HT73xx-2 30V, 250mA TinyPower™ LDO

Features

- Low power consumption
- · Low voltage drop
- · Low temperature coefficient
- High input voltage up to 30V
- Output voltage accuracy: tolerance ±1%
- · Over current protection
- TO-92, SOT89-3, and 8-pin SOP-EP packages

Applications

- · Battery-powered equipment
- · Communication equipment
- · Audio/Video equipment

General Description

The HT73xx-2 device series are low power high voltage regulators implemented in CMOS technology which have the advantages of low voltage drop and low quiescent current. They allow input voltages as high as 30V. They are available with several fixed output voltages ranging from 2.1V to 5.0V. The soft-start function inhibits the problem of output overshoot during power on.

Although designed primarily as fixed voltage regulators, these devices can be used with external components to obtain variable voltages and currents.

Selection Table

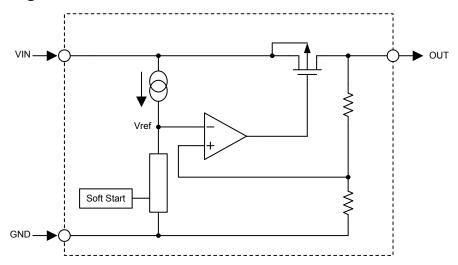
Part No.	Output Voltage	Package	Marking
HT7321-2	2.1V		
HT7323-2	2.3V		
HT7325-2	2.5V		
HT7327-2	2.7V		
HT7330-2	3.0V	- \(\)\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	73xx-2 (for TO-92, SOT89-3)
HT7333-2	3.3V		HT73xx-2 (for 8SOP-EP)
HT7336-2	3.6V		
HT7340-2	4.0V		
HT7344-2	4.4V		
HT7350-2	5.0V		

Note: "xx" stands for output voltages

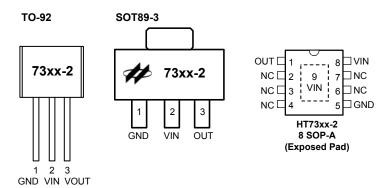
Rev. 1.00 1 August 26, 2015



Block Diagram



Pin Assignment



Pin Descriptions

Pin No.		Din Name	Din Decemention	
TO-92	SOT89-3	8SOP-EP	Pin Name	Pin Description
1	1	5	GND	Ground pin
2	2	8, 9	VIN	Input pin
3	3	1	OUT	Output pin
_	_	2, 3, 4, 6, 7	NC	No connection

Rev. 1.00 2 August 26, 2015



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value	Unit	
V _{IN}	V _{IN}		V
Operating Temperature Range, Ta		-40 to +85	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature, T _{J(MAX)}		+150	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-65 to +165	°C
	TO-92	200	°C/W
Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance, θ _{JA}	SOT89-3	200	°C/W
	8SOP-EP	125	°C/W
	TO-92	0.50	W
Power Dissipation, P _{D(MAX)}	SOT89-3	0.50	W
	8SOP-EP	0.80	W

Note: $P_{D(MAX)}$ is measured at $T_a = 25$ °C

Recommended Operating Range

Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{IN}	V _{OUT} +2 to 30	V

Electrical Characteristics

 V_{IN} =(V_{OUT} +2V), T_a =+25°C and C_{IN} = C_{OUT} =10uF, unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	_	_	_	30	V
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage Range	_	2.1	_	5.0	V
Vo	Output Voltage Accuracy	I _{OUT} =10mA	-1	_	1	%
I _{OUT}	Output Current	_	250	_	_	mA
ΔV_{OUT}	Load Regulation	1mA ≤ I _{OUT} ≤ 100mA	_	45	90	mV
.,	Drangut Voltage	I _{OUT} =1mA, V _{OUT} Change=2% (Note)	_	6	15	mV
V _{DIF}	Dropout Voltage	I _{OUT} =30mA, V _{OUT} Change=2% (Note)	_	120	300	IIIV
Iss	Quiescent Current	I _{OUT} =0mA	_	2.5	4.0	uA
$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	Line Regulation	$(V_{OUT}+2V) \le V_{IN} \le 30V$, $I_{OUT}=40$ mA	_	0.2	0.4	%/V
$\frac{\Delta V_{\text{OUT}}}{\Delta \text{Ta} \times V_{\text{OUT}}}$	Temperature Coefficient	I _{оит} =40mA, -40°С < Т _а < 85°С	_	±100	_	ppm/°C
IOCP	Over Current Protection	V _{IN} =12V	_	350	700	mA

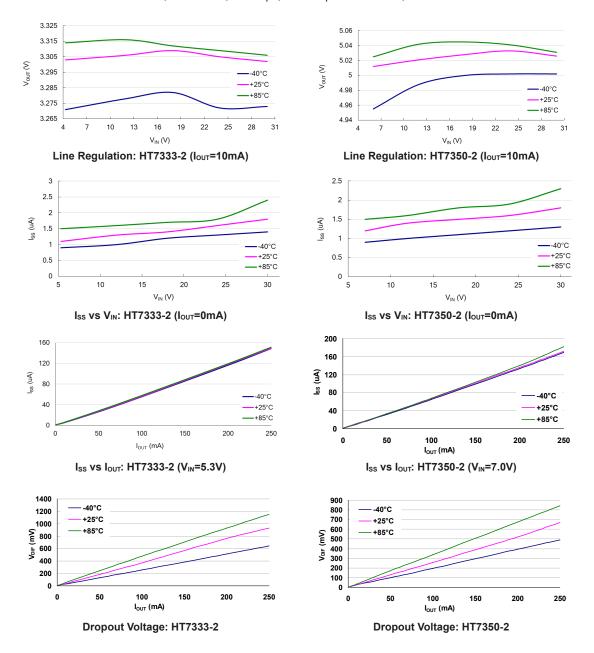
Note: Dropout voltage is defined as the input voltage minus the output voltage that produces a 2% change in the output voltage from the value at $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2V$ with a fixed load.

Rev. 1.00 3 August 26, 2015



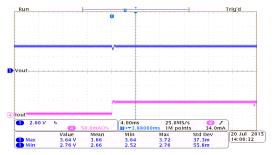
Typical Performance Characteristic

Test Condition: V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2V, I_{OUT}=10mA, C_{IN}=10μF, C_{OUT}=10μF and T_a=25°C, unless otherwise noted

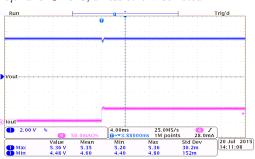




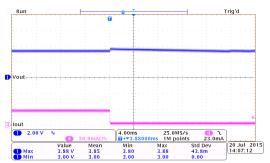
Test Condition: $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $C_{IN}=10\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=10\mu F$ and $T_a=25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted



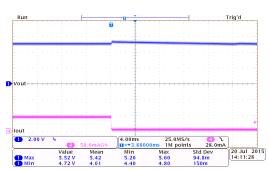
Load Transient Response: HT7333-2 (V_{IN} =5.3V, I_{OUT} =0mA to 40mA)



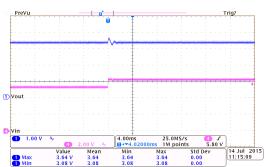
Load Transient Response: HT7350-2 (V_{IN} =7.0V, I_{OUT} =0mA to 40mA)



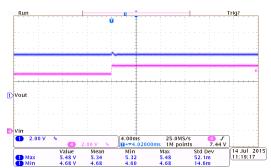
Load Transient Response: HT7333-2 (V_{IN}=5.3V, I_{OUT}=40mA to 0mA)



Load Transient Response: HT7350-2 (V_{IN} =7.0V, I_{OUT} =40mA to 0mA)



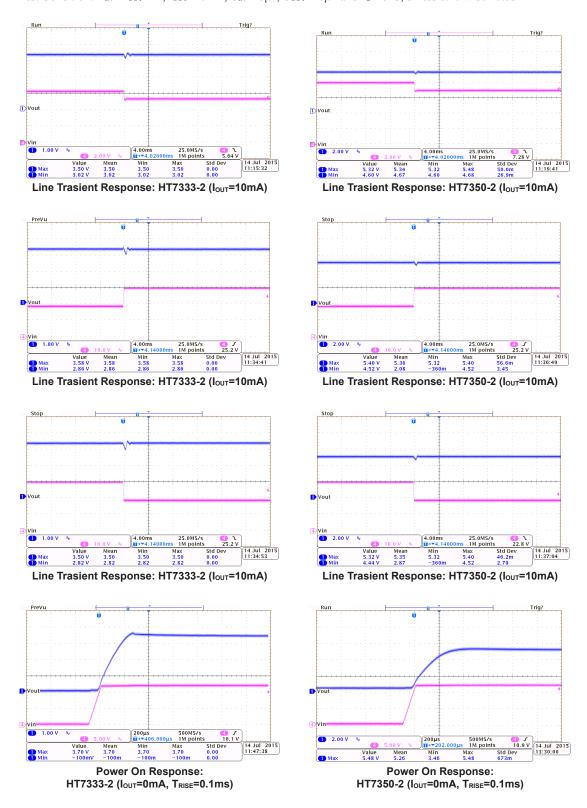
Line Trasient Response: HT7333-2 (I_{OUT}=10mA)



Line Trasient Response: HT7350-2 (I_{OUT}=10mA)

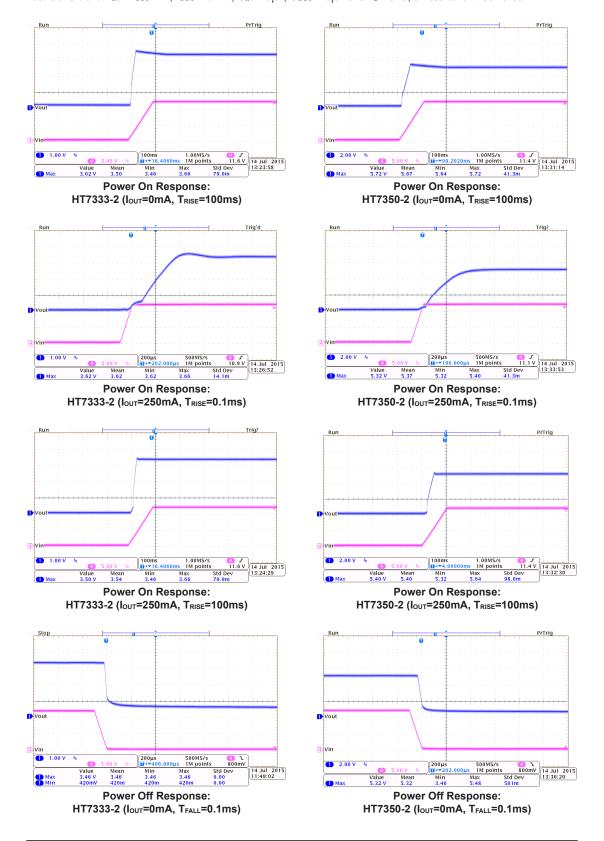


Test Condition: $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $C_{IN}=10\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=10\mu F$ and $T_a=25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted



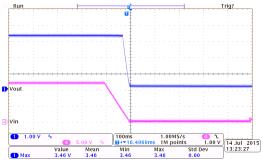


Test Condition: V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2V, I_{OUT}=10mA, C_{IN}=10μF, C_{OUT}=10μF and T_a=25°C, unless otherwise noted

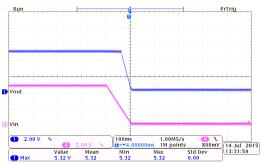




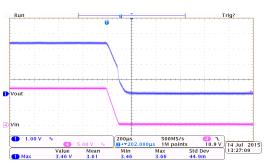
Test Condition: $V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+2V$, $I_{OUT}=10mA$, $C_{IN}=10\mu F$, $C_{OUT}=10\mu F$ and $T_a=25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted



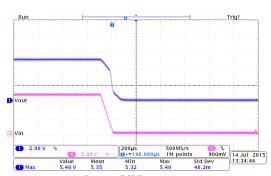
Power Off Response: HT7333-2 (I_{OUT}=0mA, T_{FALL}=100ms)



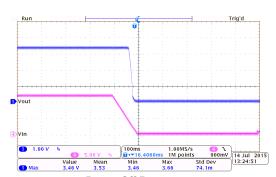
Power Off Response: HT7350-2 (I_{OUT}=0mA, T_{FALL}=100ms)



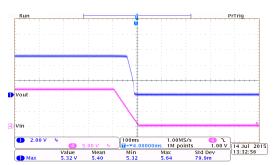
Power Off Response: HT7333-2 (I_{OUT}=250mA, T_{FALL}=0.1ms)



Power Off Response: HT7350-2 (I_{OUT}=250mA, T_{FALL}=0.1ms)



Power Off Response: HT7333-2 (I_{OUT}=250mA, T_{FALL}=100ms)



Power Off Response: HT7350-2 (I_{OUT}=250mA, T_{FALL}=100ms)



Application Information

The devices are a 3-terminal low dropout series linear voltage regulators. It is important the following application points are noted if correct operation is to be achieved.

External Circuit

It is important that external capacitors are connected to both the input and output pins. For the input pin suitable bypass capacitors as shown in the application circuits should be connected especially in situations where a battery power source is used which may have a higher impedence. For the output pin, a suitable capacitor should also be connected especially in situations where the load is of a transient nature, in which case larger capacitor values should be selected to limit any output transient voltages.

Thermal Considerations

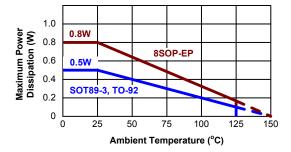
The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package, the PCB layout, the rate of the surrounding airflow and the difference between the junction and ambient temperature. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by the following formula:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_a) / \theta_{JA}$$

where $T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum junction temperature, T_a is the ambient temperature and θ_{JA} is the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance of the IC package in degrees per watt. The following table shows the θ_{JA} values for various package types.

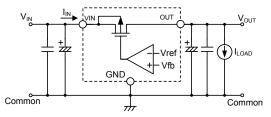
Package	θ _{JA} value °C/W
SOT89-3	200 °C/W
TO-92	200 °C/W
8SOP-EP	125 °C/W

For maximum operating rating conditions, the maximum junction temperature is 150°C. However, it is recommended that the maximum junction temperature does not exceed 125°C during normal operation to maintain an adequate margin for device reliability. The derating curves of different packages for maximum power dissipation are as follows:

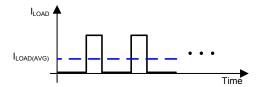


Power Dissipation Calculation

In order to keep the device within its operating limits and to maintain a regulated output voltage, the power dissipation of the device, given by P_D , must not exceed the Maximum Power Dissipation, given by $P_{D(MAX)}$. Therefore $P_D \leq P_{D(MAX)}$. From the diagram it can be seen that almost all of this power is generated across the pass transistor which is acting like a variable resistor in series with the load to keep the output voltage constant. This generated power which will appear as heat, must never allow the device to exceed its maximum junction temperature.



In practical applications the regulator may be called upon to provide both steady state and transient currents due to the transient nature of the load. Although the device may be working well within its limits with its steady state current, care must be taken with transient loads which may cause the current to rise close to its maximum current value. Care must be taken with transient loads and currents as this will result in device junction temperature rises which must not exceed the maximum junction temperature. With both steady state and transient currents, the important current to consider is the average or more precisely the RMS current which is the value of current that will appear as heat generated in the device. The following diagram shows how the average current relates to the transient currents.

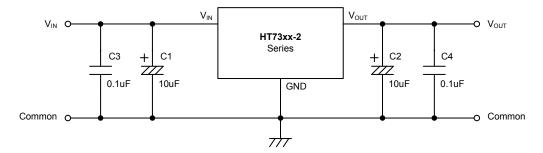


As the quiescent current of the device is very small it can generally be ignored and as a result the input current can be assumed to be equal to the output current. Therefore the power dissipation of the device, P_D , can be calculated as the voltage drop across the input and output multiplied by the current, given by the equation, $P_D = \left(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}\right) \times I_{IN}. \text{ As the input current is also equal to the load current the power dissipation } P_D = \left(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}\right) \times I_{LOAD}. \text{However, with transient load currents, } P_D = \left(V_{IN} - V_{OUT}\right) \times I_{LOAD(AVG)} \text{ as shown in the figure.}$

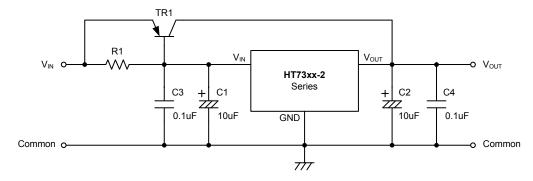


Application Circuits

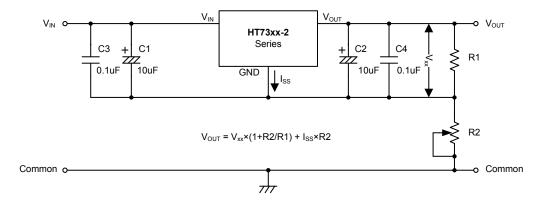
Basic Circuits



High Output Current Positive Voltage Regulator



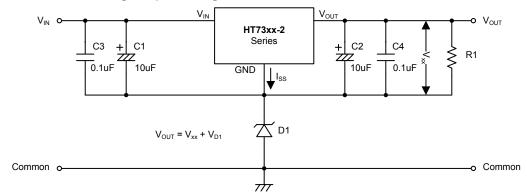
Circuit for Increasing Output Voltage



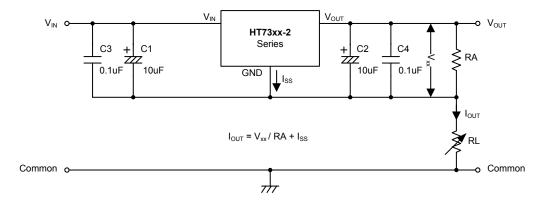
Rev. 1.00 August 26, 2015



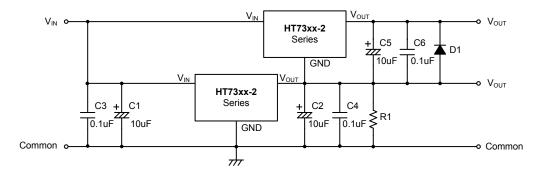
Circuit for Increasing Output Voltage



Constant Current Regulator



Dual Supply



Rev. 1.00 11 August 26, 2015



Package Information

Note that the package information provided here is for consultation purposes only. As this information may be updated at regular intervals users are reminded to consult the <u>Holtek website</u> for the latest version of the <u>Package/Carton Information</u>.

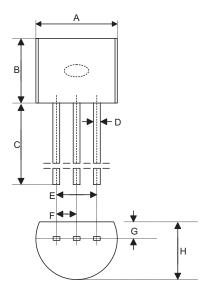
Additional supplementary information with regard to packaging is listed below. Click on the relevant section to be transferred to the relevant website page.

- Further Package Information (include Outline Dimensions, Product Tape and Reel Specifications)
- Packing Meterials Information
- Carton information

Rev. 1.00 12 August 26, 2015



3-pin TO-92 Outline Dimensions



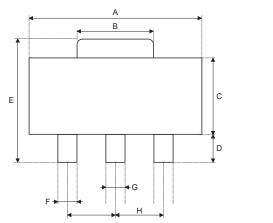
Symbol		Dimensions in inch		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	
A	0.173	0.180	0.205	
В	0.170	_	0.210	
С	0.500	0.580	_	
D	_	0.015 BSC	_	
E	_	0.010 BSC	_	
F	_	0.050 BSC	_	
G	_	0.035 BSC	_	
Н	0.125	0.142	0.165	

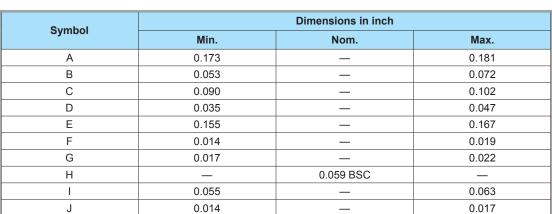
Symbol		Dimensions in mm		
	Min.	Nom.	Max.	
A	4.39	4.57	5.21	
В	4.32	_	5.33	
С	12.70	14.73	_	
D	_	0.38 BSC	_	
E	_	2.54 BSC	_	
F	_	1.27 BSC	_	
G	_	0.89 BSC	_	
Н	3.18	3.61	4.19	

Rev. 1.00 13 August 26, 2015



3-pin SOT89 Outline Dimensions

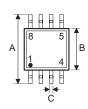


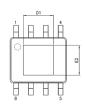


Symbol		Dimensions in mm		
Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.	
A	4.40	_	4.60	
В	1.35	_	1.83	
С	2.29	_	2.60	
D	0.89	_	1.20	
E	3.94	_	4.25	
F	0.36	_	0.48	
G	0.44	_	0.56	
Н	_	1.50 BSC	_	
I	1.40	_	1.60	
J	0.35	_	0.44	

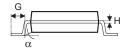


8-pin SOP-EP (150mil) Outline Dimensions









Cymphal		Dimensions in inch		
Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.	
А	_	0.236 BSC	_	
В	_	0.154 BSC	_	
С	0.012	_	0.020	
C'	_	0.193 BSC	_	
D	_	_	0.069	
D1	0.059	_	_	
E	_	0.050 BSC	_	
E2	0.039	_	_	
F	0.004	_	0.010	
G	0.016	_	0.050	
Н	0.004	_	0.010	
а	0°	_	8°	

Cumbal		Dimensions in mm	
Symbol	Min.	Nom.	Max.
A	_	6.00 BSC	_
В	_	3.90 BSC	_
С	0.31	_	0.51
C,	_	4.90 BSC	_
D	_	_	1.75
D1	1.50	_	_
E	_	1.27 BSC	_
E2	1.00	_	_
F	0.10	_	0.25
G	0.40	_	1.27
Н	0.10	_	0.25
а	0°	_	8°

Rev. 1.00 15 August 26, 2015



Copyright[©] 2015 by HOLTEK SEMICONDUCTOR INC.

The information appearing in this Data Sheet is believed to be accurate at the time of publication. However, Holtek assumes no responsibility arising from the use of the specifications described. The applications mentioned herein are used solely for the purpose of illustration and Holtek makes no warranty or representation that such applications will be suitable without further modification, nor recommends the use of its products for application that may present a risk to human life due to malfunction or otherwise. Holtek's products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems. Holtek reserves the right to alter its products without prior notification. For the most up-to-date information, please visit our web site at http://www.holtek.com.tw.

Rev. 1.00 16 August 26, 2015

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for LDO Voltage Regulators category:

Click to view products by Holtek manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below:

AP7363-SP-13 L79M05TL-E AP7362-HA-7 PT7M8202B12TA5EX TCR3DF185,LM(CT TCR3DF45,LM(CT TLE4473G V52 059985X NCP4687DH15T1G 701326R NCV8170AXV250T2G AP7315-25W5-7 AP2111H-1.2TRG1 ZLDO1117QK50TC AZ1117ID-ADJTRG1 TCR3DG12,LF MIC5514-3.3YMT-T5 SCD7912BTG NCP154MX180270TAG SCD33269T-5.0G NCV8170BXV330T2G NCV8170BMX330TCG NCV8170AMX120TCG NCP706ABMX300TAG NCP153MX330180TCG NCP114BMX075TCG MC33269T-3.5G CAT6243-ADJCMT5T TCR3DG33,LF TCR4DG35,LF TAR5S15U(TE85L,F) TAR5S18U(TE85L,F) TCR3UG19A,LF TCR4DG105,LF MPQ2013AGG-5-P NCV8170AMX360TCG TLE4268GSXUMA2 NCP715SQ15T2G MIC5317-3.0YD5-T5 NCV563SQ18T1G NCP715MX30TBG NCV8702MX25TCG NCV8170BXV120T2G MIC5317-1.2YD5-T5 NCV8170AMX150TCG NCV8170BMX150TCG AP2213D-3.3TRG1 NCV8170BMX120TCG NCV8170BMX310TCG NCV8170BMX360TCG