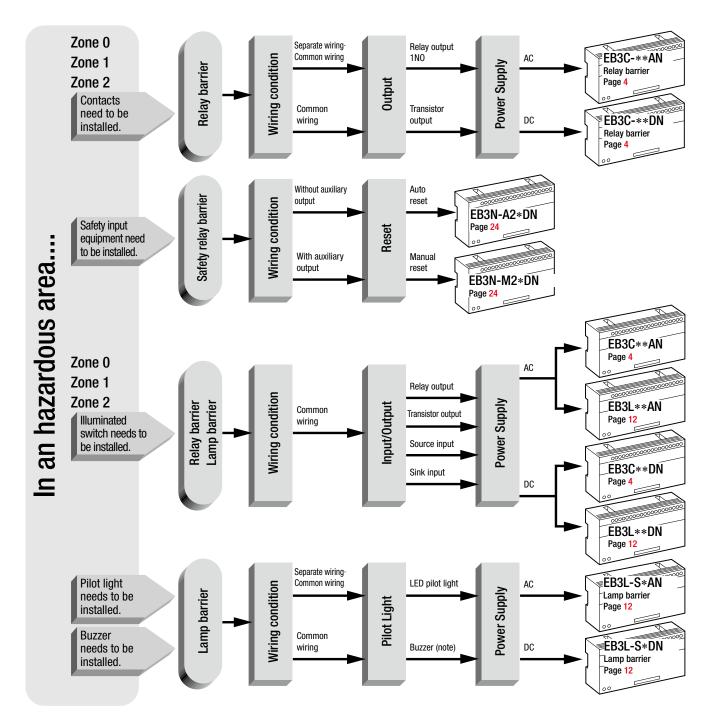


EB3C Relay Barriers EB3L Lamp Barriers EB3N Safety Relay Barriers



IDEC CORPORATION

In order to establish an intrinsically safe explosion-proof system, a barrier must be selected depending on the type of device (such as) pushbutton, pilot light, and proximity switch that are installed in the hazardous area. See the selection chart below.



Relay Barrier

Model	EB3C-***AN	EB3C-**DN	EB3N-**D	
Shape				
Explosion Protection	FM: Class I, II, III Div1 / Group A, B, C, Class I, Zone 0 / AEx [ia] II C UL: Class I, III IDiv1 / Group A, B, C, Class I, III Div1 / Group A, B, C, Class I, Zone 0 / AEx [ia] II C PTB (ATEX, IECEX): [Exia] II C CQST: [Exia Ga] II C CQST: [Exia Ga] II C TIIS: [Exia] II C KCS: [Exia] II C NK: [Exia] II C KR: [Exia] II C	Relay Barrier: [Exia] II C		
Degree of Protection	IP20	IP20	IP20	
No. of Channels	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 16	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 16	EB3N-□2ND: 2 safety circuits EB3N-□2R5D: 2 safety circuits, 5 auxiliary circuits	
Power Voltage	100 to 240V AC	24V DC	24V DC	
Output	Relay Transistor (Sink/Source)	Relay Transistor (Sink/Source)	Relay	
Connection	Screw Terminal	Screw Terminal, Connector	Screw Terminal	
Mounting	35-mm-wide DIN rail Panel mounting	35-mm-wide DIN rail Panel mounting	35-mm-wide DIN rail / Panel mounting	
Size (excluding projections)	42W×75H×77.5D (1 channel) 65W×75H×77.5D (2, 3 channels) 110.5W×75H×77.5D (5, 6, 8 channels (common)) 171.5W×75H×77.5D (8, 10, 16 channels (common))	42W×75H×77.5D (1 channel) 65W×75H×77.5D (2, 3 channels) 110.5W×75H×77.5D (5, 6, 8 channels (common)) 171.5W×75H×77.5D (8, 10, 16 channels (common))	65.0W×75.0H×77.5D (EB3N-□2ND) 110.5W×75.0H×77.5D) (EB3N-□2R5D)	
Weight (approx.)	0.38kg (EB3C-R10AN)	0.39kg (EB3C-R16CDN)	220g (EB3N-□2ND) 300g (EB3N-□2R5D)	
Page		4	24	

Lamp Barrier

Model	EB3L-**AN	EB3L-**DN
Shape		
Explosion Protection	FM: Class I, II, III Div1 / Group A, B, C, D, E, F, G Class I, Zone 0 / AEx [ia] II C UL: Class I, II, III Div1 / Group A, B, C, D, E, F, G Class I, Zone 0 / [AEx ia] II C PTB (ATEX, IECEX): [Exia] II C, Exia] III C CQST: [Exia Ga] II C TIIS: [Exia] II C KCS: [Exia] II C NK: [Exia] II C KR: [Exia] II C	
Degree of Protection	IP20	IP20
No. of Channels	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 10	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 16
Power Voltage	100 to 240V AC	24V DC
Input/Output	Transistor input (sink) Transistor input (source)	Transistor input (sink) Transistor input (source)
Connection	Screw Terminal	Screw Terminal, Connector
Mounting	35-mm-wide DIN rail Panel mounting	35-mm-wide DIN rail Panel mounting
Size (excluding projections)	42W×75H×77.5D (1 channel) 65W×75H×77.5D (2, 3 channels) 110.5W×75H×77.5D (5, 6, 8 channels (common)) 171.5W×75H×77.5D (8, 10 channels)	42W×75H×77.5D (1 channel) 65W×75H×77.5D (1 channel) 110.5W×75H×77.5D (5, 6, 8 channels (common)) 171.5W×75H×77.5D (8, 10, 16 channels (common))
Weight (approx.)	0.36kg (EB3L-S10SAN)	0.36kg (EB3L-S16CSDN)
Page		12

EB3C Relay Barriers

Input contacts can be used in any explosive gas and Zone 0/Class I Div. 1 areas.

Explosion	Relay Barrier:	[Exia] II C
protection	Switch (EB9Z-A):	Exia II CT6
protection	Switch (EB9Z-A1):	Exia II BT6

• IEC60079 compliant.

- Wide variety of models ranging from 1-circuit to 16 circuit models.
- 8- and 16-channel are available in common wiring, ideal for connection to PLCs. 16-circuit also available with a connector.
- No grounding required.
- IDEC's original spring-up terminal minimizes wiring time.
- 35-mm-wide DIN rail mounting or direct screw mounting.
- Global usage IECEx USA: FM, UL Europe: CE marking, ATEX China: CQST Korea: KCS Taiwan TS
- Japan: TIIS
- Ship class: NK (Japan), KR (Korea)



Relay Barriers

Power Voltage	Connection to Non-intrinsically Safe Circuit	Input Wiring Method	Ou	tput	Number of Channels	Part No.	Weight (g)
					1	EB3C-R01AN	150
						EB3C-R02AN	180
					3	EB3C-R03AN	190
		Separate/Common Wiring Compatible			5	EB3C-R05AN	260
		winnig compatible	K	elay	6	EB3C-R06AN	270
					8	EB3C-R08AN	300
					10	EB3C-R10AN	380
		Common Wiring Only			8	EB3C-R08CAN	280
					1	EB3C-T01AN	140
100 to 240V AC					2	EB3C-T02AN	170
		Concernate (Community			3	EB3C-T03AN	180
		Separate/Common Wiring Compatible	Transistor (Sink/Source)	5	EB3C-T05AN	250
		Wining compatible			6	EB3C-T06AN	260
					8	EB3C-T08AN	320
					10	EB3C-T10AN	340
		Common Wiring Only	Transia	Transistor (Sink)		EB3C-T08CKAN	260
	Screw Terminal		11411515			EB3C-T16CKAN	260
			Transistor (Source)		8	EB3C-T08CSAN	260
					16	EB3C-T16CSAN	260
					1	EB3C-R01DN	130
					2	EB3C-R02DN	170
					3	EB3C-R03DN	180
		Separate/Common Wiring Compatible				EB3C-R05DN	250
		Wining compatible	Relay		6	EB3C-R06DN	260
						EB3C-R08DN	260
			-		10	EB3C-R10DN	360
		Common Wiring Only			8	EB3C-R08CDN	270
		Common winning only				EB3C-R16CDN	390
						EB3C-T01DN	120
24V DC					2	EB3C-T02DN	160
240 00		Separate/Common			3	EB3C-T03DN	170
		Wiring Compatible	Transistor (Sink/Source)	5	EB3C-T05DN	240
					6	EB3C-T06DN	250
					8	EB3C-T08DN	250
					10	EB3C-T10DN	320
				Sink	8	EB3C-T08CKDN	250
					16	EB3C-T16CKDN	350
		Common Wiring Only	Transistor	Source	8	EB3C-T08CSDN	250
			nanoiotoi		16	EB3C-T16CSDN	350
	Connector			Sink	- 16	EB3C-T16CKD-CN	330
	CONTRECTOR		Source		10	EB3C-T16CSD-CN	330



Accessories

Name	Part No.	Ordering No.	Package Quantity	Description
DIN Rail	BAA1000	BAA1000PN10	10	Aluminum (1m long)
Din Raii	BAP1000	BAP1000PN10	10	Steel (1m long)
End Clip	BNL6	BNL6PN10	10	For fastening EB3C units on the DIN rail.
Static Electricity Caution Plate	EB9Z-N1	EB9Z-N1PN10	10	Polyester 20 (W) x 6 (H) mm

Explosion-Protection and Electrical Specifications

Explosion Protection		Intrinsic safety type					
Degree of Protection		IP20 (IEC60529)					
Insta	llatio	n Location	Relay Barrier	Safe indoor place (safe area: non-hazardous area)			
Switch		For zone 0, 1, 2 hazar	dous areas				
Non-intrinsically Safe Circuit Maximum Voltage (Um)		250V AC					
	Wiring Method		1-channel 16-channel Separate Wiring Common Wiring				
	Rate	d Operating Vo	oltage	12V DC ±10%			
	Rate	d Operating C	urrent	10 mA DC ±20%			
lits	Max	imum Output \	/oltage (Uo)	13.2V DC			
Circu		imum Output (14.2 mA	227.2 mA		
afe (imum Output F		46.9 mW	750 mW		
ntrinsically Safe Circuits	Сара	imum External acitance (Co)	(Note 1)	470 nF (470 nF)	490 nF (365 nF)		
ntrinsi		imum External ctance (Lo)	(Note 2)	87.5 mH (87.5 mH)	0.6 mH (0.425 mH)		
_	Allowable Wiring Resis Maximum Channels p Common Line			300Ω	$\begin{array}{l} 600/(N+1)\Omega\\ (N=number of \\ common channels) \end{array}$		
			s per	-	16		
		Contact Configuration		1N0			
		Rated Insulation Voltage (Ui)		250V AC, 125V DC			
		Thermal Current (Ith)		3A (common terminal: 8A)			
		Contact	Resistive Load	AC: 750 VA, DC: 72W			
		Allowable Power	Inductive Load	AC: 750 VA ($\cos \phi = 0.3 \text{ to } 0.4$) DC: 48W (L/R = 7 ms)			
			Resistive Load	250V AC 3A, 24V DC 3A			
	Relay Output	Rated Load Inductive Load		250V AC 3A (cos \emptyset = 0.3 to 0.4) 24V DC 2A (L/R = 7 ms)			
	ay	Minimum App	olicable Load	0.1V DC, 0.1 mA (refe	rence value)		
lits	Be	Contact Resis	stance	50 mΩ maximum (init	ial value)		
Circi		Turn ON Time		12 ms maximum (rate	ed voltage)		
afe		Turn OFF Tim	е	10 ms maximum (rated voltage)			
Non-intrinsically Safe Circuits		Mechanical Life		20,000,000 operations minimum (at 18,000 operations/hour, without load)			
intrinsi		Electrical Life		(at 1,800 operations/h	100,000 operations minimum (at 1,800 operations/hour, rated load)		
-uor		Short-circuit		None	None		
2		Rated Voltage		24V DC			
		Maximum Vo			30V DC		
	Ħ	Maximum Cu		100 mA (connector m	odel: 15 mA)		
	utpi	Leakage Curr	rent	0.1 mA maximum			
	ransistor Outpu	Voltage Drop		1.5 V maximum			
	Isist	Clamping Vol		33V (1W)			
	Tran	Inrush Currer		0.5A maximum (1 sec	,		
		Turn ON Time		0.1 ms maximum (res	,		
		Turn OFF Tim		0.4 ms (typical) (resist	tive load)		
		Short-circuit	Protection	None			

Note: Values in () are those approved by TIIS (Technology Institution of Industrial Safety, Japan).

Certification No.

Certification Organization	Explosion Protection	Certification No.
FM	Class I, II, III Div. 1 Group A, B, C, D, E, F, G	FM16US0364X
FM	Class I, Zone 0 AEx [ia] II C	
c-UL Group A, B, C, D, E, F, G		E234997
	Class I, Zone 0 AEx [ia] II C	
PTB (ATEX)	[Exia] II C: Gas, Vapour [Exia] III C: Dust	PTB09 ATEX2046
PTB (IECEx)	[Exia] II C: Gas, Vapour [Exia] III C: Dust	IECEx PTB10.0015
CQST	[Exia Ga] II C	CNEx14.0047
KCs	[Exia] II C	14-AV4B0-0373
	Relay barrier: [Exia] II C	TC20539
TIIS	Switch (EB9Z-A): Exia II CT6	TC15758
	Switch (EB9Z-A1): Exia II BT6	TC15961
NK	[Exia] II C	TA18437M
KR	[Exia] II C	TYK17821-EL003

Note: For details about switches, see "Switch Explosion-Protection Specifications" on page 6 and "3. Switches in the Hazardous Area" on page 10.

General Specifications

Power Voltage	AC Power	DC Power	
Rated Power Voltage	100 to 240V AC	24V DC	
Allowable Voltage Range	-15 to +10%	±10%	
Rated Frequency	50/60 Hz		
Inrush Current	10A (100V AC) 20A (200V AC)	10A	
	Between intrinsically safe circu circuit: 1526.4V AC	it and non-intrinsically safe	
Dielectric Strength (1 minute, 1 mA)	Between AC power and output	terminal: 1500V AC	
	Between DC power and transistor output terminal: 1000V AC (screw terminal model only)		
Operating Temperature	-20 to +60°C (no freezing)		
Storage Temperature	–20 to +60°C (no freezing)		
Operating Humidity	45 to 85% RH (no condensatior	1)	
Atmosphere	800 to 1100 hPa		
Pollution Degree	2 (IEC60664)		
Insulation Resistance	10 MΩ minimum (500V DC meg as the dielectric strength)	gger, between the same poles	
Vibration Resistance	Panel mounting: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.75 mm		
(damage limits)	DIN rail mounting: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.35 mm		
Shock Resistance	Panel mounting: 500 m/s ² (3 times each on X, Y, Z)		
(damage limits)	DIN rail mounting: 300 m/s ² (3	times each on X, Y, Z)	
Terminal Style	M3 screw terminal		
Mounting	35-mm-wide DIN rail or panel r	mounting (M4 screw)	
Power Consumption (approx.)	9.6 VA (EB3C-R10AN at 200V A 4.8W (EB3C-R16CDN at 24V D0		

Switch Explosion-Protection Specifications (Japan only)

Simple apparatuses in accordance with relevant standards of each country can be installed in the hazardous area and connected to the EB3C located in the safe area. In Japan, any switches, though regarded as simple apparatuses, must be certified for explosion-proof devices. EB9Z-A and EB9Z-A1 are IDEC's generic Part No. of any single apparatuses certified by TIIS for use with the EB3C, therefore simple apparatuses with specifications shown below can be used as those approved by the Japanese explosion-proof certification.

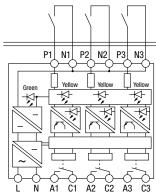
Switch Part No.	EB9Z-A	EB9Z-A1				
Explosion Proof (Note 1)	Exia II CT6 Exia II BT6					
Operating Temperature	-20 to +60°C (no freezing)					
Operating Humidity	45 to 85% RH (no condensation)					
Degree of Protection	IP20					
Dielectric Strength	500V AC, 1 mA					
Intrinsic Safety Ratings and Parameters		16-channel Common Wiring Maximum input voltage (U): 13.2V Maximum input current (II): 227.2 mA Maximum input power (Pi): 750 mW Internal capacitance (Ci): ≤ 32 nF Internal inductance (Li): ≤ 80 µH				
	Metallic: Magnesium content must be 7.5% or less (steel and aluminum are acceptable)					
Enclosure Material	Plastic: Switch operator exposed area IIC: 20 cm2 maximum IIB: 100 cm2 maximum When the switch has a wider exposed area, attach a caution label as shown at right.	Caution To prevent electrostatic charges, do not rub the switch surface during operation. Use a soft cloth dipped with water for cleaning. Caution Label Example				
Switch Ratings (Note 2)	Contact rating: Ui, li minimum Contact resistance: 0.5Ω maximum Cross sectional area of wire: 0.000962 mm2 minimum Printed circuit board: Thickness 0.5 mm minimum Copper foil width 0.15 mm minimum Thickness 18 µm minimum one/both side(s) A resistor to prevent contact welding and an LED can be connected to Consult IDEC for details.	1-channel separate wiring circuits.				

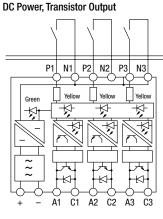
Note 1: See "Precautions for Operation" on page 10.

Note 2: For details, see "3. Switches in the Hazardous Area" on page 10.

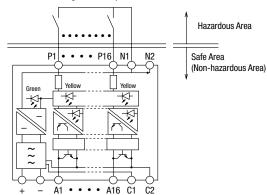
Internal Circuit Block Diagram

AC Power, Relay Output





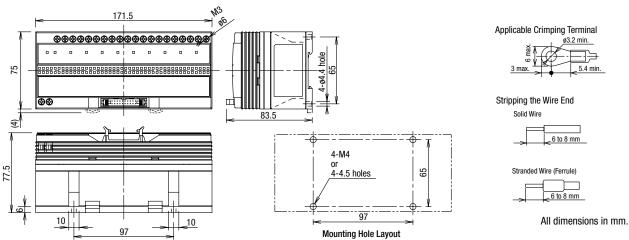


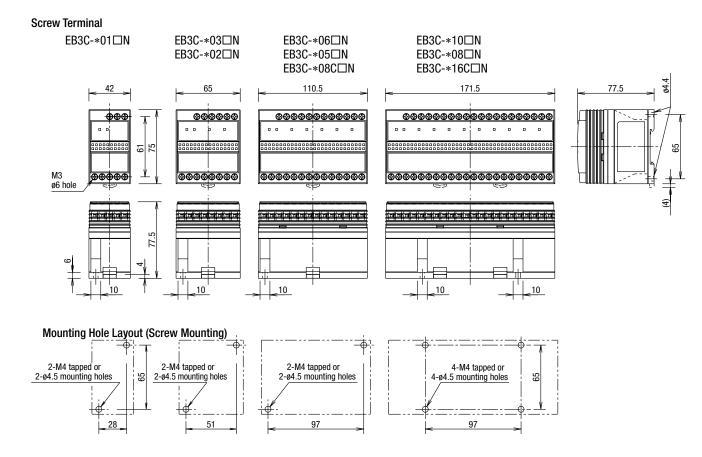


Dimensions

Connector Model

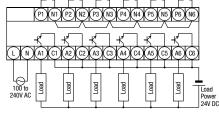
EB3C-T16C□-CN





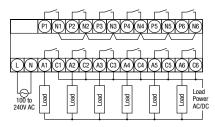
External Wiring Examples

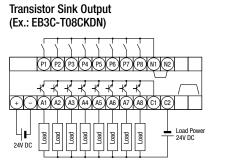
Transistor Output (Ex.: EB3C-T06AN)



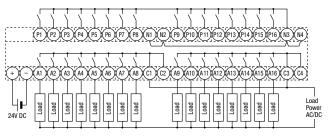
Note: On the sink/source transistor output model, terminals A can be used as a positive common line.

Relay Output (Ex.: EB3C-R06AN)

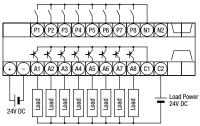




Relay Output Common Wiring (Ex.: EB3C-R16CDN)

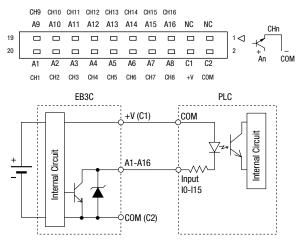


Transistor Source Output (Ex.: EB3C-T08CSDN)

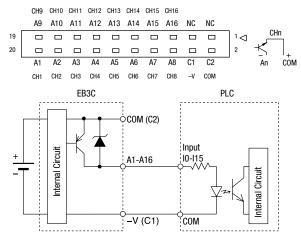


Connector Model Output Wiring Diagram

EB3C-T16CKD-CN (Sink)



EB3C-T16CSD-CN (Source)



Wiring Example with IDEC's MicroSmart PLC Input Modules

EB3C-T	16CKD-CN	FC4A-N16B3		
Terminal	Output	Input	Terminal	
20	A1	10	20	
19	A9	110	19	
18	A2	 11	18	
17	A10	 111	17	
16	A3	 12	16	
15	A11	 l12	15	
14	A4	 13	14	
13	A12	 113	13	
12	A5	 14	12	
11	A13	114	11	
10	A6	15	10	
9	A14	 l15	9	
8	A7	 16	8	
7	A15	 116	7	
6	A8	 17	6	
5	A16	 117	5	
4	+V	COM	4	
3	NC	 COM	3	
2	COM	 NC	2	
1	NC	 NC	1	

PLU	PLC input modules						
	EB3C-T1	6CSD-CN	_	FC4A-	N16B3		
	Terminal	Output		Input	Terminal		
	20	A1	<u> </u>	10	20		
	19	A9		110	19		
	18	A2		11	18		
	17	A10		111	17		
	16	A3		12	16		
	15	A11		l12	15		
	14	A4		13	14		
	13	A12		113	13		
	12	A5		14	12		
	11	A13		114	11		
	10	A6		15	10		
	9	A14		l15	9		
	8	A7		16	8		
	7	A15		116	7		
	6	A8		17	6		
	5	A16		117	5		
	4	-V		COM	4		
	3	NC		СОМ	3		
	2	COM		NC	2		
	1	NC		NC	1		

Note: The wiring in dashed line does not affect the operation of the EB3C. Applicable connector is IDEC's JE1S-201. Input power for PLC inputs is supplied by the EB3C, therefore the PLC input does not

EB3C-∗10□N

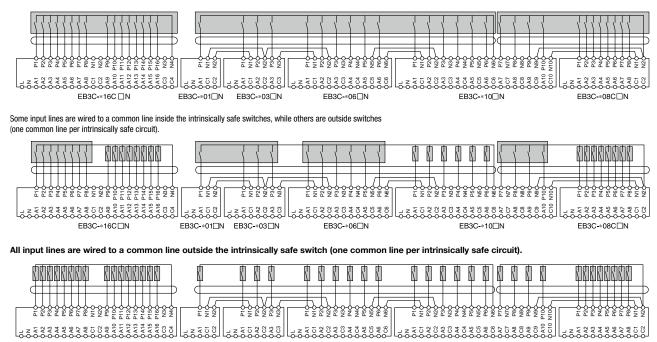
EB3C-∗08C□N

need an external power supply.

Wiring Example of Intrinsically Safe External Inputs

Common Wiring (Maximum 16 circuits)

All input lines are wired to a common line inside the intrinsically safe switch (one common line per intrinsically safe circuit).



EB3C-∗06□N

EB3C-∗16C□N

EB3C-∗01⊡N

EB3C-∗03⊡N

2. Separate Wiring

Each input line of the EB3C makes up one independent intrinsically safe circuit.

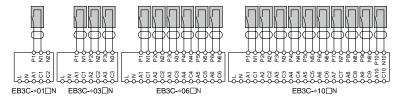
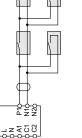


Diagram Symbols







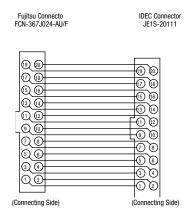
Notes

- As shown in the diagram on the left, a required number of "contacts in one switch" (3 contacts in the example at left) can be added to the "contacts in one switch" connected to one input channel.
- Similarly, a required number of "contacts in one switch" can be added to a common line connected to multiple input channels.
- The capacitance and inductance of the added "contacts in one switch" must be included in the calculation of the wiring capacitance and inductance in "Precautions for Operation, 5. Wiring for Intrinsic Safety, (7)" on page 11.
- In addition, a required number of contacts can be added in the enclosure of "contacts in one switch." In this case, however, do not include the capacitance and inductance in the calculation of the wiring capacitance and inductance on page 11. Instead, make sure that the internal capacitance (Ci) and internal inductance (Li) are within the values shown in the table "Switch Explosion-Protection Specifications (Japan only)" on page 6.

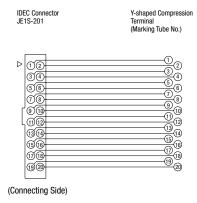
Recommended Connector Cable for Connector Models

	Description	No. of Poles	Length (m)	Part No.	Shape	Applicable Model
			0.5	FC9Z-H050A20		
	With Shield		1	FC9Z-H100A20	│	IDEC MicroSmart
	With Officia		2	FC9Z-H200A20		I/O Module
I/O Terminal			3	FC9Z-H300A20		
Cable			0.5	FC9Z-H050B20		
	Without Shield		1	FC9Z-H100B20		IDEC MicroSmart I/O Module
	Without Shield	20	2	FC9Z-H200B20		
			3	FC9Z-H300B20		
			1	BX9Z-H100E4		Screw Terminal
Cable with Cr	imping Terminal		2	BX9Z-H200E4		
			3	BX9Z-H300E4		
			1	BX9Z-H100L	350 Connector B	Mitsubishi A Series Input Module
40-pin Cable for PLC			2	BX9Z-H200L		(positive common)
			3	BX9Z-H300L	Connector A	EB3C-T16CKD-CN

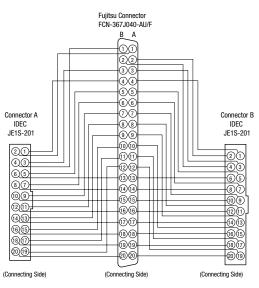
FC9Z-H A, FC9Z-H B Internal Connection







BX9Z-H C L Internal Connection



Operating Instructions

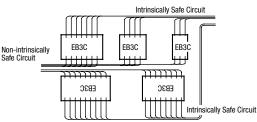
1. Installation of EB3C Relay Barriers

- (1) The EB3C can be installed in any direction.
- (2) Install the EB3C relay barrier in a safe area (non-hazardous area) in accordance with intrinsic safety ratings and parameters. To avoid mechanical shocks, install the EB3C in an enclosure which suppresses shocks.
- (3) When installing or wiring the EB3C, prevent electromagnetic and electrostatic inductions in the intrinsically safe circuit. Also prevent the intrinsically safe circuits from contacting with another intrinsically safe circuit and any other circuits.

Maintain at least 50 mm clearance, or provide a metallic separating board between the intrinsically safe circuit and non-intrinsically safety circuit. When providing a metallic separating board, make sure that the board fits closely to the enclosure (top, bottom, and both sides). Allowable clearance between the enclosure and board is 1.5 mm at the maximum.

The clearance of 50 mm between the intrinsically safe circuit and non-intrinsically safe circuit may not be sufficient when a motor circuit or high-voltage circuit is installed nearby. In this case, provide a wider clearance between the circuits referring to 5 (3) "Minimum Parallel Distance between the Intrinsically Safe Circuit and Other Circuits."

(4) In order to prevent contact between intrinsically safe circuits and nonintrinsically safe circuits, mount EB3C units with terminals arranged in the same direction.



- (5) Maintain at least 6 mm (or 3 mm according to IEC60079-11: 1999) clearance between the terminal of intrinsically safe circuit and the grounded metal part of a metal enclosure, and between the relay terminal block of an intrinsically safe circuit and the grounded metal part of a metal enclosure.
- (6) For installing the EB3C, mount on a 35-mm-wide DIN rail or directly on a panel using screws. Make sure to install securely to withstand vibration. When mounting on a DIN rail, push in the clamp completely. Use the BNL6 end clips on both sides of the EB3C to prevent from moving sideways.
- (7) Excessive extraneous noise may cause malfunction and damage to the EB3C. When extraneous noise activates the voltage limiting circuit (thyristor), remove the noise source and restore the power.

2. Terminal Wiring

- Using a ø5.5 mm or smaller screw driver, tighten the terminal screws (including unused terminal screws) to a torque of 0.6 to 1.0 N⋅m (recommended value).
- (2) Make sure that IP20 is achieved when wiring. Use insulation tubes on bare crimping terminals.
- (3) To prevent disengaged wires from contacting with other intrinsically safe circuits, bind together the wires of one intrinsically safe circuit.
- (4) When the adjacent terminal is connected to another intrinsically safe circuit, provide an insulation distance of at least 6 mm.

Applicable Switches

	Push-pull Switches	Pushbutton, Foot, Trigger, Rocker, Grip				
Control Switches	Twisting Switches	Rotary, Selector, Cam, Drum, Thumb wheel				
ownenco	Lever and Slide Switches	Toggle, Multidirectional, Wobble stick, Lever, Slide switch				
Sensing	Displacement Switches	Microswitch, Limit, Magnetic proximity, Door, Reed, Mercury				
Switches	Level Switches	Liquid level				
	Others	Pressure, Temperature				

- Note: For installation in hazardous areas and connection to the EB3C, use switches which are certified, approved, or considered to be simple apparatus in relevant standards in each country.
- (2) When the switch has internal wiring or lead wire, make sure that the values of internal inductance (Li) and capacitance (Ci) are within the certified values.
- (3) Enclose the switch contact's bare live part in an enclosure of IP20 or higher protection.
- (4) Depending on the explosion-protection specifications according to TIIS, the exposed area of plastic switch operator is limited as follows:
 - Exia II CT6 (EB9Z-A): 20 cm² maximum
 - Exia II BT6 (EB9Z-A1): 100 cm² maximum
- (5) Attach the certification mark supplied with the EB3C on the EB9Z-A or EB9Z-A1 switch (for Japan application).
- (6) When the switch operator of plastic enclosure has a wider exposed area than the following limits, attach a caution label as shown below.

II C: 20 cm² maximum II B: 100 cm² maximum

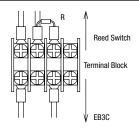
Caution				
To prevent electrostatic charges, do not rub the switch surface during operation.				
Use a soft cloth dipped with water for cleaning.				

Caution Label Example

(7) For the 1-circuit separate wiring, a resistor to prevent reed switch contact welding and an LED miniature pilot lights can be connected in series with the contact. See below. Use the terminal screw of M3 or larger.

Applicable Resistor Ratings

Resistance	100Ω maximum
Rated Wattage	0.5 to 3W
Model	Metal (oxide) film resistors



Applicable LED

IDEC's IPL1 series LED miniature pilot lights. See pages 14 and 17.

Operating Instructions

4. Output Specifications

- (1) When wiring the output from the EB3C, connect the non-intrinsically safe circuit to terminals A and C. The EB3C output circuit is not equipped with short-circuit protection. If required, provide a protection in the external circuit.
- (2) Relay Output

Some types of loads generate reverse emf (such as solenoids) or cause a large inrush current (incandescent lamps), resulting in a shorter operation life of output relay contacts. The operation life of contacts can be extended by preventing the reverse emf using a diode, RC, or varistor, or by suppressing the inrush current using a resistor or RL.

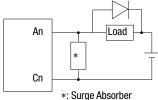
Contacts are made of gold-clad silver. When using at a small current and a low voltage (reference value: 0.1 mA, 0.1 V), test the contact on the actual circuit in advance.

(3) Transistor Output

When connecting a small load, the load may not turn off because of a leakage current, even though the transistor output is turned off. If this is the case, connect a resistor in parallel with the load to bypass the leakage current.

When an excessively high voltage (clamps at 33V, 1W) or a reverse voltage is applied to the output terminals, the clamping circuit or output transistor may be damaged.

When driving an inductive load, be sure to connect a diode across the load to absorb reverse emf.



Example of Overvoltage Absorption Circuit

- (4) In the common wiring only models, the output terminals are not isolated from each other.
- (5) When connecting the connector model EB3C's in parallel, use one power supply to power the EB3C's. Do not connect any wiring to the C1 and C2 terminals.

5. Wiring for Intrinsic Safety

- (1) The voltage applied on the general circuit connected to the nonintrinsically safe circuit terminals of the EB3C relay barrier must be 250V AC, 50/60Hz, or 250V DC at the maximum under any conditions, including the voltage of the input power and the internal circuit.
- (2) When wiring, take into consideration the prevention of electromagnetic and electrostatic charges on intrinsically safe circuits. Also, prevent intrinsically safe circuits from contacting with other circuits.
- (3) The intrinsically safe circuits must be separated from non-intrinsically safe circuits. Contain intrinsically safe circuits in a metallic tube or duct, or separate the intrinsically safe circuits referring to the table below.
- Note: Cables with a magnetic shield, such as a metallic sheath, prevent electromagnetic induction and electrostatic induction, however, a non-magnetic shield prevents electrostatic induction only. For non-magnetic shields, take a preventive measure against electromagnetic induction.

Finely twisted pair cables prevent electromagnetic induction. Adding shields to the twisted pair cables provides protection against electrostatic induction.

Minimum Parallel Distance between the Intrinsically Safe Circuit and Other Circuits (mm)

Voltage and Current of Other Circuits	Over 100A	100A or less	50A or less	10A or less
Over 440V	2000	2000	2000	2000
440V or less	2000	600	600	600
220V or less	2000	600	600	500
110V or less	2000	600	500	300
60V or less	2000	500	300	150

- (4) When identifying intrinsically safe circuits by color, use light blue terminal blocks and cables.
- (5) When using two or more EB3C's to set up one intrinsically safe circuit in the common wiring configuration, interconnect two neutral terminals (N1 through N10) on each EB3C between adjacent EB3C's in parallel.
- (6) Make sure that the power of the EB3C and contact are turned off before starting inspection or replacement.
- (7) When wiring the intrinsically safe circuit, determine the distance to satisfy the wiring parameters shown below. Note that parameters are different between separate wiring and common wiring.
 - a) Wiring capacitance $Cw \le Co (Ci + N \times 2 nF)$
 - Co: Maximum external capacitance of the EB3C
 - Ci: Internal capacitance of the switch
 - N: The number of switches connected in series or parallel (the number is infinite)
 - b) Wiring inductance $Lw \le Lo (Li + N \times 5 \mu H)$
 - Lo: Maximum external inductance of the EB3C
 - Li: Internal inductance of the switch
 - N: The number of switches connected in series or parallel (the number is infinite)
 - c) Wiring resistance \leq Rw
 - Rw: Allowable wiring resistance
 - Allowable wiring distance D (km) is the smallest value of those calculated from the capacitance, inductance, and resistance.

$D \leq Cw/C$	C (nF/km):	Capacitance of cable per km
$D \le Lw/L$	L (mH/km):	Inductance of cable per km
$D \le Rw/2R$	$\mathbf{R} (\Omega/km)$:	Resistance of cable per km

- Note: For the details of wiring the intrinsically safe circuits, refer to a relevant test guideline for explosion-proof electric equipment in each country.
- (8) Applicable Wire Size

0.5 to 2.0 mm² (AWG20 to AWG14): two wires

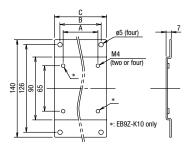
However, one wire for 2.0 mm² (AWG14)

Mounting Bracket

The following mounting brackets can be used to install the EB3C relay barriers and EB3L lamp barriers on the mounting holes of IBRC contact signal transducer, IBPL pilot relay barrier, and IBZ buzzer.

No. of Channels	Part No.	Dimension (mm)			
	Fait NU.	A	В	C	
1	EB9Z-K01	28.0	44.0	61.0	
2	EB9Z-K02	51.0	59.5	76.0	
3	EB9Z-K03	51.0	75.0	91.5	
5	EB9Z-K05	97.0	105.0	122.0	
6	EB9Z-K06	97.0	120.0	137.0	
10	EB9Z-K10	97.0	181.0	198.0	

Dimensions



All dimensions in mm.

EB3L Lamp Barriers

126 types of pilot lights and buzzers can be connected and used in Zone 0 areas. Illuminated pushbuttons and illuminated selector switches can be connected by combining with the EB3C relay barrier.

Explosion protection				
Lamp Barrier	[Exia] II C			
Pilot Light (separate wiring)	Exia II CT6			
Pilot Light (common wiring)	Exia II CT4			
Illuminated Pushbutton	Exia II CT4			
Illuminated Selector Switch	Exia II CT4			
Buzzer (separate wiring)*	Exib II CT6			

• IEC60079 compliant.

- 8- and 16-channel are available in common wiring, ideal for connection to PLCs. 16-circuit also available with a connector.
- Universal AC power voltage (100 to 240V AC)
- No grounding required.
- IDEC's original spring-up terminal minimizes wiring time.
- Installation
- 35-mm-wide DIN rail mounting or direct screw mounting.
- ø6, ø8, ø10, ø22 and ø30 pilot lights available.
- Illuminated pushbuttons and illuminated selector switches can be connected by combining with the EB3C relay barrier.
 Illumination colors: Amber, blue, green, red, white, and yellow (pushlock turn reset: red only)
- Buzzers are available in intermittent and continuous sounds. ø30 mounting hole.
- Global usage
- IECEx
- USA: FM, UL
- Europe: CE marking, ATEX
- China: CQST Korea: KCS
- Taiwan: TS
- Japan: TIIS
- Ship class: NK (Japan), KR (Korea)



- * Buzzers are certified by TIIS only. Other ex-proof
- certifications pending.
- * Buzzers cannot be used in Zone 0 areas.

Lamp Barriers

Power Voltage	Connection to Non-intrinsically Safe Circuit	Input	Input Wiring Method (Note)	Number of Channels	Part No.	Weight (g
				1	EB3L-S01SAN	150
				2	EB3L-S02SAN	180
				3	EB3L-S03SAN	190
		0	Separate/Common Wiring Compatible	5	EB3L-S05SAN	250
		Source	winny companie	6	EB3L-S06SAN	260
				8	EB3L-S08SAN	330
				10	EB3L-S10SAN	360
	0 T i i		Common Wiring Only	8 (*)	EB3L-S08CSAN	260
100 to 240V AC	Screw Terminal			1	EB3L-S01KAN	150
				2	EB3L-S02KAN	180
				3	EB3L-S03KAN	190
		0.1	Separate/Common Wiring Compatible	5	EB3L-S05KAN	250
		Sink	winning compatible	6	EB3L-S06KAN	260
				8	EB3L-S08KAN	330
				10	EB3L-S10KAN	360
			Common Wiring Only	8 (*)	EB3L-S08CKAN	260
			Separate/Common Wiring Compatible	1	EB3L-S01SDN	130
				2	EB3L-S02SDN	160
				3	EB3L-S03SDN	170
				5	EB3L-S05SDN	240
		Source		6	EB3L-S06SDN	250
				8	EB3L-S08SDN	310
				10	EB3L-S10SDN	250
			Common Wiring Only	8 (*)	EB3L-S08CSDN	340
	o - · · ·			16 (*)	EB3L-S16CSDN	350
	Screw Terminal			1	EB3L-S01KDN	130
24V DC				2	EB3L-S02KDN	160
				3	EB3L-S03KDN	170
			Separate/Common Wiring Compatible	5	EB3L-S05KDN	240
		Sink	winny companie	6	EB3L-S06KDN	250
				8	EB3L-S08KDN	310
				10	EB3L-S10KDN	340
				8 (*)	EB3L-S08CKDN	250
			Common Wiring Only	16 (*)	EB3L-S16CKDN	350
	a .	Source	0	16 (*)	EB3L-S16CSD-CN	350
	Connector	Sink	Common Wiring Only	16 (*)	EB3L-S16CKD-CN	350

* Buzzers cannot be connected in common wiring. Note: Source input model can be connected with sink output PLC. Sink input model can be connected with source output PLC.

Accessories

Name	Part No.	Ordering No.	Package Quantity	Description
DIN Rail	BAA1000	BAA1000PN10	10	Aluminum (1m long)
DIN Kali	BAP1000	BAP1000PN10	10	Steel (1m long)
End Clip	BNL6	BNL6PN10	10	For fastening EB3L units on the DIN rail.

nit	Size	Series (Note 1)	Shape	Operation Mode	Contact	Ordering No. (Note 2)	Lens Color/ Illumination Color Code*	Operation						
			Dome	-	-	EB3P-LAN1-*								
	ø30	N	Square	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	EB3P-LUN3B-*								
	000		Rectangular w/Metal Bezel	—	-	EB3P-LUN4-*								
			Dome w/Diecast Sleeve	—	-	EB3P-LAD1-*								
			Flush	—	-	EB3P-LAW1-*	A: Amber							
		тw	Flush (Marking Type)	—	-	EB3P-LAW1B-*	G: Green							
0			Dome	—	<u> </u>	EB3P-LAW2-*	R: Red	_						
			Square Flush (Marking Type)	—	-	EB3P-LUW1B-*	S: Blue							
	ø22		Round Flush	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	EB3P-LHW1-*	W: White Y: Yellow							
		HW	Dome	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	EB3P-LHW2-*								
			Square Flush	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	EB3P-LHW4-*								
			Round	<u> </u>	-	EB3P-LLW1-*								
		LW	Square	—	-	EB3P-LLW2-*								
			Round w/Square Bezel	—	-	EB3P-LLW3-*								
	ø10		Extended	-		IPL1-18-*	4							
	210		Coned	-	<u> </u>	IPL1-19-*								
>			Flush	-	-	IPL1-87-*	A: Amber							
	ø8	UP	Extended	-	-	IPL1-88-*	G: Green R: Red							
			Coned		-	IPL1-89-*	W: White							
			Flush	—	-	IPL1-67-*	Y: Yellow							
	ø6		Extended	—	-	IPL1-68-*								
			Coned	—	—	IPL1-69-*								
		N	Extended	Momentary	1NO-1NC	EB3P-LBAN211-*	A: Amber G: Green R: Red	(Note 3)						
	ø30			Maintained	1NO-1NC	EB3P-LBAON211-*	S: Blue W: White Y: Yellow	(Note 4)						
			Mushroom	Pushlock Turn Reset	1NO-1NC	EB3P-LBAVN311-R	Red only	(Note 5)						
		TW							Extended	Momentary	1NO-1NC	EB3P-LBAW211-*	A: Amber G: Green R: Red	(Note 3)
5				Maintained	1NO-1NC	EB3P-LBA0W211-	S: Blue W: White Y: Yellow	(Note 4)						
	ø22		Mushroom	Pushlock Turn Reset	1N0-1NC	EB3P-LBAVW411-R	Red only	(Note 5)						
	022	Z HW	Round	Momentary	1N0	EB3P-LBH1W110-*	4	(Note 3)						
		1100		Maintained	1N0	EB3P-LBHA1W110-*		(Note 4)						
			Round	Momentary	DPDT	EB3P-LBL1W1C2-*		(Note 3)						
		LW		Maintained	DPDT	EB3P-LBLA1W1C2-*	_	(Note 4)						
			Square	Momentary	DPDT	EB3P-LBL2W1C2-*	4	(Note 3)						
				Maintained	DPDT	EB3P-LBLA2W1C2-*	4	(Note 4)						
	ø30	N	Round	2-position	1N0-1NC	EB3P-LSAN211-*	A: Amber	Maintained						
	<u> </u>	1		3-position	2N0	EB3P-LSAN320-*	G: Green	Maintained						
				2-position	1N0-1NC	EB3P-LSAW211-*	R: Red	Maintained						
				2-position, return from right	1N0-1NC	EB3P-LSAW2111-*	S: Blue	Spring return from righ						
-		тw	Round	3-position	2N0	EB3P-LSAW320-*	W: White Y: Yellow	Maintained						
1e 3				3-position, return from right	2N0	EB3P-LSAW3120-*		Spring return from righ						
۶U	ø22			3-position, return from left	2N0	EB3P-LSAW3220-*	4	Spring return from left						
(Note 3)	°	L		3-position, 2-way return	2N0	EB3P-LSAW3320-*	4	2-way spring return						
		HW	Round	2-position	1N0-1NC	EB3P-LSHW211-*	_	Maintained						
				3-position	2N0	EB3P-LSHW320-*		Maintained						
		LW	Round	2-position	DPDT	EB3P-LSL1W2C2-*		Maintained						
			Round w/Square Bezel	3-position	DPDT	EB3P-LSL3W3C2-*		Maintained						
	ø30			Continuous sound		EB3P-ZUN12CN	_	Annual 011						
		· —	I—	Intermittent sound (approx. 3 Hz)	1	EB3P-ZUN12FN		Approx. 3 Hz						

Pilot Lights, Illuminated Pushbuttons, Illuminated Selector Switches, and Buzzers

Note 1: Codes N, TW, HW, LW, and UP are the series names of IDEC's switches and pilot lights.

Note 2:

Specify a color code in place of *. Momentary operation mode—the contact operates when the button is pressed. When the button is released, the contact goes back to the original position. Maintained operation mode—the contact operates when the button is pressed, and maintains the position even when the button is released. Note 3:

Note 4:

Re-pressing the button releases the contact.

Note 5: Pushlock turn reset operation mode-the button is held depressed when pressed, and released by turning clockwise.

Note 6: Illuminated selector switches have a knob operator.

Lamp barrier and relay barrier need to be connected when using the illuminated pushbutton and illuminated selector switch. Note 7:

Accessories

Name Ordering No. Package		Package Quantity	Remarks
LED Lamp	EB9Z-LDS1-*		Specify a color code in place of * in the Ordering No. A: amber, G: green, R: red, S: blue, W: white
Static Electricity Caution Plate	EB9Z-N1PN10	10	Polyester 20 (W) x 6 (H) mm

Note: Use a pure white (PW) LED lamp for yellow (Y) illumination.

Explosion-Protection and Electrical Specifications of Lamp Barrier

Explosion Protection		Intrinsic safety type				
Degree of Protection		IP20 (IEC60529)				
Lamp Barrier Pilot Light, Illuminated Switch Buzzer		Safe indoor place (non-h	azardous area)			
allat catic	Pilot Light, Illuminated Switch	For zone 0, 1, 2 hazardou	is areas			
Lo Inst	Buzzer	For zone 1, 2 hazardous	areas			
	ntrinsically Safe Circuit num Voltage (Um)	250V AC 50/60Hz, 250V	DC			
Opera	tion	Input ON, Output ON (1:1)			
	Wiring Method	1-channel Separate Wiring	16-channel Common Wiring			
	Rated Operating Voltage	12V DC				
	Rated Operating Current	10 mA DC ±20%				
₽	Maximum Output Voltage (Uo)	13.2V DC				
ntpr	Maximum Output Current (lo)	14.2 mA	227.2 mA			
s (0	Maximum Output Power (Po)	46.9 mW	750 mW			
Intrinsically Safe Circuits (Output)	Maximum External Capacitance (Co) (Note)	470 (470) nF	490 (365) nF			
IIy Safe	Maximum External Inductance (Lo) (Note)	87.5 (87.5) mH	0.6 (0.425) mH			
trinsica	Allowable Wiring Resistance (Rw)	$200/(n+1)\Omega$ (n = number of common channels)				
드	Maximum Channels per Common Line	8 (16 maximum)				
	Voltage and Current when Connecting Control Units	Pilot light: 3.5V, 8.5 mA Miniature pilot light: 2V, 10 mA Illuminated switch: 3.5V, 8.5 mA Buzzer: 6.5V, 5.5 mA				
	ntrinsically Safe Circuits Il Input)	Rated voltage: 24V DC Rated current: 5 mA (connector model: 4 mA)				

Note: Values in () are those approved by TIIS (Technology Institution of Industrial Safety, Japan).

General Specifications of Lamp Barrier

Power Voltage Type	AC Power	DC Power		
Rated Power Voltage	100 to 240V AC (-15 to +10%)	24V DC (±10%)		
Allowable Voltage Range	85 to 264V AC	21.6 to 26.4V DC		
Rated Frequency	50/60 Hz (allowable range: 47 to 63 Hz)	_		
Inrush Current	10A (100V AC) 20A (200V AC)	10A		
Dielectric Strength	Between AC power and signal	input: 1500V AC		
(1 minute, 1 mA)	Between intrinsically safe circuit and non-intrinsically sa circuit: 1526.4V AC (except for DC power and signal inpu			
Operating Temperature	-20 to +60°C (no freezing)			
Storage Temperature	-20 to +60°C (no freezing)			
Operating Humidity	45 to 85% RH (no condensation)			
Atmosphere	800 to 1100 hPa			
Pollution Degree	2 (IEC60664)			
Insulation Resistance	10 $M\Omega$ minimum (500V DC megger, between the same poles as the dielectric strength)			
Vibration Resistance	Panel mounting: 10 to 55 Hz, (2 hours eac			
(damage limits)	DIN rail mounting: 10 to 55 Hz, (2 hours eac			
Shock Resistance	Panel mounting: 500 m/s ² (3	times each on X, Y, Z)		
(damage limits)	DIN rail mounting: 300 m/s ² (3 times each on X, Y, Z)			
Terminal Style	M3 screw terminal			
Mounting	35-mm-wide DIN rail or panel	mounting (M4 screw)		
Power Consumption (approx.)	8.8 VA (EB3L-S10SAN at 200V AC) 5.2 W (EB3L-S16CSDN at 24V DC)			

General Specifications of Pilot Light, Illuminated Pushbutton, Illuminated Selector Switch, and Buzzer

Dielectric Strength (1 mA, 1 minute)	45 to 85% RH (no condensation) EB3P: 1000V AC IPL1: 500V AC (between intrinsically safe circuit and dead parts) 10 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger, between the same
Dielectric Strength (1 mA, 1 minute)	IPL1: 500V AC (between intrinsically safe circuit and dead parts)
Inculation Provistance	10 M Ω minimum (500V DC megger, between the same
	poles as the dielectric strength)
	IP65 (IEC60529) (except for terminals) EB3P-LU/IPL1: IP40
Lens/Illumination Color	Pilot light: Amber, blue, green, red, white, yellow Miniature pilot light: Amber, green, red, white, yellow
Le support of the second secon	$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
	IP65 (IEC60529) (except for terminals) EB3P-LSAW**: IP54
_ Illumination Color /	Amber, blue, green, red, white, yellow
Contact Voltage/Current	12V DC ±10%, 10 mA ±20% (when connecting to the EB3C)
Ratings and Parameters	16-channel Common Wiring Maximum input voltage (Ui): 13.2V Maximum input current (Ii): 227.2 mA Maximum input power (Pi): 750 mW Internal capacitance (Ci): ≤ 32 nF Internal inductance (Li): ≤ 80 µH
Degree of Protection	IP20 (IEC60529) (except for terminals)
-	75 dB minimum (at 1 m)
Sound Source	Piezoelectric oscillator (continuous or intermittent)
Intrinsic Safety Ratings I and Parameters	1-channel Separate Wiring Maximum input voltage (Ui): 13.2V Maximum input current (ii): 14.2 mA Maximum input power (Pi): 46.9 mW Internal capacitance (Ci): ≤260 nF Internal inductance (Li): ≤80 mH
Weight	100g

Note: Connect buzzers in separate wiring. Buzzers cannot be used in common wiring.

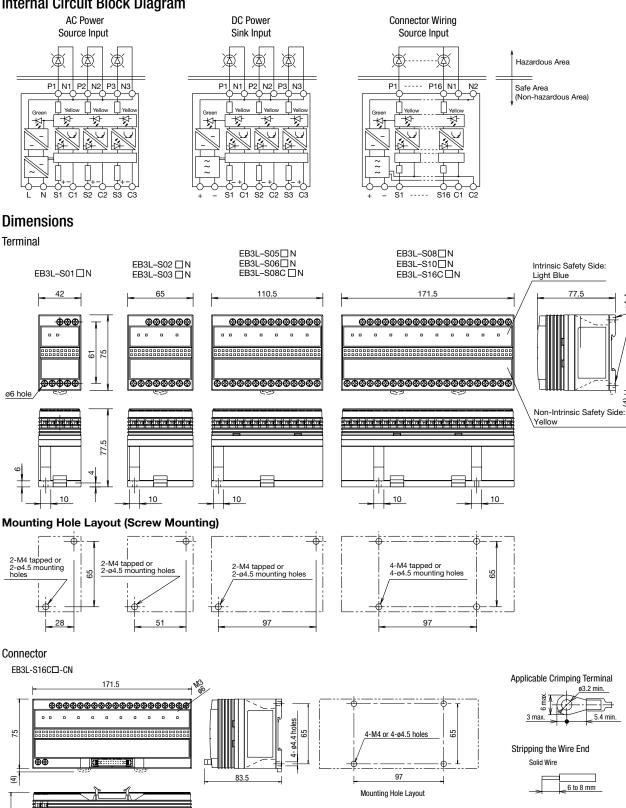
Certification No.

Certification Organization	Explosion Protection	Certification No.	
FM	Class I, II, III Div. 1 Group A, B, C, D, E, F, G	FM16US0364X	
	Class I, Zone 0 AEx [ia] II C		
c-UL	Class I, II, III Div. 1 Group A, B, C, D, E, F, G	E234997 (except buzzer)	
	Class I, Zone 0 [AEx ia] II C	(except buzzer)	
PTB (ATEX)	Lamp barrier: [Exia] II C	PTB09 ATEX2046	
FID (AIEA)	Buzzer: Exib II CT6	15 ATEX 6163X	
PTB (IECEx)	Lamp barrier: [Exia] II C	IECEx PTB10.0015	
COST	Lamp barrier: [Exia Ga] II C	CNEx 14.0047	
6451	Buzzer: Exib II CT6	CNEx 15.2108X	
KCs	Lamp barrier: [Exia] II C	14-AV4B0-0375	
NUS	Buzzer: Exib II CT6	17-AV4B0-0355X	
	Lamp barrier: [Exia] II C	TC20541	
	Pilot light/Miniature pilot light: (separate wiring:) Exia II CT6	TC16361	
TIIS	Pilot light/Miniature pilot light: (common wiring:) Exia II CT4	TC16360	
	Illuminated switch: Exia II CT4	TC16362	
	Buzzer: Exib II CT6	TC20797	
NK	Lamp barrier: [Exia] II C	TA18437M	
	Buzzer: Exib II CT6	TA17025M	
KB	Lamp barrier: [Exia] II C	TYK17821-EL003	
NN	Buzzer: Exib II CT6	TYK17821-EL002	

Note: Illuminated switches, pilot lights, and miniature pilot lights are certified by TIIS and NK only. Other certification organizations regard these units as simple apparatus, and require no certification.

Buzzers are certified by TIIS only. Other ex-proof certifications pending.

Internal Circuit Block Diagram



Stranded Wire (Ferrule)

6 to 8 mm

All dimensions in mm.

ø3.2 min.

₽₽

5.4 min.

ø4.4

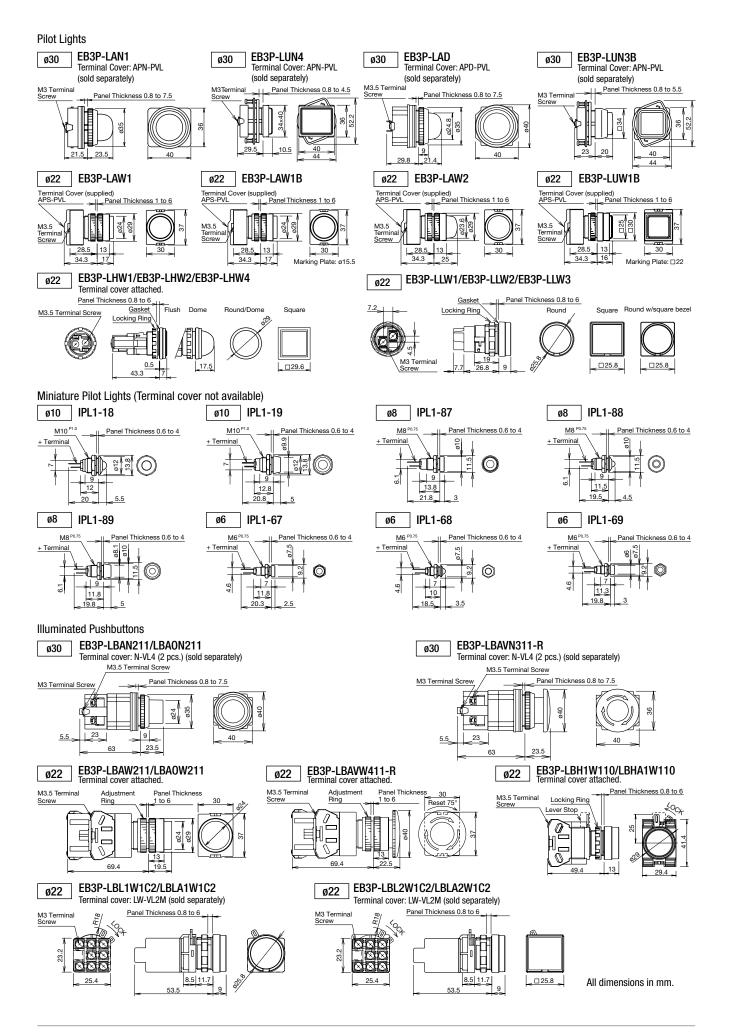
(4)

10

10

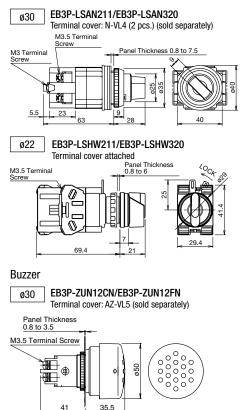
97

77.5



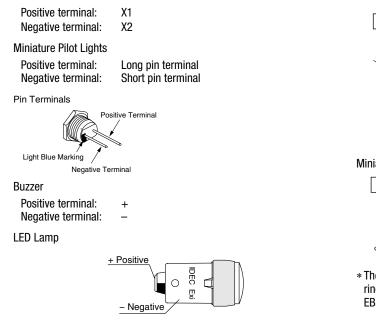
EB3L Lamp Barrriers

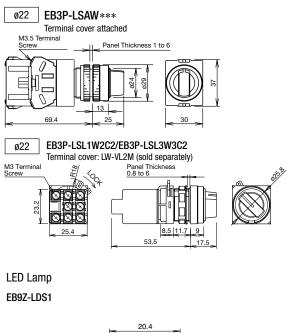
Illuminated Selector Switches

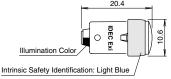


Polarity Identification

Pilot Lights/Illuminated Pushbuttons/Illuminated Selector Switches



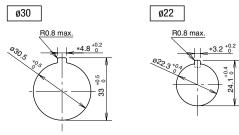




Illumination color is marked on the terminal.

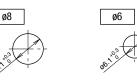
Panel Cut-out

Pilot Lights/Illuminated Pushbuttons/Illuminated Selector Switches/Buzzers



Miniature Pilot Lights

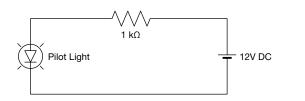




* The 4.8 or 3.2 recess is needed only when using an anti-rotation ring or a nameplate with an anti-rotation projection. EB3P-LHW does not have an anti-rotation groove.

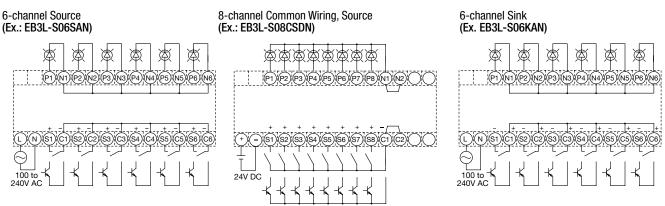
Lamp Test

When checking the lamp lighting without using the EB3L lamp barrier, first make sure that the atmosphere is free from explosive gases. Connect a 12V DC power supply and a protection resistor of 1 k Ω in series to turn on the pilot light.

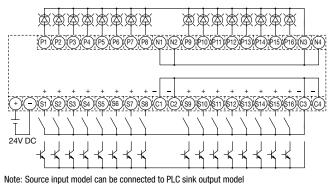


18

Non-intrinsically Safe External Input Wiring Examples



16-channel Common Wiring, Source (Ex.: EB3L-S16CSDN)

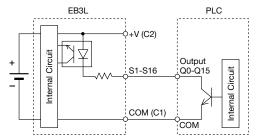


C terminal is the negative common line.

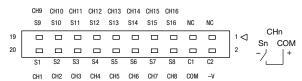
Connector Wiring Terminal Arrangement

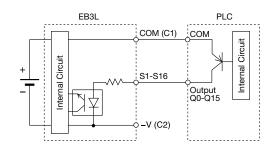
EB3L-S16CSD-CN



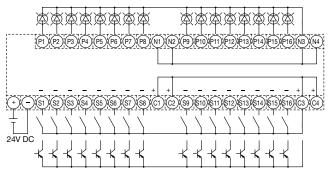


EB3L-S16CKD-CN





16-channel Common Wiring, Sink (Ex.: EB3L-S16CKDN)



Note: Sink input model can be connected to PLC source output model C terminal is the positive common line.

Wiring Example with IDEC's MicroSmart PLC Output Modules

FC6A-T16K3			EB3L-S1	6CSD-C
Terminal	Output		Input	Terminal
20	QO		S1	20
19	Q10		S9	19
18	Q1		S2	18
17	Q11	<u> </u>	S10	17
16	Q2	<u> </u>	S3	16
15	Q12	<u> </u>	S11	15
14	Q3	<u> </u>	S4	14
13	Q13		S12	13
12	Q4		S5	12
11	Q14		S13	11
10	Q5		S6	10
9	Q15		S14	9
8	Q6		S7	8
7	Q16		S15	7
6	Q7		S8	6
5	Q17		S16	5
4	COM ()		COM	4
3	COM ()		NC	3
2	+V		+V	2
1	+V		NC	1

_	FC6A-	T16P3	_	EB3L-S1	6CKD-C
	Terminal	Output		Input	Terminal
	20	QO	<u> </u>	S1	20
	19	Q10		S9	19
	18	Q1		S2	18
	17	Q11		S10	17
	16	Q2		S3	16
	15	Q12		S11	15
	14	Q3		S4	14
	13	Q13		S12	13
	12	Q4		S5	12
1	11	Q14		S13	11
	10	Q5		S6	10
	9	Q15		S14	9
	8	Q6		S7	8
	7	Q16		S15	7
	6	Q7		S8	6
	5	Q17	<u> </u>	S16	5
	4	COM (+)		COM	4
	3	COM (+)		NC	3
	2	-V		-V	2

Note: The wiring in dashed line does not affect the operation of the EB3L.

Applicable connector is IDEC's JE1S-201. Output power for PLC outputs is supplied by the EB3L, therefore the PLC output does not need an external power supply.

1

–V

NC

1

Wiring Example of Intrinsically Safe External Outputs

1. Common Wiring (Maximum 16 circuits) (Buzzers cannot be wired in a common line.)

All output lines are wired to a common line inside the intrinsically safe equipment (one common line per intrinsically safe circuit).

······································	,	***************************************		
<u> </u>	$\phi \phi \phi \phi \phi$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
			2 4 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 8 2 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	ZZ 8 2 8 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
-)(-) -)(-) -)(-) -)(-) -)(-) -)(-) -)(-) -)(-) -)(-) -)(-) -)(-) -)(-) -)(-)(-) -)(-)(-) -)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-)(-		\$		
EB3L-S16C* N EB3L	S01*□N EB3L-S03*□N	EB3L-S06* N	EB3L-S10* N	EB3L-S08C∗□N

All input lines are wired to a common line outside the intrinsically safe equipment (one common line per intrinsically safe circuit).

	<u> </u>	***	****	00000000
22222222222222222222222222222222222222	N3 N2 N2 N2 N2 N3	P 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	P14 N12 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2 N2	P20
000000000000000000000000000000000000	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C (+)	$ \overset{()}{=} \begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\$	00000000000000000000000000000000000000
EB3L-S16C* N	EB3L-S01∗□N EB3L-S03∗□N	EB3L-S06* IN	EB3L-S10∗□N	EB3L-S08C∗□N

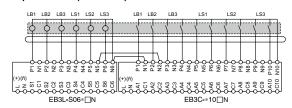
2. Separate Wiring

Each output line of the EB3L makes up one independent intrinsically safe circuit of a pilot light or buzzer.

0	999	Q Q Q Q Q Q	0000000000
9	\Box	$\square \square $	
			00000000000000000000000000000000000000
(+)(-) (+) (+)	(+) (2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 (-)	() () () () () () () () () ()	N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Lõ-õ-ö-ö-öllō EB3L-S01∗⊡N	-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0 EB3L-S03∗⊡N	-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0	<u>៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑៑</u> EB3L-S10∗□N

3. Wiring Illuminated Pushbuttons and Illuminated Selector Switches

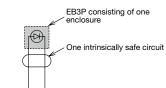
(A maximum of 16 channels of EB3L and EB3C can be wired to a common line.) The following example illustrates the wiring for a total of 10 contacts used by three illuminated pushbuttons (LB1 to LB3) and three illuminated selector switches (LS1 to LS3).



Note:

When using two or more EB3L's to set up one intrinsically safe circuit in the common wiring configuration, interconnect two neutral terminals (N1 through N10) on each EB3L between adjacent EB3L's in parallel.

Diagram Symbols

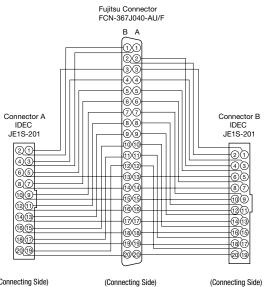


One intrinsically safe circuit is a connection consisting of one or more illuminated units connected to a common line.

Recommended Connector Cable for Connector Models

	Description	No. of Poles	Length (m)	Part No.	Shape	Applicable Model
			0.5	FC9Z-H050A20		
	With Shield		1	FC9Z-H100A20		IDEC MicroSmart
	WITH SHIER		2	FC9Z-H200A20		I/O Module
I/O Terminal			3	FC9Z-H300A20		
Cable			0.5	FC9Z-H050B20		
	Without Shield		1	FC9Z-H100B20		IDEC MicroSmart I/O Module
	Without Shield		2	FC9Z-H200B20		
		20	3	FC9Z-H300B20		
		20	1	BX9Z-H100E4		Screw Terminal
Cable with C	Crimping Terminal		2	BX9Z-H200E4		
			3	BX9Z-H300E4		
40-pin Cable for PLC			1	BX9Z-H100B		Mitsubishi A Series
			2	BX9Z-H200B		Output Module (sink) ↓ EB3L-S16CSD-CN
			3	BX9Z-H300B		

BX9Z-H B Internal Connection



(Connecting Side)

FC9Z-H **Internal Connection**

IDEC Connector JE1S-201	Y-shaped Crimping Terminal (marking tube number)
▷ 10 30 56 78 60 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	
(Connecting Side)	(Connecting Side)

(Straight wire connection BX9Z-H \Box $\Box\Box$ B: number of cable with crimping terminal)

FC9Z-H Internal Connection

IDEC Connector	IDEC Connector
JE1S-201	JE1S-201
	00000000000000000000000000000000000000

(Connecting Side)

(Connecting Side)

Operating Instructions

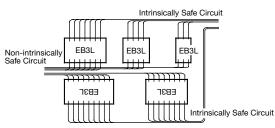
1. Installation of EB3L Lamp Barriers

- (1) The EB3L can be installed in any direction.
- (2) Install the EB3L lamp barrier in a safe area (non-hazardous area) in accordance with intrinsic safety ratings and parameters. To avoid mechanical shocks, install the EB3L in an enclosure which suppresses shocks.
- (3) When installing or wiring the EB3L, prevent electromagnetic and electrostatic inductions in the intrinsically safe circuit. Also prevent the intrinsically safe circuits from contacting with another intrinsically safe circuit and any other circuits.

Maintain at least 50 mm clearance, or provide a metallic separating board between the intrinsically safe circuit and non-intrinsically safety circuit. When providing a metallic separating board, make sure that the board fits closely to the enclosure (top, bottom, and both sides). Allowable clearance between the enclosure and board is 1.5 mm at the maximum.

The clearance of 50 mm between the intrinsically safe circuit and non-intrinsically safe circuit may not be sufficient when a motor circuit or high-voltage circuit is installed nearby. In this case, provide a wider clearance between the circuits referring to 6. (3) "Minimum Parallel Distance between the Intrinsically Safe Circuit and Other Circuits."

(4) In order to prevent contact between intrinsically safe circuits and non-intrinsically safe circuits, mount EB3L units with terminals arranged in the same direction.



- (5) Maintain at least 6 mm (or 3 mm according to IEC60079-11: 1999) clearance between the terminal of intrinsically safe circuit and the grounded metal part of a metal enclosure, and between the relay terminal block of an intrinsically safe circuit and the grounded metal part of a metal enclosure.
- (6) For installing the EB3L, mount on a 35-mm-wide DIN rail or directly on a panel using screws. The EB3L can be installed in any direction. Make sure to install securely to withstand vibration. When mounting on a DIN rail, push in the clamp completely. Use the BNL6 end clips on both sides of the EB3L to prevent from moving sideways.
- (7) Excessive extraneous noise may cause malfunction and damage to the EB3L. When extraneous noise activates the voltage limiting circuit (thyristor), remove the noise source and restore the power.

2. Terminal Wiring

- (1) Using a 05.5 mm or smaller screw driver, tighten the terminal screws (including unused terminal screws) to a torque of 0.6 to 1.0 N·m (recommended value).
- (2) Make sure that IP20 is achieved when wiring. Use insulation tubes on bare crimping terminals.
- (3) To prevent disengaged wires from contacting with other intrinsically safe circuits, bind together the wires of one intrinsically safe circuit.
- (4) When the adjacent terminal is connected to another intrinsically safe circuit, provide an insulation distance of at least 6 mm.

3. Signal Input

- Connect the EB3L to the switches or output equipment which have a low leakage current (0.1 mA maximum).
- (2) The EB3L is equipped with power supply. Do not apply external power to the EB3L.
- (3) When connecting the EB3L's of connector model in parallel, make sure that the same power supply is used. When using C1 and C2 terminals to supply power to outside equipment, maintain the current at 50 mA maximum.

4. Power Voltage

- Do not apply an excessive power voltage, otherwise the EB3L may be damaged.
- The EB3L of AC power type may operate at a low voltage (approx. 20V).
- 5. Pilot Lights, Illuminated Switches, and Buzzers in the Hazardous Area
- EB3P and IPL1 units shown on page 14 can be used with the EB3L. Buzzers cannot be connected in common wiring.
- (2) Install the EB3P and IPL1 units on enclosures of IP20 or higher protection. Use a metallic enclosure with magnesium content of 7.5% or less (steel and aluminum are acceptable).
- (3) When wiring, make sure of correct polarities of the EB3P and IPL1.
- (4) Certification mark is supplied with the units. Attach it on the visible area of the EB3P or IPL1 (for Japan application).
- (5) When connecting illuminated switches to the EB3L lamp barrier and the EB3C relay barrier, a maximum of 16 channels can be connected in common wiring.

Operating Instructions

6. Wiring for Intrinsic Safety

- (1) The voltage applied on the general circuit connected to the nonintrinsically safe circuit terminals of the EB3L lamp barrier must be 250V AC, 50/60Hz, or 250V DC at the maximum under any conditions, including the voltage of the power line and the internal circuit.
- (2) When wiring, take into consideration the prevention of electromagnetic and electrostatic charges on intrinsically safe circuits. Also, prevent intrinsically safe circuits from contacting with other circuits.
- (3) The intrinsically safe circuits must be separated from nonintrinsically safe circuits. Contain intrinsically safe circuits in a metallic tube or duct, or separate the intrinsically safe circuits referring to the table at right.
- Note: Cables with a magnetic shield, such as a metallic sheath, prevent electromagnetic induction and electrostatic induction, however, a non-magnetic shield prevents electrostatic induction only. For non-magnetic shields, take a preventive measure against electromagnetic induction.

Finely twisted pair cables prevent electromagnetic induction. Adding shields to the twisted pair cables provides protection against electrostatic induction.

Minimum Parallel Distance between the Intrinsically Safe Circuit and Other Circuits (mm)

Voltage and Current of Other Circuits	Over 100A	100A or less	50A or less	10A or less
Over 440V	2000	2000	2000	2000
440V or less	2000	600	600	600
220V or less	2000	600	600	500
110V or less	2000	600	500	300
60V or less	2000	500	300	150

- (4) When identifying intrinsically safe circuits by color, use light blue terminal blocks and cables.
- (5) When using two or more EB3L's to set up one intrinsically safe circuit in the common wiring configuration, interconnect two neutral terminals (N1 through N10) on each EB3L between adjacent EB3L's in parallel.
- (6) Make sure that the power of the EB3L, pilot lights, and other connected units are turned off before starting inspection or replacement.

Safety Precautions

- Do not use the EB3C Relay Barrier and EB3L Lamp Barrier for other than explosion protection purposes.
- Read the user's manual to make sure of correct operation before starting installation, wiring, operation, maintenance, and inspection of the EB3C Relay Barrier and EB3L Lamp Barrier.

- (7) When wiring the intrinsically safe circuit, determine the distance to satisfy the wiring parameters shown below. Note that parameters are different between separate wiring and common wiring and depend on the connected units, such as pilot lights, illuminated pushbuttons, and buzzers.
 - a) Wiring capacitance $Cw \le Co Ci$
 - Co: Maximum external capacitance of the EB3L Ci: Internal capacitance of the connected unit
 - b) Wiring inductance $Lw \leq Lo Li$
 - Lo: Maximum external inductance of the EB3L
 - Li: Internal inductance of the connected unit
 - c) Wiring resistance $\leq Rw$ Rw: Allowable wiring resistance
 - d) Allowable wiring distance D (km) is the smallest value of those calculated from the capacitance, inductance, and resistance.
 - $D \le Cw/C$ C (nF/km): Capacitance of cable per km
- Note: For the details of wiring the intrinsically safe circuits, refer to a relevant test guideline for explosion-proof electric equipment in each country.

EB3N Safety Relay Barriers

Build a safety system in an explosive atmosphere.

Explosion	Safety relay barrier	[Exia] II C	Safetv	Performance level e
Protection	Switch (EB9Z-A)	Exia II CT6		Category 4
FIOLECTION	Switch (EB9Z-A1)	Exia II BT6	1 on on manoe	Catogory +

- · Ensures explosion protection safety and machine safety in an explosive atmosphere.
- Machine safety system can be built in compliance with ISO13849-1 Category 4. Performance level e.
- · Safety input devices applicable in any explosive gas and hazardous areas are available.
- · Available with auxiliary inputs (5 points) used to monitor the operating status of safety input devices.
- A wide variety of Japan TIIS-rated emergency stop switches and interlock switches are available.
- · Global usage
- Explosion protection: Japan (TIIS), USA (UL), Europe (ATEX), China (CQST), IEC Ex
- Machine safety: TÜV Rheinland

No grounding required.

Safety Relay Barriers

Safety Input Points	Safety Output Points	Auxiliary Input Points (Note 1)	Auxiliary Output Points (Relay Output)	Reset (Start) (Note 2, Note 3)	Part No.
2	2N0	Without	Without	Auto reset (Auto start) Manual reset (Manual start)	EB3N-A2ND EB3N-M2ND
2	2N0	5 (1 common)	5NO (1 common)	Auto reset (Auto start) Manual reset (Manual start)	EB3N-A2R5D EB3N-M2R5D

Note 1: A maximum of five monitor contacts from safety input devices can be connected to the auxiliary input terminals. In addition, non-safety input devices can also be connected to the auxiliary input terminals.

Note 2: On auto reset (auto start) models, when the safety condition is met (two safety inputs are both on), safety outputs are turned on automatically. Connect the reset (start) input terminals Y1 and Y2 together except for the following cases:

When connecting a contactor or force guided relay to the safety output of the EB3N, connect the NC contacts of the contactor or force guided relay to the reset (start) input terminals Y1 and Y2 of the EB3N for use as a backcheck input signal.

Note 3: On manual reset (manual start) models, while the safety condition is met (two safety inputs are both on), safety outputs are turned on at the falling edge of the reset switch (start switch) signal (OFF \rightarrow ON \rightarrow OFF) (start off check).

Manual reset (manual start) models have a monitoring function of reset switch contacts (detection of welded contacts). Use NO contacts of a momentary switch for the reset (start) input. When connecting a contactor or force guided relay to the safety output of the EB3N, connect the NC contacts of the contactor or force guided relay to the reset (start) input terminals Y1 and Y2 of the EB3N for use as a backcheck input signal

Selection Guide

1. Selecting the reset (start) function Auto reset (auto start):

Select this model when connecting safety control devices, such as safety relay modules or safety controllers, to the EB3N safety outputs to set up a safety system, using the reset (start) function of the safety control device.

Select this model when connecting contactors or force guided relays to the EB3N safety outputs to set up a safety system, and a risk assessment on the entire system has not found any safety problem in using auto reset (auto start).

Manual reset (manual start): Select this model when connecting contactors or force guided relays to the EB3N safety outputs to set up a safety system, and a risk assessment on the entire system has found that manual reset (manual start) is necessary

2. Selecting the auxiliary outputs Without auxiliary outputs:

Select this model when the operating status of safety input devices are not monitored.

With auxiliary outputs: Select this model when the operating status of safety input devices are monitored or when non-safety input devices are also connected.

General Specifications

	••		L
Rated Power Voltage			24V DC
Power Voltage Range			20.4 to 26.4V DC
			-20 to +60°C (no freezing)
Operating Temp	perature		UL: -20 to +40°C
			(no freezing)
Operating Hum	idity		45 to 85% RH
Operating num			(no condensation)
Power	Without auxiliar	y output	5.5W maximum
Consumption	With auxiliary ou	utput	7.0W maximum
	Contacts	13-14,	2N0
		23-24	2N0
Safety Output	Rated Load	Resistive	30V DC, 1A
		Inductive	DC-13, 24V, 1A
	Response (rated voltage)	Turn on	100 ms maximum
		Turn off	20 ms maximum
	Contacts	A* - C1	5NO/1 common
Aundiliana	Rated Load	Resistive	24V DC, 3A,
Auxiliary Output			common terminal 5A max.
	Response	Turn on	15 ms maximum
	(rated voltage)	Turn off	10 ms maximum
Mounting		DIN rail or panel mounting	

*: Channel Nos. 1 to 5

Explosion-Protection Specifications

Explosion Protection	[Exia] II C	
Non-intrinsically Safe Circu (Um)	250V (UL: 125V)	
Intrinsically Safe Circuit Ma	aximum Voltage (Uo)	13.2V
Intrinsically Safe Circuit Ma	aximum Current (lo)	227.2 mA
Intrinsically Safe Circuit Ma	750 mW	
Intrinsically Safe Circuit All	0.49 μF (TIIS: 0.28 μF)	
Intrinsically Safe Circuit All	0.60 mH (TIIS: 0.56 mH)	
Intrinsically Safe Circuit	(Note 1)	
Wiring Resistance (Rw)	Auxiliary circuit	(Note 2)

Note 1: 10Ω maximum (500m maximum using a 1.25 mm2 cable)

Note 2: $600/(N+1)\Omega$ maximum, where N = the number of common channels

Safety Specifications

Category	4
Performance Level (PL)	е
Mean Time to Dangerous Failure (MTTFd)	100 years
Diagnostic Bange	99% minimum

Calculation conditions for MTTFd

Mean operation cycle = 1 hour

t_{cycle}: h_{op}: d_{op}: Mean operation hours per day = 24 hours

Mean operation days per year = 365 days

Note: When t_{cycle} is shorter than 1 hour, MTTFd will decrease.



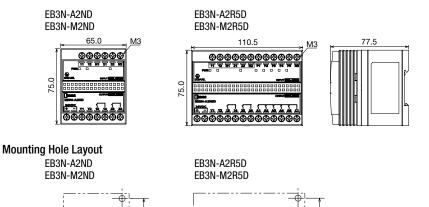
Certification No.

Certification Organization	Explosion Protection	Certification No.
TIIS	Safety Relay Barriers [Exia] II C Switch (EB9Z-A) [Exia] II CT6 Switch (EB9Z-A1) [Exia] II BT6	TC18753 TC15758 T15961
	[Exia] II C, [Exia D]	IEC Ex PTB 10.0015
PTB	II (1) G [Exia] II C II (1) D [Exia D]	PTB 09 ATEX 2046
CQST	[Exia] II C	CNEx 11.0038
UL	Class I, Zone O, [AExia] II C Class I, II, III, Div. 1, Grps A, B, C, D, E, F and G	E234997

Dimensions

2-M4 tapped or

2-ø4.5 drilled holes



2-M4 tapped or

97

2-ø4.5 drilled holes

Terminal Functions

24V DC	Power
Y1-Y2	Reset input (Start input)
11-12	Safety input 1
21-22	Safety input 2
N1, N2	Signal ground
P*-N3	Auxiliary input
13-14	Safety output 1
23-24	Safety output 2
A*-C1	Auxiliary output

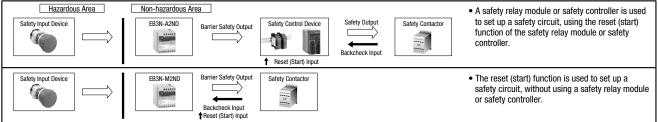
*: 1 to 5

EB3N System Configuration Examples

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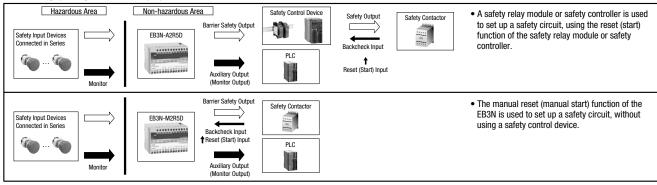
1:1 connection with a safety input device, compliant with Category 4

ß



65

Connection with multiple safety input devices, capable of monitoring up to 5 contact operations, compliant with Category 3 For monitoring operating statuses of safety input devices located in a non-hazardous area



Non-hazardous Area Hazardous Area Safety Input Device Barrier Safety Output Safety Output Safety Control Device Safety Contactor 8 10 EB3N-A2R5D 1 -----Reset (Start) Switcl Reset (Start) Output ckcheck Inpu PLC 1 Other Input Device Other Output 10 Safety Input Devices Barrier Safety Output Safety Contactor 6 6 FR3N-M2R5D 22222 Backcheck Inpu Reset (Start) Switch PI C Reset (Start) Input Other Input Devic 1 10 Other Output

Installing a reset switch in a hazardous area, using auxiliary input and output

Safety Input Devices Connectable to Safety Input Terminals (Examples) Emergency stop switch: (Non-illuminated) XW1E-BV402MFRH, XN4E-BL412MRH

Safety switch: HS6B-02B05, HS1B-02R

Operating Instructions

Notes for Operation

- 1. Do not disassemble, repair, or modify the EB3N safety relay barrier, otherwise the safety characteristics may be impaired.
- 2. Use the EB3N within its specification values.
- 3. The EB3N can be mounted in any direction.
- 4. Mount the EB3N on a 35-mm-wide DIN rail or directly on a panel surface using screws. When mounting on a DIN rail, push in the clamp and use end clips to secure the EB3N. When mounting on a panel surface, tighten the screws firmly.
- 5. Excessive noise may cause malfunction or damage to the EB3N. When the internal voltage limiting circuit (thyristor) has shut down the power due to noise, remove the cause of the noise before powering up again.
- The internal power circuit contains an electronic fuse to suppress overcurrents. When the electronic fuse has tripped, shut down the power, remove the cause of the overcurrent before powering up again.
- Use crimping terminals with insulation sheath for wiring. Tighten the terminal screws, including unused terminal screws, to a recommended tightening torque of 0.6 to N-m using a screwdriver of ø5.5 mm in diameter.
- 8. Before inspecting or replacing the EB3N, turn off the power.

Notes for Machine Safety

- 1. Operate the safety input device to check the EB3N functionality everyday.
- For safety input devices, such as safety switches or emergency stop switches, connected to the EB3N, use safety standard-compliant devices with direct opening action and 2NC contacts.
- 3. Do not use the auxiliary input as a safety input.
- For safety control devices connected with the EB3N, use machine safety standard-compliant devices with a disparity detection function.
- Use safety inputs and safety outputs in a circuit configuration compliant with safety requirements.
- To calculate the safety distance, take into consideration the response time of all devices comprising the system, such as the EB3N and safety devices connected to the EB3N.
- 7. Separate the input and output wiring from power lines and motor lines.
- 8. When using multiple EB3N safety relay barriers, do not connect one switch
- to more than one EB3N. Use separate switches for each EB3N.
 9. To ensure EMC, use shielded cables for safety inputs and auxiliary inputs. Connect the shield to the FG of the control panel on which the EB3N is mounted.
- For protection against overcurrents, connect an IEC60127-2-compliant 2A fast-blow fuse (5 × 20 mm).
- 11. Evaluate the ISO 13849-1 category and performance level in consideration of the entire system.

Notes for Explosion Protection Safety

 Install the EB3N in an enclosure capable of protecting against mechanical shocks at a hazardous location in accordance with intrinsic safety ratings and parameters.

- 2. Install and wire the EB3N so that the EB3N is not subject to electromagnetic and electrostatic induction and does not contact with other circuits. For example, keep a minimum spacing of 50 mm between intrinsically safe and non-intrinsically safe circuits, or provide a metallic separating board between the intrinsically safe circuit and non-intrinsically safe circuit. When providing a metallic separating board, make sure that the board fits closely to the enclosure (top, bottom, and both sides). Allowable clearance between the board and the enclosure is 1.5 mm at the maximum. When a motor circuit or high-voltage circuit is installed nearby, keep a wider spacing than 50 mm between intrinsically safe and non-intrinsically safe circuits.
- 3. Keep a minimum spacing of 3 mm between the terminal or relay terminal block of the intrinsically safe circuit and the grounded metal parts of the metal enclosure.
- 4. Connect the terminals so that IP20 is ensured.
- 5. To prevent disengaged wires from contacting with other intrinsically safe circuits, bind together the end of wires.
- Make sure that the voltage of the power supply for the devices connected to the non-intrinsically safe circuit or the internal voltage of such devices does not exceed 250V AC/DC 50/60 Hz or 250V DC under any normal and abnormal conditions.
- Make sure that the wiring of intrinsically safe circuits does not contact with other circuits or is not subject to electromagnetic and electrostatic inductions, otherwise explosion protection is not ensured.
- 8. When identifying intrinsically safe circuits by color, use light blue terminal blocks and cables.
- 9. When wiring the intrinsically safe circuit, determine the distance to satisfy the wiring parameters shown below.

a) Wiring capacitance $\mbox{Cw} \le \mbox{Co} - \mbox{Ci}$

Co: Intrinsically safe circuit allowable capacitance

- Ci: Internal capacitance of switches
- b) Wiring inductance $Lw \leq Lo Li$
 - Lo: Intrinsically safe circuit allowable inductance
 - Li: Internal inductance of switches
- c) Wiring resistance \leq Rw
 - Rw: Allowable wiring resistance

Switches in the Hazardous Area

- A switch contains the switch contact, enclosure, and internal wiring. A switch contact refers to an ordinary switching device which consists of contacts only.
- When the switch has internal wiring or lead wire, make sure that the values of internal capacitance (Ci) and inductance (Li) are within the certified values.
- 3. Enclose the bare live part of the switch contact in an enclosure of IP20 or higher protection.
- Depending on the explosion-protection specifications of TIIS, the exposed area of plastic switch operator, when installed in Japan, is limited as follows:

Certification	Explosion Protection	Exposed Area
TC15758	Exia II CT6	20 cm ² maximum
TC15961	Exia II BT6	100 cm ² maximum

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