

Supporting safety for advancing technology

Slim interlock switches with 5000N locking force



Interlock switches with 5000N locking force

Locking force of more than 5000N (40mm-wide slim model)

Smallest size in the industy (*1) Greatly downsized from IDEC's HS1L interlock switches. *1) Based on IDEC research (as of March, 2019)



The head can be rotated to allow the actuator entry direction to be changed easily

• Head rotating structure. Can be roated without removing the head.

• Prevents invalid operation. (On usual interlock switches, the NC contact closes when the head is removed)



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Lock status can be identified from the front – Rear unlock mechanical indicator (First in the industry) (*1)

Mechanical indicator function allows the lock status to be easily identified from the front while the rear unlock mechanical indicator is pressed.

If HS1T is used

Note: Interlock switches with rear unlock mechanical indicator function only.

*1) Based on IDEC research (as of March, 2019).

Conventional (HS5L)



In conventional models, because the lock status cannot be identified from the front, the system cannot be restarted when the safety circuit is on. Therefore, it is necessary to find out which safety circuit is on.

Energy efficient 200mA solenoid consumption

Because the solenoid current for locking operation is 200mA, the solenoid can be activated without using a relay.



Spring clamp terminals

Spring clamp terminals offer excellent vibration resistance, preventing wires from loosening. No need for additional tightening.



Before unlock





The lock status can be easily identified from the front even when the lock is released.

Rear unlocking button

Door lock can be unlocked inside the barrier by a worker left inside a hazardous area.



Side-conduit model

Cables can be connected to the right, left, or bottom (for straight cable orientation) of the terminal cover. Long marking tubes can be used on the wiring cables.









Straight cable orientation

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HS1T Interlock Switches with Solenoid

Ideal for use on large doors and large equipment requiring strong locking force

- Smallest in the industry with 5000N locking force. (*1)
- Rear unlock mechanical indicator allows the lock status to be identified from the front and back. (First in the industry) (*1)
- Head rotating function enables the actuator entry direction to be changed easily.
- Side-conduit model available.
- Two- and four-contact models available.
- Spring clamp terminal prevents loosening of wires.
- Energy efficient 200mA solenoid consumption.
- · Solenoid lock and spring lock models available.
- Mechanical durability: 2,000,000 operations
- *1) Based on IDEC research (as of March, 2019)



Specifications

Applicable Standards	EN ISO / ISO14119, IEC60947-5-1 (pending), EN60947-5-1 (TÜV approval), GS-ET-19 (TÜV approval), UL508 (UL Listing approval), CSA C22.2 No.14 (c-UL Listing approval), GB/T 14048. 5 (CCC pending) IEC60204-1/EN60204-1
Type and Coded level	Type 2 low level coded interlocking device (ISO14119)
Operating Temperature	–25 to + 55°C (no freezing)
Relative Humidity	20 to 95% (no condensation)
Storage Temperature	-40 to +80°C (no freezing)
Pollution Degree	3 (contacts: 2)
Impulse Withstand Voltage	2.5kV (between LED, solenoid and grounding: 0.5kV)
Insulation Resistance (500V DC megger)	Between live and dead metal parts: 100M Ω min. Between terminals of different poles: 100M Ω min.
Electric Shock Protection	Class II (IEC61140)
Degree of Protection	IP67 (IEC60529) Type 4X Indoor Use Only
Shock Resistance	Operating extremes: 100m/s² (10G), Damage limits: 1000m/s² (100G)
Vibration Resistance	Operating extremes: 10 to 55Hz, amplitude 0.35 min. Damage limits: 30Hz, amplitude 1.5mm min.
Actuator Operating Speed	0.05 to 1.0m/s
Direct Opening Travel	12mm min.
Direct Opening Force	120N
Actuator Retention Force (*1)	Fzh = 5,000N min. (GS-ET-19) (*3)
Operating Frequency	900 operations per hour
Rear Unlock Button Mechanical Durability	3,000 times min. (HS1T-□L)
Mechanical Durability	2,000,000 times min.
Electrical Durability	100,000 times min. (AC-15 0.75A/250V) 2,000,000 times min. (24V AC/DC, 100mA) (Operating Frequency: 900 operations per hour)
Conditional Short-circuit Current	50A (250V) (*2)
Cable	0.3mm ² min. and 1.5mm ² max. or AWG22 min. to AWG16 max. stranded wire or solid wire
Weight (approx.)	450g

*1) See page 17 regarding actuator retention force.

*2) Use 250V/10A fast-blow fuse for short-circuit protection.

*3) The actuator retention force of HS1T is 5000N at static load.

Make sure that a force exceeding the above specification is not applied. In the event where the actuator retention force might exceed the expected load, add a system that can detect the opening of the door and stops the machine, such as adding another safety switch without lock (such as HS5D) or a sensor.



H Additional Marking to indicate Lock Monitoring

This new international marking for lock monitoring is described in clause 9.2.1 of ISO14119 and is used to satisfy the requirements shown below. 5.7.1 General requirements

5.7.2.2 Locking monitoring

The lock monitor circuit (contacts) with this marking can monitor both the status of protective doors and locking function. (locking monitor contact [circuits] opens when the protective door is closed and locked)

Both HS1T spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production process.

Ratings

Contact Ratings

Rated	Insu	lation Voltage (Ui)	250V (between LED, solenoid and grounding: 30V)				
Rated Current (Ith) 2.5A							
Rated Voltage (Ue)			30V	250V			
Rated Current (le)*	10	Resistive Load (AC-12)	—	2.5A	1.5A		
	AC	Inductive Load (AC-15)	—	1.5A	0.75A		
	nc	Resistive Load (DC-12)	2.0A	0.4A	0.2A		
	DC	Inductive Load (DC-13)	1.0A	0.22A	0.1A		

Minimum applicable load (reference): 3V AC/DC, 5mA

(Applicable range may vary with operating conditions and load types.) * UL, c-UL rating: Pilot Duty AC 0.75A/250V, Pilot Duty DC 1.0A/30V

TÜV rating: AC-15 0.75A/250V, DC-13 1.0A/30V

CCC rating: AC-15 0.75A/250V, DC-13 1.0A/30V (pending)

Solenoid

Looking Machaniam	Carring Look	Colonaid Look
LOCKING MECHANISM	Spring Lock	Solehold Lock
Rated Voltage	100% duty cycle at 2	24V DC
Rated Current	200mA (initial value)	
Coil Resistance	120Ω (at 20°C)	
Pickup Voltage	Rated voltage × 85%	6 max. (at 20°C)
Dropout Voltage	Rated voltage × 10%	6 min. (at 20°C)
Maximum Continuous Applicable Voltage	Rated voltage × 110	%
Maximum Continuous Applicable Time	Continuous	
Insulation Class	Class F	

Indicator

Rated Voltage	24V DC 100% duty cycle
Rated Current	10mA
Light Source	LED
Illumination Color	G (Green)

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4-Contact (Spring Lock/Solenoid Lock)

Package Quantity: 1

Circuit Codo	Contact Co	nfiguration	Gland	Spring lock	Solenoid
			Port Size	Part	No.
	Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) Coo	Lock Monitor (Spring lock \rightarrow Solenoid OFF (Solenoid lock \rightarrow Solenoid 0N (+) $(-)$ A1 A1		HS1T-VA44ZM-G	HS1T-VA7Y4ZM-G
VA	Door Monitor: 1NC,1NO Monitor Circuit: \bigcirc 11+12 Monitor Circuit: 2324 Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC,1NO 41 + 42 · (Note) 53 - 54	M20	HS1T-VA44ZSM-G (side-conduit model)	HS1T-VA7Y4ZSM-G (side-conduit model)
VB	Door Monitor: 1NC,1NO Monitor Circuit: ⊖ 1 <u>1 + 12</u> Monitor Circuit: 2 <u>3</u> 24 Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 2NC $41 + 42$ $ ext{ IP} (Note)$ $51 + 52$ $ ext{ IP} (Note)$	M20	HS1T-VB44ZM-G	HS1T-VB7Y4ZM-G
VC	Door Monitor: 2NC Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 21 + 22$	Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC,1NO 41 + 42 Tr (Note)	M20	HS1T-VC44ZM-G	HS1T-VC7Y4ZM-G
	Monitor Circuit:	5 <u>3</u> 54		(side-conduit model)	(side-conduit model)
VD	Door Monitor: 2NC Monitor Circuit: ⊖ 1 <u>1+12</u>	Lock Monitor Circuit: 2NC 41 + 42 • 42		HS1T-VD44ZM-G	HS1T-VD7Y4ZM-G
VD	Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 21 + 22$ Monitor Circuit:	5 <u>1</u> + 52 Tr (Note)	IVI20	HS1T-VD44ZSM-G (side-conduit model)	HS1T-VD7Y4ZSM-G (side-conduit model)
	Door Monitor: 3NC Monitor Circuit: ⊖ 1 <u>1+12</u>	Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC	M20	HS1T-VF44ZM-G	HS1T-VF7Y4ZM-G
VF	Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 21 + 22$ Monitor Circuit: $\odot 31 + 32$			HS1T-VF44ZSM-G (side-conduit model)	HS1T-VF7Y4ZSM-G (side-conduit model)
	Door Monitor: 2NC,1NO Monitor Circuit: ⊕ 11 + 12	Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC		HS1T-VG44ZM-G	HS1T-VG7Y4ZM-G
VG	Monitor Circuit: \bigcirc 21+22Monitor Circuit:3334		M20	HS1T-VG44ZSM-G (side-conduit model)	HS1T-VG7Y4ZSM-G (side-conduit model)
VH	Door Monitor: 1NC Monitor Circuit: ⊖ <u>11+12</u> Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 3NC 41 + 42 1 (Note) 51 + 52 1 (Note) 61 + 62 1 (Note)	M20	HS1T-VH44ZM-G	HS1T-VH7Y4ZM-G
VJ	Door Monitor: 1NC Monitor Circuit: ⊖ 11 + 12 Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 2NC, 1NO 41 + 42 $+ 42$ (Note) 51 + 52 $+ 52$ $+ 10$ (Note) 63 + 64	M20	HS1T-VJ44ZM-G	HS1T-VJ7Y4ZM-G
vw	Door Monitor: 1NO Monitor Circuit: 13_14 Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 3NC 41 + 42 1 (Note) 51 + 52 1 (Note) 61 + 62 1 (Note)	M20	HS1T-VW44ZM-G	HS1T-VW7Y4ZM-G
vx	Door Monitor: 1NO Monitor Circuit: 1 <u>3</u> 14 Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	Lock Monitor Circuit: 2NC, 1NO 41_{+} , 42 Ψ (Note) 51_{+} , 52 Ψ (Note) 63_{-} , 64	M20	HS1T-VX44ZM-G	HS1T-VX7Y4ZM-G

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Actuators are not supplied with the interlock switch and must be ordered separately.

• For safety circuit input, connect to the monitor circuit with 🕑 marking.

• For side-conduit model, contact IDEC for details. (Part No: HS1T-DDDSM-G)

• See page 9 to 12 for circuit diagrams and operating characteristics.

Note: Both spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production processes.

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2-Contact (-Contact (Spring Lock/Solenoid Lock) Package Quantity: 1							
Circuit Code	Contact Conf	aurotion	Gland	Spring lock	Solenoid			
Circuit Code	Contact Cont	gulation	Port Size	Part	No.			
XD	Door Monitor (Actuator inserted)	Lock Monitor (Spring lock→Solenoid OFF Solenoid lock→Solenoid ON) (+) (-) A2 (-) A2 (-) Lock Monitor Circuit: 1NC	M20	HS1T-XD44ZM-G	HS1T-XD7Y4ZM-G			
	Monitor Circuit: ⊕ 1 <u>1 + 12</u> Monitor Circuit:	4 <u>1</u> + 42 1 (Note)						
XF	Door Monitor: 2NC Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ Monitor Circuit: $\odot 21 + 22$		M20		HS1T-XF7Y4ZM-G			
XG	Door Monitor: 1NC, 1NO Monitor Circuit: $\bigoplus_{\substack{11 \\ 23 \\ 24}} 1 + 12 \\ 23 \\ 24$		M20		HS1T-XG7Y4ZM-G			
		Lock Monitor Circuit: 2NC		HS1T-XH44ZM-G HS1T-XH44ZSM-G (side-conduit model)	HS1T-XH7Y4ZM-G			
ХН	Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	4 <u>1</u> + 42 ⊡" (Note) 5 <u>1</u> + 52 ⊡" (Note)	M20	HS1T-XH44ZLM-G (rear unlock button model)				
				HS1T-XH44ZLSM-G (rear unlock button model, side-conduit model)	(side-conduit model)			

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Actuators are not supplied with the interlock switch and must be ordered separately.

• For safety circuit input, connect to the monitor circuit with 🕑 marking.

• For side-conduit model, contact IDEC for details. (Part No: HS1T-DDDSM-G)

• See page 13 to 14 for circuit diagrams and operating characteristics.

Note: Both spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production processes.

4-Contact/Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock)

4-Contact/Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock) Package Quantity: -						
Circuit Code	Contact Configuration	Gland	Spring lock			
	Contact Connightation	Port Size	Part No.			
VA	Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) Lock Monitor (Solenoid OFF) A_2 A_1 Door Monitor: 1NC,1NO Monitor Circuit: O A_1 A_1 A_1 A_1 A_1 A_1 A_1 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_1 A_2 A_2 A_2 A_3 A_1 A_1 A_2 A_2 A_3 A_1 A_2 A_2 A_3 A_2 A_3 A_1 A_2 A_2 A_3 A_3 A_1 A_2 A_3 A_3 A_4 A_1 A_1 A_2 A_3 A_3 A_4 A_1 A_1 A_2 A_3 A_3 A_4 A_1 A_1 A_2 A_3 A_3 A_4 A_1 A_3 A_3 A_4 A_3 A_3 A_4 A_5 $A_$	M20	HS1T-VA44ZLM-G			
VB	Door Monitor: 1NC, 1NOLock Monitor Circuit: 2NCMonitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit: $11 + 12$ $23 + 24$ $41 + 42$ $51 + 52$ $11 + 12$ (Note)Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit: $23 + 24$ $51 + 52$ $11 + 42$ $11 + 52$ $11 + 42$ $11 + 52$	M20	HS1T-VB44ZLM-G			
VC	Door Monitor: 2NCLock Monitor Circuit: 1NC,1NOMonitor Circuit: \bigcirc 11 + 1241 + 42 Ir (Note)Monitor Circuit: \bigcirc 21 + 2253Monitor Circuit: \bigcirc 21 + 22	M20	HS1T-VC44ZLM-G			
VD	Door Monitor: 2NCLock Monitor Circuit: 2NCMonitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 21 + 22$ Monitor Circuit: $51 + 52$ IF (Note)	M20	HS1T-VD44ZLM-G HS1T-VD44ZLSM-G (side-conduit model)			
VF	Door Monitor: 3NCLock Monitor Circuit: 1NCMonitor Circuit: \bigcirc 11+1241+42Monitor Circuit: \odot 21+22Monitor Circuit: \odot 31+32	M20	HS1T-VF44ZLM-G HS1T-VF44ZLSM-G (side-conduit model)			
VJ	Door Monitor: 1NCLock Monitor Circuit: 2NC, 1NOMonitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12$ $41 + 42$ Monitor Circuit: $51 + 52$ Monitor Circuit: $63 - 64$	M20	HS1T-VJ44ZLM-G			

• See page 8 to 9 for circuit diagrams and operating characteristics.

4-Contact/Dual Safety Circuit (Spring Lock)

Spring lock Gland Circuit Code **Contact Configuration** Port Size Part No. Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, 1NC+1NC Door Monitor Lock Monitor (Actuator inserted) (Solenoid OFF) HS1T-DD44ZM-G (+) A2 ▲ A1 °°° Ú DD M20 HS1T-DD44ZSM-G 41 + 42 ⊡ (Note) 51 + 52 ⊡ (Note) Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 11 + 12$ (side-conduit model) Monitor Circuit: ⊖ 21 + 22

• See page 12 for circuit diagrams and operating characteristics.

4-Contact/Dual Safety Circuit/Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock)

Circuit Code	Contact Configuration	Gland Port Size	Spring lock Part No.
	Main Circuit: 1NC+1NC, 1NC+1NC Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) (Solenoid OFF) (+) (-) A1	Moo	HS1T-DD44ZLM-G
טט	Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 11 + 12 \qquad 41 + 42 \qquad \textcircled{1}$ (Note) Monitor Circuit: $\bigcirc 21 + 22 \qquad 51 + 52 \qquad \textcircled{1}$ (Note)	M20	HS1T-DD44ZLSM-G (side-conduit model)

• See page 12 for circuit diagrams and operating characteristics.

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Actuators are not supplied with the interlock switch and must be ordered separately.

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Package Quantity: 1

Package Quantity: 1

4-Contact/Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock)

					Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	When unlocking manually
Int	erlock Switch St	atus			Door closed Machine ready to operate	Door closed Machine cannot be operated	Door open Machine cannot be operated	Door open Machine cannot be operated	Door closed Machine cannot be operated
_			Solenoid de-energized	Solenoid energized	Solenoid energized	Solenoid de-energized	Solenoid de-energized		
				F	F	Press Rese			
Do	or Status								
					STR.	STR.			•Turn the manual unlocking
					 (+)┌─◯─┐(−)				
0.	wit Evenesia III								
	cuit Example: H	511-VA	ŧ					<u>11 12 41 42</u>	11 12 41 42
					$\frac{\underline{23}_{olo}\underline{24}}{\underline{23}_{olo}\underline{53}_{olo}\underline{54}}$	$\frac{\underline{23}_{olo}\underline{24}}{\underline{53}_{olo}\underline{54}}$	2 <u>3 olo 24 53 olo 54</u>	<u>23 olo 24</u> <u>53 olo 54</u>	$\frac{\underline{23_{o'o}}}{\underline{24}}$
DC	or			Monitor Circuit	Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Upen	Upen	Closed (unlocked)
	HSTT-VA4 Door Monitor	- Lo	ck Monitor	(door closed) 11-12 Monitor Circuit					
	(Actuator inserte	ed) (So (+)	lenoid OFF) ¤	(door open) 23–24					
	Manitar Circuit: @11.	∏ A2_ 12 4		Monitor Circuit (locked)					
	Monitor Circuit: 23	24	3 54	Monitor Circuit (unlocked)					
				53–54 Monitor Circuit					
	11311-404			(door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit					
	Monitor Circuit: ⊕11.	12 4	1. 42 510	(door open) 23–24					
	Monitor Circuit: 2 <u>3</u> Monitor Circuit: 2 <u>3</u>	24	1, 52	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
	monitor origin.	, y		Monitor Circuit (locked)					
	HS1T-VC4			51-52 Monitor Circuit (door closed)					
				11–12 Monitor Circuit					
	Monitor Circuit: ⊕11+	12 4	1, 42 ⊡	(door closed) 21-22					
	Monitor Circuit: ⊕2 <u>1</u> + Monitor Circuit:	<u>22</u> 5	3 54	(locked) 41-42					
E				Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53-54					
agraı	HS1T-VD4			Monitor Circuit (door closed)					
uit Di				11–12 Monitor Circuit (door closed)					
Circ	Monitor Circuit: ⊕1 <u>1</u> +	12 4	1, 42 ⊡	21–22 Monitor Circuit					
. and	Monitor Circuit: ⊕2 <u>1</u> + Monitor Circuit:	<u>22</u> 5	1 <u>, 52</u> ⊮	(locked) 41-42					
art No				(locked) 51–52					
P C	HS1T-VF4			Monitor Circuit (door closed)					
				Monitor Circuit (door closed)					
	Monitor Circuit: ⊕1 <u>1</u> + Monitor Circuit: ⊕21 :	<u>12</u> 4	1⊦42 ษ	21-22 Monitor Circuit					
	Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 3\underline{1}_+$	32		31-32 Monitor Circuit					
				(locked) 41-42					
	HS1T-VG4			(door closed) 11–12					
				Monitor Circuit (door closed)					
	Monitor Circuit: ⊕1 <u>1</u> + Monitor Circuit: ⊕2 <u>1</u> +	12 4 22	1, 42 1	Monitor Circuit (door open)					
	Monitor Circuit: 3 <u>3</u>	34		33-34 Monitor Circuit					
	1047.1014			41-42 Monitor Circuit					
	H511-VH4			(door closed) 11-12					
	Marine One 1 off	10	1 40 🗔	(locked) 41-42					
	Monitor Circuit: ⊕ 1 <u>1</u> + Monitor Circuit:	Monitor Circuit: $\textcircled{O}1_+ 12$ 4_1_+ Monitor Circuit: 5_1_+		Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52					
	monitor Gircuit:	6	1,,:62 ₪	Monitor Circuit (locked)					
So	lenoid Power A1	-A2 (all	models)	61-62	OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized)	ON (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

*1) Actuator can be unlocked manually for confirming the door movement before wiring and energizing, and also for emergency situation such as power failure. *2) When an operator is confined within a dangerous zone, the actuator can be unlocked manually by pressing the rear unlock button (rear unlock button model).

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4-Contact/Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock)

			Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	When unlocking manually
Interlock Switch Status		Door Closed Machine ready to operate Solenoid de-energized	Door Closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized	Door Closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized	
Door Status		STARE B	STARE B	STAR R	STAR R	• Turn the manual unlock key (*1) • Utro terear manual unlock key (*1)	
c	Circuit Example: HS1T-VA4		$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0} \\ \end{array}{}$	$\begin{array}{c} & (+) & (-) \\ & A2 & A1 \\ \hline 11 & 12 & 41 & 42 \\ \hline 23 & 23 & 24 & 53 & 54 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} & (+) & (-) \\ & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & A2 & (-) \\ \hline & A1 \\ 11 & (-) & 12 & 41 & (-) \\ 23 & (-) & 24 & 53 & (-) & 54 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} & & (+) & (-) \\ & & A2 & (-) \\ & & A2 & (-) \\ & & A1 & (-) \\ \hline & & A1 & (-) \\ & & & & & A1 & (-) \\ & & & & & A1 & (-) \\ & & & & & & A1 & (-) \\ & & & & & & A1 & (-) \\ & & & & & & A1 & (-) \\ & & & & & & & A1 & (-) \\ & & & & & & & & & A1 & (-) \\ & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} $
D	loor		Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Open	Open	Closed (unlocked)
Mo and Circuit Diadram	$\begin{array}{c c} \textbf{HS1T-VJ4}\\ \textbf{Door Monitor}\\ (Actuator inserted)\\ (Collemoid OFF)\\ (Actuator inserted)\\ (Collemoid OFF)\\ (Collemoid$	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52 Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 63-64 Monitor Circuit (door open) 13-14 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52 Monitor Circuit (locked)					
Part	Monitor Circuit: ⊖13_14_41, 42 Monitor Circuit: ⊖13_14_41, 42 Monitor Circuit: 51, 52 Monitor Circuit: 63_64 Solenoid Power A1-A2 (all models)	61-62 Monitor Circuit (door open) 13-14 Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52 Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 63-64	OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized)	ON (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

*1) Actuator can be unlocked manually for confirming the door movement before wiring and energizing, and also for emergency situation such as power failure. *2) When an operator is confined within a dangerous zone, the actuator can be unlocked manually by pressing the rear unlock button (rear unlock button model).

Operating Characteristics (Reference)

() (Actuator Mounting Reference Position) Approx. 4.2 (Locked position) Approx. 9.8					on)
			Αμ	μιυχ. ττ.ο	Aμ	
Door Monitor Circuit (door open, NO)						: Contacts UN
Door Monitor Circuit (door closed, NC)						(ciuseu)
Lock Monitor Circuit (unlocked, NO)						: Contacts OFF
Lock Monitor Circuit (locked, NC)						(open)

• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).

4-Contact (Solenoid Lock)

		Sta	tus 1	Sta	atus 2	Sta	atus 3	Sta	tus 4	Unlocking usi	ng Manual Unlock Key				
Int	erlock Switch S	statu	s			Door closed Machine rea Solenoid en	dy to operate ergized	Door closed Machine car Solenoid de	l nnot be operated -energized	Door open Machine can Solenoid de	not be operated -energized	Door open Machine canr Solenoid ene	not be operated rgized	Door closed Machine car Solenoid de-e	nnot be operated energized → energized
Door Status			S.I.B		S.		CIT A			T	com When unl	Cking manually			
Circuit Example: HS1T-VA7Y				$ \begin{array}{c} $	$\begin{array}{c} (+) & (-) \\ A2 & (-) \\ A1 & A1 \\ \hline 41 & 42 \\ 53 & 54 \end{array}$		$(+) \qquad (-) $	$ \begin{array}{c} $	$(+) \qquad (-) \\ A2 \qquad A1 \\ \underline{41 \qquad 42} \\ \underline{53 \qquad 54} $	11 + 12 $23 + 24$	$\begin{array}{c} +) & \bigcirc & (-) \\ 42 & & 41 \\ \hline 41 & 42 \\ \hline 53 & 54 \\ \hline 53 & 54 \\ \hline \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} (+) & \textcircled{(-)} \\ A2 & \underbrace{(-)} \\ A2 & \underbrace{(-)} \\ 41 & \underbrace{(-)} \\ 4 & \underbrace{(-)} \\ 53 & \underbrace{(-)} \\ 54 \end{array}$		
Do	or					Closed	(locked)	Closed	(unlocked)	0	pen	0	pen	Closed	d (unlocked)
	HS1T-VA7Y Door Monitor	_	Lock	Monitor	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit										
	(Actuator inserted	d)	(Soler (+)` A2;	noid ON)	(door open) 23–24 Monitor Circuit										
	Monitor Circuit: ⊖1 <u>1</u> +	12	4 <u>1</u> ⊾ 5 <u>3</u>	42 1 (*3)	(locked) 41-42										
	Monitor Circuit: 2 <u>3</u> Monitor Circuit:	24		<u>54</u>	Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53–54										
	HS1T-VB7Y Monitor Circuit: $ \odot 11_4 $ Monitor Circuit: 23 Monitor Circuit:			42 1 (*3)	(door closed) 11–12										
am		12	4 <u>1</u> ,		(door open) 23–24										
Diagr		24	<u>51</u> ⊦		(locked) 41-42										
Circuit					(locked) 51–52										
, and	HS1T-VC7Y				(door closed) 11–12										
art No	Monitor Circuit: ⊕1 <u>1</u> Monitor Circuit: ⊕21	<u>12</u> 22	<u>41</u> ⊦	<u>42</u> ± (*3)	(door closed) 21–22										
ľ	Monitor Circuit:	<u> </u>	5 <u>3</u>	<u>54</u>	(locked) 41-42										
					Monitor Circuit (unlocked) 53–54										
	HS1T-VD7Y	HS1T-VD7Y			Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11–12										
	Monitor Circuit: ⊕1 <u>1</u> Monitor Circuit: ⊕21↓	<u>12</u> 22	4 <u>1</u> ,	<u>42</u> 1 (*3)	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21–22										
	Monitor Circuit:	~	<u>51</u>	52 • (*3)	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42										
			Monitor Circuit (locked) 51–52												
Solenoid Power A1-A2 (all models)				ON (er	nergized)	OFF (de	-energized)	OFF (de-	-energized)	ON (ener	gized) (*2)	OFF (de-e → ON (en	nergized) ergized) (*1) (*2)		

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

*1) Do not attempt manual unlocking when the solenoid is energized.

*2) Do not energize the solenoid for a long time while the door is open or when the door is unlocked manually.

*3) Both spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production processes.

Operating Characteristics (Reference)



• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).

4-Contact (Solenoid Lock)

					Sta	atus 1	Sta	atus 2	St	atus 3	Sta	tus 4	Unlocking usir	ıg Manual Unlock Key	
Interlock Switch Status			Door closed	adu to oporato	Door closed	not be operated	Door open	uppot he operated	Door open	ant he enerated	Door closed	not be operated			
			Solenoid en	ergized	Solenoid de	-energized	Solenoid de	e-energized	Solenoid ene	rgized	Solenoid de-ei	nergized → energized			
Door Status			S.I.B		ST.		STR.		O.T.		when unlo	A Cocking manually			
Circuit Example: HS1T-VA7Y				$ \begin{array}{c} $	$(+) \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$ $A1 \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$	11 11 23 00 24	$(+) \qquad (-) $	$ \begin{array}{c} $	$(+) \qquad (-) $	$ \begin{array}{c} $	$\begin{array}{c} +) & \bigcirc \\ A2 & & A1 \\ \hline 41 & 42 \\ \hline 53 & 54 \end{array}$		$\begin{array}{c} (+) & \bigcirc & (-) \\ A2 & & \swarrow & A1 \\ 2 & 41 & & 42 \\ 4 & 53 & & 54 \end{array}$		
D	or					Closed	I (locked)	Closed	(unlocked)		Open	0	pen	Closed	l (unlocked)
	HS1T-VF7Y Door Monitor (Actuator inserted	r ed)	Lock I (Solen	Monitor ioid ON)	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit (door closed)										
	Monitor Circuit: ⊕11+	12	(+) A2 <u>41</u>	<u>42</u> 1 (-)	21–22 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 31–32										
	Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 2\underline{1}_{+}$ Monitor Circuit: $\ominus 3\underline{1}_{+}$	22 32			Monitor Circuit (locked) 41–42 Monitor Circuit										
	HS1T-VH7Y Monitor Circuit: ⊕1 <u>1</u> +	12	4 <u>1</u> +	4 <u>1+</u> 42 1 (*3)	(door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit (locked)										
	Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit: HS1T-VG7Y Monitor Circuit: ⊕11, Monitor Circuit: ⊕21, Monitor Circuit: 33		51+ 61+	<u>52</u> ±*(*3) <u>62</u> ±*(*3)	41-42 Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52										
					Monitor Circuit (locked) 61–62										
		12	41.	1 <u>1, 42</u> [1 , *3)	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11–12 Monitor Circuit										
lgram		22 34	7154		(door closed) 21–22 Monitor Circuit (door open)										
cuit Dia					33-34 Monitor Circuit (locked)										
and Cir	HS1T-VJ7Y				41-42 Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12										
art No.	Monitor Circuit: ⊕1 <u>1</u> + Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	12	41, 51, 63	42 1 (*3) 52 1 (*3) 64	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42										
	monitor or curt.		00	<u></u>	(locked) 51–52 Monitor Circuit										
	HS1T-VW7Y				(unlocked) 63-64 Monitor Circuit (door open)										
	Monitor Circuit: ⊕1 <u>3</u> Monitor Circuit:	<u>14</u>	4 <u>1</u>	<u>42</u> 11 (*3)	13-14 Monitor Circuit (locked)										
	Monitor Circuit:		61	<u>62</u> 11 (*3)	Monitor Circuit (locked) 51–52										
					Monitor Circuit (locked) 61-62										
	HS1T-VX7Y Monitor Circuit: ⊕13	14	41₊	42 Ter (*3)	(door open) 13-14 Monitor Circuit										
	Monitor Circuit: Monitor Circuit:	<u></u>	5 <u>1</u> 6 <u>3</u>	52 1 (*3) 64	(locked) 41–42 Monitor Circuit (locked)										
		-			51–52 Monitor Circuit (unlocked)										
Solenoid Power A1-A2 (all models)				ON (er	nergized)	OFF (de	-energized)	OFF (de	e-energized)	ON (ener	gized) (*2)	OFF (de-er	nergized)		

 The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

 Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

- *1) Do not attempt manual unlocking when the solenoid is energized.
- *2) Do not energize the solenoid for a long time while the door is open or when the door is unlocked manually.
- *3) Both spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production processes.

Operating Characteristics (Reference)



- The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).
- The operation characteristics show the contact status when the actuator enters the entry slot of an interlock switch.

4-Contact/Dual Safety Circuit, 4-Contact/Dual Safety Circuit/Rear Unlock Button (Spring Lock)

			Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	Unlocking using Manual Unlock Key	
Interlock Switch Status			Door closed Machine ready to operate Solenoid de-energized	Door closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized	Door closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized	
D	oor Status		STARE B	STREET.	STAR A	STATE OF STATE	• Turn the manual unlock key (*1) • Turn the unlock key (*1)	
Ci	rcuit Example: HS1T-DD4		$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0} & \textcircled{0} \\ & \textcircled{0} \\ & \textcircled{0} \\ & A2 \\ & \underbrace{41} \\ & \underline{A1} \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0} \textcircled{0} \textcircled{0} \textcircled{0} \textcircled{0} \textcircled{0} \textcircled{0} 0$	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \hline \end{matrix} \begin{pmatrix} + \\ + \\ + \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ A2 \\ \underbrace{41} \\ - \\ A2 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \hline \end{matrix} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (+) \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (-) \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (-) \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (-) \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (-) \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (-) \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \hline \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (-) \\ \end{array} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (-) \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (-) \\ \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (-) \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} (-) \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0} \\ \textcircled{0} \\ \end{matrix} \\ \begin{array}{c} (+) \\ A2 \\ \underbrace{0} \\ \underbrace{0} \\ \underbrace{0} \\ A1 \\ \underbrace{0} \\ 42 \\ \underbrace{0} \\ A1 \\$	
D	bor		Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Open	Open	Closed (unlocked)	
jram	HS1T-DD44 Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) (Solenoid OFF)	Main Circuit 11–42						
Circuit Dia	Image: Constraint of the second se	Main Circuit 21–52						
Part No. and	HS1T-DD44L	Main Circuit 11–42						
	Monitor Circuit: $2\underline{1}$	Main Circuit 21–52						
Sc	lenoid Power A1-A2 (all model)		OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized)	ON (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)	

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Main Circuit: Connected to the control circuit of machine drive part, sending interlock signals of the protective door.

• For safety circuit input, connect to the monitor circuit.

*1) Actuator can be unlocked manually for confirming the door movement before wiring and energizing, and also for emergency situation such as power failure. *2) When an operator is confined within a dangerous zone, the actuator can be unlocked manually by pressing the rear unlock button. (rear unlock button model)

Operating Characteristics (Reference)



• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).

2-Contact (Spring Lock)

			Sta	tus 1	Sta	atus 2	Sta	atus 3	St	atus 4	When unlocking manually		
In	terlock Switch Status	Door closed Machine rea Solenoid de-	dy to operate energized	Door closed Machine car Solenoid en	nnot be operated ergized	Door open Machine can Solenoid en	nnot be operated ergized	Door open Machine ca Solenoid de	e cannot be operated Mar id de-energized Sol		not be operated energized		
D	oor Status	Q.I.I.		S.		STR.		STAR	a T	•Turn the manual unlock key	Press the rear unlocking button (*2)		
Ci	ircuit Example: HS1T-XD4		$\begin{array}{c} (+) & \bigcirc & (-) \\ A2 & & 4 \\ & 41 & 42 \\ \hline & 41 & 42 \\ \end{array}$		$(+) \qquad (-)$ A2 $(-)$ A1 $(-)$ A1 $(-)$ A1 $(-)$		$(+) \qquad (-)$ $A2 \qquad (-)$ $41 \qquad (-)$ $41 \qquad (-)$ $42 \qquad (-)$		$(+) \qquad (-) $		$(+) \xrightarrow{(-)} A2 \xrightarrow{(-)} A1$ $41 \xrightarrow{(-)} 42$		
Door			Closed	(locked)	Closed	(unlocked)	C)pen	()pen	Closed	d (unlocked)	
am	HS1T-XD4 Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) (Solenoid OFF () Doc ()	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12											
ircuit Diag	Monitor Circuit: $11 + 12$ Monitor Circuit: $41 + 42$	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42											
t No. and C	HS1T-XH4 Monitor Circuit: 41+42 12	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42											
Part	Monitor Circuit: 51, 52 🕑	Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52											
Sc	olenoid Power A1-A2 (all model)	OFF (de-	energized)	ON (e	nergized)	ON (er	nergized)	OFF (de	-energized)	OFF (d	e-energized)		

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

*1) Actuator can be unlocked manually for confirming the door movement before wiring and energizing, and also for emergency situation such as power failure.
 *2) When an operator is confined within a dangerous zone, the actuator can be unlocked manually by pressing the rear unlock button. (rear unlock button model)

Operating Characteristics (Reference)



• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).

2-Contact (Solenoid Lock)

			Status 1	Status 2	Status 3	Status 4	Unlocking using Manual Unlock Key
Int	erlock Switch Status		Door closed Machine ready to operate Solenoid energized	Door closed Door closed Door open Door open Machine ready to operate Machine cannot be operated Machine cannot be operated Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized Solenoid de-energized Solenoid de-energized Solenoid de-energized		Door open Machine cannot be operated Solenoid energized	Door closed Machine cannot be operated Solenoid de-energized → energized
Do	or Status		STAR B	STILL B	STAR A	5000	When unlocking manually
Ci	cuit Example: HS1T-XD7Y		$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{\bullet} \textcircled{\bullet} \textcircled{\bullet} \textcircled{\bullet} \textcircled{\bullet} \textcircled{\bullet} \textcircled{\bullet} \bullet$	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ & \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{0} & (+) & \overleftarrow{0} & (-) \\ & & A2 & \underbrace{41} & A1 \\ 11 & 12 & 41 & 42 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{\begin{tabular}{c} \hline \hline$
Do	or		Closed (locked)	Closed (unlocked)	Open	Open	Closed (unlocked)
	HS1T-XD7Y Door Monitor (Actuator inserted) (Solenoid ON)	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12					
	A1 Monitor Circuit: ⊕11, 12 Monitor Circuit: ⊕12, 12 Monitor Circu	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
am	HS1T-XF7Y (*3)	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12					
ircuit Diagr	Monitor Circuit: $\Theta Z \underline{1}_{3}, \underline{ZZ}$	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 21-22					
t No. and C	HS1T-XG7Y (*3) Monitor Circuit: @11+12	Monitor Circuit (door closed) 11-12					
Par	Monitor Circuit: 2 <u>3 ; 24</u>	Monitor Circuit (door open) 23-24					
	HS1T-XH7Y Monitor Circuit: 41-42 + (*4)	Monitor Circuit (locked) 41-42					
	Monitor Circuit: 5 <u>1+:</u> 52 년(*4)	Monitor Circuit (locked) 51-52					
Sc	lenoid Power A1-A2 (all models)		OFF (energized)	OFF (de-energized)	OFF (de-energized)	ON (energized) (*2)	OFF (de-energized) \rightarrow ON (energized) (*1) (*2)

• The contact configuration shows the status when the actuator is inserted and the switch is locked.

• Monitor Circuit: Sends monitoring signals of protective door open/closed status (door monitor) or protective door lock/unlock status (lock monitor).

*1) Do not unlock manually while the solenoid is energized.

*2) Do not energize the solenoid for a long period of time while the door is open or while the door is unlocked manually.

*3) Circuit codes XF and XG do not have signals to notify whether the switch is locked or unlocked. A different method should be used to check the lock status.

*4) Both spring lock and solenoid lock models have marking for lock monitoring. Note that solenoid lock models can be used in applications where lock for safety purpose is found unnecessary after a risk assessment, e.g. locking is needed for purposes such as in production processes.

Operating Characteristics (Reference)



• The characteristics shown in the chart above are of the straight actuator (HS9Z-A11T) and right-angle actuator (HS9Z-A12T).

Interlock Switch Dimensions and Mounting Hole Layouts

All dimensions in mm

HS1T-□□4ZM-G

When using Horizontal Mounting/Straight Actuator (HS9Z-A11T)





HS1T-DD4ZSM-G (side-conduit model) When using Horizontal Mounting/Straight Actuator (HS9Z-A11T)



Mounting Hole Layout



• Dimensions above are at factory setting.

*1) Be sure to plug unused actuator entry slots using square plugs so that dust does not enter into the entry slots. (Square plug is inserted at factory setting.)

 $\boldsymbol{\ast}$ Actuator mounting reference position

Interlock Switch Dimensions and Mounting Hole Layouts

HS1T-D24ZLM-G (with rear unlock button)

When using Horizontal Mounting/Straight Actuator (HS9Z-A11T)





Accessories (supplied) Manual Unlock Key (Material: Plastic)



HS1T-DD4ZLSM-G (side-conduit model/rear unlock button) When using Horizontal Mounting/Straight Actuator (HS9Z-A11T)



• Dimensions above are at factory setting.

*1) Be sure to plug unused actuator entry slots using square plugs so that dust does not enter into the entry slots. (Square plug is inserted at factory setting.)

 $\boldsymbol{\divideontimes}$ Actuator mounting reference position

Actuator / Accessory

Actuator

Description	Part No. (Ordering Part No.)	Package Quantity	Remarks		
Straight with rubber bushings	HS9Z-A11T	1	Actuator ratestian fares in Eth. E 000N		
Right-angle with rubber bushings	HS9Z-A12T	1			

• Above actuators can only be used for HS1T. Do not used on other models.

Note) Use dedicated actuators only. When other actuators are used, the interlock switch may be damaged.

Accessory

Description	Part No. (Ordering Part No.)	Package Quantity	Remarks
Manual Unlock Key (long)	HS9Z-T3	1	Material: Metal (Used if the HS1T is installed far inside the equipment to reach to the manual lock.)

Interlock Switch Dimensions and Mounting Hole Layouts

Actuator

Straight with rubber bushings HS9Z-A11T



Accessory

Manual Unlock Key (long) (metal) HS9Z-T3



Right-angle with rubber bushings HS9Z-A12T



A Safety Precautions

- Turn power off before installation, removal, wiring, maintenance, or inspection of the interlock switch. Otherwise electric shock or fire may occur.
- If relays are used in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load, use only safety relays, since welded or sticking contacts of standard relays may invalidate the functions of the interlock switch.
 Perform a risk assessment and make a safety circuit which satisfies the requirements of the safety category.
- Do not place a PLC in the circuit between the interlock switch and the load. Safety security can be endangered in the event of a malfunction of the PLC.
- Do not disassemble or modify the interlock switch, otherwise malfunction or accident may occur.
- Do not install the actuator in a location where a human body may come into contact. Otherwise injury may occur.

- Solenoid lock is locked when energized, and unlocked when deenergized. When energization is interrupted due to wire disconnection or other failures, the interlock switch may be unlocked causing possible danger to the operators. Solenoid lock must not be used in applications where locking is strictly required for safety. Perform a risk assessment and determine whether solenoid lock is required.
- HS11T interlock switches are Type 2 low level coded interlocking devices (IS014119). According to EN ISO/ IS014119, the following is required to minimize defeat when installing and constructing systems:
- Prevent dismantling or de-positioning of the elements of the interlocking device by use of non-detachable fixing (e.g. welding, gluing, one-way screws, riveting). However, use of non-detachable fixing can be an inappropriate solution in cases where a failure of the interlocking device during lifetime of the machinery can be expected and a fast change is necessary. In this case, measures mentioned below should be used to provide the required level of risk reduction.
- 2. Apply at least one out of the four measures below.
- ① Mounting out of reach.
- ② Physical obstruction or shielding.
- $\ensuremath{\textcircled{}}$ 3 Mounting in hidden position.
- Integration of defeat monitoring by means of status monitoring/cyclic testing.

Instructions

Installation

- Do not apply excessive shock to the interlock switch when opening or closing the door. A shock to the interlock switch exceeding 1,000 m/s² may cause damage to the interlock switch.
- Install a guide on the door and make sure that force is not applied in the direction other than the actuator entry direction.
- Do not pull the actuator during lock status. Do not use the interlock switch as a locking device regardless of the door type. To install a locking device, use a bracket as mentioned in page 3 of the instruction manual.
- Make sure that the installation surface of the interlock switch is flat and has sufficient strength to not deform when the interlock switch is installed. Also, do not place foreign objects between the interlock switch and the installation surface. The interlock switch may not operate properly if the surface is not flat of a foreign object is placed in between.
- If the operating atmosphere is contaminated, use a protective cover to prevent entry of foreign objects into the interlock switch through the actuator entry slots. Entry of foreign objects into the interlock switch may affect the mechanism of the interlock switch and cause a breakdown.
- Make sure that the actuator does not scape the entry of the metal head. Otherwise, damage may occur.
- Install the interlock switch in a location where there is no risk of damage.

Also, perform risk assessment before use and take measures such as attaching a protective cover if necessary.

- While the solenoid is energized, the interlock switch temperature rises approximately 40°C above the ambient temperature (to approximately 95°C while the ambient temperature is 55°C). To prevent burns, do not touch. If cables come into contact with the interlock switch, use heat-resistant cables.
- The solenoid has polarity. Make sure of the correct polarity when wiring. Do not apply overvoltage, otherwise the solenoid will be burnt.
- When wiring, make sure that water or oil does not enter from the end of the cable.

- Use dedicated actuators only. If other actuators are used, the interlock switch may be damaged.
- When wiring to the terminal block using a screwdriver while holding the interlock switch in the hands, be careful not to damage fingers with the tip of the screwdriver.
- Do not push in the screwdriver with excessive force when wiring to the terminal block. Internal parts may crack and cause damage.
- Regardless of door types, do not use the interlock switch as a door stop. Install a mechanical door stop at the end of the door to protect the interlock switch against excessive force.
- Safety function of the door interlock switch will be lost if a spare key is inserted into the interlock switch. Make sure that a spare key is not used on the interlock switch.
- Do not cut or modify the actuator. Otherwise, damage may occur.
- If multiple safety components are wired in series, the Performance Level to EN ISO 13849-1 will be reduced due to degradation of the failure detection function.
- Insulation of the cable should withstand environmental influences.
- The entire concept of the control system, in which the safety component is integrated, must be validated to EN ISO 13849-2.

Instructions

Rotating the Head

- The rotating head has an allowable movement range. Do not turn the head exceed the movement range. Otherwise, damage may occur.
- \bullet Tightening the head stopper screw withoug aligning the \bigtriangleup marks indicated on the head and body and may cause damage
- After installing the rear unlocking button, apply thread-locking adhesive to the screw so that the screw does not loosen.
- Make sure that foreign objects do not enter between the head and body when rotating the head.
- Make sure to tighten the head stopper screw securely. Loose screws may cause malfunction.
- Do not loosen the head stopper screw other than when rotating the head.

Manual Unlocking

- When locking or unlocking the interlock switch manually, turn the key fully using the manual unlock key supplied with the interlock switch as shown below. Using the interlock switch with the key not fully turned (less than 90°) may cause damage to the interlock switch or operation failures.
- When manually unlocked, the interlock switch will keep the main circuit disconnected and the door unlocked. Main circuit and lock monitor circuit remain open.



HS1T-□4

The HS1T- \Box 4 allows manual unlocking of the actuator to pre-check proper door operation before wiring or turning power on, as well as for emergency use such as a power failure.

HS1T-□7Y

The solenoid interlock switch does not unlock even when the solenoid is de-energized. However, the interlock switch can be unlocked manually in emergency cases.

Notes

- Before manually unlocking the interlock switch, make sure that the machine has come to a complete stop. Manual unlocking during operation may unlock the interlock switch before the machine stops, and the function of interlock switch with solenoid is lost.
- On solenoid lock models, do not manually unlock while the solenoid is energized.
- Do not apply excessive force (0.45 N·m or more) to the manual unlock key hole, otherwise the hole will be damaged.
- Do not leave the manual unlock key attached to the interlock switch during operation. This is dangerous because the interlock switch can be unlocked while the machine is in operation.

Rear Unlock Button and Mechanical Indicator

HS1T-□L



- Use the rear unlock button when a worker is locked inside a safety fence (hazard area). (Compliant with escape release described in EN ISO/ ISO 14119 [2003] and GS-ET-19)
- When the rear unlock button is pressed, the interlock switch is unlocked and the door can be opened.
- To lock the interlock switch, pull back the button. When the button remains pressed, the interlock switch cannot be locked even if the door is closed, and the main circuit remains open.
- When the rear unlock button is pressed, the mechanical indicator is displayed on the side of the interlock switch. The lock status can be identified from outside the safety fence.
- Install the rear unlock mechanical indicator on either side of the interlock switch.

Notes

- Install the rear unlock button inside the safety fence (hazardous area) where only the operator is accessible. Do not install where the rear unlock button can be reached by an operator outside the safety fence (hazardous area). Otherwise, the interlock switch may be unlocked during machine operation, causing danger.
- Operate the rear unlock button by hand only. Do not use a tool or with excessive force. Do not apply force to the button from the direction other than the proper direction, otherwise the button will be damaged.

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