

Low-Voltage Rail-to-Rail Output Operational Amplifier*(compatible to LMV321)***Features**

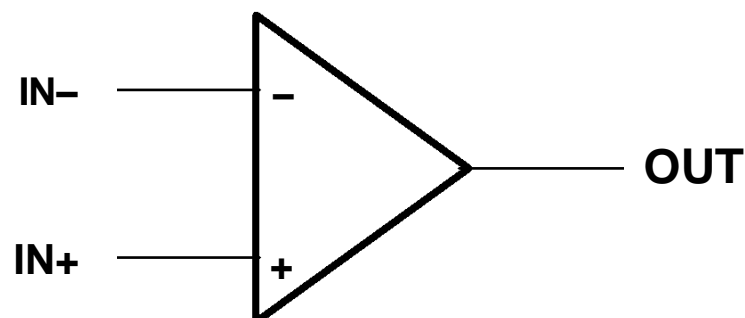
- 2.7-V and 5-V performance
- -40°C to +125°C operation
- No crossover distortion
- Low supply current
 - LMV321B: 330 μ A (typical)
- Rail-to-rail output swing
- ESD protection exceeds JESD 22
 - 2000-V human-body model
 - 1000-V charged-device model

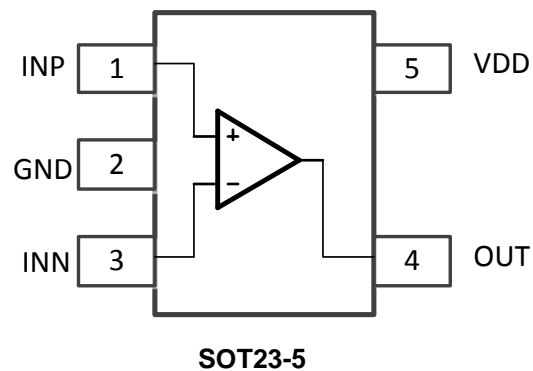
Applications

- Desktop PCs
- HVAC: heating, ventilating, and air conditioning
- Motor control: AC induction
- Netbooks
- Portable media players
- Power: telecom DC/DC module: digital
- Professional audio mixers
- Refrigerators
- Washing machines: high-end and low-end

ORDERING INFORMATION

LMV321BRTZ SOT23-5

 $T_A = -40^\circ$ to 125°C for all packages.

Pin Configuration and Functions


Name	I/O	Analog/Digital	Description
INP	I	A	Non-Inverting Input of Amplifier. Voltage range of this pin can go from 0 to VDD.
GND	GROUND	GROUND	Ground pin. Connect to the most negative supply, ALL GND pads are connected on die.
INN	I	A	Inverting Input of Amplifier. This pin has same voltage range as INP.
OUT	O	A	Amplifier Output. The voltage range extends to within millivolts of each supply rail.
VDD	POWER	POWER	Power supply (5V) ,connect to positive voltage supply

Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{CC}	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾		5.5	V
V_{ID}	Differential input voltage ⁽³⁾	-5.5	5.5	V
V_I	Input voltage (either input)	-0.2	5.7	V
	Duration of output short circuit (one amplifier) to ground ⁽⁴⁾	At or below $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$		Unlimited
T_J	Operating virtual junction temperature		150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values (except differential voltages and V_{CC} specified for the measurement of I_{OS}) are with respect to the network GND.
- (3) Differential voltages are at $IN+$ with respect to $IN-$.
- (4) Short circuits from outputs to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.

ESD Ratings

		VALUE	UNIT
$v_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	± 2000
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins ⁽²⁾	± 1000

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

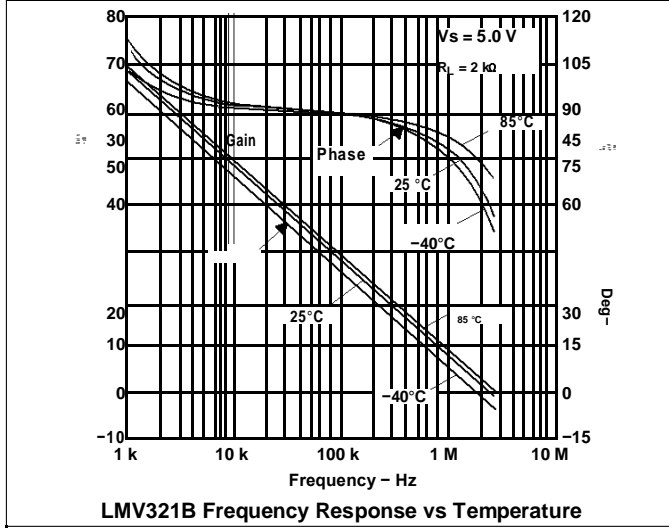
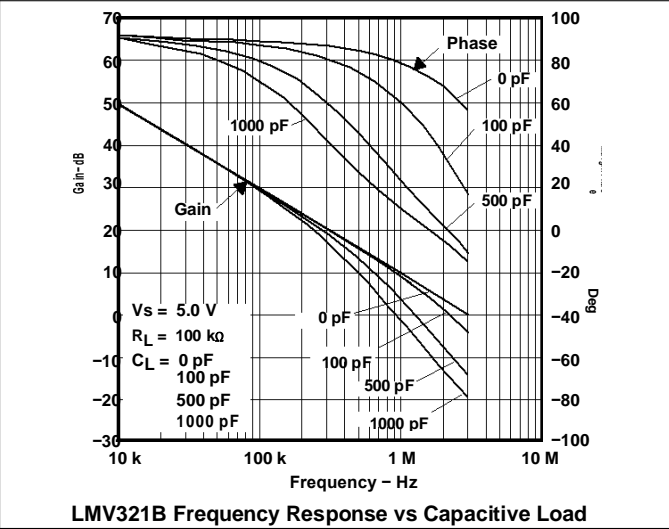
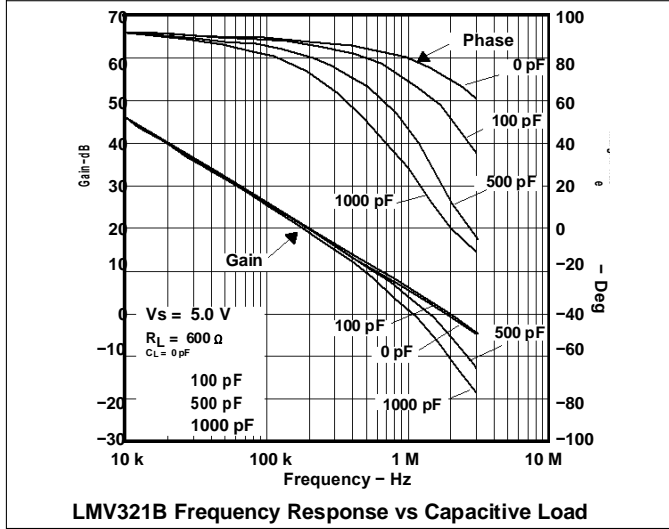
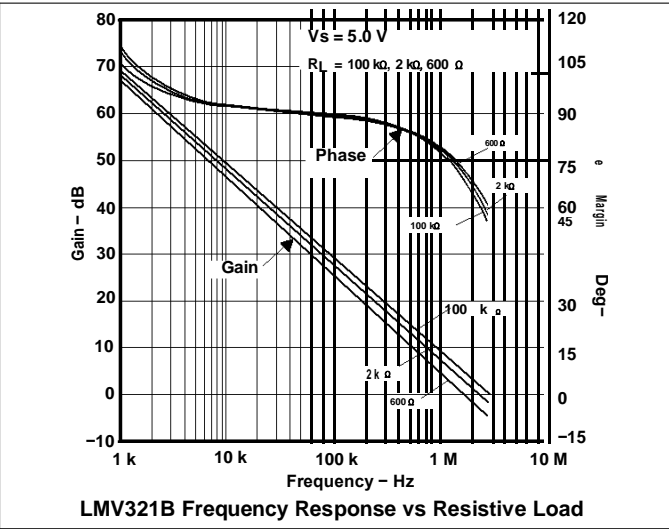
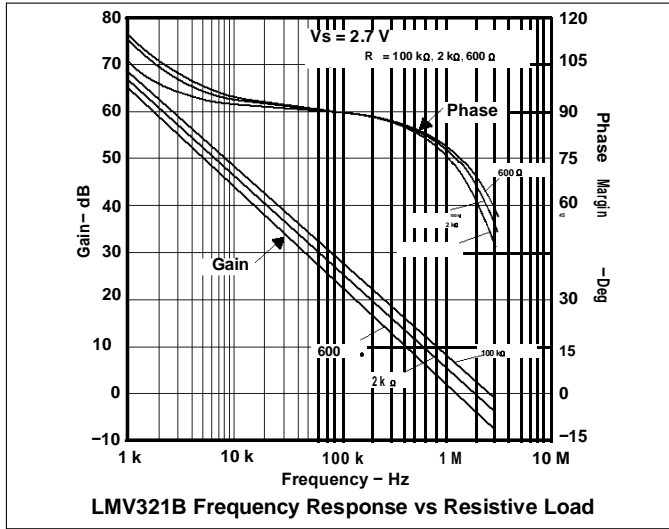
Electrical Characteristics: $V_{CC+} = 2.7\text{ V}$
 $V_{CC+} = 2.7\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage			1.7	7	mV
α_{VIO}	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			5		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_B	Input bias current			11	250	nA
I_{IO}	Input offset current			5	50	nA
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{CM} = 0$ to 1.7 V	50	63		dB
K_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio	$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to 5 V , $V_O = 1\text{ V}$	50	60		dB
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR $\geq 50\text{ dB}$	0	-0.2		V
				1.9	1.7	
V_O	Output swing	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ to 1.35 V	High level	$V_{CC} - 100$	$V_{CC} - 10$	mV
			Low level		60	
f_1	Unity-gain bandwidth	$C_L = 200\text{ pF}$		1.5		MHz
Φ_m	Phase margin			60		$^\circ$
G_m	Gain margin			10		dB
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		46		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
I_n	Equivalent input noise current	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$		0.17		$\text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

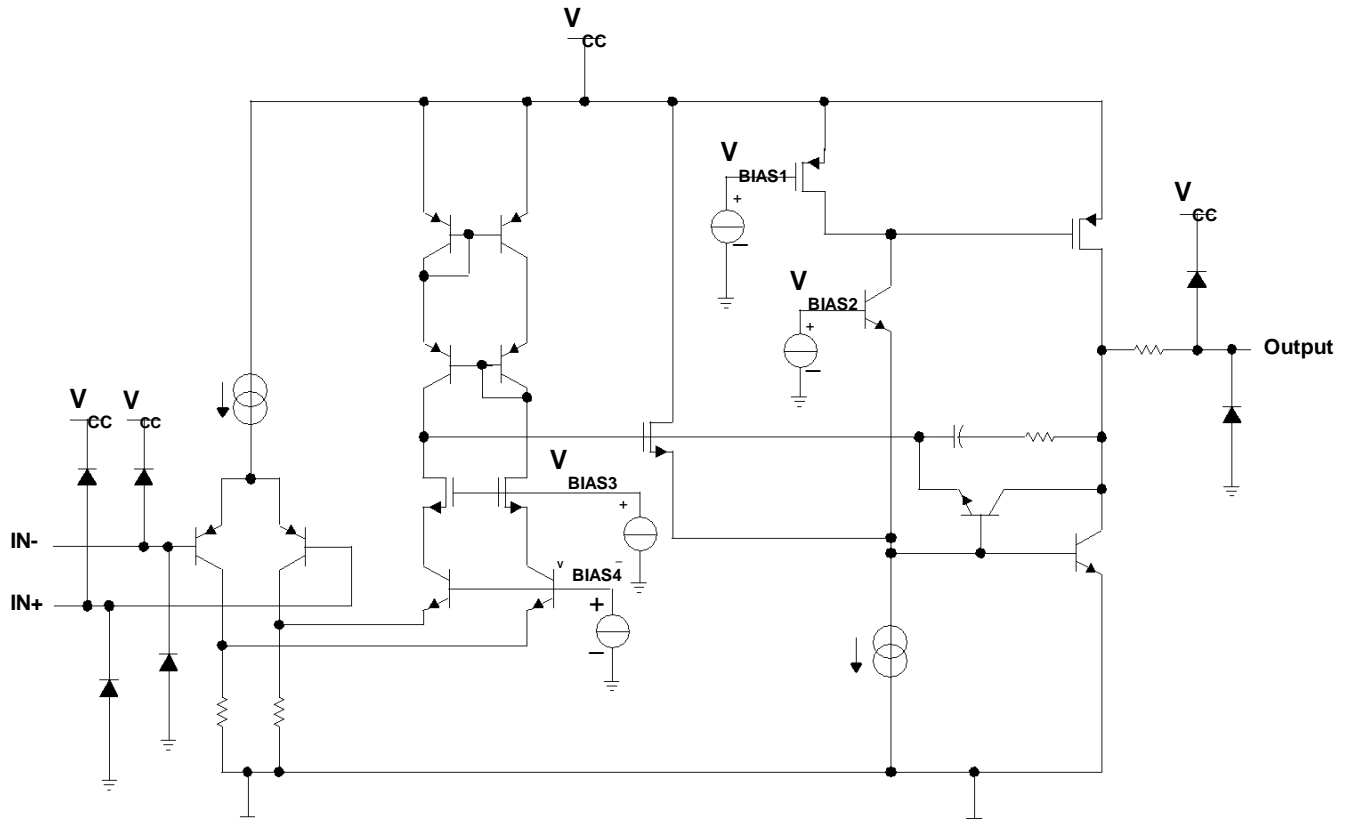
(1) Typical values represent the likely parametric nominal values determined at the time of characterization. Typical values depend on the application and configuration and may vary over time. Typical values are not ensured on production material.

Electrical Characteristics: $V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$
 $V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$, at specified free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.7	3	mV
	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$			7	
α_{VIO} Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		5		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{IB} Input bias current	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		15	250 ⁽²⁾	nA
	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$			500 ⁽²⁾	
I_{IO} Input offset current	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		5	50 ⁽²⁾	nA
	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$			150 ⁽²⁾	
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{CM} = 0$ to 4 V $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	50	65		dB
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio	$V_{CC} = 2.7\text{ V}$ to 5 V , $V_O = 1\text{ V}$, $V_{CM} = 1\text{ V}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	50	60		dB
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	CMRR $\geq 50\text{ dB}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0	-0.2		V
			4.2	4	
V_O Output swing	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to 2.5 V , high level, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CC} - 300$	$V_{CC} - 40$		mV
	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$ to 2.5 V , high level, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CC} - 400$ ⁽²⁾			
	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, low level		120	300	
	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$, low level			400 ⁽²⁾	
	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ to 2.5 V , high level, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CC} - 100$	$V_{CC} - 10$		
	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ to 2.5 V , high level, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CC} - 200$ ⁽²⁾			
	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, low level		65	180	
	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$, low level			280 ⁽²⁾	
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage gain	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	15	100		V/mV
	$R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+125^\circ\text{C}$	10 ⁽²⁾			
I_{OS} Output short-circuit current	Sourcing, $V_O = 0\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	5 ⁽²⁾	40		mA
	Sinking, $V_O = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	10 ⁽²⁾	40		
B_1 Unity-gain bandwidth	$C_L = 200\text{ pF}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.5		MHz
Φ_m Phase margin	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		60		$^\circ$
G_m Gain margin	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		10		dB
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		39		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
I_n Equivalent input noise current	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.21		$\text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
SR Slew rate	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$

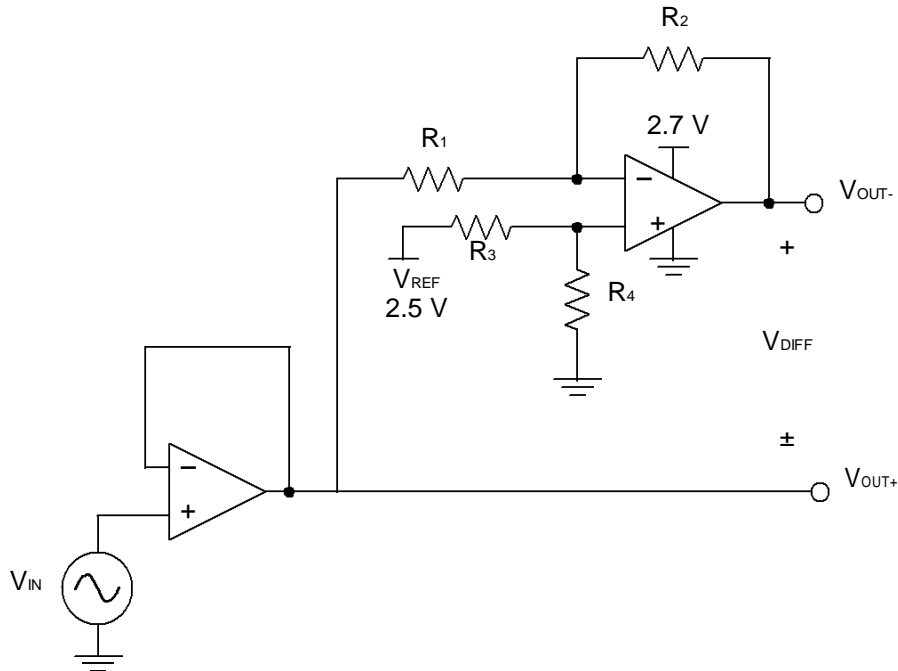
Typical Characteristics


Functional Block Diagram

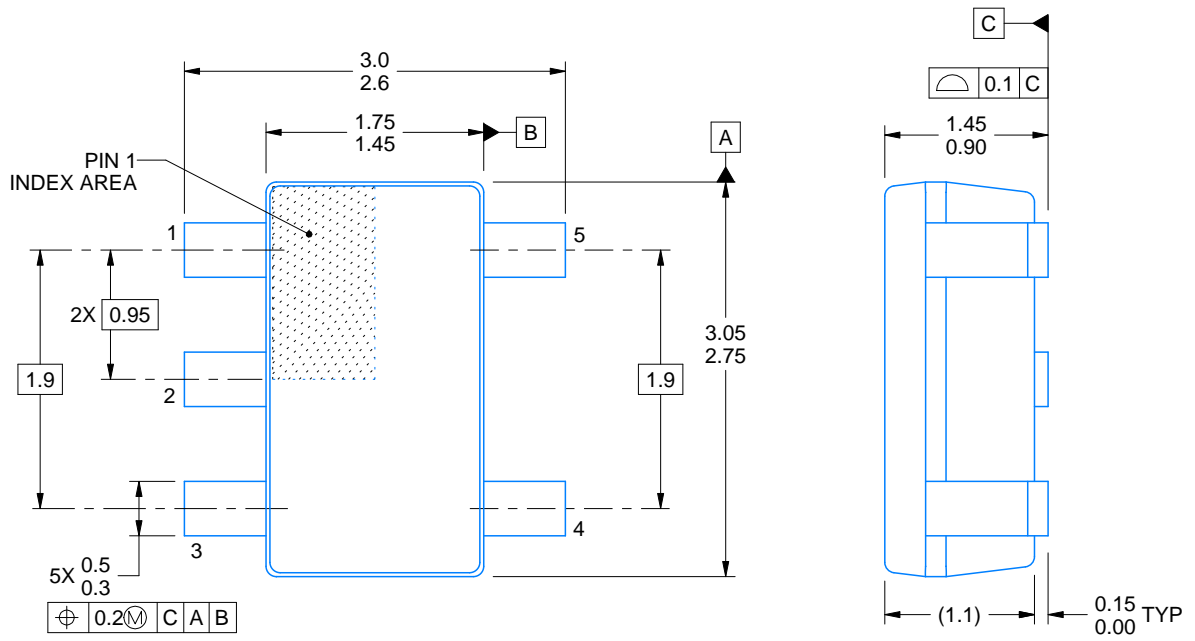


Typical Application

Some applications require differential signals. shows a simple circuit to convert a single-ended input of 0.5 to 2 V into differential output of ± 1.5 V on a single 2.7-V supply. The output range is intentionally limited to maximize linearity. The circuit is composed of two amplifiers. One amplifier acts as a buffer and creates a voltage, V_{OUT+} . The second amplifier inverts the input and adds a reference voltage to generate V_{OUT-} . Both V_{OUT+} and V_{OUT-} range from 0.5 to 2 V. The difference, V_{DIFF} , is the difference between V_{OUT+} and V_{OUT-} . The LMV358 was used to build this circuit.



Schematic for Single-Ended Input to Differential Output Conversion



X-ON Electronics

Largest Supplier of Electrical and Electronic Components

Click to view similar products for [Operational Amplifiers - Op Amps](#) category:

Click to view products by [HTCSEMI](#) manufacturer:

Other Similar products are found below :

[430227FB](#) [AZV831KTR-G1](#) [UPC451G2-A](#) [UPC824G2-A](#) [LT1678IS8](#) [042225DB](#) [058184EB](#) [UPC822G2-A](#) [UPC258G2-A](#)
[NCS5651MNTXG](#) [NCV33202DMR2G](#) [NJM324E](#) [NTE925](#) [5962-9080901MCA*](#) [AP4310AUMTR-AG1](#) [HA1630D02MMEL-E](#)
[HA1630S01LPEL-E](#) [SCY33178DR2G](#) [NJU77806F3-TE1](#) [NCV5652MUTWG](#) [NCV20034DR2G](#) [LM2902EDR2G](#) [NTE778S](#) [NTE871](#)
[NTE924](#) [NTE937](#) [MCP6V16UT-E/OT](#) [MCP6V17T-E/MS](#) [MCP6V19T-E/ST](#) [SCY6358ADR2G](#) [LTC2065IUD#PBF](#) [NCS20282FCTTAG](#)
[LM4565FVT-GE2](#) [EL5420CRZ-T7A](#) [TSV791IYLT](#) [TSV772IQ2T](#) [TLV2772QPWR](#) [NJM2100M-TE1](#) [NJM4556AM-TE1](#) [AS324MTR-E1](#)
[AS358MMTR-G1](#) [MCP6232T-EMNY](#) [MCP662-E/MF](#) [TLC081AIP](#) [TLC082AIP](#) [TLE2074ACDW](#) [TLV07IDR](#) [TLV2170IDGKT](#)
[TLV2455IDR](#) [TLV2461IDR](#)