
| 62              | 0000H                         | 2              | Reserved  |
| 63              | 0x07H                         | 2              | DMA data transfer is supported in NAND Controller                 |
| 64              | 0003H                         | 2              | Advanced PIO Transfer mode supported                              |
| 65              | 0078H                         | 2              | 120 ns cycle time support for Multi-word DMA Mode-2               |
| 66              | 0078H                         | 2              | 120 ns cycle time support for Multi-word DMA Mode-2               |
| 67              | 0078H                         | 2              | PIO Mode-4 supported  |
| 68              | 0078H                         | 2              | PIO Mode-4 supported  |
| 69-79           | 0000H                         | 22             | Reserved  |
| 80              | 000011<br>007EH               | 22             | ATA/ATAPI major version number                                    |
| 81              | 007EH                         | 2              | ATA/ATAPI minor version number                                    |
| 82              | 706BH                         | 2              | Features/command sets supported                                   |
| 83              | 400CH                         | 2              | Features/command sets supported                                   |
| 84              | 4000H                         | 2              | Features/command sets supported                                   |
| 85-87           | xxxxH                         | 6              | Features/command sets subported                                   |
| 88              | xx1FH                         | 2              | UDMA modes  |
| 89              | xxxxH                         | 2              | Time required for security erase unit completion                  |
| 90              | xxxxH                         | 2              | Time required for enhanced security erase unit completion         |
| 90              | 0000H                         | 74             | Reserved  |
| 128             | xxxxH                         | 2              |   |
| 129-159         | 0000H                         |                | Security Status   |
|                 |                               | 62             | Vendor unique bytes   |
| 160-162         | 0000H                         | 6              | Reserved  |
| 163             | xx2H                          | 2              | CF Advanced True IDE Timing Mode capabilities and settings        |
| 164-255         | 0000H                         | 184            | Reserved  |

#### TABLE 8: Identify-Drive Information (Continued) (2 of 2)

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1. XXXX = This field is subject to change by the host or the device.

2. bbbb - default value set by controller. The selections could be user programmable.

3. n - calculated data based on product configuration

4. eeee - the default value is '000000000'

5. dddd - unique number of each device

6. aaaa - any unique Greenliant firmware revision

7. cccc - default value is "xxxMB NAND" or "xxxGB NAND" where xxx is the flash drive capacity.

The user has an option to change the model number during manufacturing.

**Word 0: General Configuration** This field informs the host that this is a non-magnetic, hard sectored, removable storage device with a transfer rate greater than 10 MByte/sec and is not MFM encoded.

- Word 1: Default Number of Cylinders This field contains the number of translated cylinders in the default translation mode. This value will be the same as the number of cylinders.
- Word 3: Default Number of Heads This field contains the number of translated heads in the default translation mode.



- Word 6: Default Number of Sectors per Track This field contains the number of sectors per track in the default translation mode.
- Word 7-8: Number of Sectors This field contains the number of sectors per NAND Controller. This double word value is also the first invalid address in LBA translation mode. This field is only required by CF feature set support.
- Word 10-19: Serial Number The contents of this field are right justified and padded with spaces (20H). The rightmost ten bytes are a Greenliant preset, unique ID. The left-most ten bytes are a user-programmable value with a default value of spaces.

Word 20: Buffer Type This field defines the buffer capability: 0002H: a dual ported multi-sector buffer capable of simultaneous data transfers to or from the host and the NAND Controller.

- Word 23-26: Firmware Revision This field contains the revision of the firmware for this product.
- Word 27-46: Model Number This field is reserved for the model number for this product.
- Word 47: Read-/Write-Multiple Sector Count This field contains the maximum number of sectors that can be read or written per interrupt using the Read-Multiple or Write-Multiple commands. Only a value of '1' is supported.

#### Word 49: Capabilities BitFunction

| 13 | Standby Timer<br>0: forces sleep mode when host is inactive.    |
|----|---|
| 11 | IORDY Support 1: NAND Controller supports PIO Mode-4.           |
| 9  | LBA support<br>1: NAND Controller supports LBA mode addressing. |
| 8  | DMA Support<br>1: DMA mode is supported.                        |

Word 51: PIO Data Transfer Cycle Timing Mode This field defines the mode for PIO data transfer. NAND Controller supports up to PIO Mode-4.

#### Word 53: Translation Parameters Valid BitFunction

- 0 1: words 54-58 are valid and reflect the current number of cylinders, heads and sectors.
- 1 1: words 64-70 are valid to support PIO Mode-3 and 4.
- 2 1: words 88 are valid to support Ultra DMA data transfer.
- Word 54-56: Current Number of Cylinders, Heads, Sectors/Track These fields contains the current number of user addressable Cylinders, Heads, and Sectors/Track in the current translation mode.
- Word 57-58: Current Capacity This field contains the product of the current cylinders times heads times sectors.
- Word 59: Multiple Sector Setting This field contains a validity flag in the Odd Byte and the current number of sectors that can be transferred per interrupt for Read/Write Multiple in the Even Byte. The Odd Byte is always 01H which indicates that the Even Byte is always valid.



The Even Byte value depends on the value set by the Set Multiple command. The Even Byte of this word by default contains a 00H which indicates that Read/Write Multiple commands are not valid.

- Word 60-61: Total Sectors Addressable in LBA Mode This field contains the number of sectors addressable for the NAND Controller in LBA mode only.
- Word 63: Multi-word DMA Transfer Mode This field identifies the multi-word DMA transfer modes supported by the NAND Controller and indicates the mode that is currently selected. Only one DMA mode can be selected at any given time.

| Bit   | Function   |
|-------|--|
| 15-11 | Reserved   |
| 10    | Multi-word DMA mode 2 selected<br>1: Multi-word DMA mode 2 is selected and bits 8 and 9 are cleared to 0<br>0: Multi-word DMA mode 2 is not selected.    |
| 9     | Multi-word DMA mode 1 selected<br>1: Multi-word DMA mode 1 is selected and 8 and 10 should be cleared to 0.<br>0: Multi-word DMA mode 1 is not selected. |
| 8     | Multi-word DMA mode 0 selected<br>1: Multi-word DMA mode 0 is selected and bits 9 and 10 are cleared to 0.<br>0: Multi-word DMA mode 0 is not selected.  |
| 7-3   | Reserved   |
| 2     | Multi-word DMA mode 2 supported<br>1: Multi-word DMA mode 2 and below are supported and Bits 0 and 1 are set to 1.                                       |
| 1     | Multi-word DMA mode 1 supported<br>1: Multi-word DMA mode 1 and below are supported.   |
| 0     | Multi-word DMA mode 0 supported<br>1: Multi-word DMA mode 0 is supported.  |

Word 64: Advanced PIO Data Transfer Mode Bits (7:0) is defined as the PIO data and register transfer supported field. If this field is supported, bit 1 of word 53 shall be set to one. This field is bit significant. Any number of bits may be set to one in this field by the device to indicate the PIO modes the device is capable of supporting. Of these bits, bits (7:2) are Reserved for future PIO modes.

| Function |
|----------|
| Functior |

- 0 1: NAND Controller supports PIO Mode-3.
- 1 1: NAND Controller supports PIO Mode-4.
- Word 65: Minimum Multi-word DMA Transfer Cycle Time Per Word This field defines the minimum Multi-word DMA transfer cycle time per word. This field defines, in nanoseconds, the minimum cycle time that the NAND Controller supports when performing Multi-word DMA transfers on a per word basis. Greenliant's NAND Controller supports up to Multi-word DMA Mode-2, so this field is set to 120ns.
- Word 66: Device Recommended Multi-word DMA Cycle Time This field defines the NAND Controller recommended Multi-word DMA transfer cycle time. This field defines, in nanoseconds, the minimum cycle time per word during a single sector host transfer while performing a multiple sector READ DMA or WRITE DMA command for any location on the media under nominal conditions. If a host runs at a faster cycle rate by operating at a cycle time of less than this value, the NAND Controller may negate DMARQ for flow control. The rate at which DMARQ is negated could result in reduced throughput despite the faster cycle rate. Transfer at



this rate does not ensure that flow control will not be used, but implies that higher performance may result. Greenliant's NAND Controller supports up to Multi-word DMA Mode-2, so this field is set to 120 ns.

- Word 67: Minimum PIO Transfer Cycle Time Without Flow Control This field defines, in nanoseconds, the minimum cycle time that, if used by the host, the device guarantees data integrity during the transfer without utilization of IORDY flow control. If this field is supported, Bit 1 of word 53 shall be set to one. The NAND Controller's minimum cycle time is 120 ns. A value of 0078H is reported.
- Word 68: Minimum PIO Transfer Cycle Time With IORDY This field defines, in nanoseconds, the minimum cycle time that the device supports while performing data transfers while utilizing IORDY flow control. If this field is supported, Bit 1 of word 53 shall be set to one. The NAND Controller's minimum cycle time is 120 ns, e.g., PIO Mode-4. A value of 0078H is reported.
- Word 80: Major Version Number If not 0000H or FFFFH, the device claims compliance with the major version(s) as indicated by bits (6:1) being set to one. Since ATA standards maintain downward compatibility, a device may set more than one bit. GLS55VD020 supports ATA-1 to ATA-6.
- Word 81: Minor Version Number If an implementer claims that the revision of the standard they used to guide their implementation does not need to be reported or if the implementation was based upon a standard prior to the ATA-3 standard, word 81 should be 0000H or FFFFH.

A value of 0019H reported in word 81 indicates ATA/ATAPI-6 T13 1410D revision 3a guided the implementation.

Words 82-84: Features/command sets supported Words 82, 83, and 84 indicate the features and command sets supported. A value of 706BH is reported.

| Bit           | Function  |
|---------------|---|
| 15            | 0: Obsolete   |
| 14            | 1: NOP command is supported                                 |
| 13            | 1: Read Buffer command is supported                         |
| 12            | 1: Write Buffer command is supported                        |
| 11            | 0: Obsolete   |
| 10            | 0: Host Protected Area feature set is not supported         |
| 9             | 0: Device Reset command is not supported                    |
| 8             | 0: Service interrupt is not supported                       |
| 7             | 0: Release interrupt is not supported                       |
| 6             | 1: Look-ahead is supported                                  |
| 5             | 1: Write cache is supported                                 |
| 4             | 0: Packet Command feature set is not supported              |
| 3             | 1: Power Management feature set is supported                |
| 2             | 0: Removable Media feature set is not supported             |
| 1             | 1: Security Mode feature set is supported                   |
| 0             | 1: SMART feature set is supported                           |
| Word 83       |   |
| The values in | n this word should not be depended on by host implementers. |



|            | Bit            | Function  |
|------------|----------------|---|
|            | 15             | 0: Provides indication that the features/command sets supported words are not valid   |
|            | 14             | 1: Provides indication that the features/command sets supported words are valid       |
|            | 13-9           | 0: Reserved   |
|            | 8              | 0: Set-Max security extension is not supported  |
|            | 7-5            | 0: Reserved   |
|            | 4              | 0: Removable Media Status feature set is not supported                                |
|            | 3              | 1: Advanced Power Management feature set is supported                                 |
|            | 2              | 1: CFA feature set is supported   |
|            | 1              | 0: Read DMA Queued and Write DMA Queued commands are not supported                    |
|            | 0              | 0: Download Microcode command is not supported  |
|            | Word 84        |   |
|            | The values in  | this word should not be depended on by host implementers.                             |
|            | Bit            | Function  |
|            | 15             | 0: Provides indication that the features/command sets supported words are valid       |
|            | 14             | 1: Provides indication that the features/command sets supported words are valid       |
|            | 13-0           | 0: Reserved   |
| Words 85-8 | 87: Features/o | command sets enabled Words 85, 86, and 87 indicate features/command sets enabled.     |
|            |                | enable/disable the features or command set only if they are supported in Words 82-84. |
|            | Bit            | Function  |
|            | 15             | 0: Obsolete   |
|            | 14             | 0: NOP command is not enabled<br>1: NOP command is enabled                            |
|            | 13             | 0: Read Buffer command is not enabled<br>1: Read Buffer command is enabled            |

- 12 0:Write Buffer command is not enabled
- 1: Write Buffer command is enabled
- 11 0: Obsolete
- 10 1: Host Protected Area feature set is enabled
- 9 0: Device Reset command is not enabled
- 8 0: Service interrupt is not enabled
- 7 0: Release interrupt is not enabled
- 6 0: Look-ahead is not enabled
  - 1: Look-ahead is enabled
- 5 0: Write cache is not enabled
  - 1: Write cache is enabled
- 4 0: Packet Command feature set is not enabled
- 3 0: Power Management feature set is not enabled
  - 1: Power Management feature set is enabled
- 2 0: Removable Media feature set is not enabled



| εı |   |   |
|----|---|---|
|    | 1   | <ul><li>0: Security Mode feature set has not been enabled via the Security Set Password command</li><li>1: Security Mode feature set has been enabled via the Security Set Password command</li></ul>   |
|    | 0   | 0: SMART feature set is not enabled   |
|    | Word 86   |   |
|    | Bit   | Function  |
|    | 15-9  | 0: Reserved   |
|    | 8   | 1: Set-Max security extension supported   |
|    | 7-5   | 0: Reserved   |
|    | 4   | 0: Removable Media Status feature set is not enabled  |
|    | 3   | 0: Advanced Power Management feature set is not enabled   |
|    | 2   | 0: CFA feature set is disabled  |
|    | 1   | 0: Read DMA Queued and Write DMA Queued commands are not enabled  |
|    | 0   | 0: Download Microcode command is not enabled  |
|    | Word 87   |   |
|    | The values in   | n this word should not be depended on by host implementers.   |
|    | Bit   | Function  |
|    | 15  | 0: Provides indication that the features/command sets supported words are valid   |
|    | 14  | 1: Provides indication that the features/command sets supported words are valid   |
|    | 13-0  | 0: Reserved   |
|    | 10 0  | U. Neselveu   |
|    | Word 88   | U. Reserved   |
|    |   | Function  |
|    | Word 88   |   |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit  | Function  |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13   | Function<br>Reserved  |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13   | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected   |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12   | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected  |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12   | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected   |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12<br>11                                       | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 2 is not selected  |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12<br>11                                       | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected   |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12<br>11                                       | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 2 is not selected  |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12<br>11                                       | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 2 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 1 is selected   |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12<br>11<br>10<br>9                            | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 1 is selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 1 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected   |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12<br>11<br>10<br>9                            | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 2 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 1 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 1 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 1 is not selected   |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12<br>11<br>10<br>9<br>8                       | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 2 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 1 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 1 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 and below are supported   |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12<br>11<br>10<br>9<br>8<br>7-5                | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 2 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 1 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 1 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 and below are supported   |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12<br>11<br>10<br>9<br>8<br>7-5<br>4           | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 2 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 1 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 1 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 0 is selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 and below are supported<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 and below are supported   |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12<br>11<br>10<br>9<br>8<br>7-5<br>4<br>3      | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 2 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 1 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 1 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 and below are supported<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 and below are supported<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 and below are supported<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 1 and below are supported |
|    | Word 88<br>Bit<br>15-13<br>12<br>11<br>10<br>9<br>8<br>7-5<br>4<br>3<br>2 | Function<br>Reserved<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 4 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 4 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 3 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 2 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 2 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 1 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 1 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is selected<br>0: Ultra DMA mode 0 is selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 0 is not selected<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 and below are supported<br>1: Ultra DMA mode 3 and below are supported   |



Word 89: Time required for Security erase unit completion Word 89 specifies the time required for the Security Erase Unit command to complete.

| Value | Time                |
|-------|---------------------|
| 0     | Value not specified |
| 1-254 | (Value * 2) minutes |
| 255   | >508 minutes        |

Word 90: Time required for Enhanced security erase unit completion Word 90 specifies the time required for the Enhanced Security Erase Unit command to complete.

| Value | Time                |
|-------|---------------------|
| 0     | Value not specified |
| 1-254 | (Value * 2) minutes |
| 255   | >508 minutes        |

#### Word 128: Security Status BitFunction

| 8 | Security Level<br>1: Security mode is enabled and the security level is maximum<br>0: and security mode is enabled, indicates that the security level is high |
|---|---|
| 5 | Enhanced security erase unit feature supported  |
|   | 1: Enhanced security erase unit feature set is supported  |
| 4 | Expire<br>1: Security count has expired and Security Unlock and Security Erase Unit are command<br>aborted until a Power-on reset or hard reset               |
| 3 | Freeze<br>1: Security is frozen   |
| 2 | Lock<br>1: Security is locked   |
| 1 | Enable/Disable<br>1: Security is enabled<br>0: Security is disabled   |
| 0 | Capability<br>1: NAND Controller supports security mode feature set<br>0: NAND Controller does not support security mode feature set                          |

# Word 163: CF Advanced True IDE Timing Mode Capabilities and Settings This word describes the capabilities and current settings for CF modes utilizing the True IDE interface.

Four separate fields determine support and selection options in the Advanced PIO and Advanced Multiword DMA timing modes. For information on the older modes, see "Word 63: Multi-word DMA Transfer Mode" on page 23. and "Word 64: Advanced PIO Data Transfer Mode" on page 23. When the Identity drive command executes, the device returns 0492H.

Bit Function



2-0

## Advanced True IDE PIO Mode Support Indicates the maximum True IDE PIO mode supported by the card

| Value | Time                 |
|-------|----------------------|
| 0     | Specified in word 64 |
| 1     | PIO Mode 5           |
| 2     | PIO Mode 6           |
| 3-7   | Reserved             |

5-3

Advanced True IDE Multiword DMA Mode Support Indicates the maximum True IDE Multiword DMA mode supported by the card

| Value | Time                 |
|-------|----------------------|
| 0     | Specified in word 63 |
| 1     | Multiword DMA Mode 3 |
| 2     | Multiword DMA Mode 4 |
| 3-7   | Reserved             |



8-6

## Advanced True IDE PIO Mode Selected

Indicates the current True IDE PIO mode selected on the card

| Value | Time                 |
|-------|----------------------|
| 0     | Specified in word 64 |
| 1     | PIO Mode 5           |
| 2     | PIO Mode 6           |
| 3-7   | Reserved             |

#### 11-9 Advanced True IDE Multiword DMA Mode Selected Indicates the current True IDE Multiword DMA mode selected on the card

| Value | Time                 |
|-------|----------------------|
| 0     | Specified in word 63 |
| 1     | Multiword DMA Mode 3 |
| 2     | Multiword DMA Mode 4 |
| 3-7   | Reserved             |

### Set-Features - EFH

| IIE2 - ELLU  |   |                 |  |     |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--------------|---|-----------------|--|-----|------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Bit ->       | 7 | 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 |  |     |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Command (7)  |   | EFH             |  |     |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| C/D/H (6)    |   | X Drive X       |  |     |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cyl High (5) |   | X               |  |     |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cyl Low (4)  |   |                 |  | )   | <    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sec Num (3)  |   |                 |  | )   | <    |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sec Cnt (2)  |   | Config          |  |     |      |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feature (1)  |   |                 |  | Fea | ture |  |  |  |  |  |  |

This command is used by the host to establish or select certain features. Table 9 defines all features that are supported.

#### TABLE 9: Features Supported

| Feature | Operation   |
|---------|---|
| 01H     | Enable 8-bit data transfers.  |
| 02H     | Enable Write cache  |
| 03H     | Set transfer mode based on value in Sector Count register. Table 10 defines the values. |
| 09H     | Enable Extended Power Operations  |
| 55H     | Disable Read Look Ahead.  |
| 66H     | Disable Power-on Reset (POR) establishment of defaults at software reset.               |
| 69H     | NOP - Accepted for backward compatibility.  |
| 81H     | Disable 8-bit data transfer.  |
| 82H     | Disable Write Cache   |
| 89H     | Disable Extended Power operations   |
| 96H     | NOP - Accepted for backward compatibility.  |
| 97H     | Accepted for backward compatibility. Use of this Feature is not recommended.            |



#### TABLE 9: Features Supported

| Feature | Operation  |
|---------|--|
| AAH     | Enable Read-Look-Ahead   |
| ССН     | Enable Power-on Reset (POR) establishment of defaults at software reset. |

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Features 01H and 81H are used to enable and clear 8-bit data transfer mode. If the 01H feature command is issued all data transfers will occur on the low order  $D_7$ - $D_0$  data bus and the IOCS16# signal will not be asserted for data register accesses.

Features 02H and 82H allow the host to enable or disable write cache in the NAND Controllers that implement write cache. When the subcommand Disable-Write-Cache is issued, the NAND Controller should initiate the sequence to flush cache to non-volatile memory before command completion.

Feature 03H allows the host to select the transfer mode by specifying a value in the Sector Count register. The upper 5 bits define the type of transfer and the low order 3 bits encode the mode value. One PIO mode is selected at all times. The host may change the selected modes by the Set-Features command.

Feature 55H is the default feature for the NAND Controller. Therefore, the host does not have to issue Set-Features command with this feature unless it is necessary for compatibility reasons.

Features 66H and CCH can be used to enable and disable whether the Power-on Reset (POR) Defaults will be set when a software reset occurs.



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#### **TABLE 10: Transfer Mode Values**

| Mode                            | Bits [7:3] | Bits [2:0]        |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------------|
| PIO default mode                | 00000b     | 000b              |
| PIO default mode, disable IORDY | 00000b     | 001b              |
| PIO flow control transfer mode  | 00001b     | mode <sup>1</sup> |
| Multi-word DMA mode             | 00100b     | mode <sup>1</sup> |
| Ultra-DMA mode                  | 01000b     | mode <sup>1</sup> |
| Reserved                        | Other      | N/A               |

1. Mode = transfer mode number, all other values are not valid

#### Idle - 97H or E3H

| Bit ->       | 7 | 6                               | 5 | 4     | 3     | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
|--------------|---|---------------------------------|---|-------|-------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Command (7)  |   |                                 |   | 97H c | r E3H |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| C/D/H (6)    |   | Х                               |   | Drive | X     |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Cyl High (5) |   | Х                               |   |       |       |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Cyl Low (4)  |   |                                 |   | )     | K     |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Sec Num (3)  |   |                                 |   | )     | K     |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Sec Cnt (2)  |   | Timer Count (5 msec increments) |   |       |       |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Feature (1)  |   |                                 |   | )     | K     |   |   |   |  |  |  |
|              |   |                                 |   |       |       |   |   |   |  |  |  |

This command causes the NAND Controller to set BSY, enter the Idle mode, clear BSY and generate an interrupt. If the sector count is non-zero, it is interpreted as a timer count with each count being 5 milliseconds and the automatic Power-down mode is enabled. If the sector count is zero, the automatic Power-down mode is also enabled, the timer count is set to 3, with each count being 5 ms. Note that this time base (5 msec) is different from the ATA specification.

#### Set-Sleep-Mode - 99H or E6H

| Bit ->       | 7 | 6          | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
|--------------|---|------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Command (7)  |   | 99H or E6H |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
| C/D/H (6)    |   | X Drive X  |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
| Cyl High (5) |   | X          |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
| Cyl Low (4)  |   |            |   | ) | K |   |   |   |  |  |
| Sec Num (3)  |   |            |   | ) | K |   |   |   |  |  |
| Sec Cnt (2)  |   | Х          |   |   |   |   |   |   |  |  |
| Feature (1)  |   |            |   | ) | κ |   |   |   |  |  |

This command causes the NAND Controller to set BSY, enter the Sleep mode, clear BSY and generate an interrupt. Recovery from sleep mode is accomplished by simply issuing another command (a reset is permitted but not required). Sleep mode is also entered when internal timers expire so the host does not need to issue this command except when it wishes to enter Sleep mode immediately. The default value for the timer is 15 milliseconds.

#### Set-WP#/PD#-Mode - 8BH

| Bit ->      | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4  | 3  | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |
|-------------|---|---|---|----|----|---|---|---|--|--|
| Command (7) |   |   |   | 8E | вн |   |   |   |  |  |
|             |   |   |   |    |    |   |   |   |  |  |



| Bit ->       | 7          | 6   | 5 | 4     | 3  | 2 | 1 | 0 |  |  |  |
|--------------|------------|-----|---|-------|----|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| C/D/H (6)    |            | Х   |   | Drive |    | X |   |   |  |  |  |
| Cyl High (5) |            | 6EH |   |       |    |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Cyl Low (4)  | 44H        |     |   |       |    |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Sec Num (3)  |            |     |   | 72    | 2H |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Sec Cnt (2)  | 50H        |     |   |       |    |   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Feature (1)  | 55H or AAH |     |   |       |    |   |   |   |  |  |  |

This command configures the WP#/PD# pin for either the Write Protect mode or the Power-down mode. When the host sends this command to the device with the value AAH in the feature register, the WP#/PD# pin is configured for the Write Protect mode described in Section . The Write Protect mode is the factory default setting. When the host sends this command to the device with the value 55H in the feature register, WP#/PD# is configured for the Power-down mode.

All values in the C/D/H register, the Cylinder Low register, the Cylinder High register, the Sector Number register, the Sector Count register, and the Feature register need to match the values shown above, otherwise, the command will be treated as an invalid command.

Once the mode is set with this command, the device will stay in the configured mode until the next time this command is issued. Power-off or reset will not change the configured mode.

#### **Error Posting**

The following table summarizes the valid status and error values for the NAND Controller command set.

| Error Regis                 |     |     | ster |      |      | Sta | tus Regi | ster |      |     |
|-----------------------------|-----|-----|------|------|------|-----|----------|------|------|-----|
| Command                     | BBK | UNC | IDNF | ABRT | AMNF | RDY | DWF      | DSC  | CORR | ERR |
| Check-Power-Mode            |     |     |      | V    |      | V   | V        | V    |      | V   |
| Execute-Drive-Diagnostic    |     |     |      |      |      | V   |          | V    |      | V   |
| Erase-Sector(s)             | V   |     | V    | V    | V    | V   | V        | V    |      | V   |
| Flush-Cache                 |     |     |      | V    |      | V   | V        | V    |      | V   |
| Format-Track                |     |     | V    | V    | V    | V   | V        | V    |      | V   |
| Identify-Drive              |     |     |      | V    |      | V   | V        | V    |      | V   |
| Idle                        |     |     |      | V    |      | V   | V        | V    |      | V   |
| Idle-Immediate              |     |     |      | V    |      | V   | V        | V    |      | V   |
| Initialize-Drive-Parameters |     |     |      |      |      | V   |          | V    |      | V   |
| NOP                         |     |     |      | V    |      | V   | V        |      |      | V   |
| Read-Buffer                 |     |     |      | V    |      | V   | V        | V    |      | V   |
| Read-DMA                    | V   | V   | V    | V    | V    | V   | V        | V    | V    | V   |
| Read-Multiple               | V   | V   | V    | V    | V    | V   | V        | V    | V    | V   |
| Read-Sector(s)              | V   | V   | V    | V    | V    | V   | V        | V    | V    | V   |
| Read-Verify-Sector(s)       | V   | V   | V    | V    | V    | V   | V        | V    | V    | V   |
| Recalibrate                 |     |     |      | V    |      | V   | V        | V    |      | V   |
| Request-Sense               |     |     |      | V    |      | V   |          | V    |      | V   |
| Security-Disable-Password   |     |     |      | V    |      | V   | V        | V    |      | V   |

#### TABLE 11: Error and Status Register<sup>1</sup> (1 of 2)



## TABLE 11: Error and Status Register<sup>1</sup> (Continued) (2 of 2)

|                               |     | Er  | ror Regis | ster | Status Register |     |     |     |      |     |
|-------------------------------|-----|-----|-----------|------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|
| Command                       | BBK | UNC | IDNF      | ABRT | AMNF            | RDY | DWF | DSC | CORR | ERR |
| Security-Erase-Prepare        |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Security-Erase-Unit           |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Security-Freeze-Lock          |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Security-Set-Password         |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Security-Unlock               |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Seek                          |     |     | V         | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Set-Features                  |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Set-Multiple-Mode             |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Set-Sleep-Mode                |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Set-WP#/PD#-Mode              |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   |     | V   |      | V   |
| SMART                         |     |     | V         | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Standby                       |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Standby-Immediate             |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Translate-Sector              | V   |     | V         | V    | V               | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Write-Buffer                  |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Write-DMA                     | V   |     | V         | V    | V               | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Write-Multiple                | V   |     | V         | V    | V               | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Write-Multiple-Without-Erase  | V   |     | V         | V    | V               | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Write-Sector(s)               | V   |     | V         | V    | V               | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Write-Sector(s)-Without-Erase | V   |     | V         | V    | V               | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Write-Verify                  | V   |     | V         | V    | V               | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |
| Invalid-Command-Code          |     |     |           | V    |                 | V   | V   | V   |      | V   |

1. The host is required to reissue any media access command (such as Read-Sector and Write Sector) that ends with an error condition.



# Data Sheet ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings** (Applied conditions greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these conditions or conditions greater than those defined in the operational sections of this data sheet is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum stress rating conditions may affect device reliability.)

| Temperature Under Bias   | 55°C to +125°C                 |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Storage Temperature  | 65°C to +150°C                 |
| D.C. Voltage on Pins <sup>1</sup> I3, I4, O4, and O5 to Ground Potential                   | 0.5V to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5V  |
| Transient Voltage (<20 ns) on Pins <sup>1</sup> I3, I4, O4, and O5 to Ground Potential     | 2.0V to V <sub>DD</sub> +2.0V  |
| D.C. Voltage on Pins <sup>1</sup> I1, I2, O1, O2, and O6 to Ground Potential               | 0.5V to V <sub>DDQ</sub> +0.5V |
| Transient Voltage (<20 ns) on Pins <sup>1</sup> I1, I2, O1, O2, and O6 to Ground Potential | 2.0V to V <sub>DDQ</sub> +2.0V |
| Package Power Dissipation Capability (T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C)                               | 1.0W                           |
| Through Hole Lead Soldering Temperature (10 Seconds)                                       | 300°C                          |
| Surface Mount Solder Reflow Temperature  | 260°C for 10 seconds           |
| Output Short Circuit Current <sup>2</sup>  | 50 mA                          |

1. Please refer to Table 1 for pin assignment information.

2. Outputs shorted for no more than one second. No more than one output shorted at a time.

#### TABLE 12: Absolute Maximum Power Pin Stress Ratings

| Parameter   | Symbol                              | Conditions                                     |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|
| Input Power   | V <sub>DDQ</sub><br>V <sub>DD</sub> | -0.3V min to 6.5V max<br>-0.3V min to 4.0V max |
| Voltage on any flash media interface pin with respect to $V_{SS}$ |                                     | -0.5V min to $V_{DD}$ + 0.5V max               |
| Voltage on all other pins with respect to V <sub>SS</sub>         |                                     | -0.5V min to V <sub>DDQ</sub> + 0.5V max       |

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#### **OPERATING RANGE**

| Range      | Ambient Temperature |                 | V <sub>DDQ</sub> |        |        |      |      |  |  |
|------------|---------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------|--------|------|------|--|--|
|            |                     | V <sub>DD</sub> |                  |        |        |      |      |  |  |
|            |                     | 3V              |                  | 3.     | 3V     | 5V   |      |  |  |
|            |                     | Min             | Max              | Min    | Max    | Min  | Max  |  |  |
| Commercial | 0°C to +70°C        | 2.7V            | 3.465V           | 3.135V | 3.465V | 4.5V | 5.5V |  |  |
| Industrial | -40°C to +85°C      | 2.7V            | 3.465V           | 3.135V | 3.465V | 4.5V | 5.5V |  |  |

#### **AC CONDITIONS OF TEST**

| Input Rise/Fall Time | 10 ns   |
|----------------------|---|
| Output Load Media    | $C_L$ = 100 pF for 3.3V / 80 pF for 3V<br>$C_L$ = 100 pF for 3.3V and 5.0V / 80 pF for 3V |
| See Figure 5         |   |

Note: All AC specifications are guaranteed by design.



#### **TABLE 13: Recommended System Power-on Timing**

| Symbol Parameter                    |  | Typical                  | Maximum | Units       |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|---------|-------------|
| T <sub>PU-INITIAL</sub>             | Drive Initialization to Ready          | 3 sec + (0.5 sec/ GByte) | 100     | sec         |
| T <sub>PU-READY1</sub> <sup>1</sup> | Host Power-on/Reset to Ready Operation | 200                      | 1000    | ms          |
| T <sub>PU-WRITE1</sub> 1            | Host Power-on/Reset to Write Operation | 200                      | 1000    | ms          |
|                                     |  |                          |         | T0-0.3 1355 |

1. This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.

#### TABLE 14: Capacitance (Ta = 25°C, f=1 MHz, other pins open)

| Parameter                     | Description         | Test Condition        | Maximum |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------|
| C <sub>I/O</sub> <sup>1</sup> | I/O Pin Capacitance | V <sub>I/O</sub> = 0V | 10 pF   |
| C <sub>IN</sub> <sup>1</sup>  | Input Capacitance   | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V  | 10 pF   |

T0-0.0 1355 1. This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.

#### **TABLE 15: Reliability Characteristics**

| Symbol Parameter              |          | Minimum Specification | Units | Test Method       |  |
|-------------------------------|----------|-----------------------|-------|-------------------|--|
| I <sub>LTH</sub> <sup>1</sup> | Latch Up | 100 + I <sub>DD</sub> | mA    | JEDEC Standard 78 |  |

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1. This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.

#### **DC Characteristics**

#### TABLE 16: DC Characteristics for Media Interface V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3V

| Symbol           | Туре | Parameter                     | Min  | Мах | Units | Conditions  |
|------------------|------|-------------------------------|------|-----|-------|---|
| V <sub>IH3</sub> | 13   | Input Voltage                 | 2.0  |     | V     | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Max                            |
| V <sub>IL3</sub> | 15   |                               |      | 0.8 |       | $V_{DD}=V_{DD}$ Min   |
| I <sub>IL3</sub> | I3Z  | Input Leakage Current         | -10  | 10  | uA    | $V_{IN}$ = GND to $V_{DD}$ ,<br>$V_{DD}$ = $V_{DD}$ Max         |
| I <sub>U3</sub>  | I3U  | Input Pull-Up Current         | -160 | -10 | uA    | V <sub>IN</sub> = GND,<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> Max |
| V <sub>T+4</sub> | 14   | Input Voltage Schmitt Trigger |      | 2.0 | V     | $V_{DD} = V_{DD} Max$   |
| V <sub>T-4</sub> | 14   |                               | 0.8  |     |       | $V_{DD} = V_{DD} Min$   |
| I <sub>IL4</sub> | I4Z  | Input Leakage Current         | -10  | 10  | uA    | $V_{IN}$ = GND to $V_{DD}$ ,<br>$V_{DD}$ = $V_{DD}$ Max         |
| V <sub>OH4</sub> |      | Output Voltage                | 2.4  |     | V     | I <sub>OH4</sub> =I <sub>OH4</sub> Min                          |
| V <sub>OL4</sub> | 0.1  |                               |      | 0.4 |       | I <sub>OL4</sub> =I <sub>OL4</sub> Max                          |
| I <sub>OH4</sub> | - 04 | Output Current                | -2   |     | mA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Min                            |
| I <sub>OL4</sub> |      | Output Current                |      | 2   | mA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Min                            |
| V <sub>OH5</sub> |      | Output Voltage                | 2.4  |     | V     | I <sub>OH5</sub> =I <sub>OH5</sub> Min                          |
| V <sub>OL5</sub> | 05   |                               |      | 0.4 |       | I <sub>OL5</sub> =I <sub>OL5</sub> Max                          |
| I <sub>OH5</sub> | — O5 | Output Current                | -4   |     | mA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Min                            |
| I <sub>OL5</sub> |      | Output Current                |      | 4   | mA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Min                            |

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## TABLE 17: DC Characteristics for Media Interface $V_{DD}$ = 3.0V

| Symbol           | Туре | Parameter                     | Min  | Мах | Units | Conditions  |
|------------------|------|-------------------------------|------|-----|-------|---|
| V <sub>IH3</sub> | 13   | Input Voltage                 | 2.0  |     | V     | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Max                            |
| V <sub>IL3</sub> | 15   |                               |      | 0.8 |       | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Min                            |
| I <sub>IL3</sub> | I3Z  | Input Leakage Current         | -10  | 10  | uA    | $V_{IN}$ = GND to $V_{DD}$ ,<br>$V_{DD}$ = $V_{DD}$ Max         |
| I <sub>U3</sub>  | I3U  | Input Pull-Up Current         | -160 | -10 | uA    | V <sub>IN</sub> = GND,<br>V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> Max |
| V <sub>T+4</sub> | 14   | Input Voltage Schmitt Trigger |      | 2.0 | V     | V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> Max                           |
| V <sub>T-4</sub> | 14   |                               | 0.8  |     |       | $V_{DD} = V_{DD} Min$   |
| I <sub>IL4</sub> | I4Z  | Input Leakage Current         | -10  | 10  | uA    | $V_{IN}$ = GND to $V_{DD}$ ,                                    |
|                  |      |                               |      |     |       | $V_{DD} = V_{DD} Max$   |
| V <sub>OH4</sub> |      | Output Voltage                | 2.2  |     | V     | I <sub>OH4</sub> =I <sub>OH4</sub> Min                          |
| V <sub>OL4</sub> | 04   |                               |      | 0.4 |       | I <sub>OL4</sub> =I <sub>OL4</sub> Max                          |
| I <sub>OH4</sub> | 04   | Output Current                | -1.2 |     | mA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Min                            |
| I <sub>OL4</sub> |      | Output Current                |      | 1.2 | mA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Min                            |
| V <sub>OH5</sub> |      | Output Voltage                | 2.2  |     | V     | I <sub>OH5</sub> =I <sub>OH5</sub> Min                          |
| V <sub>OL5</sub> | O5   |                               |      | 0.4 |       | I <sub>OL5</sub> =I <sub>OL5</sub> Max                          |
| I <sub>OH5</sub> | 05   | Output Current                | -2   |     | mA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Min                            |
| I <sub>OL5</sub> |      | Output Current                |      | 2   | mA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Min                            |

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| Symbol           | Туре | Parameter                     | Min  | Max | Units | Conditions                             |
|------------------|------|-------------------------------|------|-----|-------|--|
| V <sub>IH1</sub> | 11   | Input Voltage                 | 2.0  |     | V     | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Max |
| V <sub>IL1</sub> | 11   |                               |      | 0.8 |       | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min |
| I <sub>IL1</sub> | I1Z  | Input Leakage Current         | -10  | 10  | uA    | $V_{IN}$ = GND to $V_{DDQ}$ ,          |
|                  |      |                               |      |     |       | $V_{DDQ} = V_{DDQ} Max$                |
| I <sub>U1</sub>  | I1U  | Input Pull-Up Current         | -150 | -6  | uA    | V <sub>OUT</sub> = GND,                |
|                  |      |                               |      |     |       | $V_{DDQ} = V_{DDQ} Max$                |
| V <sub>T+2</sub> | 12   | Input Voltage Schmitt Trigger |      | 2.0 | V     | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Max |
| V <sub>T-2</sub> | .=   |                               | 0.8  |     |       | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min |
| I <sub>IL2</sub> | I2Z  | Input Leakage Current         | -10  | 10  | uA    | $V_{IN} = GND$ to $V_{DDQ}$ ,          |
|                  |      |                               |      |     |       | $V_{DDQ} = V_{DDQ} Max$                |
| I <sub>U2</sub>  | 12U  | Input Pull-Up Current         | -150 | -6  | uA    | $V_{OUT} = GND,$                       |
|                  |      |                               |      |     |       | $V_{DDQ} = V_{DDQ} Max$                |
| V <sub>OH1</sub> |      | Output Voltage                | 2.4  |     | V     | I <sub>OH1</sub> =I <sub>OH1</sub> Min |
| V <sub>OL1</sub> | 01   |                               |      | 0.4 |       | I <sub>OL1</sub> =I <sub>OL1</sub> Max |
| I <sub>OH1</sub> |      | Output Current                | -4   |     | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min |
| I <sub>OL1</sub> |      | Output Current                |      | 4   | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min |
| V <sub>OH2</sub> |      | Output Voltage                | 2.4  |     | V     | I <sub>OH2</sub> =I <sub>OH2</sub> Min |
| V <sub>OL2</sub> | 02   |                               |      | 0.4 |       | I <sub>OL2</sub> =I <sub>OL2</sub> Max |
| I <sub>OH2</sub> | 02   | Output Current                | -8   |     | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =2.7V                 |
| I <sub>OL2</sub> |      | Output Current                |      | 8   | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min                   |
| V <sub>OH6</sub> |      | Output Voltage for DASP# pin  | 2.4  |     | V     | I <sub>OH6</sub> =I <sub>OH6</sub> Min |
| V <sub>OL6</sub> |      |                               |      | 0.4 |       | I <sub>OL6</sub> =I <sub>OL6</sub> Max |
| I <sub>OH6</sub> | O6   | Output Current for DASP# pin  | -4   |     | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =2.7-3.465V           |
| I <sub>OL6</sub> | 00   | Output Current for DASP# pin  |      | 12  | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =2.7-3.465V           |
| I <sub>OH6</sub> |      | Output Current for DASP# pin  | -4   |     | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =4.5V-5.5V            |
| I <sub>OL6</sub> |      | Output Current for DASP# pin  |      | 12  | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =4.5V-5.5V            |

## TABLE 18: DC Characteristics for Host Interface $V_{DDQ}$ = 3.3V or $V_{DDQ}$ = 5V

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#### TABLE 19: DC Characteristics for Host Interface V<sub>DDQ</sub> = 3.0V

| Symbol           | Туре | Parameter                     | Min  | Max | Units | Conditions                             |
|------------------|------|-------------------------------|------|-----|-------|--|
| V <sub>IH1</sub> | 11   | Input Voltage                 | 2.0  |     | V     | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Max |
| V <sub>IL1</sub> | 11   |                               |      | 0.8 |       | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min |
| I <sub>IL1</sub> | I1Z  | Input Leakage Current         | -10  | 10  | uA    | $V_{IN} = GND$ to $V_{DDQ}$ ,          |
|                  |      |                               |      |     |       | $V_{DDQ} = V_{DDQ} Max$                |
| I <sub>U1</sub>  | I1U  | Input Pull-Up Current         | -150 | -6  | uA    | V <sub>OUT</sub> = GND,                |
|                  |      |                               |      |     |       | $V_{DDQ} = V_{DDQ} Max$                |
| V <sub>T+2</sub> | 12   | Input Voltage Schmitt Trigger |      | 2.0 | V     | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Max |
| V <sub>T-2</sub> | 12   |                               | 0.8  |     |       | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min |
| I <sub>IL2</sub> | I2Z  | Input Leakage Current         | -10  | 10  | uA    | $V_{IN}$ = GND to $V_{DDQ}$ ,          |
|                  |      |                               |      |     |       | $V_{DDQ} = V_{DDQ} Max$                |
| I <sub>U2</sub>  | I2U  | Input Pull-Up Current         | -150 | -6  | uA    | V <sub>OUT</sub> = GND,                |
|                  |      |                               |      |     |       | $V_{DDQ} = V_{DDQ} Max$                |
| V <sub>OH1</sub> |      | Output Voltage                | 2.2  |     | V     | I <sub>OH1</sub> =I <sub>OH1</sub> Min |
| V <sub>OL1</sub> | 01   |                               |      | 0.4 |       | I <sub>OL1</sub> =I <sub>OL1</sub> Max |
| I <sub>OH1</sub> | 01   | Output Current                | -2   |     | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min |
| I <sub>OL1</sub> |      | Output Current                |      | 2   | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min |
| V <sub>OH2</sub> |      | Output Voltage                | 2.2  |     | V     | I <sub>OH2</sub> =I <sub>OH2</sub> Min |
| V <sub>OL2</sub> | 02   |                               |      | 0.4 |       | I <sub>OL2</sub> =I <sub>OL2</sub> Max |
| I <sub>OH2</sub> | 02   | Output Current                | 3    |     | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min                   |
| I <sub>OL2</sub> |      | Output Current                |      | 3   | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min                   |
| V <sub>OH6</sub> |      | Output Voltage for DASP# pin  | 2.2  |     | V     | I <sub>OH6</sub> =I <sub>OH6</sub> Min |
| V <sub>OL6</sub> | 06   |                               |      | 0.4 |       | I <sub>OL6</sub> =I <sub>OL6</sub> Max |
| I <sub>OH6</sub> | O6   | Output Current for DASP# pin  | -2   |     | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> Min                   |
| I <sub>OL6</sub> |      | Output Current for DASP# pin  |      | 8   | mA    | V <sub>DDQ</sub> Max                   |

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#### **TABLE 20: Power Consumption**

| Symbol                         | Туре | Parameter   | Min | Max | Units | Conditions   |
|--------------------------------|------|---|-----|-----|-------|--|
| I <sub>DD</sub> <sup>1,2</sup> | PWR  | Power supply current ( $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to +70°C)         |     | 50  | mA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Max; V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Max |
| I <sub>DD</sub> <sup>1,2</sup> | PWR  | Power supply current ( $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C)       |     | 100 | mA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Max; V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Max |
| I <sub>SP</sub>                | PWR  | Sleep/Standby/Idle current ( $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to +70°C)   |     | 700 | μA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Max; V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Max |
| I <sub>SP</sub>                | PWR  | Sleep/Standby/Idle current ( $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to +85°C) |     | 950 | μA    | V <sub>DD</sub> =V <sub>DD</sub> Max; V <sub>DDQ</sub> =V <sub>DDQ</sub> Max |
|                                |      |   |     |     |       | T0-0.1 1355  |

1. Sequential data transfer for 1 sector read data from host interface and write data to media.

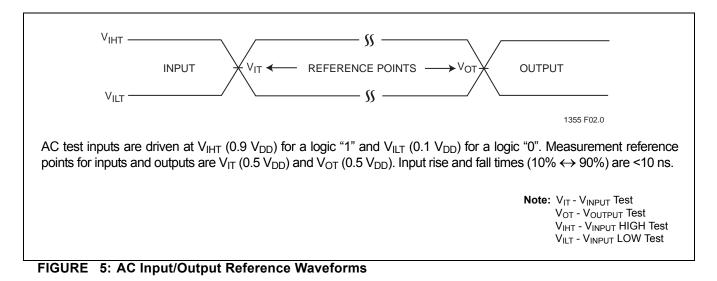
2. This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.

## NAND Controller GLS55VD020



Data Sheet

## **AC Characteristics**



## Media Side Interface Timing Specifications

| TABLE 21: | GLS55VD020 | Timing | Specifications |
|-----------|------------|--------|----------------|
|           |            |        |                |

| Symbol           | Parameter                                     | Min | Мах | Units |
|------------------|---|-----|-----|-------|
| T <sub>CLS</sub> | FCLE Setup Time                               | 15  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>CLH</sub> | FCLE Hold Time                                | 15  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>CS</sub>  | FCE# Setup Time                               | 30  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>CH</sub>  | FCE# Hold Time for Command/Data Write Cycle   | 15  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>CHR</sub> | FCE# Hold Time for Sequential Read Last Cycle | -   | 40  | ns    |
| T <sub>WP</sub>  | FWE# Pulse Width                              | 15  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>WH</sub>  | FWE# High Hold Time                           | 15  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>WC</sub>  | Write Cycle Time                              | 30  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>ALS</sub> | FALE Setup Time                               | 15  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>ALH</sub> | FALE Hold Time                                | 15  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>DS</sub>  | FAD[15:0] Setup Time                          | 30  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>DH</sub>  | FAD[15:0] Hold Time                           | 15  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>RP</sub>  | FRE# Pulse Width                              | 15  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>RR</sub>  | Ready to FRE# Low                             | 20  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>RES</sub> | FRE# Data Setup Time                          | -   | 20  | ns    |
| T <sub>RC</sub>  | Read Cycle Time                               | 30  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>REH</sub> | FRE# High Hold Time                           | 15  | -   | ns    |
| T <sub>RHZ</sub> | FRE# High to Data Hi-Z                        | -   | 100 | ns    |

Note: All AC specifications are guaranteed by design.

T0-0.0 1355



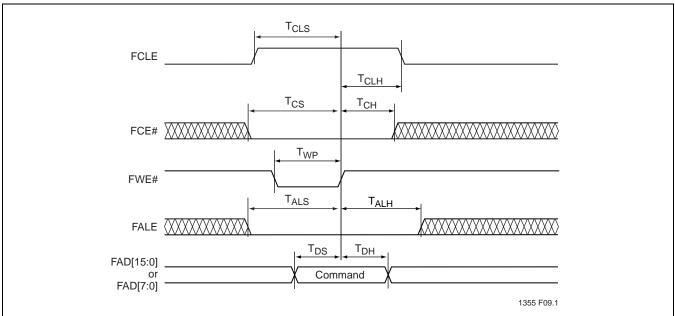
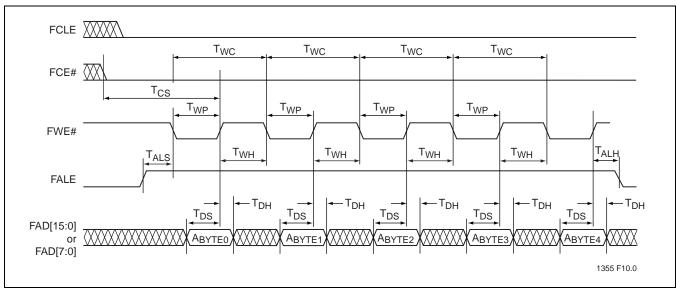
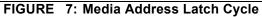


FIGURE 6: Media Command Latch Cycle





NAND Controller GLS55VD020



#### Data Sheet

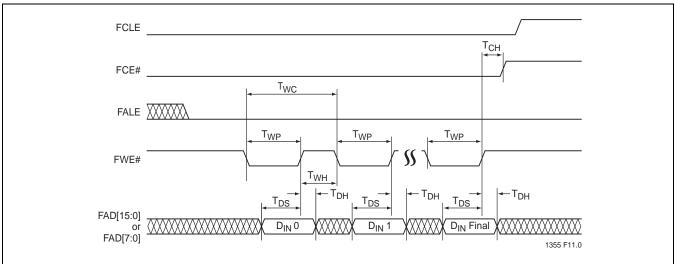


FIGURE 8: Media Data Loading Latch Cycle

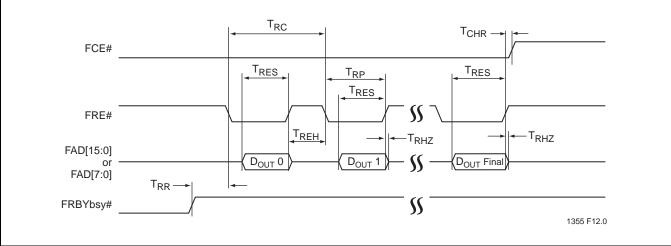
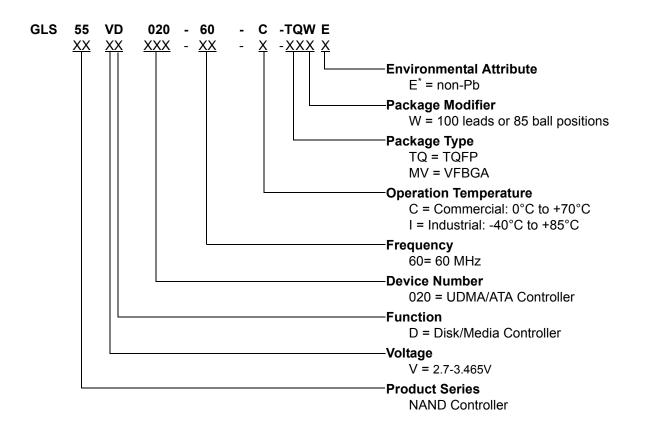


FIGURE 9: Media Data Read Cycle



## **PRODUCT ORDERING INFORMATION**



\* Environmental suffix "E" denotes non-Pb solder. Greenliant non-Pb solder devices are "RoHS Compliant".

## **Valid Combinations**

#### Valid combinations for GLS55VD020

GLS55VD020-60-C-TQWE GLS55VD020-60-I-TQWE

**Note:** Valid combinations are those products in mass production or will be in mass production. Consult your Greenliant sales representative to confirm availability of valid combinations and to determine availability of new combinations.

## NAND Controller GLS55VD020



Data Sheet

## PACKAGING DIAGRAM

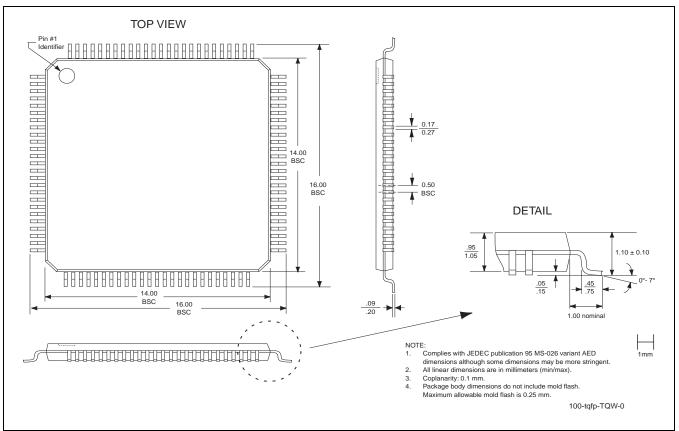
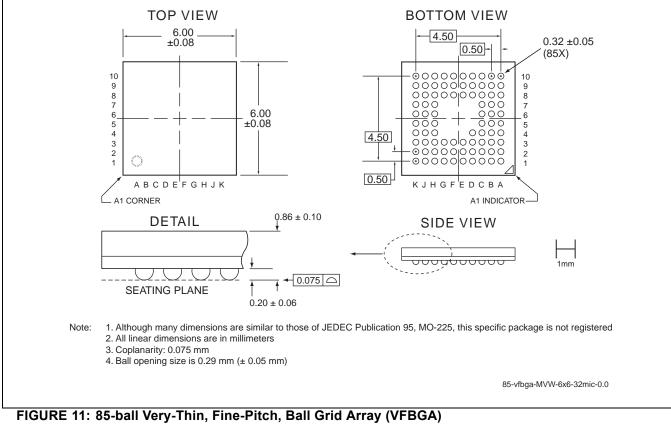


FIGURE 10: 100-lead Thin Quad Flat Pack (TQFP) Greenliant Package Code: TQW





Greenliant Package Code: MVW



#### TABLE 22: Revision History

| Number |   | Description  | Date     |
|--------|---|--|----------|
| 00     | • | Initial Release of Data Sheet  | Sep 2007 |
| 01     | • | Updated "Features:" and "Product Description"  | Feb 2008 |
|        | • | Modified "General Description" on page 3.  |          |
|        | • | Updated Table 2 on page 11   |          |
|        | • | Modified "Manufacturing Support" and "Security Features" on page 12  |          |
|        | • | Removed Drive Address from Tables 5 and 6  |          |
|        | • | Updated "NAND Controller Command Description" including Tables 7 and 8, and removing the entry for Word 21.                          |          |
|        | • | Added "Word 163: CF Advanced True IDE Timing Mode Capabilities and Settings"   |          |
|        | • | Updated Figure 6   |          |
|        | • | Updated Table 16   |          |
| 02     | • | Globally changed product name from ATA Flash Disk to NAND Controller   | May 2009 |
| 03     | • | EOL of SST55VD020-60-I-MVWE. See S71355(02)  | Jul 2009 |
| 04     | • | Transferred from SST to Greenliant   | May 2010 |
| 05     | • | In Table 1, "Miscellaneous," on page 9, added "Connect this pin with a 4.7uF capacitor to ground." to VREG "External Capacitor Pin". | Oct 2010 |

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