

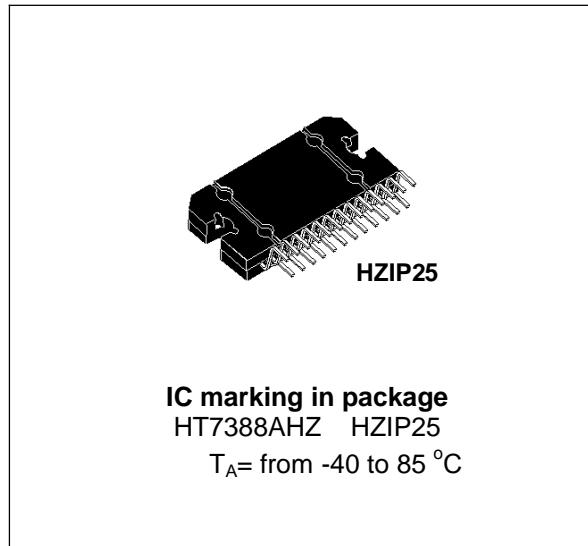
4 x 45 W quad bridge car radio amplifier

Description

The HT7388A is an AB class audio power amplifier, packaged in Flexiwatt 25 and designed for high end car radio applications. Based on a fully complementary PNP/NPN configuration, the HT7388A allows a rail to rail output voltage swing with no need of bootstrap capacitors. The extremely reduced boundary components count allows very compact sets.

Features

- High output power capability:
 - 4 x 45 W / 4 Ω max.
 - 4 x 26 W / 4 Ω @ 14.4 V, 1 kHz, 10 %
- Low distortion
- Low output noise
- Standby function
- Mute function
- Automute at min. supply voltage detection
- Low external component count:
 - Internally fixed gain (26 dB)
 - No external compensation
 - No bootstrap capacitors



Protections:

- Output short circuit to gnd, to V_S, across the load
- Very inductive loads
- Overrating chip temperature with soft thermal limiter
- Load dump voltage
- Fortuitous open GND
- Reversed battery
- ESD



Pin connection and test/application diagrams

Figure 1. Pin connection (top view)

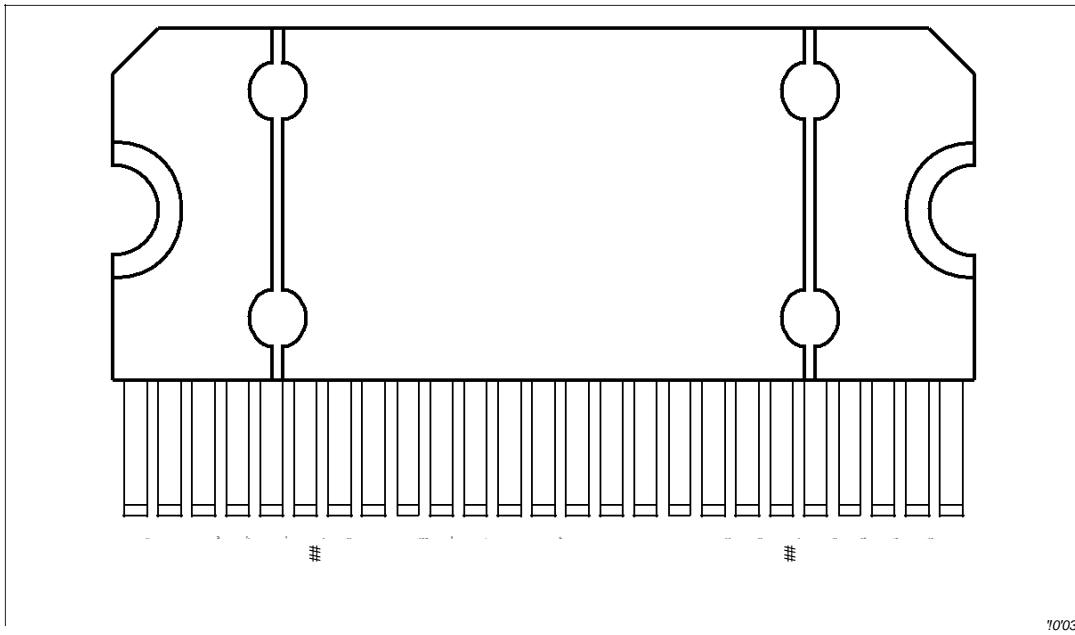
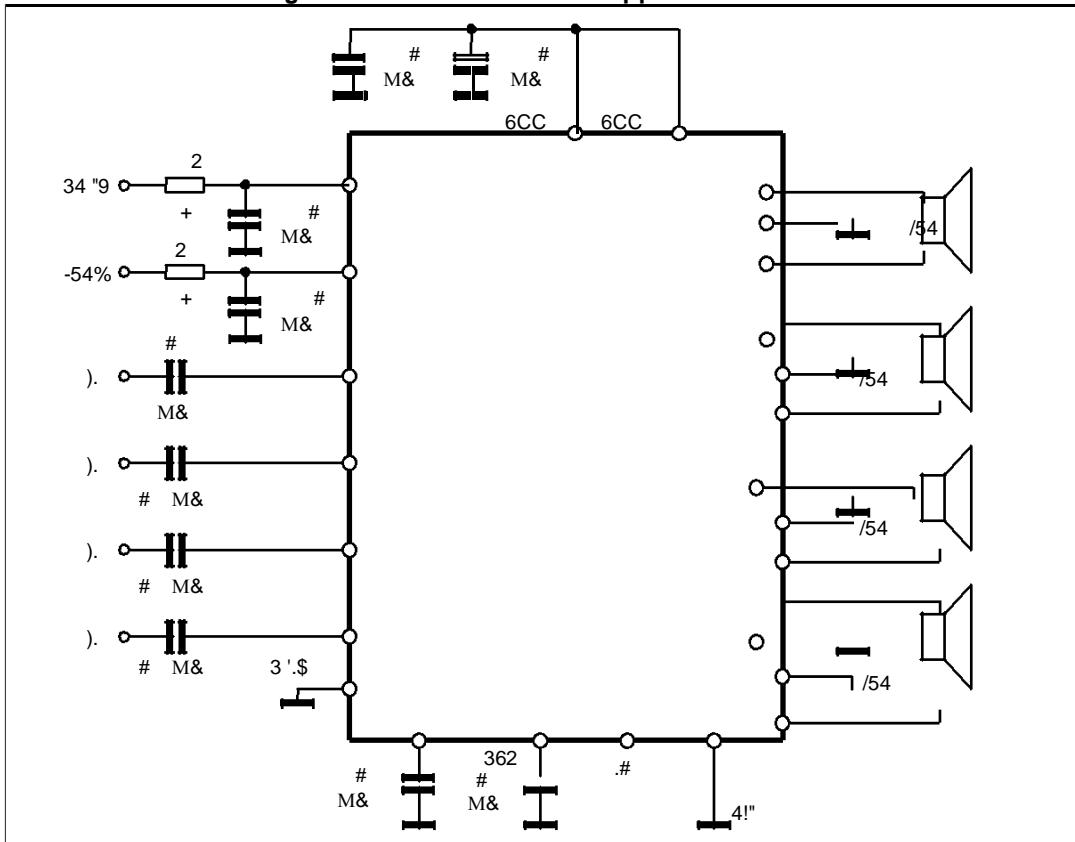


Figure 2. Standard test and application circuit



Absolute maximum ratings

Table 2. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_S	Operating supply voltage	18	V
$V_{S(DC)}$	DC supply voltage	28	V
$V_{S(pk)}$	Peak supply voltage ($t = 50 \text{ ms}$)	50	V
I_O	Output peak current: Repetitive (duty cycle 10 % at $f = 10 \text{ Hz}$) Non repetitive ($t = 100 \mu\text{s}$)	4.5 5.5	A
P_{tot}	Power dissipation, ($T_{case} = 70 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$)	80	W
j	Junction temperature	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	- 55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal data

Table 3. Thermal data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$R_{th(j-case)}$	Thermal resistance junction-to-case	1	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

Electrical characteristics

$V_S = 14.4 \text{ V}$; $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$; $R_g = 600 \Omega$; $R_L = 4 \Omega$; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$; Refer to the test and application diagram, unless otherwise specified.

Table 4. Electrical characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
q_1	Quiescent current	$R_L = \infty$	120	190	350	mA
v_{OS}	Output offset voltage	Play mode	-	-	± 100	mV
dV_{OS}	During mute ON/OFF output offset voltage	ITU R-ARM weighted see	-80	-	+80	mV
G_v	Voltage gain	-	25	26	27	dB
P_o	Output power	$\text{THD} = 10\% ; V_S = 14.4 \text{ V}$	22	26	-	W
$P_{o \text{ max}}$	Max.output power ⁽¹⁾	$V_S = 14.4 \text{ V}$	37	41	-	W
		$V_S = 15.2 \text{ V}$	-	45	-	
THD	Distortion	$P_O = 4 \text{ W}$	-	0.04	0.15	%
e_{No}	Output noise	"A" Weighted	-	50	70	μV
		$Bw = 20 \text{ Hz to } 20 \text{ kHz}$	-	70	100	μV
SVR	Supply voltage rejection	$f = 100 \text{ Hz}; V_r = 1 \text{ Vrms}$	50	65	-	dB
f_{ch}	High cut-off frequency	$P_O = 0.5 \text{ W}$	100	200	-	kHz
R_i	Input Impedance	-	70	100	-	$k\Omega$
C_T	Cross talk	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}; P_O = 4 \text{ W}$	60	70	-	dB
		$f = 10 \text{ kHz}; P_O = 4 \text{ W}$	-	60	-	dB
I_{SB}	Standby current consumption	$V_{St-by} = 0\text{V}$	-	-	20	μA
$V_{SB \text{ out}}$	Standby OUT threshold voltage	(Amp: ON)	3.5	-	-	V
$V_{SB \text{ IN}}$	Standby IN threshold voltage	(Amp: OFF)	-	-	1.5	V
A_M	Mute attenuation	$P_{Oref} = 4 \text{ W}$	80	90	-	dB
$V_{M \text{ out}}$	Mute OUT threshold voltage	(Amp: play)	3.5	-	-	V
$V_{M \text{ in}}$	Mute IN threshold voltage	(Amp: mute)	-	-	1.5	V
$V_{AM \text{ in}}$	V_S automute threshold	(Amp: mute); Att. $\geq 80 \text{ dB}$; $P_{Oref} = 4 \text{ W}$ (Amp: play); Att. $< 0.1 \text{ dB}$; $P_O = 0.5 \text{ W}$	-		6.5	V
pin22	Muting pin current	$V_{MUTE} = 1.2 \text{ V}$ (Source current)	5	11	20	μA

1. Saturated square wave output.



Electrical characteristic curves

Figure 3. Quiescent current vs. supply voltage

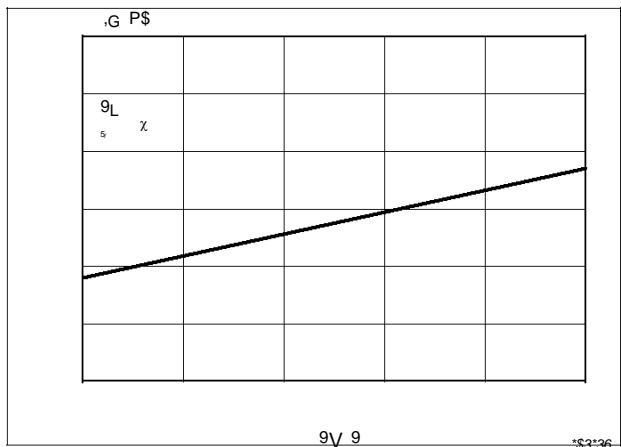


Figure 4. Output power vs. supply voltage
(4 Ohm)

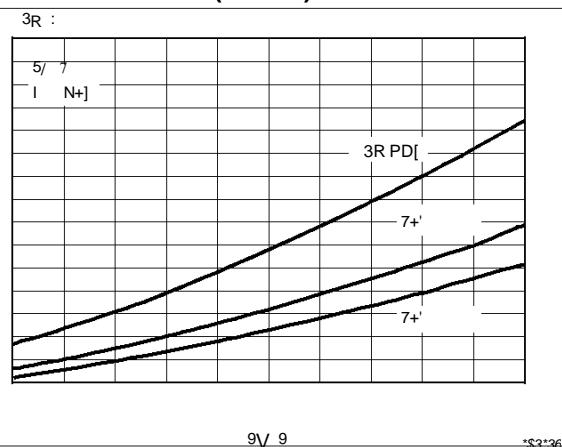


Figure 5. Distortion vs. output power (4 Ohm)

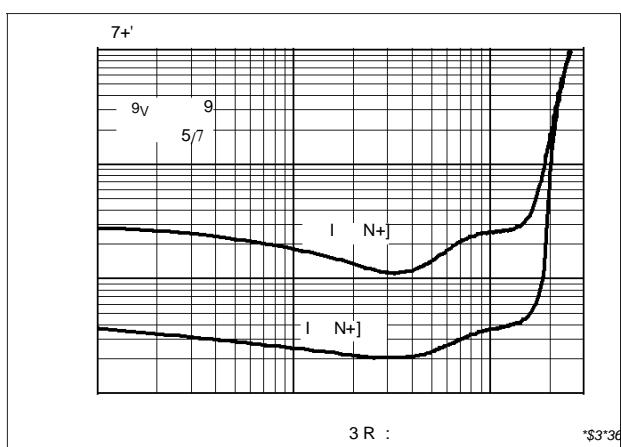


Figure 6. Distortion vs. frequency (4 Ohm)

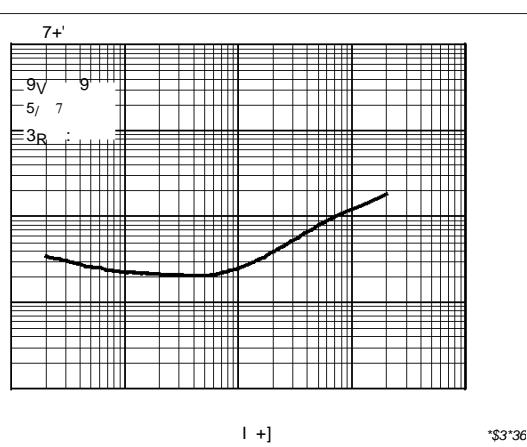


Figure 7. Supply voltage rejection vs. frequency

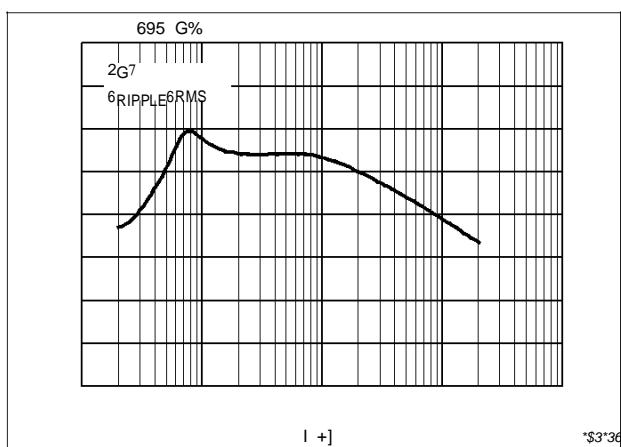


Figure 8. Crosstalk vs. frequency

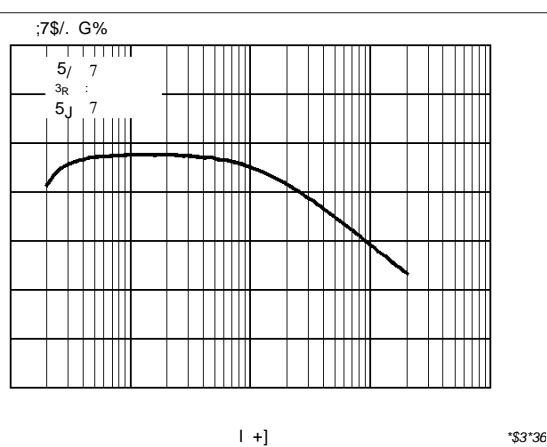
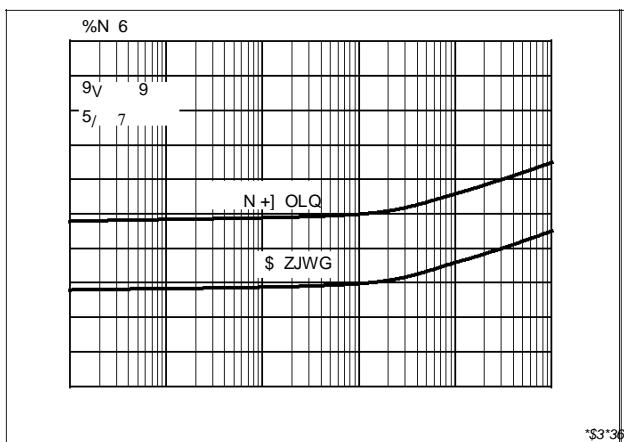
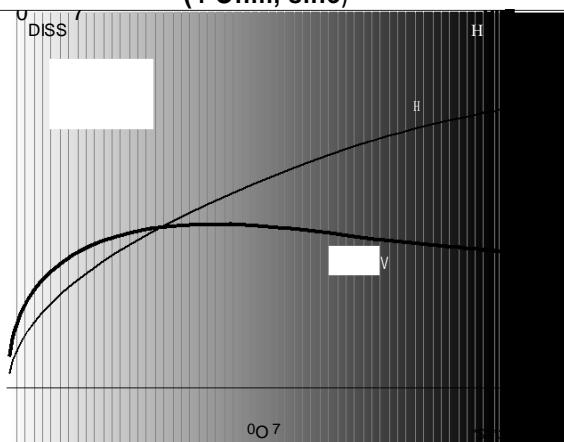
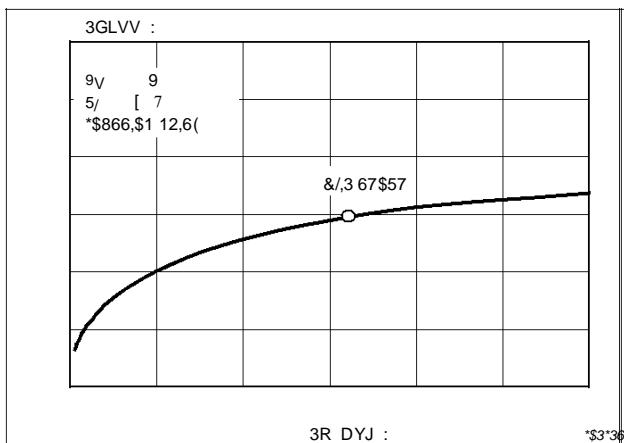
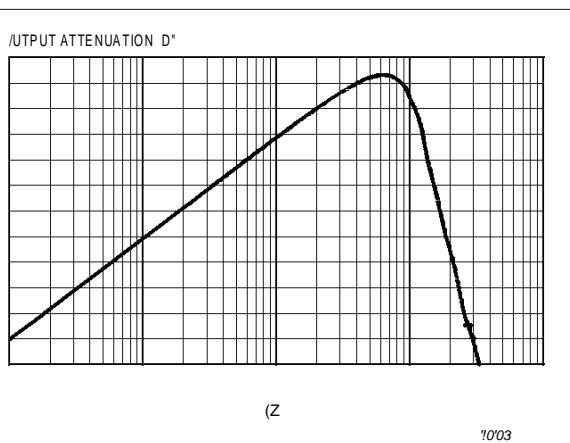
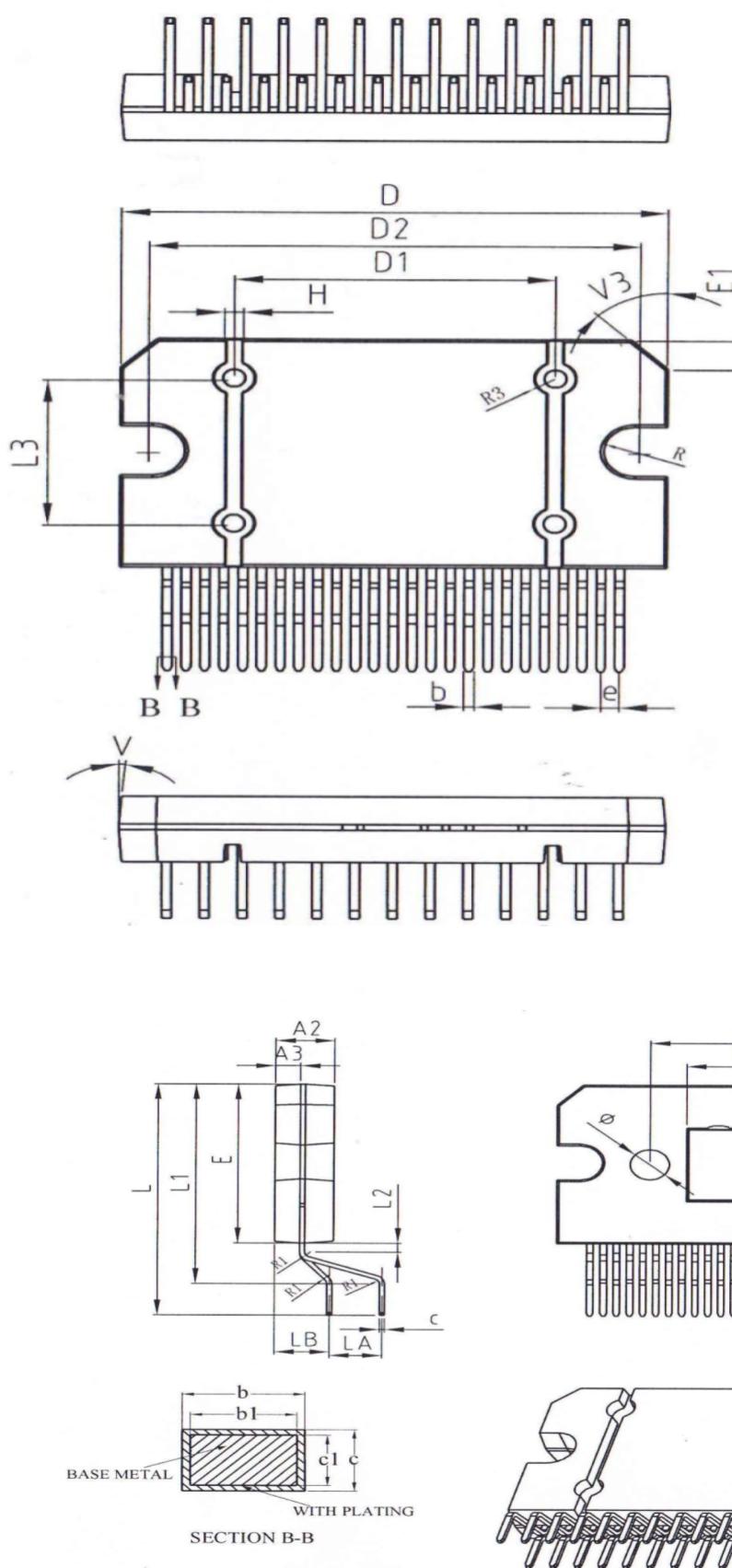


Figure 9. Output noise vs. source resistance

**Figure 10. Total power disipation & efficiency
(4 Ohm, sine)**

Figure 11. Power dissipation vs. average output power (4 Ohm, audio program simulation)

**Figure 12. ITU R-ARM frequency response,
weighting filter for transient pop**




HZIP25



SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A2	4.40	4.50	4.65
A3	1.80	1.90	2.00
b	0.48	—	0.57
b1	0.47	0.50	0.53
c	0.36	—	0.46
c1	0.35	0.38	0.41
D	28.90	29.10	29.30
D1	17.00REF		
D2	25.60REF		
D3	9.4REF		
E	15.50	15.70	15.90
E1	1.90	2.00	2.10
E3	7.3REF		
H	0.80REF		
e	1.00BSC		
L	22.07	22.47	22.87
L1	18.60	19.00	19.40
L2	0.75	0.90	1.05
L3	10.00REF		
L4	15.00REF		
LA	3.60	4.00	4.40
LB	3.90	4.20	4.50
R	1.60	1.70	1.80
R1	0.40	0.50	0.60
R3	1.20	1.25	1.30
V	11°	12°	13°
V3	44°	45°	46°
Φ	3.00		

X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for [Audio Amplifiers](#) category:

Click to view products by [HTCSEMI](#) manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

[LV47002P-E](#) [NCP2890AFCT2G](#) [NTE1192](#) [LC706200CM](#) [IS31AP4915A-QFLS2-TR](#) [TDA1591T](#) [TS2012EIJT](#) [NCP2809BMUTXG](#)
[NJW1157BFC2](#) [IS31AP4996-GRLS2-TR](#) [NCP2823BFCT1G](#) [BD88420GUL-E2](#) [LA4450L-E](#) [IS31AP2036A-CLS2-TR](#) [NTE1110](#) [NTE7100](#)
[NTE7114](#) [NTE7163](#) [NTE7168](#) [NTE7177](#) [NTE7178](#) [NTE7186](#) [NTE7198](#) [NTE7202](#) [NTE7217](#) [BD88400GUL-E2](#) [BD88200GUL-E2](#)
[SABRE9601K](#) [THAT1646W16-U](#) [PAM8965ZLA40-13](#) [TSDP10XX1NLGXZBX](#) [TSDP11XX1NBGIZBX](#) [TSDP11XX1NLGXZBX](#)
[TSDP10XX1NBGIZBX](#) [NJM4580CV-TE1](#) [NJU7084R-TE1](#) [OPA1655DR](#) [LV4910T-MPB-E](#) [NCP2890AFCT2](#) [NCV2211DR2G](#)
[SCY99091FCT2G](#) [TAS5720MRSMR](#) [AW87389FCR](#) [AW8737AFCR](#) [TDA2005R](#) [TDA2030](#) [TDA7265L-J11-A-T](#) [CD2050CZ](#)
[AW88261FCR](#) [TDA7377-JSM](#)