## NRC Series



UL Recognized
File No. E68029


Specifications


Not suitable for branch circuit protection.

## Part Numbering Guide

NRC series part numbers are composed of 5 part number codes. When ordering an NRC series part, select one code from each category.
Example: NRC 11 1L-30A-AA
NRC


Part Number Codes: NRA Series


1. For NRC series accessories, see page 902.
2. For NRC series time delay curves, see page 903 .
3. For NRC series dimensions, see page 905 .

## Accessories



For dimensions of NRC series accessories, see page 907.

Internal Circuits and Terminal Arrangements

| Type | 1-pole without auxiliary contact | 1-pole with auxiliary contact | 2-pole without auxiliary contact | 2-pole with auxiliary contact |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | NRC110, NRC110L | NRC111, NRC111L | NRC210L | NRC211L |
| Series Trip |  |  |  |  |

## Time Delay Curves (numerical equivalent)

| Overcurrent - Time Delay Characteristics in Seconds (at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Percent of Rated Current |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Curve | 100\% | 125\% | 150\% | 200\% | 400\% | 600\% | 800\% | 1000\% |
|  | AA | No trip | 40-240 | 10-50 | 3.5-18 | $0.9-4$ | 0.35-2 | 0.07-1.2 | 0.01-0.5 |
|  | EA | No trip | 0.04-0.4 | $0.025-0.15$ | $0.015-0.06$ | $0.007-0.025$ | $0.005-0.018$ | $0.004-0.017$ | $0.004-0.017$ |
| O | AD | No trip | 40-240 | 10-50 | $3.5-18$ | $0.6-3$ | 0.008-0.5 | 0.005-0.09 | 0.004-0.07 |
|  | ED | No trip | 0.04-0.4 | 0.025-0.15 | $0.015-0.06$ | $0.007-0.025$ | $0.005-0.018$ | $0.004-0.017$ | 0.004-0.017 |

## Time Delay Curves



## Resistance and Impedance Characteristics

| Rated Current | AC Impedance ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) | DC Resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.30A | 15.1』 | $25.6 \Omega$ |
| 0.50A | $5.58 \Omega$ | $9.04 \Omega$ |
| 1A | $1.54 \Omega$ | $2.33 \Omega$ |
| 2 A | $0.341 \Omega$ | $0.548 \Omega$ |
| 3 A | $0.162 \Omega$ | $0.261 \Omega$ |
| 5A | $0.061 \Omega$ | $0.099 \Omega$ |
| 7 A | $0.031 \Omega$ | $0.048 \Omega$ |
| 10A | $0.017 \Omega$ | $0.026 \Omega$ |
| 15A | $0.008 \Omega$ | $0.013 \Omega$ |
| 20A | $0.0058 \Omega$ | $0.0075 \Omega$ |
| 30A | $0.0039 \Omega$ | $0.0046 \Omega$ |

Tolerance: $\pm 10 \%$ ( 0.3 A to 3 A ), $\pm 25 \%$ ( 5 A to 30A).

## Voltage Drop Due to Resistance or Impedance

The internal impedance of a circuit breaker tends to be larger for a smaller rated current. Therefore, when low rated circuit breakers are used, voltage drop should be taken into consideration.

## AC Impedance at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$



## DC Resistance at $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$



## Temperature Correction Curves



Dimensions: NRC Series


NRC110L
Lever Actuator
1-Pole without Auxiliary Contacts


## Dimensions: NRC Series, continued



NRC211L
Lever Actuator 2-Pole with Auxiliary Contacts


Installation Angle: Circuit breakers are designed to operate on a vertical surface. The mounting angle should not exceed a vertical plane by more than $10^{\circ}$.

## Panel Cut-Outs

## NRC Series

Surface Mounting Hole Layout 1-Pole


Surface Mounting Hole Layout 2-Pole


Accessory Dimensions


## Accessory Dimensions, continued



## Instructions: All Series

## Genera

IDEC's circuit breakers have been developed for the protection of electrical circuits and small-sized electrical equipment and provide excellent protection against overloads and short-circuits.

Additionally, IDEC's circuit breakers are designed to suit specific needs. Each series offers unique circuit protection characteristics and a choice of actuator styles.

## IDEC's Circuit Breaker Features

- Various models are available with different tripping characteristics and rated currents
- 1- to 3-multi-pole
- Inertia delay
- Auxiliary contacts and alarm contacts
- The electromagnetic tripping system is not affected by ambient temperature
- Safe trip-free mechanism
- Vibration- and impact-resistant design
- When using accessories such as plug-in bases, flush plates, and colored caps, a variety of mounting styles is possible - such as DIN rail mounting, snap mounting into panel cut-outs, and color-coded arrangement on the panel


## Mounting Instructions: Installation Angle

Designed to be mounted on a vertical surface, the circuit breakers should be mounted on a surface within $10^{\circ}$ of the vertical plane. If the circuit breaker is mounted on a horizontal surface or at any angle other than the specified angle, its characteristics will be changed.

## Multi-Pole Assemble

Multi-pole types such as 2- or 3-pole should be assembled by IDEC. Because of their characteristics, 1-pole breakers cannot be combined to produce multi-pole units.

## Applications

The IDEC NRA circuit breaker series features superior overload and short-circuit protection. Many combinations of protection mechanisms and internal circuit connections enable wide applications.

- Precision measuring instruments: electronic counters, projection instruments, oscilloscopes, industrial instrumentation, and analytic devices
- Industrial machinery: printers, elevators, cranes
- Chemical and food industry machines: vacuum devices, wrappers, centrifuges, agitators
- Machine tools: mill grinders, drills, presses
- Business machines: vending machines, beauty salon equipment, entertainment games
- Other: office equipment, air-conditioners, conveyor belts, and many more


## How the Breaker Operates

IDEC's hydraulic magnetic circuit breakers operate like a solenoid coil. The coil unit consists of an oil-filled tube with a metal core at one end and a pole piece and armature at the opposite end with a spring in between.

When a current load passes through the coil winding, it creates a magnetic field. As long as the current load is either at or below the nominal rating of the breaker, the metal core will remain stationary.

If the current load increases beyond the nominal rating, the strength of the magnetic field causes the core to move toward the pole-end of the tube. The oil viscosity regulates the core's movement through the tube, thereby regulating the time delay. As the percentage of current load increases, the required trip time of the breaker decreases and vice versa.

When the current reaches the overload rating, the metal core will meet the pole piece at the opposite end of the tube. At this point, the armature is attracted to the same pole piece, tripping the breaker.

In case of sudden short circuit, the magnetic field created will instantly trip the breaker.

## Internal Circuits Overview

Series Trip
This is the most common circuit breaker, providing overload and short circuit protection. It
can also be used as an ON/OFF switch.

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